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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

#### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

##### Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	93
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	120-VFBGA
Supplier Device Package	120-BGA (7x7)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32lg995f128g-e-bga120r">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32lg995f128g-e-bga120r</a>

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Package
EFM32LG395F256G-E-BGA120	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG840F64G-E-QFN64	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	QFN64
EFM32LG840F128G-E-QFN64	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	QFN64
EFM32LG840F256G-E-QFN64	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	QFN64
EFM32LG842F64G-E-QFP64	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64
EFM32LG842F128G-E-QFP64	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64
EFM32LG842F256G-E-QFP64	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	TQFP64
EFM32LG880F64G-E-QFP100	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32LG880F128G-E-QFP100	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32LG880F256G-E-QFP100	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32LG890F64G-E-BGA112	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32LG890F128G-E-BGA112	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32LG890F256G-E-BGA112	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32LG895F64G-E-BGA120	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG895F128G-E-BGA120	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG895F256G-E-BGA120	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG900F256G-E-D1I	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	Wafer
EFM32LG940F64G-E-QFN64	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	QFN64
EFM32LG940F128G-E-QFN64	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	QFN64
EFM32LG940F256G-E-QFN64	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	QFN64
EFM32LG942F64G-E-BGA120	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG942F128G-E-BGA120	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG942F256G-E-BGA120	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG980F64G-E-QFP100	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32LG980F128G-E-QFP100	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32LG980F256G-E-QFP100	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32LG990F64G-E-BGA112	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32LG990F128G-E-BGA112	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32LG990F256G-E-BGA112	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA112
EFM32LG995F64G-E-BGA120	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG995F128G-E-BGA120	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120
EFM32LG995F256G-E-BGA120	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	BGA120

### 3. System Summary

#### 3.1 System Introduction

The EFM32 MCUs are the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers. With a unique combination of the powerful 32-bit ARM Cortex-M3, innovative low energy techniques, short wake-up time from energy saving modes, and a wide selection of peripherals, the EFM32LG microcontroller is well suited for any battery operated application as well as other systems requiring high performance and low-energy consumption. This section gives a short introduction to each of the modules in general terms and also shows a summary of the configuration for the EFM32LG devices. For a complete feature set and in-depth information on the modules, the reader is referred to the EFM32LG Reference Manual.

A block diagram of the EFM32LG is shown in the following figure.

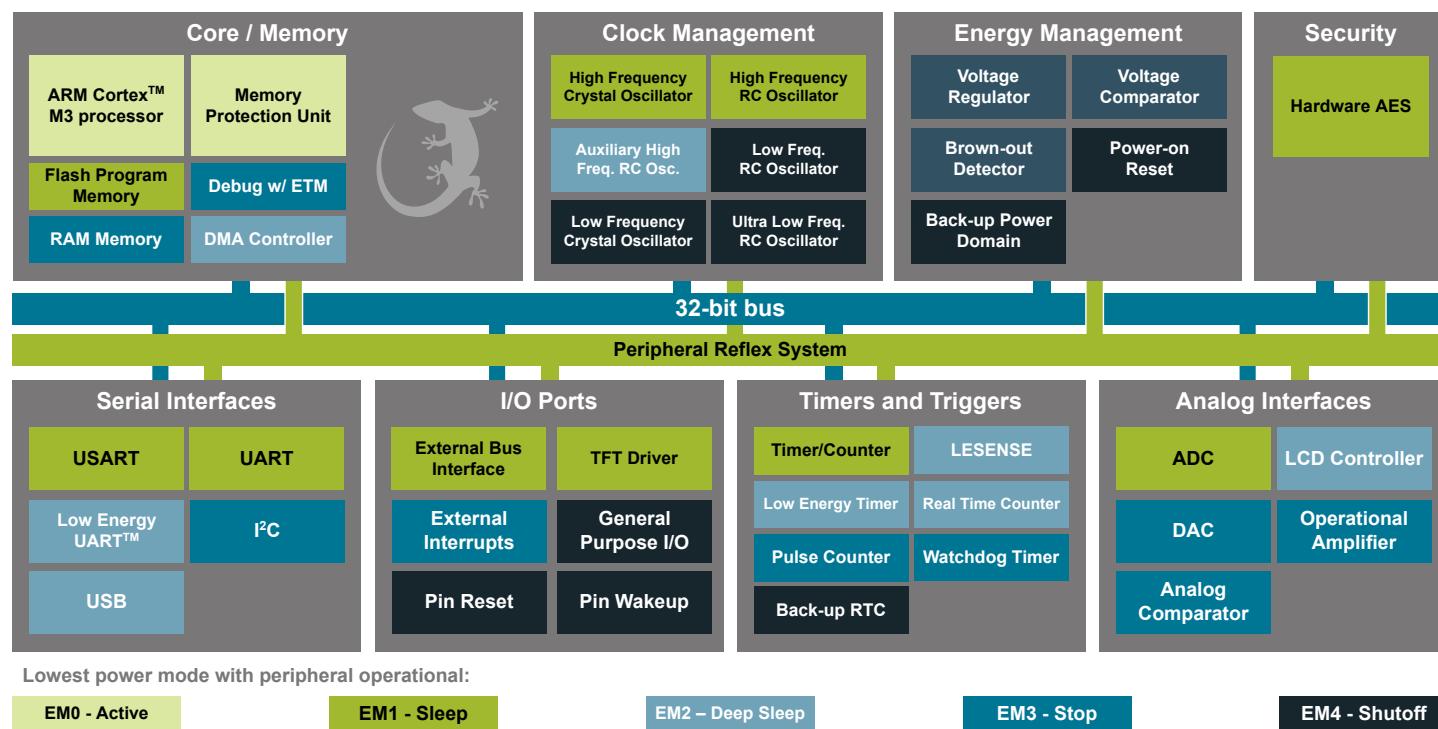


Figure 3.1. Block Diagram

#### 3.1.1 ARM Cortex-M3 Core

The ARM Cortex-M3 includes a 32-bit RISC processor which can achieve as much as 1.25 Dhystone MIPS/MHz. A Memory Protection Unit with support for up to 8 memory segments is included, as well as a Wake-up Interrupt Controller handling interrupts triggered while the CPU is asleep. The EFM32 implementation of the Cortex-M3 is described in detail in EFM32LG Reference Manual.

