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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Not For New Designs
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	100MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, SD, SPI, UART/USART, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, I²S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	100
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 42x16b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-LQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mk20dn512zvlq10

Field	Description	Values
FFF	Program flash memory size	• 32 = 32 KB • 64 = 64 KB • 128 = 128 KB • 256 = 256 KB • 512 = 512 KB • 1M0 = 1 MB • 2M0 = 2 MB
R	Silicon revision	• Z = Initial • (Blank) = Main • A = Revision after main
T	Temperature range (°C)	• V = –40 to 105 • C = –40 to 85
PP	Package identifier	• FM = 32 QFN (5 mm x 5 mm) • FT = 48 QFN (7 mm x 7 mm) • LF = 48 LQFP (7 mm x 7 mm) • LH = 64 LQFP (10 mm x 10 mm) • MP = 64 MAPBGA (5 mm x 5 mm) • LK = 80 LQFP (12 mm x 12 mm) • LL = 100 LQFP (14 mm x 14 mm) • MC = 121 MAPBGA (8 mm x 8 mm) • LQ = 144 LQFP (20 mm x 20 mm) • MD = 144 MAPBGA (13 mm x 13 mm) • MJ = 256 MAPBGA (17 mm x 17 mm)
CC	Maximum CPU frequency (MHz)	• 5 = 50 MHz • 7 = 72 MHz • 10 = 100 MHz • 12 = 120 MHz • 15 = 150 MHz
N	Packaging type	• R = Tape and reel • (Blank) = Trays

2.4 Example

This is an example part number:

MK20DN512ZVMD10

3 Terminology and guidelines

3.1 Definition: Operating requirement

An *operating requirement* is a specified value or range of values for a technical characteristic that you must guarantee during operation to avoid incorrect operation and possibly decreasing the useful life of the chip.

3.4 Definition: Rating

A *rating* is a minimum or maximum value of a technical characteristic that, if exceeded, may cause permanent chip failure:

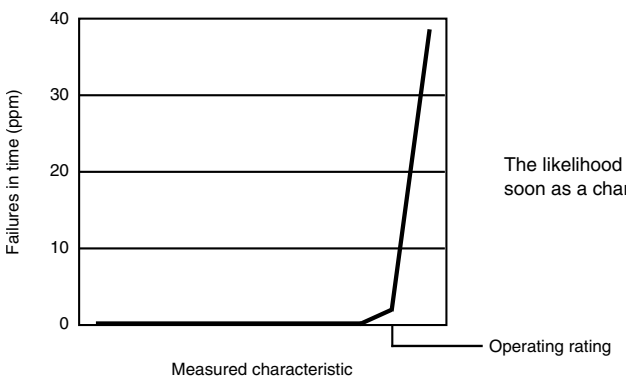
- *Operating ratings* apply during operation of the chip.
- *Handling ratings* apply when the chip is not powered.

3.4.1 Example

This is an example of an operating rating:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD}	1.0 V core supply voltage	–0.3	1.2	V

3.5 Result of exceeding a rating



The likelihood of permanent chip failure increases rapidly as soon as a characteristic begins to exceed one of its operating ratings.

5.2.2 LVD and POR operating requirements

Table 2. V_{DD} supply LVD and POR operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{POR}	Falling VDD POR detect voltage	0.8	1.1	1.5	V	
V_{LVDH}	Falling low-voltage detect threshold — high range (LVDV=01)	2.48	2.56	2.64	V	
	Low-voltage warning thresholds — high range					1
V_{LVW1H}	• Level 1 falling (LVWV=00)	2.62	2.70	2.78	V	
V_{LVW2H}	• Level 2 falling (LVWV=01)	2.72	2.80	2.88	V	
V_{LVW3H}	• Level 3 falling (LVWV=10)	2.82	2.90	2.98	V	
V_{LVW4H}	• Level 4 falling (LVWV=11)	2.92	3.00	3.08	V	
V_{HYSH}	Low-voltage inhibit reset/recover hysteresis — high range	—	±80	—	mV	
V_{LVDL}	Falling low-voltage detect threshold — low range (LVDV=00)	1.54	1.60	1.66	V	
	Low-voltage warning thresholds — low range					1
V_{LVW1L}	• Level 1 falling (LVWV=00)	1.74	1.80	1.86	V	
V_{LVW2L}	• Level 2 falling (LVWV=01)	1.84	1.90	1.96	V	
V_{LVW3L}	• Level 3 falling (LVWV=10)	1.94	2.00	2.06	V	
V_{LVW4L}	• Level 4 falling (LVWV=11)	2.04	2.10	2.16	V	
V_{HYSL}	Low-voltage inhibit reset/recover hysteresis — low range	—	±60	—	mV	
V_{BG}	Bandgap voltage reference	0.97	1.00	1.03	V	
t_{LPO}	Internal low power oscillator period — factory trimmed	900	1000	1100	µs	

1. Rising thresholds are falling threshold + hysteresis voltage

Table 3. VBAT power operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{POR_VBAT}	Falling VBAT supply POR detect voltage	0.8	1.1	1.5	V	

Table 5. Power mode transition operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t_{POR}	After a POR event, amount of time from the point V_{DD} reaches 1.71 V to execution of the first instruction across the operating temperature range of the chip. • V_{DD} slew rate ≥ 5.7 kV/s • V_{DD} slew rate < 5.7 kV/s	 — —	 300 1.7 V / (V_{DD} slew rate)	µs	1
	• VLLS1 → RUN	—	134	µs	
	• VLLS2 → RUN	—	96	µs	
	• VLLS3 → RUN	—	96	µs	
	• LLS → RUN	—	6.2	µs	
	• VLPS → RUN	—	5.9	µs	
	• STOP → RUN	—	5.9	µs	

1. Normal boot (FTFL_OPT[LPBOOT]=1)

5.2.5 Power consumption operating behaviors

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{DDA}	Analog supply current	—	—	See note	mA	1
I_{DD_RUN}	Run mode current — all peripheral clocks disabled, code executing from flash • @ 1.8V • @ 3.0V	 — —	 45 47	 70 72	 mA mA	2

I_{DD_RUN}	Run mode current — all peripheral clocks enabled, code executing from flash
	• @ 1.8V
	• @ 3.0V
	  • @ 25°C
	  • @ 125°C
		
		—
		
		—
		—
			
			61
			
			63
			72
				
				85
				
				71
				87
					
					mA
					
					mA
					mA
						3, 4

I_{DD_WAIT}	Wait mode high frequency current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled	—	35	—	mA	2
I_{DD_WAIT}	Wait mode reduced frequency current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled	—	15	—	mA	5
I_{DD_VLPR}	Very-low-power run mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled	—	N/A	—	mA	6

Table continues on the next page...

