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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	33
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	16K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 13x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	44-QFN (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx230f256d-50i-ml

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 6: PIN NAMES FOR 28-PIN USB DEVICES

28-PIN QFN (TOP VIEW) ^(1,2,3,4)			
PIC32MX210F016B PIC32MX220F032B PIC32MX230F064B PIC32MX230F256B PIC32MX250F128B PIC32MX270F256B		28	1
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0	15	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
2	PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1	16	VSS
3	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2	17	VCAP
4	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3	18	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10
5	VSS	19	PGEC2/RPB11/D-/RB11
6	OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2	20	VUSB3V3
7	OSC2/CLKO/RPA3/PMA0/RA3	21	AN11/RPB13/CTPLS/PMRD/RB13
8	SOSCI/RPB4/RB4	22	CVREFOUT/AN10/C3INB/RPB14/VBUSEN/SCK1/CTED5/RB14
9	SOSCO/RPA4/T1CK/CTED9/PMA1/RA4	23	AN9/C3INA/RPB15/SCK2/CTED6/PMCS1/RB15
10	VDD	24	AVSS
11	TMS/RPB5/USBID/RB5	25	AVDD
12	VBUS	26	MCLR
13	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7	27	PGED3/VREF-/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0
14	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8	28	PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1

- Note**
- 1: The RPN pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 11.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RCx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNAX-CNCx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
 - 3: The metal plane at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
 - 4: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 14: PIN NAMES FOR 44-PIN USB DEVICES

44-PIN VTLA (TOP VIEW)^(1,2,3,5) PIC32MX210F016D PIC32MX220F032D PIC32MX230F064D PIC32MX230F256D PIC32MX250F128D PIC32MX270F256D				44		1	
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9	23	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2	23	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/PMD2/RB2		
2	RPC6/PMA1/RC6	24	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3	24	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/PMWR/RB3		
3	RPC7/PMA0/RC7	25	AN6/RPC0/RC0	25	AN6/RPC0/RC0		
4	RPC8/PMA5/RC8	26	AN7/RPC1/RC1	26	AN7/RPC1/RC1		
5	RPC9/CTED7/PMA6/RC9	27	AN8/RPC2/PMA2/RC2	27	AN8/RPC2/PMA2/RC2		
6	V _{SS}	28	V _{DD}	28	V _{DD}		
7	V _{CAP}	29	V _{SS}	29	V _{SS}		
8	PGED2/RPB10/D+/CTED11/RB10	30	OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2	30	OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2		
9	PGEC2/RPB11/D-/RB11	31	OSC2/CLKO/RPA3/RA3	31	OSC2/CLKO/RPA3/RA3		
10	V _{USB3V3}	32	TDO/RPA8/PMA8/RA8	32	TDO/RPA8/PMA8/RA8		
11	AN11/RPB13/CTPLS/PMRD/RB13	33	SOSCI/RPB4/RB4	33	SOSCI/RPB4/RB4		
12	PGED4 ⁽⁴⁾ /TMS/PMA10/RA10	34	SOSCO/RPA4/T1CK/CTED9/RA4	34	SOSCO/RPA4/T1CK/CTED9/RA4		
13	PGEC4 ⁽⁴⁾ /TCK/CTED8/PMA7/RA7	35	TDI/RPA9/PMA9/RA9	35	TDI/RPA9/PMA9/RA9		
14	CVREFOUT/AN10/C3INB/RPB14/V _{BUSON} /SCK1/CTED5/RB14	36	AN12/RPC3/RC3	36	AN12/RPC3/RC3		
15	AN9/C3INA/RPB15/SCK2/CTED6/PMCS1/RB15	37	RPC4/PMA4/RC4	37	RPC4/PMA4/RC4		
16	AV _{SS}	38	RPC5/PMA3/RC5	38	RPC5/PMA3/RC5		
17	AV _{DD}	39	V _{SS}	39	V _{SS}		
18	MCLR	40	V _{DD}	40	V _{DD}		
19	PGED3/VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/PMD7/RA0	41	RPB5/USBID/RB5	41	RPB5/USBID/RB5		
20	PGEC3/VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/PMD6/RA1	42	V _{BUS}	42	V _{BUS}		
21	PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/PMD0/RB0	43	RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7	43	RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7		
22	PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/PMD1/RB1	44	RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8	44	RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8		

