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Details

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Product Status | Obsolete |
| Core Processor | MIPS32® M4K™ |
| Core Size | 32-Bit Single-Core |
| Speed | 40MHz |
| Connectivity | I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG |
| Peripherals | Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT |
| Number of I/O | 33 |
| Program Memory Size | 256KB (256K x 8) |
| Program Memory Type | FLASH |
| EEPROM Size | - |
| RAM Size | 16K x 8 |
| Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd) | 2.3V ~ 3.6V |
| Data Converters | A/D 13x10b |
| Oscillator Type | Internal |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C ~ 85°C (TA) |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Package / Case | 44-VFTLA Exposed Pad |
| Supplier Device Package | 44-VTLA (6x6) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx230f256dt-i-tl |

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 4-2: BMXDKPBA: DATA RAM KERNEL PROGRAM BASE ADDRESS REGISTER

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 23:16 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 15:8 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| | BMXDKPBA<15:8> | | | | | | | |
| 7:0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 | R-0 |
| | BMXDKPBA<7:0> | | | | | | | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-10 **BMXDKPBA<15:10>:** DRM Kernel Program Base Address bits

When non-zero, this value selects the relative base address for kernel program space in RAM

bit 9-0 **BMXDKPBA<9:0>:** Read-Only bits

This value is always '0', which forces 1 KB increments

Note 1: At Reset, the value in this register is forced to zero, which causes all of the RAM to be allocated to Kernal mode data usage.

2: The value in this register must be less than or equal to BMXDRMSZ.

9.1 DMA Control Registers

TABLE 9-1: DMA GLOBAL REGISTER MAP

| Virtual Address (BF88_#) | Register Name ⁽¹⁾ | Bit Range | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | All Resets |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|------|------------|
| | | | 31/15 | 30/14 | 29/13 | 28/12 | 27/11 | 26/10 | 25/9 | 24/8 | 23/7 | 22/6 | 21/5 | 20/4 | 19/3 | 18/2 | 17/1 | 16/0 | |
| 3000 | DMACON | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 | |
| | | 15:0 | ON | — | — | SUSPEND | DMABUSY | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 | |
| 3010 | DMASTAT | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 | |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | RDWR | DMACH<2:0> ⁽²⁾ | | 0000 | |
| 3020 | DMAADDR | 31:16 | DMAADDR<31:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 9-2: DMA CRC REGISTER MAP

| Virtual Address (BF88_#) | Register Name ⁽¹⁾ | Bit Range | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | All Resets | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|----------------|-------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|--------|--------|------|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| | | | 31/15 | 30/14 | 29/13 | 28/12 | 27/11 | 26/10 | 25/9 | 24/8 | 23/7 | 22/6 | 21/5 | 20/4 | 19/3 | 18/2 | 17/1 | | 16/0 |
| 3030 | DCRCCON | 31:16 | — | — | BYTO<1:0> | | WBO | — | — | BITO | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 | |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | PLEN<4:0> | | | | | CRCEN | CRCAPP | CRCTYP | — | — | CRCCH<2:0> | | 0000 | |
| 3040 | DCRCDATA | 31:16 | DCRCDATA<31:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| 3050 | DCRCXOR | 31:16 | DCRCXOR<31:0> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0000 |

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-9: DCHxINT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 4 **CHDHIF:** Channel Destination Half Full Interrupt Flag bit
1 = Channel Destination Pointer has reached midpoint of destination (CHDPTR = CHDSIZ/2)
0 = No interrupt is pending
- bit 3 **CHBCIF:** Channel Block Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag bit
1 = A block transfer has been completed (the larger of CHSSIZ/CHDSIZ bytes has been transferred), or a pattern match event occurs
0 = No interrupt is pending
- bit 2 **CHCCIF:** Channel Cell Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag bit
1 = A cell transfer has been completed (CHCSIZ bytes have been transferred)
0 = No interrupt is pending
- bit 1 **CHTAIF:** Channel Transfer Abort Interrupt Flag bit
1 = An interrupt matching CHAIRQ has been detected and the DMA transfer has been aborted
0 = No interrupt is pending
- bit 0 **CHERIF:** Channel Address Error Interrupt Flag bit
1 = A channel address error has been detected (either the source or the destination address is invalid)
0 = No interrupt is pending

