



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	50
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32lg332f64g-e-qfp64

3.1.23 Analog Comparator (ACMP)

The Analog Comparator is used to compare the voltage of two analog inputs, with a digital output indicating which input voltage is higher. Inputs can either be one of the selectable internal references or from external pins. Response time and thereby also the current consumption can be configured by altering the current supply to the comparator.

3.1.24 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

The Voltage Supply Comparator is used to monitor the supply voltage from software. An interrupt can be generated when the supply falls below or rises above a programmable threshold. Response time and thereby also the current consumption can be configured by altering the current supply to the comparator.

3.1.25 Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)

The ADC is a Successive Approximation Register (SAR) architecture, with a resolution of up to 12 bits at up to one million samples per second. The integrated input mux can select inputs from 8 external pins and 6 internal signals.

3.1.26 Digital to Analog Converter (DAC)

The Digital to Analog Converter (DAC) can convert a digital value to an analog output voltage. The DAC is fully differential rail-to-rail, with 12-bit resolution. It has two single ended output buffers which can be combined into one differential output. The DAC may be used for a number of different applications such as sensor interfaces or sound output.

3.1.27 Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)

The EFM32LG features up to 3 Operational Amplifiers. The Operational Amplifier is a versatile general purpose amplifier with rail-to-rail differential input and rail-to-rail single ended output. The input can be set to pin, DAC or OPAMP, whereas the output can be pin, OPAMP or ADC. The current is programmable and the OPAMP has various internal configurations such as unity gain, programmable gain using internal resistors etc.

3.1.28 Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSE)

The Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSE™), is a highly configurable sensor interface with support for up to 16 individually configurable sensors. By controlling the analog comparators and DAC, LESENSE is capable of supporting a wide range of sensors and measurement schemes, and can for instance measure LC sensors, resistive sensors and capacitive sensors. LESENSE also includes a programmable FSM which enables simple processing of measurement results without CPU intervention. LESENSE is available in energy mode EM2, in addition to EM0 and EM1, making it ideal for sensor monitoring in applications with a strict energy budget.

3.1.29 Backup Power Domain

The backup power domain is a separate power domain containing a Backup Real Time Counter, BURTC, and a set of retention registers, available in all energy modes. This power domain can be configured to automatically change power source to a backup battery when the main power drains out. The backup power domain enables the EFM32LG to keep track of time and retain data, even if the main power source should drain out.

3.1.30 Advanced Encryption Standard Accelerator (AES)

The AES accelerator performs AES encryption and decryption with 128-bit or 256-bit keys. Encrypting or decrypting one 128-bit data block takes 52 HFCORECLK cycles with 128-bit keys and 75 HFCORECLK cycles with 256-bit keys. The AES module is an AHB slave which enables efficient access to the data and key registers. All write accesses to the AES module must be 32-bit operations, i.e. 8- or 16-bit operations are not supported.

3.1.31 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

In the EFM32LG, there are up to 93 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) pins, which are divided into ports with up to 16 pins each. These pins can individually be configured as either an output or input. More advanced configurations like open-drain, filtering and drive strength can also be configured individually for the pins. The GPIO pins can also be overridden by peripheral pin connections, like Timer PWM outputs or USART communication, which can be routed to several locations on the device. The GPIO supports up to 16 asynchronous external pin interrupts, which enables interrupts from any pin on the device. Also, the input value of a pin can be routed through the Peripheral Reflex System to other peripherals.

3.2.11 EFM32LG395

The features of the EFM32LG395 is a subset of the feature set described in the EFM32LG Reference Manual. The following table describes device specific implementation of the features.

