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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

etails	
oduct Status	Active
ore Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
ore Size	32-Bit Single-Core
peed	40MHz
onnectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
eripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, POR, PWM, WDT
umber of I/O	33
ogram Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
ogram Memory Type	FLASH
EPROM Size	-
M Size	16K x 8
ltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
ta Converters	A/D 13x10b
scillator Type	Internal
erating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
ounting Type	Surface Mount
ckage / Case	44-VQFN Exposed Pad
ipplier Device Package	44-QFN (8x8)
rchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx230f256dt-v-ml

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

NOTES:

#### REGISTER 4-5: BMXDRMSZ: DATA RAM SIZE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0					
24.24	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R					
31:24		BMXDRMSZ<31:24>											
22.40	R	R R R R R R											
23:16		R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R											
45.0	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R					
15:8				BMXDRI	MSZ<15:8>								
7.0	R	R R R R R R											
7:0				BMXDR	MSZ<7:0>								

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

#### bit 31-0 BMXDRMSZ<31:0>: Data RAM Memory (DRM) Size bits

Static value that indicates the size of the Data RAM in bytes:

0x00001000 = Device has 4 KB RAM

0x00002000 = Device has 8 KB RAM

0x00004000 = Device has 16 KB RAM

0x00008000 = Device has 32 KB RAM

0x00010000 = Device has 64 KB RAM

## REGISTER 4-6: BMXPUPBA: PROGRAM FLASH (PFM) USER PROGRAM BASE ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0				
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0				
31:24	_	_	_			_	_	_				
00:40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0					
23:16	_	_	_	_		BMXPUPE	3A<19:16>					
45.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0				
15:8				BMXPU	PBA<15:8>							
7.0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0 R-0 R-0 R-0							
7:0			PBA<7:0>									

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-20 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 19-11 BMXPUPBA<19:11>: Program Flash (PFM) User Program Base Address bits

bit 10-0 BMXPUPBA<10:0>: Read-Only bits

This value is always '0', which forces 2 KB increments

**Note 1:** At Reset, the value in this register is forced to zero, which causes all of the RAM to be allocated to Kernal mode data usage.

2: The value in this register must be less than or equal to BMXPFMSZ.

#### REGISTER 4-7: BMXPFMSZ: PROGRAM FLASH (PFM) SIZE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0					
24.24	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R					
31:24		BMXPFMSZ<31:24>											
22:16	R	R R R R R											
23:16	BMXPFMSZ<23:16>												
45.0	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R					
15:8				BMXPFN	MSZ<15:8>								
7.0	R R R R R R												
7:0				BMXPF	MSZ<7:0>								

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

#### bit 31-0 BMXPFMSZ<31:0>: Program Flash Memory (PFM) Size bits

Static value that indicates the size of the PFM in bytes:

0x00004000 = Device has 16 KB Flash

0x00008000 = Device has 32 KB Flash

0x00010000 = Device has 64 KB Flash

0x00020000 = Device has 128 KB Flash

0x00040000 = Device has 256 KB Flash

#### REGISTER 4-8: BMXBOOTSZ: BOOT FLASH (IFM) SIZE REGISTER

				` `											
Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0							
04:04	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R							
31:24		BMXBOOTSZ<31:24>													
22:40	R														
23:16		BMXBOOTSZ<23:16>													
45.0	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R							
15:8				BMXBOC	TSZ<15:8>										
7.0	R	R R R R R R													
7:0	:0 BMXBOOTSZ<7:0>														

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

#### bit 31-0 BMXBOOTSZ<31:0>: Boot Flash Memory (BFM) Size bits

Static value that indicates the size of the Boot PFM in bytes:

0x00000C00 = Device has 3 KB boot Flash

#### 6.0 RESETS

Note:

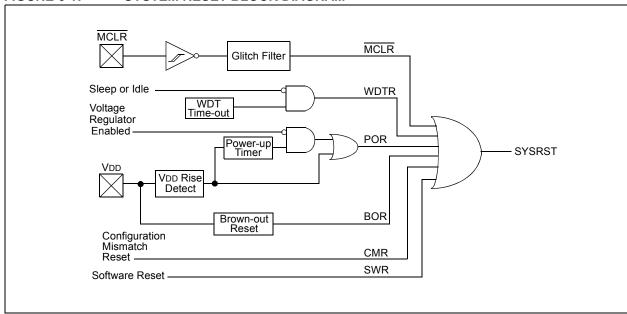
This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 7.** "**Resets**" (DS60001118), which is available from the *Documentation* > *Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The Reset module combines all Reset sources and controls the device Master Reset signal, SYSRST. The following is a list of device Reset sources:

