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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I²C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	42
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-TFBGA
Supplier Device Package	48-TFBGA (4.5x4.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/lpc1115fet48-303y

- Digital peripherals:
 - ◆ Up to 42 General Purpose I/O (GPIO) pins with configurable pull-up/pull-down resistors. In addition, a configurable open-drain mode is supported on the LPC1100L and LPC1100XL series.
 - ◆ GPIO pins can be used as edge and level sensitive interrupt sources.
 - ◆ High-current output driver (20 mA) on one pin.
 - ◆ High-current sink drivers (20 mA) on two I²C-bus pins in Fast-mode Plus (not on LPC1112FDH20/102).
 - ◆ Four general purpose counter/timers with up to eight capture inputs and up to 13 match outputs.
 - ◆ Programmable WatchDog Timer (WDT) the LPC1100 series only.
 - ◆ Programmable windowed WDT on the LPC1100L and LPC1100XL series only.
- Analog peripherals:
 - ◆ 10-bit ADC with input multiplexing among 5, 6, or 8 pins depending on package size.
- Serial interfaces:
 - ◆ UART with fractional baud rate generation, internal FIFO, and RS-485 support.
 - ◆ Two SPI controllers with SSP features and with FIFO and multi-protocol capabilities (second SPI on LPC1100 and LPC1100L series LQFP48 package only).
 - ◆ I²C-bus interface supporting full I²C-bus specification and Fast-mode Plus with a data rate of 1 Mbit/s with multiple address recognition and monitor mode (not on LPC1112FDH20/102).
- Clock generation:
 - ◆ 12 MHz internal RC oscillator trimmed to 1 % accuracy that can optionally be used as a system clock.
 - ◆ Crystal oscillator with an operating range of 1 MHz to 25 MHz.
 - ◆ Programmable watchdog oscillator with a frequency range of 9.4 kHz to 2.3 MHz.
 - ◆ PLL allows CPU operation up to the maximum CPU rate without the need for a high-frequency crystal. May be run from the system oscillator or the internal RC oscillator.
 - ◆ Clock output function with divider that can reflect the system oscillator clock, IRC clock, CPU clock, and the Watchdog clock.
- Power control:
 - ◆ Integrated PMU (Power Management Unit) to minimize power consumption during Sleep, Deep-sleep, and Deep power-down modes.
 - ◆ Power profiles residing in boot ROM allowing to optimize performance and minimize power consumption for any given application through one simple function call. (LPC1100L and LPC1100XL series only.)
 - ◆ Three reduced power modes: Sleep, Deep-sleep, and Deep power-down.
 - ◆ Processor wake-up from Deep-sleep mode via a dedicated start logic using up to 13 of the functional pins.
 - ◆ Power-On Reset (POR).
 - ◆ Brownout detect with up to four separate thresholds for interrupt and forced reset.
- Unique device serial number for identification.
- Single power supply (1.8 V to 3.6 V).
- Available as LQFP48 package, HVQFN33 package, and TFBGA48 package.

- LPC1100L series available as TSSOP28 package, DIP28 package, TSSOP20 package, and SO20 package.
- Extended temperature (-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$) for selected parts (see [Table 2](#)).

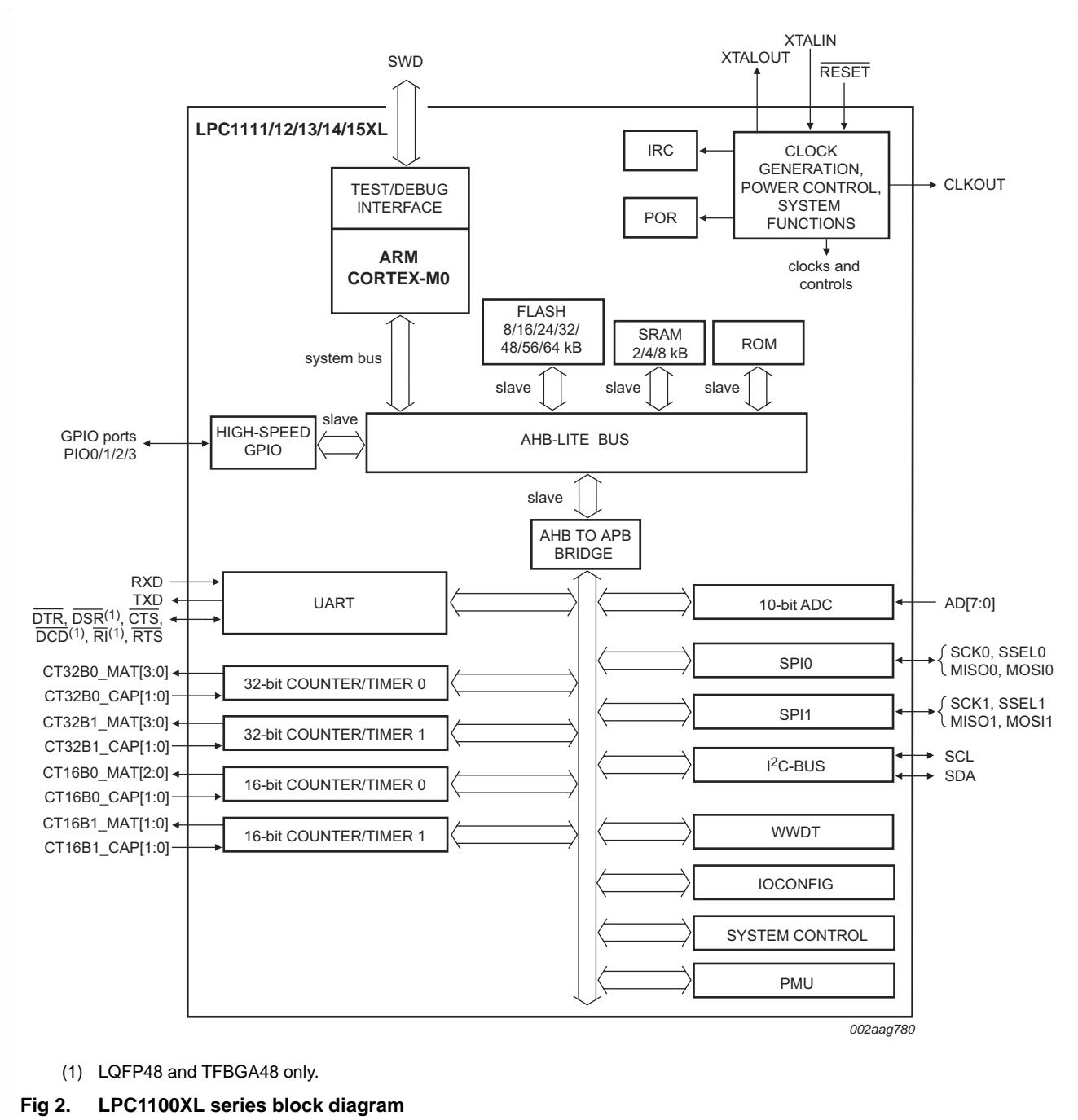
3. Applications

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ eMetering ■ Alarm systems | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Lighting ■ White goods |
|--|---|

4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
SO20, TSSOP20, TSSOP28, and DIP28 packages			
LPC1110FD20	SO20	SO20: plastic small outline package; 20 leads; body width 7.5 mm	SOT163-1
LPC1111FDH20/002	TSSOP20	TSSOP20: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 20 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT360-1
LPC1112FD20/102	SO20	SO20: plastic small outline package; 20 leads; body width 7.5 mm	SOT163-1
LPC1112FDH20/102	TSSOP20	TSSOP20: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 20 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT360-1
LPC1112FDH28/102	TSSOP28	TSSOP28: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 28 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT361-1
LPC1114FDH28/102	TSSOP28	TSSOP28: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 28 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT361-1
LPC1114FN28/102	DIP28	DIP28: plastic dual in-line package; 28 leads (600 mil)	SOT117-1
HVQFN24/33, LQFP48, and TFBGA48 packages			
LPC1111FHN33/101	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1111FHN33/102	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1111FHN33/201	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1111FHN33/202	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1111FHN33/103	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1111JHN33/103	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1111FHN33/203	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1111JHN33/203	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1112FHN33/101	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a
LPC1112FHN33/102	HVQFN33	HVQFN: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 33 terminals; body $7 \times 7 \times 0.85$ mm	n/a