Table 3.11. EFM32LG395 Configuration Summary

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
Cortex-M3	Full configuration	NA
DBG	Full configuration	DBG_SWCLK, DBG_SWDIO, DBG_SWO
MSC	Full configuration	NA
DMA	Full configuration	NA
RMU	Full configuration	NA
EMU	Full configuration	NA
CMU	Full configuration	CMU_OUT0, CMU_OUT1
WDOG	Full configuration	NA
PRS	Full configuration	NA
USB	Full configuration	USB_VBUS, USB_VBUSEN, USB_VREGI, USB_VREGO, USB_DM, USB_DMPU, USB_DP, USB_ID
EBI	Full configuration	EBI_A[27:0], EBI_AD[15:0], EBI_ARDY, EBI_ALE, EBI_BL[1:0], EBI_CS[3:0], EBI_CSTFT, EBI_DCLK, EBI_DTEN, EBI_HSNCR, EBI_NANDREN, EBI_NANDWEN, EBI_REN, EBI_VSNCR, EBI_WEN
I2C0	Full configuration	I2C0_SDA, I2C0_SCL
I2C1	Full configuration	I2C1_SDA, I2C1_SCL
USART0	Full configuration with IrDA	US0_TX, US0_RX, US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	Full configuration with I2S	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	Full configuration with I2S	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
UART0	Full configuration	U0_TX, U0_RX
UART1	Full configuration	U1_TX, U1_RX
LEUART0	Full configuration	LEU0_TX, LEU0_RX
LEUART1	Full configuration	LEU1_TX, LEU1_RX
TIMER0	Full configuration with DTI	TIM0_CC[2:0], TIM0_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER1	Full configuration	TIM1_CC[2:0]
TIMER2	Full configuration	TIM2_CC[2:0]
TIMER3	Full configuration	TIM3_CC[2:0]
RTC	Full configuration	NA
BURTC	Full configuration	NA
LETIMER0	Full configuration	LET0_O[1:0]
PCNT0	Full configuration, 16-bit count register	PCNT0_S[1:0]
PCNT1	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT1_S[1:0]
PCNT2	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT2_S[1:0]
ACMP0	Full configuration	ACMP0_CH[7:0], ACMP0_O

3.2.19 EFM32LG942

The features of the EFM32LG942 is a subset of the feature set described in the EFM32LG Reference Manual. The following table device specific implementation of the features.

Table 3.19. EFM32LG942 Configuration Summary

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
Cortex-M3	Full configuration	NA
DBG	Full configuration	DBG_SWCLK, DBG_SWDIO, DBG_SWO
MSC	Full configuration	NA
DMA	Full configuration	NA
RMU	Full configuration	NA
EMU	Full configuration	NA
CMU	Full configuration	CMU_OUT0, CMU_OUT1
WDOG	Full configuration	NA
PRS	Full configuration	NA
USB	Full configuration	USB_VBUS, USB_VBUSEN, USB_VREGI, USB_VREGO, USB_DM, USB_DMPU, USB_DP, USB_ID
I2C0	Full configuration	I2C0_SDA, I2C0_SCL
I2C1	Full configuration	I2C1_SDA, I2C1_SCL
USART0	Full configuration with IrDA	US0_TX, US0_RX, US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	Full configuration with I2S	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	Full configuration with I2S	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
LEUART0	Full configuration	LEU0_TX, LEU0_RX
LEUART1	Full configuration	LEU1_TX, LEU1_RX
TIMER0	Full configuration with DTI	TIM0_CC[2:0], TIM0_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER1	Full configuration	TIM1_CC[2:0]
TIMER2	Full configuration	TIM2_CC[2:0]
TIMER3	Full configuration	TIM3_CC[2:0]
RTC	Full configuration	NA
BURTC	Full configuration	NA
LETIMER0	Full configuration	LET0_O[1:0]
PCNT0	Full configuration, 16-bit count register	PCNT0_S[1:0]
PCNT1	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT1_S[1:0]
PCNT2	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT2_S[1:0]
ACMP0	Full configuration	ACMP0_CH[3:0], ACMP0_O
ACMP1	Full configuration	ACMP1_CH[0], ACMP1_O
VCMP	Full configuration	NA
ADC0	Full configuration	ADC0_CH[7:0]
DAC0	Full configuration	DAC0_OUT[1:0], DAC0_OUTxALT

4.8 General Purpose Input Output

Table 4.7. GPIO

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input low voltage	V_{IOIL}		—	—	$0.30 \times V_{DD}$	V
Input high voltage	V_{IOIH}		$0.70 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	V
Output high voltage (Production test condition = 3.0V, DRIVEMODE = STANDARD)	V_{IOOH}	Sourcing 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW-EST	—	$0.80 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sourcing 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW-EST	—	$0.90 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sourcing 1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW	—	$0.85 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sourcing 1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW	—	$0.90 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sourcing 6 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	$0.75 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	V
		Sourcing 6 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	$0.85 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	V
		Sourcing 20 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH	$0.60 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	V
		Sourcing 20 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH	$0.80 \times V_{DD}$	—	—	V
Output low voltage (Production test condition = 3.0V, DRIVEMODE = STANDARD)	V_{IOOL}	Sinking 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW-EST	—	$0.20 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sinking 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW-EST	—	$0.10 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sinking 1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW	—	$0.10 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sinking 1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW	—	$0.05 \times V_{DD}$	—	V
		Sinking 6 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	—	—	$0.30 \times V_{DD}$	V
		Sinking 6 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	—	—	$0.20 \times V_{DD}$	V
		Sinking 20 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH	—	—	$0.35 \times V_{DD}$	V
		Sinking 20 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH	—	—	$0.25 \times V_{DD}$	V