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-18: DCHxDAT: DMA CHANNEL 'x' PATTERN DATA REGISTER

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 23:16 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 15:8 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 7:0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | CHPDAT<7:0> | | | | | | | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **CHPDAT<7:0>:** Channel Data Register bits

Pattern Terminate mode:

Data to be matched must be stored in this register to allow a "terminate on match".

All other modes:

Unused.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 10-9: U1EIE: USB ERROR INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|---------------|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 23:16 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 15:8 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 7:0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | BTSEE | BMXEE | DMAEE | BTOEE | DFN8EE | CRC16EE | CRC5EE ⁽¹⁾ EOFEE ⁽²⁾ | PIDEE |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **BTSEE:** Bit Stuff Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = BTSEF interrupt is enabled

0 = BTSEF interrupt is disabled

bit 6 **BMXEE:** Bus Matrix Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = BMXEF interrupt is enabled

0 = BMXEF interrupt is disabled

bit 5 **DMAEE:** DMA Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = DMAEF interrupt is enabled

0 = DMAEF interrupt is disabled

bit 4 **BTOEE:** Bus Turnaround Time-out Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = BTOEF interrupt is enabled

0 = BTOEF interrupt is disabled

bit 3 **DFN8EE:** Data Field Size Error Interrupt Enable bit

1 = DFN8EF interrupt is enabled

0 = DFN8EF interrupt is disabled

bit 2 **CRC16EE:** CRC16 Failure Interrupt Enable bit

1 = CRC16EF interrupt is enabled

0 = CRC16EF interrupt is disabled

bit 1 **CRC5EE:** CRC5 Host Error Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = CRC5EF interrupt is enabled

0 = CRC5EF interrupt is disabled

EOFEE: EOF Error Interrupt Enable bit⁽²⁾

1 = EOF interrupt is enabled

0 = EOF interrupt is disabled

bit 0 **PIDEE:** PID Check Failure Interrupt Enable bit

1 = PIDEF interrupt is enabled

0 = PIDEF interrupt is disabled

Note 1: Device mode.

2: Host mode.

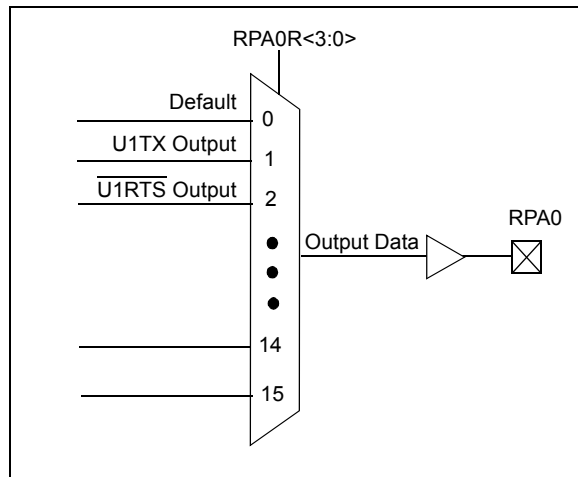
Note: For an interrupt to propagate the USBIF register, the UERRIE (U1IE<1>) bit must be set.

11.3.5 OUTPUT MAPPING

In contrast to inputs, the outputs of the PPS options are mapped on the basis of the pin. In this case, a control register associated with a particular pin dictates the peripheral output to be mapped. The RPNR registers (Register 11-2) are used to control output mapping. Like the [pin name]R registers, each register contains sets of 4 bit fields. The value of the bit field corresponds to one of the peripherals, and that peripheral's output is mapped to the pin (see Table 11-2 and Figure 11-3).

A null output is associated with the output register reset value of '0'. This is done to ensure that remappable outputs remain disconnected from all output pins by default.

