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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	19
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 9x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	28-QFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx220f032bt-i-ml

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

TABLE 4:PIN NAMES FOR 28-PIN USB DEVICES

28	PIN SOIC, SPDIP, SSOP (TOP VIEW) ^(1,2,3)		
	1 SSOP	28	1 28 1 28 SOIC SPDIP
	PIC32MX210F016B PIC32MX220F032B PIC32MX230F064B PIC32MX230F256B PIC32MX250F128B PIC32MX270F256B		
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	MCLR	15	VBUS
1	MCLR	15	VBUS
	PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0	16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
1	MCLR	15	VBUS
2	PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0	16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3	PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1	17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
1	MCLR	15	VBUS
2	PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0	16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3	PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1	17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
4	PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0	18	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
1	MCLR PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0 PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1 PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0 PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1	15	VBUS
2		16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3		17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
4		18	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
5		19	Vss
1	MCLR PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0 PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1 PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0 PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1 AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2	15	VBUS
2		16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3		17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
4		18	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
5		19	Vss
6		20	Vcap
1	MCLR PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0 PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1 PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0 PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1 AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2 AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3	15	VBUS
2		16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3		17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
4		18	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
5		19	Vss
6		20	Vcap
7		21	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10
1	MCLR PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0 PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1 PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0 PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1 AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2 AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3 Vss	15	VBUS
2		16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3		17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
4		18	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
5		19	Vss
6		20	Vcap
7		21	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10
8		22	PGEC2/RPB11/D-/RB11
1	MCLR PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0 PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1 PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0 PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1 AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2 AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3 Vss OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2	15	VBUS
2		16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3		17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
4		18	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
5		19	Vss
6		20	VCAP
7		21	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10
8		22	PGEC2/RPB11/D-/RB11
9		23	VUSB3V3
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	MCLR PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0 PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1 PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0 PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1 AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2 AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3 Vss OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2 OSC2/CLKO/RPA3/PMA0/RA3	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21 22 23 24	VBUS TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7 TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8 TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9 VSS VCAP PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10 PGEC2/RPB11/D-/RB11 VUSB3V3 AN11/RPB13/CTPLS/PMRD/RB13
1	MCLR PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0 PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1 PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0 PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1 AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2 AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3 Vss OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2 OSC2/CLKO/RPA3/PMA0/RA3 SOSCI/RPB4/RB4	15	VBUS
2		16	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7
3		17	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8
4		18	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
5		19	Vss
6		20	VcAP
7		21	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10
8		22	PGEC2/RPB11/D-/RB11
9		23	VUSB3V3
10		24	AN11/RPB13/CTPLS/PMRD/RB13
11		25	CVREFOUT/AN10/C3INB/RPB14/VBUSON/SCK1/CTED5/RB

Note 1: The RPn pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and Section 11.3 "Peripheral Pin Select" for restrictions.

2: Every I/O port pin (RAx-RCx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNAx-CNCx). See Section 11.0 "I/O Ports" for more information.

3: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

TABLE 1-1: **PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS**

	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾							
Pin Name	28-pin 28-pin SSOP/ QFN SPDIP/ SOIC		36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/ TQFP/ VTLA	Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description	
AN0	27	2	33	19		Analog	Analog input channels.	
AN1	28	3	34	20	I	Analog		
AN2	1	4	35	21		Analog		
AN3	2	5	36	22		Analog		
AN4	3	6	1	23	I	Analog		
AN5	4	7	2	24	I	Analog		
AN6	_	_	3	25	I	Analog		
AN7	_	_	4	26	I	Analog		
AN8	_	_	_	27	I	Analog		
AN9	23	26	29	15	I	Analog		
AN10	22	25	28	14	I	Analog		
AN11	21	24	27	11	I	Analog		
AN12	20 ⁽²⁾	23 ⁽²⁾	26 ⁽²⁾ 11 ⁽³⁾	10 ⁽²⁾ 36 ⁽³⁾	1	Analog	*	
CLKI	6	9	7	30	I	ST/CMOS	External clock source input. Always associated with OSC1 pin function.	
CLKO	7	10	8	31	0	_	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes. Always associated with OSC2 pin function.	
OSC1	6	9	7	30	I	ST/CMOS	-	
OSC2	7	10	8	31	0	-	Oscillator crystal output. Connects to crystal or resonator in Crystal Oscillator mode. Optionally functions as CLKO in RC and EC modes.	
SOSCI	8	11	9	33	I	ST/CMOS	32.768 kHz low-power oscillator crystal input; CMOS otherwise.	
SOSCO	9	12	10	34	0	—	32.768 kHz low-power oscillator crystal output.	
REFCLKI	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS		ST	Reference Input Clock	
REFCLKO	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	0	—	Reference Output Clock	
IC1	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS		ST	Capture Inputs 1-5	
IC2	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	1	ST	1	
IC3	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	1	ST	1	
IC4	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS		ST	1	
IC5	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS		ST	1	
	ST = Schm	MOS compa itt Trigger in input buffer			•	O = Outp	Analog inputP = PowerutI = Inputeripheral Pin Select— = N/A	

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the "Pin Diagrams" section for device pin availability. 2: Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.

