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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I ² C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	90
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	112-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	112-BGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32lg290f128g-e-bga112r

3.1.23 Analog Comparator (ACMP)

The Analog Comparator is used to compare the voltage of two analog inputs, with a digital output indicating which input voltage is higher. Inputs can either be one of the selectable internal references or from external pins. Response time and thereby also the current consumption can be configured by altering the current supply to the comparator.

3.1.24 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

The Voltage Supply Comparator is used to monitor the supply voltage from software. An interrupt can be generated when the supply falls below or rises above a programmable threshold. Response time and thereby also the current consumption can be configured by altering the current supply to the comparator.

3.1.25 Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)

The ADC is a Successive Approximation Register (SAR) architecture, with a resolution of up to 12 bits at up to one million samples per second. The integrated input mux can select inputs from 8 external pins and 6 internal signals.

3.1.26 Digital to Analog Converter (DAC)

The Digital to Analog Converter (DAC) can convert a digital value to an analog output voltage. The DAC is fully differential rail-to-rail, with 12-bit resolution. It has two single ended output buffers which can be combined into one differential output. The DAC may be used for a number of different applications such as sensor interfaces or sound output.

3.1.27 Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)

The EFM32LG features up to 3 Operational Amplifiers. The Operational Amplifier is a versatile general purpose amplifier with rail-to-rail differential input and rail-to-rail single ended output. The input can be set to pin, DAC or OPAMP, whereas the output can be pin, OPAMP or ADC. The current is programmable and the OPAMP has various internal configurations such as unity gain, programmable gain using internal resistors etc.

3.1.28 Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSE)

The Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSETM), is a highly configurable sensor interface with support for up to 16 individually configurable sensors. By controlling the analog comparators and DAC, LESENSE is capable of supporting a wide range of sensors and measurement schemes, and can for instance measure LC sensors, resistive sensors and capacitive sensors. LESENSE also includes a programmable FSM which enables simple processing of measurement results without CPU intervention. LESENSE is available in energy mode EM2, in addition to EM0 and EM1, making it ideal for sensor monitoring in applications with a strict energy budget.

3.1.29 Backup Power Domain

The backup power domain is a separate power domain containing a Backup Real Time Counter, BURTC, and a set of retention registers, available in all energy modes. This power domain can be configured to automatically change power source to a backup battery when the main power drains out. The backup power domain enables the EFM32LG to keep track of time and retain data, even if the main power source should drain out.

3.1.30 Advanced Encryption Standard Accelerator (AES)

The AES accelerator performs AES encryption and decryption with 128-bit or 256-bit keys. Encrypting or decrypting one 128-bit data block takes 52 HFCORECLK cycles with 128-bit keys and 75 HFCORECLK cycles with 256-bit keys. The AES module is an AHB slave which enables efficient access to the data and key registers. All write accesses to the AES module must be 32-bit operations, i.e. 8- or 16-bit operations are not supported.

3.1.31 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

In the EFM32LG, there are up to 93 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) pins, which are divided into ports with up to 16 pins each. These pins can individually be configured as either an output or input. More advanced configurations like open-drain, filtering and drive strength can also be configured individually for the pins. The GPIO pins can also be overridden by peripheral pin connections, like Timer PWM outputs or USART communication, which can be routed to several locations on the device. The GPIO supports up to 16 asynchronous external pin interrupts, which enables interrupts from any pin on the device. Also, the input value of a pin can be routed through the Peripheral Reflex System to other peripherals.

3.2.8 EFM32LG360

The features of the EFM32LG360 is a subset of the feature set described in the EFM32LG Reference Manual. The following table describes device specific implementation of the features.

