

Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	e200z4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	120MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, FlexRay, I ² C, LINbus, SPI
Peripherals	DMA, I ² S, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	-
Program Memory Size	1.5MB (1.5M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	64K x 8
RAM Size	192K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3.15V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 36x10b, 16x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LFBGA
Supplier Device Package	100-MAPBGA (11x11)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/spc5744bk1cmh2

Table of Contents

1	Block diagram.....	4
2	Family comparison.....	4
3	Ordering parts.....	8
3.1	Determining valid orderable parts	8
3.2	Ordering Information	9
4	General.....	9
4.1	Absolute maximum ratings.....	9
4.2	Recommended operating conditions.....	11
4.3	Voltage regulator electrical characteristics.....	13
4.4	Voltage monitor electrical characteristics.....	17
4.5	Supply current characteristics.....	18
4.6	Electrostatic discharge (ESD) characteristics.....	22
4.7	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) specifications....	23
5	I/O parameters.....	23
5.1	AC specifications @ 3.3 V Range.....	23
5.2	DC electrical specifications @ 3.3V Range.....	24
5.3	AC specifications @ 5 V Range.....	25
5.4	DC electrical specifications @ 5 V Range.....	25
5.5	Reset pad electrical characteristics.....	26
5.6	PORST electrical specifications.....	28
6	Peripheral operating requirements and behaviours.....	28
6.1	Analog.....	28
6.1.1	ADC electrical specifications.....	28
6.1.2	Analog Comparator (CMP) electrical specifications.....	33
6.2	Clocks and PLL interfaces modules.....	34
6.2.1	Main oscillator electrical characteristics.....	34
6.2.2	32 kHz Oscillator electrical specifications	36
6.2.3	16 MHz RC Oscillator electrical specifications.....	36
6.2.4	128 KHz Internal RC oscillator Electrical specifications	37
6.2.5	PLL electrical specifications	37
6.3	Memory interfaces.....	38
6.3.1	Flash memory program and erase specifications.....	38
6.3.2	Flash memory Array Integrity and Margin Read specifications.....	39
6.3.3	Flash memory module life specifications.....	40
6.3.4	Data retention vs program/erase cycles.....	40
6.3.5	Flash memory AC timing specifications.....	41
6.3.6	Flash read wait state and address pipeline control settings	42
6.4	Communication interfaces.....	43
6.4.1	DSPI timing.....	43
6.4.2	FlexRay electrical specifications.....	49
6.4.2.1	FlexRay timing.....	49
6.4.2.2	TxEN.....	49
6.4.2.3	TxD.....	50
6.4.2.4	RxD.....	51
6.4.3	Ethernet switching specifications.....	52
6.4.4	SAI electrical specifications	53
6.5	Debug specifications.....	55
6.5.1	JTAG interface timing	55
6.5.2	Nexus timing.....	58
6.5.3	WKPU/NMI timing.....	60
6.5.4	External interrupt timing (IRQ pin).....	61
7	Thermal attributes.....	61
7.1	Thermal attributes.....	61
8	Dimensions.....	65
8.1	Obtaining package dimensions	65
9	Pinouts.....	66
9.1	Package pinouts and signal descriptions.....	66
10	Reset sequence.....	66
10.1	Reset sequence.....	66
10.1.1	Reset sequence duration.....	66
10.1.2	BAF execution duration.....	66
10.1.3	Reset sequence description.....	67
11	Revision History.....	69
11.1	Revision History.....	69