3: Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the PGECx and PGEDx pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin input voltage high (VIH) and input low (VIL) requirements.

Ensure that the "Communication Channel Select" (i.e., PGECx/PGEDx pins) programmed into the device matches the physical connections for the ICSP to MPLAB[®] ICD 3 or MPLAB REAL ICETM.

For more information on ICD 3 and REAL ICE connection requirements, refer to the following documents that are available on the Microchip web site:

- "Using MPLAB[®] ICD 3" (poster) (DS50001765)
- *"MPLAB[®] ICD 3 Design Advisory"* (DS50001764)
- "MPLAB[®] REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Debugger User's Guide" (DS50001616)
- "Using MPLAB[®] REAL ICE™ Emulator" (poster) (DS50001749)

2.6 JTAG

The TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are used for testing and debugging according to the Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) standard. It is recommended to keep the trace length between the JTAG connector and the JTAG pins on the device as short as possible. If the JTAG connector is expected to experience an ESD event, a series resistor is recommended with the value in the range of a few tens of Ohms, not to exceed 100 Ohms.

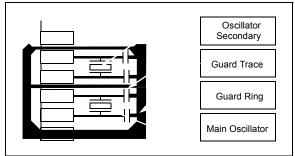
Pull-up resistors, series diodes and capacitors on the TMS, TDO, TDI and TCK pins are not recommended as they will interfere with the programmer/debugger communications to the device. If such discrete components are an application requirement, they should be removed from the circuit during programming and debugging. Alternatively, refer to the AC/DC characteristics and timing requirements information in the respective device Flash programming specification for information on capacitive loading limits and pin input voltage high (VIH) and input low (VIL) requirements.

2.7 External Oscillator Pins

Many MCUs have options for at least two oscillators: a high-frequency primary oscillator and a low-frequency secondary oscillator (refer to **Section 8.0 "Oscillator Configuration"** for details).

The oscillator circuit should be placed on the same side of the board as the device. Also, place the oscillator circuit close to the respective oscillator pins, not exceeding one-half inch (12 mm) distance between them. The load capacitors should be placed next to the oscillator itself, on the same side of the board. Use a grounded copper pour around the oscillator circuit to isolate them from surrounding circuits. The grounded copper pour should be routed directly to the MCU ground. Do not run any signal traces or power traces inside the ground pour. Also, if using a two-sided board, avoid any traces on the other side of the board where the crystal is placed. A suggested layout is illustrated in Figure 2-3.

FIGURE 2-3: SUGGESTED OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT PLACEMENT



2.8 Unused I/Os

Unused I/O pins should not be allowed to float as inputs. They can be configured as outputs and driven to a logic-low state.

Alternatively, inputs can be reserved by connecting the pin to Vss through a 1k to 10k resistor and configuring the pin as an input.

REGIST	ER 7-6: IPCx: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)
bit 9-8	IS01<1:0>: Interrupt Subpriority bits
	11 = Interrupt subpriority is 3
	10 = Interrupt subpriority is 2
	01 = Interrupt subpriority is 1
	00 = Interrupt subpriority is 0
bit 7-5	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 4-2	IP00<2:0>: Interrupt Priority bits
	111 = Interrupt priority is 7
	•
	•
	•
	010 = Interrupt priority is 2
	001 = Interrupt priority is 1
	000 = Interrupt is disabled
bit 1-0	IS00<1:0>: Interrupt Subpriority bits
	11 = Interrupt subpriority is 3
	10 = Interrupt subpriority is 2
	01 = Interrupt subpriority is 1
	00 = Interrupt subpriority is 0
Note:	This register represents a generic definition of the IPCx register. Refer to Table 7-1 for the exact bit definitions.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
04.04	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
31:24	_	—	_	—	—	_	_	—	
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
23:16	—	—	_	—	—	—	_	—	
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
15:8	ON ⁽¹⁾	—	_	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	_	_	—	
7.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
7:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