4.10 Analog Digital Converter (ADC)

Table 4.14. ADC

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input voltage range	V_{ADCIN}	Single ended	0	—	V_{REF}	V
		Differential	$-V_{\text{REF}}/2$	—	$V_{\text{REF}}/2$	V
Input range of external reference voltage, single ended and differential	V_{ADCREFIN}		1.25	—	V_{DD}	V
Input range of external negative reference voltage on channel 7	$V_{\text{ADCREFIN_CH7}}$	See V_{ADCREFIN}	0	—	$V_{\text{DD}} - 1.1$	V
Input range of external positive reference voltage on channel 6	$V_{\text{ADCREFIN_CH6}}$	See V_{ADCREFIN}	0.625	—	V_{DD}	V
Common mode input range	V_{ADCCMIN}		0	—	V_{DD}	V
Input current	I_{ADCIN}	2 pF sampling capacitors	—	<100	—	nA
Analog input common mode rejection ratio	CMRR_{ADC}		—	65	—	dB
Average active current	I_{ADC}	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, external reference	—	351	—	μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b00	—	67	—	μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b01	—	63	—	μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b10	—	64	—	μA
Input capacitance	C_{ADCIN}		—	2	—	pF
Input ON resistance	R_{ADCIN}		1	—	—	M Ω
Input RC filter resistance	R_{ADCFILT}		—	10	—	k Ω
Input RC filter/decoupling capacitance	C_{ADCFILT}		—	250	—	fF
Input bias current	$I_{\text{ADCBIASIN}}$	$V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{DD}}$	-40	—	40	nA
Input offset current	$I_{\text{ADCOFFSETIN}}$	$V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{DD}}$	-40	—	40	nA
ADC Clock Frequency	f_{ADCCLK}		—	—	13	MHz
Conversion time	t_{ADCCONV}	6 bit	7	—	—	ADCCLK Cycles
		8 bit	11	—	—	ADCCLK Cycles
		12 bit	13	—	—	ADCCLK Cycles

4.11 Digital Analog Converter (DAC)

Table 4.15. DAC

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output voltage range	V_{DACOUT}	VDD voltage reference, single ended	0	—	V_{DD}	V
		VDD voltage reference, differential	$-V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V
Output common mode voltage range	V_{DACCM}		0	—	V_{DD}	V
Active current including references for 2 channels	I_{DAC}	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit	—	400 ¹	—	μA
		100 kSamples/s, 12 bit	—	200 ¹	—	μA
		1 kSamples/s 12 bit NORMAL	—	17 ¹	—	μA
Sample rate	SR_{DAC}		—	—	500	ksamples/s
DAC clock frequency	f_{DAC}	Continuous Mode	—	—	1000	kHz
		Sample/Hold Mode	—	—	250	kHz
		Sample/Off Mode	—	—	250	kHz
Clock cycles per conversion	$CYC_{DAC-CONV}$		—	2	—	cycles
Conversion time	$t_{DACCONV}$		2	—	—	μs
Settling time	$t_{DACSETTLE}$		—	5	—	μs
Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)	SNR_{DAC}	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference	—	58	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference	—	59	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference	—	58	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference	—	58	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	—	59	—	dB
Signal to Noisepulse Distortion Ratio (SNDR)	$SNDR_{DAC}$	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference	—	57	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference	—	54	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference	—	56	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference	—	53	—	dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	—	55	—	dB

4.13 Analog Comparator (ACMP)

Table 4.17. ACMP

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input voltage range	V_{ACMPIN}		0	—	V_{DD}	V
Input bias current	$I_{ACMPBIASIN}$	$V_{SS} < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	-40	—	40	nA
Input offset current	$I_{ACMPOFFSETIN}$	$V_{SS} < V_{IN} < V_{DD}$	-40	—	40	nA
ACMP Common Mode voltage range	V_{ACMPCM}		0	—	V_{DD}	V
Active current	I_{ACMP}	BIASPROG=0b0000, FULL-BIAS=0 and HALFBIAS=1 in ACMPn_CTRL register	—	0.1 ¹	0.4 ¹	μA
		BIASPROG=0b1111, FULL-BIAS= 0 and HALFBIAS=0 in ACMPn_CTRL register	—	2.87 ¹	15 ¹	μA
		BIASPROG=0b1111, FULL-BIAS= 1 and HALFBIAS=0 in ACMPn_CTRL register	—	195 ¹	520 ¹	μA
		BIASPROG=0b0100, FULL-BIAS=0, HALFBIAS=1 in ACMPn_CTRL register	—	0.8 ¹	2.2 ¹	μA
		BIASPROG=0b1111, FULL-BIAS=0, HALFBIAS=1 in-ACMPn_CTRL register	—	2.7 ¹	8.1 ¹	μA
Current consumption of internal voltage reference	$I_{ACMPREF}$	Internal voltage reference off. Using external voltage reference	—	0	—	μA
		Internal voltage reference	—	5	—	μA