Table 2. MPC5746C Family Comparison - NVM Memory Map 1

Start Address	End Address	Flash block	RWW partition	MPC5744	MPC5745	MPC5746
0x01000000	0x0103FFFF	256 KB code Flash block 0	6	available	available	available
0x01040000	0x0107FFFF	256 KB code Flash block 1	6	available	available	available
0x01080000	0x010BFFFF	256 KB code Flash block 2	6	available	available	available
0x010C0000	0x010FFFFFF	256 KB code Flash block3	6	available	available	available
0x01100000	0x0113FFFF	256 KB code Flash block 4	6	not available	available	available
0x01140000	0x0117FFFF	256 KB code Flash block 5	7	not available	available	available
0x01180000	0x011BFFFF	256 KB code Flash block 6	7	not available	not available	available
0x011C0000	0x011FFFFFF	256 KB code Flash block 7	7	not available	not available	available
0x01200000	0x0123FFFF	256 KB code Flash block 8	7	not available	not available	available
0x01240000	0x0127FFFF	256 KB code Flash block 9	7	not available	not available	not available

Table 3. MPC5746C Family Comparison - NVM Memory Map 2

Start Address	End Address	Flash block	RWW partition	MPC5744B	MPC5744C
				MPC5745B	MPC5745C
				MPC5746B	MPC5746C
0x00F90000	0x00F93FFF	16 KB data Flash	2	available	available
0x00F94000	0x00F97FFF	16 KB data Flash	2	available	available
0x00F98000	0x00F9BFFF	16 KB data Flash	2	available	available
0x00F9C000	0x00F9FFFF	16 KB data Flash	2	available	available
0x00FA0000	0x00FA3FFF	16 KB data Flash	3	not available	available
0x00FA4000	0x00FA7FFF	16 KB data Flash	3	not available	available
0x00FA8000	0x00FABFFF	16 KB data Flash	3	not available	available
0x00FAC000	0x00FAFFFF	16 KB data Flash	3	not available	available

Table 4. MPC5746C Family Comparison - RAM Memory Map

Start Address	End Address	Allocated size	Description	MPC5744	MPC5745	MPC5746
0x40000000	0x40001FFF	8 KB	SRAM0	available	available	available
0x40002000	0x4000FFFF	56 KB	SRAM1	available	available	available
0x40010000	0x4001FFFF	64 KB	SRAM2	available	available	available
0x40020000	0x4002FFFF	64 KB	SRAM3	available	available	available

Table continues on the next page...

4. VDD_LV supply pins should never be grounded (through a small impedance). If these are not driven, they should only be left floating
5. VIN1_CMP_REF \leq VDD_HV_A
6. This supply is shorted VDD_HV_A on lower packages.
7. $T_J=150^{\circ}\text{C}$. Assumes $T_A=125^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - Assumes maximum θ_{JA} of 2s2p board. See [Thermal attributes](#)

4.3 Voltage regulator electrical characteristics

The voltage regulator is composed of the following blocks:

- Choice of generating supply voltage for the core area.
 - Control of external NPN ballast transistor
 - Generating core supply using internal ballast transistor
 - Connecting an external 1.25 V (nominal) supply directly without the NPN ballast
- Internal generation of the 3.3 V flash supply when device connected in 5V applications
- External bypass of the 3.3 V flash regulator when device connected in 3.3V applications
- Low voltage detector - low threshold (LVD_IO_A_LO) for V_{DD_HV_IO_A} supply
- Low voltage detector - high threshold (LVD_IO_A_Hi) for V_{DD_HV_IO_A} supply
- Low voltage detector (LVD_FLASH) for 3.3 V flash supply (VDD_HV_FLA)
- Various low voltage detectors (LVD_LV_x)
- High voltage detector (HVD_LV_cold) for 1.2 V digital core supply (VDD_LV)
- Power on Reset (POR_LV) for 1.25 V digital core supply (VDD_LV)
- Power on Reset (POR_HV) for 3.3 V to 5 V supply (VDD_HV_A)

The following bipolar transistors¹ are supported, depending on the device performance requirements. As a minimum the following must be considered when determining the most appropriate solution to maintain the device under its maximum power dissipation capability: current, ambient temperature, mounting pad area, duty cycle and frequency for I_{dd}, collector voltage, etc