#### 3.1.2 Debug Interface (DBG)

This device includes hardware debug support through a 2-pin serial-wire debug interface and an Embedded Trace Module (ETM) for data/instruction tracing. In addition there is also a 1-wire Serial Wire Viewer pin which can be used to output profiling information, data trace and software-generated messages.

#### 3.1.3 Memory System Controller (MSC)

The Memory System Controller (MSC) is the program memory unit of the EFM32LG microcontroller. The flash memory is readable and writable from both the Cortex-M3 and DMA. The flash memory is divided into two blocks; the main block and the information block. Program code is normally written to the main block. Additionally, the information block is available for special user data and flash lock bits. There is also a read-only page in the information block containing system and device calibration data. Read and write operations are supported in the energy modes EM0 and EM1.

### 3.1.23 Analog Comparator (ACMP)

The Analog Comparator is used to compare the voltage of two analog inputs, with a digital output indicating which input voltage is higher. Inputs can either be one of the selectable internal references or from external pins. Response time and thereby also the current consumption can be configured by altering the current supply to the comparator.

### 3.1.24 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

The Voltage Supply Comparator is used to monitor the supply voltage from software. An interrupt can be generated when the supply falls below or rises above a programmable threshold. Response time and thereby also the current consumption can be configured by altering the current supply to the comparator.

### 3.1.25 Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)

The ADC is a Successive Approximation Register (SAR) architecture, with a resolution of up to 12 bits at up to one million samples per second. The integrated input mux can select inputs from 8 external pins and 6 internal signals.

### 3.1.26 Digital to Analog Converter (DAC)

The Digital to Analog Converter (DAC) can convert a digital value to an analog output voltage. The DAC is fully differential rail-to-rail, with 12-bit resolution. It has two single ended output buffers which can be combined into one differential output. The DAC may be used for a number of different applications such as sensor interfaces or sound output.

### 3.1.27 Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)

The EFM32LG features up to 3 Operational Amplifiers. The Operational Amplifier is a versatile general purpose amplifier with rail-to-rail differential input and rail-to-rail single ended output. The input can be set to pin, DAC or OPAMP, whereas the output can be pin, OPAMP or ADC. The current is programmable and the OPAMP has various internal configurations such as unity gain, programmable gain using internal resistors etc.

### 3.1.28 Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSE)

The Low Energy Sensor Interface (LESENSE<sup>TM</sup>), is a highly configurable sensor interface with support for up to 16 individually configurable sensors. By controlling the analog comparators and DAC, LESENSE is capable of supporting a wide range of sensors and measurement schemes, and can for instance measure LC sensors, resistive sensors and capacitive sensors. LESENSE also includes a programmable FSM which enables simple processing of measurement results without CPU intervention. LESENSE is available in energy mode EM2, in addition to EM0 and EM1, making it ideal for sensor monitoring in applications with a strict energy budget.

### 3.1.29 Backup Power Domain

The backup power domain is a separate power domain containing a Backup Real Time Counter, BURTC, and a set of retention registers, available in all energy modes. This power domain can be configured to automatically change power source to a backup battery when the main power drains out. The backup power domain enables the EFM32LG to keep track of time and retain data, even if the main power source should drain out.

### 3.1.30 Advanced Encryption Standard Accelerator (AES)

The AES accelerator performs AES encryption and decryption with 128-bit or 256-bit keys. Encrypting or decrypting one 128-bit data block takes 52 HFCORECLK cycles with 128-bit keys and 75 HFCORECLK cycles with 256-bit keys. The AES module is an AHB slave which enables efficient access to the data and key registers. All write accesses to the AES module must be 32-bit operations, i.e. 8- or 16-bit operations are not supported.

### 3.1.31 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

In the EFM32LG, there are up to 93 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) pins, which are divided into ports with up to 16 pins each. These pins can individually be configured as either an output or input. More advanced configurations like open-drain, filtering and drive strength can also be configured individually for the pins. The GPIO pins can also be overridden by peripheral pin connections, like Timer PWM outputs or USART communication, which can be routed to several locations on the device. The GPIO supports up to 16 asynchronous external pin interrupts, which enables interrupts from any pin on the device. Also, the input value of a pin can be routed through the Peripheral Reflex System to other peripherals.

