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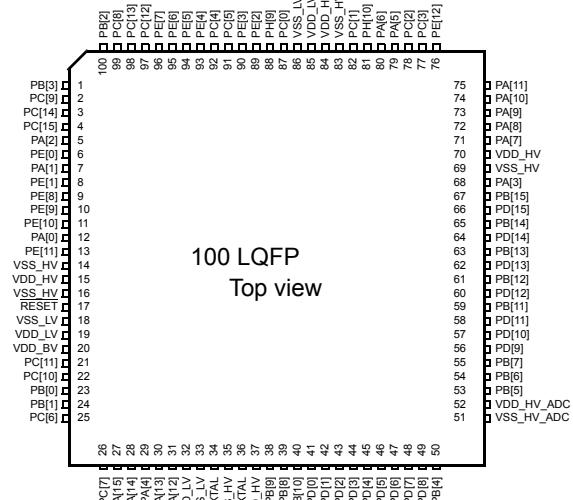
Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	e200z0h
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	64MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, LINbus, SCI, SPI
Peripherals	DMA, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	79
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	64K x 8
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 28x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/spc5604bk0mll6

Table 1. MPC5604B/C device comparison¹

Feature	Device																							
	MPC56 02BxLH	MPC56 02BxLL	MPC56 02BxLQ	MPC56 02CxLH	MPC56 02CxLL	MPC56 03BxLH	MPC56 03BxLL	MPC56 03BxLQ	MPC56 03CxLH	MPC56 03CxLL	MPC56 04BxLH	MPC56 04BxLL	MPC56 04BxLQ	MPC56 04CxLH	MPC56 04CxLL	MPC56 04CxMG								
CPU	e200z0h																							
Execution speed ²	Static – up to 64 MHz																							
Code Flash	256 KB				384 KB				512 KB															
Data Flash	64 KB (4 × 16 KB)																							
RAM	24 KB		32 KB		28 KB		40 KB		32 KB		48 KB													
MPU	8-entry																							
ADC (10-bit)	12 ch	28 ch	36 ch	8 ch	28 ch	12 ch	28 ch	36 ch	8 ch	28 ch	12 ch	28 ch	36 ch	8 ch	28 ch	36 ch								
CTU	Yes																							
Total timer I/O ³ eMIOS	12 ch, 16-bit	28 ch, 16-bit	56 ch, 16-bit	12 ch, 16-bit	28 ch, 16-bit	12 ch, 16-bit	28 ch, 16-bit	56 ch, 16-bit	12 ch, 16-bit	28 ch, 16-bit	12 ch, 16-bit	28 ch, 16-bit	56 ch, 16-bit	12 ch, 16-bit	28 ch, 16-bit	56 ch, 16-bit								
• PWM + MC + IC/OC ⁴	2 ch	5 ch	10 ch	2 ch	5 ch	2 ch	5 ch	10 ch	2 ch	5 ch	2 ch	5 ch	10 ch	2 ch	5 ch	10 ch								
• PWM + IC/OC ⁴	10 ch	20 ch	40 ch	10 ch	20 ch	10 ch	20 ch	40 ch	10 ch	20 ch	10 ch	20 ch	40 ch	10 ch	20 ch	40 ch								
• IC/OC ⁴	—	3 ch	6 ch	—	3 ch	—	3 ch	6 ch	—	3 ch	—	3 ch	6 ch	—	3 ch	6 ch								
SCI (LINFlex)	3 ⁵				4																			
SPI (DSPI)	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3								
CAN (FlexCAN)	2 ⁶				5	6	3 ⁷				5	6	3 ⁷											
I ² C	1																							
32 kHz oscillator	Yes																							
GPIO ⁸	45	79	123	45	79	45	79	123	45	79	45	79	123	45	79	123								
Debug	JTAG																							
Package	64 LQFP	100 LQFP	144 LQFP	64 LQFP	100 LQFP	64 LQFP	100 LQFP	144 LQFP	64 LQFP	100 LQFP	64 LQFP	100 LQFP	144 LQFP	64 LQFP	100 LQFP	208 MAPBGA ⁹								



Note:

Availability of port pin alternate functions depends on product selection.

Figure 4. LQFP 100-pin configuration

Table 6. Functional port pin descriptions (continued)

Port pin	PCR	Alternate function ¹	Function	Peripheral	I/O direction ²	Pad type	RESET configuration	Pin number				
								MPC560xB 64 LQFP	MPC560xC 64 LQFP	100 LQFP	144 LQFP	208 MAPBGA ³
PD[9]	PCR[57]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[57] — — — GPI[13]	SIUL — — — ADC	I — — — —	I — — — —	Tristate	— —	— —	56	78	N15
PD[10]	PCR[58]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[58] — — — GPI[14]	SIUL — — — ADC	I — — — —	I — — — —	Tristate	— —	— —	57	79	N14
PD[11]	PCR[59]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[59] — — — GPI[15]	SIUL — — — ADC	I — — — —	I — — — —	Tristate	— —	— —	58	80	N16
PD[12] ⁸	PCR[60]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[60] CS5_0 E0UC[24] — ANS[4]	SIUL DSPI_0 eMIOS_0 — ADC	I/O O I/O — I	J — — — —	Tristate	— —	— —	60	82	M15
PD[13]	PCR[61]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[61] CS0_1 E0UC[25] — ANS[5]	SIUL DSPI_1 eMIOS_0 — ADC	I/O I/O I/O — I	J — — — —	Tristate	— —	— —	62	84	M14
PD[14]	PCR[62]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[62] CS1_1 E0UC[26] — ANS[6]	SIUL DSPI_1 eMIOS_0 — ADC	I/O O I/O — I	J — — — —	Tristate	— —	— —	64	86	L15
PD[15]	PCR[63]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[63] CS2_1 E0UC[27] — ANS[7]	SIUL DSPI_1 eMIOS_0 — ADC	I/O O I/O — I	J — — — —	Tristate	— —	— —	66	88	L14
PE[0]	PCR[64]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 — —	GPIO[64] E0UC[16] — — CAN5RX ¹¹ WKPU[6] ⁴	SIUL eMIOS_0 — — FlexCAN_5 WKPU	I/O I/O — — — I	S — — — — I	Tristate	— —	— —	6	10	F1

Table 6. Functional port pin descriptions (continued)