1. BCP56, MCP68 and MJD31 are guaranteed ballasts.

Table 8. Voltage regulator electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$C_{\text{flash_reg}}^4$	External decoupling / stability capacitor for internal Flash regulators	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1.32	2.2	3	μF
	Combined ESR of external capacitor	—	0.001	—	0.03	Ohm
$C_{\text{HV_VDD_A}}$	VDD_HV_A supply capacitor ^{5, 5}	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_VDD_B}}$	VDD_HV_B supply capacitor ⁵	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_VDD_C}}$	VDD_HV_C supply capacitor ⁵	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_ADC0}}$ $C_{\text{HV_ADC1}}$	HV ADC supply decoupling capacitances	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_ADR}}^6$	HV ADC SAR reference supply decoupling capacitances	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	0.47	—	—	μF
$V_{\text{DD_HV_BALLAST}}^7$	FPREG Ballast collector supply voltage	When collector of NPN ballast is directly supplied by an on board supply source (not shared with VDD_HV_A supply pin) without any series resistance, that is, $R_{\text{C_BALLAST}}$ less than 0.01 Ohm.	2.25	—	5.5	V
$R_{\text{C_BALLAST}}$	Series resistor on collector of FPREG ballast	When VDD_HV_BALLAST is shorted to VDD_HV_A on the board	—	—	0.1	Ohm
t_{SU}	Start-up time with external ballast after main supply (VDD_HV_A) stabilization	$C_{\text{fp_reg}} = 3 \mu\text{F}$	—	74	—	μs
$t_{\text{SU_int}}$	Start-up time with internal ballast after main supply (VDD_HV_A) stabilization	$C_{\text{fp_reg}} = 3 \mu\text{F}$	—	103	—	μs
t_{ramp}	Load current transient	Iload from 15% to 55% $C_{\text{fp_reg}} = 3 \mu\text{F}$	—	1.0	—	μs

1. Split capacitance on each pair VDD_LV pin should sum up to a total value of $C_{\text{fp_reg}}$
2. Typical values will vary over temperature, voltage, tolerance, drift, but total variation must not exceed minimum and maximum values.
3. Ceramic X7R or X5R type with capacitance-temperature characteristics +/-15% of -55 degC to +125degC is recommended. The tolerance +/-20% is acceptable.
4. It is required to minimize the board parasitic inductance from decoupling capacitor to VDD_HV_FLA pin and the routing inductance should be less than 1nH.

General

5.
 1. For VDD_HV_x, 1 μ f on each side of the chip
 - a. 0.1 μ f close to each VDD/VSS pin pair.
 - b. 10 μ f near for each power supply source
 - c. For VDD_LV, 0.1uf close to each VDD/VSS pin pair is required. Depending on the selected regulation mode, this amount of capacitance will need to be subtracted from the total capacitance required by the regulator for e.g., as specified by CFP_REG parameter.
 2. For VDD_LV, 0.1uf close to each VDD/VSS pin pair is required. Depending on the selected regulation mode, this amount of capacitance will need to be subtracted from the total capacitance required by the regulator for e.g., as specified by CFP_REG parameter
6. Only applicable to ADC1
7. In external ballast configuration the following must be ensured during power-up and power-down (Note: If V_{DD_HV_BALLAST} is supplied from the same source as VDD_HV_A this condition is implicitly met):
 - During power-up, V_{DD_HV_BALLAST} must have met the min spec of 2.25V before VDD_HV_A reaches the POR_HV_RISE min of 2.75V.
 - During power-down, V_{DD_HV_BALLAST} must not drop below the min spec of 2.25V until VDD_HV_A is below POR_HV_FALL min of 2.7V.

NOTE

For a typical configuration using an external ballast transistor with separate supply for VDD_HV_A and the ballast collector, a bulk storage capacitor (as defined in [Table 8](#)) is required on VDD_HV_A close to the device pins to ensure a stable supply voltage.

Extra care must be taken if the VDD_HV_A supply is also being used to power the external ballast transistor or the device is running in internal regulation mode. In these modes, the inrush current on device Power Up or on exit from Low Power Modes is significant and may cause the VDD_HV_A voltage to drop resulting in an LVD reset event. To avoid this, the board layout should be optimized to reduce common trace resistance or additional capacitance at the ballast transistor collector (or VDD_HV_A pins in the case of internal regulation mode) is required. NXP recommends that customers simulate the external voltage supply circuitry.

