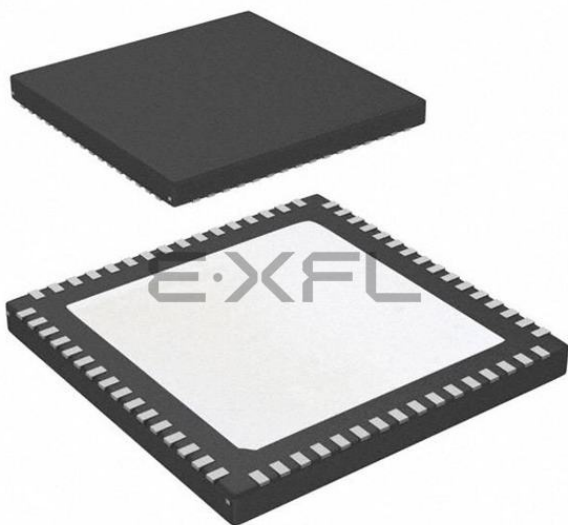




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Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	56
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-fl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32lg840f128-qfn64t

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3.2.16 EFM32LG895

The features of the EFM32LG895 is a subset of the feature set described in the EFM32LG Reference Manual. The following table describes device specific implementation of the features.

Table 3.16. EFM32LG895 Configuration Summary

Module	Configuration	Pin Connections
Cortex-M3	Full configuration	NA
DBG	Full configuration	DBG_SWCLK, DBG_SWDIO, DBG_SWO
MSC	Full configuration	NA
DMA	Full configuration	NA
RMU	Full configuration	NA
EMU	Full configuration	NA
CMU	Full configuration	CMU_OUT0, CMU_OUT1
WDOG	Full configuration	NA
PRS	Full configuration	NA
EBI	Full configuration	EBI_A[27:0], EBI_AD[15:0], EBI_ARDY, EBI_ALE, EBI_BL[1:0], EBI_CS[3:0], EBI_CSTFT, EBI_DCLK, EBI_DTEN, EBI_HSNCR, EBI_NANDREN, EBI_NANDWEN, EBI_REn, EBI_VSNCR, EBI_WEn
I2C0	Full configuration	I2C0_SDA, I2C0_SCL
I2C1	Full configuration	I2C1_SDA, I2C1_SCL
USART0	Full configuration with IrDA	US0_TX, US0_RX, US0_CLK, US0_CS
USART1	Full configuration with I2S	US1_TX, US1_RX, US1_CLK, US1_CS
USART2	Full configuration with I2S	US2_TX, US2_RX, US2_CLK, US2_CS
UART0	Full configuration	U0_TX, U0_RX
UART1	Full configuration	U1_TX, U1_RX
LEUART0	Full configuration	LEU0_TX, LEU0_RX
LEUART1	Full configuration	LEU1_TX, LEU1_RX
TIMER0	Full configuration with DTI	TIM0_CC[2:0], TIM0_CDTI[2:0]
TIMER1	Full configuration	TIM1_CC[2:0]
TIMER2	Full configuration	TIM2_CC[2:0]
TIMER3	Full configuration	TIM3_CC[2:0]
RTC	Full configuration	NA
BURTC	Full configuration	NA
LETIMER0	Full configuration	LET0_O[1:0]
PCNT0	Full configuration, 16-bit count register	PCNT0_S[1:0]
PCNT1	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT1_S[1:0]
PCNT2	Full configuration, 8-bit count register	PCNT2_S[1:0]
ACMP0	Full configuration	ACMP0_CH[7:0], ACMP0_O
ACMP1	Full configuration	ACMP1_CH[7:0], ACMP1_O