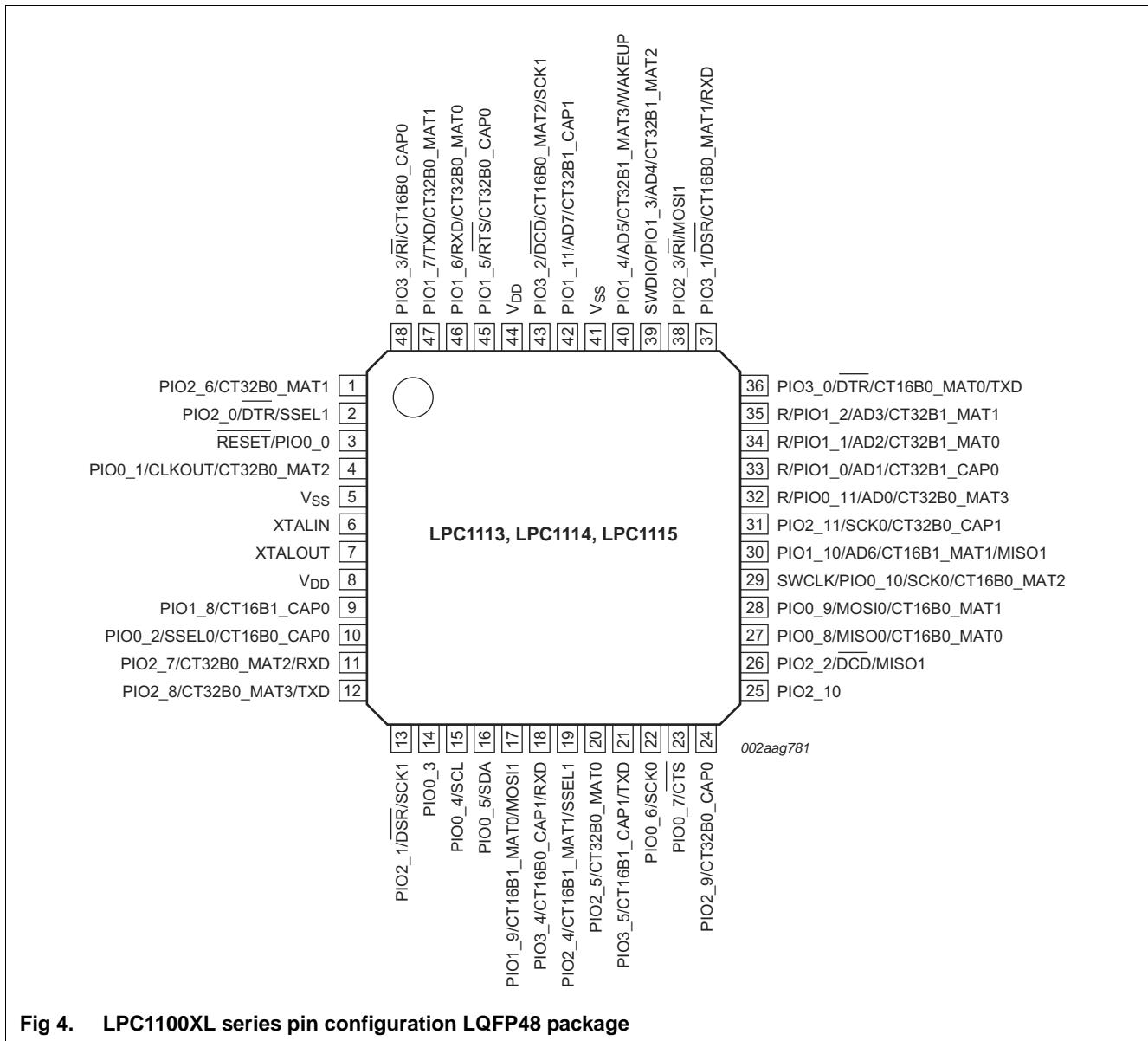


Fig 4. LPC1100XL series pin configuration LQFP48 package

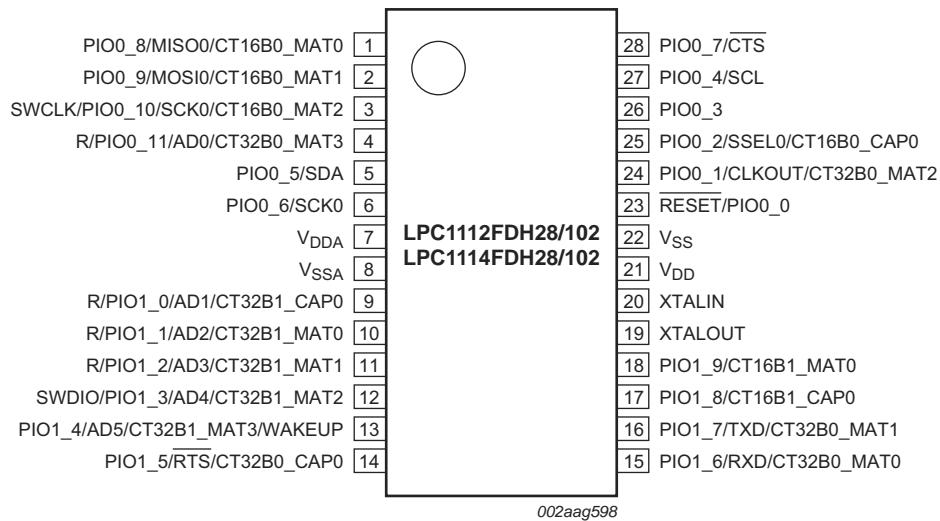


Fig 12. LPC1100L pin configuration TSSOP28 package

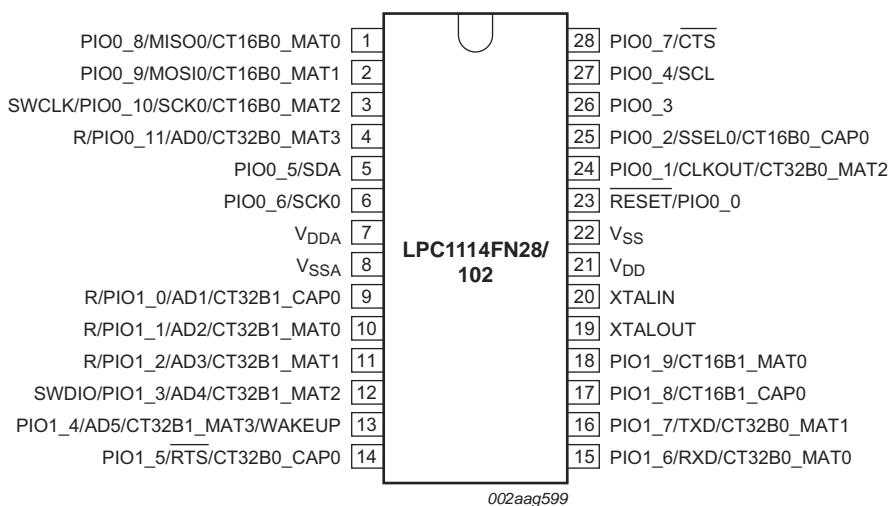


Fig 13. LPC1100L series pin configuration DIP28 package

Table 4. LPC1100L series: LPC1110/11/12 pin description table (SO20 and TSSOP20 package with I²C-bus pins) ...continued