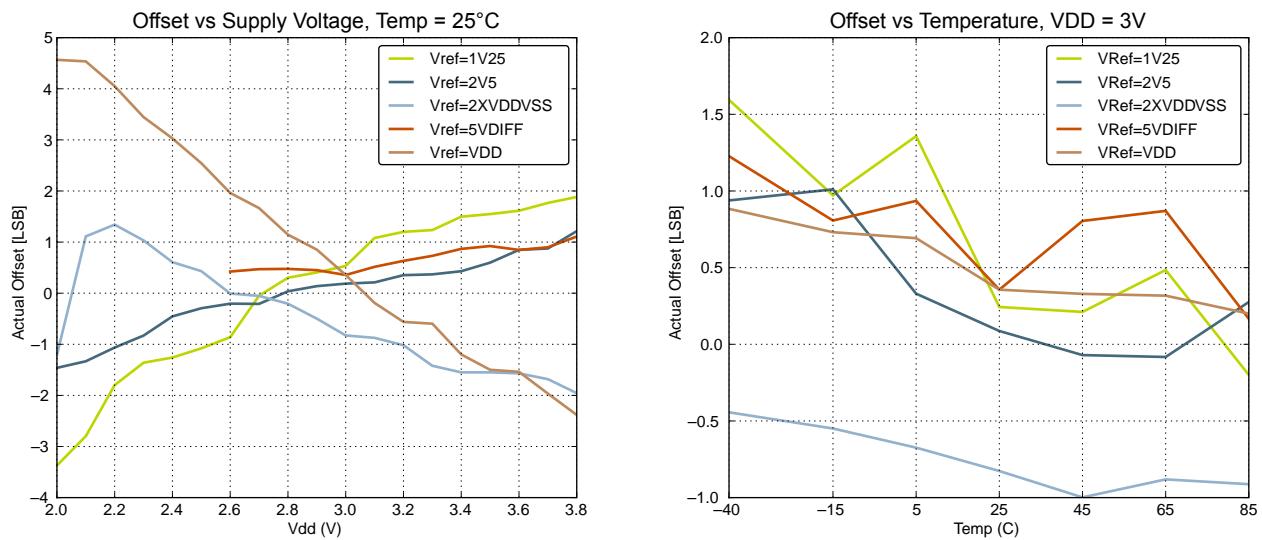


Figure 4.28. ADC Absolute Offset, Common Mode = VDD/2

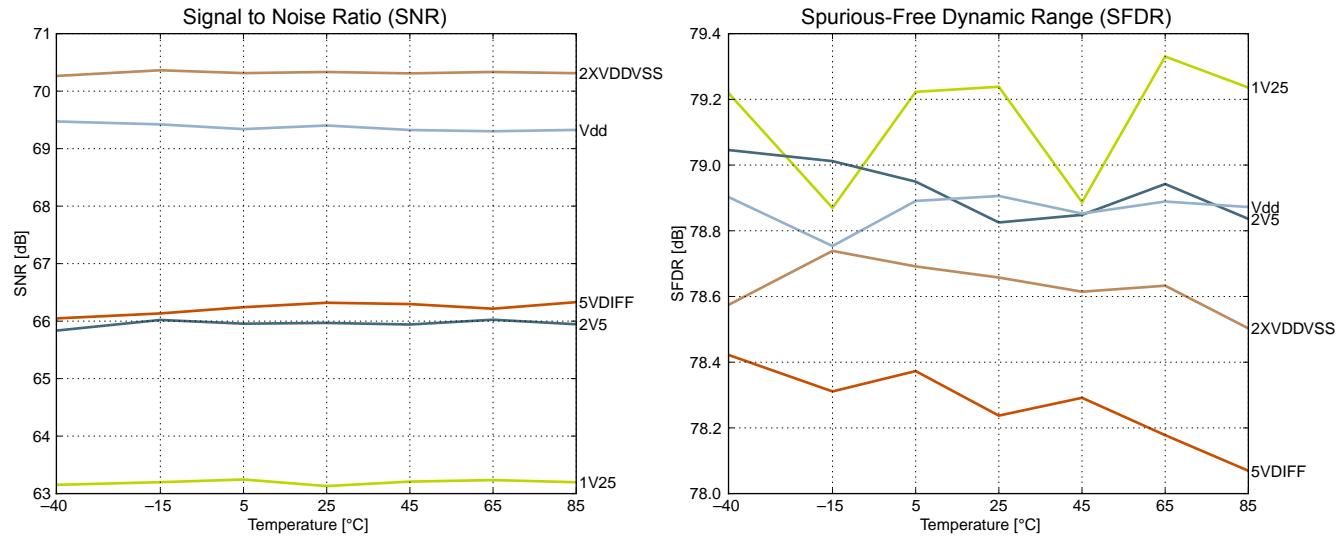


Figure 4.29. ADC Dynamic Performance vs Temperature for all ADC References, VDD = 3 V

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gain Bandwidth Product	$\text{GBW}_{\text{OPAMP}}$	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x4,(OPA2)HALF-BIAS=0x1, DC bias = 2.7 V	—	1.136 <sup>1</sup>	—	MHz
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF,(OPA2)HALF-BIAS=0x0, DC bias = 1.5 V	—	6.1 <sup>2</sup>	—	MHz
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7,(OPA2)HALF-BIAS=0x1, DC bias = 1.5 V	—	1.8 <sup>2</sup>	—	MHz
Phase Margin	$\text{PM}_{\text{OPAMP}}$	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF,(OPA2)HALF-BIAS=0x0, $C_L=75 \text{ pF}$	—	64	—	°
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7,(OPA2)HALF-BIAS=0x1, $C_L=75 \text{ pF}$	—	58	—	°
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x0,(OPA2)HALF-BIAS=0x1, $C_L=75 \text{ pF}$	—	58	—	°
Input Resistance	$R_{\text{INPUT}}$		—	100	—	$\text{M}\Omega$
Load Resistance	$R_{\text{LOAD}}$		200	—	—	$\Omega$
DC Load Current	$I_{\text{LOAD\_DC}}$		—	—	11	mA
Input Voltage	$V_{\text{INPUT}}$	OPAxHCMDIS=0	$V_{\text{SS}}$	—	$V_{\text{DD}}$	V
		OPAxHCMDIS=1	$V_{\text{SS}}$	—	$V_{\text{DD}}-1.2$	V
Output Voltage	$V_{\text{OUTPUT}}$		$V_{\text{SS}}$	—	$V_{\text{DD}}$	V
Input Offset Voltage, all packages except CSP	$V_{\text{OFFSET}}$	(OPA0) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}$ , OPAxHCMDIS=0	-13	0	11	mV
		(OPA1) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}$ , OPAxHCMDIS=0	-13	0.1	11	mV
		(OPA2) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}$ , OPAxHCMDIS=0	-13	0	11	mV
		(OPA2) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}-1.2$ , OPAxHCMDIS=1	—	1	—	mV
Input Offset Voltage, CSP devices	$V_{\text{OFFSET}}$	(OPA0) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}$ , OPAxHCMDIS=0	—	0	—	mV
		(OPA1) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}$ , OPAxHCMDIS=0	—	0.1	—	mV
		(OPA2) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}$ , OPAxHCMDIS=0	-13	0	11	mV
		(OPA2) Unity Gain, $V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{in}} < V_{\text{DD}}-1.2$ , OPAxHCMDIS=1	—	1	—	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$V_{\text{OFFSET\_DRIFT}}$		—	—	0.02	$\text{mV}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input bias current	$I_{\text{OPAMPBIASIN}}$	$V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{DD}}$	-40	—	40	nA
Input offset current	$I_{\text{OPAMPOFFSETI}}$	$V_{\text{SS}} < V_{\text{IN}} < V_{\text{DD}}$	-40	—	40	nA