REGISTER 9-1: DMACON: DMA CONTROLLER CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:

0			
R = Readable bit	Readable bit W = Writable bit		nd as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 15 ON: DMA On bit⁽¹⁾
 - 1 = DMA module is enabled
 - 0 = DMA module is disabled
- bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12 SUSPEND: DMA Suspend bit
 - 1 = DMA transfers are suspended to allow CPU uninterrupted access to data bus
 - 0 = DMA operates normally

bit 11 DMABUSY: DMA Module Busy bit

- 1 = DMA module is active
- 0 = DMA module is disabled and not actively transferring data
- bit 10-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- **Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-4: DCRCCON: DMA CRC CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
04.04	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
31:24	—	_	BYTC	<1:0>	WBO ⁽¹⁾	—	_	BITO
22:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	—	_	—	_	—	—	_	_
45.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8		_	_	PLEN<4:0>				
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	CRCEN	CRCAPP ⁽¹⁾	CRCTYP	_	_	(CRCCH<2:0>	

Legend:

Logona.					
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown		

bit 31-30 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 29-28 BYTO<1:0>: CRC Byte Order Selection bits
 - 11 = Endian byte swap on half-word boundaries (i.e., source half-word order with reverse source byte order per half-word)
 - 10 = Swap half-words on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source half-word order with source byte order per half-word)
 - 01 = Endian byte swap on word boundaries (i.e., reverse source byte order)
 - 00 = No swapping (i.e., source byte order)
- bit 27 **WBO:** CRC Write Byte Order Selection bit⁽¹⁾
 - 1 = Source data is written to the destination re-ordered as defined by BYTO<1:0>
 - 0 = Source data is written to the destination unaltered
- bit 26-25 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 24 BITO: CRC Bit Order Selection bit

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1 (CRC module is in IP Header mode):

- 1 = The IP header checksum is calculated Least Significant bit (LSb) first (i.e., reflected)
- 0 = The IP header checksum is calculated Most Significant bit (MSb) first (i.e., not reflected)

<u>When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0</u> (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

- 1 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Least Significant bit first (i.e., reflected)
- 0 = The LFSR CRC is calculated Most Significant bit first (i.e., not reflected)

bit 23-13 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 12-8 **PLEN<4:0>:** Polynomial Length bits

<u>When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1</u> (CRC module is in IP Header mode): These bits are unused.

<u>When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0</u> (CRC module is in LFSR mode): Denotes the length of the polynomial -1.

- bit 7 CRCEN: CRC Enable bit
 - 1 = CRC module is enabled and channel transfers are routed through the CRC module
 - 0 = CRC module is disabled and channel transfers proceed normally
- Note 1: When WBO = 1, unaligned transfers are not supported and the CRCAPP bit cannot be set.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
31:24	DCRCDATA<31:24>							
00.10	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
23:16				DCRCDAT	4<23:16>			
15.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8	DCRCDATA<15:8>							
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0 DCRCDATA<7:0>								

REGISTER 9-5: DCRCDATA: DMA CRC DATA REGISTER

Legend:

Legend:				
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'		
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown	

bit 31-0 DCRCDATA<31:0>: CRC Data Register bits

Writing to this register will seed the CRC generator. Reading from this register will return the current value of the CRC. Bits greater than PLEN will return '0' on any read.

<u>When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1</u> (CRC module is in IP Header mode): Only the lower 16 bits contain IP header checksum information. The upper 16 bits are always '0'. Data written to this register is converted and read back in 1's complement form (i.e., current IP header checksum value).

<u>When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0</u> (CRC module is in LFSR mode): Bits greater than PLEN will return '0' on any read.

REGISTER 9-6: DCRCXOR: DMA CRCXOR ENABLE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
24.04	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
31:24	DCRCXOR<31:24>								
00.40	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
23:16	DCRCXOR<23:16>								
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
15:8	DCRCXOR<15:8>								
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
7:0	DCRCXOR<7:0>								

Legend:					
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'			
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown		

bit 31-0 DCRCXOR<31:0>: CRC XOR Register bits

<u>When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 1</u> (CRC module is in IP Header mode): This register is unused.