Table 3.8. EFM32LG360 Configuration Summary

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
Cortex-M3	Full configuration	NA
DBG	Full configuration	DBG_SWCLK, DBG_SWDIO, DBG_SWO
MSC	Full configuration	NA
DMA	Full configuration	NA
RMU	Full configuration	NA
EMU	Full configuration	NA
СМИ	Full configuration	CMU_OUT0, CMU_OUT1
WDOG	Full configuration	NA
PRS	Full configuration	NA
USB	Full configuration	USB_VBUS, USB_VBUSEN, USB_VREGI, USB_VREGO, USB_DM, USB_DMPU, USB_DP, USB_ID
I2C0	Full configuration	I2C0_SDA, I2C0_SCL
I2C1	Full configuration	I2C1_SDA, I2C1_SCL
USART0	Full configuration with IrDA	US0_TX, US0_RX. US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	Full configuration with I2S	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	Full configuration with I2S	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
UART0	Full configuration	U0_TX, U0_RX
UART1	Full configuration	U1_TX, U1_RX
LEUART0	Full configuration	LEU0_TX, LEU0_RX
LEUART1	Full configuration	LEU1_TX, LEU1_RX
TIMER0	Full configuration with DTI	TIM0_CC[2:0], TIM0_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER1	Full configuration	TIM1_CC[2:0]
TIMER2	Full configuration	TIM2_CC[2:0]
TIMER3	Full configuration	TIM3_CC[2:0]
RTC	Full configuration	NA
BURTC	Full configuration	NA
LETIMER0	Full configuration	LET0_O[1:0]
PCNT0	Full configuration, 16-bit count register	PCNT0_S[1:0]
PCNT1	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT1_S[1:0]
PCNT2	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT2_S[1:0]
ACMP0	Full configuration	ACMP0_CH[7:0], ACMP0_O
ACMP1	Full configuration	ACMP1_CH[7:0], ACMP1_O
VCMP	Full configuration	NA

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections							
ACMP1	Full configuration	ACMP1_CH[7:0], ACMP1_O							
VCMP	Full configuration	NA							
ADC0	Full configuration	ADC0_CH[7:0]							
DAC0	Full configuration	DAC0_OUT[1:0], DAC0_OUTxALT							
OPAMP	Full configuration	Outputs: OPAMP_OUTx, OPAMP_OUTxALT, Inputs: OPAMP_Px, OPAMP_Nx							
AES	Full configuration	NA							
GPIO	93 pins	Available pins are shown in Table 4.3 (p. 70)							
LCD	Full configuration	LCD_SEG[35:0], LCD_COM[7:0], LCD_BCAP_P, LCD_BCAP_N, LCD_BEXT							

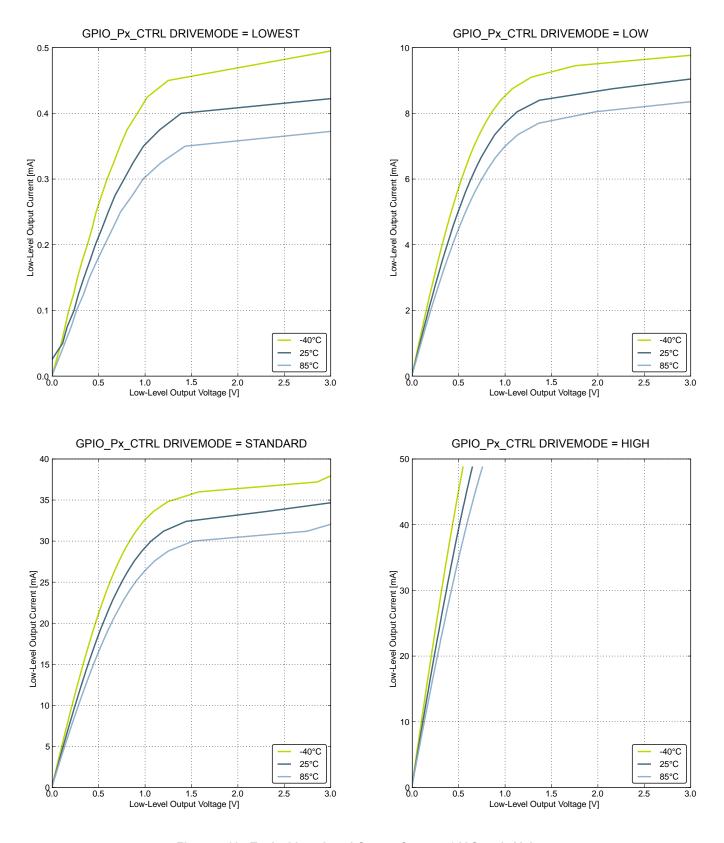


Figure 4.12. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3 V Supply Voltage

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Note:						

- 1. Measured with 70 pF load capacitance, 25 °C, and 3 V, using a 100 mV p-p amplitude on the input signal.
- 2. Simulated with 70 pF load capacitance, 25 °C, and 3 V, using a 1 mV p-p amplitude on the input signal.