- Power-on Reset (POR)
- Master Clear Reset pin (MCLR)
- · Software Reset (SWR)
- Watchdog Timer Reset (WDTR)
- · Brown-out Reset (BOR)
- · Configuration Mismatch Reset (CMR)

A simplified block diagram of the Reset module is illustrated in Figure 6-1.

FIGURE 6-1: SYSTEM RESET BLOCK DIAGRAM



## 8.0 OSCILLATOR CONFIGURATION

Note:

This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 6. "Oscillator Configuration"** (DS60001112), which is available from the *Documentation* > *Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

The PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family oscillator system has the following modules and features:

- Four external and internal oscillator options as clock sources
- On-Chip PLL with user-selectable input divider, multiplier and output divider to boost operating frequency on select internal and external oscillator sources
- On-Chip user-selectable divisor postscaler on select oscillator sources
- Software-controllable switching between various clock sources
- A Fail-Safe Clock Monitor (FSCM) that detects clock failure and permits safe application recovery or shutdown
- · Dedicated On-Chip PLL for USB peripheral

A block diagram of the oscillator system is provided in Figure 8-1.

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TABLE 10-1: USB REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

ess											Bi	ts							
Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
5280	U1FRML <sup>(3)</sup>	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
3200	OTTRIVIE	15:0		_	_	_		_		_				FRML<	7:0>				0000
5290	U1FRMH <sup>(3)</sup>	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
0200	OTTTAMIT	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		FRMH<2:0>	•	0000
52A0	U1TOK	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
02/10	OTTOR	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		PID	<3:0>			EP	<3:0>		0000
52B0	U1SOF	31:16		_	_	_		_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	0000
3200	01001	15:0		_	_	_		_		_				CNT<7	7:0>				0000
52C0	U1BDTP2	31:16		_	_	_		_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	0000
3200	0100112	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				BDTPTRE	H<7:0>				0000
52D0	U1BDTP3	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
02D0	0100110	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				BDTPTRU	J<7:0>				0000
52E0	U1CNFG1	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
OZLO	01014101	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	UTEYE	UOEMON	_	USBSIDL	_	_	_	UASUSPND	0001
5300	U1EP0	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	ı	_	_	<del>-</del>	_	_	ı	_	0000
0000	OTELO	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	LSPD	RETRYDIS	_	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5310	U1EP1	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
3310	O I E I I	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5320	U1EP2	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
0020	01212	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5330	U1EP3	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
0000	01210	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5340	U1EP4	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
00.0		15:0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5350	U1EP5	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	0000
0000	01210	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5360	U1EP6	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	_		_	0000
3000	0.2.0	15:0		_	_	_	_	_		_		_		EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5370	U1EP7	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	_		_	0000
30.0	0.2.7	15:0		_	_	_		_	_			_		EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
5380	U1EP8	31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	0000
3000	01210	15:0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000

x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: With the exception of those noted, all registers in this table (except as noted) have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8, and 0xC respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

This register does not have associated SET and INV registers.

This register does not have associated CLR, SET and INV registers.

Reset value for this bit is undefined.

#### REGISTER 10-8: U1EIR: USB ERROR INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0	
21.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
31:24	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0 U-0 U-		U-0	U-0	
23.10		-	-	-		_	_	_	
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	
15.6			-			_	_	_	
	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	R/WC-0, HS	
7:0	BTSEE	BMXEF	DMAEF <sup>(1)</sup>	BTOEF <sup>(2)</sup>	DFN8EF	CRC16EF	CRC5EF <sup>(4)</sup>	PIDEF	
	BTSEF	DIVIALI	DIVIALI	BIOLI	DINOLI	CINCTOLI	EOFEF <sup>(3,5)</sup>	FIDEF	

Legend: WC = Write '1' to clear HS = Hardware Settable bit

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 7 BTSEF: Bit Stuff Error Flag bit

1 = Packet rejected due to bit stuff error

0 = Packet accepted

bit 6 BMXEF: Bus Matrix Error Flag bit

1 = The base address, of the Buffer Descriptor Table, or the address of an individual buffer pointed to by a Buffer Descriptor Table entry, is invalid.