When CRCTYP (DCRCCON<15>) = 0 (CRC module is in LFSR mode):

- 1 = Enable the XOR input to the Shift register
- 0 = Disable the XOR input to the Shift register; data is shifted in directly from the previous stage in the register

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
		—	—	_	_	_		_
22.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	—	—	—	_	_	—	—	—
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
15:8	CHBUSY	—	—	_	_	_	_	CHCHNS ⁽¹⁾
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	CHEN ⁽²⁾	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN		CHEDET	CHPF	RI<1:0>

REGISTER 9-7: DCHxCON: DMA CHANNEL 'x' CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:

0						
= Readable bit W = Writable bit		U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 15 CHBUSY: Channel Busy bit
 - 1 = Channel is active or has been enabled
 - 0 = Channel is inactive or has been disabled
- bit 14-9 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 8 CHCHNS: Chain Channel Selection bit⁽¹⁾
 - 1 = Chain to channel lower in natural priority (CH1 will be enabled by CH2 transfer complete)
 - 0 = Chain to channel higher in natural priority (CH1 will be enabled by CH0 transfer complete)

bit 7 CHEN: Channel Enable bit⁽²⁾

- 1 = Channel is enabled
- 0 = Channel is disabled

bit 6 CHAED: Channel Allow Events If Disabled bit

- 1 = Channel start/abort events will be registered, even if the channel is disabled
- 0 = Channel start/abort events will be ignored if the channel is disabled

bit CHCHN: Channel Chain Enable bit

- 1 = Allow channel to be chained
- 0 = Do not allow channel to be chained
- bit 4 CHAEN: Channel Automatic Enable bit
 - 1 = Channel is continuously enabled, and not automatically disabled after a block transfer is complete
 0 = Channel is disabled on block transfer complete

bit 3 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 2 CHEDET: Channel Event Detected bit
 - 1 = An event has been detected
 - 0 = No events have been detected
- bit 1-0 CHPRI<1:0>: Channel Priority bits
 - 11 = Channel has priority 3 (highest)
 - 10 = Channel has priority 2
 - 01 = Channel has priority 1
 - 00 = Channel has priority 0
- Note 1: The chain selection bit takes effect when chaining is enabled (i.e., CHCHN = 1).
 - 2: When the channel is suspended by clearing this bit, the user application should poll the CHBUSY bit (if available on the device variant) to see when the channel is suspended, as it may take some clock cycles to complete a current transaction before the channel is suspended.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24		_				—		—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	-	—			-	—		—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15.6	-	—	—	-	-	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0
7:0	IDIE	T1MSECIE	LSTATEIE	ACTVIE	SESVDIE	SESENDIE		VBUSVDIE

REGISTER 10-2: U1OTGIE: USB OTG INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'				
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown			

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 7 **IDIE:** ID Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = ID interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = ID interrupt is disabled

bit 6 T1MSECIE: 1 Millisecond Timer Interrupt Enable bit

- 1 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt is enabled
- 0 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt is disabled

bit 5 LSTATEIE: Line State Interrupt Enable bit

- 1 = Line state interrupt is enabled
- 0 = Line state interrupt is disabled
- bit 4 ACTVIE: Bus Activity Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = Activity interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = Activity interrupt is disabled
- bit 3 SESVDIE: Session Valid Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = Session valid interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = Session valid interrupt is disabled
- bit 2 SESENDIE: B-Device Session End Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = B-Device session end interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = B-Device session end interrupt is disabled
- bit 1 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 0 VBUSVDIE: A-Device VBUS Valid Interrupt Enable bit
 - 1 = A-Device VBUS valid interrupt is enabled
 - 0 = A-Device VBUS valid interrupt is disabled

20.1 PMP Control Registers

TABLE 20-1: PARALLEL MASTER PORT REGISTER MAP

ess		6								Bi	ts								
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
7000	PMCON	31:16	—	_		_	—	—	—	—	_	—	—	-		—	_	_	0000
7000	FINCON	15:0	ON	_	SIDL	ADRML	IX<1:0>	PMPTTL	PTWREN	PTRDEN	CSF∢	<1:0>	ALP	-	CS1P	—	WRSP	RDSP	0000
7010	PMMODE	31:16	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_	_		0000
7010	FININODL	15:0	BUSY	IRQM	<1:0>	INCM	<1:0>	— MODE<1:0> WAITB<1:0> WAITM<3:0> WAITE<1:					=<1:0>	0000					
		31:16	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_	_		0000
7020	PMADDR	15:0	_	CS1 ADDR14	_	_	_					ŀ	ADDR<10:0	>					0000
7030	PMDOUT	31:16 15:0								DATAOU	T<31:0>								0000
7040	PMDIN	31:16 15:0								DATAIN	<31:0>								0000
7050		31:16	_	_		_	—	_	_	_	_	—	_	-	-	_	_	_	0000
7050	PMAEN	15:0	—	PTEN14			—					I	PTEN<10:0	>					0000
7060	PMSTAT	31:16		—			—	—	—	—	_	—	—	_	_	_	_		0000
1000	FINISTAT	15:0	IBF	IBOV	_	_	IB3F	IB2F	IB1F	IB0F	OBE	OBUF	—	_	OB3E	OB2E	OB1E	OB0E	008F