In all circumstances, the voltage on VDD_HV_A must be maintained within the specified operating range (see [Recommended operating conditions](#)) to prevent LVD events.

Table 10. Current consumption characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{DD_BODY_2} ⁶	RUN Body Mode Profile Operating current	LV supply + HV supply + HV Flash supply + 2 x HV ADC supplies ⁴	—	—	246	mA
		T _a = 125°C ⁵	—	—	235	mA
		V _{DD_LV} = 1.25 V VDD_HV_A = 5.5V SYS_CLK = 160MHz	—	—	210	mA
I _{DD_BODY_3} ⁷	RUN Body Mode Profile Operating current	T _a = 105°C	—	—	181	mA
		T _a = 85°C	—	—	176	mA
		—	—	—	171	mA
I _{DD_BODY_4} ⁸	RUN Body Mode Profile Operating current	LV supply + HV supply + HV Flash supply + 2 x HV ADC supplies ⁴	—	—	264	mA
		T _a = 125 °C ⁵	—	—	176	mA
		V _{DD_LV} = 1.25 V VDD_HV_A = 5.5V SYS_CLK = 120MHz	—	—	171	mA
I _{DD_STOP}	STOP mode Operating current	T _a = 125 °C ⁹	—	—	49	mA
		V _{DD_LV} = 1.25 V	—	—	—	
		T _a = 105 °C	—	10.6	—	
		V _{DD_LV} = 1.25 V	—	8.1	—	
		T _a = 85 °C	—	4.6	—	
		V _{DD_LV} = 1.25 V	—	—	—	

Table continues on the next page...

8. e200Z4 core, 160MHz, cache enabled; e200Z4 core, 80MHz; HSM fully operational (Z0 core @80MHz) FlexRay, 5x CAN, 5x LINFlexD, 2x SPI, 1x ADC used constantly, 1xeMIOS (5 ch), Memory: 3M flash, 384K RAM, Clocks: FIRC on, XOSC on, PLL on, SIRC on, no 32KHz crystal
9. Assuming $T_a = T_j$, as the device is in Stop mode. Assumes maximum θ_{JA} of 2s2p board. See [Thermal attributes](#).
10. Internal structures hold the input voltage less than $V_{DD_HV_ADC_REF} + 1.0$ V on all pads powered by V_{DDA} supplies, if the maximum injection current specification is met (3 mA for all pins) and V_{DDA} is within the operating voltage specifications.
11. This value is the total current for two ADCs. Each ADC might consume upto 2mA at max.
12. This assumes the default configuration of flash controller register. For more details, refer to [Flash memory program and erase specifications](#)

Table 11. Low Power Unit (LPU) Current consumption characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
LPU_RUN	with 256K RAM	$T_a = 25^\circ C$ $SYS_CLK = 16MHz$ $ADC0 = OFF, SPI0 = OFF, LIN0 = OFF, CAN0 = OFF$	—	10	—	mA
		$T_a = 85^\circ C$ $SYS_CLK = 16MHz$ $ADC0 = ON, SPI0 = ON, LIN0 = ON, CAN0 = ON$	—	10.5	—	
		$T_a = 105^\circ C$ $SYS_CLK = 16MHz$ $ADC0 = ON, SPI0 = ON, LIN0 = ON, CAN0 = ON$	—	11	—	
		$T_a = 125^\circ C$ ^{2, 2} $SYS_CLK = 16MHz$ $ADC0 = ON, SPI0 = ON, LIN0 = ON, CAN0 = ON$	—	—	26	
LPU_STOP	with 256K RAM	$T_a = 25^\circ C$	—	0.18	—	mA
		$T_a = 85^\circ C$	—	0.60	—	
		$T_a = 105^\circ C$	—	1.00	—	
		$T_a = 125^\circ C$ ²	—	—	10.6	