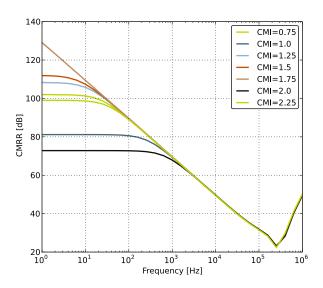


Figure 4.31. OPAMP Common Mode Rejection Ratio

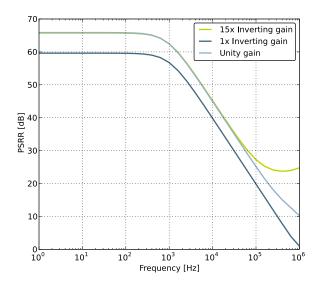


Figure 4.32. OPAMP Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio

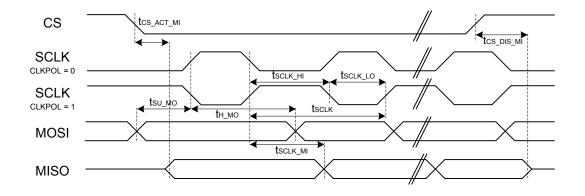


Figure 4.43. SPI Master Timing

Table 4.30. SPI Slave Timing

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
SCKL period	t _{SCLK_sl} 12	6 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns
SCLK high period	t _{SCLK_hi} 12	3 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns
SCLK low period	t _{SCLK_lo} 12	3 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns
CS active to MISO	t _{CS_ACT_MI} 12	5.00	_	35.00	ns
CS disable to MISO high-impedance	t _{CS_DIS_MI} 12	5.00	_	35.00	ns
MOSI setup time	t _{SU_MO} 12	5.00	_	_	ns
MOSI hold time	t _{H_MO} 12	2 + 2 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns
SCLK to MISO	t _{SCLK_MI} 12	7 + t _{HFPERCLK}	_	42 + 2 × t _{HFPERCLK}	ns

Note:

- 1. Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)
- 2. Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of $V_{DD})\,$

Table 4.31. SPI Slave Timing with SSSEARLY and SMSDELAY

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
SCKL period	t _{SCLK_sl} 12	6 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns
SCLK high period	t _{SCLK_hi} 12	3 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns
SCLK low period	t _{SCLK_lo} 12	3 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns
CS active to MISO	t _{CS_ACT_MI} 12	5.00	_	35.00	ns
CS disable to MISO	t _{CS_DIS_MI} 12	5.00	_	35.00	ns
MOSI setup time	t _{SU_MO} 12	5.00	_	_	ns
MOSI hold time	t _{H_MO} 12	2 + 2 × t _{HFPERCLK}	_	_	ns

QFN	64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Funct	ionality / Description	
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
46	PC13	ACMP1_CH5 DAC0_OUT1ALT #1/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI0 #1/3 TIM1_CC0 #0 TIM1_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #0		LES_CH13#0
47	PC14	ACMP1_CH6 DAC0_OUT1ALT #2/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI1 #1/3 TIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3	LES_CH14 #0
48	PC15	ACMP1_CH7 DAC0_OUT1ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI2 #1/3 TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3	LES_CH15 #0 DBG_SWO #1
49	PF0		TIM0_CC0 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
50	PF1		TIM0_CC1 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
51	PF2		TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
52	PF3		TIM0_CDTI0 #2/5		PRS_CH0 #1 ETM_TD3 #1
53	PF4		TIM0_CDTI1 #2/5		PRS_CH1 #1
54	PF5		TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5		PRS_CH2 #1
55	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.			
56	PE8		PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
57	PE9		PCNT2_S1IN #1		
58	PE10		TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
59	PE11		TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
60	PE12		TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
61	PE13			US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
62	PE14		TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
63	PE15		TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
64	PA15		TIM3_CC2 #0		

Alternate			L	OCATIO	N			
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
US2_TX	PC2	PB3						USART2 Asynchronous Transmit.Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).