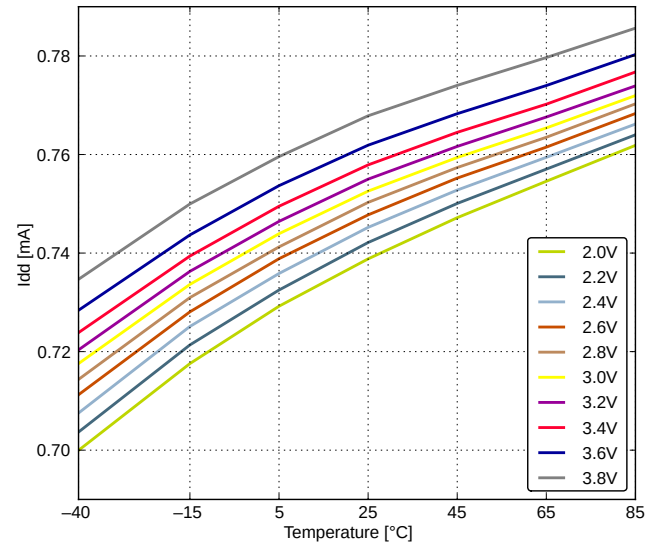
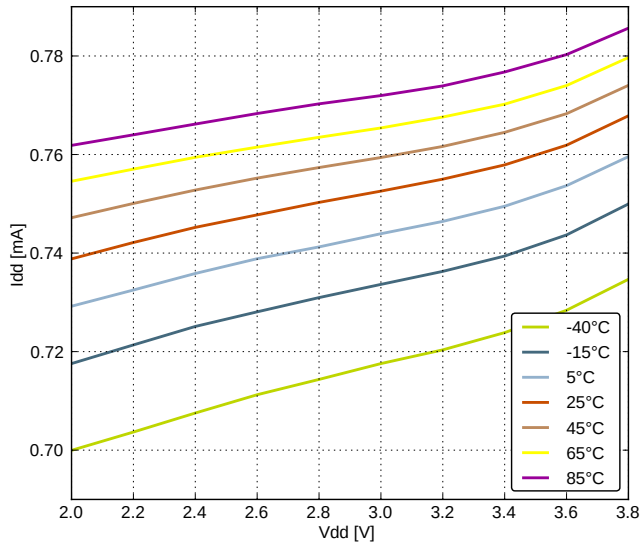


Figure 4.5. EM1 Current Consumption with all Peripheral Clocks Disabled and HFRCO Running at 11 MHz

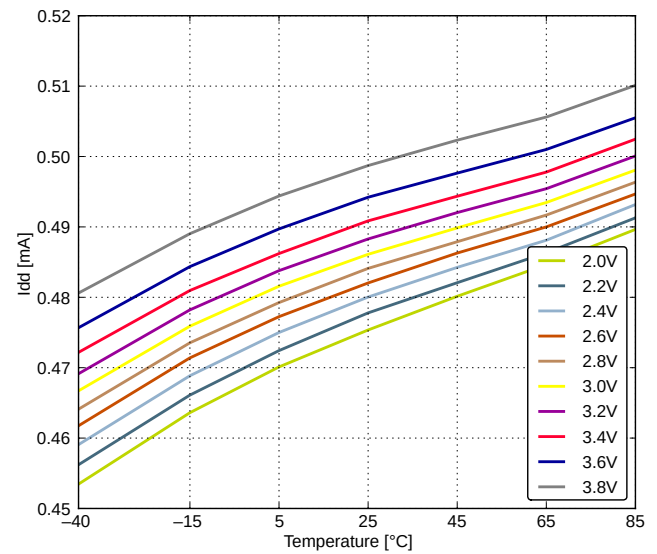
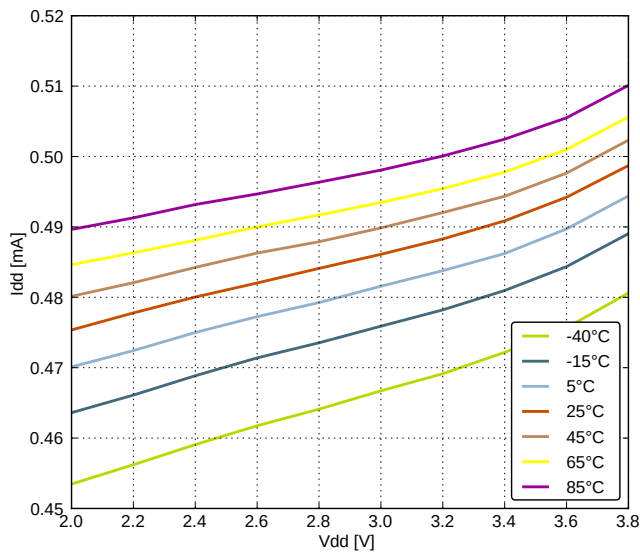
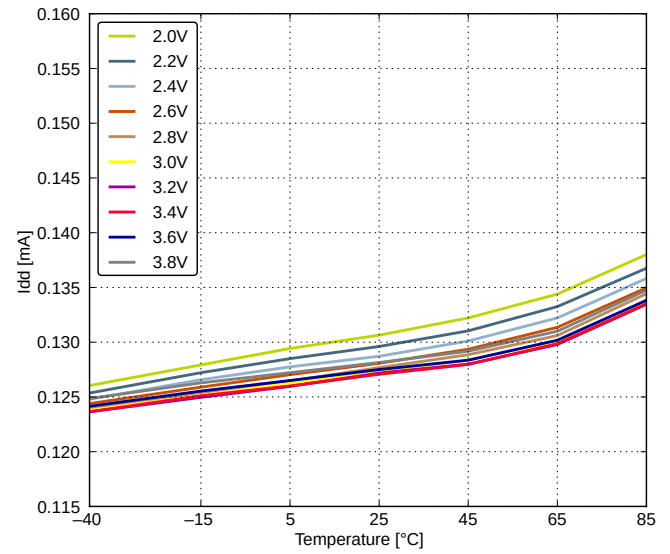
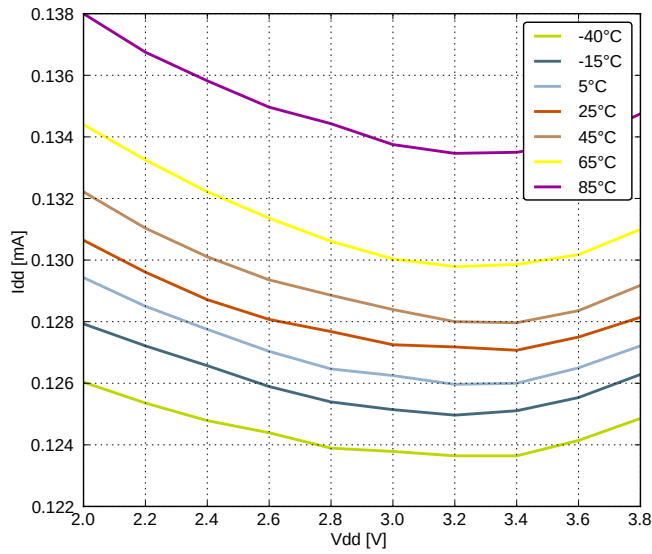