QFN64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
46	PC13	ACMP1_CH5 DAC0_OUT1ALT #1/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI0 #1/3 TIM1_CC0 #0 TIM1_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #0		LES_CH13 #0
47	PC14	ACMP1_CH6 DAC0_OUT1ALT #2/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI1 #1/3 TIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3	LES_CH14 #0
48	PC15	ACMP1_CH7 DAC0_OUT1ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI2 #1/3 TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3	LES_CH15 #0 DBG_SWO #1
49	PF0		TIM0_CC0 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
50	PF1		TIM0_CC1 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
51	PF2		TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
52	PF3		TIM0_CDTI0 #2/5		PRS_CH0 #1 ETM_TD3 #1
53	PF4		TIM0_CDTI1 #2/5		PRS_CH1 #1
54	PF5		TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5		PRS_CH2 #1
55	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.			
56	PE8		PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
57	PE9		PCNT2_S1IN #1		
58	PE10		TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
59	PE11		TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
60	PE12		TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
61	PE13			US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
62	PE14		TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
63	PE15		TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
64	PA15		TIM3_CC2 #0		

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
26	PA7		EBI_CSTFT #0/1/2			
27	PA8		EBI_DCLK #0/1/2	TIM2_CC0 #0		
28	PA9		EBI_DTEN #0/1/2	TIM2_CC1 #0		
29	PA10		EBI_VSNC #0/1/2	TIM2_CC2 #0		
30	PA11		EBI_HSNC #0/1/2			
31	IOVDD_2	Digital IO power supply 2.				
32	VSS	Ground.				
33	PA12		EBI_A00 #0/1/2	TIM2_CC0 #1		
34	PA13		EBI_A01 #0/1/2	TIM2_CC1 #1		
35	PA14		EBI_A02 #0/1/2	TIM2_CC2 #1		
36	RESETn	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.				
37	PB9		EBI_A03 #0/1/2		U1_TX #2	
38	PB10		EBI_A04 #0/1/2		U1_RX #2	
39	PB11	DAC0_OUT0 / OPAMP_OUT0		TIM1_CC2 #3 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #1	I2C1_SDA #1	
40	PB12	DAC0_OUT1 / OPAMP_OUT1		LETIM0_OUT1 #1	I2C1_SCL #1	
41	AVDD_1	Analog power supply 1.				
42	PB13	HFX TAL_P			US0_CLK #4/5 LEU0_TX #1	
43	PB14	HFX TAL_N			US0_CS #4/5 LEU0_RX #1	
44	IOVDD_3	Digital IO power supply 3.				
45	AVDD_0	Analog power supply 0.				
46	PD0	ADC0_CH0 DAC0_OUT0ALT #4/ OPAMP_OUT0ALT OPAMP_OUT2 #1		PCNT2_S0IN #0	US1_TX #1	
47	PD1	ADC0_CH1 DAC0_OUT1ALT #4/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT		TIM0_CC0 #3 PCNT2_S1IN #0	US1_RX #1	DBG_SWO #2
48	PD2	ADC0_CH2	EBI_A27 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #3	USB_DMPU #0 US1_CLK #1	DBG_SWO #3
49	PD3	ADC0_CH3 OPAMP_N2		TIM0_CC2 #3	US1_CS #1	ETM_TD1 #0/2
50	PD4	ADC0_CH4 OPAMP_P2			LEU0_TX #0	ETM_TD2 #0/2
51	PD5	ADC0_CH5 OPAMP_OUT2 #0			LEU0_RX #0	ETM_TD3 #0/2

