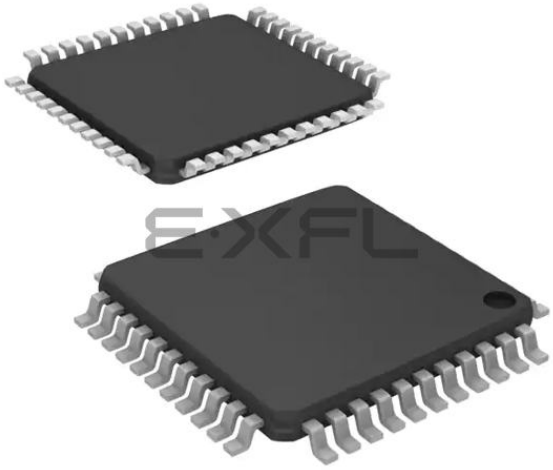

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Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	33
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	64K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 13x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx270f256dt-v-pt

TABLE 2: PIC32MX2XX 28/36/44-PIN USB FAMILY FEATURES

Device	Pins	Program Memory (KB)(1)	Data Memory (KB)	Remappable Peripherals					Analog Comparators	USB On-The-Go (OTG)	I^2C	PMP	DMA Channels (Programmable/Dedicated)	CTMU	10-bit 1 Msps ADC (Channels)	RTCC	I/O Pins	JTAG	Packages
				Remappable Pins	Timers(2)/Capture/Compare	UART	SPI/I^2S	External Interrupts(3)											
PIC32MX210F016B	28	16+3	4	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX210F016C	36	16+3	4	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	25	Y	VTLA
PIC32MX210F016D	44	16+3	4	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX220F032B	28	32+3	8	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX220F032C	36	32+3	8	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	23	Y	VTLA
PIC32MX220F032D	44	32+3	8	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX230F064B	28	64+3	16	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX230F064C	36	64+3	16	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	23	Y	VTLA
PIC32MX230F064D	44	64+3	16	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX250F128B	28	128+3	32	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX250F128C	36	128+3	32	23	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	12	Y	23	Y	VTLA
PIC32MX250F128D	44	128+3	32	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX230F256B	28	256+3	16	20	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX230F256D	44	256+3	16	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX270F256B	28	256+3	64	19	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	9	Y	19	Y	SOIC, SSOP, SPDIP, QFN
PIC32MX270F256D	44	256+3	64	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN
PIC32MX270F256DB(4)	44	256+3	64	31	5/5/5	2	2	5	3	Y	2	Y	4/2	Y	13	Y	33	Y	VTLA, TQFP, QFN

Note 1: This device features 3 KB of boot Flash memory.

2: Four out of five timers are remappable.

3: Four out of five external interrupts are remappable.

4: This PIC32 device is targeted to specific audio software packages that are tracked for licensing royalty purposes. All peripherals and electrical characteristics are identical to their corresponding base part numbers.

TABLE 7: PIN NAMES FOR 36-PIN GENERAL PURPOSE DEVICES

36-PIN VTLA (TOP VIEW)(1,2,3,5)

PIC32MX110F016C
PIC32MX120F032C
PIC32MX130F064C
PIC32MX150F128C

36

1

Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	AN4/C1INB/C2IND/RPB2/SDA2/CTED13/RB2	19	TDO/RPB9/SDA1/CTED4/PMD3/RB9
2	AN5/C1INA/C2INC/RTCC/RPB3/SCL2/RB3	20	RPC9/CTED7/RC9
3	PGED4(4)/AN6/RPC0/RC0	21	VSS
4	PGEC4(4)/AN7/RPC1/RC1	22	VCAP
5	VDD	23	VDD
6	VSS	24	PGED2/RPB10/CTED11/PMD2/RB10
7	OSC1/CLKI/RPA2/RA2	25	PGEC2/TMS/RPB11/PMD1/RB11
8	OSC2/CLKO/RPA3/PMA0/RA3	26	AN12/PMD0/RB12
9	SOSCI/RPB4/RB4	27	AN11/RPB13/CTPLS/PMRD/RB13
10	SOSCO/RPA4/T1CK/CTED9/PMA1/RA4	28	CVREFOUT/AN10/C3INB/RPB14/SCK1/CTED5/PMWR/RB14
11	RPC3/RC3	29	AN9/C3INA/RPB15/SCK2/CTED6/PMCS1/RB15
12	VSS	30	AVSS
13	VDD	31	AVDD
14	VDD	32	$\overline{\text{MCLR}}$
15	PGED3/RPB5/PMD7/RB5	33	VREF+/CVREF+/AN0/C3INC/RPA0/CTED1/RA0
16	PGEC3/RPB6/PMD6/RB6	34	VREF-/CVREF-/AN1/RPA1/CTED2/RA1
17	TDI/RPB7/CTED3/PMD5/INT0/RB7	35	PGED1/AN2/C1IND/C2INB/C3IND/RPB0/RB0
18	TCK/RPB8/SCL1/CTED10/PMD4/RB8	36	PGEC1/AN3/C1INC/C2INA/RPB1/CTED12/RB1

Note 1: The RPn pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 11.3 "Peripheral Pin Select"** for restrictions.
2: Every I/O port pin (RAx-RCx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNAx-CNCx). See **Section 11.0 "I/O Ports"** for more information.
3: The metal plane at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.
4: This pin function is not available on PIC32MX110F016C and PIC32MX120F032C devices.
5: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.