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{DD_VLPR}	Very-low-power run mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks enabled	—	N/A	—	mA	7
I_{DD_VLPW}	Very-low-power wait mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled	—	N/A	—	mA	8
I_{DD_STOP}	Stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	0.59	1.4	mA	
	• @ 70°C	—	2.26	7.9	mA	
	• @ 105°C	—	5.94	19.2	mA	
I_{DD_VLPS}	Very-low-power stop mode current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	93	435	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	520	2000	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	1350	4000	µA	
I_{DD_LLS}	Low leakage stop mode current at 3.0 V					9
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	4.8	20	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	28	68	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	126	270	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS3}	Very low-leakage stop mode 3 current at 3.0 V					9
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	3.1	8.9	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	17	35	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	82	148	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS2}	Very low-leakage stop mode 2 current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	2.2	5.4	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	7.1	12.5	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	41	125	µA	
I_{DD_VLLS1}	Very low-leakage stop mode 1 current at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	2.1	7.6	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	6.2	13.5	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	30	46	µA	
I_{DD_VBAT}	Average current with RTC and 32kHz disabled at 3.0 V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	0.33	0.39	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	0.60	0.78	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	1.97	2.9	µA	

Table continues on the next page...

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{DD_VBAT}	Average current when CPU is not accessing RTC registers					10
	• @ 1.8V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	0.71	0.81	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	1.01	1.3	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	2.82	4.3	µA	
	• @ 3.0V					
	• @ –40 to 25°C	—	0.84	0.94	µA	
	• @ 70°C	—	1.17	1.5	µA	
	• @ 105°C	—	3.16	4.6	µA	

1. The analog supply current is the sum of the active or disabled current for each of the analog modules on the device. See each module's specification for its supply current.
2. 100MHz core and system clock, 50MHz bus and FlexBus clock, and 25MHz flash clock . MCG configured for FEI mode. All peripheral clocks disabled.
3. 100MHz core and system clock, 50MHz bus and FlexBus clock, and 25MHz flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode. All peripheral clocks enabled.
4. Max values are measured with CPU executing DSP instructions.
5. 25MHz core and system clock, 25MHz bus clock, and 12.5MHz FlexBus and flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode.
6. 2 MHz core, system, FlexBus, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks disabled. Code executing from flash.
7. 2 MHz core, system, FlexBus, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks enabled but peripherals are not in active operation. Code executing from flash.
8. 2 MHz core, system, FlexBus, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks disabled.
9. Data reflects devices with 128 KB of RAM. For devices with 64 KB of RAM, power consumption is reduced by 2 µA. For devices with 32 KB of RAM, power consumption is reduced by 3 µA.
10. Includes 32kHz oscillator current and RTC operation.

5.2.5.1 Diagram: Typical IDD_RUN operating behavior

The following data was measured under these conditions:

- MCG in FBE mode for 50 MHz and lower frequencies. MCG in FEE mode at greater than 50 MHz frequencies.
- USB regulator disabled
- No GPIOs toggled
- Code execution from flash with cache enabled
- For the ALLOFF curve, all peripheral clocks are disabled except FTFL