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0		
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0		
			_	_	_	-	_	—		
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0		
23.10		_	_	-	-	_	_	—		
45.0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
15:8	BUSY	IRQM	<1:0>	INCM	<1:0>	_	MODE	<1:0>		
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0		
7:0	WAITB	<1:0> (1)		WAITM<3:0>(1)				WAITE<1:0>(1)		

REGISTER 20-2: PMMODE: PARALLEL PORT MODE REGISTER

Legend:

0			
R = Readable bit	= Readable bit W = Writable bit		ead as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 15 **BUSY:** Busy bit (Master mode only)
 - 1 = Port is busy
 - 0 = Port is not busy

bit 14-13 IRQM<1:0>: Interrupt Request Mode bits

- 11 = Reserved, do not use
- 10 = Interrupt generated when Read Buffer 3 is read or Write Buffer 3 is written (Buffered PSP mode) or on a read or write operation when PMA<1:0> =11 (Addressable Slave mode only)
- 01 = Interrupt generated at the end of the read/write cycle
- 00 = No Interrupt generated

bit 12-11 INCM<1:0>: Increment Mode bits

- 11 = Slave mode read and write buffers auto-increment (MODE<1:0> = 00 only)
- 10 = Decrement ADDR<10:2> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle⁽²⁾
- 01 = Increment ADDR<10:2> and ADDR<14> by 1 every read/write cycle⁽²⁾
- 00 = No increment or decrement of address
- bit 10 Unimplemented: Read as '0'
- bit 9-8 MODE<1:0>: Parallel Port Mode Select bits
 - 11 = Master mode 1 (PMCS1, PMRD/PMWR, PMENB, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<7:0>)
 - 10 = Master mode 2 (PMCS1, PMRD, PMWR, PMA<x:0>, and PMD<7:0>)
 - 01 = Enhanced Slave mode, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCS1, PMD<7:0>, and PMA<1:0>)
 - 00 = Legacy Parallel Slave Port, control signals (PMRD, PMWR, PMCS1, and PMD<7:0>)
- bit 7-6 WAITB<1:0>: Data Setup to Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits⁽¹⁾
 - 11 = Data wait of 4 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 4 TPB
 - 10 = Data wait of 3 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 3 TPB
 - 01 = Data wait of 2 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 2 TPB
 - 00 = Data wait of 1 TPB; multiplexed address phase of 1 TPB (default)

bit 5-2 WAITM<3:0>: Data Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits⁽¹⁾

- 1111 = Wait of 16 Трв •
- . 0001 = Wait of 2 Трв 0000 = Wait of 1 Трв (default)
- **Note 1:** Whenever WAITM<3:0> = 0000, WAITB and WAITE bits are ignored and forced to 1 TPBCLK cycle for a write operation; WAITB = 1 TPBCLK cycle, WAITE = 0 TPBCLK cycles for a read operation.
 - 2: Address bit A14 is not subject to auto-increment/decrement if configured as Chip Select CS1.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
	—	-	—	—	_	—	_	_	
00.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
23:16	—	-	—	—	_	—	_	—	
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
15:8	ALRMEN ^(1,2)	CHIME ⁽²⁾	PIV ⁽²⁾	ALRMSYNC ⁽³⁾		AMASK	<3:0> (2)		
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	
7:0	ARPT<7:0> ⁽²⁾								
1.0				ARPT<7:0	>(2)				

REGISTER 21-2: RTCALRM: RTC ALARM CONTROL REGISTER

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit	t, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

- bit 15 ALRMEN: Alarm Enable bit^(1,2)
 - 1 = Alarm is enabled
 - 0 = Alarm is disabled

bit 14 CHIME: Chime Enable bit⁽²⁾

- 1 = Chime is enabled ARPT<7:0> is allowed to rollover from 0x00 to 0xFF
- 0 = Chime is disabled ARPT<7:0> stops once it reaches 0x00

bit 13 **PIV:** Alarm Pulse Initial Value bit⁽²⁾

When ALRMEN = 0, PIV is writable and determines the initial value of the Alarm Pulse. When ALRMEN = 1, PIV is read-only and returns the state of the Alarm Pulse.