TABLE 1-1: PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pin Number(1)				Pin Type	Buffer Type	Description
	28-pin QFN	28-pin SSOP/ SPDIP/ SOIC	36-pin VTLA	44-pin QFN/ TQFP/ VTLA			
RC0	—	—	3	25	I/O	ST	PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port
RC1	—	—	4	26	I/O	ST	
RC2	—	—	—	27	I/O	ST	
RC3	—	—	11	36	I/O	ST	
RC4	—	—	—	37	I/O	ST	
RC5	—	—	—	38	I/O	ST	
RC6	—	—	—	2	I/O	ST	
RC7	—	—	—	3	I/O	ST	
RC8	—	—	—	4	I/O	ST	
RC9	—	—	20	5	I/O	ST	
T1CK	9	12	10	34	I	ST	Timer1 external clock input
T2CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer2 external clock input
T3CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer3 external clock input
T4CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer4 external clock input
T5CK	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	Timer5 external clock input
$\overline{U1CTS}$	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART1 clear to send
$\overline{U1RTS}$	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART1 ready to send
U1RX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART1 receive
U1TX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART1 transmit
$\overline{U2CTS}$	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART2 clear to send
$\overline{U2RTS}$	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART2 ready to send
U2RX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	UART2 receive
U2TX	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	UART2 transmit
SCK1	22	25	28	14	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI1
SDI1	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	SPI1 data in
SDO1	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	SPI1 data out
$\overline{SS1}$	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I/O	ST	SPI1 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCK2	23	26	29	15	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI2
SDI2	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I	ST	SPI2 data in
SDO2	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	O	—	SPI2 data out
$\overline{SS2}$	PPS	PPS	PPS	PPS	I/O	ST	SPI2 slave synchronization or frame pulse I/O
SCL1	14	17	18	44	I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I2C1

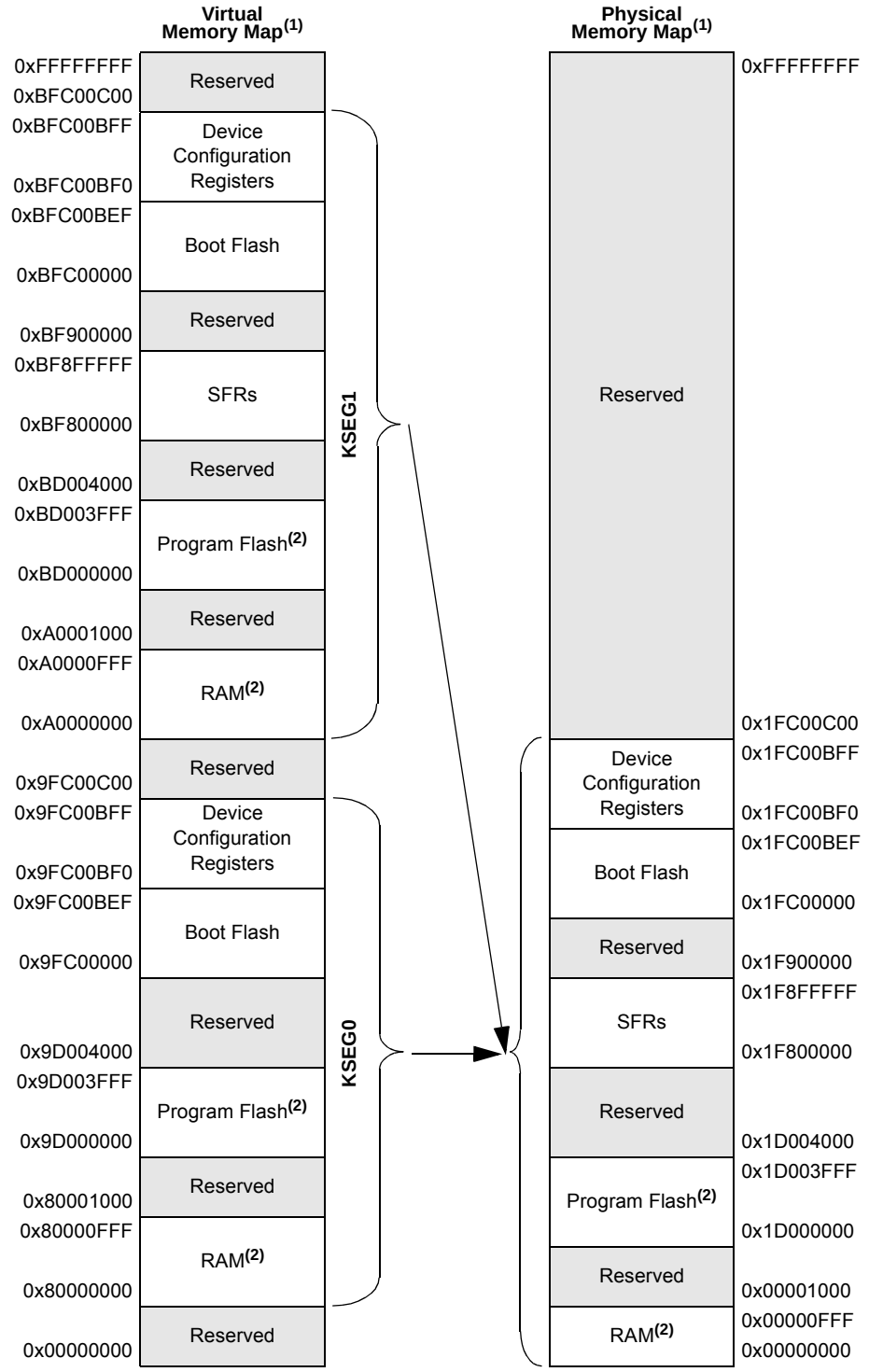
Legend: CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output; Analog = Analog input; P = Power
ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels; O = Output; I = Input
TTL = TTL input buffer; PPS = Peripheral Pin Select; — = N/A