Port pin	PCR	Alternate function ¹	Function	Peripheral	I/O direction ²	Pad type	RESET configuration	Pin number				
								MPC560xB 64 LQFP	MPC560xC 64 LQFP	100 LQFP	144 LQFP	208 MAPBGA ³
PE[10]	PCR[74]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[74] LIN3TX CS3_1 — EIRQ[10]	SIUL LINFlex_3 DSPI_1 — SIUL	I/O O O — I	S	Tristate	—	—	11	15	G3
PE[11]	PCR[75]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[75] — CS4_1 — LIN3RX WKPU[14] ⁴	SIUL — DSPI_1 — LINFlex_3 WKPU	I/O — O — I I	S	Tristate	—	—	13	17	H2
PE[12]	PCR[76]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[76] — E1UC[19] ¹³ — SIN_2 EIRQ[11]	SIUL — eMIOS_1 — DSPI_2 SIUL	I/O — I/O — I I	S	Tristate	—	—	76	109	C14
PE[13]	PCR[77]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[77] SOUT2 E1UC[20] —	SIUL DSPI_2 eMIOS_1 —	I/O O I/O —	S	Tristate	—	—	—	103	D15
PE[14]	PCR[78]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[78] SCK_2 E1UC[21] — EIRQ[12]	SIUL DSPI_2 eMIOS_1 — SIUL	I/O I/O I/O — I	S	Tristate	—	—	—	112	C13
PE[15]	PCR[79]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[79] CS0_2 E1UC[22] —	SIUL DSPI_2 eMIOS_1 —	I/O I/O I/O —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	113	A13
PF[0]	PCR[80]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[80] E0UC[10] CS3_1 — ANS[8]	SIUL eMIOS_0 DSPI_1 — ADC	I/O I/O O — I	J	Tristate	—	—	—	55	N10
PF[1]	PCR[81]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[81] E0UC[11] CS4_1 — ANS[9]	SIUL eMIOS_0 DSPI_1 — I	I/O I/O O — I	J	Tristate	—	—	—	56	P10

Table 6. Functional port pin descriptions (continued)

Port pin	PCR	Alternate function ¹	Function	Peripheral	I/O direction ²	Pad type	RESET configuration	Pin number				
								MPC560xB 64 LQFP	MPC560xC 64 LQFP	100 LQFP	144 LQFP	208 MAPBGA ³
PG[2]	PCR[98]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[98] E1UC[11] — —	SIUL eMIOS_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	8	E4
PG[3]	PCR[99]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[99] E1UC[12] — — WKPU[17] ⁴	SIUL eMIOS_1 — — WKPU	I/O I/O — — I	S	Tristate	—	—	—	7	E3
PG[4]	PCR[100]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[100] E1UC[13] — —	SIUL eMIOS_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	6	E1
PG[5]	PCR[101]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[101] E1UC[14] — — WKPU[18] ⁴	SIUL eMIOS_1 — — WKPU	I/O I/O — — I	S	Tristate	—	—	—	5	E2
PG[6]	PCR[102]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[102] E1UC[15] — —	SIUL eMIOS_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	30	M2
PG[7]	PCR[103]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[103] E1UC[16] — —	SIUL eMIOS_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	29	M1
PG[8]	PCR[104]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[104] E1UC[17] — CS0_2 EIRQ[15]	SIUL eMIOS_1 — DSPI_2 SIUL	I/O I/O — I/O I	S	Tristate	—	—	—	26	L2
PG[9]	PCR[105]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[105] E1UC[18] — SCK_2	SIUL eMIOS_1 — DSPI_2	I/O I/O — I/O	S	Tristate	—	—	—	25	L1
PG[10]	PCR[106]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[106] E0UC[24] — —	SIUL eMIOS_0 — —	I/O I/O — —	S	Tristate	—	—	—	114	D13

Table 6. Functional port pin descriptions (continued)

Port pin	PCR	Alternate function ¹	Function	Peripheral	I/O direction ²	Pad type	RESET configuration	Pin number				
								MPC560xB 64 LQFP	MPC560xC 64 LQFP	100 LQFP	144 LQFP	208 MAPBGA ³
PG[11]	PCR[107]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[107] E0UC[25] — —	SIUL eMIOS_0 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	115	B12
PG[12]	PCR[108]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[108] E0UC[26] — —	SIUL eMIOS_0 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	92	K14
PG[13]	PCR[109]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[109] E0UC[27] — —	SIUL eMIOS_0 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	91	K16
PG[14]	PCR[110]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[110] E1UC[0] — —	SIUL eMIOS_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	S	Tristate	—	—	—	110	B14
PG[15]	PCR[111]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[111] E1UC[1] — —	SIUL eMIOS_1 — —	I/O I/O — —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	111	B13
PH[0]	PCR[112]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3 —	GPIO[112] E1UC[2] — — SIN1	SIUL eMIOS_1 — — DSPI_1	I/O I/O — — I	M	Tristate	—	—	—	93	F13
PH[1]	PCR[113]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[113] E1UC[3] SOUT1 —	SIUL eMIOS_1 DSPI_1 —	I/O I/O O —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	94	F14
PH[2]	PCR[114]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[114] E1UC[4] SCK_1 —	SIUL eMIOS_1 DSPI_1 —	I/O I/O I/O —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	95	F16
PH[3]	PCR[115]	AF0 AF1 AF2 AF3	GPIO[115] E1UC[5] CS0_1 —	SIUL eMIOS_1 DSPI_1 —	I/O I/O I/O —	M	Tristate	—	—	—	96	F15

- ⁷ Value of PCR.IBE bit must be 0
- ⁸ Be aware that this pad is used on the MPC5607B 100-pin and 144-pin to provide VDD_HV_ADC and VSS_HV_ADC1. Therefore, you should be careful in ensuring compatibility between MPC5604B/C and MPC5607B.
- ⁹ Out of reset all the functional pins except PC[0:1] and PH[9:10] are available to the user as GPIO. PC[0:1] are available as JTAG pins (TDI and TDO respectively). PH[9:10] are available as JTAG pins (TCK and TMS respectively). If the user configures these JTAG pins in GPIO mode the device is no longer compliant with IEEE 1149.1-2001.
- ¹⁰ The TDO pad has been moved into the STANDBY domain in order to allow low-power debug handshaking in STANDBY mode. However, no pull-resistor is active on the TDO pad while in STANDBY mode. At this time the pad is configured as an input. When no debugger is connected the TDO pad is floating causing additional current consumption. To avoid the extra consumption TDO must be connected. An external pull-up resistor in the range of 47–100 kΩ should be added between the TDO pin and VDD_HV. Only in case the TDO pin is used as application pin and a pull-up cannot be used then a pull-down resistor with the same value should be used between TDO pin and GND instead.
- ¹¹ Available only on MPC560xC versions, MPC5603B 64 LQFP, MPC5604B 64 LQFP and MPC5604B 208 MAPBGA devices
- ¹² Not available on MPC5602B devices
- ¹³ Not available in 100 LQFP package
- ¹⁴ Available only on MPC5604B 208 MAPBGA devices
- ¹⁵ Not available on MPC5603B 144-pin devices

3.7 Nexus 2+ pins

In the 208 MAPBGA package, eight additional debug pins are available (see [Table 7](#)).