1. The content of the Conditions column identifies the components that draw the specific current.
2. Assuming $T_a = T_j$, as the device is in static (fully clock gated) mode. Assumes maximum θ_{JA} of 2s2p board. See [Thermal attributes](#)

Table 12. STANDBY Current consumption characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
STANDBY0	STANDBY with 8K RAM	$T_a = 25^\circ C$	—	71	—	μA
		$T_a = 85^\circ C$	—	125	700	
		$T_a = 105^\circ C$	—	195	1225	
		$T_a = 125^\circ C$ ^{2, 2}	—	314	2100	
STANDBY1	STANDBY with 64K RAM	$T_a = 25^\circ C$	—	72	—	μA
		$T_a = 85^\circ C$	—	140	715	
		$T_a = 105^\circ C$	—	225	1275	
		$T_a = 125^\circ C$ ²	—	358	2250	

Table continues on the next page...

5.3 AC specifications @ 5 V Range

Table 16. Functional Pad AC Specifications @ 5 V Range

Symbol	Prop. Delay (ns) ¹ L>H/H>L		Rise/Fall Edge (ns)		Drive Load (pF)	SIUL2_MSCRn[SRC 1:0]
	Min	Max	Min	Max		MSB,LSB
pad_sr_hv (output)		4.5/4.5		1.3/1.2	25	11
		6/6		2.5/2	50	
		13/13		9/9	200	
		5.25/5.25		3/2	25	10
		9/8		5/4	50	
		22/22		18/16	200	
		27/27		13/13	50	01 ^{2,2}
		40/40		24/24	200	
		40/40		24/24	50	00 ²
pad_i_hv/ pad_sr_hv (input)		65/65		40/40	200	
pad_i_hv/ pad_sr_hv (input)		1.5/1.5		0.5/0.5	0.5	NA

- As measured from 50% of core side input to Voh/Vol of the output
- Slew rate control modes

NOTE

The above specification is based on simulation data into an ideal lumped capacitor. Customer should use IBIS models for their specific board/loading conditions to simulate the expected signal integrity and edge rates of their system.

NOTE

The above specification is measured between 20% / 80%.

5.4 DC electrical specifications @ 5 V Range

Table 17. DC electrical specifications @ 5 V Range

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
		Min	Max	
Vih (pad_i_hv)	pad_i_hv Input Buffer High Voltage	0.7*VDD_HV_x	VDD_HV_x + 0.3	V

Table continues on the next page...

Table 18. Functional reset pad electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
V_{HYS}	CMOS Input Buffer hysteresis	—	300	—	—	mV
V_{DD_POR}	Minimum supply for strong pull-down activation	—	—	—	1.2	V
I_{OL_R}	Strong pull-down current ^{1, 1}	Device under power-on reset $V_{DD_HV_A} = V_{DD_POR}$ $V_{OL} = 0.35 \times V_{DD_HV_A}$	0.2	—	—	mA
		Device under power-on reset $V_{DD_HV_A} = V_{DD_POR}$ $V_{OL} = 0.35 \times V_{DD_HV_IO}$	11	—	—	mA
W_{FRST}	RESET input filtered pulse	—	—	—	500	ns
W_{NFRST}	RESET input not filtered pulse	—	2000	—	—	ns
$ I_{WPUL} $	Weak pull-up current absolute value	RESET pin $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	23	—	82	μA

1. Strong pull-down is active on PHASE0, PHASE1, PHASE2, and the beginning of PHASE3 for RESET.

5.6 PORST electrical specifications

Table 19. PORST electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
W_{FPORST}	PORST input filtered pulse	—	—	200	ns
$W_{NFPORST}$	PORST input not filtered pulse	1000	—	—	ns
V_{IH}	Input high level	0.65 x $V_{DD_HV_A}$	—	—	V
V_{IL}	Input low level	—	—	0.35 x $V_{DD_HV_A}$	V

6 Peripheral operating requirements and behaviours

6.1 Analog

6.1.1 ADC electrical specifications

The device provides a 12-bit Successive Approximation Register (SAR) Analog-to-Digital Converter.