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ADC0_CH7	PD7							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 7.
BOOT_RX	PE11							Bootloader RX.
BOOT_TX	PE10							Bootloader TX.
BU_STAT	PE3							Backup Power Domain status, whether or not the system is in backup mode
BU_VIN	PD8							Battery input for Backup Power Domain
BU_VOUT	PE2							Power output for Backup Power Domain
CMU_CLK0	PA2	PC12	PD7					Clock Management Unit, clock output number 0.
CMU_CLK1	PA1	PD8	PE12					Clock Management Unit, clock output number 1.
OPAMP_N0	PC5							Operational Amplifier 0 external negative input.
OPAMP_N1	PD7							Operational Amplifier 1 external negative input.
OPAMP_N2	PD3							Operational Amplifier 2 external negative input.
DAC0_OUT0 / OPAMP_OUT0	PB11							Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT0 /OPAMP output channel number 0.
DAC0_OUT0ALT / OPAMP_OUT0A_LT	PC0	PC1	PC2	PC3	PD0			Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT0ALT / OPAMP alternative output for channel 0.
DAC0_OUT1 / OPAMP_OUT1	PB12							Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT1 /OPAMP output channel number 1.
DAC0_OUT1ALT / OPAMP_OUT1A_LT	PC12	PC13	PC14	PC15	PD1			Digital to Analog Converter DAC0_OUT1ALT / OPAMP alternative output for channel 1.
OPAMP_OUT2	PD5	PD0						Operational Amplifier 2 output.
OPAMP_P0	PC4							Operational Amplifier 0 external positive input.
OPAMP_P1	PD6							Operational Amplifier 1 external positive input.
OPAMP_P2	PD4							Operational Amplifier 2 external positive input.
DBG_SWCLK	PF0	PF0	PF0	PF0				Debug-interface Serial Wire clock input.  Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull down.
DBG_SWDIO	PF1	PF1	PF1	PF1				Debug-interface Serial Wire data input / output.  Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull up.
DBG_SWO	PF2	PC15	PD1	PD2				Debug-interface Serial Wire viewer Output.  Note that this function is not enabled after reset, and must be enabled by software to be used.
EBI_A00	PA12	PA12	PA12					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 00.
EBI_A01	PA13	PA13	PA13					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 01.
EBI_A02	PA14	PA14	PA14					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 02.
EBI_A03	PB9	PB9	PB9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 03.

Alternate	LOCATION													
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description						
USB_ID	PF12							USB ID pin. Used in OTG mode.						
USB_VBUS	USB_VBUS							USB 5 V VBUS input.						
USB_VBUSEN	PF5							USB 5 V VBUS enable.						
USB_VREGI	USB_VREGI							USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator						
USB_VREGO	USB_VREGO							USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output						

### 5.8.3 Opamp Pinout Overview

The specific opamp terminals available in EFM32LG360 is shown in the following figure.

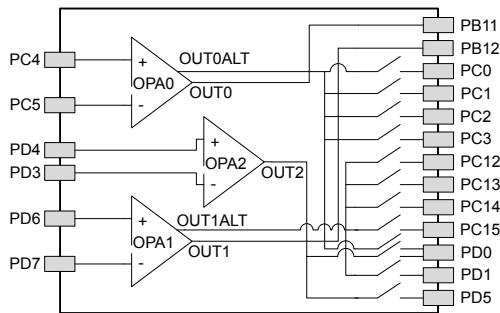


Figure 5.16. Opamp Pinout

### 5.8.4 GPIO Pinout Overview

The specific GPIO pins available in EFM32LG360 is shown in the following table. Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

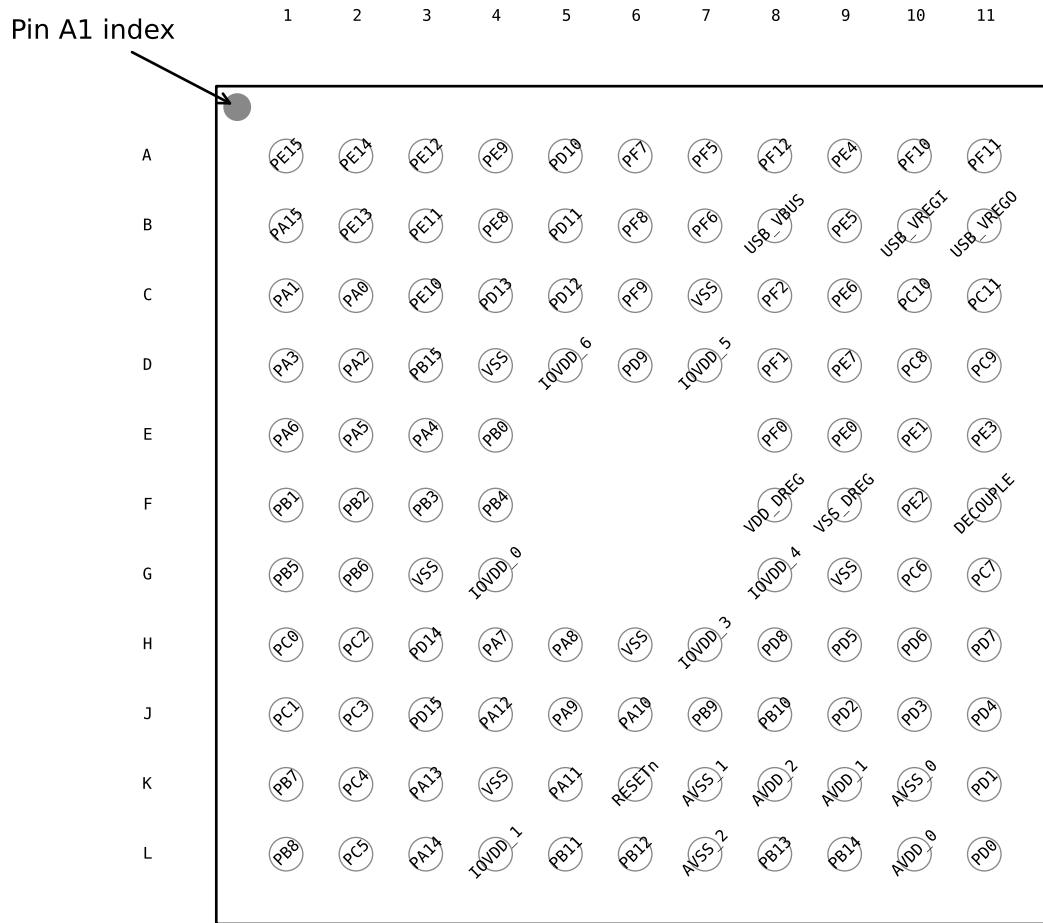
Table 5.24. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	PA15	-	-	-	-	PA10	PA9	PA8	-	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	-	PB14	PB13	PB12	PB11	-	-	PB8	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	-	-	-
Port C	PC15	PC14	PC13	PC12	PC11	PC10	PC9	PC8	PC7	PC6	PC5	PC4	PC3	PC2	PC1	PC0
Port D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PD8	PD7	PD6	PD5	PD4	PD3	PD2	PD1	PD0
Port E	PE15	PE14	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	PE9	PE8	-	-	PE5	PE4	PE3	PE2	-	-
Port F	-	-	-	PF12	PF11	PF10	-	-	-	-	PF5	-	-	PF2	PF1	PF0