Symbol	Pin SO20/ TSSOP20	Start logic input	Type	Reset state [1]	Description
R/PIO0_11/ AD0/CT32B0_MAT3	4 [5]	yes	I	I; PU	R — Reserved. Configure for an alternate function in the IOCONFIG block.
			I/O	-	PIO0_11 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	AD0 — A/D converter, input 0.
			O	-	CT32B0_MAT3 — Match output 3 for 32-bit timer 0.
PIO1_0 to PIO1_7			I/O		Port 1 — Port 1 is a 12-bit I/O port with individual direction and function controls for each bit. The operation of port 1 pins depends on the function selected through the IOCONFIG register block.
R/PIO1_0/ AD1/CT32B1_CAP0	7 [5]	yes	I	I; PU	R — Reserved. Configure for an alternate function in the IOCONFIG block.
			I/O	-	PIO1_0 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	AD1 — A/D converter, input 1.
			I	-	CT32B1_CAP0 — Capture input 0 for 32-bit timer 1.
R/PIO1_1/ AD2/CT32B1_MAT0	8 [5]	no	O	I; PU	R — Reserved. Configure for an alternate function in the IOCONFIG block.
			I/O	-	PIO1_1 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	AD2 — A/D converter, input 2.
			O	-	CT32B1_MAT0 — Match output 0 for 32-bit timer 1.
R/PIO1_2/ AD3/CT32B1_MAT1	9 [5]	no	I	I; PU	R — Reserved. Configure for an alternate function in the IOCONFIG block.
			I/O	-	PIO1_2 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	AD3 — A/D converter, input 3.
			O	-	CT32B1_MAT1 — Match output 1 for 32-bit timer 1.
SWDIO/PIO1_3/ AD4/CT32B1_MAT2	10 [5]	no	I/O	I; PU	SWDIO — Serial wire debug input/output.
			I/O	-	PIO1_3 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	AD4 — A/D converter, input 4.
			O	-	CT32B1_MAT2 — Match output 2 for 32-bit timer 1.
PIO1_6/RXD/ CT32B0_MAT0	11 [3]	no	I/O	I; PU	PIO1_6 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	RXD — Receiver input for UART.
			O	-	CT32B0_MAT0 — Match output 0 for 32-bit timer 0.
PIO1_7/TXD/ CT32B0_MAT1	12 [3]	no	I/O	I; PU	PIO1_7 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			O	-	TXD — Transmitter output for UART.
			O	-	CT32B0_MAT1 — Match output 1 for 32-bit timer 0.
V _{DD}	15	-	-	-	3.3 V supply voltage to the internal regulator, the external rail, and the ADC. Also used as the ADC reference voltage.
XTALIN	14 [6]	-	I	-	Input to the oscillator circuit and internal clock generator circuits. Input voltage must not exceed 1.8 V.
XTALOUT	13 [6]	-	O	-	Output from the oscillator amplifier.
V _{SS}	16	-	-	-	Ground.

Table 6. LPC1100L series: LPC1112 (HVQFN24 package) ...continued

Symbol	HVQFN pin	Start logic input	Type	Reset state [1]	Description
SWDIO/PIO1_3/ AD4/CT32B1_MAT2	19[5]	no	I/O	I; PU	SWDIO — Serial wire debug input/output.
			I/O	-	PIO1_3 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	AD4 — A/D converter, input 4.
			O	-	CT32B1_MAT2 — Match output 2 for 32-bit timer 1.
PIO1_4/AD5/ CT32B1_MAT3/ WAKEUP	20[5]	no	I/O	I; PU	PIO1_4 — General purpose digital input/output pin with 10 ns glitch filter. In Deep power-down mode, this pin serves as the Deep power-down mode wake-up pin with 20 ns glitch filter. Pull this pin HIGH externally before entering Deep power-down mode. Pull this pin LOW to exit Deep power-down mode. A LOW-going pulse as short as 50 ns wakes up the part.
			I	-	AD5 — A/D converter, input 5.
			O	-	CT32B1_MAT3 — Match output 3 for 32-bit timer 1.
PIO1_6/RXD/ CT32B0_MAT0	23[3]	no	I/O	I; PU	PIO1_6 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	RXD — Receiver input for UART.
			O	-	CT32B0_MAT0 — Match output 0 for 32-bit timer 0.
PIO1_7/TXD/ CT32B0_MAT1	24[3]	no	I/O	I; PU	PIO1_7 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			O	-	TXD — Transmitter output for UART.
			O	-	CT32B0_MAT1 — Match output 1 for 32-bit timer 0.
PIO1_8/ CT16B1_CAP0	6[3]	no	I/O	I; PU	PIO1_8 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I	-	CT16B1_CAP0 — Capture input 0 for 16-bit timer 1.
XTALIN	4[6]	-	I	-	Input to the oscillator circuit and internal clock generator circuits. Input voltage must not exceed 1.8 V.
V _{DD}	5; 22	-	I	-	1.8 V supply voltage to the internal regulator, the external rail, and the ADC. Also used as the ADC reference voltage.
V _{SS}	3; 21	-	I	-	Ground.

[1] Pin state at reset for default function: I = Input; O = Output; PU = internal pull-up enabled (pins pulled up to full V_{DD} level); IA = inactive, no pull-up/down enabled.

[2] 5 V tolerant pad. RESET functionality is not available in Deep power-down mode. Use the WAKEUP pin to reset the chip and wake up from Deep power-down mode. An external pull-up resistor is required on this pin for the Deep power-down mode. See [Figure 52](#) for the reset pad configuration.

[3] Pad providing digital I/O functions with configurable pull-up/pull-down resistors and configurable hysteresis (see [Figure 51](#)).

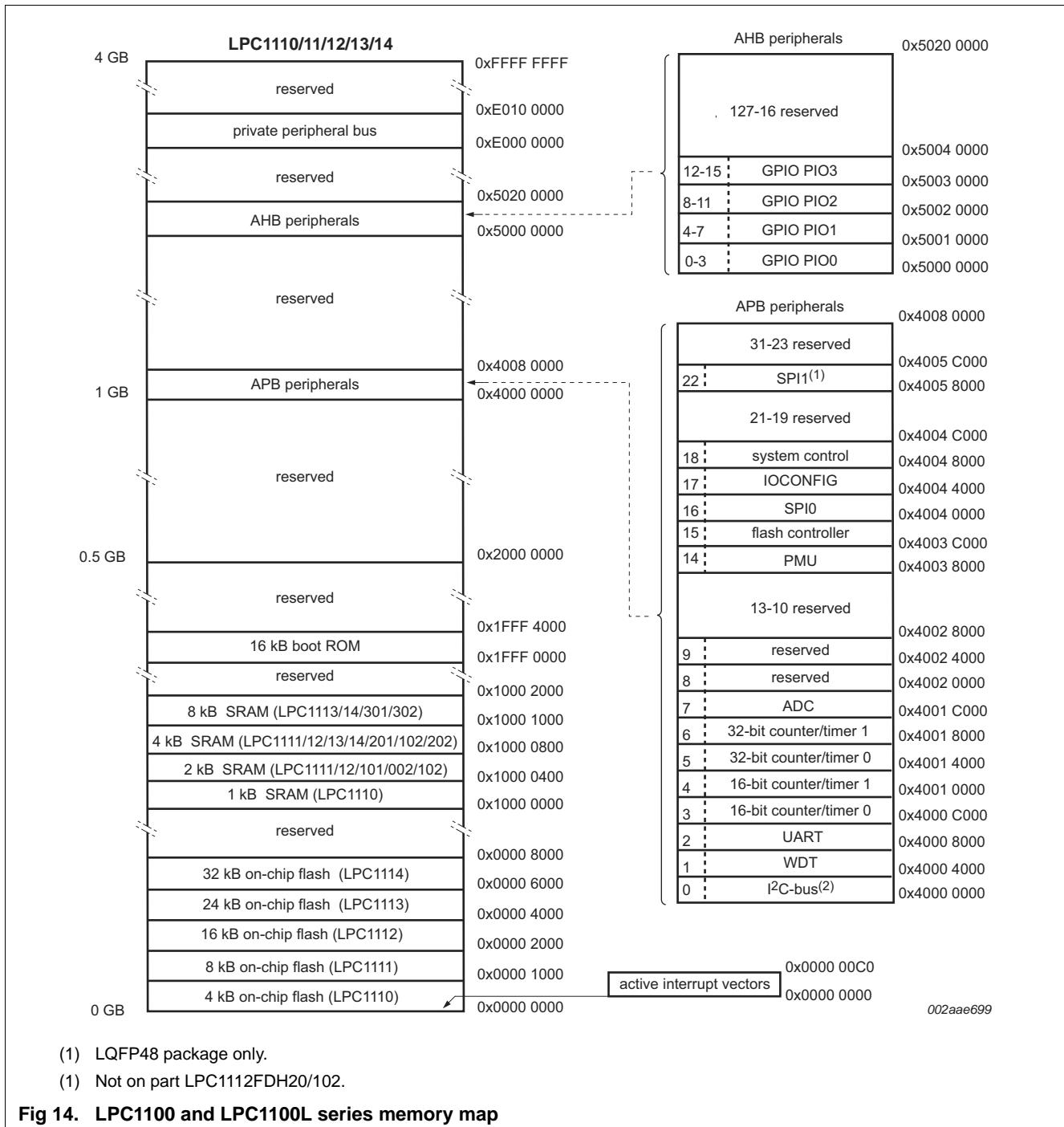
[4] I²C-bus pads compliant with the I²C-bus specification for I²C standard mode and I²C Fast-mode Plus. The pin requires an external pull-up to provide output functionality. When power is switched off, this pin is floating and does not disturb the I²C lines. Open-drain configuration applies to all functions on this pin.