- Note** 1: The RPN pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 11.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
- 2: Every I/O port pin (RAX-RCx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNAX-CNCx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
- 3: The metal plane at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to V_{SS} externally.
- 4: This pin function is not available on PIC32MX210F016D and PIC32MX220F032D devices.
- 5: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	28-pin QFN	28-pin SSOP/ SPDIP/ SOIC	36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/ TQFP/ VTLA			
PMA0	7	10	8	3	I/O	TTL/ST	Parallel Master Port Address bit 0 input (Buffered Slave modes) and output (Master modes)
PMA1	9	12	10	2	I/O	TTL/ST	Parallel Master Port Address bit 1 input (Buffered Slave modes) and output (Master modes)
PMA2		—	—	27	O	—	Parallel Master Port address (Demultiplexed Master modes)
PMA3		—	—	38	O	—	
PMA4		—	—	37	O	—	
PMA5		—	—	4	O	—	
PMA6		—	—	5	O	—	
PMA7		—	—	13	O	—	
PMA8		—	—	32	O	—	
PMA9		—	—	35	O	—	
PMA10		—	—	12	O	—	
PMCS1	23	26	29	15	O	—	Parallel Master Port Chip Select 1 strobe
PMD0	20 ⁽²⁾	23 ⁽²⁾	26 ⁽²⁾	10 ⁽²⁾	I/O	TTL/ST	Parallel Master Port data (Demultiplexed Master mode) or address/data (Multiplexed Master modes)
	1 ⁽³⁾	4 ⁽³⁾	35 ⁽³⁾	21 ⁽³⁾			
PMD1	19 ⁽²⁾	22 ⁽²⁾	25 ⁽²⁾	9 ⁽²⁾	I/O	TTL/ST	
	2 ⁽³⁾	5 ⁽³⁾	36 ⁽³⁾	22 ⁽³⁾			
PMD2	18 ⁽²⁾	21 ⁽²⁾	24 ⁽²⁾	8 ⁽²⁾	I/O	TTL/ST	
	3 ⁽³⁾	6 ⁽³⁾	1 ⁽³⁾	23 ⁽³⁾			
PMD3	15	18	19	1	I/O	TTL/ST	
PMD4	14	17	18	44	I/O	TTL/ST	
PMD5	13	16	17	43	I/O	TTL/ST	
PMD6	12 ⁽²⁾	15 ⁽²⁾	16 ⁽²⁾	42 ⁽²⁾	I/O	TTL/ST	
	28 ⁽³⁾	3 ⁽³⁾	34 ⁽³⁾	20 ⁽³⁾			
PMD7	11 ⁽²⁾	14 ⁽²⁾	15 ⁽²⁾	41 ⁽²⁾	I/O	TTL/ST	
	27 ⁽³⁾	2 ⁽³⁾	33 ⁽³⁾	19 ⁽³⁾			
PMRD	21	24	27	11	O	—	Parallel Master Port read strobe
PMWR	22 ⁽²⁾	25 ⁽²⁾	28 ⁽²⁾	14 ⁽²⁾	O	—	Parallel Master Port write strobe
	4 ⁽³⁾	7 ⁽³⁾	2 ⁽³⁾	24 ⁽³⁾			
VBUS	12 ⁽³⁾	15 ⁽³⁾	16 ⁽³⁾	42 ⁽³⁾	I	Analog	USB bus power monitor
VUSB3V3	20 ⁽³⁾	23 ⁽³⁾	26 ⁽³⁾	10 ⁽³⁾	P	—	USB internal transceiver supply. This pin must be connected to VDD.
VBUSON	22 ⁽³⁾	25 ⁽³⁾	28 ⁽³⁾	14 ⁽³⁾	O	—	USB Host and OTG bus power control output
D+	18 ⁽³⁾	21 ⁽³⁾	24 ⁽³⁾	8 ⁽³⁾	I/O	Analog	USB D+
D-	19 ⁽³⁾	22 ⁽³⁾	25 ⁽³⁾	9 ⁽³⁾	I/O	Analog	USB D-

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels
TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input

O = Output

PPS = Peripheral Pin Select

P = Power

I = Input

— = N/A

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for device pin availability.

2: Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.

3: Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number ⁽¹⁾				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	28-pin QFN	28-pin SSOP/ SPDIP/ SOIC	36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/ TQFP/ VTLA			
USBID	11 ⁽³⁾	14 ⁽³⁾	15 ⁽³⁾	41 ⁽³⁾	I	ST	USB OTG ID detect
CTED1	27	2	33	19	I	ST	CTMU External Edge Input
CTED2	28	3	34	20	I	ST	
CTED3	13	16	17	43	I	ST	
CTED4	15	18	19	1	I	ST	
CTED5	22	25	28	14	I	ST	
CTED6	23	26	29	15	I	ST	
CTED7	—	—	20	5	I	ST	
CTED8	—	—	—	13	I	ST	
CTED9	9	12	10	34	I	ST	
CTED10	14	17	18	44	I	ST	
CTED11	18	21	24	8	I	ST	
CTED12	2	5	36	22	I	ST	
CTED13	3	6	1	23	I	ST	
CTPLS	21	24	27	11	O	—	CTMU Pulse Output
PGED1	1	4	35	21	I/O	ST	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1
PGEC1	2	5	36	22	I	ST	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 1
PGED2	18	21	24	8	I/O	ST	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2
PGEC2	19	22	25	9	I	ST	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 2
PGED3	11 ⁽²⁾	14 ⁽²⁾	15 ⁽²⁾	41 ⁽²⁾	I/O	ST	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3
	27 ⁽³⁾	2 ⁽³⁾	33 ⁽³⁾	19 ⁽³⁾			
PGEC3	12 ⁽²⁾	15 ⁽²⁾	16 ⁽²⁾	42 ⁽²⁾	I	ST	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 3
	28 ⁽³⁾	3 ⁽³⁾	34 ⁽³⁾	20 ⁽³⁾			
PGED4	—	—	3	12	I/O	ST	Data I/O pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 4
PGEC4	—	—	4	13	I	ST	Clock input pin for Programming/Debugging Communication Channel 4

Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels
TTL = TTL input buffer

Analog = Analog input
O = Output
PPS = Peripheral Pin Select
P = Power
I = Input
— = N/A

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the “Pin Diagrams” section for device pin availability.

2: Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.

3: Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

8.1 Oscillator Control Registers

TABLE 8-1: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets	
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1		16/0
F000	OSCCON	31:16	—	—	PLLODIV<2:0>			FRCDIV<2:0>			—	SOSCRDY	PBDIVRDY	PBDIV<1:0>		PLLMULT<2:0>			x1xx ⁽²⁾
		15:0	COSC<2:0>				—	NOSC<2:0>			CLKLOCK	ULOCK ⁽³⁾	SLOCK	SLPEN	CF	UFRGEN ⁽³⁾	SOSCEN	OSWEN	xxxx ⁽²⁾
F010	OSCTUN	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TUN<5:0>						0000
F020	REFOCON	31:16	—	RODIV<14:0>															0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	OE	RSLP	—	DIVSWEN	ACTIVE	—	—	—	—	ROSEL<3:0>			0000	
F030	REFOTRIM	31:16	ROTRIM<8:0>									—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note**
- 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers” for more information.
 - 2: Reset values are dependent on the DEVCFGx Configuration bits and the type of reset.
 - 3: This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-1: DMACON: DMA CONTROLLER CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	ON ⁽¹⁾	—	—	SUSPEND	DMABUSY	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** DMA On bit⁽¹⁾

1 = DMA module is enabled

0 = DMA module is disabled

bit 14-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 12 **SUSPEND:** DMA Suspend bit

1 = DMA transfers are suspended to allow CPU uninterrupted access to data bus

0 = DMA operates normally

bit 11 **DMABUSY:** DMA Module Busy bit

1 = DMA module is active

0 = DMA module is disabled and not actively transferring data

bit 10-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 10-18: U1BDTP2: USB BUFFER DESCRIPTOR TABLE PAGE 2 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	BDTPTRH<23:16>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **BDTPTRH<23:16>:** Buffer Descriptor Table Base Address bits

This 8-bit value provides address bits 23 through 16 of the Buffer Descriptor Table base address, which defines the starting location of the Buffer Descriptor Table in system memory.

The 32-bit Buffer Descriptor Table base address is 512-byte aligned.

REGISTER 10-19: U1BDTP3: USB BUFFER DESCRIPTOR TABLE PAGE 3 REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	BDTPTRU<31:24>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **BDTPTRU<31:24>:** Buffer Descriptor Table Base Address bits

This 8-bit value provides address bits 31 through 24 of the Buffer Descriptor Table base address, defines the starting location of the Buffer Descriptor Table in system memory.

The 32-bit Buffer Descriptor Table base address is 512-byte aligned.

TABLE 11-7: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
FB4C	RPB8R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB8<3:0>				0000
FB50	RPB9R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB9<3:0>				0000
FB54	RPB10R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB10<3:0>				0000
FB58	RPB11R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB11<3:0>				0000
FB60	RPB13R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB13<3:0>				0000
FB64	RPB14R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB14<3:0>				0000
FB68	RPB15R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB15<3:0>				0000
FB6C	RPC0R ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC0<3:0>				0000
FB70	RPC1R ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC1<3:0>				0000
FB74	RPC2R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC2<3:0>				0000
FB78	RPC3R ⁽³⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC3<3:0>				0000
FB7C	RPC4R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC4<3:0>				0000
FB80	RPC5R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC5<3:0>				0000
FB84	RPC6R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC6<3:0>				0000
FB88	RPC7R ⁽¹⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC7<3:0>				0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note**
- 1: This register is only available on 44-pin devices.
 - 2: This register is only available on PIC32MX1XX devices.
 - 3: This register is only available on 36-pin and 44-pin devices.