Figure 4.6. EM1 Current Consumption with all Peripheral Clocks Disabled and HFRCO Running at 6.6 MHz



4.4.2 EM2 Current Consumption

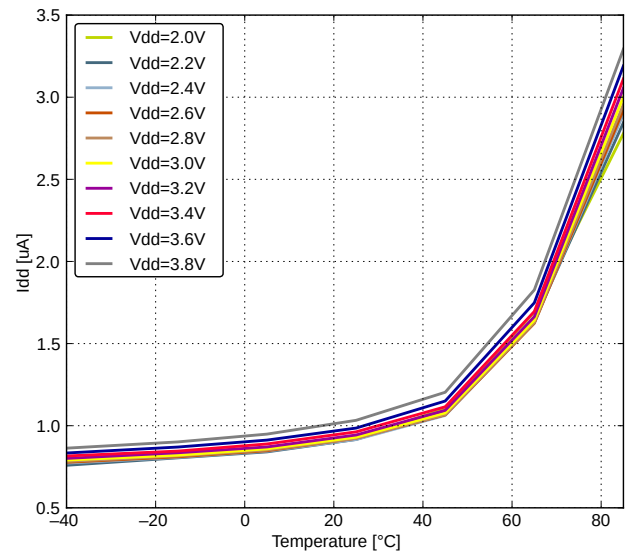
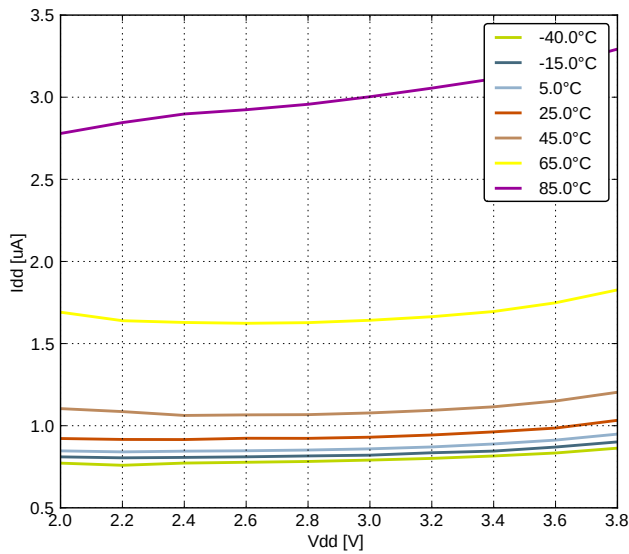


Figure 4.7. EM2 Current Consumption, RTC prescaled to 1 kHz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO

4.7 Flash

Table 4.6. Flash

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Flash erase cycles before failure	EC _{FLASH}		20000	—	—	cycles
Flash data retention	RET _{FLASH}	T _{AMB} <150 °C	10000	—	—	h
		T _{AMB} <85 °C	10	—	—	years
		T _{AMB} <70 °C	20	—	—	years
Word (32-bit) programming time	t _{W_PROG}		20	—	—	μs
Page erase time	t _{PERASE}		20	20.4	20.8	ms
Device erase time	t _{DERASE}		40	40.8	41.6	ms
Erase current	I _{ERASE}		—	—	7 ¹	mA
Write current	I _{WRITE}		—	—	7 ¹	mA
Supply voltage during flash erase and write	V _{FLASH}		1.98	—	3.8	V
Note: 1. Measured at 25 °C.						