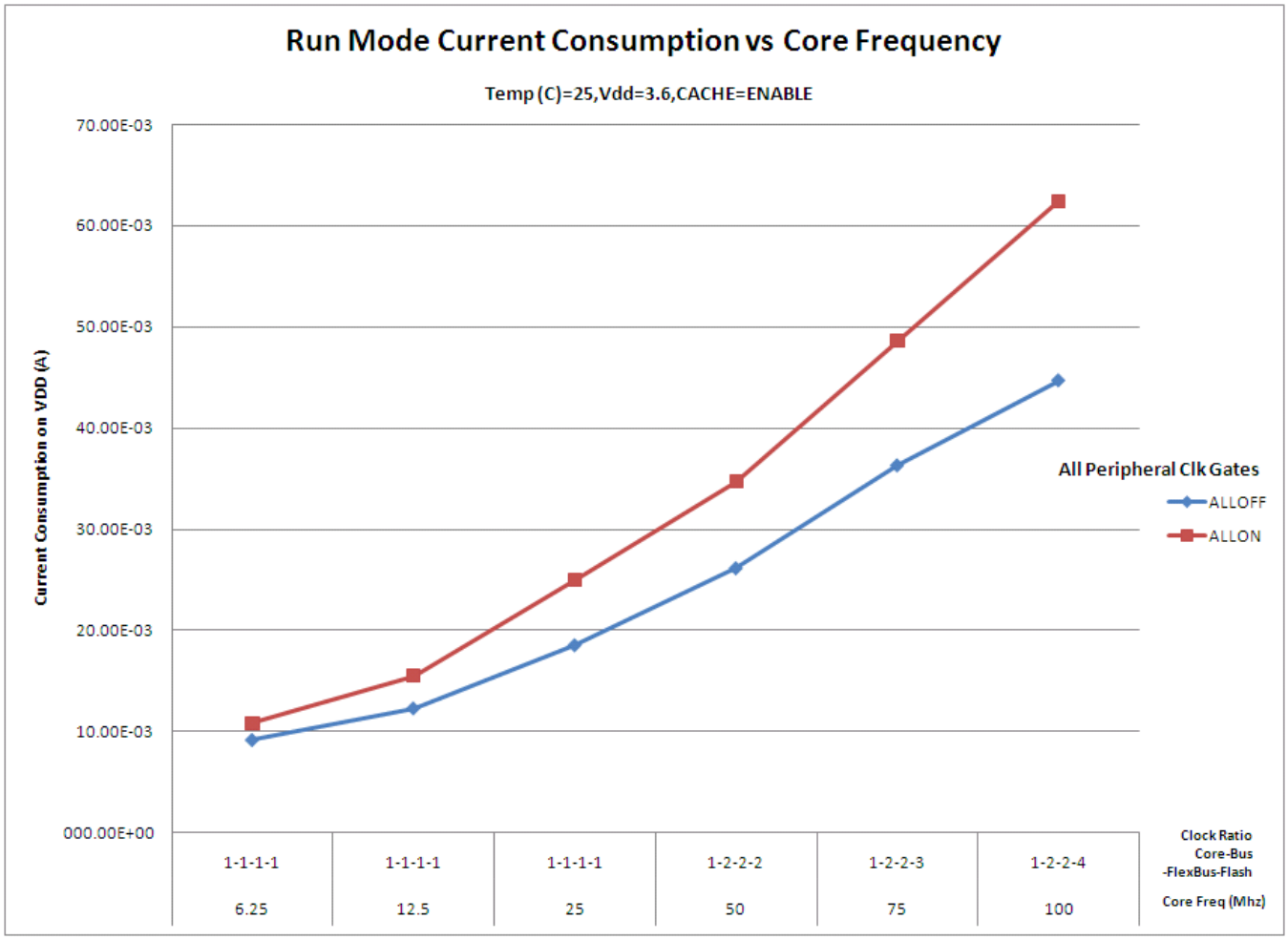


Figure 2. Run mode supply current vs. core frequency

5.2.6 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors

Table 7. EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors as measured on 144LQFP and 144MAPBGA packages

Symbol	Description	Frequency band (MHz)	144LQFP	144MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
V_{RE1}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 1	0.15–50	23	12	dBµV	1 , 2
V_{RE2}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 2	50–150	27	24	dBµV	
V_{RE3}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 3	150–500	28	27	dBµV	
V_{RE4}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 4	500–1000	14	11	dBµV	
V_{RE_IEC}	IEC level	0.15–1000	K	K	—	2, 3

1. Determined according to IEC Standard 61967-1, *Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 1: General Conditions and Definitions* and IEC Standard 61967-2, *Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 2: Measurement of Radiated Emissions—TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method*. Measurements were made while the microcontroller was running basic application code. The reported emission level is the value of the maximum measured emission, rounded up to the next whole number, from among the measured orientations in each frequency range.

5.4.1 Thermal operating requirements

Table 11. Thermal operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
T_J	Die junction temperature	–40	125	°C
T_A	Ambient temperature	–40	105	°C

5.4.2 Thermal attributes

Board type	Symbol	Description	144 LQFP	144 MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	45	48	°C/W	1
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	36	29	°C/W	1
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	36	38	°C/W	1
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	30	25	°C/W	1
—	$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal resistance, junction to board	24	16	°C/W	2
—	$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case	9	9	°C/W	3
—	Ψ_{JT}	Thermal characterization parameter, junction to package top outside center (natural convection)	2	2	°C/W	4

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD51-2, *Integrated Circuits Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Natural Convection (Still Air)*, or EIA/JEDEC Standard JESD51-6, *Integrated Circuit Thermal Test Method Environmental Conditions—Forced Convection (Moving Air)*.

Table 14. JTAG full voltage range electricals (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
J3	TCLK clock pulse width			
	• Boundary Scan	50	—	ns
	• JTAG and CJTAG	25	—	ns
	• Serial Wire Debug	12.5	—	ns
J4	TCLK rise and fall times	—	3	ns
J5	Boundary scan input data setup time to TCLK rise	20	—	ns
J6	Boundary scan input data hold time after TCLK rise	0	—	ns
J7	TCLK low to boundary scan output data valid	—	25	ns
J8	TCLK low to boundary scan output high-Z	—	25	ns
J9	TMS, TDI input data setup time to TCLK rise	8	—	ns
J10	TMS, TDI input data hold time after TCLK rise	1.4	—	ns
J11	TCLK low to TDO data valid	—	22.1	ns
J12	TCLK low to TDO high-Z	—	22.1	ns
J13	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ assert time	100	—	ns
J14	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$ setup time (negation) to TCLK high	8	—	ns