0 = No address error

bit 5 **DMAEF:** DMA Error Flag bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = USB DMA error condition detected

0 = No DMA error

bit 4 **BTOEF:** Bus Turnaround Time-Out Error Flag bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = Bus turnaround time-out has occurred

0 = No bus turnaround time-out

bit 3 **DFN8EF:** Data Field Size Error Flag bit

1 = Data field received is not an integral number of bytes

0 = Data field received is an integral number of bytes

bit 2 CRC16EF: CRC16 Failure Flag bit

1 = Data packet rejected due to CRC16 error

0 = Data packet accepted

- **Note 1:** This type of error occurs when the module's request for the DMA bus is not granted in time to service the module's demand for memory, resulting in an overflow or underflow condition, and/or the allocated buffer size is not sufficient to store the received data packet causing it to be truncated.
  - 2: This type of error occurs when more than 16-bit-times of Idle from the previous End-of-Packet (EOP) has elapsed.
  - **3:** This type of error occurs when the module is transmitting or receiving data and the SOF counter has reached zero.
  - 4: Device mode.
  - 5: Host mode.

#### REGISTER 11-3: CNCONx: CHANGE NOTICE CONTROL FOR PORTX REGISTER (x = A, B, C)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
22:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	_	_	-	_		_		_
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15:8	ON	_	SIDL	_	_	_	_	-
7.0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
7:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15 ON: Change Notice (CN) Control ON bit

1 = CN is enabled0 = CN is disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0' bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Control bit

1 = Idle mode halts CN operation0 = Idle does not affect CN operation

bit 12-0 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

#### REGISTER 15-1: ICXCON: INPUT CAPTURE 'x' CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
22:40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8	ON <sup>(1)</sup>	_	SIDL	_	_	_	FEDGE	C32
7.0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	ICTMR	ICI<	1:0>	ICOV	ICBNE		ICM<2:0>	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit

-n = Bit Value at POR: ('0', '1', x = unknown) P = Programmable bit r = Reserved bit

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Input Capture Module Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Module is enabled

0 = Disable and reset module, disable clocks, disable interrupt generation and allow SFR modifications

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0' bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Control bit

1 = Halt in Idle mode

0 = Continue to operate in Idle mode

bit 12-10 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 9 **FEDGE:** First Capture Edge Select bit (only used in mode 6, ICM<2:0> = 110)

1 = Capture rising edge first0 = Capture falling edge firstC32: 32-bit Capture Select bit

bit 8 **C32:** 32-bit Capture Select bit 1 = 32-bit timer resource capture

0 = 16-bit timer resource capture

bit 7 ICTMR: Timer Select bit (Does not affect timer selection when C32 (ICxCON<8>) is '1')

0 = Timer3 is the counter source for capture1 = Timer2 is the counter source for capture

bit 6-5 ICI<1:0>: Interrupt Control bits

11 = Interrupt on every fourth capture event
 10 = Interrupt on every third capture event
 01 = Interrupt on every second capture event

00 = Interrupt on every capture event

bit 4 ICOV: Input Capture Overflow Status Flag bit (read-only)

1 = Input capture overflow has occurred0 = No input capture overflow has occurred

bit 3 ICBNE: Input Capture Buffer Not Empty Status bit (read-only)

1 = Input capture buffer is not empty; at least one more capture value can be read

0 = Input capture buffer is empty

**Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

#### REGISTER 16-1: OCxCON: OUTPUT COMPARE 'x' CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31.24	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
22.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
15:8	ON <sup>(1)</sup>	_	SIDL	_	_	_	_	_
7.0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	_	_	OC32	OCFLT <sup>(2)</sup>	OCTSEL		OCM<2:0>	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Output Compare Peripheral On bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Output Compare peripheral is enabled

0 = Output Compare peripheral is disabled

bit 14 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 13 SIDL: Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

bit 12-6 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 5 OC32: 32-bit Compare Mode bit

1 = OCxR<31:0> and/or OCxRS<31:0> are used for comparisons to the 32-bit timer source