Note 1: Pin numbers are provided for reference only. See the **"Pin Diagrams"** section for device pin availability.

2: Pin number for PIC32MX1XX devices only.

3: Pin number for PIC32MX2XX devices only.

FIGURE 4-1: MEMORY MAP ON RESET FOR PIC32MX110/210 DEVICES (4 KB RAM, 16 KB FLASH)



Note 1: Memory areas are not shown to scale.

2: The size of this memory region is programmable (see **Section 3. "Memory Organization"** (DS60001115) in the *"PIC32 Family Reference Manual"*) and can be changed by initialization code provided by end-user development tools (refer to the specific development tool documentation for information).

4.2 Bus Matrix Control Registers

TABLE 4-2: BUS MATRIX REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits															All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
2000	BMXCON(1)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXERRIXI	BMXERRICD	BMXERRDMA	BMXERRDS	BMXERRIS	001F
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXWSDRM	—	—	—	BMXARB<2:0>			0041
2010	BMXDKPBA(1)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDKPBA<15:0>																0000
2020	BMXDUDBA(1)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDUDBA<15:0>																0000
2030	BMXDUPBA(1)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	BMXDUPBA<15:0>																0000
2040	BMXDRMSZ	31:16	BMXDRMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
2050	BMXPUPBA(1)	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BMXPUPBA<19:16>				0000
		15:0	BMXPUPBA<15:0>																0000
2060	BMXPFMSZ	31:16	BMXPFMSZ<31:0>																xxxx
		15:0																	xxxx
2070	BMXBOOTSZ	31:16	BMXBOOTSZ<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0C00

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register has corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 "CLR, SET and INV Registers"** for more information.

REGISTER 5-2: NVMKEY: PROGRAMMING UNLOCK REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<31:24>							
23:16	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<23:16>							
15:8	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<15:8>							
7:0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0	W-0
	NVMKEY<7:0>							

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **NVMKEY<31:0>:** Unlock Register bits
These bits are write-only, and read as '0' on any read

Note: This register is used as part of the unlock sequence to prevent inadvertent writes to the PFM.

REGISTER 5-3: NVMADDR: FLASH ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	NVMADDR<7:0>							

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **NVMADDR<31:0>:** Flash Address bits
Bulk/Chip/PFM Erase: Address is ignored.
Page Erase: Address identifies the page to erase.
Row Program: Address identifies the row to program.
Word Program: Address identifies the word to program.