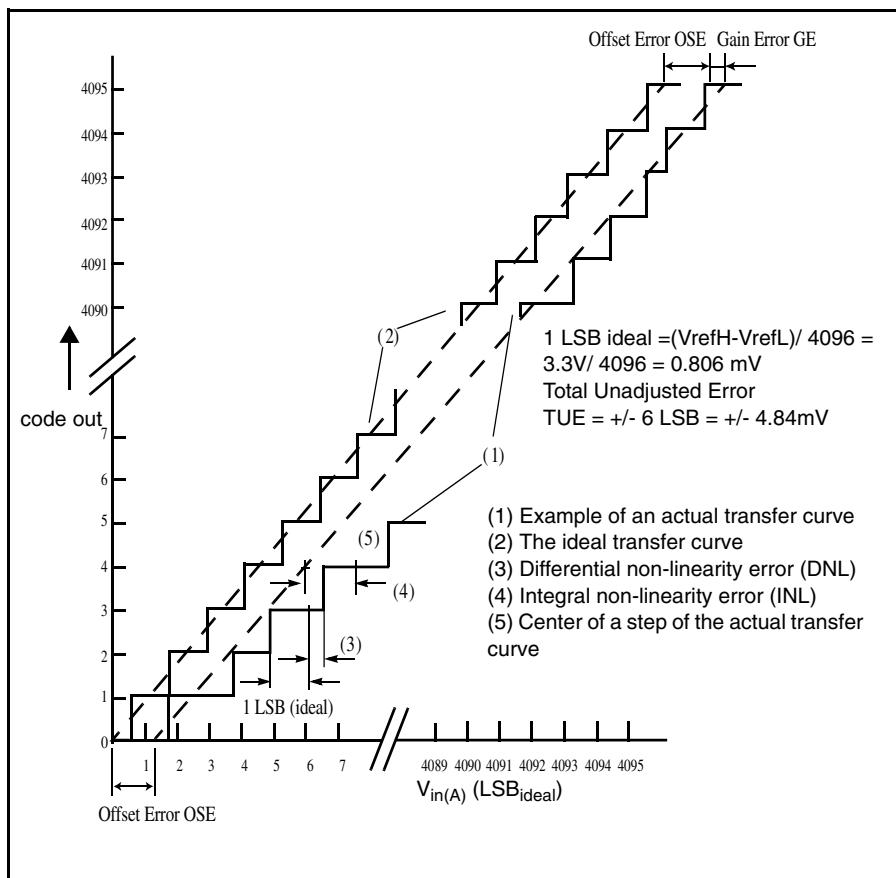


Figure 5. ADC characteristics and error definitions

6.2 Clocks and PLL interfaces modules

6.2.1 Main oscillator electrical characteristics

This device provides a driver for oscillator in pierce configuration with amplitude control. Controlling the amplitude allows a more sinusoidal oscillation, reducing in this way the EMI. Other benefits arises by reducing the power consumption. This Loop Controlled Pierce (LCP mode) requires good practices to reduce the stray capacitance of traces between crystal and MCU.

An operation in Full Swing Pierce (FSP mode), implemented by an inverter is also available in case of parasitic capacitances and cannot be reduced by using crystal with high equivalent series resistance. For this mode, a special care needs to be taken regarding the serial resistance used to avoid the crystal overdrive.

Other two modes called External (EXT Wave) and disable (OFF mode) are provided. For EXT Wave, the drive is disabled and an external source of clock within CMOS level based in analog oscillator supply can be used. When OFF, XTAL is pulled down by 240 Kohms resistor and the feedback resistor remains active connecting XTAL through EXTAL by 1M resistor.