13.2 Timer Control Registers

TABLE 13-1: TIMER2-TIMER5 REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF80..#)	Register Name(1)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
0800	T2CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			T32	—	TCS	—	0000
0810	TMR2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR2<15:0>																0000
0820	PR2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR2<15:0>																FFFF
0A00	T3CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			—	—	TCS	—	0000
0A10	TMR3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR3<15:0>																0000
0A20	PR3	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR3<15:0>																FFFF
0C00	T4CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			T32	—	TCS	—	0000
0C10	TMR4	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR4<15:0>																0000
0C20	PR4	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR4<15:0>																FFFF
0E00	T5CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	TGATE	TCKPS<2:0>			—	—	TCS	—	0000
0E10	TMR5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR5<15:0>																0000
0E20	PR5	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR5<15:0>																FFFF

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

17.0 SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

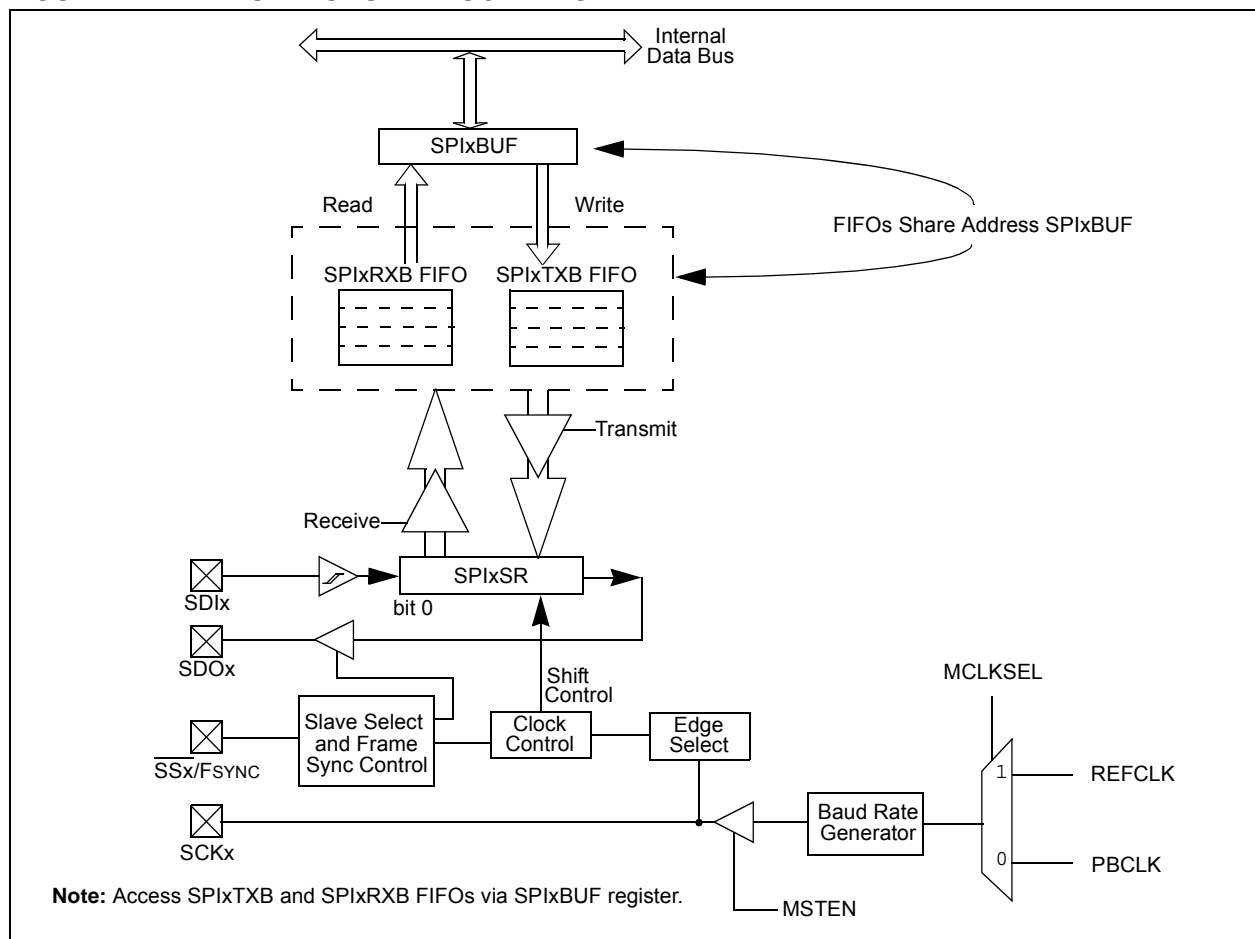
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 23. "Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)"** (DS60001106), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The SPI module is a synchronous serial interface that is useful for communicating with external peripherals and other microcontrollers. These peripheral devices may be Serial EEPROMs, Shift registers, display drivers, Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADC), etc. The PIC32 SPI module is compatible with Motorola® SPI and SIOP interfaces.