5.4.3 GPIO Pinout Overview

The specific GPIO pins available in EFM32LG290 is shown in the following table. Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 5.12. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	PA15	PA14	PA13	PA12	PA11	PA10	PA9	PA8	PA7	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	PB15	PB14	PB13	PB12	PB11	PB10	PB9	PB8	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	PB2	PB1	PB0
Port C	PC15	PC14	PC13	PC12	PC11	PC10	PC9	PC8	PC7	PC6	PC5	PC4	PC3	PC2	PC1	PC0
Port D	PD15	PD14	PD13	PD12	PD11	PD10	PD9	PD8	PD7	PD6	PD5	PD4	PD3	PD2	PD1	PD0
Port E	PE15	PE14	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	PE9	PE8	PE7	PE6	PE5	PE4	PE3	PE2	PE1	PE0
Port F	_	_	_	_	_	_	PF9	PF8	PF7	PF6	PF5	PF4	PF3	PF2	PF1	PF0

5.4.4 Opamp Pinout Overview

The specific opamp terminals available in EFM32LG290 is shown in the following figure.

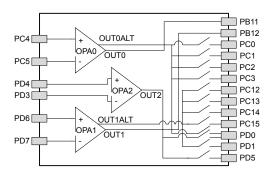


Figure 5.8. Opamp Pinout

Alternate			L	OCATIO	N			
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
EBI_A06	PC7	PC7	PC7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 06.
EBI_A07	PE0	PE0	PE0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 07.
EBI_A08	PE1	PE1	PE1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 08.
EBI_A09	PE2	PC9	PC9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 09.
EBI_A10	PE3	PC10	PC10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 10.
EBI_A11	PE4	PE4	PE4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 11.
EBI_A12	PE5	PE5	PE5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 12.
EBI_A13	PE6	PE6	PE6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 13.
EBI_A14	PE7	PE7	PE7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 14.
EBI_A15	PC8	PC8	PC8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 15.
EBI_A16	PB0	PB0	PB0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 16.
EBI_A17	PB1	PB1	PB1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 17.
EBI_A18	PB2	PB2	PB2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 18.
EBI_A19	PB3	PB3	PB3					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 19.
EBI_A20	PB4	PB4	PB4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 20.
EBI_A21	PB5	PB5	PB5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 21.
EBI_A22	PB6	PB6	PB6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 22.
EBI_A23	PC0	PC0	PC0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 23.
EBI_A24	PC1	PC1	PC1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 24.
EBI_A25	PC2	PC2	PC2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 25.
EBI_A26	PC4	PC4	PC4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 26.
EBI_A27	PD2	PD2	PD2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 27.
EBI_AD00	PE8	PE8	PE8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 00.
EBI_AD01	PE9	PE9	PE9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 01.
EBI_AD02	PE10	PE10	PE10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 02.
EBI_AD03	PE11	PE11	PE11					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 03.
EBI_AD04	PE12	PE12	PE12					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 04.
EBI_AD05	PE13	PE13	PE13					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 05.
EBI_AD06	PE14	PE14	PE14					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 06.
EBI_AD07	PE15	PE15	PE15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 07.
EBI_AD08	PA15	PA15	PA15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 08.