0 = OCxR<15:0> and OCxRS<15:0> are used for comparisons to the 16-bit timer source

bit 4 OCFLT: PWM Fault Condition Status bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = PWM Fault condition has occurred (cleared in hardware only)

0 = No PWM Fault condition has occurred

bit 3 OCTSEL: Output Compare Timer Select bit

1 = Timer3 is the clock source for this Output Compare module

0 = Timer2 is the clock source for this Output Compare module

bit 2-0 OCM<2:0>: Output Compare Mode Select bits

111 = PWM mode on OCx; Fault pin enabled

110 = PWM mode on OCx; Fault pin disabled

101 = Initialize OCx pin low; generate continuous output pulses on OCx pin

100 = Initialize OCx pin low; generate single output pulse on OCx pin

011 = Compare event toggles OCx pin

010 = Initialize OCx pin high; compare event forces OCx pin low

001 = Initialize OCx pin low; compare event forces OCx pin high

000 = Output compare peripheral is disabled but continues to draw current

**Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

2: This bit is only used when OCM<2:0> = '111'. It is read as '0' in all other modes.

#### REGISTER 17-2: SPIxCON2: SPI CONTROL REGISTER 2

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31.24	_		_	_	_	_	_	-
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23.10	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15.6	SPISGNEXT	_	_	FRMERREN	SPIROVEN	SPITUREN	IGNROV	IGNTUR
7.0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
7:0	AUDEN <sup>(1)</sup>	_	_	_	AUDMONO <sup>(1,2)</sup>	_	AUDMOD	<1:0> <sup>(1,2)</sup>

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15 SPISGNEXT: Sign Extend Read Data from the RX FIFO bit

1 = Data from RX FIFO is sign extended

0 = Data from RX FIFO is not sign extended

bit 14-13 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 12 **FRMERREN:** Enable Interrupt Events via FRMERR bit

1 = Frame Error overflow generates error events

0 = Frame Error does not generate error events

bit 11 SPIROVEN: Enable Interrupt Events via SPIROV bit

1 = Receive overflow generates error events

0 = Receive overflow does not generate error events

bit 10 SPITUREN: Enable Interrupt Events via SPITUR bit

1 = Transmit underrun generates error events

0 = Transmit underrun does not generate error events

bit 9 **IGNROV:** Ignore Receive Overflow bit (for Audio Data Transmissions)

1 = A ROV is not a critical error; during ROV data in the FIFO is not overwritten by receive data

0 = A ROV is a critical error that stops SPI operation

bit 8 **IGNTUR:** Ignore Transmit Underrun bit (for Audio Data Transmissions)

1 = A TUR is not a critical error and zeros are transmitted until the SPIxTXB is not empty

0 = A TUR is a critical error that stops SPI operation

bit 7 AUDEN: Enable Audio CODEC Support bit (1)

1 = Audio protocol enabled

0 = Audio protocol disabled

bit 6-5 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 3 **AUDMONO:** Transmit Audio Data Format bit<sup>(1,2)</sup>

1 = Audio data is mono (Each data word is transmitted on both left and right channels)

0 = Audio data is stereo

bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1-0 AUDMOD<1:0>: Audio Protocol Mode bit (1,2)

11 = PCM/DSP mode

10 = Right-Justified mode

01 = Left-Justified mode

 $00 = I^2S \text{ mode}$ 

**Note 1:** This bit can only be written when the ON bit = 0.

2: This bit is only valid for AUDEN = 1.

#### REGISTER 17-3: SPIXSTAT: SPI STATUS REGISTER

bit 3 SPITBE: SPI Transmit Buffer Empty Status bit

1 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is empty

0 = Transmit buffer, SPIxTXB is not empty

Automatically set in hardware when SPI transfers data from SPIxTXB to SPIxSR. Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is written to, loading SPIxTXB.

bit 2 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 1 SPITBF: SPI Transmit Buffer Full Status bit

1 = Transmit not yet started, SPITXB is full

0 = Transmit buffer is not full

#### Standard Buffer Mode:

Automatically set in hardware when the core writes to the SPIBUF location, loading SPITXB. Automatically cleared in hardware when the SPI module transfers data from SPITXB to SPISR.