Table 7. Nexus 2+ pin descriptions

Debug pin	Function	I/O direction	Pad type	Function after reset	Pin number		
					100 LQFP	144 LQFP	208 MAP BGA ¹
MCKO	Message clock out	O	F	—	—	—	T4
MDO0	Message data out 0	O	M	—	—	—	H15
MDO1	Message data out 1	O	M	—	—	—	H16
MDO2	Message data out 2	O	M	—	—	—	H14
MDO3	Message data out 3	O	M	—	—	—	H13
EVTI	Event in	I	M	Pull-up	—	—	K1
EVTO	Event out	O	M	—	—	—	L4
MSEO	Message start/end out	O	M	—	—	—	G16

¹ 208 MAPBGA available only as development package for Nexus2+

3.8 Electrical characteristics

3.9 Introduction

This section contains electrical characteristics of the device as well as temperature and power considerations.

Package pinouts and signal descriptions

Table 25. Reset electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol		C	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Value			Unit
					Min	Typ	Max	
V _{IL}	SR	P	Input low Level CMOS (Schmitt Trigger)	—	-0.4	—	0.35V _{DD}	V
V _{HYS}	CC	C	Input hysteresis CMOS (Schmitt Trigger)	—	0.1V _{DD}	—	—	V
V _{OL}	CC	P	Output low level	Push Pull, I _{OL} = 2mA, V _{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 0 (recommended)	—	—	0.1V _{DD}	V
		C		Push Pull, I _{OL} = 1mA, V _{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 1 ²	—	—	0.1V _{DD}	
		C		Push Pull, I _{OL} = 1mA, V _{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 1 (recommended)	—	—	0.5	
t _{tr}	CC	D	Output transition time output pin ³	C _L = 25pF, V _{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 0	—	—	10	ns
				C _L = 50pF, V _{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 0	—	—	20	
				C _L = 100pF, V _{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 0	—	—	40	
				C _L = 25pF, V _{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 1	—	—	12	
				C _L = 50pF, V _{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 1	—	—	25	
				C _L = 100pF, V _{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 1	—	—	40	
W _{FRST}	SR	P	RESET input filtered pulse	—	—	—	40	ns
W _{NFRST}	SR	P	RESET input not filtered pulse	—	1000	—	—	ns
I _{WPUL}	CC	P	Weak pull-up current absolute value	V _{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 1	10	—	150	µA
		D		V _{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 0	10	—	150	
		P		V _{DD} = 5.0 V ± 10%, PAD3V5V = 1 ²	10	—	250	

¹ V_{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10% / 5.0 V ± 10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified

² This transient configuration does not occur when device is used in the V_{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10% range.

³ C_L includes device and package capacitance (C_{PKG} < 5 pF).

3.17 Power management electrical characteristics

3.17.1 Voltage regulator electrical characteristics

The device implements an internal voltage regulator to generate the low voltage core supply V_{DD_LV} from the high voltage ballast supply V_{DD_BV}. The regulator itself is supplied by the common I/O supply V_{DD}. The following supplies are involved:

Example 1. No regulator (worst case)

The $|\Delta V_{DD(STDBY)}|$ parameter can be seen as the V_{DD} voltage drop through the ESR resistance of the regulator stability capacitor when the I_{DD_BV} current required to load V_{DD_LV} domain during the standby exit. It is thus possible to define the maximum equivalent resistance $ESR_{STDBY}(MAX)$ of the total capacitance on the V_{DD} supply:

$$ESR_{STDBY}(MAX) = |\Delta V_{DD(STDBY)}| / I_{DD_BV} = (30 \text{ mV}) / (300 \text{ mA}) = 0.1\Omega^1$$

The $dV_{DD(STDBY)}/dt$ parameter can be seen as the V_{DD} voltage drop at the capacitance pin (excluding ESR drop) while providing the I_{DD_BV} supply required to load V_{DD_LV} domain during the standby exit. It is thus possible to define the minimum equivalent capacitance $C_{STDBY}(MIN)$ of the total capacitance on the V_{DD} supply:

$$C_{STDBY}(MIN) = I_{DD_BV} / dV_{DD(STDBY)}/dt = (300 \text{ mA}) / (15 \text{ mV}/\mu\text{s}) = 20 \mu\text{F}$$

This configuration is a worst case, with the assumption no regulator is available.

Example 2. Simplified regulator

The regulator should be able to provide significant amount of the current during the standby exit process. For example, in case of an ideal voltage regulator providing 200 mA current, it is possible to recalculate the equivalent $ESR_{STDBY}(MAX)$ and $C_{STDBY}(MIN)$ as follows:

$$ESR_{STDBY}(MAX) = |\Delta V_{DD(STDBY)}| / (I_{DD_BV} - 200 \text{ mA}) = (30 \text{ mV}) / (100 \text{ mA}) = 0.3 \Omega$$

$$C_{STDBY}(MIN) = (I_{DD_BV} - 200 \text{ mA}) / dV_{DD(STDBY)}/dt = (300 \text{ mA} - 200 \text{ mA}) / (15 \text{ mV}/\mu\text{s}) = 6.7 \mu\text{F}$$

In case optimization is required, $C_{STDBY}(MIN)$ and $ESR_{STDBY}(MAX)$ should be calculated based on the regulator characteristics as well as the board V_{DD} plane characteristics.

3.17.2 Low voltage detector electrical characteristics

The device implements a Power-on Reset (POR) module to ensure correct power-up initialization, as well as four low voltage detectors (LVDs) to monitor the V_{DD} and the V_{DD_LV} voltage while device is supplied:

- POR monitors V_{DD} during the power-up phase to ensure device is maintained in a safe reset state (refer to RGM Destructive Event Status (RGM_DES) Register flag F_POR in device reference manual)
- LVDHV3 monitors V_{DD} to ensure device reset below minimum functional supply (refer to RGM Destructive Event Status (RGM_DES) Register flag F_LVD27 in device reference manual)
- LVDHV5 monitors V_{DD} when application uses device in the $5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ range (refer to RGM Functional Event Status (RGM_FES) Register flag F_LVD45 in device reference manual)
- LVDLVCOR monitors power domain No. 1 (refer to RGM Destructive Event Status (RGM_DES) Register flag F_LVD12_PD1 in device reference manual)
- LVDLVBKP monitors power domain No. 0 (refer to RGM Destructive Event Status (RGM_DES) Register flag F_LVD12_PD0 in device reference manual)

NOTE

When enabled, power domain No. 2 is monitored through LVDLVBKP.

1. Based on typical time for standby exit sequence of 20 μs , ESR(MIN) can actually be considered at $\sim 50 \text{ kHz}$.