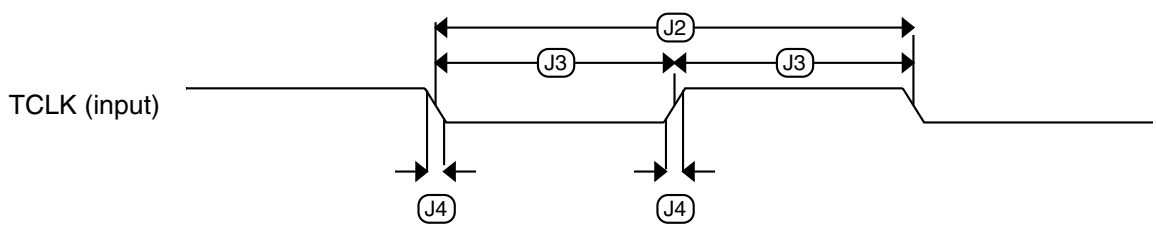


Figure 5. Test clock input timing

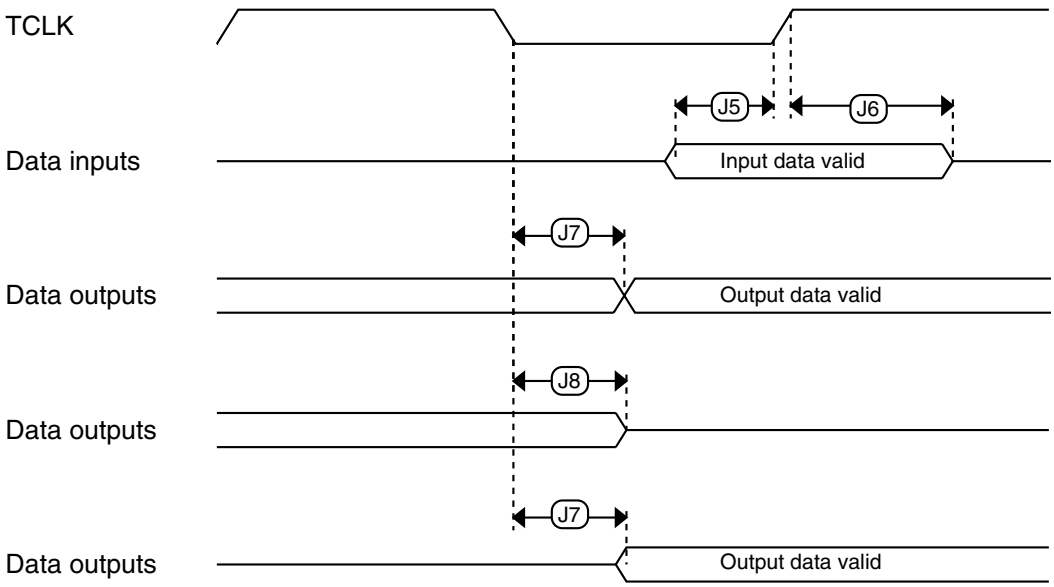


Figure 6. Boundary scan (JTAG) timing

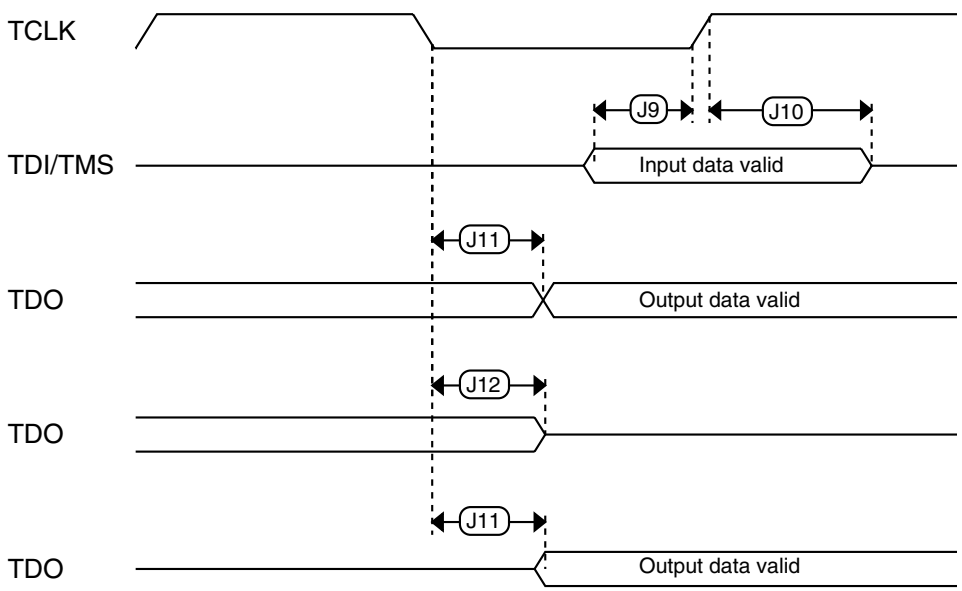


Figure 7. Test Access Port timing

Table 15. MCG specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f_{dco}	DCO output frequency range	Low range (DRS=00) 640 × f_{fll_ref}	20	20.97	25	MHz	2, 3
		Mid range (DRS=01) 1280 × f_{fll_ref}	40	41.94	50	MHz	
		Mid-high range (DRS=10) 1920 × f_{fll_ref}	60	62.91	75	MHz	
		High range (DRS=11) 2560 × f_{fll_ref}	80	83.89	100	MHz	
$f_{dco\_t\_DMX32}$	DCO output frequency	Low range (DRS=00) 732 × f_{fll_ref}	—	23.99	—	MHz	4, 5
		Mid range (DRS=01) 1464 × f_{fll_ref}	—	47.97	—	MHz	
		Mid-high range (DRS=10) 2197 × f_{fll_ref}	—	71.99	—	MHz	
		High range (DRS=11) 2929 × f_{fll_ref}	—	95.98	—	MHz	
J_{cyc_fll}	FLL period jitter • f_{VCO} = 48 MHz • f_{VCO} = 98 MHz		— —	180 150	— —	ps	
$t_{fll\_acquire}$	FLL target frequency acquisition time		—	—	1	ms	6
PLL							
f_{vco}	VCO operating frequency		48.0	—	100	MHz	
I_{pll}	PLL operating current • PLL @ 96 MHz ($f_{osc\_hi\_1}$ = 8 MHz, f_{pll_ref} = 2 MHz, VDIV multiplier = 48)		—	1060	—	µA	7
I_{pll}	PLL operating current • PLL @ 48 MHz ($f_{osc\_hi\_1}$ = 8 MHz, f_{pll_ref} = 2 MHz, VDIV multiplier = 24)		—	600	—	µA	7
f_{pll_ref}	PLL reference frequency range		2.0	—	4.0	MHz	
J_{cyc_pll}	PLL period jitter (RMS) • f_{vco} = 48 MHz • f_{vco} = 100 MHz		— —	120 50	— —	ps ps	8
J_{acc_pll}	PLL accumulated jitter over 1µs (RMS) • f_{vco} = 48 MHz • f_{vco} = 100 MHz		— —	1350 600	— —	ps ps	8
D_{lock}	Lock entry frequency tolerance		± 1.49	—	± 2.98	%	
D_{unl}	Lock exit frequency tolerance		± 4.47	—	± 5.97	%	
t_{pll_lock}	Lock detector detection time		—	—	150×10^{-6} + 1075(1/f_{pll_ref})	s	9

1. This parameter is measured with the internal reference (slow clock) being used as a reference to the FLL (FEI clock mode).
2. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=0.
3. The resulting system clock frequencies should not exceed their maximum specified values. The DCO frequency deviation (Δf_{dco_t}) over voltage and temperature should be considered.
4. These typical values listed are with the slow internal reference clock (FEI) using factory trim and DMX32=1.
5. The resulting clock frequency must not exceed the maximum specified clock frequency of the device.
6. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value is changed, DMX32 bit is changed, DRS bits are changed, or changing from FLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
7. Excludes any oscillator currents that are also consuming power while PLL is in operation.
8. This specification was obtained using a Freescale developed PCB. PLL jitter is dependent on the noise characteristics of each PCB and results will vary.
9. This specification applies to any time the PLL VCO divider or reference divider is changed, or changing from PLL disabled (BLPE, BLPI) to PLL enabled (PBE, PEE). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.