## 5.10 EFM32LG390 (BGA112)

### 5.10.1 Pinout

The EFM32LG390 pinout is shown in the following figure and table. Alternate locations are denoted by "#" followed by the location number (Multiple locations on the same pin are split with "/"). Alternate locations can be configured in the LOCATION bitfield in the \*\_ROUTE register in the module in question.



**Figure 5.19. EFM32LG390 Pinout (top view, not to scale)**

**Table 5.28. Device Pinout**

BGA112 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
A1	PE15		EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
A2	PE14		EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	

QFP64 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
50	PF1		TIM0_CC1 #5 LE-TIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
51	PF2	LCD_SEG0	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
52	PF3	LCD_SEG1	TIM0_CDTI0 #2/5		PRS_CH0 #1 ETM_TD3 #1
53	PF4	LCD_SEG2	TIM0_CDTI1 #2/5		PRS_CH1 #1
54	PF5	LCD_SEG3	TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5		PRS_CH2 #1
55	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.			
56	VSS	Ground.			
57	PE8	LCD_SEG4	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
58	PE9	LCD_SEG5	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
59	PE10	LCD_SEG6	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
60	PE11	LCD_SEG7	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
61	PE12	LCD_SEG8	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
62	PE13	LCD_SEG9		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
63	PE14	LCD_SEG10	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
64	PE15	LCD_SEG11	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	

Alternate		LOCATION													
Functionality		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description						
US0_RX	PE11	PE6		PE12	PB8				USART0 Asynchronous Receive. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).						
US0_TX	PE10	PE7		PE13	PB7				USART0 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).						
US1_CLK	PB7	PD2	PF0						USART1 clock input / output.						
US1_CS	PB8	PD3	PF1						USART1 chip select input / output.						
US1_RX		PD1	PD6						USART1 Asynchronous Receive. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).						
US1_TX		PD0	PD7						USART1 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).						
US2_CLK	PC4	PB5							USART2 clock input / output.						
US2_CS	PC5	PB6							USART2 chip select input / output.						
US2_RX		PB4							USART2 Asynchronous Receive. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).						
US2_TX		PB3							USART2 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART2 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).						

### 5.13.3 GPIO Pinout Overview

The specific GPIO pins available in EFM32LG842 is shown in the following table. Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 5.39. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	—	PA14	PA13	PA12	—	—	—	—	—	—	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	—	PB14	PB13	—	PB11	—	—	PB8	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	—	—	—
Port C	PC15	PC14	PC13	PC12	—	—	—	—	PC7	PC6	PC5	PC4	—	—	—	—
Port D	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PD8	PD7	PD6	PD5	PD4	PD3	PD2	PD1	PD0
Port E	PE15	PE14	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	PE9	PE8	PE7	PE6	PE5	PE4	—	—	—	—
Port F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	PF5	PF4	PF3	PF2	PF1	PF0