FIGURE 11-3: EXAMPLE OF MULTIPLEXING OF REMAPPABLE OUTPUT FOR RPA0



11.3.6 CONTROLLING CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Because peripheral remapping can be changed during run time, some restrictions on peripheral remapping are needed to prevent accidental configuration changes. PIC32 devices include two features to prevent alterations to the peripheral map:

- Control register lock sequence
- Configuration bit select lock

11.3.6.1 Control Register Lock Sequence

Under normal operation, writes to the RPNR and [pin name]R registers are not allowed. Attempted writes appear to execute normally, but the contents of the registers remain unchanged. To change these registers, they must be unlocked in hardware. The register lock is controlled by the Configuration bit, IOLOCK (CFGCON<13>). Setting IOLOCK prevents writes to the control registers; clearing IOLOCK allows writes.

To set or clear the IOLOCK bit, an unlock sequence must be executed. Refer to **Section 6. "Oscillator"** (DS60001112) in the *"PIC32 Family Reference Manual"* for details.

11.3.6.2 Configuration Bit Select Lock

As an additional level of safety, the device can be configured to prevent more than one write session to the RPNR and [pin name]R registers. The Configuration bit, IOL1WAY (DEVCFG3<29>), blocks the IOLOCK bit from being cleared after it has been set once. If IOLOCK remains set, the register unlock procedure does not execute, and the PPS control registers cannot be written to. The only way to clear the bit and re-enable peripheral remapping is to perform a device Reset.

In the default (unprogrammed) state, IOL1WAY is set, restricting users to one write session.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 12-1: T1CON: TYPE A TIMER CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **TSYNC:** Timer External Clock Input Synchronization Selection bit
When TCS = 1:
1 = External clock input is synchronized
0 = External clock input is not synchronized
When TCS = 0:
This bit is ignored.
- bit 1 **TCS:** Timer Clock Source Select bit
1 = External clock from TxCKI pin
0 = Internal peripheral clock
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: When using 1:1 PBCmLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

NOTES:

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 20-4: PMAEN: PARALLEL PORT PIN ENABLE REGISTER

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 23:16 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 15:8 | U-0 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | — | PTEN14 | — | — | — | PTEN<10:8> | | |
| 7:0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | PTEN<7:0> | | | | | | | |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-14 **PTEN14:** PMCS1 Address Port Enable bits

1 = PMA14 functions as either PMA14 or PMCS1⁽¹⁾

0 = PMA14 functions as port I/O

bit 13-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-2 **PTEN<10:2>:** PMP Address Port Enable bits

1 = PMA<10:2> function as PMP address lines

0 = PMA<10:2> function as port I/O

bit 1-0 **PTEN<1:0>:** PMALH/PMALL Address Port Enable bits

1 = PMA1 and PMA0 function as either PMA<1:0> or PMALH and PMALL⁽²⁾

0 = PMA1 and PMA0 pads functions as port I/O

Note 1: The use of this pin as PMA14 or CS1 is selected by the CSF<1:0> bits in the PMCON register.

2: The use of these pins as PMA1/PMA0 or PMALH/PMALL depends on the Address/Data Multiplex mode selected by bits ADRMUX<1:0> in the PMCON register.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 21-1: RTCCON: RTC CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 3 **RTCWREN:** RTC Value Registers Write Enable bit⁽⁴⁾
1 = RTC Value registers can be written to by the user
0 = RTC Value registers are locked out from being written to by the user
- bit 2 **RTCSYNC:** RTCC Value Registers Read Synchronization bit
1 = RTC Value registers can change while reading, due to a rollover ripple that results in an invalid data read
 If the register is read twice and results in the same data, the data can be assumed to be valid
0 = RTC Value registers can be read without concern about a rollover ripple
- bit 1 **HALFSEC:** Half-Second Status bit⁽⁵⁾
1 = Second half period of a second
0 = First half period of a second
- bit 0 **RTCOE:** RTCC Output Enable bit
1 = RTCC clock output enabled – clock presented onto an I/O
0 = RTCC clock output disabled

- Note 1:** The ON bit is only writable when RTCWREN = 1.
- 2:** When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.
- 3:** Requires RTCOE = 1 (RTCCON<0>) for the output to be active.
- 4:** The RTCWREN bit can be set only when the write sequence is enabled.
- 5:** This bit is read-only. It is cleared to '0' on a write to the seconds bit fields (RTCTIME<14:8>).