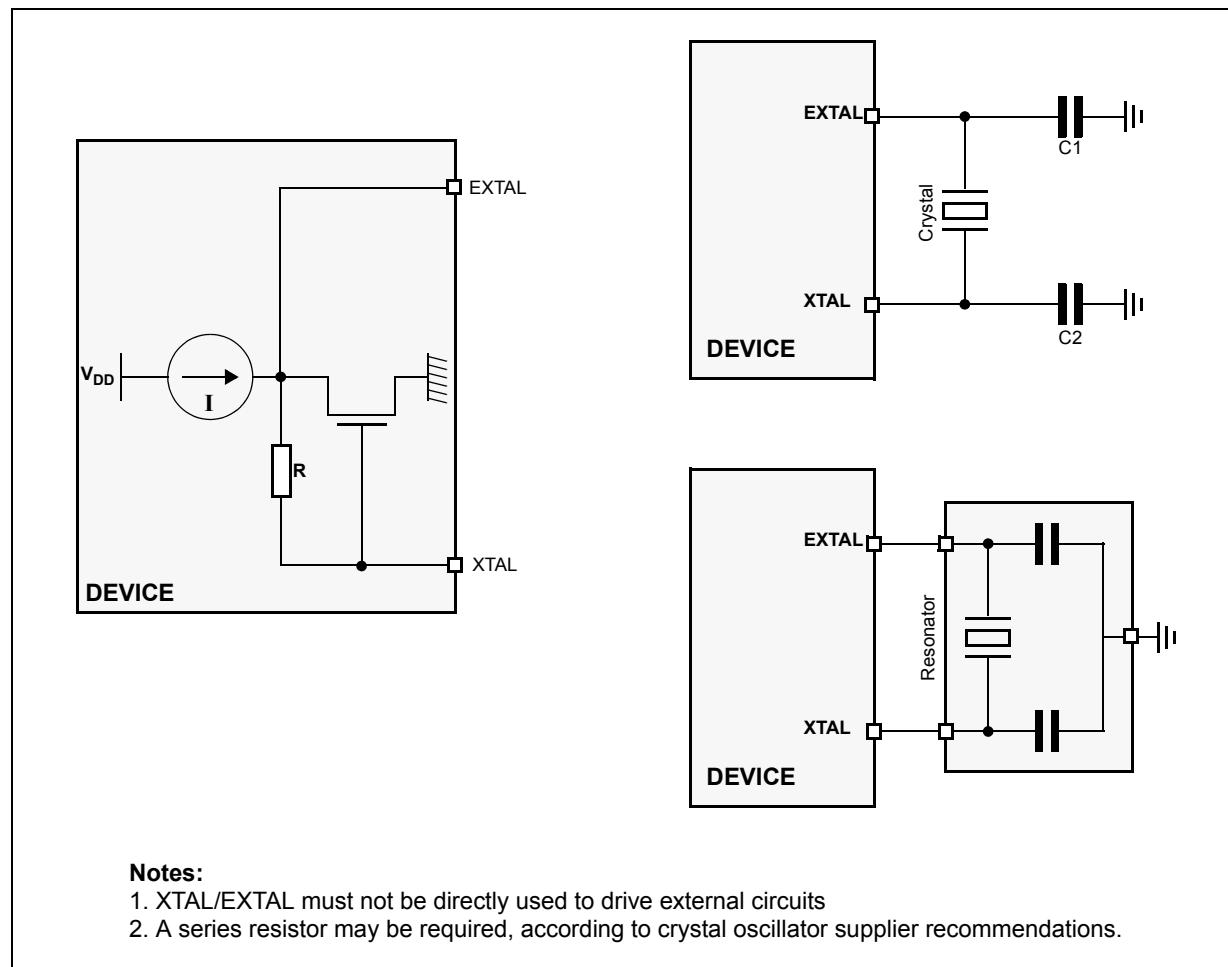


Figure 14. Crystal oscillator and resonator connection scheme

Table 37. Crystal description

Nominal frequency (MHz)	NDK crystal reference	Crystal equivalent series resistance ESR Ω	Crystal motional capacitance (C_m) fF	Crystal motional inductance (L_m) mH	Load on xtalin/xtalout $C_1 = C_2$ (pF) ¹	Shunt capacitance between xtalout and xtalin C_0^2 (pF)
4	NX8045GB	300	2.68	591.0	21	2.93
8	NX5032GA	300	2.46	160.7	17	3.01
10		150	2.93	86.6	15	2.91
12		120	3.11	56.5	15	2.93
16		120	3.90	25.3	10	3.00

¹ The values specified for C_1 and C_2 are the same as used in simulations. It should be ensured that the testing includes all the parasitics (from the board, probe, crystal, etc.) as the AC / transient behavior depends upon them.

² The value of C_0 specified here includes 2 pF additional capacitance for parasitics (to be seen with bond-pads, package, etc.).

- ² This is the recommended range of load capacitance at OSC32K_XTAL and OSC32K_EXTAL with respect to ground. It includes all the parasitics due to board traces, crystal and package.
- ³ Maximum ESR (R_m) of the crystal is 50 k Ω
- ⁴ C0 includes a parasitic capacitance of 2.0 pF between OSC32K_XTAL and OSC32K_EXTAL pins

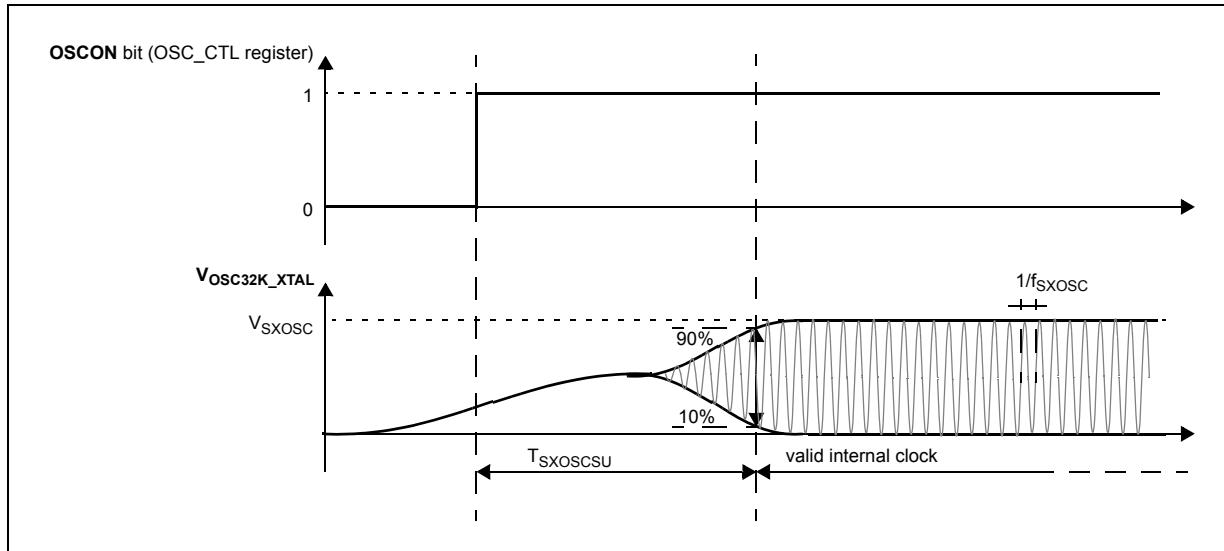


Figure 18. Slow external crystal oscillator (32 kHz) timing diagram

Table 40. Slow external crystal oscillator (32 kHz) electrical characteristics

Symbol	C	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Value			Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	
f _{SXOSC}	SR	Slow external crystal oscillator frequency	—	32	32.768	40	kHz
V _{SXOSC}	CC	T	Oscillation amplitude	—	—	2.1	—
I _{SXOSCBIAS}	CC	T	Oscillation bias current	—	—	2.5	—
I _{SXOSC}	CC	T	Slow external crystal oscillator consumption	—	—	8	μ A
T _{SXOSCSU}	CC	T	Slow external crystal oscillator start-up time	—	—	—	2 ²

¹ $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\% / 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C , unless otherwise specified. Values are specified for no neighbor GPIO pin activity. If oscillator is enabled (OSC32K_XTAL and OSC32K_EXTAL pins), neighboring pins should not toggle.