6.3.2 Oscillator electrical specifications

This section provides the electrical characteristics of the module.

6.3.2.1 Oscillator DC electrical specifications

Table 16. Oscillator DC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V	
I_{DDOSC}	Supply current — low-power mode (HGO=0)					1
	• 32 kHz	—	500	—	nA	
	• 4 MHz	—	200	—	µA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	—	300	—	µA	
	• 16 MHz	—	950	—	µA	
	• 24 MHz	—	1.2	—	mA	
	• 32 MHz	—	1.5	—	mA	
I_{DDOSC}	Supply current — high gain mode (HGO=1)					1
	• 32 kHz	—	25	—	µA	
	• 4 MHz	—	400	—	µA	
	• 8 MHz (RANGE=01)	—	500	—	µA	
	• 16 MHz	—	2.5	—	mA	
	• 24 MHz	—	3	—	mA	
	• 32 MHz	—	4	—	mA	
C_x	EXTAL load capacitance	—	—	—		2, 3
C_y	XTAL load capacitance	—	—	—		2, 3

Table continues on the next page...

2. Specification is valid for all FB_AD[31:0] and FB_TA.

Table 26. Flexbus full voltage range switching specifications

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	—	FB_CLK	MHz	
FB1	Clock period	1/FB_CLK	—	ns	
FB2	Address, data, and control output valid	—	13.5	ns	1
FB3	Address, data, and control output hold	0	—	ns	1
FB4	Data and FB_TA input setup	13.7	—	ns	2
FB5	Data and FB_TA input hold	0.5	—	ns	2

1. Specification is valid for all FB_AD[31:0], FB_BE/BWE*n*, FB_CS*n*, FB_OE, FB_R/W,FB_TBST, FB_TSIZ[1:0], FB_ALE, and FB_TS.
2. Specification is valid for all FB_AD[31:0] and FB_TA.

Table 28. 16-bit ADC characteristics (V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}, V_{REFL} = V_{SSA}) (continued)

Symbol	Description	Conditions[1]	Min.	Typ.[2]	Max.	Unit	Notes
E_{IL}	Input leakage error			$I_{In} \times R_{AS}$		mV	I_{In} = leakage current (refer to the MCU's voltage and current operating ratings)
	Temp sensor slope	Across the full temperature range of the device	1.55	1.62	1.69	mV/°C	
V_{TEMP25}	Temp sensor voltage	25 °C	706	716	726	mV	

1. All accuracy numbers assume the ADC is calibrated with V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}
2. Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 3.0 V, Temp = 25°C, f_{ADCK} = 2.0 MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.
3. The ADC supply current depends on the ADC conversion clock speed, conversion rate and the ADLPC bit (low power). For lowest power operation the ADLPC bit must be set, the HSC bit must be clear with 1 MHz ADC conversion clock speed.
4. 1 LSB = (V_{REFH} - V_{REFL})/2^N
5. ADC conversion clock < 16 MHz, Max hardware averaging (AVGE = %1, AVGS = %11)
6. Input data is 100 Hz sine wave. ADC conversion clock < 12 MHz.
7. Input data is 1 kHz sine wave. ADC conversion clock < 12 MHz.