TABLE 7-1: INTERRUPT IRQ, VECTOR AND BIT LOCATION

Interrupt Source(1)	IRQ #	Vector #	Interrupt Bit Location				Persistent Interrupt
			Flag	Enable	Priority	Sub-priority	
Highest Natural Order Priority							
CT – Core Timer Interrupt	0	0	IFS0<0>	IEC0<0>	IPC0<4:2>	IPC0<1:0>	No
CS0 – Core Software Interrupt 0	1	1	IFS0<1>	IEC0<1>	IPC0<12:10>	IPC0<9:8>	No
CS1 – Core Software Interrupt 1	2	2	IFS0<2>	IEC0<2>	IPC0<20:18>	IPC0<17:16>	No
INT0 – External Interrupt	3	3	IFS0<3>	IEC0<3>	IPC0<28:26>	IPC0<25:24>	No
T1 – Timer1	4	4	IFS0<4>	IEC0<4>	IPC1<4:2>	IPC1<1:0>	No
IC1E – Input Capture 1 Error	5	5	IFS0<5>	IEC0<5>	IPC1<12:10>	IPC1<9:8>	Yes
IC1 – Input Capture 1	6	5	IFS0<6>	IEC0<6>	IPC1<12:10>	IPC1<9:8>	Yes
OC1 – Output Compare 1	7	6	IFS0<7>	IEC0<7>	IPC1<20:18>	IPC1<17:16>	No
INT1 – External Interrupt 1	8	7	IFS0<8>	IEC0<8>	IPC1<28:26>	IPC1<25:24>	No
T2 – Timer2	9	8	IFS0<9>	IEC0<9>	IPC2<4:2>	IPC2<1:0>	No
IC2E – Input Capture 2	10	9	IFS0<10>	IEC0<10>	IPC2<12:10>	IPC2<9:8>	Yes
IC2 – Input Capture 2	11	9	IFS0<11>	IEC0<11>	IPC2<12:10>	IPC2<9:8>	Yes
OC2 – Output Compare 2	12	10	IFS0<12>	IEC0<12>	IPC2<20:18>	IPC2<17:16>	No
INT2 – External Interrupt 2	13	11	IFS0<13>	IEC0<13>	IPC2<28:26>	IPC2<25:24>	No
T3 – Timer3	14	12	IFS0<14>	IEC0<14>	IPC3<4:2>	IPC3<1:0>	No
IC3E – Input Capture 3	15	13	IFS0<15>	IEC0<15>	IPC3<12:10>	IPC3<9:8>	Yes
IC3 – Input Capture 3	16	13	IFS0<16>	IEC0<16>	IPC3<12:10>	IPC3<9:8>	Yes
OC3 – Output Compare 3	17	14	IFS0<17>	IEC0<17>	IPC3<20:18>	IPC3<17:16>	No
INT3 – External Interrupt 3	18	15	IFS0<18>	IEC0<18>	IPC3<28:26>	IPC3<25:24>	No
T4 – Timer4	19	16	IFS0<19>	IEC0<19>	IPC4<4:2>	IPC4<1:0>	No
IC4E – Input Capture 4 Error	20	17	IFS0<20>	IEC0<20>	IPC4<12:10>	IPC4<9:8>	Yes
IC4 – Input Capture 4	21	17	IFS0<21>	IEC0<21>	IPC4<12:10>	IPC4<9:8>	Yes
OC4 – Output Compare 4	22	18	IFS0<22>	IEC0<22>	IPC4<20:18>	IPC4<17:16>	No
INT4 – External Interrupt 4	23	19	IFS0<23>	IEC0<23>	IPC4<28:26>	IPC4<25:24>	No
T5 – Timer5	24	20	IFS0<24>	IEC0<24>	IPC5<4:2>	IPC5<1:0>	No
IC5E – Input Capture 5 Error	25	21	IFS0<25>	IEC0<25>	IPC5<12:10>	IPC5<9:8>	Yes
IC5 – Input Capture 5	26	21	IFS0<26>	IEC0<26>	IPC5<12:10>	IPC5<9:8>	Yes
OC5 – Output Compare 5	27	22	IFS0<27>	IEC0<27>	IPC5<20:18>	IPC5<17:16>	No
AD1 – ADC1 Convert done	28	23	IFS0<28>	IEC0<28>	IPC5<28:26>	IPC5<25:24>	Yes
FSCM – Fail-Safe Clock Monitor	29	24	IFS0<29>	IEC0<29>	IPC6<4:2>	IPC6<1:0>	No
RTCC – Real-Time Clock and Calendar	30	25	IFS0<30>	IEC0<30>	IPC6<12:10>	IPC6<9:8>	No
FCE – Flash Control Event	31	26	IFS0<31>	IEC0<31>	IPC6<20:18>	IPC6<17:16>	No
CMP1 – Comparator Interrupt	32	27	IFS1<0>	IEC1<0>	IPC6<28:26>	IPC6<25:24>	No
CMP2 – Comparator Interrupt	33	28	IFS1<1>	IEC1<1>	IPC7<4:2>	IPC7<1:0>	No
CMP3 – Comparator Interrupt	34	29	IFS1<2>	IEC1<2>	IPC7<12:10>	IPC7<9:8>	No
USB – USB Interrupts	35	30	IFS1<3>	IEC1<3>	IPC7<20:18>	IPC7<17:16>	Yes
SPI1E – SPI1 Fault	36	31	IFS1<4>	IEC1<4>	IPC7<28:26>	IPC7<25:24>	Yes
SPI1RX – SPI1 Receive Done	37	31	IFS1<5>	IEC1<5>	IPC7<28:26>	IPC7<25:24>	Yes
SPI1TX – SPI1 Transfer Done	38	31	IFS1<6>	IEC1<6>	IPC7<28:26>	IPC7<25:24>	Yes

Note 1: Not all interrupt sources are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: "PIC32MX1XX 28/36/44-Pin General Purpose Family Features"** and **TABLE 2: "PIC32MX2XX 28/36/44-pin USB Family Features"** for the lists of available peripherals.