Some of the key features of the SPI module are:

- Master mode and Slave mode support
- Four clock formats
- Enhanced Framed SPI protocol support
- User-configurable 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data width
- Separate SPI FIFO buffers for receive and transmit
 - FIFO buffers act as 4/8/16-level deep FIFOs based on 32/16/8-bit data width
- Programmable interrupt event on every 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit data transfer
- Operation during Sleep and Idle modes
- Audio Codec Support:
 - I²S protocol
 - Left-justified
 - Right-justified
 - PCM

FIGURE 17-1: SPI MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 22-1: AD1CON1: ADC CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 4 **CLRASAM:** Stop Conversion Sequence bit (when the first ADC interrupt is generated)
1 = Stop conversions when the first ADC interrupt is generated. Hardware clears the ASAM bit when the ADC interrupt is generated.
0 = Normal operation, buffer contents will be overwritten by the next conversion sequence
- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **ASAM:** ADC Sample Auto-Start bit
1 = Sampling begins immediately after last conversion completes; SAMP bit is automatically set.
0 = Sampling begins when SAMP bit is set
- bit 1 **SAMP:** ADC Sample Enable bit⁽²⁾
1 = The ADC sample and hold amplifier is sampling
0 = The ADC sample/hold amplifier is holding
When ASAM = 0, writing '1' to this bit starts sampling.
When SSRC = 000, writing '0' to this bit will end sampling and start conversion.
- bit 0 **DONE:** Analog-to-Digital Conversion Status bit⁽³⁾
1 = Analog-to-digital conversion is done
0 = Analog-to-digital conversion is not done or has not started
Clearing this bit will not affect any operation in progress.

- Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.
- 2:** If ASAM = 0, software can write a '1' to start sampling. This bit is automatically set by hardware if ASAM = 1. If SSRC = 0, software can write a '0' to end sampling and start conversion. If SSRC ≠ '0', this bit is automatically cleared by hardware to end sampling and start conversion.
- 3:** This bit is automatically set by hardware when analog-to-digital conversion is complete. Software can write a '0' to clear this bit (a write of '1' is not allowed). Clearing this bit does not affect any operation already in progress. This bit is automatically cleared by hardware at the start of a new conversion.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

27.3 On-Chip Voltage Regulator

All PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices' core and digital logic are designed to operate at a nominal 1.8V. To simplify system designs, most devices in the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family family incorporate an on-chip regulator providing the required core logic voltage from VDD.

A low-ESR capacitor (such as tantalum) must be connected to the VCAP pin (see Figure 27-1). This helps to maintain the stability of the regulator. The recommended value for the filter capacitor is provided in **Section 30.1 "DC Characteristics"**.

Note: It is important that the low-ESR capacitor is placed as close as possible to the VCAP pin.

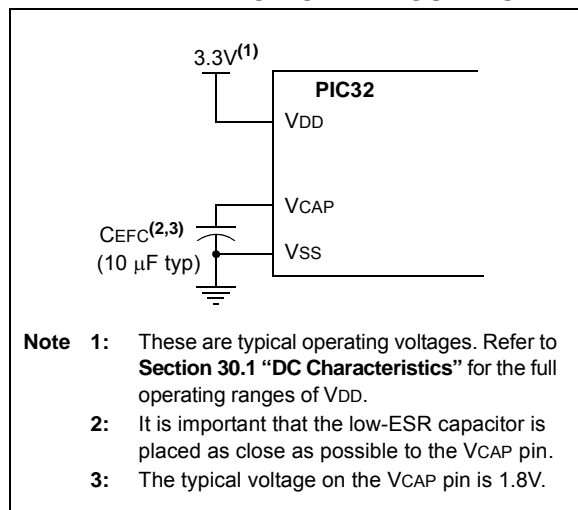
27.3.1 ON-CHIP REGULATOR AND POR

It takes a fixed delay for the on-chip regulator to generate an output. During this time, designated as TPU, code execution is disabled. TPU is applied every time the device resumes operation after any power-down, including Sleep mode.

27.3.2 ON-CHIP REGULATOR AND BOR

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices also have a simple brown-out capability. If the voltage supplied to the regulator is inadequate to maintain a regulated level, the regulator Reset circuitry will generate a Brown-out Reset. This event is captured by the BOR flag bit (RCON<1>). The brown-out voltage levels are specific in **Section 30.1 "DC Characteristics"**.

FIGURE 27-1: CONNECTIONS FOR THE ON-CHIP REGULATOR



27.4 Programming and Diagnostics

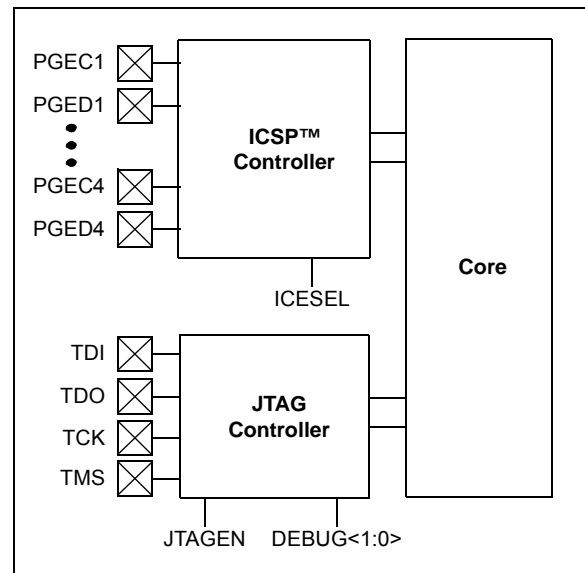
PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family devices provide a complete range of programming and diagnostic features that can increase the flexibility of any application using them. These features allow system designers to include:

- Simplified field programmability using two-wire In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) interfaces
- Debugging using ICSP
- Programming and debugging capabilities using the EJTAG extension of JTAG
- JTAG boundary scan testing for device and board diagnostics

PIC32 devices incorporate two programming and diagnostic modules, and a trace controller, that provide a range of functions to the application developer.