4.9.5 AUXHFRCO

Table 4.12. AUXHFRCO

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Oscillation frequency, all packages except CSP, $V_{DD}=3.0\text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	f_{AUXHFRCO}	28 MHz frequency band	27.5	28.0	28.5	MHz
		21 MHz frequency band	20.6	21.0	21.4	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	13.7	14.0	14.3	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	10.8	11.0	11.2	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	6.48 ¹	6.60 ¹	6.72 ¹	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	1.15 ²	1.20 ²	1.25 ²	MHz
Oscillation frequency, CSP devices, $V_{DD}=3.0\text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	f_{AUXHFRCO}	28 MHz frequency band	—	28.0	—	MHz
		21 MHz frequency band	—	21.0	—	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	—	14.0	—	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	—	11.0	—	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	—	6.60 ¹	—	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	—	1.20 ²	—	MHz
Settling time after start-up	$t_{\text{AUXHFRCO_settling}}$	$f_{\text{AUXHFRCO}} = 14\text{ MHz}$	—	0.6	—	Cycles
Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value	TUNE-STEP _{AUXHFRCO}		—	0.3 ³	—	%

Note:

1. For devices with prod. rev. < 19, Typ = 7MHz and Min/Max values not applicable.
2. For devices with prod. rev. < 19, Typ = 1MHz and Min/Max values not applicable.
3. The TUNING field in the CMU_AUXHFRCOCTRL register may be used to adjust the AUXHFRCO frequency. There is enough adjustment range to ensure that the frequency bands above 7 MHz will always have some overlap across supply voltage and temperature. By using a stable frequency reference such as the LFXO or HFXO, a firmware calibration routine can vary the TUNING bits and the frequency band to maintain the AUXHFRCO frequency at any arbitrary value between 7 MHz and 28 MHz across operating conditions.

4.9.6 ULFRCO

Table 4.13. ULFRCO

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Oscillation frequency	f_{ULFRCO}	25°C, 3V	0.7	—	1.75	kHz
Temperature coefficient	TC _{ULFRCO}		—	0.05	—	%/°C
Supply voltage coefficient	VC _{ULFRCO}		—	-18.2	—	%/V