² Start-up time has been measured with EPSON TOYOCOM MC306 crystal. Variation may be seen with other crystal.

3.23 FMPLL electrical characteristics

The device provides a frequency-modulated phase-locked loop (FMPLL) module to generate a fast system clock from the main oscillator driver.

Table 41. FMPLL electrical characteristics

Symbol	C	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Value			Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	
f _{PLLIN}	SR	FMPLL reference clock ²	—	4	—	64	MHz
Δ _{PLLIN}	SR	FMPLL reference clock duty cycle ²	—	40	—	60	%
f _{PLLOUT}	CC	D	FMPLL output clock frequency	—	16	—	64 MHz
f _{VCO} ³	CC	P	VCO frequency without frequency modulation	—	256	—	512 MHz
		C	VCO frequency with frequency modulation	—	245	—	533
f _{CPU}	SR	—	System clock frequency	—	—	64	MHz
f _{FREE}	CC	P	Free-running frequency	—	20	—	150 MHz
t _{LOCK}	CC	P	FMPLL lock time	Stable oscillator (f _{PLLIN} = 16 MHz)	—	40	100 μs
Δt _{STJIT}	CC	—	FMPLL short term jitter ⁴	f _{sys} maximum	-4	—	4 %
Δt _{LTJIT}	CC	—	FMPLL long term jitter	f _{PLLIN} = 16 MHz (resonator), f _{PLLCLK} @ 64 MHz, 4000 cycles	—	—	10 ns
I _{PLL}	CC	C	FMPLL consumption	T _A = 25 °C	—	—	4 mA

¹ V_{DD} = 3.3 V ± 10% / 5.0 V ± 10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C, unless otherwise specified.

² PLLIN clock retrieved directly from FXOSC clock. Input characteristics are granted when oscillator is used in functional mode. When bypass mode is used, oscillator input clock should verify f_{PLLIN} and Δ_{PLLIN}.

³ Frequency modulation is considered ±4%

⁴ Short term jitter is measured on the clock rising edge at cycle n and n+4.

3.24 Fast internal RC oscillator (16 MHz) electrical characteristics

The device provides a 16 MHz fast internal RC oscillator. This is used as the default clock at the power-up of the device.

Table 42. Fast internal RC oscillator (16 MHz) electrical characteristics

Symbol	C	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Value			Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	
f _{FIRC}	CC	P	Fast internal RC oscillator high frequency	T _A = 25 °C, trimmed	—	16	MHz
	SR	—		—	12	—	
I _{FIRCRUN} ²	CC	T	Fast internal RC oscillator high frequency current in running mode	T _A = 25 °C, trimmed	—	—	200 μA
I _{FIRCPWD}	CC	D	Fast internal RC oscillator high frequency current in power down mode	T _A = 125 °C	—	—	10 μA