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
75	PC15	ACMP1_CH7 DAC0_OUT1ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT		TIM0_CDTI2 #1/3 TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3 U0_RX #3	LES_CH15 #0 DBG_SWO #1
76	PF0			TIM0_CC0 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
77	PF1			TIM0_CC1 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
78	PF2		EBI_ARDY #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
79	PF3		EBI_ALE #0	TIM0_CDTI0 #2/5		PRS_CH0 #1 ETM_TD3 #1
80	PF4		EBI_WEn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI1 #2/5		PRS_CH1 #1
81	PF5		EBI_REn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5		PRS_CH2 #1
82	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.				
83	VSS	Ground.				
84	PF6		EBI_BL0 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #2	U0_TX #0	
85	PF7		EBI_BL1 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #2	U0_RX #0	
86	PF8		EBI_WEn #1	TIM0_CC2 #2		ETM_TCLK #1
87	PF9		EBI_REn #1			ETM_TD0 #1
88	PD9		EBI_CS0 #0/1/2			
89	PD10		EBI_CS1 #0/1/2			
90	PD11		EBI_CS2 #0/1/2			
91	PD12		EBI_CS3 #0/1/2			
92	PE8		EBI_AD00 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
93	PE9		EBI_AD01 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
94	PE10		EBI_AD02 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
95	PE11		EBI_AD03 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
96	PE12		EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
97	PE13		EBI_AD05 #0/1/2		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
98	PE14		EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
99	PE15		EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
100	PA15		EBI_AD08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC2 #0		

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ETM_TD2	PD4	PB15	PD4	PA4				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 2.
ETM_TD3	PD5	PF3	PD5	PA5				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 3.
GPIO_EM4WU0	PA0							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU1	PA6							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU2	PC9							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU3	PF1							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU4	PF2							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU5	PE13							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
HFX TAL_N	PB14							High Frequency Crystal negative pin. Also used as external optional clock input pin.
HFX TAL_P	PB13							High Frequency Crystal positive pin.
I2C0_SCL	PA1	PD7	PC7	PD15	PC1	PF1	PE13	I2C0 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C0_SDA	PA0	PD6	PC6	PD14	PC0	PF0	PE12	I2C0 Serial Data input / output.
I2C1_SCL	PC5	PB12	PE1					I2C1 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C1_SDA	PC4	PB11	PE0					I2C1 Serial Data input / output.
LES_ALTEX0	PD6							LESENSE alternate exite output 0.
LES_ALTEX1	PD7							LESENSE alternate exite output 1.
LES_ALTEX2	PA3							LESENSE alternate exite output 2.
LES_ALTEX3	PA4							LESENSE alternate exite output 3.
LES_ALTEX4	PA5							LESENSE alternate exite output 4.
LES_ALTEX5	PE11							LESENSE alternate exite output 5.
LES_ALTEX6	PE12							LESENSE alternate exite output 6.
LES_ALTEX7	PE13							LESENSE alternate exite output 7.
LES_CH0	PC0							LESENSE channel 0.
LES_CH1	PC1							LESENSE channel 1.
LES_CH2	PC2							LESENSE channel 2.
LES_CH3	PC3							LESENSE channel 3.
LES_CH4	PC4							LESENSE channel 4.
LES_CH5	PC5							LESENSE channel 5.
LES_CH6	PC6							LESENSE channel 6.
LES_CH7	PC7							LESENSE channel 7.
LES_CH8	PC8							LESENSE channel 8.
LES_CH9	PC9							LESENSE channel 9.
LES_CH10	PC10							LESENSE channel 10.
LES_CH11	PC11							LESENSE channel 11.
LES_CH12	PC12							LESENSE channel 12.

5.7 EFM32LG332 (TQFP64)

5.7.1 Pinout

The EFM32LG332 pinout is shown in the following figure and table. Alternate locations are denoted by "#" followed by the location number (Multiple locations on the same pin are split with "/"). Alternate locations can be configured in the LOCATION bitfield in the *_ROUTE register in the module in question.