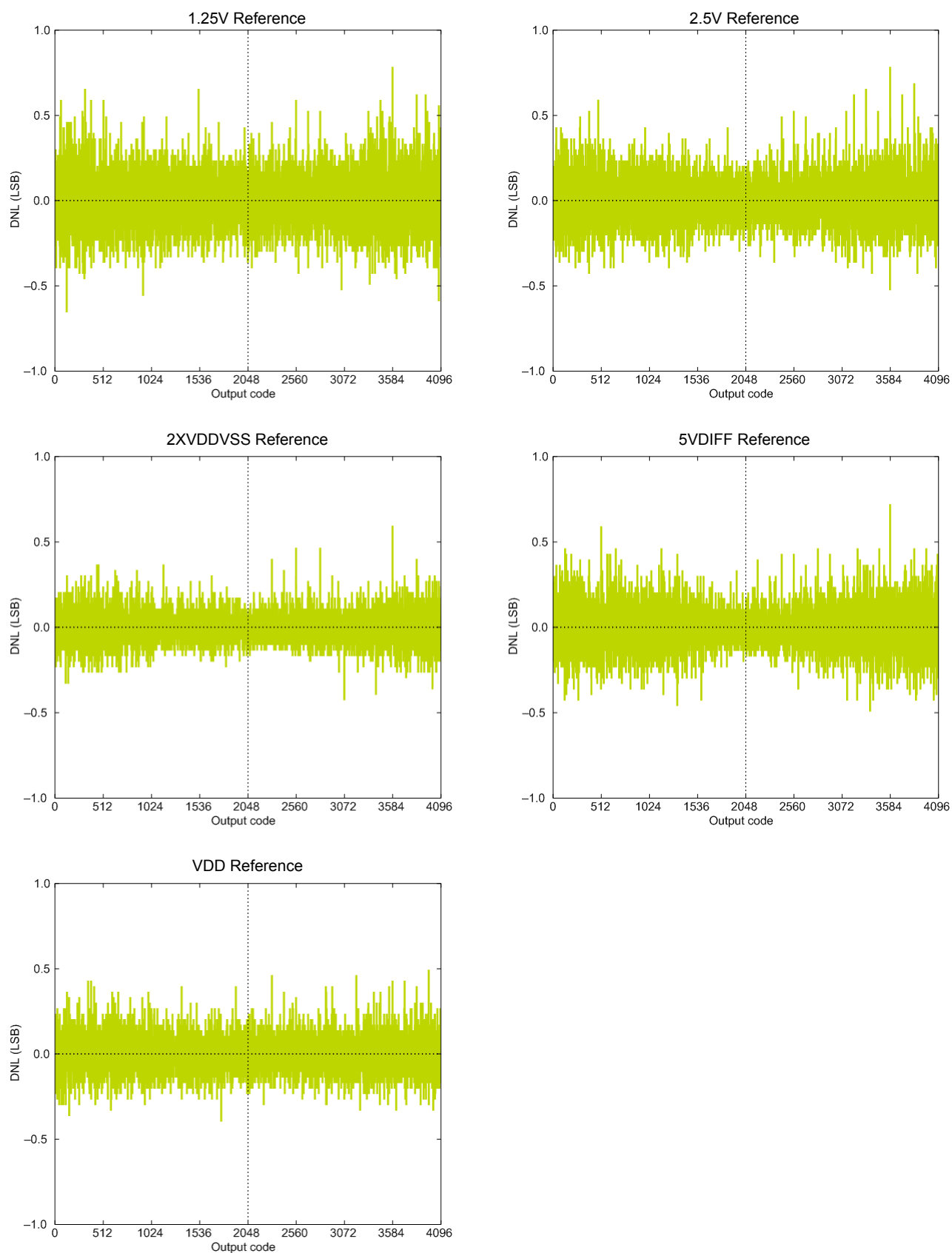


Figure 4.27. ADC Differential Linearity Error vs Code, VDD = 3 V, Temp = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SCLK to MISO	$t_{\text{SCLK_MI}}^{1\ 2}$	$-264 + t_{\text{HFERCLK}}$	—	$-234 + 2 \times t_{\text{HFERCLK}}$	ns
Note: 1. Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0) 2. Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})					

4.19 Digital Peripherals

Table 4.32. Digital Peripherals

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
USART current	I_{USART}	USART idle current, clock enabled	—	4.0	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
UART current	I_{UART}	UART idle current, clock enabled	—	3.8	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
LEUART current	I_{LEUART}	LEUART idle current, clock enabled	—	194.0	—	nA
I2C current	I_{I2C}	I2C idle current, clock enabled	—	7.6	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
TIMER current	I_{TIMER}	TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled	—	6.5	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
LETIMER current	I_{LETIMER}	LETIMER idle current, clock enabled	—	85.8	—	nA
PCNT current	I_{PCNT}	PCNT idle current, clock enabled	—	91.4	—	nA
RTC current	I_{RTC}	RTC idle current, clock enabled	—	54.6	—	nA
LCD current	I_{LCD}	LCD idle current, clock enabled	—	72.7	—	nA
AES current	I_{AES}	AES idle current, clock enabled	—	1.8	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
GPIO current	I_{GPIO}	GPIO idle current, clock enabled	—	3.4	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
EBI current	I_{EBI}	EBI idle current, clock enabled	—	6.5	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
PRS current	I_{PRS}	PRS idle current	—	3.9	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
DMA current	I_{DMA}	Clock enable	—	10.9	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
LE Peripheral Interface Clock current	I_{LFCLK}	Using LFXO, LFA clock tree	—	12.2	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		Using LFXO, LFB clock tree	—	4.3	—	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$

5.6.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in the following table. The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note: Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 5.17. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13		PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.
ACMP1_O	PF2		PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.
ADC0_CH7	PD7							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 7.
BOOT_RX	PE11							Bootloader RX.
BOOT_TX	PE10							Bootloader TX.
BU_VIN	PD8							Battery input for Backup Power Domain

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
USB_ID	PF12							USB ID pin. Used in OTG mode.
USB_VBUS	USB_VBUS							USB 5 V VBUS input.
USB_VBUSEN	PF5							USB 5 V VBUS enable.
USB_VREGI	USB_VREGI							USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator
USB_VREGO	USB_VREGO							USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output

5.8.3 Opamp Pinout Overview

The specific opamp terminals available in EFM32LG360 is shown in the following figure.