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
74	PC14	ACMP1_CH6 DAC0_OUT1ALT #2/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT		TIM0_CDTI1 #1/3 TIM1_CC1 #0 PCNT0_S1IN #0	US0_CS #3 U0_TX #3	LES_CH14 #0
75	PC15	ACMP1_CH7 DAC0_OUT1ALT #3/ OPAMP_OUT1ALT		TIM0_CDTI2 #1/3 TIM1_CC2 #0	US0_CLK #3 U0_RX #3	LES_CH15 #0 DBG_SWO #1
76	PF0			TIM0_CC0 #5 LE-TIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
77	PF1			TIM0_CC1 #5 LE-TIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
78	PF2	LCD_SEG0	EBI_ARDY #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
79	PF3	LCD_SEG1	EBI_ALE #0	TIM0_CDTI0 #2/5		PRS_CH0 #1 ETM_TD3 #1
80	PF4	LCD_SEG2	EBI_WEn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI1 #2/5		PRS_CH1 #1
81	PF5	LCD_SEG3	EBI_REn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5		PRS_CH2 #1
82	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.				
83	VSS	Ground.				
84	PF6	LCD_SEG24	EBI_BL0 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #2	U0_TX #0	
85	PF7	LCD_SEG25	EBI_BL1 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #2	U0_RX #0	
86	PF8	LCD_SEG26	EBI_WEn #1	TIM0_CC2 #2		ETM_TCLK #1
87	PF9	LCD_SEG27	EBI_REn #1			ETM_TD0 #1
88	PD9	LCD_SEG28	EBI_CS0 #0/1/2			
89	PD10	LCD_SEG29	EBI_CS1 #0/1/2			
90	PD11	LCD_SEG30	EBI_CS2 #0/1/2			
91	PD12	LCD_SEG31	EBI_CS3 #0/1/2			
92	PE8	LCD_SEG4	EBI_AD00 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
93	PE9	LCD_SEG5	EBI_AD01 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
94	PE10	LCD_SEG6	EBI_AD02 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
95	PE11	LCD_SEG7	EBI_AD03 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
96	PE12	LCD_SEG8	EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
97	PE13	LCD_SEG9	EBI_AD05 #0/1/2		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
98	PE14	LCD_SEG10	EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
LES_ALTEX6	PE12							LESENSE alternate exite output 6.
LES_ALTEX7	PE13							LESENSE alternate exite output 7.
LES_CH0	PC0							LESENSE channel 0.
LES_CH1	PC1							LESENSE channel 1.
LES_CH2	PC2							LESENSE channel 2.
LES_CH3	PC3							LESENSE channel 3.
LES_CH4	PC4							LESENSE channel 4.
LES_CH5	PC5							LESENSE channel 5.
LES_CH6	PC6							LESENSE channel 6.
LES_CH7	PC7							LESENSE channel 7.
LES_CH8	PC8							LESENSE channel 8.
LES_CH9	PC9							LESENSE channel 9.
LES_CH10	PC10							LESENSE channel 10.
LES_CH11	PC11							LESENSE channel 11.
LES_CH12	PC12							LESENSE channel 12.
LES_CH13	PC13							LESENSE channel 13.
LES_CH14	PC14							LESENSE channel 14.
LES_CH15	PC15							LESENSE channel 15.
LETIM0_OUT0	PD6	PB11	PF0	PC4				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 0.
LETIM0_OUT1	PD7	PB12	PF1	PC5				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PE15	PF1	PA0			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX	PD4	PB13	PE14	PF0	PF2			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LEU1_RX	PC7	PA6						LEUART1 Receive input.
LEU1_TX	PC6	PA5						LEUART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN	PC13	PE0	PC0	PD6				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	PC14	PE1	PC1	PD7				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PCNT1_S0IN	PC4	PB3						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 0.
PCNT1_S1IN	PC5	PB4						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 1.
PCNT2_S0IN	PD0	PE8						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 0.
PCNT2_S1IN	PD1	PE9						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	PA0	PF3						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
LES_CH4	PC4							LESENSE channel 4.
LES_CH5	PC5							LESENSE channel 5.
LES_CH6	PC6							LESENSE channel 6.
LES_CH7	PC7							LESENSE channel 7.
LES_CH8	PC8							LESENSE channel 8.
LES_CH9	PC9							LESENSE channel 9.
LES_CH10	PC10							LESENSE channel 10.
LES_CH11	PC11							LESENSE channel 11.
LES_CH12	PC12							LESENSE channel 12.
LES_CH13	PC13							LESENSE channel 13.
LES_CH14	PC14							LESENSE channel 14.
LES_CH15	PC15							LESENSE channel 15.
LETIM0_OUT0	PD6	PB11	PF0	PC4				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 0.
LETIM0_OUT1	PD7	PB12	PF1	PC5				Low Energy Timer LETIM0, output channel 1.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PE15	PF1	PA0			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX	PD4	PB13	PE14	PF0	PF2			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LEU1_RX	PC7	PA6						LEUART1 Receive input.
LEU1_TX	PC6	PA5						LEUART1 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN	PC13	PE0	PC0	PD6				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	PC14	PE1	PC1	PD7				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PCNT1_S0IN	PC4	PB3						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 0.
PCNT1_S1IN	PC5	PB4						Pulse Counter PCNT1 input number 1.
PCNT2_S0IN	PD0	PE8						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 0.
PCNT2_S1IN	PD1	PE9						Pulse Counter PCNT2 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	PA0	PF3						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.
PRS_CH1	PA1	PF4						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 1.
PRS_CH2	PC0	PF5						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 2.
PRS_CH3	PC1	PE8						Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 3.
TIM0_CC0	PA0	PA0	PF6	PD1	PA0	PF0		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM0_CC1	PA1	PA1	PF7	PD2	PC0	PF1		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM0_CC2	PA2	PA2	PF8	PD3	PC1	PF2		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
EBI_AD10	PA1	PA1	PA1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 10.
EBI_AD11	PA2	PA2	PA2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 11.
EBI_AD12	PA3	PA3	PA3					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 12.
EBI_AD13	PA4	PA4	PA4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 13.
EBI_AD14	PA5	PA5	PA5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 14.
EBI_AD15	PA6	PA6	PA6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 15.
EBI_ALE		PC11	PC11					External Bus Interface (EBI) Address Latch Enable output.
EBI_ARDY	PF2	PF2	PF2					External Bus Interface (EBI) Hardware Ready Control input.
EBI_BL0	PF6	PF6	PF6					External Bus Interface (EBI) Byte Lane/Enable pin 0.
EBI_BL1	PF7	PF7	PF7					External Bus Interface (EBI) Byte Lane/Enable pin 1.
EBI_CS0	PD9	PD9	PD9					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 0.
EBI_CS1	PD10	PD10	PD10					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 1.
EBI_CS2	PD11	PD11	PD11					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 2.
EBI_CS3	PD12	PD12	PD12					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output 3.
EBI_CSTFT	PA7	PA7	PA7					External Bus Interface (EBI) Chip Select output TFT.
EBI_DCLK	PA8	PA8	PA8					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Dot Clock pin.
EBI_DTEN	PA9	PA9	PA9					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Data Enable pin.
EBI_HSNC	PA11	PA11	PA11					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Horizontal Synchronization pin.
EBI_NANDREn	PC3	PC3	PC3					External Bus Interface (EBI) NAND Read Enable output.
EBI_NANDWEn	PC5	PC5	PC5					External Bus Interface (EBI) NAND Write Enable output.
EBI_REn	PF5	PF9	PF5					External Bus Interface (EBI) Read Enable output.
EBI_VSNC	PA10	PA10	PA10					External Bus Interface (EBI) TFT Vertical Synchronization pin.
EBI_WEn		PF8						External Bus Interface (EBI) Write Enable output.
ETM_TCLK	PD7	PF8	PC6	PA6				Embedded Trace Module ETM clock .
ETM_TD0	PD6	PF9	PC7	PA2				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 0.
ETM_TD1	PD3		PD3	PA3				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 1.
ETM_TD2	PD4		PD4	PA4				Embedded Trace Module ETM data 2.