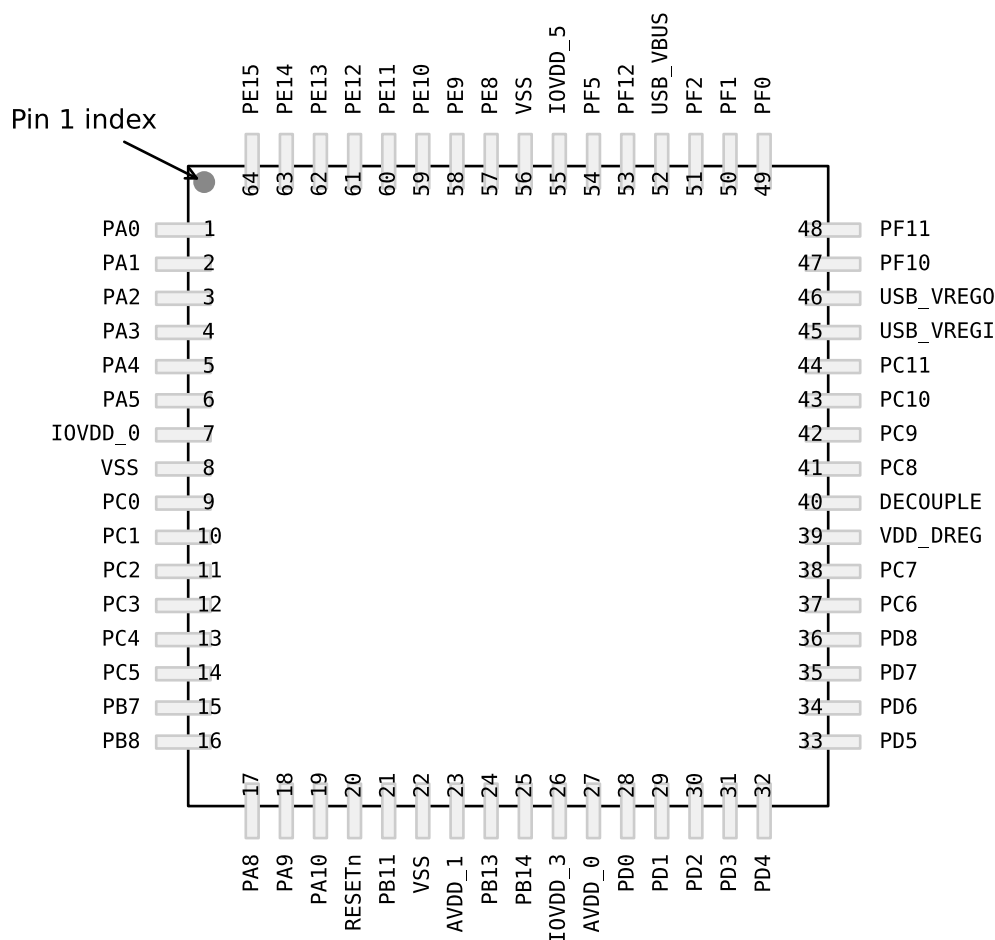


Figure 5.13. EFM32LG332 Pinout (top view, not to scale)

Table 5.19. Device Pinout

QFP64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
1	PA0		TIM0_CC0 #0/1/4	LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	PRS_CH0 #0 GPIO_EM4WU0
2	PA1		TIM0_CC1 #0/1	I2C0_SCL #0	CMU_CLK1 #0 PRS_CH1 #0

CSP81 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
A3	PF2		TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
A4	VSS	Ground.			
A5	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.			
A6	PE9		PCNT2_S1IN #1		
A7	PE11		TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
A8	PE12		TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
A9	PA15		TIM3_CC2 #0		
B1	USB_VREGI				
B2	USB_VBUS	USB 5.0 V VBUS input.			
B3	PC15	ACMP1_CH7 DAC0_OUT1ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI2 #1/3 TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3 U0_RX #3	LES_CH15 #0 DBG_SWO #1
B4	PF1		TIM0_CC1 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
B5	PF5		TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5	USB_VBUSEN #0	PRS_CH2 #1
B6	PE8		PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
B7	PE13			US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
B8	PA0		TIM0_CC0 #0/1/4	LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	PRS_CH0 #0 GPIO_EM4WU0
B9	PA2		TIM0_CC2 #0/1		CMU_CLK0 #0 ETM_TD0 #3
C1	USB_VREGO				
C2	PC13	ACMP1_CH5 DAC0_OUT1ALT #1/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI0 #1/3 TIM1_CC0 #0 TIM1_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #0	U1_RX #0	LES_CH13 #0
C3	PC14	ACMP1_CH6 DAC0_OUT1ALT #2/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT	TIM0_CDTI1 #1/3 TIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3 U0_TX #3	LES_CH14 #0
C4	PF0		TIM0_CC0 #5 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
C5	PF12			USB_ID	
C6	PE10		TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
C7	PE14		TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
C8	PA1		TIM0_CC1 #0/1	I2C0_SCL #0	CMU_CLK1 #0 PRS_CH1 #0
C9	PA3		TIM0_CDTI0 #0	U0_TX #2	LES_ALTEX2 #0 ETM_TD1 #3