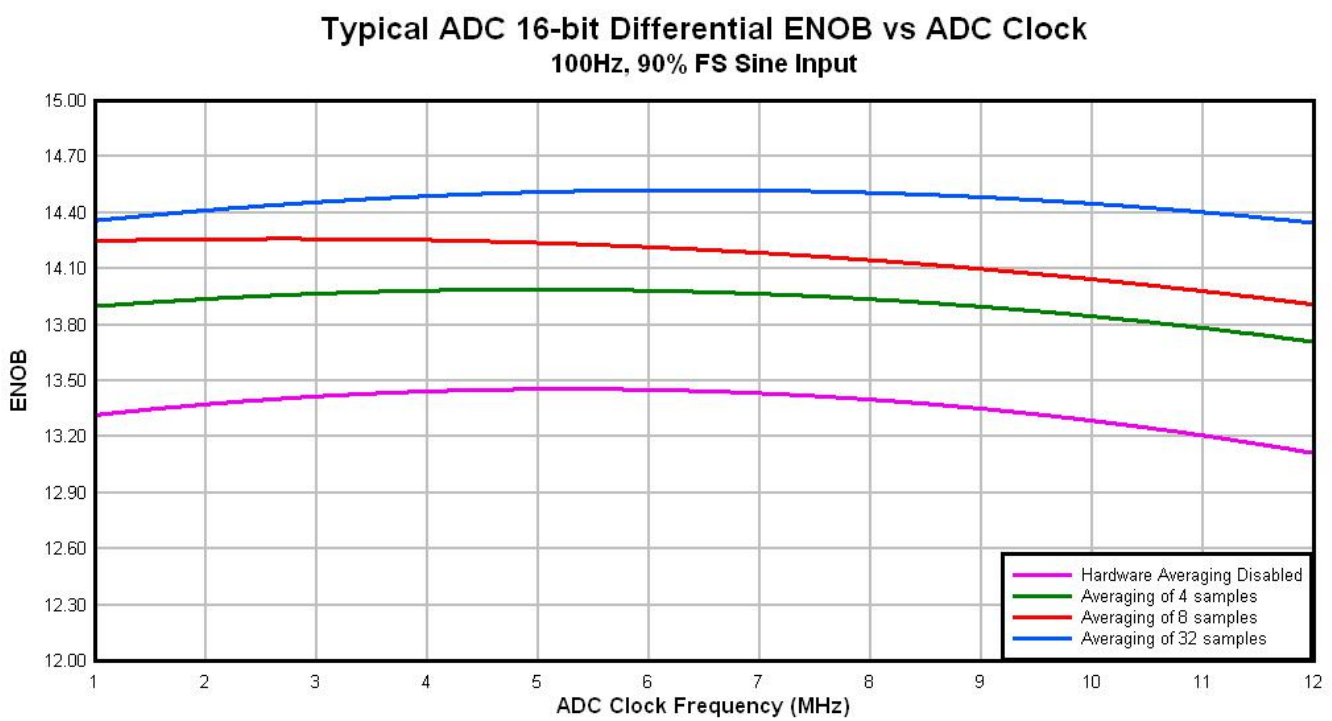


Figure 13. Typical ENOB vs. ADC_CLK for 16-bit differential mode

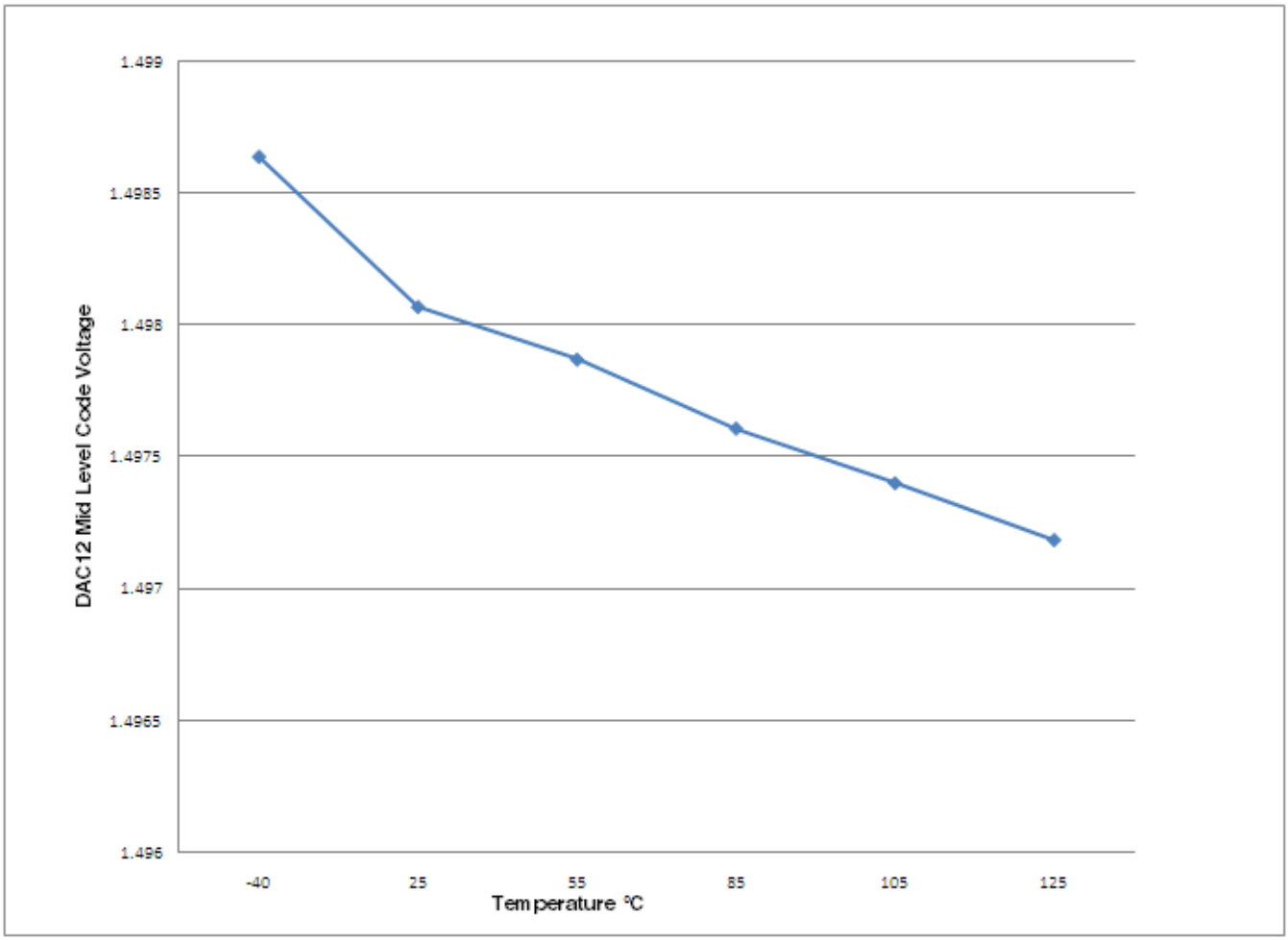


Figure 18. Offset at half scale vs. temperature

6.6.4 Voltage reference electrical specifications

Table 34. VREF full-range operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{DDA}	Supply voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
T_A	Temperature	Operating temperature range of the device		°C	
C_L	Output load capacitance	100		nF	1, 2

1. C_L must be connected to VREF_OUT if the VREF_OUT functionality is being used for either an internal or external reference.
2. The load capacitance should not exceed +/-25% of the nominal specified C_L value over the operating temperature range of the device.

Table 35. VREF full-range operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{out}	Voltage reference output with factory trim at nominal V_{DDA} and temperature=25C	1.1915	1.195	1.1977	V	
V_{out}	Voltage reference output — factory trim	1.1584	—	1.2376	V	
V_{step}	Voltage reference trim step	—	0.5	—	mV	
V_{tdrift}	Temperature drift (Vmax -Vmin across the full temperature range)	—	—	80	mV	
I_{bg}	Bandgap only current	—	—	80	µA	1
I_{lp}	Low-power buffer current	—	—	360	uA	1
I_{hp}	High-power buffer current	—	—	1	mA	1
ΔV_{LOAD}	Load regulation • current = + 1.0 mA • current = - 1.0 mA	 — —	 2 5	 — —	mV	1, 2
T_{stup}	Buffer startup time	—	—	100	µs	
V_{vdrift}	Voltage drift (Vmax -Vmin across the full voltage range)	—	2	—	mV	1

1. See the chip's Reference Manual for the appropriate settings of the VREF Status and Control register.
2. Load regulation voltage is the difference between the VREF_OUT voltage with no load vs. voltage with defined load

Table 36. VREF limited-range operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
T_A	Temperature	0	50	°C	

Table 37. VREF limited-range operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{out}	Voltage reference output with factory trim	1.173	1.225	V	

6.7 Timers

See General switching specifications.

6.8 Communication interfaces

Table 39. USB VREG electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.[1]	Max.	Unit	Notes
I_{LIM}	Short circuit current	—	290	—	mA	

1. Typical values assume VREGIN = 5.0 V, Temp = 25 °C unless otherwise stated.
2. Operating in pass-through mode: regulator output voltage equal to the input voltage minus a drop proportional to I_{Load}.