#### Enhanced Buffer Mode:

Set when CWPTR + 1 = SRPTR; cleared otherwise

bit 0 SPIRBF: SPI Receive Buffer Full Status bit

1 = Receive buffer, SPIxRXB is full

0 = Receive buffer, SPIxRXB is not full

#### Standard Buffer Mode:

Automatically set in hardware when the SPI module transfers data from SPIxSR to SPIxRXB. Automatically cleared in hardware when SPIxBUF is read from, reading SPIxRXB.

#### Enhanced Buffer Mode:

Set when SWPTR + 1 = CRPTR; cleared otherwise

### 18.1 I2C Control Registers

#### TABLE 18-1: I2C1 AND I2C2 REGISTER MAP

ess										Bi	ts								
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Resets
5000	I2C1CON	31:16		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_		_		_	_	_	0000
		15:0	ON		SIDL	SCLREL	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
5010	I2C1STAT	31:16				_		_	-	-		-		_	_	-	_		0000
			ACKSTAT	TRSTAT		_		BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	D_A	Р	S	R_W	RBF	TBF	0000
5020	I2C1ADD	31:16	_			_			_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	0000
		15:0	_			_							Address	Register					0000
5030	I2C1MSK	31:16 15:0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		— !-D!-t	_	_	_	_	0000
		31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_					Address Ma	ask Register					0000
5040	I2C1BRG	15:0	_		_	_	Baud Rate Generator Register							_	0000				
		31:16	_	_		_								_	0000				
5050	I2C1TRN	15:0	_					_				_		Transmit	Pogister.	_	_	_	0000
		31:16	_			_			_		_	_	_		Register	_	_	_	0000
5060	I2C1RCV	15:0	_								<u> </u>	_		Receive	Pegister				0000
		31:16										_	_	TRECEIVE	—	_	_	_	0000
5100	I2C2CON	15:0	ON		SIDL	SCLREL	STRICT	A10M	DISSLW	SMEN	GCEN	STREN	ACKDT	ACKEN	RCEN	PEN	RSEN	SEN	1000
		31:16			—		_	_		_	_	—	_		_	_	_	_	0000
5110	I2C2STAT		ACKSTAT	TRSTAT		_		BCL	GCSTAT	ADD10	IWCOL	I2COV	DΑ	Р	S	R W	RBF	TBF	0000
		31:16		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_		_	_	0000
5120	I2C2ADD	15:0	_			_		_					Address	Register					0000
		31:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
5130	I2C2MSK	15:0	_	_	_	_		_					Address Ma	sk Register					0000
5440	1000000	31:16	_	1	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
5140	I2C2BRG	15:0	_		_	_		•	•		Bau	id Rate Ger	erator Reg	ister					0000
5150	I2C2TRN	31:16	_			_	ı	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0000
5 150	12021KN	15:0	_			_				_				Transmit	Register				0000
5160	I2C2RCV	31:16	_	_	_	_	-						0000						
3 100	IZUZRUV	15:0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					Receive	Register				0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table except I2CxRCV have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for more information.

#### REGISTER 20-1: PMCON: PARALLEL PORT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
24.24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
31:24	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
22.40	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
23:16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
45.0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
15:8	ON <sup>(1)</sup>	_	SIDL	ADRMU	JX<1:0>	PMPTTL	PTWREN	PTRDEN
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CSF<	1:0> <sup>(2)</sup>	ALP <sup>(2)</sup>	_	CS1P <sup>(2)</sup>	_	WRSP	RDSP

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Parallel Master Port Enable bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = PMP enabled

0 = PMP disabled, no off-chip access performed

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 SIDL: Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

bit 12-11 ADRMUX<1:0>: Address/Data Multiplexing Selection bits

11 = Lower 8 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins; upper 8 bits are not used

10 = All 16 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins

01 = Lower 8 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins, upper bits are on PMA<10:8> and PMA<14>

00 = Address and data appear on separate pins

bit 10 PMPTTL: PMP Module TTL Input Buffer Select bit

1 = PMP module uses TTL input buffers

0 = PMP module uses Schmitt Trigger input buffer

bit 9 **PTWREN:** Write Enable Strobe Port Enable bit

1 = PMWR/PMENB port enabled

0 = PMWR/PMENB port disabled

bit 8 PTRDEN: Read/Write Strobe Port Enable bit

1 = PMRD/PMWR port enabled

0 = PMRD/PMWR port disabled

bit 7-6 CSF<1:0>: Chip Select Function bits(2)

11 = Reserved

10 = PMCS1 functions as Chip Select

01 = PMCS1 functions as PMA<14>

00 = PMCS1 functions as PMA<14>

bit 5 ALP: Address Latch Polarity bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = Active-high (PMALL and PMALH)

0 = Active-low (PMALL and PMALH)

**Note 1:** When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON control bit.

These bits have no effect when their corresponding pins are used as address lines.