Alternate		LOCATION						
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
I2C0_SDA	PA0	PD6	PC6		PC0	PF0	PE12	I2C0 Serial Data input / output.
I2C1_SCL	PC5							I2C1 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C1_SDA	PC4	PB11						I2C1 Serial Data input / output.
LES_ALTEX0	PD6							LESENSE alternate exite output 0.
LES_ALTEX1	PD7							LESENSE alternate exite output 1.
LES_ALTEX2	PA3							LESENSE alternate exite output 2.
LES_ALTEX3	PA4							LESENSE alternate exite output 3.
LES_ALTEX4	PA5							LESENSE alternate exite output 4.
LES_ALTEX5	PE11							LESENSE alternate exite output 5.
LES_ALTEX6	PE12							LESENSE alternate exite output 6.
LES_ALTEX7	PE13							LESENSE alternate exite output 7.
LES_CH0	PC0							LESENSE channel 0.
LES_CH1	PC1							LESENSE channel 1.
LES_CH2	PC2							LESENSE channel 2.
LES_CH3	PC3							LESENSE channel 3.
LES_CH4	PC4							LESENSE channel 4.
LES_CH5	PC5							LESENSE channel 5.
LES_CH6	PC6							LESENSE channel 6.
LES_CH7	PC7							LESENSE channel 7.
LES_CH8	PC8							LESENSE channel 8.
LES_CH9	PC9							LESENSE channel 9.
LES_CH10	PC10							LESENSE channel 10.
LES_CH11	PC11							LESENSE channel 11.
LETIMO_OUT0	PD6	PB11	PF0	PC4				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 0.
LETIM0_OUT1	PD7		PF1	PC5				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PE15	PF1	PA0			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX	PD4	PB13	PE14	PF0	PF2			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LEU1_RX	PC7							LEUART1 Receive input.
LEU1_TX	PC6	PA5						LEUART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN			PC0	PD6				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN			PC1	PD7				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.

5.10.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in the following table. The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Table 5.29. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate			L	OCATIO	N			
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13	PE2	PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.
ACMP1_O	PF2	PE3	PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.
ADC0_CH7	PD7							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 7.
BOOT_RX	PE11							Bootloader RX.
BOOT_TX	PE10							Bootloader TX.

5.11.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in the following table. The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Table 5.32. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate			L	OCATIO	N			
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13	PE2	PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.
ACMP1_CH4	PC12							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 4.
ACMP1_CH5	PC13							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 5.
ACMP1_CH6	PC14							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 6.
ACMP1_CH7	PC15							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 7.
ACMP1_O	PF2	PE3	PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.

5.14.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in the following table. The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Table 5.41. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate			L	OCATIC)N			
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13	PE2	PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.
ACMP1_CH4	PC12							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 4.
ACMP1_CH5	PC13							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 5.
ACMP1_CH6	PC14							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 6.
ACMP1_CH7	PC15							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 7.
ACMP1_O	PF2	PE3	PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.

Alternate		LOCATION						
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
LCD_SEG22/ LCD_COM6	PB5							LCD segment line 22. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 6
LCD_SEG23/ LCD_COM7	PB6							LCD segment line 23. Segments 20, 21, 22 and 23 are controlled by SEGEN5. This pin may also be used as LCD COM line 7
LCD_SEG24	PF6							LCD segment line 24. Segments 24, 25, 26 and 27 are controlled by SEGEN6.
LCD_SEG25	PF7							LCD segment line 25. Segments 24, 25, 26 and 27 are controlled by SEGEN6.
LCD_SEG26	PF8							LCD segment line 26. Segments 24, 25, 26 and 27 are controlled by SEGEN6.
LCD_SEG27	PF9							LCD segment line 27. Segments 24, 25, 26 and 27 are controlled by SEGEN6.
LCD_SEG28	PD9							LCD segment line 28. Segments 28, 29, 30 and 31 are controlled by SEGEN7.
LCD_SEG29	PD10							LCD segment line 29. Segments 28, 29, 30 and 31 are controlled by SEGEN7.
LCD_SEG30	PD11							LCD segment line 30. Segments 28, 29, 30 and 31 are controlled by SEGEN7.
LCD_SEG31	PD12							LCD segment line 31. Segments 28, 29, 30 and 31 are controlled by SEGEN7.
LCD_SEG32	PB0							LCD segment line 32. Segments 32, 33, 34 and 35 are controlled by SEGEN8.
LCD_SEG33	PB1							LCD segment line 33. Segments 32, 33, 34 and 35 are controlled by SEGEN8.
LCD_SEG34	PB2							LCD segment line 34. Segments 32, 33, 34 and 35 are controlled by SEGEN8.
LCD_SEG35	PA7							LCD segment line 35. Segments 32, 33, 34 and 35 are controlled by SEGEN8.
LCD_SEG36	PA8							LCD segment line 36. Segments 36, 37, 38 and 39 are controlled by SEGEN9.
LCD_SEG37	PA9							LCD segment line 37. Segments 36, 37, 38 and 39 are controlled by SEGEN9.
LCD_SEG38	PA10							LCD segment line 38. Segments 36, 37, 38 and 39 are controlled by SEGEN9.
LCD_SEG39	PA11							LCD segment line 39. Segments 36, 37, 38 and 39 are controlled by SEGEN9.
LES_ALTEX0	PD6							LESENSE alternate exite output 0.
LES_ALTEX1	PD7							LESENSE alternate exite output 1.
LES_ALTEX2	PA3							LESENSE alternate exite output 2.
LES_ALTEX3	PA4							LESENSE alternate exite output 3.
LES_ALTEX4	PA5							LESENSE alternate exite output 4.
LES_ALTEX5	PE11							LESENSE alternate exite output 5.