REGISTER 10-2: U1OTGIE: USB OTG INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0
	IDIE	T1MSECIE	LSTATEIE	ACTVIE	SESVDIE	SESENDIE	—	VBUSVDIE

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **IDIE:** ID Interrupt Enable bit
1 = ID interrupt is enabled
0 = ID interrupt is disabled

bit 6 **T1MSECIE:** 1 Millisecond Timer Interrupt Enable bit
1 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt is enabled
0 = 1 millisecond timer interrupt is disabled

bit 5 **LSTATEIE:** Line State Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Line state interrupt is enabled
0 = Line state interrupt is disabled

bit 4 **ACTVIE:** Bus Activity Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Activity interrupt is enabled
0 = Activity interrupt is disabled

bit 3 **SESVDIE:** Session Valid Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Session valid interrupt is enabled
0 = Session valid interrupt is disabled

bit 2 **SESENDIE:** B-Device Session End Interrupt Enable bit
1 = B-Device session end interrupt is enabled
0 = B-Device session end interrupt is disabled

bit 1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **VBUSVDIE:** A-Device VBUS Valid Interrupt Enable bit
1 = A-Device VBUS valid interrupt is enabled
0 = A-Device VBUS valid interrupt is disabled

REGISTER 10-12: U1ADDR: USB ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	LSPDEN	DEVADDR<6:0>						

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **LSPDEN:** Low-Speed Enable Indicator bit
1 = Next token command to be executed at Low-Speed
0 = Next token command to be executed at Full-Speed

bit 6-0 **DEVADDR<6:0>:** 7-bit USB Device Address bits

REGISTER 10-13: U1FRML: USB FRAME NUMBER LOW REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	FRML<7:0>							

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **FRML<7:0>:** The 11-bit Frame Number Lower bits
The register bits are updated with the current frame number whenever a SOF TOKEN is received.

NOTES:

NOTES:

REGISTER 17-1: SPIxCON: SPI CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 17 **SPIFE:** Frame Sync Pulse Edge Select bit (Framed SPI mode only)
1 = Frame synchronization pulse coincides with the first bit clock
0 = Frame synchronization pulse precedes the first bit clock

bit 16 **ENHBUF:** Enhanced Buffer Enable bit(2)
1 = Enhanced Buffer mode is enabled
0 = Enhanced Buffer mode is disabled

bit 15 **ON:** SPI Peripheral On bit(1)
1 = SPI Peripheral is enabled
0 = SPI Peripheral is disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode
0 = Continue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

bit 12 **DISSDO:** Disable SDOx pin bit
1 = SDOx pin is not used by the module. Pin is controlled by associated PORT register
0 = SDOx pin is controlled by the module

bit 11-10 **MODE<32,16>:** 32/16-Bit Communication Select bits

When AUDEN = 1:

MODE32	MODE16	Communication
1	1	24-bit Data, 32-bit FIFO, 32-bit Channel/64-bit Frame
1	0	32-bit Data, 32-bit FIFO, 32-bit Channel/64-bit Frame
0	1	16-bit Data, 16-bit FIFO, 32-bit Channel/64-bit Frame
0	0	16-bit Data, 16-bit FIFO, 16-bit Channel/32-bit Frame

When AUDEN = 0:

MODE32	MODE16	Communication
1	x	32-bit
0	1	16-bit
0	0	8-bit

bit 9 **SMP:** SPI Data Input Sample Phase bit
Master mode (MSTEN = 1):
1 = Input data sampled at end of data output time
0 = Input data sampled at middle of data output time
Slave mode (MSTEN = 0):
SMP value is ignored when SPI is used in Slave mode. The module always uses SMP = 0.
To write a '1' to this bit, the MSTEN value = 1 must first be written.

bit 8 **CKE:** SPI Clock Edge Select bit(3)
1 = Serial output data changes on transition from active clock state to Idle clock state (see the CKP bit)
0 = Serial output data changes on transition from Idle clock state to active clock state (see the CKP bit)

bit 7 **SSEN:** Slave Select Enable (Slave mode) bit
1 = $\overline{SSx}$ pin used for Slave mode
0 = $\overline{SSx}$ pin not used for Slave mode, pin controlled by port function.

bit 6 **CKP:** Clock Polarity Select bit(4)
1 = Idle state for clock is a high level; active state is a low level
0 = Idle state for clock is a low level; active state is a high level

Note 1: When using the 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read or write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON bit.

2: This bit can only be written when the ON bit = 0.

3: This bit is not used in the Framed SPI mode. The user should program this bit to '0' for the Framed SPI mode (FRMEN = 1).

4: When AUDEN = 1, the SPI module functions as if the CKP bit is equal to '1', regardless of the actual value of CKP.