[5] Pad providing digital I/O functions with configurable pull-up/pull-down resistors, configurable hysteresis, and analog input. When configured as a ADC input, digital section of the pad is disabled (see [Figure 51](#)).

[6] When the system oscillator is not used, connect XTALIN and XTALOUT as follows: XTALIN can be left floating or can be grounded (grounding is preferred to reduce susceptibility to noise). XTALOUT should be left floating.

Table 7. LPC1100L series: LPC1112/14 pin description table (TSSOP28 and DIP28 packages)

Symbol	Pin TSSOP28/ DIP28	Start logic input	Type	Reset state [1]	Description
PIO0_0 to PIO0_11			I/O		Port 0 — Port 0 is a 12-bit I/O port with individual direction and function controls for each bit. The operation of port 0 pins depends on the function selected through the IOCONFIG register block.
RESET/PIO0_0	23 [2]	yes	I	I; PU	RESET — External reset input with 20 ns glitch filter. A LOW-going pulse as short as 50 ns on this pin resets the device, causing I/O ports and peripherals to take on their default states, and processor execution to begin at address 0. In deep power-down mode, this pin must be pulled HIGH externally. The RESET pin can be left unconnected or be used as a GPIO pin if an external RESET function is not needed and Deep power-down mode is not used.
			I/O	-	PIO0_0 — General purpose digital input/output pin with 10 ns glitch filter.
PIO0_1/CLKOUT/ CT32B0_MAT2	24 [3]	yes	I/O	I; PU	PIO0_1 — General purpose digital input/output pin. A LOW level on this pin during reset starts the ISP command handler.
			O	-	CLKOUT — Clockout pin.
			O	-	CT32B0_MAT2 — Match output 2 for 32-bit timer 0.
PIO0_2/SSEL0/ CT16B0_CAP0	25 [3]	yes	I/O	I; PU	PIO0_2 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I/O	-	SSEL0 — Slave Select for SPI0.
			I	-	CT16B0_CAP0 — Capture input 0 for 16-bit timer 0.
PIO0_3	26 [3]	yes	I/O	I; PU	PIO0_3 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
PIO0_4/SCL	27 [4]	yes	I/O	I; IA	PIO0_4 — General purpose digital input/output pin (open-drain).
			I/O	-	SCL — I ² C-bus, open-drain clock input/output. High-current sink only if I ² C Fast-mode Plus is selected in the I/O configuration register.
PIO0_5/SDA	5 [4]	yes	I/O	I; IA	PIO0_5 — General purpose digital input/output pin (open-drain).
			I/O	-	SDA — I ² C-bus, open-drain data input/output. High-current sink only if I ² C Fast-mode Plus is selected in the I/O configuration register.
PIO0_6/SCK0	6 [3]	yes	I/O	I; PU	PIO0_6 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I/O	-	SCK0 — Serial clock for SPI0.
PIO0_7/CTS	28 [3]	yes	I/O	I; PU	PIO0_7 — General purpose digital input/output pin (high-current output driver).
			I	-	CTS — Clear To Send input for UART.
PIO0_8/MISO0/ CT16B0_MAT0	1 [3]	yes	I/O	I; PU	PIO0_8 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I/O	-	MISO0 — Master In Slave Out for SPI0.
			O	-	CT16B0_MAT0 — Match output 0 for 16-bit timer 0.
PIO0_9/MOSI0/ CT16B0_MAT1	2 [3]	yes	I/O	I; PU	PIO0_9 — General purpose digital input/output pin.
			I/O	-	MOSI0 — Master Out Slave In for SPI0.
			O	-	CT16B0_MAT1 — Match output 1 for 16-bit timer 0.



8. Limiting values

Table 12. Limiting valuesIn accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).^[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	supply voltage (core and external rail)		[2]	-0.5	+4.6
V _I	input voltage	5 V tolerant I/O pins; only valid when the V _{DD} supply voltage is present	[2][3]	-0.5	+5.5
		5 V tolerant open-drain pins PIO0_4 and PIO0_5	[2][4]	-0.5	+5.5
V _{IA}	analog input voltage	pin configured as analog input	[2][5]	-0.5	4.6
I _{DD}	supply current	per supply pin	-	100	mA
I _{SS}	ground current	per ground pin	-	100	mA
I _{latch}	I/O latch-up current	-(0.5V _{DD}) < V _I < (1.5V _{DD}); T _j < 125 °C	-	100	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature	non-operating	[6]	-65	+150
T _{j(max)}	maximum junction temperature		-	150	°C
P _{tot(pack)}	total power dissipation (per package)	based on package heat transfer, not device power consumption	-	1.5	W
V _{ESD}	electrostatic discharge voltage	human body model; all pins	[7]	-	+6500

[1] The following applies to the limiting values:

- a) This product includes circuitry specifically designed for the protection of its internal devices from the damaging effects of excessive static charge. Nonetheless, it is suggested that conventional precautions be taken to avoid applying greater than the rated maximum.
- b) Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified. All voltages are with respect to V_{SS} unless otherwise noted.
- c) The limiting values are stress ratings only. Operating the part at these values is not recommended, and proper operation is not guaranteed. The conditions for functional operation are specified in [Table 16](#).

[2] Maximum/minimum voltage above the maximum operating voltage (see [Table 16](#)) and below ground that can be applied for a short time (< 10 ms) to a device without leading to irrecoverable failure. Failure includes the loss of reliability and shorter lifetime of the device.

[3] Including voltage on outputs in 3-state mode.

[4] V_{DD} present or not present. Compliant with the I²C-bus standard. 5.5 V can be applied to this pin when V_{DD} is powered down.

[5] See [Table 18](#) for maximum operating voltage.

[6] The maximum non-operating storage temperature is different than the temperature for required shelf life which should be determined based on required shelf lifetime. Please refer to the JEDEC spec (J-STD-033B.1) for further details.

[7] Human body model: equivalent to discharging a 100 pF capacitor through a 1.5 kΩ series resistor.

9. Thermal characteristics

The average chip junction temperature, T_j ($^{\circ}$ C), can be calculated using the following equation:

$$T_j = T_{amb} + (P_D \times R_{th(j-a)}) \quad (1)$$

- T_{amb} = ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C),
- $R_{th(j-a)}$ = the package junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ($^{\circ}$ C/W)
- P_D = sum of internal and I/O power dissipation

The internal power dissipation is the product of I_{DD} and V_{DD} . The I/O power dissipation of the I/O pins is often small and many times can be negligible. However it can be significant in some applications.