Package pinouts and signal descriptions

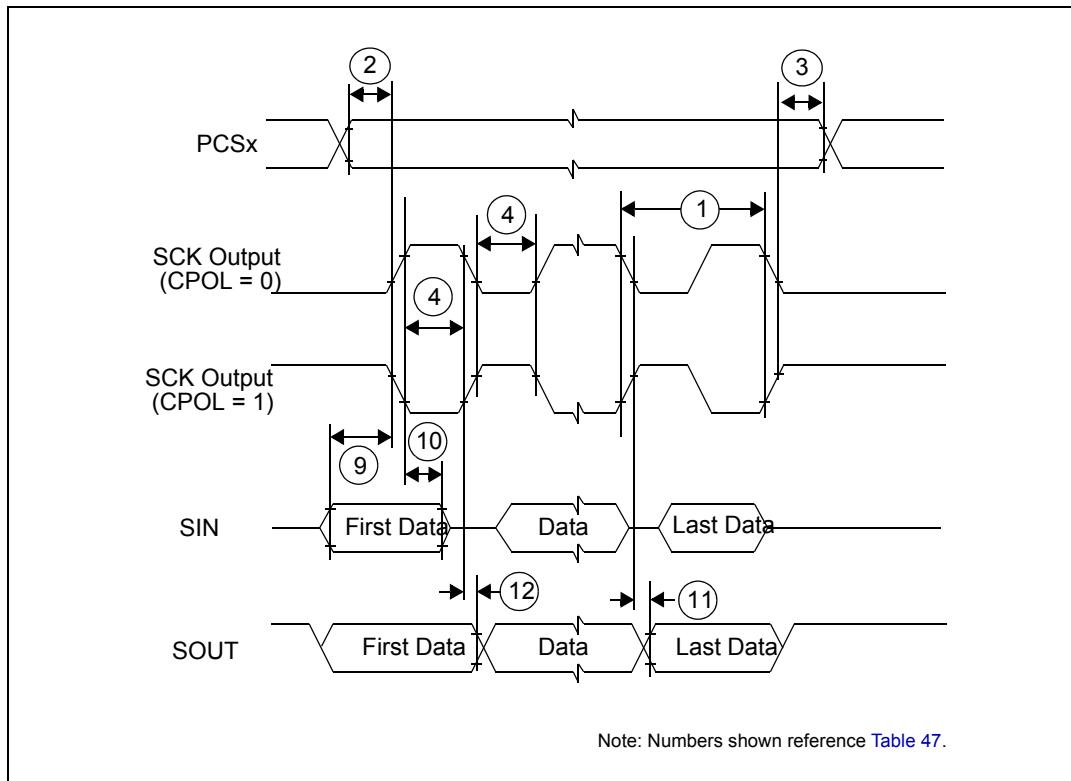


Figure 24. DSPI classic SPI timing – master, CPHA = 0

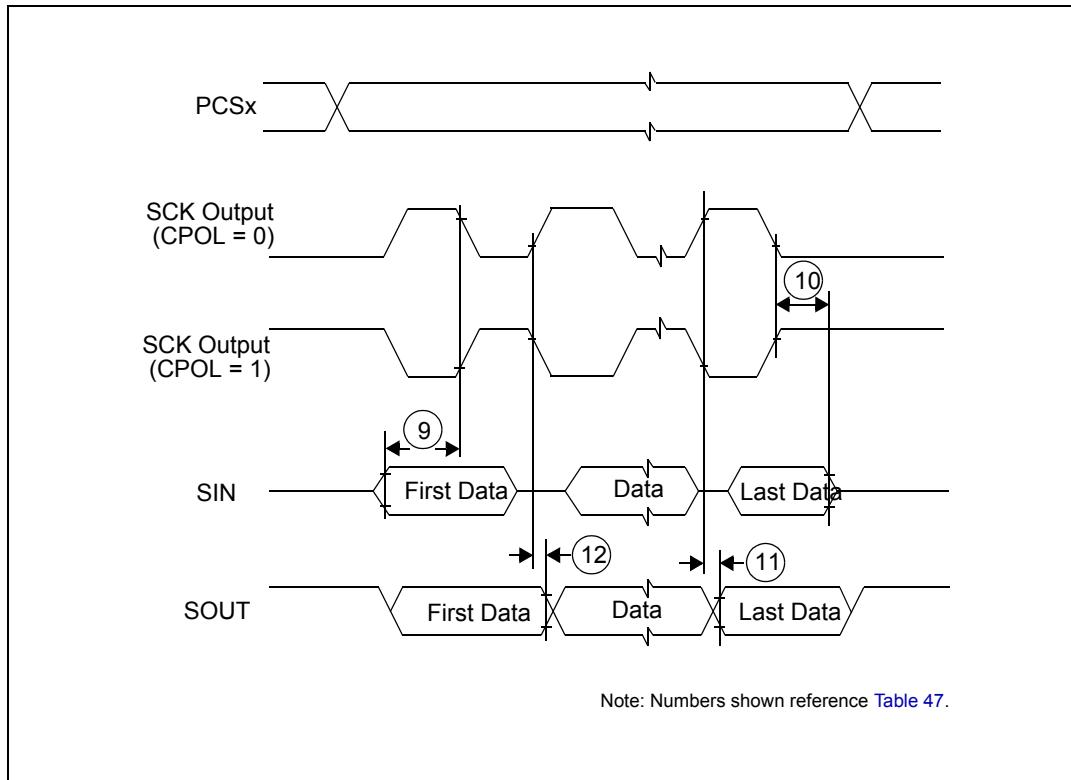


Figure 25. DSPI classic SPI timing – master, CPHA = 1

Package pinouts and signal descriptions

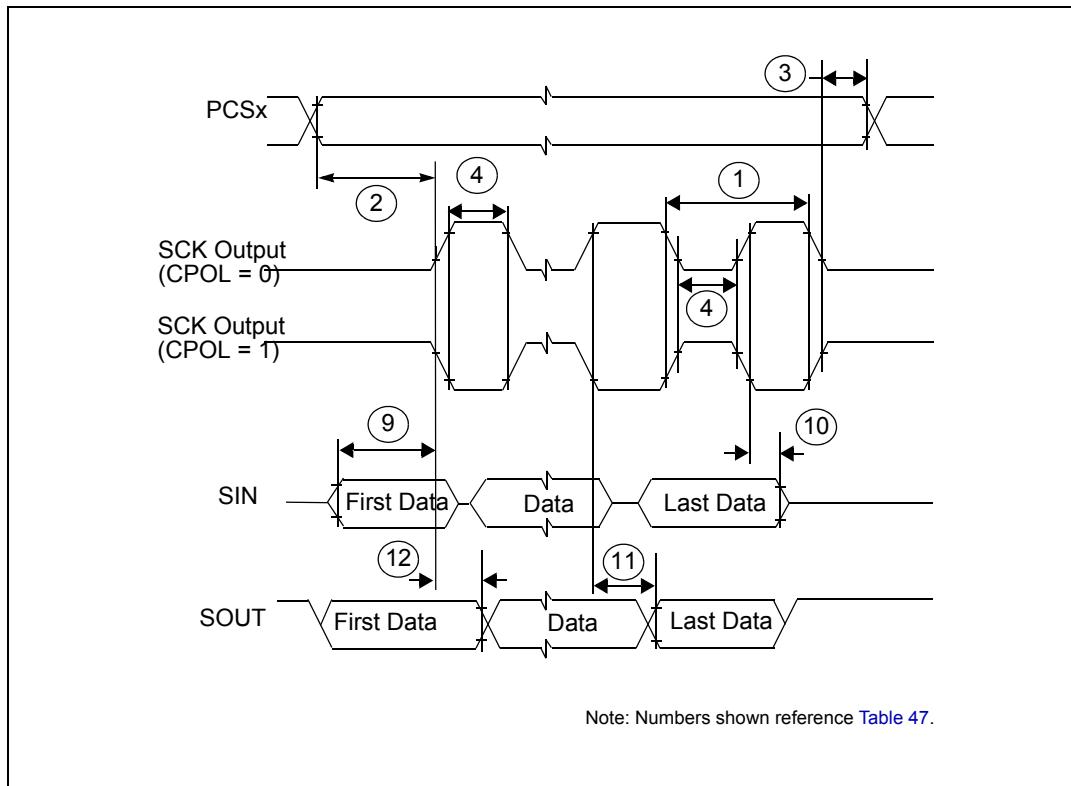


Figure 28. DSPI modified transfer format timing – master, CPHA = 0

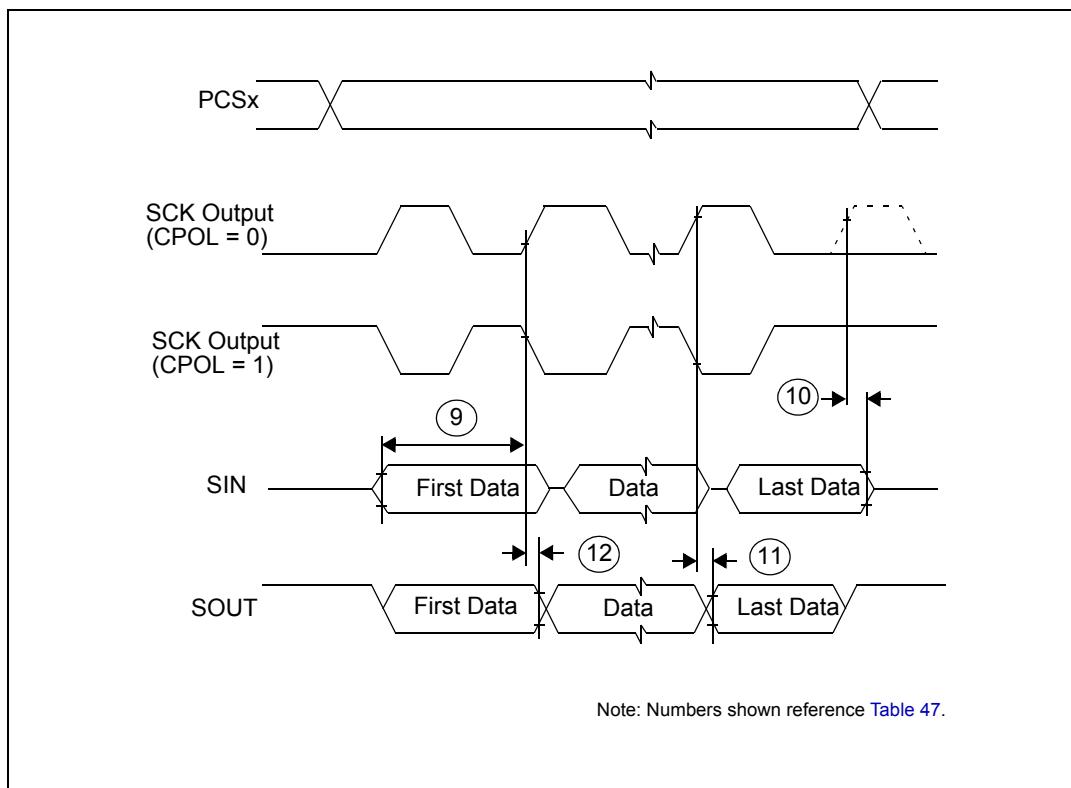


Figure 29. DSPI modified transfer format timing – master, CPHA = 1

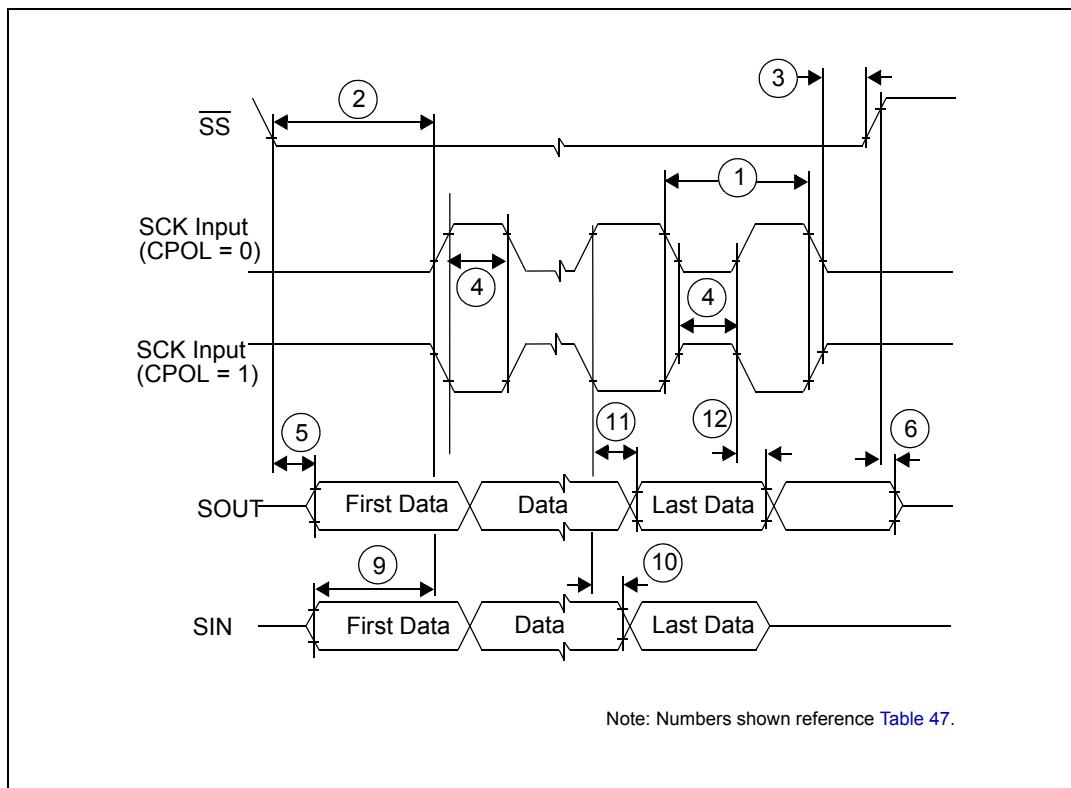


Figure 30. DSPI modified transfer format timing – slave, CPHA = 0

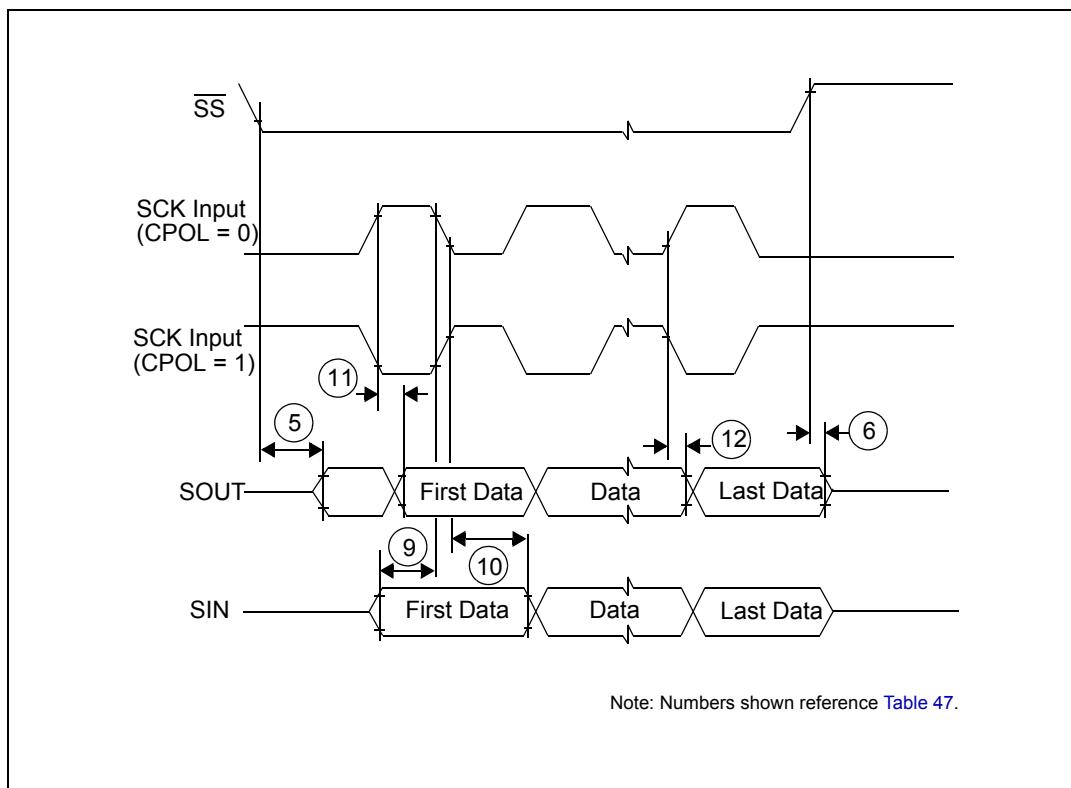


Figure 31. DSPI modified transfer format timing – slave, CPHA = 1

Package characteristics

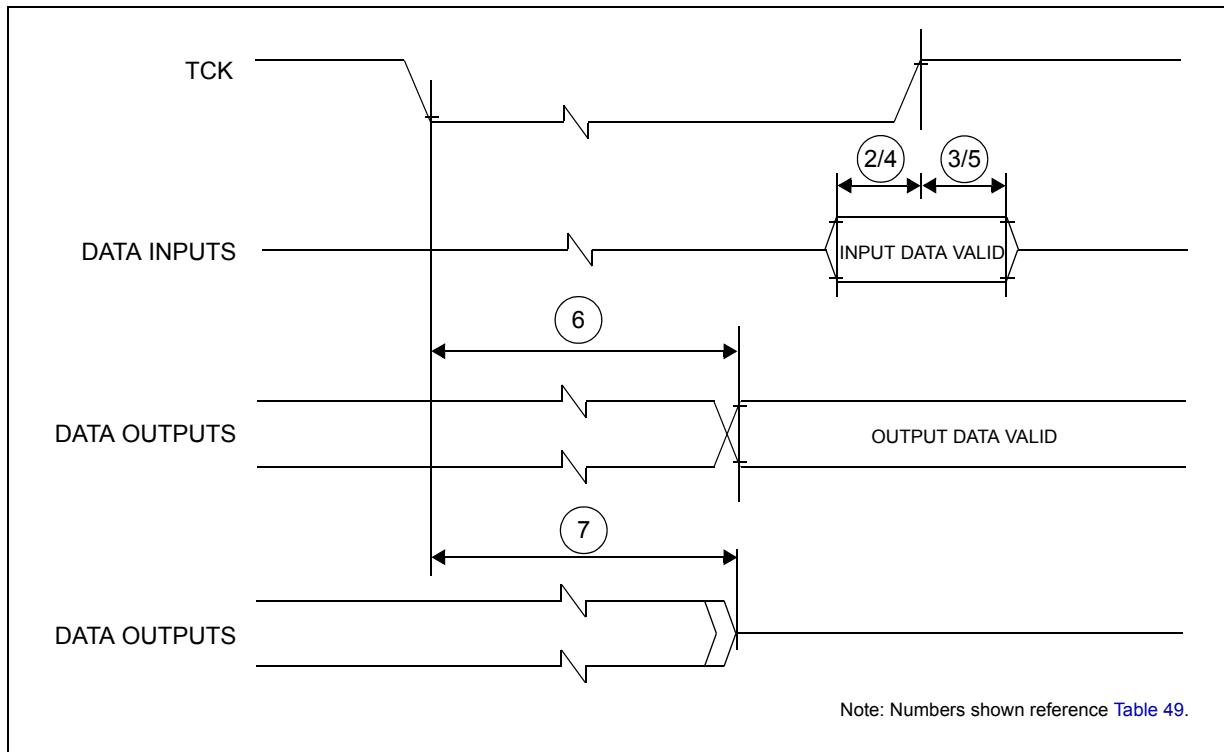


Figure 34. Timing diagram – JTAG boundary scan

4 Package characteristics

4.1 Package mechanical data

Document revision history

Table 50. Revision history (continued)

Revision	Date	Description of Changes
2	06-Mar-2009	<p>Made minor editing and formatting changes to improve readability Harmonized oscillator naming throughout document</p> <p>Features:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> —Replaced 32 KB with 48 KB as max SRAM size —Updated description of INTC —Changed max number of GPIO pins from 121 to 123 <p>Updated Section 1.2, Description Updated Table 2 Added Section 2, Block diagram Section 3, Package pinouts and signal descriptions: Removed signal descriptions (these are found in the device reference manual) Updated Figure 5: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> —Replaced VPP with VSS_HV on pin 18 —Added MA[1] as AF3 for PC[10] (pin 28) —Added MA[0] as AF2 for PC[3] (pin 