Figure 27-2 illustrates a block diagram of the programming, debugging, and trace ports.

FIGURE 27-2: BLOCK DIAGRAM OF PROGRAMMING, DEBUGGING AND TRACE PORTS



29.0 DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT

The PIC® microcontrollers (MCU) and dsPIC® digital signal controllers (DSC) are supported with a full range of software and hardware development tools:

- Integrated Development Environment
 - MPLAB® X IDE Software
- Compilers/Assemblers/Linkers
 - MPLAB XC Compiler
 - MPASM™ Assembler
 - MPLINK™ Object Linker/
MPLIB™ Object Librarian
 - MPLAB Assembler/Linker/Librarian for
Various Device Families
- Simulators
 - MPLAB X SIM Software Simulator
- Emulators
 - MPLAB REAL ICE™ In-Circuit Emulator
- In-Circuit Debuggers/Programmers
 - MPLAB ICD 3
 - PICKit™ 3
- Device Programmers
 - MPLAB PM3 Device Programmer
- Low-Cost Demonstration/Development Boards,
Evaluation Kits and Starter Kits
- Third-party development tools

29.1 MPLAB X Integrated Development Environment Software

The MPLAB X IDE is a single, unified graphical user interface for Microchip and third-party software, and hardware development tool that runs on Windows®, Linux and Mac OS® X. Based on the NetBeans IDE, MPLAB X IDE is an entirely new IDE with a host of free software components and plug-ins for high-performance application development and debugging. Moving between tools and upgrading from software simulators to hardware debugging and programming tools is simple with the seamless user interface.

With complete project management, visual call graphs, a configurable watch window and a feature-rich editor that includes code completion and context menus, MPLAB X IDE is flexible and friendly enough for new users. With the ability to support multiple tools on multiple projects with simultaneous debugging, MPLAB X IDE is also suitable for the needs of experienced users.

Feature-Rich Editor:

- Color syntax highlighting
- Smart code completion makes suggestions and provides hints as you type
- Automatic code formatting based on user-defined rules
- Live parsing

User-Friendly, Customizable Interface:

- Fully customizable interface: toolbars, toolbar buttons, windows, window placement, etc.
- Call graph window

Project-Based Workspaces:

- Multiple projects
- Multiple tools
- Multiple configurations
- Simultaneous debugging sessions

File History and Bug Tracking:

- Local file history feature
- Built-in support for Bugzilla issue tracker

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 30-13: COMPARATOR SPECIFICATIONS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 4): 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Comments
D300	VIOFF	Input Offset Voltage	—	±7.5	±25	mV	AVDD = VDD, AVSS = VSS
D301	VICM	Input Common Mode Voltage	0	—	VDD	V	AVDD = VDD, AVSS = VSS (Note 2)
D302	CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	55	—	—	dB	Max VICM = (VDD - 1)V (Note 2)
D303A	TRESP	Large Signal Response Time	—	150	400	ns	AVDD = VDD, AVSS = VSS (Note 1,2)
D303B	TSRESP	Small Signal Response Time	—	1	—	μs	This is defined as an input step of 50 mV with 15 mV of overdrive (Note 2)
D304	ON2OV	Comparator Enabled to Output Valid	—	—	10	μs	Comparator module is configured before setting the comparator ON bit (Note 2)
D305	IVREF	Internal Voltage Reference	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	—
D312	TSET	Internal Comparator Voltage DRC Reference Setting time	—	—	10	μs	(Note 3)

Note 1: Response time measured with one comparator input at $(VDD - 1.5)/2$, while the other input transitions from VSS to VDD.

2: These parameters are characterized but not tested.