Table 13. Thermal characteristics

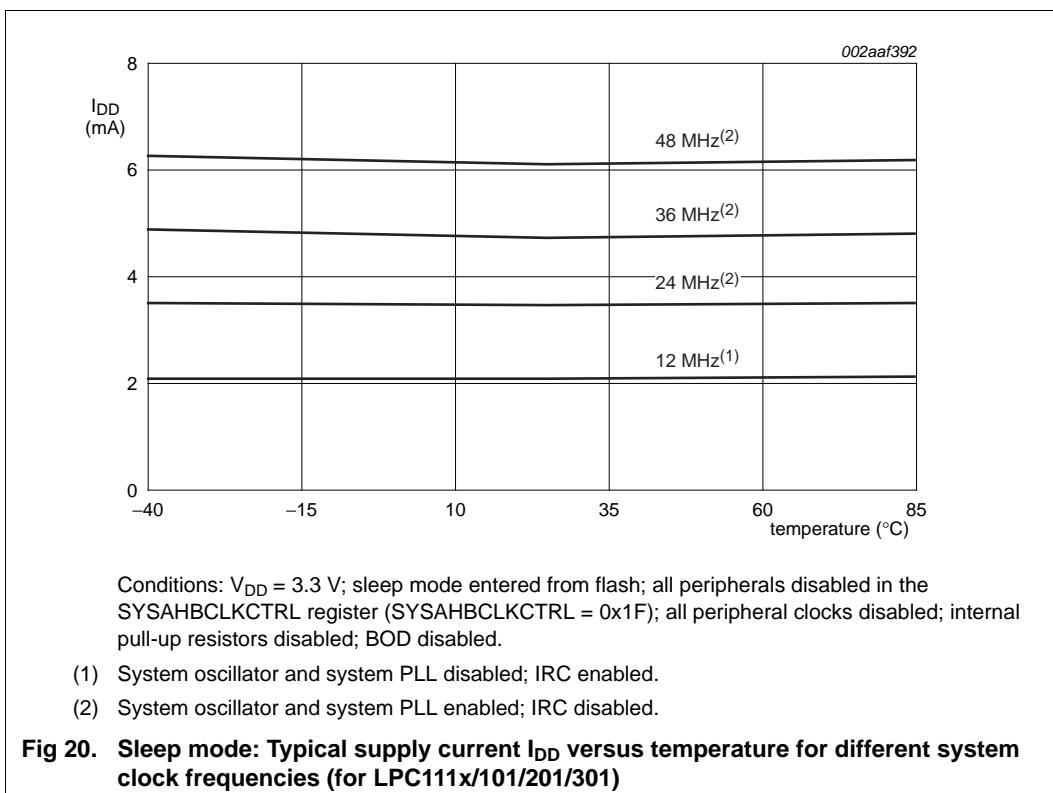
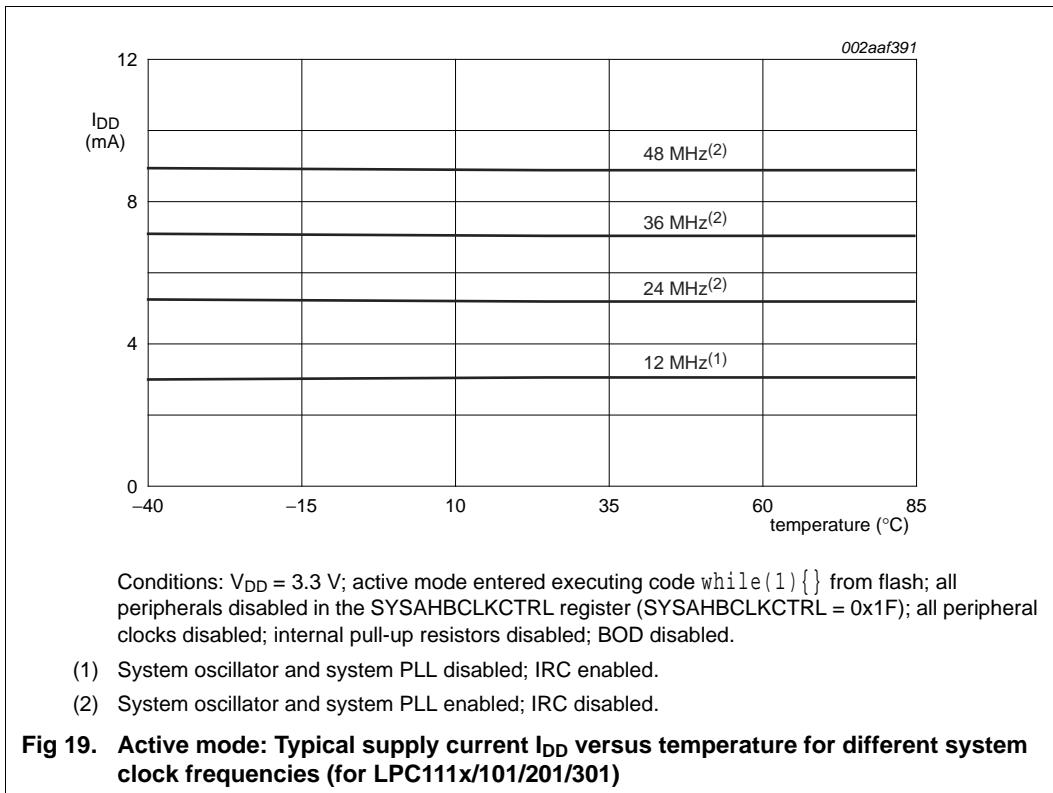
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$T_{j(max)}$	maximum junction temperature		-	-	125	$^{\circ}$ C

Table 14. LPC111x/x01 Thermal resistance value ($^{\circ}$ C/W): $\pm 15\%$

HVQFN33		LQFP48	
θ_{ja}		θ_{ja}	
JEDEC (4.5 in \times 4 in)		JEDEC (4.5 in \times 4 in)	
0 m/s	40.4	0 m/s	82.1
1 m/s	32.7	1 m/s	73.7
2.5 m/s	28.3	2.5 m/s	68.2
Single-layer (4.5 in \times 3 in)		8-layer (4.5 in \times 3 in)	
0 m/s	84.8	0 m/s	115.2
1 m/s	61.6	1 m/s	94.7
2.5 m/s	53.1	2.5 m/s	86.3
θ_{jc}	20.3	θ_{jc}	29.6
θ_{jb}	1.1	θ_{jb}	34.2

Table 16. Static characteristics (LPC1100, LPC1100L series) ...continued $T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