REGISTER 20-1: PMCON: PARALLEL PORT CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	ON(1)	—	SIDL	ADRMUX<1:0>		PMPTTL	PTWREN	PTRDEN
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CSF<1:0>(2)		ALP(2)	—	CS1P(2)	—	WRSP	RDSP

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **ON:** Parallel Master Port Enable bit(1)
- 1 = PMP enabled
- 0 = PMP disabled, no off-chip access performed

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **SIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
- 1 = Discontinue module operation when the device enters Idle mode
- 0 = Continue module operation when the device enters Idle mode

bit 12-11 **ADRMUX<1:0>:** Address/Data Multiplexing Selection bits
- 11 = Lower 8 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins; upper 8 bits are not used
- 10 = All 16 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins
- 01 = Lower 8 bits of address are multiplexed on PMD<7:0> pins, upper bits are on PMA<10:8> and PMA<14>
- 00 = Address and data appear on separate pins

bit 10 **PMPTTL:** PMP Module TTL Input Buffer Select bit
- 1 = PMP module uses TTL input buffers
- 0 = PMP module uses Schmitt Trigger input buffer

bit 9 **PTWREN:** Write Enable Strobe Port Enable bit
- 1 = PMWR/PMENB port enabled
- 0 = PMWR/PMENB port disabled

bit 8 **PTRDEN:** Read/Write Strobe Port Enable bit
- 1 = PMRD/PMWR port enabled
- 0 = PMRD/PMWR port disabled

bit 7-6 **CSF<1:0>:** Chip Select Function bits(2)
- 11 = Reserved
- 10 = PMCS1 functions as Chip Select
- 01 = PMCS1 functions as PMA<14>
- 00 = PMCS1 functions as PMA<14>

bit 5 **ALP:** Address Latch Polarity bit(2)
- 1 = Active-high (PMALL and PMALH)
- 0 = Active-low ($\overline{\text{PMALL}}$ and $\overline{\text{PMALH}}$)

Note 1: When using 1:1 PBCLK divisor, the user's software should not read/write the peripheral's SFRs in the SYSCLK cycle immediately following the instruction that clears the module's ON control bit.

2: These bits have no effect when their corresponding pins are used as address lines.

REGISTER 20-5: PMSTAT: PARALLEL PORT STATUS REGISTER (SLAVE MODES ONLY)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R/W-0, HSC	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	IBF	IBOV	—	—	IB3F	IB2F	IB1F	IB0F
7:0	R-1	R/W-0, HSC	U-0	U-0	R-1	R-1	R-1	R-1
	OBE	OBUF	—	—	OB3E	OB2E	OB1E	OB0E

Legend:	HSC = Set by Hardware; Cleared by Software		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **IBF:** Input Buffer Full Status bit
- 1 = All writable input buffer registers are full
- 0 = Some or all of the writable input buffer registers are empty

bit 14 **IBOV:** Input Buffer Overflow Status bit
- 1 = A write attempt to a full input byte buffer occurred (must be cleared in software)
- 0 = No overflow occurred

bit 13-12 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 11-8 **IBxF:** Input Buffer 'x' Status Full bits
- 1 = Input Buffer contains data that has not been read (reading buffer will clear this bit)
- 0 = Input Buffer does not contain any unread data

bit 7 **OBE:** Output Buffer Empty Status bit
- 1 = All readable output buffer registers are empty
- 0 = Some or all of the readable output buffer registers are full

bit 6 **OBUF:** Output Buffer Underflow Status bit
- 1 = A read occurred from an empty output byte buffer (must be cleared in software)
- 0 = No underflow occurred

bit 5-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **OBxE:** Output Buffer 'x' Status Empty bits
- 1 = Output buffer is empty (writing data to the buffer will clear this bit)
- 0 = Output buffer contains data that has not been transmitted

REGISTER 21-3: RTCTIME: RTC TIME VALUE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	—	—	HR10<1:0>		HR01<3:0>			
23:16	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	—	MIN10<2:0>			MIN01<3:0>			
15:8	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
	—	SEC10<2:0>			SEC01<3:0>			
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-30 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 29-28 **HR10<1:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Hours bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 2

bit 27-24 **HR01<3:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Hours bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 23 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 22-20 **MIN10<2:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Minutes bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 19-16 **MIN01<3:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Minutes bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 14-12 **SEC10<2:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Seconds bits, 10s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 5

bit 11-8 **SEC01<3:0>:** Binary-Coded Decimal Value of Seconds bits, 1s place digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

bit 7-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

Note: This register is only writable when RTCWREN = 1 (RTCCON<3>).

23.0 COMPARATOR

Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX 28/36/44-pin Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 19. "Comparator"** (DS60001110), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site (www.microchip.com/pic32).