TABLE 22-1: ADC REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

ess		9		Bits									v						
Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Reg	ō	31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	All Reset
9120	ADC1BUFB	31:16							ADC Res	ult Word B	(ADC1BUF	B<31·0>)							0000
0120	715015015	15:0							7.50 1.00	ait Word B	(7.001001	D 1011.01 )							0000
0130	ADC1BUFC	31:16							ADC Bos	ult Word C	(ADC1BLIE	C<31:0>)							0000
9130	ADCIBUFC	15:0	ADC Result Word C (ADC1BUFC<31:0>)										0000						
0140	ADC1BUFD	31:16 ADC POSITIVE AD (ADCAPUED 1940)									0000								
9140	ADCIBULD	15:0	ADC Result Word D (ADC1BUFD<31:0>)									0000							
0150	ADC1BUFE	31:16							ADC Pos	ult Word E	(ADC1BLIE	E_31:0\)							0000
9130	ADCIBULE	15:0	ADC Result Word E (ADC1BUFE<31:0>)									0000							
0160	ADC1BUFF	31:16							ADC Box	ult Mord E	(ADC1BLIE	E-21:0~\							0000
9100	ADCIBUFF	15:0							ADC Res	uit vvoid F	(ADC1BUF	F\31.02)							0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers" for details.

#### REGISTER 27-2: DEVCFG1: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 1 (CONTINUED)

- bit 15-14 FCKSM<1:0>: Clock Switching and Monitor Selection Configuration bits
  - 1x = Clock switching is disabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled
  - 01 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled
  - 00 = Clock switching is enabled, Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled
- bit 13-12 FPBDIV<1:0>: Peripheral Bus Clock Divisor Default Value bits
  - 11 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 8
  - 10 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 4
  - 01 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 2
  - 00 = PBCLK is SYSCLK divided by 1
- bit 11 Reserved: Write '1'
- bit 10 OSCIOFNC: CLKO Enable Configuration bit
  - 1 = CLKO output disabled
  - 0 = CLKO output signal active on the OSCO pin; Primary Oscillator must be disabled or configured for the External Clock mode (EC) for the CLKO to be active (POSCMOD<1:0> = 11 or 00)
- bit 9-8 **POSCMOD<1:0>:** Primary Oscillator Configuration bits
  - 11 = Primary Oscillator is disabled
  - 10 = HS Oscillator mode is selected
  - 01 = XT Oscillator mode is selected
  - 00 = External Clock mode is selected
- bit 7 IESO: Internal External Switchover bit
  - 1 = Internal External Switchover mode is enabled (Two-Speed Start-up is enabled)
  - 0 = Internal External Switchover mode is disabled (Two-Speed Start-up is disabled)
- bit 6 Reserved: Write '1'
- bit 5 FSOSCEN: Secondary Oscillator Enable bit
  - 1 = Enable Secondary Oscillator
  - 0 = Disable Secondary Oscillator
- bit 4-3 **Reserved:** Write '1'
- bit 2-0 FNOSC<2:0>: Oscillator Selection bits
  - 111 = Fast RC Oscillator with divide-by-N (FRCDIV)
  - 110 = FRCDIV16 Fast RC Oscillator with fixed divide-by-16 postscaler
  - 101 = Low-Power RC Oscillator (LPRC)
  - 100 = Secondary Oscillator (Sosc)
  - 011 = Primary Oscillator (Posc) with PLL module (XT+PLL, HS+PLL, EC+PLL)
  - 010 = Primary Oscillator (XT. HS. EC)(1)
  - 001 = Fast RC Oscillator with divide-by-N with PLL module (FRCDIV+PLL)
  - 000 = Fast RC Oscillator (FRC)
- **Note 1:** Do not disable the Posc (POSCMOD = 11) when using this oscillator source.