BGA112 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
A3	PE12	LCD SEG8	EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
A4	PE9	LCD SEG5	EBI_AD01 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
A5	PD10	LCD SEG29	EBI_CS1 #0/1/2			
A6	PF7	LCD SEG25	EBI_BL1 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #2	U0_RX #0	
A7	PF5	LCD SEG3	EBI_REn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5	USB_VBUSEN #0	PRS_CH2 #1
A8	PF12				USB_ID	
A9	PE4	LCD COM0	EBI_A11 #0/1/2		US0_CS #1	
A10	PF10				U1_TX #1 USB_DM	
A11	PF11				U1_RX #1 USB_DP	
B1	PA15	LCD SEG12	EBI_AD08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC2 #0		
B2	PE13	LCD SEG9	EBI_AD05 #0/1/2		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
B3	PE11	LCD SEG7	EBI_AD03 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
B4	PE8	LCD SEG4	EBI_AD00 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1
B5	PD11	LCD SEG30	EBI_CS2 #0/1/2			
B6	PF8	LCD SEG26	EBI_WEn #1	TIM0_CC2 #2		ETM_TCLK #1
B7	PF6	LCD SEG24	EBI_BL0 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #2	U0_TX #0	
B8	USB_VBUS	USB 5.0 V VBUS input.				
B9	PE5	LCD COM1	EBI_A12 #0/1/2		US0_CLK #1	
B10	USB_VREGI					
B11	USB_VREGO					
C1	PA1	LCD SEG14	EBI_AD10 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #0/1	I2C0_SCL #0	CMU_CLK1 #0 PRS_CH1 #0
C2	PA0	LCD SEG13	EBI_AD09 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #0/1/4	LEU0_RX #4 I2C0_SDA #0	PRS_CH0 #0 GPIO_EM4WU0
C3	PE10	LCD SEG6	EBI_AD02 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
C4	PD13					ETM_TD1 #1
C5	PD12	LCD SEG31	EBI_CS3 #0/1/2			
C6	PF9	LCD SEG27	EBI_REn #1			ETM_TD0 #1
C7	VSS	Ground.				
C8	PF2	LCD SEG0	EBI_ARDY #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SW0 #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
C9	PE6	LCD COM2	EBI_A13 #0/1/2		US0_RX #1	
C10	PC10	ACMP1_CH2	EBI_A10 #1/2	TIM2_CC2 #2	US0_RX #2	LES_CH10 #0

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
EBI_A06	PC7	PC7	PC7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 06.
EBI_A07	PE0	PE0	PE0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 07.
EBI_A08	PE1	PE1	PE1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 08.
EBI_A09	PE2	PC9	PC9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 09.
EBI_A10	PE3	PC10	PC10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 10.
EBI_A11	PE4	PE4	PE4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 11.
EBI_A12	PE5	PE5	PE5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 12.
EBI_A13	PE6	PE6	PE6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 13.
EBI_A14	PE7	PE7	PE7					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 14.
EBI_A15	PC8	PC8	PC8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 15.
EBI_A16	PB0	PB0	PB0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 16.
EBI_A17	PB1	PB1	PB1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 17.
EBI_A18	PB2	PB2	PB2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 18.
EBI_A19	PB3	PB3	PB3					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 19.
EBI_A20	PB4	PB4	PB4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 20.
EBI_A21	PB5	PB5	PB5					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 21.
EBI_A22	PB6	PB6	PB6					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 22.
EBI_A23	PC0	PC0	PC0					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 23.
EBI_A24	PC1	PC1	PC1					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 24.
EBI_A25	PC2	PC2	PC2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 25.
EBI_A26	PC4	PC4	PC4					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 26.
EBI_A27	PD2	PD2	PD2					External Bus Interface (EBI) address output pin 27.
EBI_AD00	PE8	PE8	PE8					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 00.
EBI_AD01	PE9	PE9	PE9					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 01.
EBI_AD02	PE10	PE10	PE10					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 02.
EBI_AD03	PE11	PE11	PE11					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 03.
EBI_AD04	PE12	PE12	PE12					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 04.
EBI_AD05	PE13	PE13	PE13					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 05.
EBI_AD06	PE14	PE14	PE14					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 06.
EBI_AD07	PE15	PE15	PE15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 07.
EBI_AD08	PA15	PA15	PA15					External Bus Interface (EBI) address and data input / output pin 08.

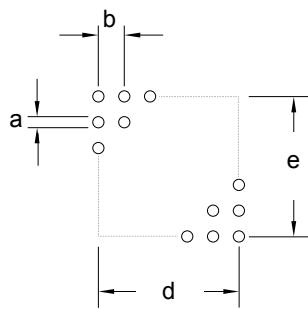


Figure 6.4. BGA112 PCB Stencil Design

Table 6.3. BGA112 PCB Stencil Design Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)

Symbol	Dim. (mm)
a	0.33
b	0.80
d	8.00
e	8.00

**Note:**

1. The drawings are not to scale.
2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
3. All drawings are subject to change without notice.
4. The PCB Land Pattern drawing is in compliance with IPC-7351B.
5. Stencil thickness 0.125 mm.
6. For detailed pin-positioning, see Pin Definitions.