Note: This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 21-5: ALRMTIME: ALARM TIME VALUE REGISTER

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31:24 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| | — | — | HR10<1:0> | | HR01<3:0> | | | |
| 23:16 | U-0 | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| | — | MIN10<2:0> | | | MIN01<3:0> | | | |
| 15:8 | U-0 | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x | R/W-x |
| | — | SEC10<2:0> | | | SEC01<3:0> | | | |
| 7:0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-30 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 29-28 **HR10<1:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal value of hours bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 2

bit 27-24 **HR01<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal value of hours bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 23 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 22-20 **MIN10<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal value of minutes bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 19-16 **MIN01<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal value of minutes bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **SEC10<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal value of seconds bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 11-8 **SEC01<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal value of seconds bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 22-4: AD1CHS: ADC INPUT SELECT REGISTER

| Bit Range | Bit 31/23/15/7 | Bit 30/22/14/6 | Bit 29/21/13/5 | Bit 28/20/12/4 | Bit 27/19/11/3 | Bit 26/18/10/2 | Bit 25/17/9/1 | Bit 24/16/8/0 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31:24 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | CH0NB | — | — | — | CH0SB<3:0> | | | |
| 23:16 | R/W-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 | R/W-0 |
| | CH0NA | — | — | — | CH0SA<3:0> | | | |
| 15:8 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 7:0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 | U-0 |
| | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **CH0NB:** Negative Input Select bit for Sample B

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 30-28 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 27-24 **CH0SB<3:0>:** Positive Input Select bits for Sample B

1111 = Channel 0 positive input is Open⁽¹⁾

1110 = Channel 0 positive input is IVREF⁽²⁾

1101 = Channel 0 positive input is CTMU temperature sensor (CTMUT)⁽³⁾

1100 = Channel 0 positive input is AN12⁽⁴⁾

•
•
•

0001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1

0000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0

bit 23 **CH0NA:** Negative Input Select bit for Sample A Multiplexer Setting⁽²⁾

1 = Channel 0 negative input is AN1

0 = Channel 0 negative input is VREFL

bit 22-20 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 19-16 **CH0SA<3:0>:** Positive Input Select bits for Sample A Multiplexer Setting

1111 = Channel 0 positive input is Open⁽¹⁾

1110 = Channel 0 positive input is IVREF⁽²⁾

1101 = Channel 0 positive input is CTMU temperature (CTMUT)⁽³⁾

1100 = Channel 0 positive input is AN12⁽⁴⁾

•
•
•

0001 = Channel 0 positive input is AN1

0000 = Channel 0 positive input is AN0

bit 15-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note 1: This selection is only used with CTMU capacitive and time measurement.

2: See **Section 24.0 “Comparator Voltage Reference (CVREF)”** for more information.

3: See **Section 25.0 “Charge Time Measurement Unit (CTMU)”** for more information.

4: AN12 is only available on 44-pin devices. AN6-AN8 are not available on 28-pin devices.