3: Settling time measured while CVRR = 1 and CVR<3:0> transitions from '0000' to '1111'. This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

4: The Comparator module is functional at $V_{BORMIN} < VDD < VDDMIN$, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 30-8: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE (OCx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

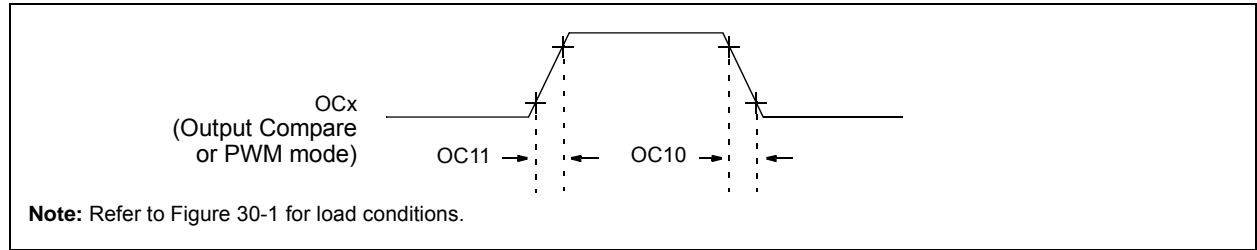


TABLE 30-26: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
OC10	TccF	OCx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
OC11	TccR	OCx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

FIGURE 30-9: OCx/PWM MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

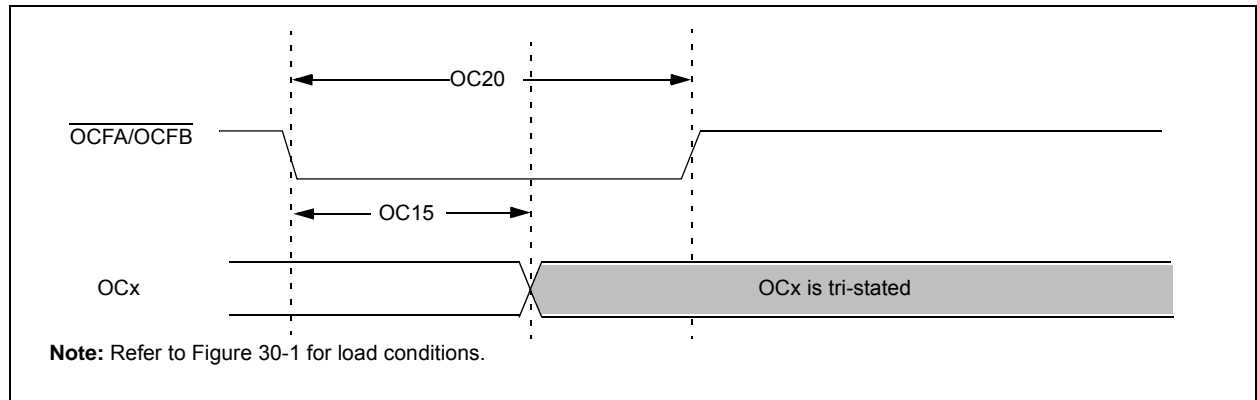


TABLE 30-27: SIMPLE OCx/PWM MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typical ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
OC15	TfD	Fault Input to PWM I/O Change	—	—	50	ns	—
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	50	—	—	ns	—

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in “Typical” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 30-32: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (MASTER MODE) (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics		Min. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
IM40	TAA:SCL	Output Valid from Clock	100 kHz mode	—	3500	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	—
			1 MHz mode (Note 2)	—	350	ns	—
IM45	TBF:SDA	Bus Free Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	The amount of time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode (Note 2)	0.5	—	μs	
IM50	CB	Bus Capacitive Loading		—	400	pF	—
IM51	TPGD	Pulse Gobbler Delay		52	312	ns	See Note 3