116) —Changed description for pin 120 to PH[10] / GPIO[122] / TMS —Changed description for pin 127 to PH[9] / GPIO[121] / TCK —Replaced NMI[0] with NMI on pin 11 Updated Figure 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> —Replaced VPP with VSS_HV on pin 14 —Added MA[1] as AF3 for PC[10] (pin 22) —Added MA[0] as AF2 for PC[3] (pin 77) —Changed description for pin 81 to PH[10] / GPIO[122] / TMS —Changed description for pin 88 to PH[9] / GPIO[121] / TCK —Removed E1UC[19] from pin 76 —Replaced [11] with WKUP[11] for PB[3] (pin 1) —Replaced NMI[0] with NMI on pin 7 Updated Figure 6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> —Changed description for ball B8 from TCK to PH[9] —Changed description for ball B9 from TMS to PH[10] —Updated descriptions for balls R9 and T9 Added Section 3.10, Parameter classification and tagged parameters in tables where appropriate Added Section 3.11, NVUSRO register Updated Table 12 Section 3.13, Recommended operating conditions: Added note on RAM data retention to end of section Updated Table 13 and Table 14 Added Section 3.14.1, Package thermal characteristics Updated Section 3.14.2, Power considerations Updated Figure 7</p>

Document revision history

Table 50. Revision history (continued)

Revision	Date	Description of Changes
4	06-Aug-2009	<p>Updated Figure 6 Table 12</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • V_{DD_ADC}: changed min value for “relative to V_{DD}” condition • V_{IN}: changed min value for “relative to V_{DD}” condition • I_{CORELV}: added new row <p>Table 14</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • T_A C-Grade Part, T_J C-Grade Part, T_A V-Grade Part, T_J V-Grade Part, T_A M-Grade