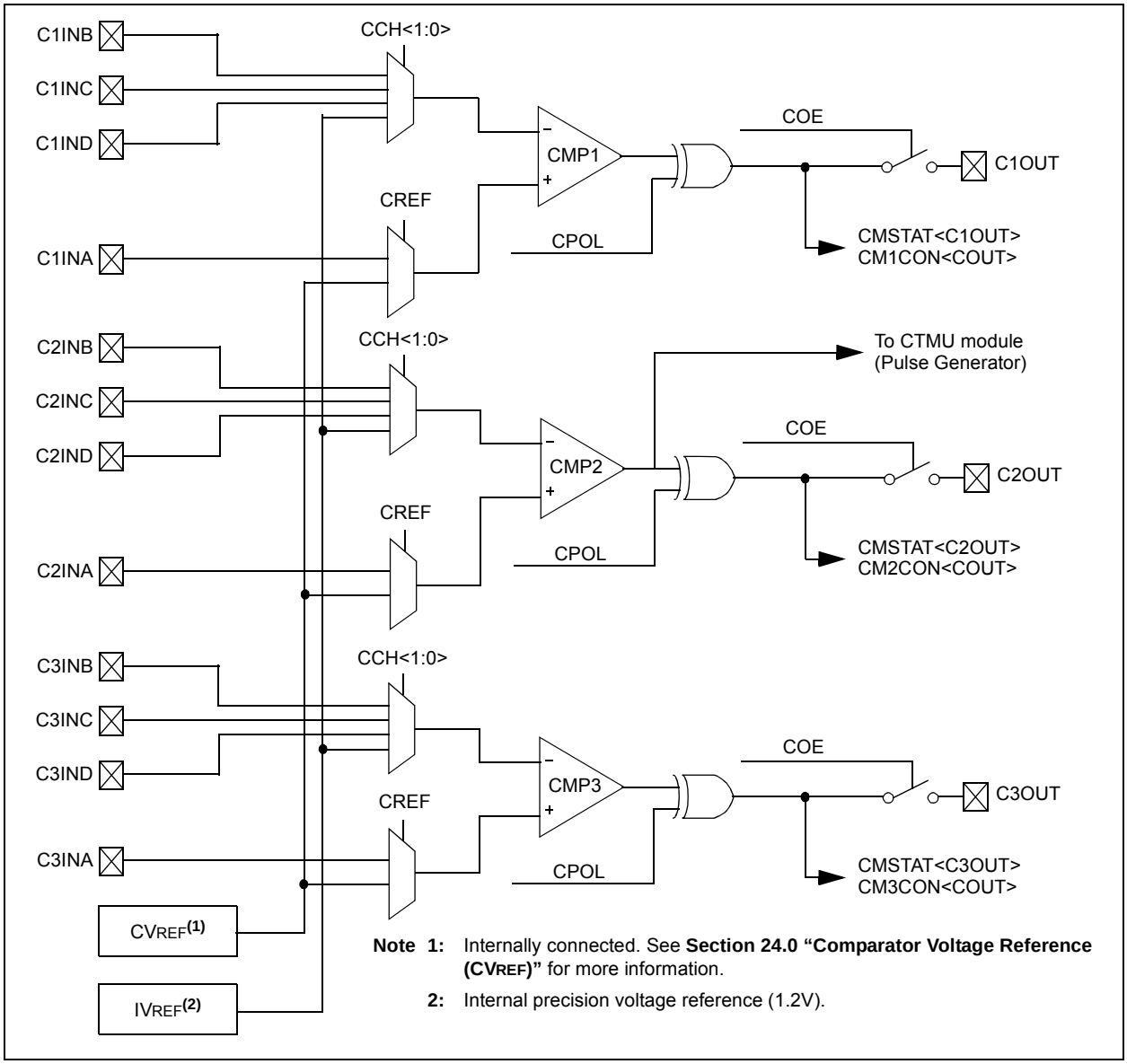
The Analog Comparator module contains three comparators that can be configured in a variety of ways.

Following are some of the key features of this module:

- Selectable inputs available include:
  - Analog inputs multiplexed with I/O pins
  - On-chip internal absolute voltage reference (IVREF)
  - Comparator voltage reference (CVREF)
- Outputs can be Inverted
- Selectable interrupt generation

A block diagram of the comparator module is provided in Figure 23-1.

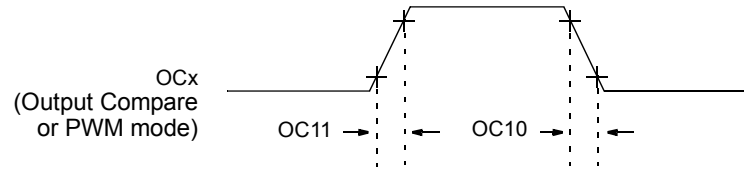
FIGURE 23-1: COMPARATOR BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note 1: Internally connected. See **Section 24.0 "Comparator Voltage Reference (CVREF)"** for more information.

2: Internal precision voltage reference (1.2V).

FIGURE 30-8: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE (OCx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



Note: Refer to Figure 30-1 for load conditions.