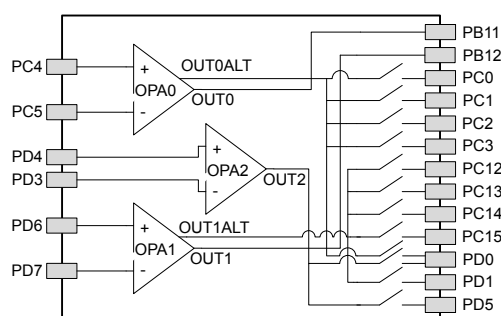


Figure 5.16. Opamp Pinout

5.8.4 GPIO Pinout Overview

The specific GPIO pins available in EFM32LG360 is shown in the following table. Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 5.24. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	PA15	-	-	-	-	PA10	PA9	PA8	-	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	-	PB14	PB13	PB12	PB11	-	-	PB8	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	-	-	-
Port C	PC15	PC14	PC13	PC12	PC11	PC10	PC9	PC8	PC7	PC6	PC5	PC4	PC3	PC2	PC1	PC0
Port D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PD8	PD7	PD6	PD5	PD4	PD3	PD2	PD1	PD0
Port E	PE15	PE14	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	PE9	PE8	-	-	PE5	PE4	PE3	PE2	-	-
Port F	-	-	-	PF12	PF11	PF10	-	-	-	-	PF5	-	-	PF2	PF1	PF0

5.10 EFM32LG390 (BGA112)

5.10.1 Pinout

The EFM32LG390 pinout is shown in the following figure and table. Alternate locations are denoted by "#" followed by the location number (Multiple locations on the same pin are split with "/"). Alternate locations can be configured in the LOCATION bitfield in the *_ROUTE register in the module in question.

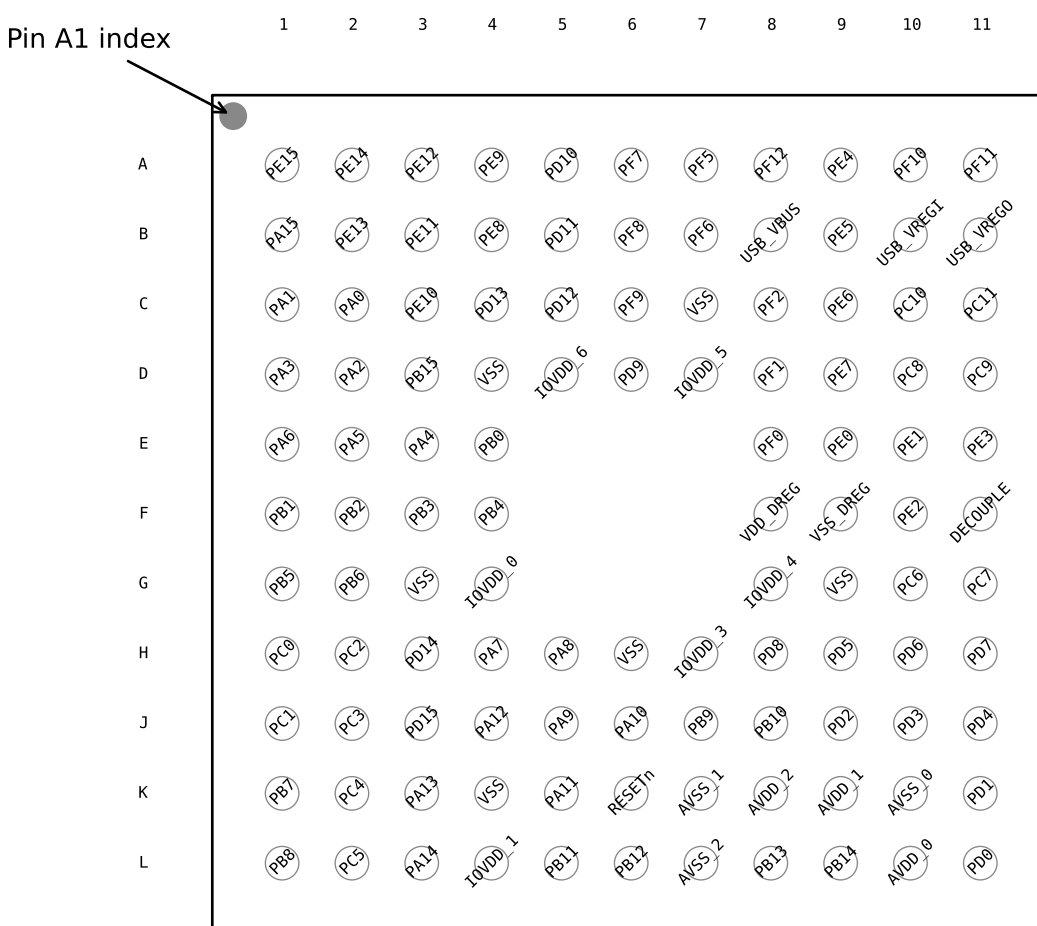


Figure 5.19. EFM32LG390 Pinout (top view, not to scale)