Part, T_J M-Grade Part: added new rows • Changed capacitance value in footnote <p>Table 21</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MEDIUM configuration: added condition for $PAD3V5V = 0$ <p>Updated Figure 10</p> <p>Table 26</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C_{DEC1}: changed min value • I_{MREG}: changed max value • I_{DD_BV}: added max value footnote <p>Table 27</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $V_{LVDHV3H}$: changed max value • $V_{LVDHV3L}$: added max value • $V_{LVDHV5H}$: changed max value • $V_{LVDHV5L}$: added max value <p>Updated Table 28</p> <p>Table 30</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retention: deleted min value footnote for “Blocks with 100,000 P/E cycles” <p>Table 38</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I_{FXOSC}: added typ value <p>Table 40</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • V_{SXOSC}: changed typ value • $T_{SXOSCSU}$: added max value footnote <p>Table 41</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Δt_{LTJIT}: added max value <p>Updated Figure 38</p>

Appendix A Abbreviations

Table A-1 lists abbreviations used but not defined elsewhere in this document.

Table A-1. Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
CMOS	Complementary metal–oxide–semiconductor
CPHA	Clock phase
CPOL	Clock polarity
CS	Peripheral chip select
EVTO	Event out
MCKO	Message clock out
MDO	Message data out
MSEO	Message start/end out
MTFE	Modified timing format enable
SCK	Serial communications clock
SOUT	Serial data out
TBD	To be defined
TCK	Test clock input
TDI	Test data input
TDO	Test data output
TMS	Test mode select

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