TABLE 26-2: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE REGISTER MAP

| Virtual Address (BF80_#) | Register Name ⁽¹⁾ | Bit Range | Bits | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | All Resets |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|------|------|------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------------|
| | | | 31/15 | 30/14 | 29/13 | 28/12 | 27/11 | 26/10 | 25/9 | 24/8 | 23/7 | 22/6 | 21/5 | 20/4 | 19/3 | 18/2 | 17/1 | 16/0 | |
| F240 | PMD1 | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | CVRMD | — | — | — | CTMUMD | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | AD1MD | 0000 |
| F250 | PMD2 | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | CMP3MD | CMP2MD | CMP1MD | 0000 |
| F260 | PMD3 | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | OC5MD | OC4MD | OC3MD | OC2MD | OC1MD | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | IC5MD | IC4MD | IC3MD | IC2MD | IC1MD | 0000 |
| F270 | PMD4 | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | T5MD | T4MD | T3MD | T2MD | T1MD | 0000 |
| F280 | PMD5 | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | USB1MD | — | — | — | — | — | — | I2C1MD | I2C1MD | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | SPI2MD | SPI1MD | — | — | — | — | — | — | U2MD | U1MD | 0000 |
| F290 | PMD6 | 31:16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | PMPMD | 0000 |
| | | 15:0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | REFOMD | RTCCMD | 0000 |

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET and INV Registers”** for more information.

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REGISTER 27-3: DEVCFG2: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 2 (CONTINUED)

bit 2-0 **FPLLIDIV<2:0>**: PLL Input Divider bits

111 = 12x divider

110 = 10x divider

101 = 6x divider

100 = 5x divider

011 = 4x divider

010 = 3x divider

001 = 2x divider

000 = 1x divider

Note 1: This bit is only available on PIC32MX2XX devices.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 30-11: SPIx MODULE MASTER MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

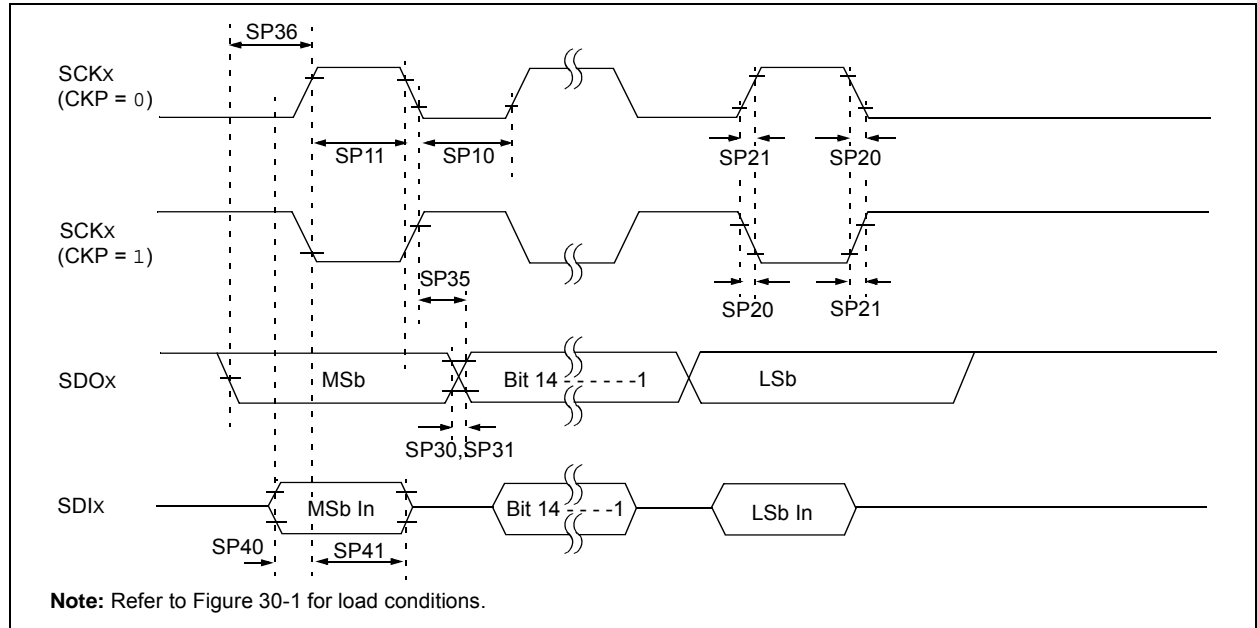


TABLE 30-29: SPIx MODULE MASTER MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