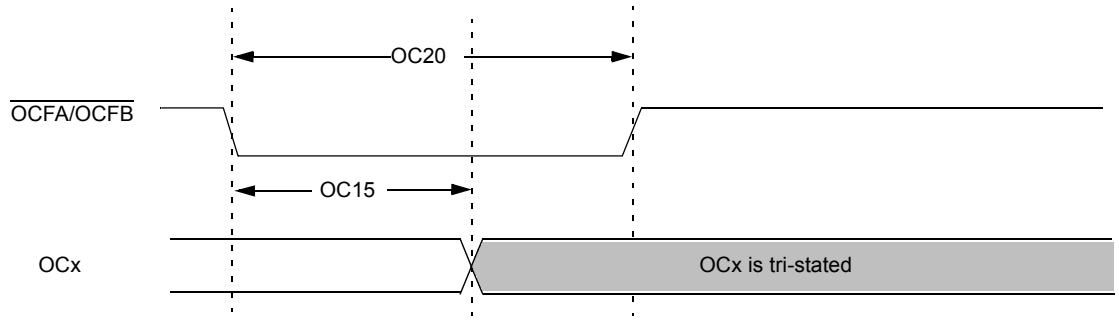
TABLE 30-26: OUTPUT COMPARE MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristics(1)**	**Min.**	**Typical(2)**	**Max.**	**Units**	**Conditions**
OC10	TccF	OCx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
OC11	TccR	OCx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

FIGURE 30-9: OCx/PWM MODULE TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



Note: Refer to Figure 30-1 for load conditions.

TABLE 30-27: SIMPLE OCx/PWM MODE TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristics(1)**	**Min**	**Typical(2)**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
OC15	TFD	Fault Input to PWM I/O Change	—	—	50	ns	—
OC20	TFLT	Fault Input Pulse Width	50	—	—	ns	—

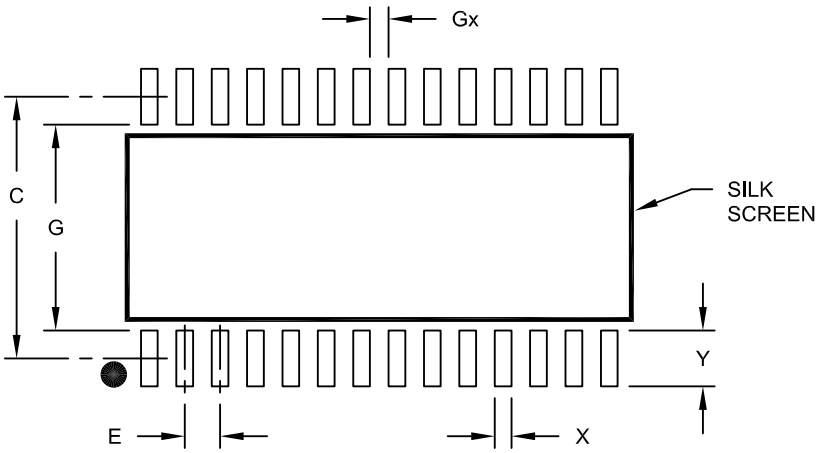
Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

NOTES:

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	1.27 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C		9.40	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y			2.00
Distance Between Pads	Gx	0.67		
Distance Between Pads	G	7.40		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2052A

Revision G (April 2015)

This revision includes the addition of the following devices:

- PIC32MX130F256B
- PIC32MX230F256B
- PIC32MX130F256D
- PIC32MX230F256D

The title of the document was updated to avoid confusion with the PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-pin Family data sheet.

All peripheral SFR maps have been relocated from the Memory chapter to their respective peripheral chapters.

In addition, this revision includes the following major changes as described in Table A-6, as well as minor updates to text and formatting, which were incorporated throughout the document.

TABLE A-6: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section	Update Description
32-bit Microcontrollers (up to 256 KB Flash and 64 KB SRAM) with Audio and Graphics Interfaces, USB, and Advanced Analog	Added new devices to the family features (see Table 1 and Table 2). Updated pin diagrams to include new devices (see Pin Diagrams).
2.0 "Guidelines for Getting Started with 32-bit MCUs"	Updated these sections: **2.2 "Decoupling Capacitors"**, **2.3 "Capacitor on Internal Voltage Regulator (VCAP)"**, **2.4 "Master Clear (MCLR) Pin"**, **2.8.1 "Crystal Oscillator Design Consideration"**
4.0 "Memory Organization"	Added Memory Map for new devices (see Figure 4-6).
14.0 "Watchdog Timer (WDT)"	New chapter created from content previously located in the Special Features chapter.
30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"	Removed parameter D312 (TSET) from the Comparator Specifications (see Table 30-12). Added the Comparator Voltage Reference Specifications (see Table 30-13). Updated Table 30-12.

Revision H (July 2015)

This revision includes the following major changes as described in Table A-7, as well as minor updates to text and formatting, which were incorporated throughout the document.

TABLE A-7: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section	Update Description
2.0 "Guidelines for Getting Started with 32-bit MCUs"	**Section 2.9 "Sosc Design Recommendation"** was removed.
8.0 "Oscillator Configuration"	The Primary Oscillator (POSC) logic in the Oscillator diagram was updated (see Figure 8-1).
30.0 "Electrical Characteristics"	The Power-Down Current (IPD) DC Characteristics parameter DC40k was updated (see Table 30-7). **Table 30-9: "DC Characteristics: I/O Pin Input Injection current Specifications"** was added.