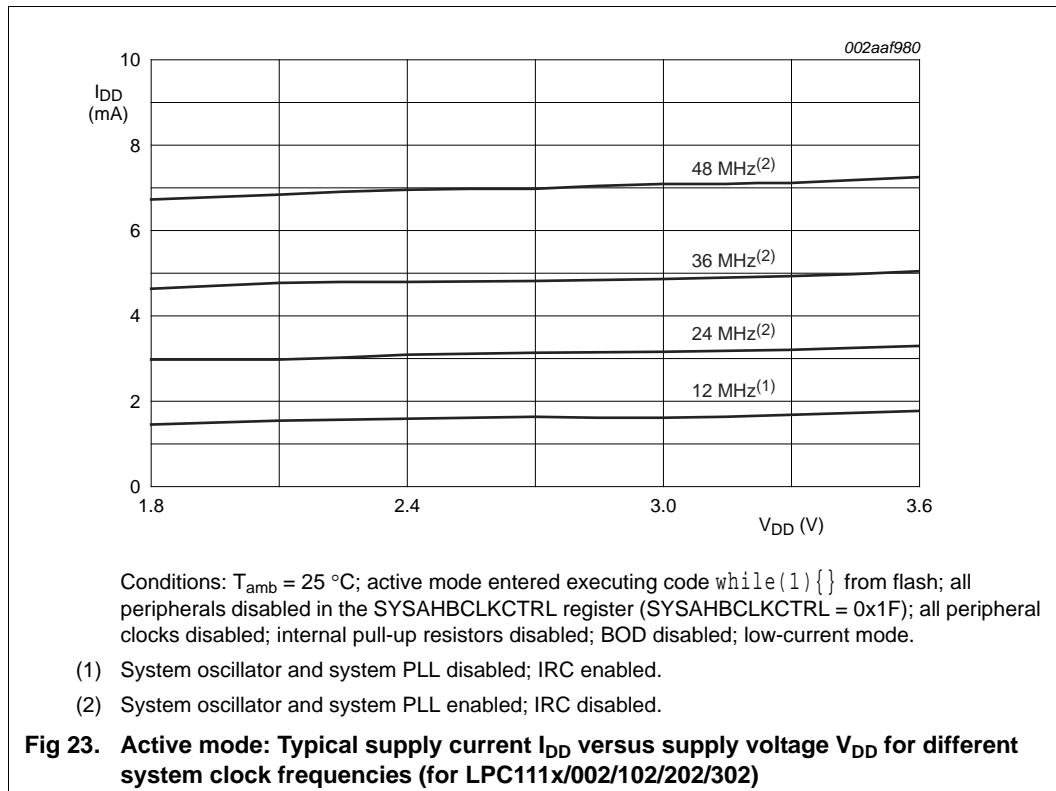
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Unit
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	V _O = 0 V; V _O = V _{DD} ; on-chip pull-up/down resistors disabled	-	0.5	10	nA
V _I	input voltage	pin configured to provide a digital function	0 ^{[12][13] [14]}	-	5.0	V
V _O	output voltage	output active	0	-	V _{DD}	V
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		0.7V _{DD}	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		-	-	0.3V _{DD}	V
V _{hys}	hysteresis voltage		0.4	-	-	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	2.5 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V; I _{OH} = -20 mA	V _{DD} - 0.4	-	-	V
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.5 V; I _{OH} = -12 mA	V _{DD} - 0.4	-	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	2.5 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V; I _{OL} = 4 mA	-	-	0.4	V
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.5 V; I _{OL} = 3 mA	-	-	0.4	V
I _{OH}	HIGH-level output current	V _{OH} = V _{DD} - 0.4 V; 2.5 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V	20	-	-	mA
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.5 V	12	-	-	mA
I _{OL}	LOW-level output current	V _{OL} = 0.4 V 2.5 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V	4	-	-	mA
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.5 V	3	-	-	mA
I _{OLS}	LOW-level short-circuit output current	V _{OL} = V _{DD} ^[15]	-	-	50	mA
I _{pd}	pull-down current	V _I = 5 V	10	50	150	μA
I _{pu}	pull-up current	V _I = 0 V 2.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V	-15	-50	-85	μA
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.0 V	-10	-50	-85	μA
		V _{DD} < V _I < 5 V	0	0	0	μA
I²C-bus pins (PIO0_4 and PIO0_5)						
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		0.7V _{DD}	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		-	-	0.3V _{DD}	V
V _{hys}	hysteresis voltage		-	0.05V _{DD}	-	V
I _{OL}	LOW-level output current	V _{OL} = 0.4 V; I ² C-bus pins configured as standard mode pins 2.5 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 3.6 V	3.5	-	-	mA
		1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.5 V	3	-	-	

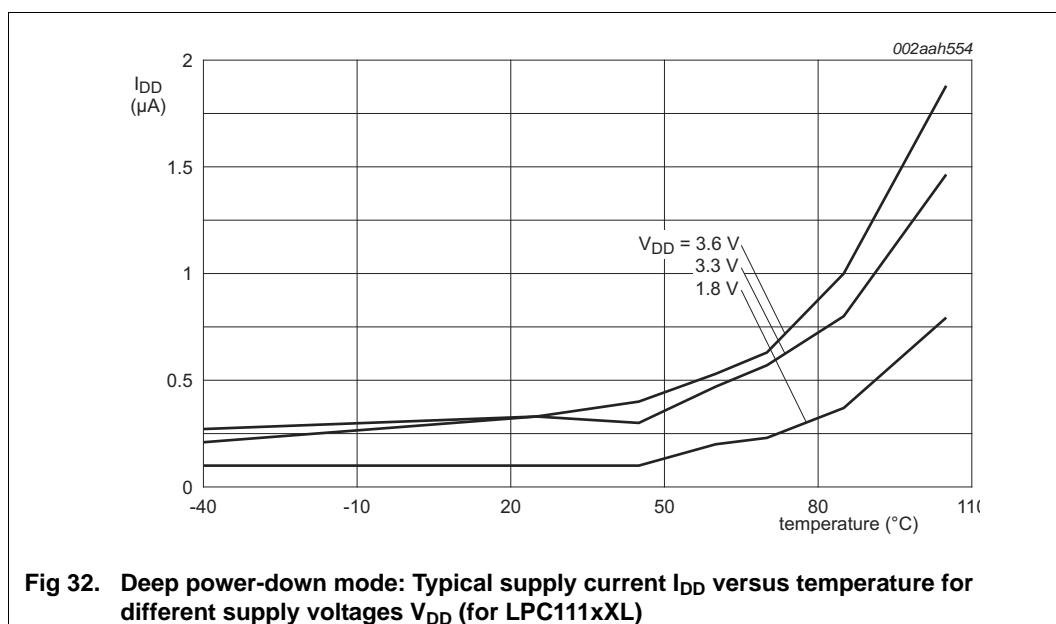
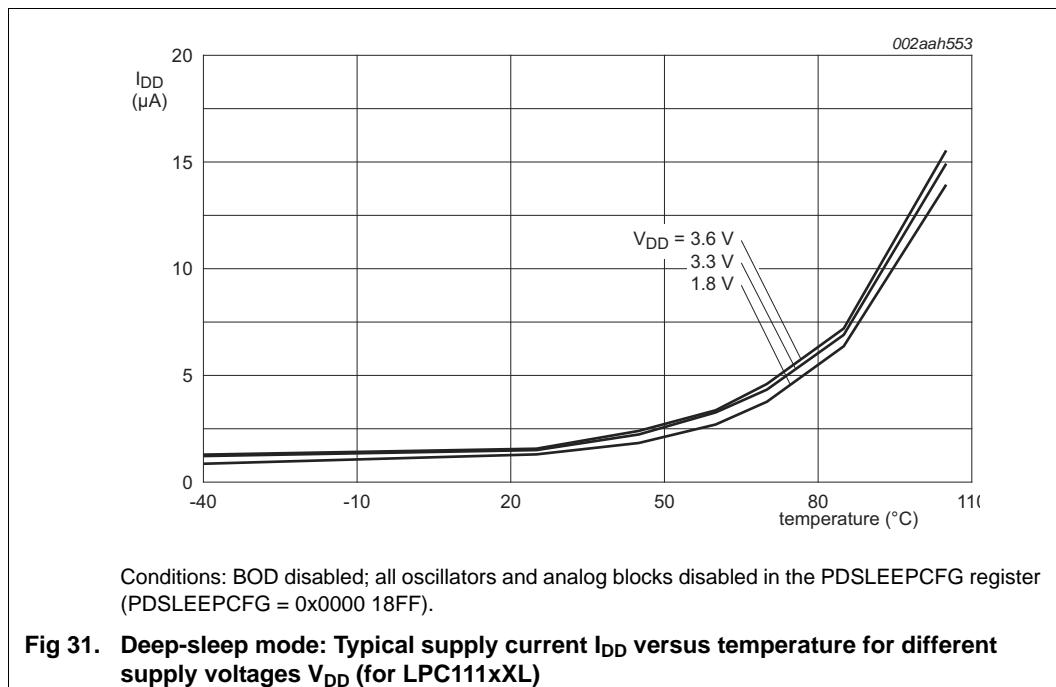