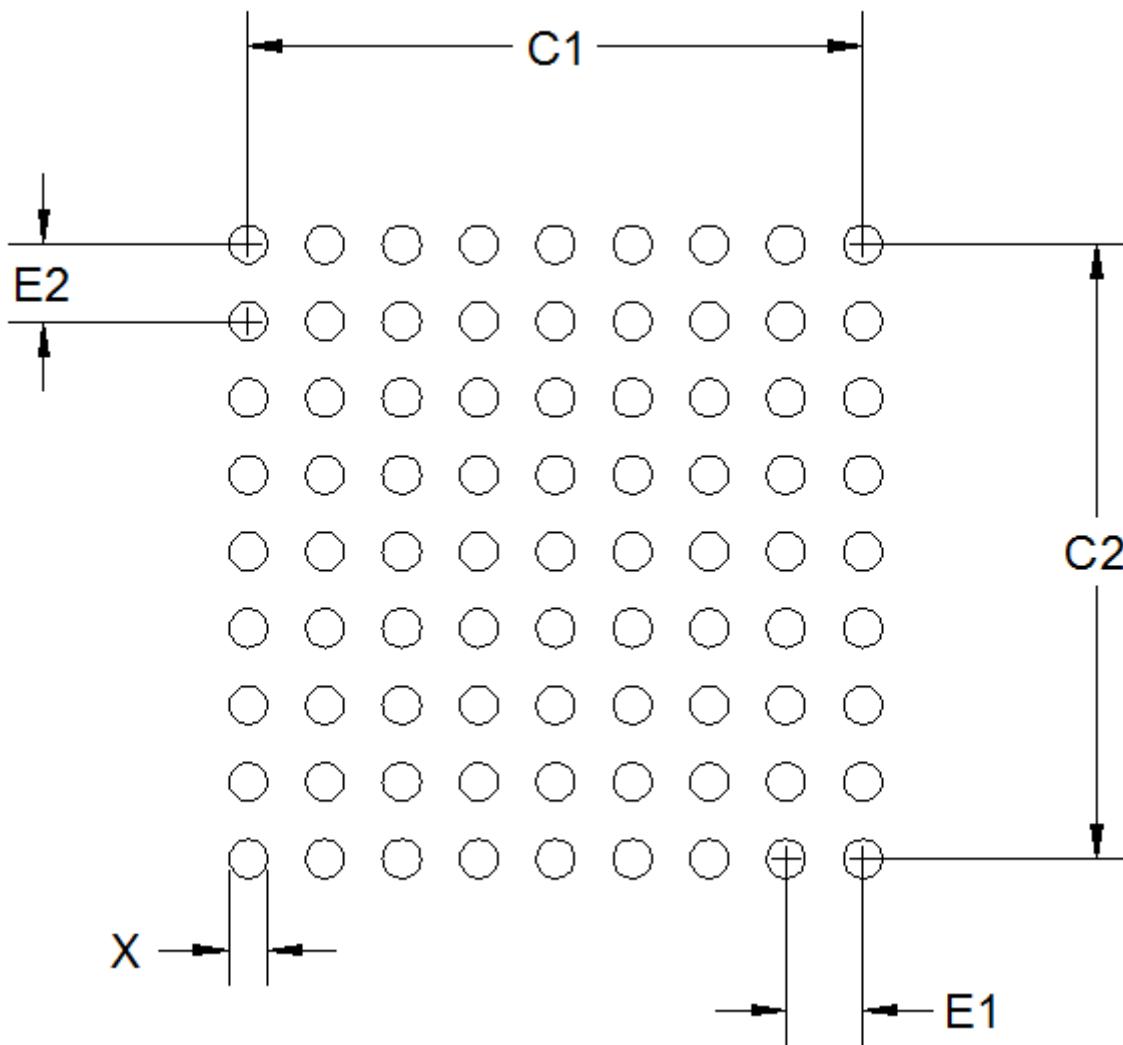


Figure 8.3. CSP81 PCB Solder Mask

Table 8.3. CSP81 PCB Solder Mask Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)

Symbol	Dim. (mm)
X	0.26
C1	3.20
C2	3.20
E1	0.40
E2	0.40

## 12. Wafer Specifications

### 12.1 Bonding Instructions

All pads should be bonded out, with the exception of the pads labeled “NC” and listed as “Do not connect” in Padout. Gold bond wires are recommended for these devices.

All three voltage regulator output decouple pads (DEC\_0, DEC\_1, DEC\_2) must be bonded out and electrically connected on the PCB. In the packaged devices, these three pads are all bonded to a single DECOUPLE pin.

If the USB feature of EFM32LG900 will be used, all of the USB pads must be bonded out, and

- both USB\_VREGO\_0 and USB\_VREGO\_1 must be bonded out and electrically connected on the PCB. In the packaged devices, these two pads are both bonded to a single USB\_VREGO pin.
- both USB\_VREGI\_0 and USB\_VREGI\_1 must be bonded out and electrically connected on the PCB. In the packaged devices, these two pads are both bonded to a single USB\_VREGI pin.

### 12.2 Wafer Description

**Table 12.1. Wafer and Die Information**

Parameter	Value
Device Family	EFM32LG (Leopard Gecko)
Wafer Diameter	8 in
Die Dimensions (Outer edge of seal ring)	4230 µm × 4230 µm
Wafer Thickness (No backgrind)	725 µm ±15 µm (28.54 mil ±1 mil)
Wafer Identification	Notch
Scribe Street Width	80 µm × 160 µm
Die Per Wafer <sup>1</sup>	Contact sales for information
Passivation	Standard
Wafer Packaging Detail	Wafer Jar
Bond Pad Dimensions	65 µm (parallel to die edge) × 66 µm
Bond Pad Pitch Minimum	76 µm
Maximum Processing Temperature	250°C
Electronic Die Map Format	.txt
<b>Note:</b>	
1. This is the Expected Known Good Die yielded per wafer and represents the batch order quantity (one wafer).	

#### 12.2.1 Environmental

Bare silicon die are susceptible to mechanical damage and may be sensitive to light. When bare die must be used in an environment exposed to light, it may be necessary to cover the top and sides with an opaque material.

For additional Quality and Environmental information, please see: <http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/default.aspx>.

#### 14.7 Revision 1.10

June 28th, 2013

This revision applies the following devices:

- EFM32LG230
- EFM32LG232
- EFM32LG280
- EFM32LG290
- EFM32LG295
- EFM32LG330
- EFM32LG332
- EFM32LG380
- EFM32LG390
- EFM32LG395
- EFM32LG840
- EFM32LG842
- EFM32LG880
- EFM32LG890
- EFM32LG895
- EFM32LG940
- EFM32LG942
- EFM32LG980
- EFM32LG990
- EFM32LG995

Updated power requirements in the Power Management section.

For BGA packages, updated PCB Land Pattern, PCB Solder Mask and PCB Stencil Design figures.

Removed minimum load capacitance figure and table. Added reference to application note.

Other minor corrections.

This revision applies the following devices:

- EFM32LG900

December 12th, 2014

Added recommendation to use gold bond wire.