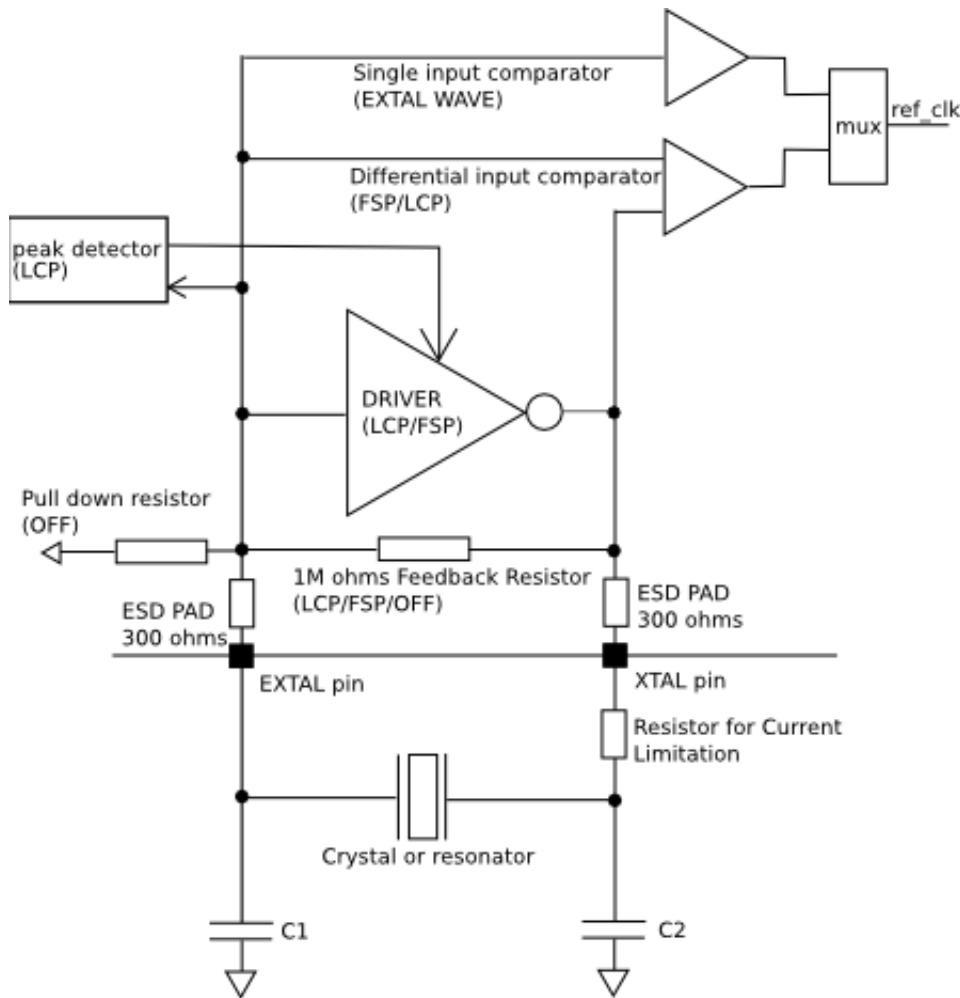


Figure 7. Oscillator connections scheme

Table 23. Main oscillator electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{XOSCHS}	Oscillator frequency	FSP/LCP		8		40	MHz
$g_{mXOSCHS}$	Driver Transconductance	LCP		23			mA/V
		FSP		33			
V_{XOSCHS}	Oscillation Amplitude	LCP ^{1, 2, 1, 2}	8 MHz		1.0		V_{PP}
			16 MHz		1.0		
			40 MHz		0.8		
$T_{XOSCHSSU}$	Startup time	FSP/LCP ¹	8 MHz	2			ms
			16 MHz				
			40 MHz		0.5		

Table continues on the next page...

FlexRay electrical specifications

1. All parameters specified for VDD_HV_IOx = 3.3 V -5%, +±10%, TJ = -40 oC / 150 oC.

6.4.3 Ethernet switching specifications

The following timing specs are defined at the chip I/O pin and must be translated appropriately to arrive at timing specs/constraints for the physical interface.