6.8.4 CAN switching specifications

See General switching specifications.

6.8.5 DSPI switching specifications (limited voltage range)

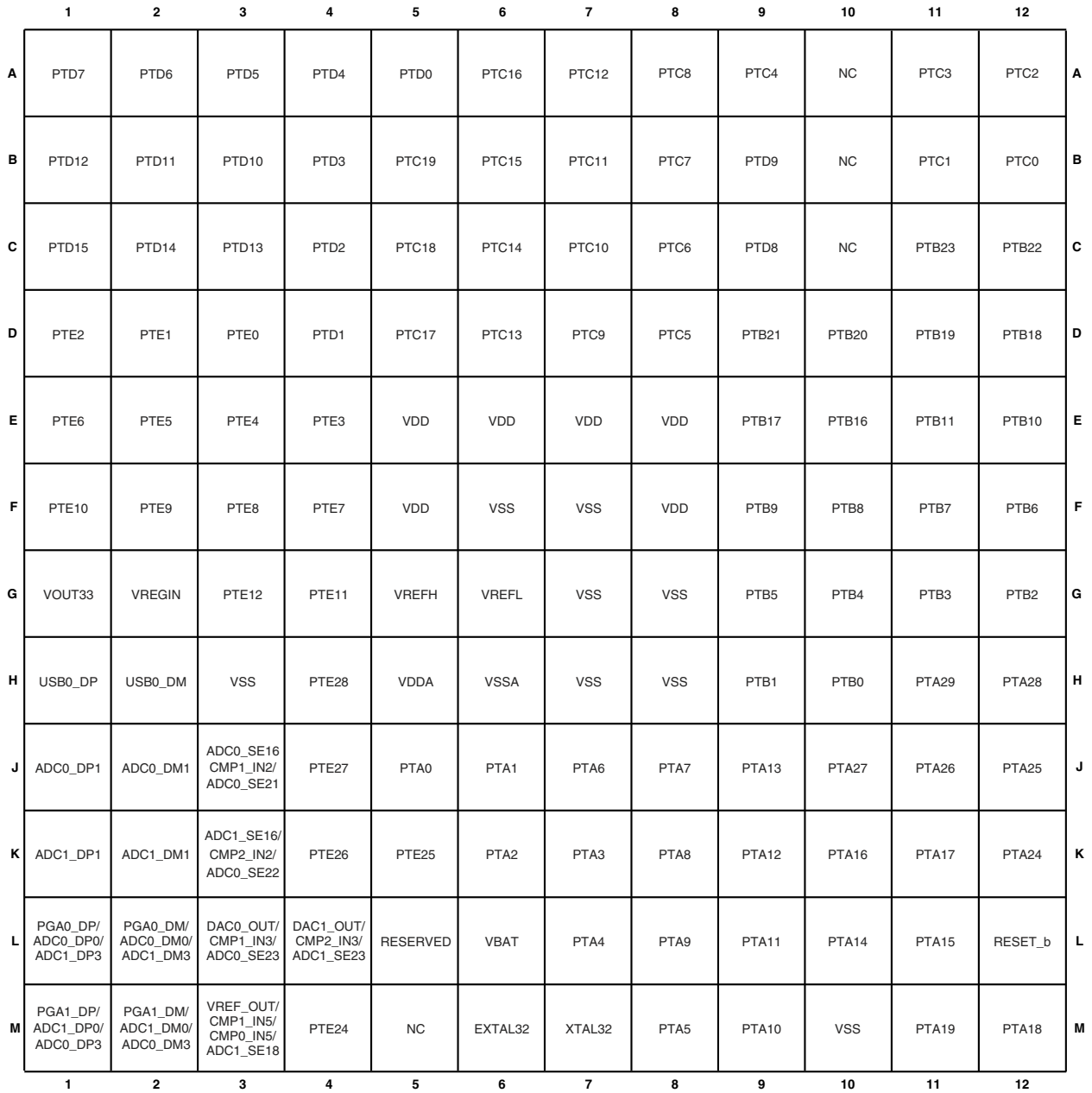
The DMA Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provide DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the DSPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

Table 40. Master mode DSPI timing (limited voltage range)

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	—	25	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	2 x t_{BUS}	—	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	(t_{SCK}/2) − 2	(t_{SCK}/2) + 2	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCS*n* valid to DSPI_SCK delay	(t_{BUS} x 2) − 2	—	ns	1
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCS*n* invalid delay	(t_{BUS} x 2) − 2	—	ns	2
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	—	8.5	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	–2	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	15	—	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0	—	ns	

1. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].
2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].