10.6 Power consumption LPC1100L series (LPC111x/002/102/202/302)

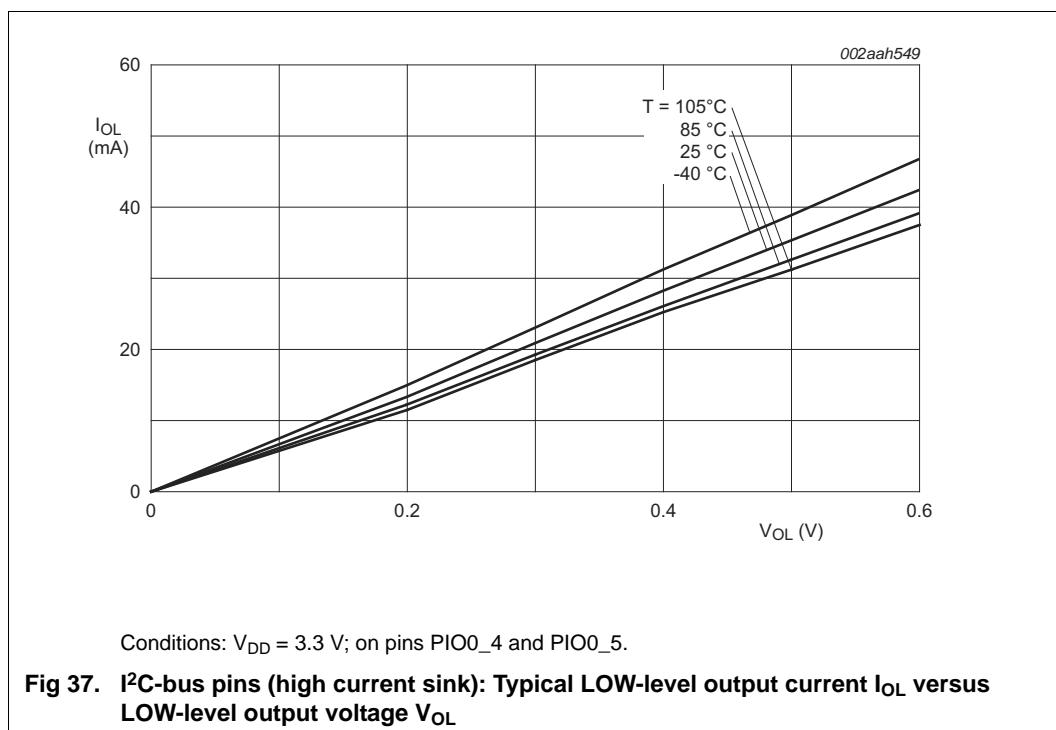
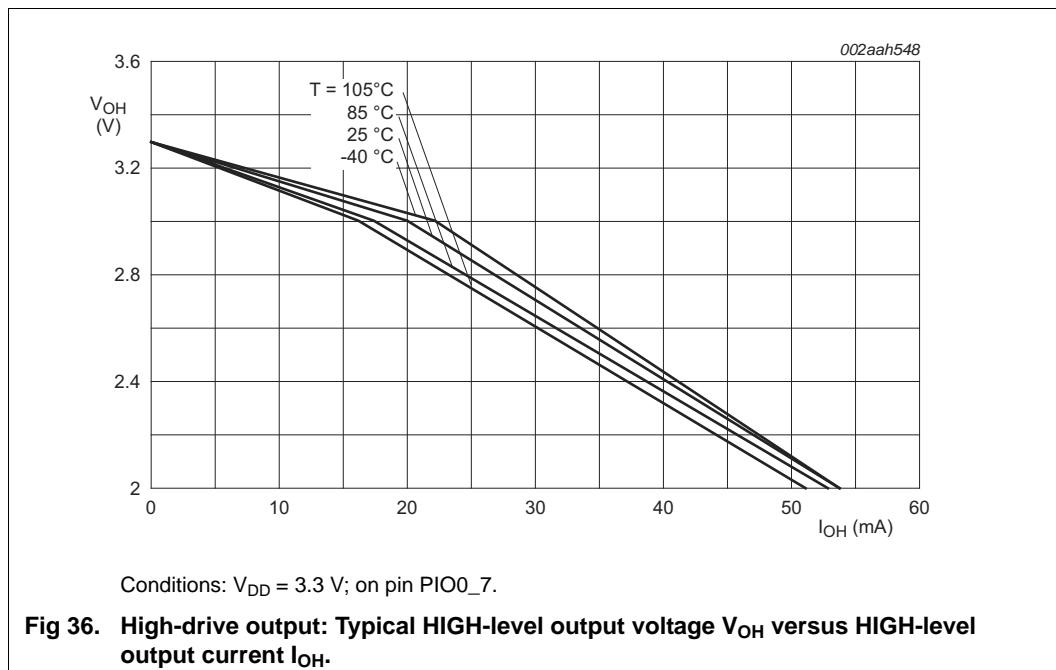
Power measurements in Active, Sleep, and Deep-sleep modes were performed under the following conditions (see *LPC111x user manual*):

- Configure all pins as GPIO with pull-up resistor disabled in the IOCONFIG block.
- Configure GPIO pins as outputs using the GPIOOnDIR registers.
- Write 0 to all GPIOOnDATA registers to drive the outputs LOW.





10.10 Electrical pin characteristics



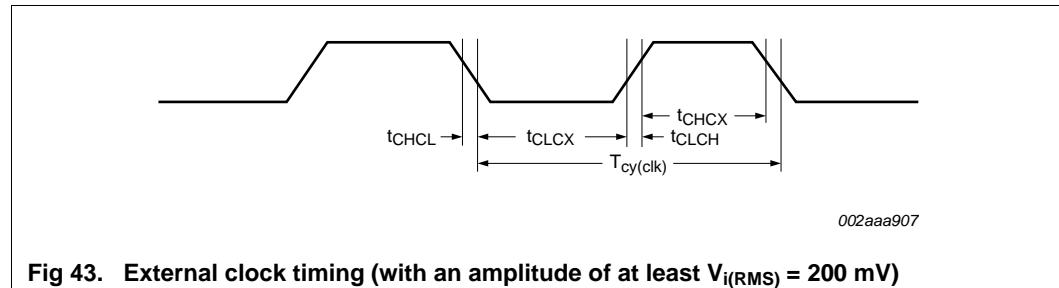
11.3 External clock

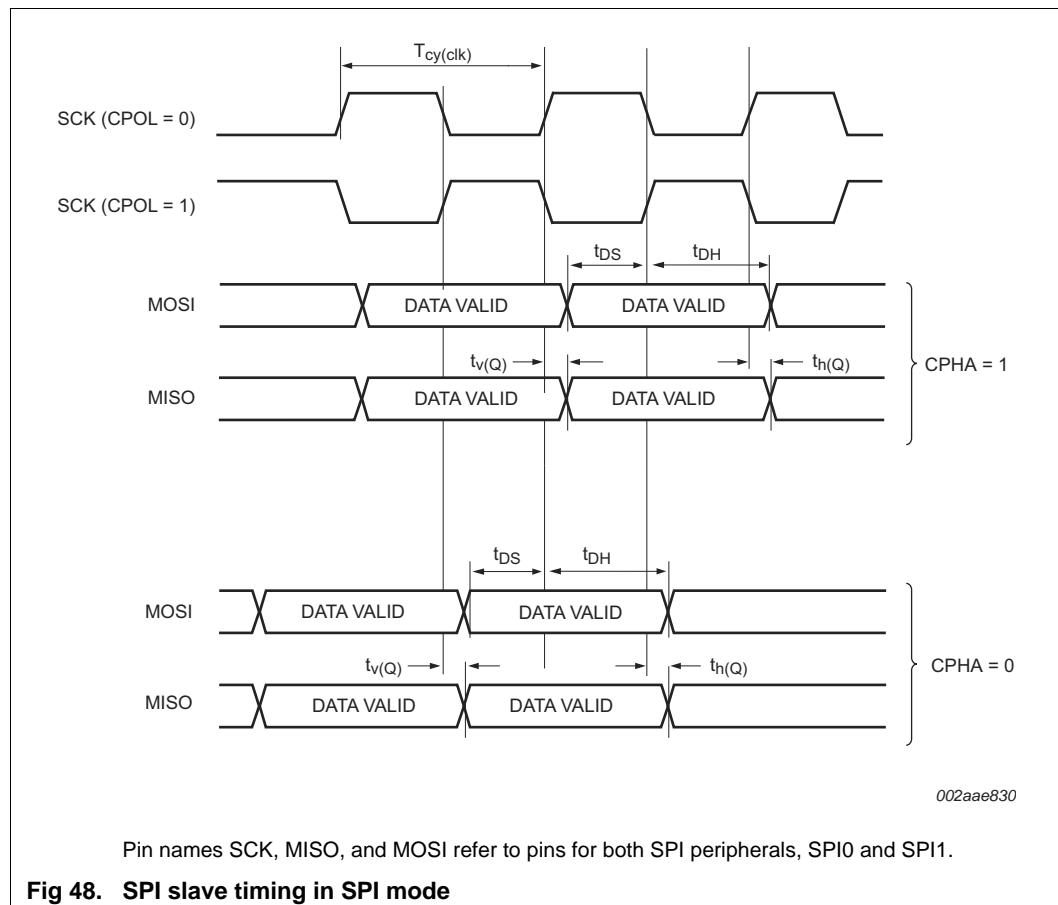
Table 24. Dynamic characteristic: external clock
 $T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$; V_{DD} over specified ranges.^[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ ^[2]	Max	Unit
f_{osc}	oscillator frequency		1	-	25	MHz
$T_{cy(clk)}$	clock cycle time		40	-	1000	ns
t_{CHCX}	clock HIGH time		$T_{cy(clk)} \times 0.4$	-	-	ns
t_{CLCX}	clock LOW time		$T_{cy(clk)} \times 0.4$	-	-	ns
t_{CLCH}	clock rise time		-	-	5	ns
t_{CHCL}	clock fall time		-	-	5	ns