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
LES_ALTEX6	PE12							LESENSE alternate exite output 6.
LES_ALTEX7	PE13							LESENSE alternate exite output 7.
LES_CH0	PC0							LESENSE channel 0.
LES_CH1	PC1							LESENSE channel 1.
LES_CH2	PC2							LESENSE channel 2.
LES_CH3	PC3							LESENSE channel 3.
LES_CH4	PC4							LESENSE channel 4.
LES_CH5	PC5							LESENSE channel 5.
LES_CH6	PC6							LESENSE channel 6.
LES_CH7	PC7							LESENSE channel 7.
LES_CH8	PC8							LESENSE channel 8.
LES_CH9	PC9							LESENSE channel 9.
LES_CH10	PC10							LESENSE channel 10.
LES_CH11	PC11							LESENSE channel 11.
LES_CH12	PC12							LESENSE channel 12.
LES_CH13	PC13							LESENSE channel 13.
LES_CH14	PC14							LESENSE channel 14.
LES_CH15	PC15							LESENSE channel 15.
LETIM0_OUT0	PD6	PB11	PF0	PC4				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 0.
LETIM0_OUT1	PD7	PB12	PF1	PC5				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PE15	PF1	PA0			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX	PD4	PB13	PE14	PF0	PF2			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LEU1_RX	PC7	PA6						LEUART1 Receive input.
LEU1_TX	PC6	PA5						LEUART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN	PC13	PE0	PC0	PD6				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	PC14	PE1	PC1	PD7				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PCNT1_S0IN	PC4	PB3						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 0.
PCNT1_S1IN	PC5	PB4						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 1.
PCNT2_S0IN	PD0	PE8						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 0.
PCNT2_S1IN	PD1	PE9						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	PA0	PF3						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
EBI_WEn	PF4	PF8	PF4					External Bus Interface (EBI) Write Enable output.
ETM_TCLK	PD7	PF8	PC6	PA6				Embedded Trace Module ETM clock .
ETM_TD0	PD6	PF9	PC7	PA2				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 0.
ETM_TD1	PD3	PD13	PD3	PA3				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 1.
ETM_TD2	PD4	PB15	PD4	PA4				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 2.
ETM_TD3	PD5	PF3	PD5	PA5				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 3.
GPIO_EM4WU0	PA0							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU1	PA6							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU2	PC9							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU3	PF1							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU4	PF2							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU5	PE13							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
HFX TAL_N	PB14							High Frequency Crystal negative pin. Also used as external optional clock input pin.
HFX TAL_P	PB13							High Frequency Crystal positive pin.
I2C0_SCL	PA1	PD7	PC7	PD15	PC1	PF1	PE13	I2C0 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C0_SDA	PA0	PD6	PC6	PD14	PC0	PF0	PE12	I2C0 Serial Data input / output.
I2C1_SCL	PC5	PB12	PE1					I2C1 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C1_SDA	PC4	PB11	PE0					I2C1 Serial Data input / output.
LCD_BCAP_N	PA13							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost capacitor, negative pin. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 22 nF capacitor between LCD_BCAP_N and LCD_BCAP_P.
LCD_BCAP_P	PA12							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost capacitor, positive pin. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 22 nF capacitor between LCD_BCAP_N and LCD_BCAP_P.
LCD_BEXT	PA14							LCD voltage booster (optional), boost output. If using the LCD voltage booster, connect a 1 uF capacitor between this pin and VSS. An external LCD voltage may also be applied to this pin if the booster is not enabled. If AVDD is used directly as the LCD supply voltage, this pin may be left unconnected or used as a GPIO.
LCD_COM0	PE4							LCD driver common line number 0.
LCD_COM1	PE5							LCD driver common line number 1.
LCD_COM2	PE6							LCD driver common line number 2.
LCD_COM3	PE7							LCD driver common line number 3.
LCD_SEG0	PF2							LCD segment line 0. Segments 0, 1, 2 and 3 are controlled by SEGEN0.

Water Pads and Coordinates				Pad Alternative Functionality / Description				
Pad #	Pad Name	X (μm)	Y (μm)	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communica- tion	Other
114	PD11	-313.8	2065.0	LCD_SEG30	EBI_CS2 #0/1/2			
115	PD12	-426.2	2065.0	LCD_SEG31	EBI_CS3 #0/1/2			
116	PD13	-534.7	2065.0					ETM_TD1 #1
117	PD15	-644.6	2065.0					ETM_TD2 #1
118	PE8	-745.8	2065.0	LCD_SEG4	EBI_AD00 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
119	PE9	-867.9	2065.0	LCD_SEG5	EBI_AD01 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
120	PE10	-976.1	2065.0	LCD_SEG6	EBI_AD02 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
121	PE11	-1085.3	2065.0	LCD_SEG7	EBI_AD03 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
122	IOVDD_6	-1196.1	2065.0	Digital IO power supply 6.				
123	IOVSS_6	-1289.0	2065.0	Digital IO ground 6.				
124	PE12	-1385.4	2065.0	LCD_SEG8	EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
125	PE13	-1518.2	2065.0	LCD_SEG9	EBI_AD05 #0/1/2		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU 5
126	PE14	-1626.4	2065.0	LCD_SEG10	EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
127	PE15	-1729.6	2065.0	LCD_SEG11	EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
128	PA15	-1844.0	2065.0	LCD_SEG12	EBI_AD08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC2 #0		