| AC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--|--------|---|------|-------|--------------------|
| Param. No. | Symbol | Characteristics ⁽¹⁾ | Min. | Typ. ⁽²⁾ | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| SP10 | TscL | SCKx Output Low Time (Note 3) | Tsck/2 | — | — | ns | — |
| SP11 | Tsch | SCKx Output High Time (Note 3) | Tsck/2 | — | — | ns | — |
| SP20 | TscF | SCKx Output Fall Time (Note 4) | — | — | — | ns | See parameter DO32 |
| SP21 | TscR | SCKx Output Rise Time (Note 4) | — | — | — | ns | See parameter DO31 |
| SP30 | TdoF | SDOx Data Output Fall Time (Note 4) | — | — | — | ns | See parameter DO32 |
| SP31 | TdoR | SDOx Data Output Rise Time (Note 4) | — | — | — | ns | See parameter DO31 |
| SP35 | Tsch2doV, TscL2doV | SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge | — | — | 15 | ns | VDD > 2.7V |
| | | | — | — | 20 | ns | VDD < 2.7V |
| SP36 | TdoV2sc, TdoV2scL | SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge | 15 | — | — | ns | — |
| SP40 | TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL | Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge | 15 | — | — | ns | VDD > 2.7V |
| | | | 20 | — | — | ns | VDD < 2.7V |
| SP41 | Tsch2diL, TscL2diL | Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge | 15 | — | — | ns | VDD > 2.7V |
| | | | 20 | — | — | ns | VDD < 2.7V |

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 50 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

Note 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 30-41: CTMU CURRENT SOURCE SPECIFICATIONS

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | | | Standard Operating Conditions (see Note 3): 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|--|--|-------|------|-------|--|
| Param No. | Symbol | Characteristic | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| CTMU CURRENT SOURCE | | | | | | | |
| CTMUI1 | IOUT1 | Base Range ⁽¹⁾ | — | 0.55 | — | μA | CTMUCON<9:8> = 01 |
| CTMUI2 | IOUT2 | 10x Range ⁽¹⁾ | — | 5.5 | — | μA | CTMUCON<9:8> = 10 |
| CTMUI3 | IOUT3 | 100x Range ⁽¹⁾ | — | 55 | — | μA | CTMUCON<9:8> = 11 |
| CTMUI4 | IOUT4 | 1000x Range ⁽¹⁾ | — | 550 | — | μA | CTMUCON<9:8> = 00 |
| CTMUUFV1 | VF | Temperature Diode Forward Voltage ^(1,2) | — | 0.598 | — | V | T _A = +25°C, CTMUCON<9:8> = 01 |
| | | | — | 0.658 | — | V | T _A = +25°C, CTMUCON<9:8> = 10 |
| | | | — | 0.721 | — | V | T _A = +25°C, CTMUCON<9:8> = 11 |
| CTMUUFV2 | VFVR | Temperature Diode Rate of Change ^(1,2) | — | -1.92 | — | mV/°C | CTMUCON<9:8> = 01 |
| | | | — | -1.74 | — | mV/°C | CTMUCON<9:8> = 10 |
| | | | — | -1.56 | — | mV/°C | CTMUCON<9:8> = 11 |

Note 1: Nominal value at center point of current trim range (CTMUCON<15:10> = 000000).

2: Parameters are characterized but not tested in manufacturing. Measurements taken with the following conditions:

- VREF+ = AVDD = 3.3V
- ADC module configured for conversion speed of 500 ksp/s
- All PMD bits are cleared (PMDx = 0)
- Executing a `while(1)` statement
- Device operating from the FRC with no PLL

3: The CTMU module is functional at VBORMIN < VDD < VDDMIN, but with degraded performance. Unless otherwise stated, module functionality is tested, but not characterized.