[1] Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified.

[2] Typical ratings are not guaranteed. The values listed are at room temperature (25°C), nominal supply voltages.





LQFP48: plastic low profile quad flat package; 48 leads; body 7 x 7 x 1.4 mm

SOT313-2

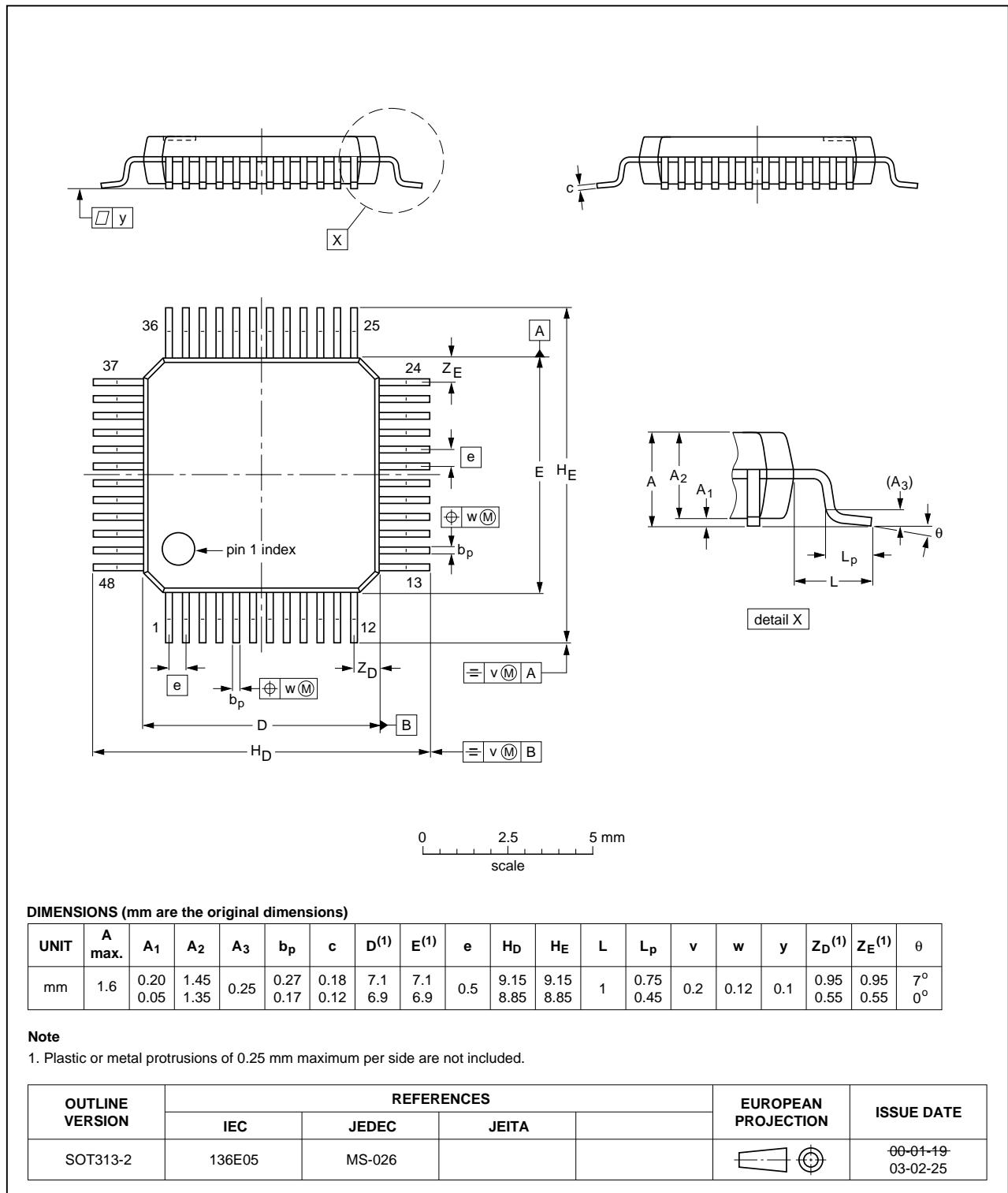
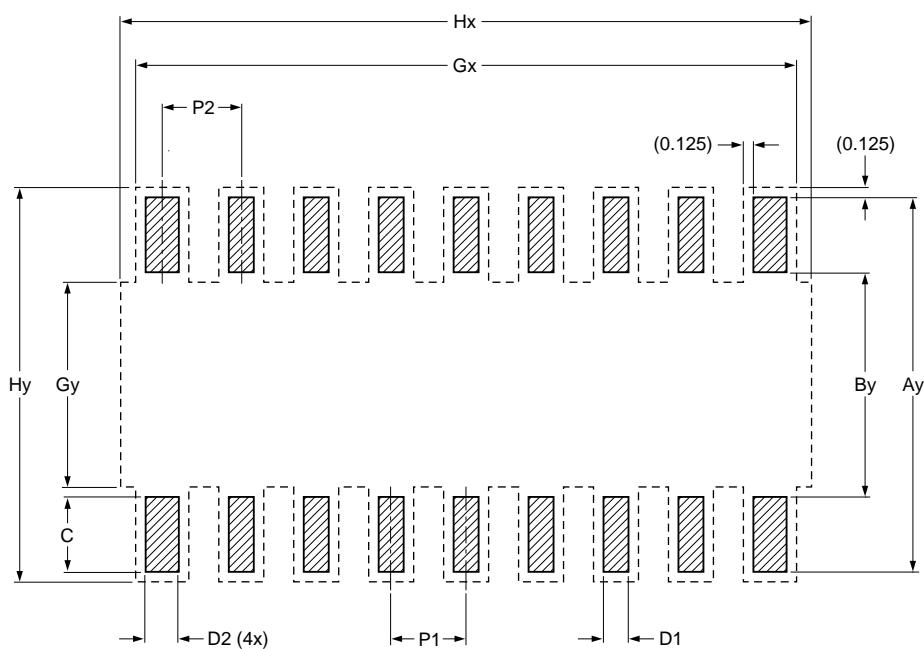


Fig 60. Package outline SOT313-2 (LQFP48)

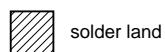
Footprint information for reflow soldering of TSSOP28 package

SOT361-1



Generic footprint pattern

Refer to the package outline drawing for actual layout



----- occupied area

DIMENSIONS in mm

P1	P2	Ay	By	C	D1	D2	Gx	Gy	Hx	Hy
0.650	0.750	7.200	4.500	1.350	0.400	0.600	9.500	5.300	11.800	7.450

sot361-1_fr

Fig 65. Reflow soldering of the TSSOP28 package