bit 12 ALRMSYNC: Alarm Sync bit⁽³⁾

- 1 = ARPT<7:0> and ALRMEN may change as a result of a half second rollover during a read. The ARPT must be read repeatedly until the same value is read twice. This must be done since multiple bits may be changing, which are then synchronized to the PB clock domain
- 0 = ARPT<7:0> and ALRMEN can be read without concerns of rollover because the prescaler is > 32 RTC clocks away from a half-second rollover

bit 11-8 AMASK<3:0>: Alarm Mask Configuration bits⁽²⁾

- 0000 = Every half-second
- 0001 = Every second
- 0010 = Every 10 seconds
- 0011 = Every minute
- 0100 = Every 10 minutes
- 0101 = Every hour
- 0110 = Once a day
- 0111 = Once a week
- 1000 = Once a month
- 1001 = Once a year (except when configured for February 29, once every four years)
- 1010 = Reserved; do not use
- 1011 = Reserved; do not use
- 11xx = Reserved; do not use
- **Note 1:** Hardware clears the ALRMEN bit anytime the alarm event occurs, when ARPT<7:0> = 00 and CHIME = 0.
 - 2: This field should not be written when the RTCC ON bit = '1' (RTCCON<15>) and ALRMSYNC = 1.
 - 3: This assumes a CPU read will execute in less than 32 PBCLKs.

Note: This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

26.4 Peripheral Module Disable

The Peripheral Module Disable (PMD) registers provide a method to disable a peripheral module by stopping all clock sources supplied to that module. When a peripheral is disabled using the appropriate PMD control bit, the peripheral is in a minimum power consumption state. The control and status registers associated with the peripheral are also disabled, so writes to those registers do not have effect and read values are invalid. To disable a peripheral, the associated PMDx bit must be set to '1'. To enable a peripheral, the associated PMDx bit must be cleared (default). See Table 26-1 for more information.

Note: Disabling a peripheral module while it's ON bit is set, may result in undefined behavior. The ON bit for the associated peripheral module must be cleared prior to disable a module via the PMDx bits.

TABLE 26-1:	PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE BITS AND LOCATIONS	5

Peripheral ⁽¹⁾	PMDx bit Name ⁽¹⁾	Register Name and Bit Location
ADC1	AD1MD	PMD1<0>
СТМU	CTMUMD	PMD1<8>
Comparator Voltage Reference	CVRMD	PMD1<12>
Comparator 1	CMP1MD	PMD2<0>
Comparator 2	CMP2MD	PMD2<1>
Comparator 3	CMP3MD	PMD2<2>
Input Capture 1	IC1MD	PMD3<0>
Input Capture 2	IC2MD	PMD3<1>
Input Capture 3	IC3MD	PMD3<2>
Input Capture 4	IC4MD	PMD3<3>
Input Capture 5	IC5MD	PMD3<4>
Output Compare 1	OC1MD	PMD3<16>
Output Compare 2	OC2MD	PMD3<17>
Output Compare 3	OC3MD	PMD3<18>
Output Compare 4	OC4MD	PMD3<19>
Output Compare 5	OC5MD	PMD3<20>
Timer1	T1MD	PMD4<0>
Timer2	T2MD	PMD4<1>
Timer3	T3MD	PMD4<2>
Timer4	T4MD	PMD4<3>
Timer5	T5MD	PMD4<4>
UART1	U1MD	PMD5<0>
UART2	U2MD	PMD5<1>
SPI1	SPI1MD	PMD5<8>
SPI2	SPI2MD	PMD5<9>
I2C1	I2C1MD	PMD5<16>
I2C2	I2C2MD	PMD5<17>
USB ⁽²⁾	USBMD	PMD5<24>
RTCC	RTCCMD	PMD6<0>
Reference Clock Output	REFOMD	PMD6<1>
PMP	PMPMD	PMD6<16>

Note 1: Not all modules and associated PMDx bits are available on all devices. See TABLE 1: "PIC32MX1XX 28/36/44-Pin General Purpose Family Features" and TABLE 2: "PIC32MX2XX 28/36/44-pin USB Family Features" for the lists of available peripherals.

2: The module must not be busy after clearing the associated ON bit and prior to setting the USBMD bit.