144 LQFP	144 MAP BGA	Pin Name	Default	ALT0	ALT1	ALT2	ALT3	ALT4	ALT5	ALT6	ALT7	EzPort
110	D8	PTC5/ LLWU_P9			PTC5/ LLWU_P9	SPI0_SCK		LPT0_ALT2	FB_AD10	CMP0_OUT		
111	C8	PTC6/ LLWU_P10	CMP0_IN0	CMP0_IN0	PTC6/ LLWU_P10	SPI0_SOUT	PDB0_EXTRG		FB_AD9			
112	B8	PTC7	CMP0_IN1	CMP0_IN1	PTC7	SPI0_SIN			FB_AD8			
113	A8	PTC8	ADC1_SE4b/ CMP0_IN2	ADC1_SE4b/ CMP0_IN2	PTC8		I2S0_MCLK	I2S0_CLKIN	FB_AD7			
114	D7	PTC9	ADC1_SE5b/ CMP0_IN3	ADC1_SE5b/ CMP0_IN3	PTC9			I2S0_RX_ BCLK	FB_AD6	FTM2_FLT0		
115	C7	PTC10	ADC1_SE6b/ CMP0_IN4	ADC1_SE6b/ CMP0_IN4	PTC10	I2C1_SCL		I2S0_RX_FS	FB_AD5			
116	B7	PTC11/ LLWU_P11	ADC1_SE7b	ADC1_SE7b	PTC11/ LLWU_P11	I2C1_SDA		I2S0_RXD	FB_RW_b			
117	A7	PTC12			PTC12		UART4_RTS_ b		FB_AD27			
118	D6	PTC13			PTC13		UART4_CTS_ b		FB_AD26			
119	C6	PTC14			PTC14		UART4_RX		FB_AD25			
120	B6	PTC15			PTC15		UART4_TX		FB_AD24			
121	—	VSS	VSS	VSS								
122	—	VDD	VDD	VDD								
123	A6	PTC16			PTC16	CAN1_RX	UART3_RX		FB_CS5_b/ FB_TSIZ1/ FB_BE23_16_ b			
124	D5	PTC17			PTC17	CAN1_TX	UART3_TX		FB_CS4_b/ FB_TSIZ0/ FB_BE31_24_ b			
125	C5	PTC18			PTC18		UART3_RTS_ b		FB_TBST_b/ FB_CS2_b/ FB_BE15_8_b			
126	B5	PTC19			PTC19		UART3_CTS_ b		FB_CS3_b/ FB_BE7_0_b	FB_TA_b		
127	A5	PTD0/ LLWU_P12			PTD0/ LLWU_P12	SPI0_PCS0	UART2_RTS_ b		FB_ALE/ FB_CS1_b/ FB_TS_b			
128	D4	PTD1	ADC0_SE5b	ADC0_SE5b	PTD1	SPI0_SCK	UART2_CTS_ b		FB_CS0_b			
129	C4	PTD2/ LLWU_P13			PTD2/ LLWU_P13	SPI0_SOUT	UART2_RX		FB_AD4			
130	B4	PTD3			PTD3	SPI0_SIN	UART2_TX		FB_AD3			
131	A4	PTD4/ LLWU_P14			PTD4/ LLWU_P14	SPI0_PCS1	UART0_RTS_ b	FTM0_CH4	FB_AD2	EWM_IN		
132	A3	PTD5	ADC0_SE6b	ADC0_SE6b	PTD5	SPI0_PCS2	UART0_CTS_ b	FTM0_CH5	FB_AD1	EWM_OUT_b		



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
A	PTD7	PTD6	PTD5	PTD4	PTD0	PTC16	PTC12	PTC8	PTC4	NC	PTC3	PTC2	A
B	PTD12	PTD11	PTD10	PTD3	PTC19	PTC15	PTC11	PTC7	PTD9	NC	PTC1	PTC0	B
C	PTD15	PTD14	PTD13	PTD2	PTC18	PTC14	PTC10	PTC6	PTD8	NC	PTB23	PTB22	C
D	PTE2	PTE1	PTE0	PTD1	PTC17	PTC13	PTC9	PTC5	PTB21	PTB20	PTB19	PTB18	D
E	PTE6	PTE5	PTE4	PTE3	VDD	VDD	VDD	VDD	PTB17	PTB16	PTB11	PTB10	E
F	PTE10	PTE9	PTE8	PTE7	VDD	VSS	VSS	VDD	PTB9	PTB8	PTB7	PTB6	F
G	VOUT33	VREGIN	PTE12	PTE11	VREFH	VREFL	VSS	VSS	PTB5	PTB4	PTB3	PTB2	G
H	USB0_DP	USB0_DM	VSS	PTE28	VDDA	VSSA	VSS	VSS	PTB1	PTB0	PTA29	PTA28	H
J	ADC0_DP1	ADC0_DM1	ADC0_SE16 CMP1_IN2/ ADC0_SE21	PTE27	PTA0	PTA1	PTA6	PTA7	PTA13	PTA27	PTA26	PTA25	J
K	ADC1_DP1	ADC1_DM1	ADC1_SE16/ CMP2_IN2/ ADC0_SE22	PTE26	PTE25	PTA2	PTA3	PTA8	PTA12	PTA16	PTA17	PTA24	K
L	PGA0_DP/ ADC0_DP0/ ADC1_DP3	PGA0_DM/ ADC0_DM0/ ADC1_DM3	DAC0_OUT/ CMP1_IN3/ ADC0_SE23	DAC1_OUT/ CMP2_IN3/ ADC1_SE23	RESERVED	VBAT	PTA4	PTA9	PTA11	PTA14	PTA15	RESET_b	L
M	PGA1_DP/ ADC1_DP0/ ADC0_DP3	PGA1_DM/ ADC1_DM0/ ADC0_DM3	VREF_OUT/ CMP1_IN5/ CMP0_IN5/ ADC1_SE18	PTE24	NC	EXTAL32	XTAL32	PTA5	PTA10	VSS	PTA19	PTA18	M
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	

Figure 28. K20 144 MAPBGA Pinout Diagram

9 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 51. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
1	11/2010	Initial public revision

Table continues on the next page...

Table 51. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
6	01/2012	• Added AC electrical specifications. • Replaced TBDs with silicon data throughout. • In "Power mode transition operating behaviors" table, removed entry times. • Updated "EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors" to remove SAE level and also added data for 144LQFP. • Clarified "EP7" in "EzPort switching specifications" table and "EzPort Timing Diagram". • Added "ENOB vs. ADC_CLK for 16-bit differential and 16-bit single-ended modes" figures. • Updated I_{DD_RUN} numbers in 'Power consumption operating behaviors' section. • Clarified 'Diagram: Typical IDD_RUN operating behavior' section and updated 'Run mode supply current vs. core frequency — all peripheral clocks disabled' figure. • In 'Voltage reference electrical specifications' section, updated C_L, V_{tdrift}, and V_{vdrift} values. • In 'USB electrical specifications' section, updated V_{DP_SRC}, I_{DDstby}, and '$V_{Reg33out}$ values.
7	02/2013	• In "ESD handling ratings", added a note for I_{LAT}. • Updated "Voltage and current operating requirements". • Updated "Voltage and current operating behaviors". • Updated "Power mode transition operating behaviors". • Updated "EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors" to add MAPBGA data. • In "MCG specifications", updated the description of f_{ints_t}. • In "16-bit ADC operating conditions", updated the max spec of V_{ADIN}. • In "16-bit ADC electrical characteristics", updated the temp sensor slope and voltage specs. • Updated "I2C switching specifications". • In "SDHC specifications", removed the operating voltage limits and updated the SD1 and SD6 specs. • In "I2S switching specifications", added separate specification tables for the full operating voltage range.