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TABLE 31-8: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 0) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

| AC CHARACTERISTICS | | | Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|---|---|------|------|-------|------------|
| Param. No. | Symbol | Characteristics | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| MSP70 | TsCL | SCKx Input Low Time (Note 1,2) | $T_{SCK}/2$ | — | — | ns | — |
| MSP71 | TsCH | SCKx Input High Time (Note 1,2) | $T_{SCK}/2$ | — | — | ns | — |
| MSP51 | TssH2boZ | $\overline{SSx} \uparrow$ to SDOx Output High-Impedance (Note 2) | 5 | — | 25 | ns | — |

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 40 ns.

TABLE 31-9: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

| AC CHARACTERISTICS | | | Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|--|--|---------|------|-------|------------|
| Param. No. | Symbol | Characteristics | Min. | Typical | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| SP70 | TsCL | SCKx Input Low Time (Note 1,2) | $T_{SCK}/2$ | — | — | ns | — |
| SP71 | TsCH | SCKx Input High Time (Note 1,2) | $T_{SCK}/2$ | — | — | ns | — |

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 40 ns.

FIGURE 32-3: TYPICAL I_{PD} CURRENT @ V_{DD} = 3.3V

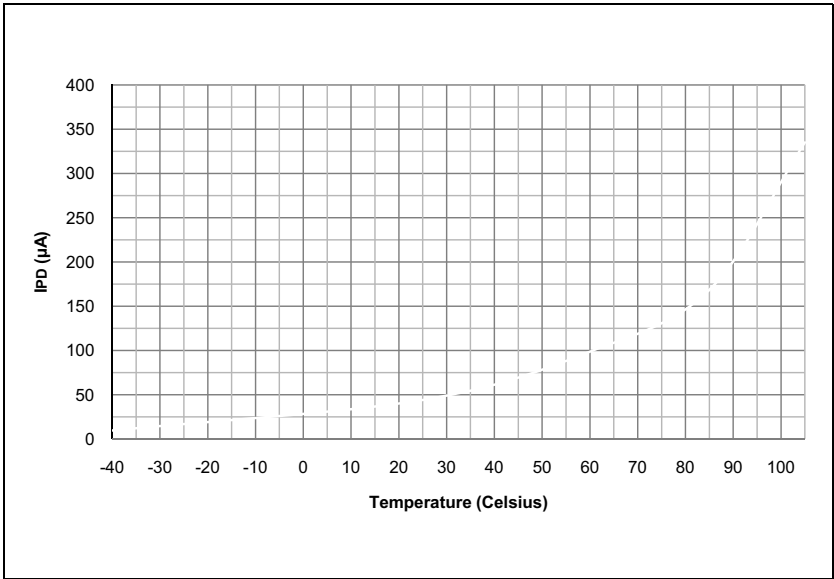


FIGURE 32-4: TYPICAL I_{DD} CURRENT @ V_{DD} = 3.3V

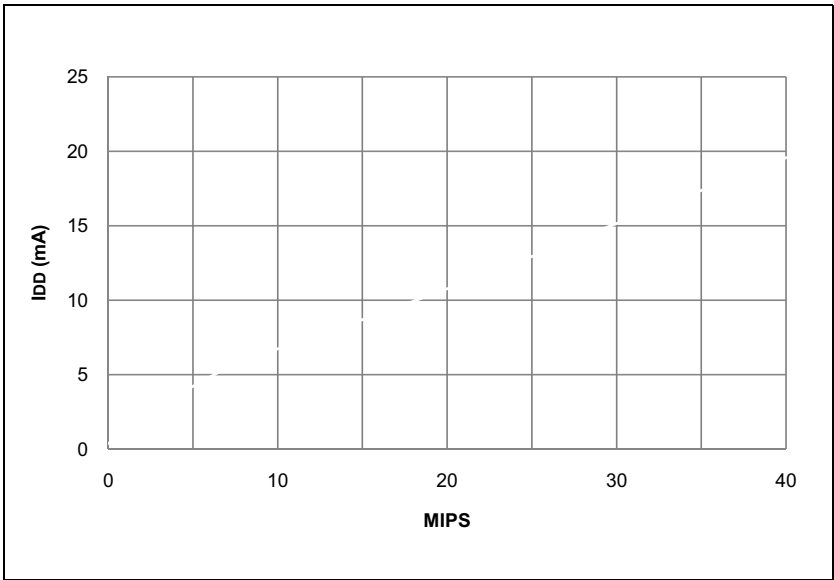
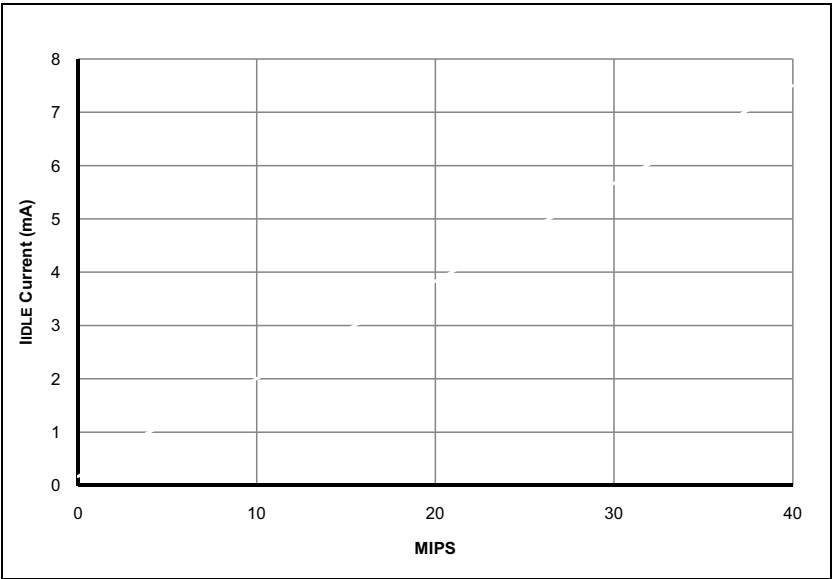


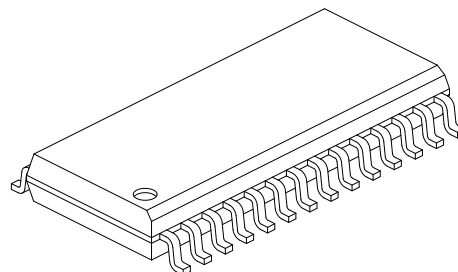
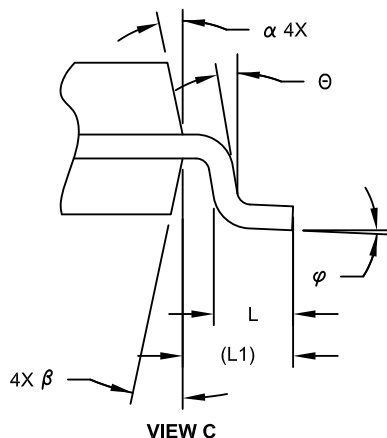
FIGURE 32-5: TYPICAL I_{IDLE} CURRENT @ V_{DD} = 3.3V



PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-PIN FAMILY

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-----|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | N | 28 | | |
| Pitch | e | 1.27 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | - | - | 2.65 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 2.05 | - | - |
| Standoff § | A1 | 0.10 | - | 0.30 |
| Overall Width | E | 10.30 BSC | | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 7.50 BSC | | |
| Overall Length | D | 17.90 BSC | | |
| Chamfer (Optional) | h | 0.25 | - | 0.75 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.40 | - | 1.27 |
| Footprint | L1 | 1.40 REF | | |
| Lead Angle | Θ | 0° | - | - |
| Foot Angle | φ | 0° | - | 8° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.18 | - | 0.33 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.31 | - | 0.51 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | α | 5° | - | 15° |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | β | 5° | - | 15° |

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic
- Dimension D does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs, which shall not exceed 0.15 mm per end. Dimension E1 does not include interlead flash or protrusion, which shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
 - BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
 - REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
- Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-052C Sheet 2 of 2