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
04.04	r-0	r-1	r-1	R/P	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	
31:24	—	—	—	CP	—	—	—	BWP	
00.40	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P	
23:16		_		_	—	I	PWP<8:6> ⁽³⁾		
45.0	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	r-1	r-1	
15:8			PWP<	:5:0>			—	—	
7.0	r-1	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	
7:0				ICESEL	<1:0> ⁽²⁾	JTAGEN ⁽¹⁾	DEBU	G<1:0>	

REGISTER 27-1: DEVCFG0: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 0

Legend:	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented b	it, read as '0'		
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown		

bit 31 Reserved: Write '0'

bit 30-29 Reserved: Write '1'

- bit 28 **CP:** Code-Protect bit
 - Prevents boot and program Flash memory from being read or modified by an external programming device. 1 = Protection is disabled

0 = Protection is enabled

bit 27-25 Reserved: Write '1'

bit 24 **BWP:** Boot Flash Write-Protect bit

Prevents boot Flash memory from being modified during code execution.

1 = Boot Flash is writable

0 = Boot Flash is not writable

- bit 23-19 Reserved: Write '1'
- **Note 1:** This bit sets the value for the JTAGEN bit in the CFGCON register.
 - 2: The PGEC4/PGED4 pin pair is not available on all devices. Refer to the "**Pin Diagrams**" section for availability.
 - 3: The PWP<8:7> bits are only available on devices with 256 KB Flash.

AC CHARAG	S ⁽²⁾	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 3): 2.5V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +85^{\circ}C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ & -40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq +105^{\circ}C \mbox{ for V-temp} \end{array}$				
ADC Speed	Sampling Time Min.	Rs Max.	Vdd	ADC Channels Configuration		
1 Msps to 400 ksps ⁽¹⁾	65 ns	132 ns	500Ω	3.0V to 3.6V	ANX CHX ADC	
Up to 400 ksps	200 ns	200 ns	5.0 kΩ	2.5V to 3.6V	ANX CHX ANX OF VREF-	

TABLE 30-35:10-BIT CONVERSION RATE PARAMETERS

Note 1: External VREF- and VREF+ pins must be used for correct operation.

2: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

3: The ADC module is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < 2.5V, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

TABLE 30-37: PARALLEL SLAVE PORT REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V} \\ \mbox{(unless otherwise stated)} \\ \mbox{Operating temperature} & -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +85^\circ C \mbox{ for Industrial} \\ & -40^\circ C \leq TA \leq +105^\circ C \mbox{ for V-temp} \end{array}$					
Para m.No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min. Typ. Max. Units Condition					
PS1	TdtV2wr H	Data In Valid before \overline{WR} or \overline{CS} Inactive (setup time)	20			ns	_	
PS2	TwrH2dt I	WR or CS Inactive to Data-In Invalid (hold time)	40	—	_	ns	_	
PS3	TrdL2dt V	RD and CS Active to Data-Out Valid	_	—	60	ns	_	
PS4	TrdH2dtl	RD Active or CS Inactive to Data-Out Invalid	0	—	10	ns	_	
PS5	Tcs	CS Active Time	Трв + 40	_	_	ns	—	
PS6	Twr	WR Active Time	Трв + 25	_	_	ns	—	
PS7	Trd	RD Active Time	Трв + 25	_	—	ns	—	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

FIGURE 30-21: PARALLEL MASTER PORT READ TIMING DIAGRAM

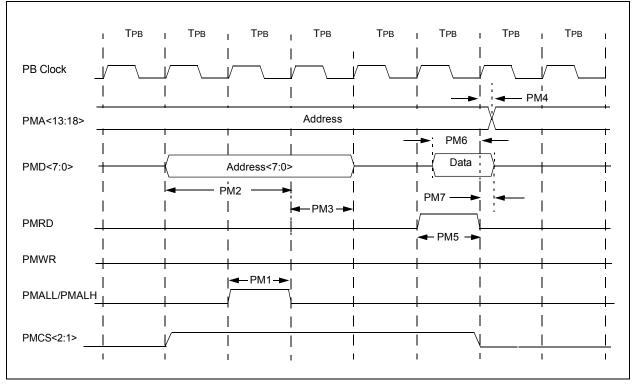


TABLE 30-41: CTMU CURRENT SOURCE SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS				$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$					
Param No. Symbol Characteristic I		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions			
CTMU CUR	RENT SOUR	CE	•	•					
CTMUI1	Ιουτ1	Base Range ⁽¹⁾	_	0.55	_	μA	CTMUCON<9:8> = 01		
CTMUI2	Ιουτ2	10x Range ⁽¹⁾	_	5.5	_	μA	CTMUCON<9:8> = 10		
CTMUI3	Ιουτ3	100x Range ⁽¹⁾	_	55		μA	CTMUCON<9:8> = 11		
CTMUI4	IOUT4	1000x Range ⁽¹⁾	_	550		μA	CTMUCON<9:8> = 00		
CTMUFV1	VF	F Temperature Diode Forward Voltage ^(1,2)	—	0.598	_	V	TA = +25°C, CTMUCON<9:8> = 01		
			_	0.658	_	V	TA = +25°C, CTMUCON<9:8> = 10		
			—	0.721		V	TA = +25°C, CTMUCON<9:8> = 11		
CTMUFV2	VFVR	Temperature Diode Rate of	—	-1.92		mV/ºC	CTMUCON<9:8> = 01		
		Change ^(1,2)	_	-1.74		mV/ºC	CTMUCON<9:8> = 10		
			_	-1.56		mV/ºC	CTMUCON<9:8> = 11		