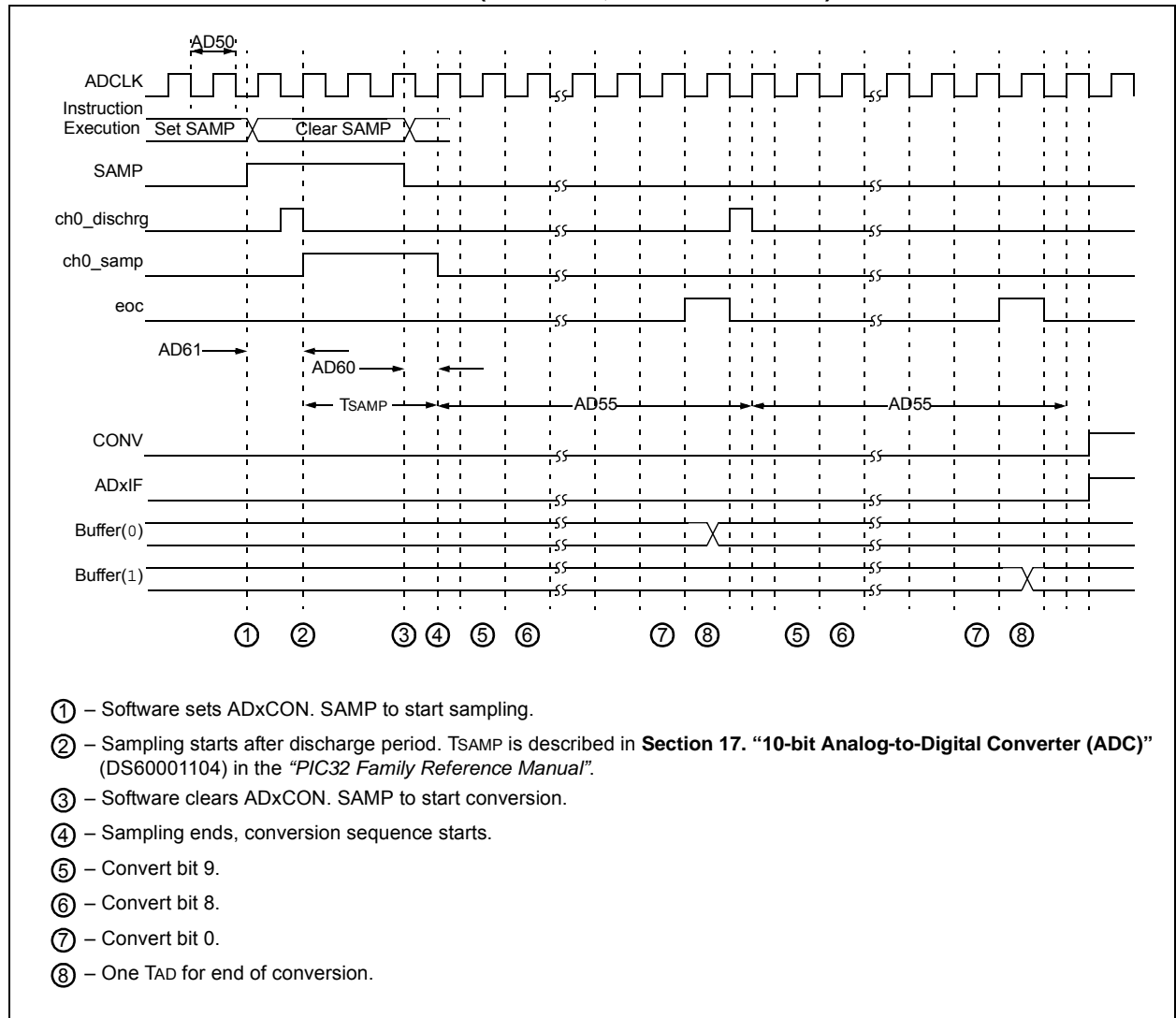
Note 1: BRG is the value of the I²C Baud Rate Generator.

2: Maximum pin capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).

3: The typical value for this parameter is 104 ns.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

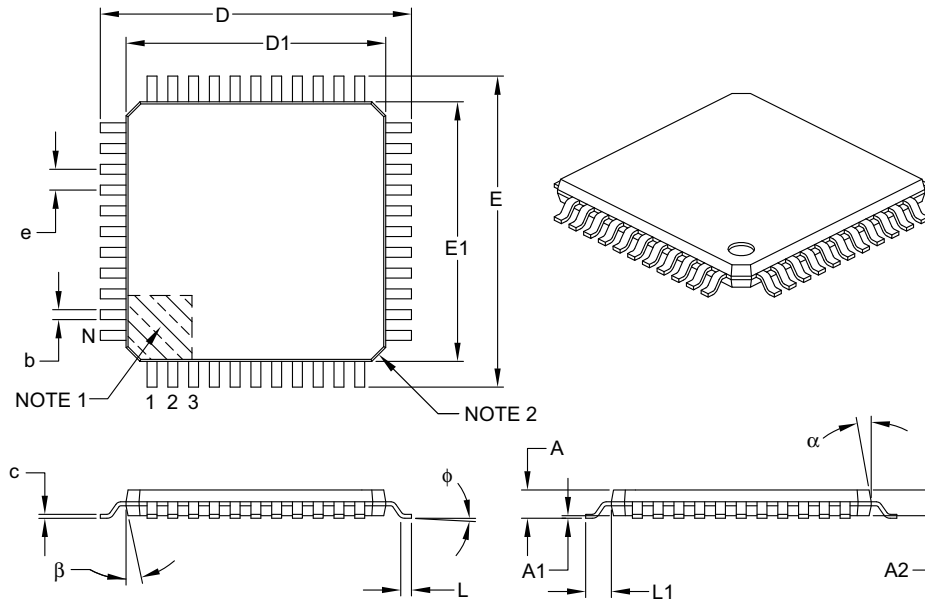
FIGURE 30-18: ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000)



PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) – 10x10x1 mm Body, 2.00 mm [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits			MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Leads	N		44		
Lead Pitch	e		0.80 BSC		
Overall Height	A		–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2		0.95	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1		0.05	–	0.15
Foot Length	L		0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	ϕ		0°	3.5°	7°
Overall Width	E		12.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D		12.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1		10.00 BSC		
Molded Package Length	D1		10.00 BSC		
Lead Thickness	c		0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b		0.30	0.37	0.45
Mold Draft Angle Top	α		11°	12°	13°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β		11°	12°	13°

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Chamfers at corners are optional; size may vary.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-076B

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

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- **General Technical Support** – Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip consultant program member listing
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