Table 5.28. Device Pinout

BGA112 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
A1	PE15		EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
A2	PE14		EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	

QFP64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
3	PA2	LCD_SEG15	TIM0_CC2 #0/1		CMU_CLK0 #0 ETM_TD0 #3
4	PA3	LCD_SEG16	TIM0_CDTI0 #0		LES_ALTEX2 #0 ETM_TD1 #3
5	PA4	LCD_SEG17	TIM0_CDTI1 #0		LES_ALTEX3 #0 ETM_TD2 #3
6	PA5	LCD_SEG18	TIM0_CDTI2 #0	LEU1_TX #1	LES_ALTEX4 #0 ETM_TD3 #3
7	IOVDD_0	Digital IO power supply 0.			
8	VSS	Ground.			
9	PB3	LCD_SEG20/ LCD_COM4	PCNT1_S0IN #1	US2_TX #1	
10	PB4	LCD_SEG21/ LCD_COM5	PCNT1_S1IN #1	US2_RX #1	
11	PB5	LCD_SEG22/ LCD_COM6		US2_CLK #1	
12	PB6	LCD_SEG23/ LCD_COM7		US2_CS #1	
13	PC4	ACMP0_CH4 OPAMP_P0	TIM0_CDTI2 #4 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #3 PCNT1_S0IN #0	US2_CLK #0 I2C1_SDA #0	LES_CH4 #0
14	PC5	ACMP0_CH5 OPAMP_N0	LETIM0_OUT1 #3 PCNT1_S1IN #0	US2_CS #0 I2C1_SCL #0	LES_CH5 #0
15	PB7	LFXTAL_P	TIM1_CC0 #3	US0_TX #4 US1_CLK #0	
16	PB8	LFXTAL_N	TIM1_CC1 #3	US0_RX #4 US1_CS #0	
17	PA12	LCD_BCAP_P	TIM2_CC0 #1		
18	PA13	LCD_BCAP_N	TIM2_CC1 #1		
19	PA14	LCD_BEXT	TIM2_CC2 #1		
20	RESETn	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.			
21	PB11	DAC0_OUT0 / OPAMP_OUT0	TIM1_CC2 #3 LE- TIM0_OUT0 #1	I2C1_SDA #1	
22	VSS	Ground.			
23	AVDD_1	Analog power supply 1.			
24	PB13	HFXTAL_P		US0_CLK #4/5 LEU0_TX #1	
25	PB14	HFXTAL_N		US0_CS #4/5 LEU0_RX #1	
26	IOVDD_3	Digital IO power supply 3.			
27	AVDD_0	Analog power supply 0.			

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
99	PE15	LCD_SEG11	EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
100	PA15	LCD_SEG12	EBI_AD08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC2 #0		

5.14.4 Opamp Pinout Overview

The specific opamp terminals available in EFM32LG880 is shown in the following figure.

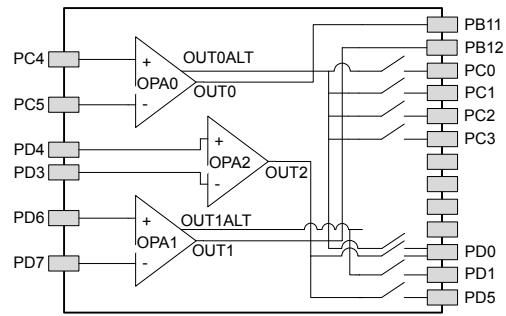


Figure 5.28. Opamp Pinout

5.17.2 Alternate Functionality Padout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pads. This is shown in the following table. The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note: Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the padout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 5.50. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13	PE2	PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.
ACMP1_CH4	PC12							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 4.
ACMP1_CH5	PC13							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 5.
ACMP1_CH6	PC14							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 6.
ACMP1_CH7	PC15							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 7.
ACMP1_O	PF2	PE3	PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH2	PD2							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 2.
ADC0_CH3	PD3							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 3.
ADC0_CH4	PD4							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 4.
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.