5.18 EFM32LG940 (QFN64)

5.18.1 Pinout

The EFM32LG940 pinout is shown in the following figure and table. Alternate locations are denoted by "#" followed by the location number (Multiple locations on the same pin are split with "/"). Alternate locations can be configured in the LOCATION bitfield in the * ROUTE register in the module in question.

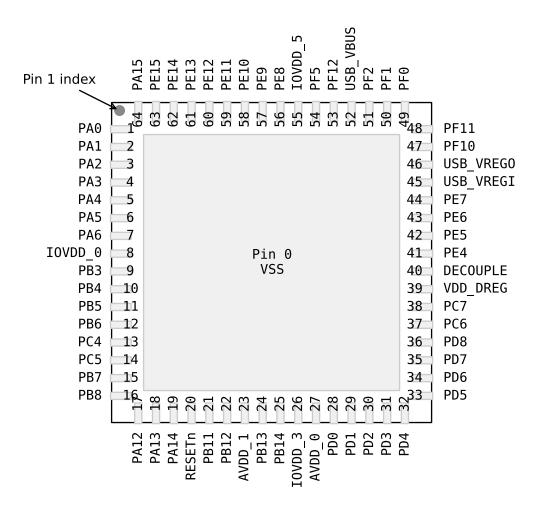


Figure 5.35. EFM32LG940 Pinout (top view, not to scale)

Table 5.52. Device Pinout

QFN64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description						
Pin#	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other			
0	VSS	Ground.						
1	PA0	LCD_SEG13	TIM0_CC0 #0/1/4	LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	PRS_CH0 #0 GPIO_EM4WU0			

5.18.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in the following table. The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Table 5.53. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION								
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description	
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.	
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.	
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.	
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.	
ACMP0_O	PE13		PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.	
ACMP1_O	PF2		PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.	
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.	
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.	
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.	
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.	
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.	
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.	
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.	
ADC0_CH7	PD7							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 7.	
BOOT_RX	PE11							Bootloader RX.	
BOOT_TX	PE10							Bootloader TX.	
BU_VIN	PD8							Battery input for Backup Power Domain	
CMU_CLK0	PA2		PD7					Clock Management Unit, clock output number 0.	
CMU_CLK1	PA1	PD8	PE12					Clock Management Unit, clock output number 1.	
OPAMP_N0	PC5							Operational Amplifier 0 external negative input.	
OPAMP_N1	PD7							Operational Amplifier 1 external negative input.	
OPAMP_N2	PD3							Operational Amplifier 2 external negative input.	
DAC0_OUT0 / OPAMP_OUT0	PB11							Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT0 /OPAMP output channel number 0.	

5.20 EFM32LG980 (LQFP100)

5.20.1 Pinout

The EFM32LG980 pinout is shown in the following figure and table. Alternate locations are denoted by "#" followed by the location number (Multiple locations on the same pin are split with "/"). Alternate locations can be configured in the LOCATION bitfield in the *_ROUTE register in the module in question.