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
EBI_A06	PC7	PC7	PC7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 06.
EBI_A07	PE0	PE0	PE0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 07.
EBI_A08	PE1	PE1	PE1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 08.
EBI_A09	PE2	PC9	PC9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 09.
EBI_A10	PE3	PC10	PC10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 10.
EBI_A11	PE4	PE4	PE4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 11.
EBI_A12	PE5	PE5	PE5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 12.
EBI_A13	PE6	PE6	PE6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 13.
EBI_A14	PE7	PE7	PE7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 14.
EBI_A15	PC8	PC8	PC8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 15.
EBI_A16	PB0	PB0	PB0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 16.
EBI_A17	PB1	PB1	PB1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 17.
EBI_A18	PB2	PB2	PB2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 18.
EBI_A19	PB3	PB3	PB3					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 19.
EBI_A20	PB4	PB4	PB4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 20.
EBI_A21	PB5	PB5	PB5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 21.
EBI_A22	PB6	PB6	PB6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 22.
EBI_A23	PC0	PC0	PC0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 23.
EBI_A24	PC1	PC1	PC1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 24.
EBI_A25	PC2	PC2	PC2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 25.
EBI_A26	PC4	PC4	PC4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 26.
EBI_A27	PD2	PD2	PD2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 27.
EBI_AD00	PE8	PE8	PE8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 00.
EBI_AD01	PE9	PE9	PE9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 01.
EBI_AD02	PE10	PE10	PE10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 02.
EBI_AD03	PE11	PE11	PE11					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 03.
EBI_AD04	PE12	PE12	PE12					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 04.
EBI_AD05	PE13	PE13	PE13					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 05.
EBI_AD06	PE14	PE14	PE14					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 06.
EBI_AD07	PE15	PE15	PE15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 07.
EBI_AD08	PA15	PA15	PA15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 08.

5.21.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in the following table. The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note: Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 5.62. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13	PE2	PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.
ACMP1_O	PF2	PE3	PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.
ADC0_CH7	PD7							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 7.
BOOT_RX	PE11							Bootloader RX.
BOOT_TX	PE10							Bootloader TX.

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
US2_CS	PC5	PB6						USART2 chip select input / output.
US2_RX	PC3	PB4						USART2 Asynchronous Receive. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US2_TX	PC2	PB3						USART2 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
USB_DM	PF10							USB D- pin.
USB_DMPU	PD2							USB D- Pullup control.
USB_DP	PF11							USB D+ pin.
USB_ID	PF12							USB ID pin. Used in OTG mode.
USB_VBUS	USB_VBUS							USB 5 V VBUS input.
USB_VBUSEN	PF5							USB 5 V VBUS enable.
USB_VREGI	USB_VREGI							USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator
USB_VREGO	USB_VREGO							USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output

5.22.3 GPIO Pinout Overview

The specific GPIO pins available in EFM32LG995 is shown in the following table. Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 5.66. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	PA15	PA14	PA13	PA12	PA11	PA10	PA9	PA8	PA7	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	PB15	PB14	PB13	PB12	PB11	PB10	PB9	PB8	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	PB2	PB1	PB0
Port C	PC15	PC14	PC13	PC12	PC11	PC10	PC9	PC8	PC7	PC6	PC5	PC4	PC3	PC2	PC1	PC0
Port D	PD15	PD14	PD13	PD12	PD11	PD10	PD9	PD8	PD7	PD6	PD5	PD4	PD3	PD2	PD1	PD0
Port E	PE15	PE14	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	PE9	PE8	PE7	PE6	PE5	PE4	PE3	PE2	PE1	PE0
Port F	—	—	—	PF12	PF11	PF10	PF9	PF8	PF7	PF6	PF5	PF4	PF3	PF2	PF1	PF0

Symbol	Min	Nom	Max
e	0.50 BSC		
L	0.40	0.45	0.50
L1	0.00	—	0.10
aaa	0.10		
bbb	0.10		
ccc	0.10		
ddd	0.05		
eee	0.08		

The QFN64 Package uses Nickel-Palladium-Gold preplated leadframe.

All EFM32 packages are RoHS compliant and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb).

For additional Quality and Environmental information, please see: <http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/default.aspx>.