Alternate	LOCATION							Description
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
TIM0_CDTI0	PA3	PC13	PF3	PC13	PC2	PF3		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM0_CDTI1	PA4	PC14	PF4	PC14	PC3	PF4		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM0_CDTI2	PA5	PC15	PF5	PC15	PC4	PF5		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM1_CC0	PC13	PE10	PB0	PB7	PD6			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM1_CC1	PC14	PE11	PB1	PB8	PD7			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM1_CC2	PC15	PE12	PB2	PB11	PC13			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM2_CC0	PA8	PA12	PC8					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM2_CC1	PA9	PA13	PC9					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM2_CC2	PA10	PA14	PC10					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM3_CC0	PE14	PE0						Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM3_CC1	PE15	PE1						Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM3_CC2	PA15	PE2						Timer 3 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
U0_RX	PF7	PE1	PA4	PC15				UART0 Receive input.
U0_TX	PF6	PE0	PA3	PC14				UART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
U1_RX	PC13	PF11	PB10	PE3				UART1 Receive input.
U1_TX	PC12	PF10	PB9	PE2				UART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
US0_CLK	PE12	PE5	PC9	PC15	PB13	PB13		USART0 clock input / output.
US0_CS	PE13	PE4	PC8	PC14	PB14	PB14		USART0 chip select input / output.
US0_RX	PE11	PE6	PC10	PE12	PB8	PC1		USART0 Asynchronous Receive. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US0_TX	PE10	PE7	PC11	PE13	PB7	PC0		USART0 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US1_CLK	PB7	PD2	PF0					USART1 clock input / output.
US1_CS	PB8	PD3	PF1					USART1 chip select input / output.
US1_RX	PC1	PD1	PD6					USART1 Asynchronous Receive. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US1_TX	PC0	PD0	PD7					USART1 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US2_CLK	PC4	PB5						USART2 clock input / output.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
US0_TX	PE10	PE7		PE13	PB7			USART0 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US1_CLK	PB7	PD2	PF0					USART1 clock input / output.
US1_CS	PB8	PD3	PF1					USART1 chip select input / output.
US1_RX		PD1	PD6					USART1 Asynchronous Receive. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US1_TX		PD0	PD7					USART1 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US2_CLK	PC4	PB5						USART2 clock input / output.
US2_CS	PC5	PB6						USART2 chip select input / output.
US2_RX		PB4						USART2 Asynchronous Receive. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US2_TX		PB3						USART2 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
USB_DM	PF10							USB D- pin.
USB_DMPU	PD2							USB D- Pullup control.
USB_DP	PF11							USB D+ pin.
USB_ID	PF12							USB ID pin. Used in OTG mode.
USB_VBUS	USB_VBUS							USB 5 V VBUS input.
USB_VBUSEN	PF5							USB 5 V VBUS enable.
USB_VREGI	USB_VREGI							USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator
USB_VREGO	USB_VREGO							USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output

5.19.4 Opamp Pinout Overview

The specific opamp terminals available in EFM32LG942 is shown in the following figure.

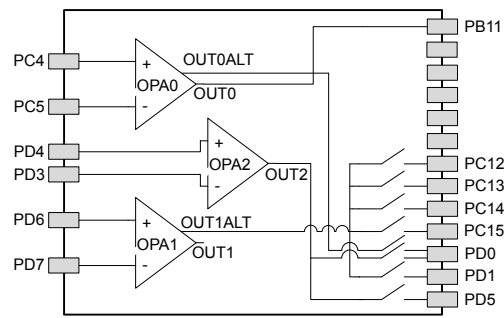


Figure 5.38. Opamp Pinout

14.5 Revision 1.20

September 30th, 2013

This revision applies the following devices:

- EFM32LG230
- EFM32LG232
- EFM32LG280
- EFM32LG290
- EFM32LG295
- EFM32LG330
- EFM32LG332
- EFM32LG380
- EFM32LG390
- EFM32LG395
- EFM32LG840
- EFM32LG842
- EFM32LG880
- EFM32LG890
- EFM32LG895
- EFM32LG940
- EFM32LG942
- EFM32LG980
- EFM32LG990
- EFM32LG995

Added I2C characterization data.

Added SPI characterization data.

Corrected the DAC and OPAMP2 pin sharing information in the Alternate Functionality Pinout section.

Corrected GPIO operating voltage from 1.8 V to 1.85 V.

For devices with USB, added the USB bootloader information.

Corrected the ADC resolution from 12, 10 and 6 bit to 12, 8 and 6 bit.

For QFN64 packages, removed UART mentioned incorrectly in the QFN64 parts.

Updated Environmental information.

Updated trademark, disclaimer and contact information.

Other minor corrections.

This revision applies the following devices:

- EFM32LG900

March 16th, 2015

Corrected pad numbers and the order of the pads in the padout table so that it matches the drawing.