Note 1: Nominal value at center point of current trim range (CTMUCON<15:10> = 000000).

2: Parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing. Measurements taken with the following conditions:

- VREF+ = AVDD = 3.3V
- ADC module configured for conversion speed of 500 ksps
- All PMD bits are cleared (PMDx = 0)
- Executing a while(1) statement
- Device operating from the FRC with no PLL
- **3:** The CTMU module is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

TABLE 31-5: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V(unless otherwise stated)Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial					
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions	
MOS10		External CLKI Frequency (External clocks allowed only in EC and ECPLL modes)	DC 4		50 50		EC (Note 2) ECPLL (Note 1)	

Note 1: PLL input requirements: 4 MHz \leq FPLLIN \leq 5 MHz (use PLL prescaler to reduce Fosc). This parameter is characterized, but tested at 10 MHz only at manufacturing.

2: This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

TABLE 31-6:SPIX MASTER MODE (CKE = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V(unless otherwise stated)Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for Industria					
Param. No. Symbol Characteristics			Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions	
MSP10	TscL	SCKx Output Low Time (Note 1,2)	Тѕск/2		—	ns	_	
MSP11	TscH	SCKx Output High Time (Note 1,2)	Тзск/2 — — ns —					

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 40 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

TABLE 31-7: SPIX MODULE MASTER MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

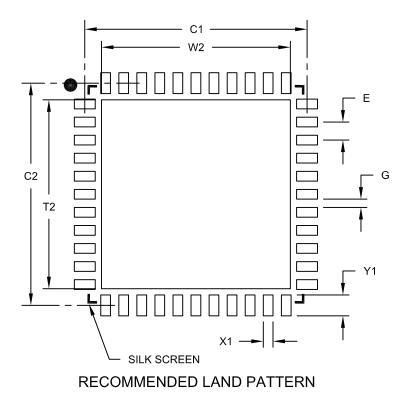
			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V(unless otherwise stated)Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +85^{\circ}C$ for Industrial					
Param. No.	Symbol	bol Characteristics ⁽¹⁾ Min. Typ. Max. Units					Conditions	
MSP10	TscL	SCKx Output Low Time (Note 1,2)	Тѕск/2	_	_	ns	_	
MSP11	TSCH	SCKx Output High Time (Note 1,2)	Тѕск/2	_	_	ns	—	

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 40 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

44-Lead Plastic Quad Flat, No Lead Package (ML) – 8x8 mm Body [QFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



		MILLIMETERS			
Dimensior	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Contact Pitch		0.65 BSC			
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			6.80	
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			6.80	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		8.00		
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		8.00		
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.35	
Contact Pad Length (X44) Y1				0.80	
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25			

Notes:

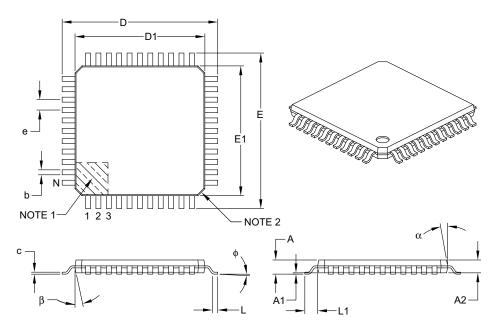
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2103A

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	MILLIMETERS				
Dime	nsion Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Number of Leads	N	44				
Lead Pitch	е		0.80 BSC			
Overall Height	А	_	-	1.20		
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.95	1.00	1.05		
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	0.15		
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75		
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF				
Foot Angle	φ	0°	3.5°	7°		
Overall Width	E		12.00 BSC			
Overall Length	D		12.00 BSC			
Molded Package Width	E1		10.00 BSC			
Molded Package Length	D1	10.00 BSC				
Lead Thickness	С	0.09 – 0.20				
Lead Width	b	0.30	0.37	0.45		
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	11°	12°	13°		
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	11°	12°	13°		

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.

2. Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.

3. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.

4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-076B