**TABLE 30-17: EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS** 

AC CHA	RACTERI	STICS	Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp							
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typical <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions			
OS10	Fosc	External CLKI Frequency (External clocks allowed only in EC and ECPLL modes)	DC 4		40 40	MHz MHz	EC (Note 4) ECPLL (Note 3)			
OS11		Oscillator Crystal Frequency	3	_	10	MHz	XT (Note 4)			
OS12			4		10	MHz	XTPLL (Notes 3,4)			
OS13			10	_	25	MHz	HS (Note 5)			
OS14			10	_	25	MHz	HSPLL (Notes 3,4)			
OS15			32	32.768	100	kHz	Sosc (Note 4)			
OS20	Tosc	Tosc = 1/Fosc = Tcy (Note 2)	_		_	_	See parameter OS10 for Fosc value			
OS30	TosL, TosH	External Clock In (OSC1) High or Low Time	0.45 x Tosc		_	ns	EC (Note 4)			
OS31	TosR, TosF	External Clock In (OSC1) Rise or Fall Time	_	_	0.05 x Tosc	ns	EC (Note 4)			
OS40	Тоѕт	Oscillator Start-up Timer Period (Only applies to HS, HSPLL, XT, XTPLL and Sosc Clock Oscillator modes)	_	1024	_	Tosc	(Note 4)			
OS41	TFSCM	Primary Clock Fail Safe Time-out Period	_	2	_	ms	(Note 4)			
OS42	Gм	External Oscillator Transconductance (Primary Oscillator only)	_	12	_	mA/V	VDD = 3.3V, TA = +25°C (Note 4)			

- Note 1: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are characterized but are not tested.
  - 2: Instruction cycle period (TCY) equals the input oscillator time base period. All specified values are based on characterization data for that particular oscillator type under standard operating conditions with the device executing code. Exceeding these specified limits may result in an unstable oscillator operation and/or higher than expected current consumption. All devices are tested to operate at "min." values with an external clock applied to the OSC1/CLKI pin.
  - 3: PLL input requirements:  $4 \text{ MHz} \le \text{FPLLIN} \le 5 \text{ MHz}$  (use PLL prescaler to reduce Fosc). This parameter is characterized, but tested at 10 MHz only at manufacturing.
  - 4: This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

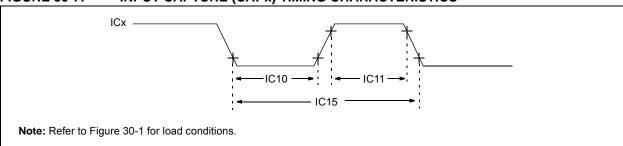
TABLE 30-24: TIMER2, 3, 4, 5 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$  for Industrial  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{TA} \le +105^{\circ}\text{C}$  for V-temp

Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>		Min.	Max.	Units	Condit	ions
TB10	ТтхН	TxCK High Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	[(12.5 ns or 1 TPB)/N] + 25 ns	_	ns	Must also meet parameter TB15	value (1, 2, 4, 8,
TB11	TTXL	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	[(12.5 ns or 1 TPB)/N] + 25 ns	_	ns	Must also meet parameter TB15	16, 32, 64, 256)
TB15	TTXP	TxCK Input	Synchronous, with prescaler	[(Greater of [(25 ns or 2 TPB)/N] + 30 ns	_	ns	VDD > 2.7V	
		Period		[(Greater of [(25 ns or 2 TPB)/N] + 50 ns	_	ns	VDD < 2.7V	
TB20	TCKEXTMRL	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		_	1	Трв		