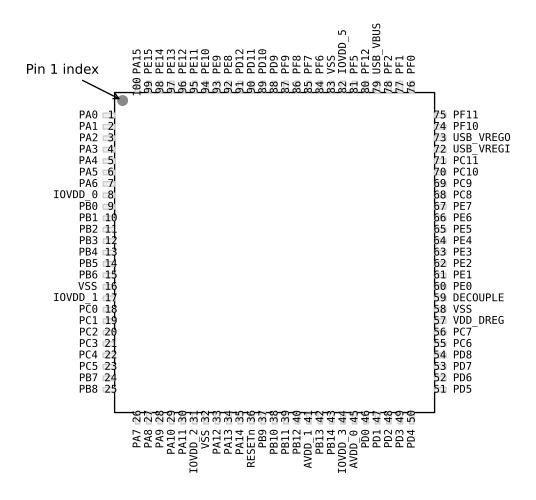


Figure 5.39. EFM32LG980 Pinout (top view, not to scale)

Table 5.58. Device Pinout

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description								
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other				
1	PA0	LCD_SEG13	EBI_AD09 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #0/1/4	LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	PRS_CH0 #0 GPIO_EM4WU0				
2	PA1	LCD_SEG14	EBI_AD10 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #0/1	I2C0_SCL #0	CMU_CLK1 #0 PRS_CH1 #0				

BGA112 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description								
Pin#	Pin Name	Analog EBI		Timers	Communication	Other				
L8	PB13	HFXTAL_P			US0_CLK #4/5 LEU0_TX #1					
L9	PB14	HFXTAL_N			US0_CS #4/5 LEU0_RX #1					
L10	AVDD_0	Analog power supply	0.							
L11	PD0	ADC0_CH0 DAC0_OUT0ALT #4/ OPAMP_OUT0ALT OPAMP_OUT2 #1		PCNT2_S0IN #0	US1_TX #1					

5.22.4 Opamp Pinout Overview

The specific opamp terminals available in EFM32LG995 is shown in the following figure.

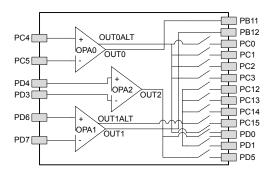


Figure 5.44. Opamp Pinout

14. Revision History

14.1 Revision 2.00

April 17th, 2017

Consolidated all EFM32LG data sheets:

- EFM32LG230
- EFM32LG232
- EFM32LG280
- EFM32LG290
- EFM32LG295
- EFM32LG330
- EFM32LG332
- EFM32LG360
- EFM32LG380
- EFM32LG390
- EFM32LG395
- EFM32LG840
- EFM32LG842
- EFM32LG880
- EFM32LG890
- EFM32LG895
- EFM32LG900
- EFM32LG940
- EFM32LG942
- EFM32LG980
- EFM32LG990
- EFM32LG995

Added a Feature List section.

- 2. Ordering Information Added ordering code decoder.
- 3.3 Memory Map Separated the Memory Map into two figures one for core and code space listing and one for peripheral listing.
- 4.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings Removed the footnote about storage temperature and added max source/sink current per I/O pin.

Environmental – Removed this section. Environmental specifications are available in the qualification report.

- 4.4 Current Consumption Added maximum current specifications for the highest energy mode, I_{EM0}.
- 4.8 General Purpose Input Output Reduced maximum input leakage current (I_{IOLEAK}, max).
- 4.9.1 LFXO Replaced "energyAware Designer" with "Configurator tool".
- 4.9.3 LFRCO Added (min, typ, max) specifications for oscillation frequency over full power supply and full temperature range. Also added typical voltage drift and temperature drift specs.
- 4.9.3 LFRCO Updated graphs for calibrated LFRCO Frequency vs. Temperature and Supply Range, and also fixed y-axis unit [kHz].
- 4.9.4 HFRCO Added specifications for oscillation frequency over full power supply and temperature range, added typical voltage drift and temperature drift specs at each frequency band, and removed the duty cycle spec (DC_{HFRCO}).
- 4.9.4 HFRCO Updated all HFRCO graphs (various frequency bands).
- 4.9.6 ULFRCO Removed the duty cycle spec for AUXHFRCO (DC_{AUXHFRCO}).
- 4.10 Analog Digital Converter (ADC) Added the following specs:
- Input bias current (I_{ADCBIASIN}) added max (source and sink).
- Input offset current (I_{ADCOFFSETIN}) added max (source and sink).
- VREF output voltage (V_{REF}) added min, typ, max.