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

#### FIGURE 30-7: INPUT CAPTURE (CAPx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



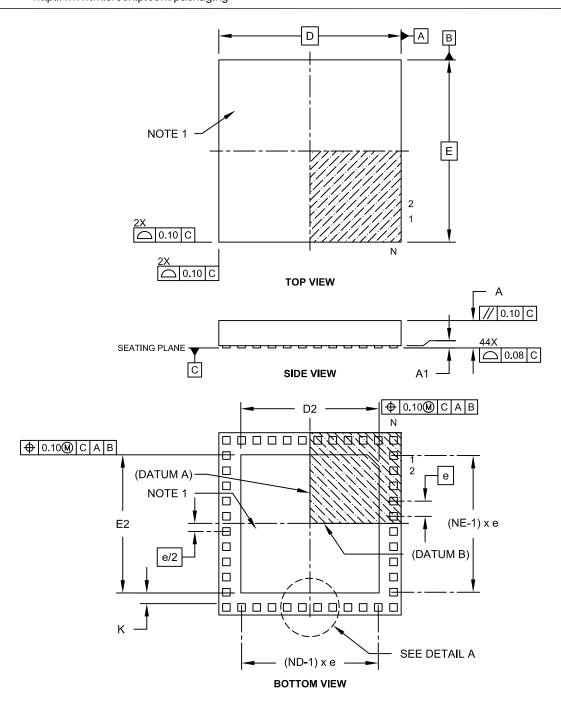
#### TABLE 30-25: INPUT CAPTURE MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHA	RACTERI	STICS	Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ for V-temp							
Param. No.	Symbol Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>			Min.	Min. Max. Units C		Con	onditions		
IC10	TccL	ICx Input	t Low Time	[(12.5 ns or 1 TPB)/N] + 25 ns	_	ns	Must also meet parameter IC15.	N = prescale value (1, 4, 16)		
IC11	TccH	ICx Input	t High Time	[(12.5 ns or 1 TPB)/N] + 25 ns	_	ns	Must also meet parameter IC15.			
IC15	TccP	ICx Input	t Period	[(25 ns or 2 TPB)/N] + 50 ns	_	ns	_			

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

# 44-Terminal Very Thin Leadless Array Package (TL) – 6x6x0.9 mm Body With Exposed Pad [VTLA]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-157C Sheet 1 of 2

U1OTGSTAT (USB OTG Status)	
U1PWRC (USB Power Control)	
U1SOF (USB SOF Threshold)	
U1STAT (USB Status)	
U1TOK (USB Token)	
UxMODE (UARTx Mode)	
UxSTA (UARTx Status and Control)	
WDTCON (Watchdog Timer Control)	
Resets	
Revision History	
RTCALRM (RTC ALARM Control)	203
S	
Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)	165
Software Simulator (MPLAB SIM)	
Special Features	
т	
•	
Timer1 Module	
Timer2/3, Timer4/5 Modules	147
Timing Diagrams	
10-Bit Analog-to-Digital Conversion	000
(ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000)	293
10-Bit Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ASAM = 1,	004
SSRC<2:0> = 111, SAMC<4:0> = 00001)	
EJTAG	
External Clock	
I/O Characteristics	
I2Cx Bus Data (Master Mode)	
I2Cx Bus Data (Slave Mode)	
I2Cx Bus Start/Stop Bits (Master Mode)	
I2Cx Bus Start/Stop Bits (Slave Mode)	
Input Capture (CAPx)	
OCx/PWM	
Output Compare (OCx) Parallel Master Port Read	
Parallel Master Port Write	297

Parallel Slave Port	295
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 0)	278
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 1)	279
SPIx Slave Mode (CKE = 0)	280
SPIx Slave Mode (CKE = 1)	281
Timer1, 2, 3, 4, 5 External Clock	
UART Reception	
UART Transmission (8-bit or 9-bit Data)	187
Timing Requirements	
CLKO and I/O	272
Timing Specifications	
I2Cx Bus Data Requirements (Master Mode)	284
I2Cx Bus Data Requirements (Slave Mode)	287
Input Capture Requirements	276
Output Compare Requirements	277
Simple OCx/PWM Mode Requirements	277
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 0) Requirements	278
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 1) Requirements	279
SPIx Slave Mode (CKE = 1) Requirements	281
SPIx Slave Mode Requirements (CKE = 0)	280
Timing Specifications (50 MHz)	
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 0) Requirements	304
SPIx Master Mode (CKE = 1) Requirements	304
SPIx Slave Mode (CKE = 1) Requirements	305
SPIx Slave Mode Requirements (CKE = 0)	305
U	
UART	
USB On-The-Go (OTG)	103
V	
VCAP pin	250
Voltage Regulator (On-Chip)	250
w	
WWW Address	341
WWW. On Line Support	