6.4.3.1 MII signal switching specifications

The following timing specs meet the requirements for MII style interfaces for a range of transceiver devices.

Table 41. MII signal switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	RXCLK frequency	—	25	MHz
MII1	RXCLK pulse width high	35%	65%	RXCLK period
MII2	RXCLK pulse width low	35%	65%	RXCLK period
MII3	RXD[3:0], RXDV, RXER to RXCLK setup	5	—	ns
MII4	RXCLK to RXD[3:0], RXDV, RXER hold	5	—	ns
—	TXCLK frequency	—	25	MHz
MII5	TXCLK pulse width high	35%	65%	TXCLK period
MII6	TXCLK pulse width low	35%	65%	TXCLK period
MII7	TXCLK to TXD[3:0], TXEN, TXER invalid	2	—	ns
MII8	TXCLK to TXD[3:0], TXEN, TXER valid	—	25	ns

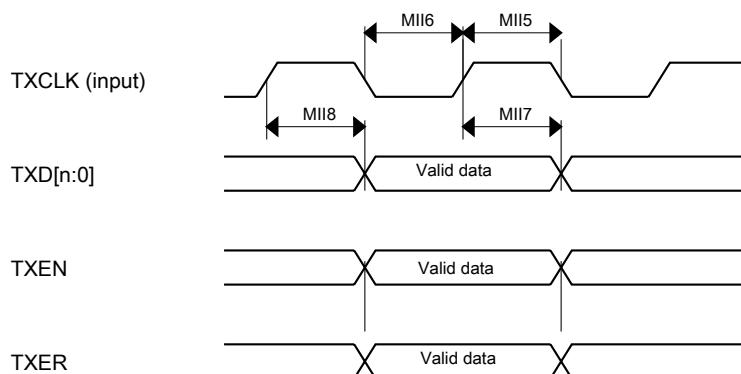
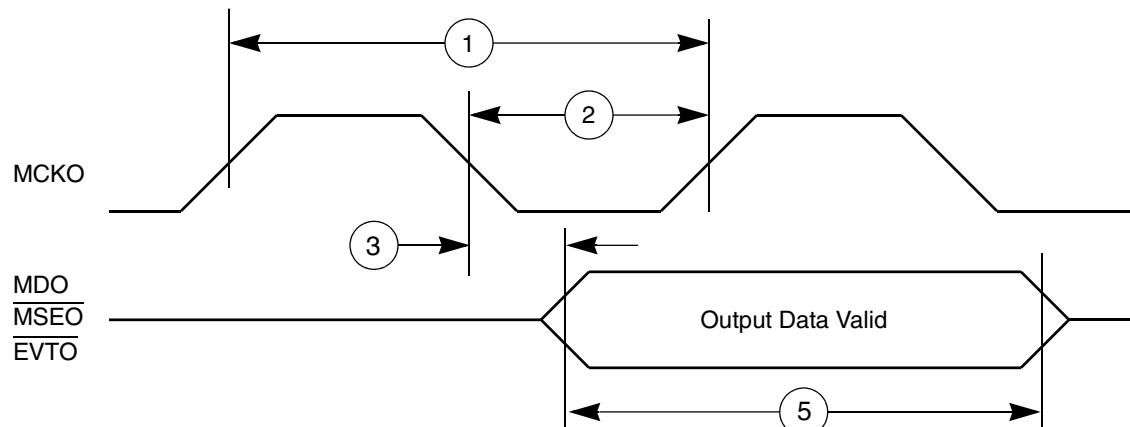
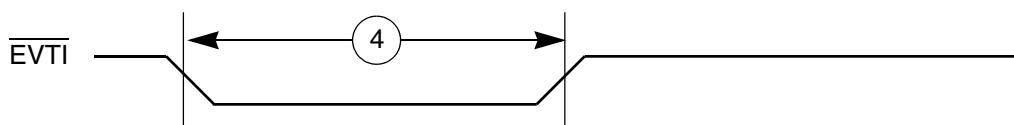


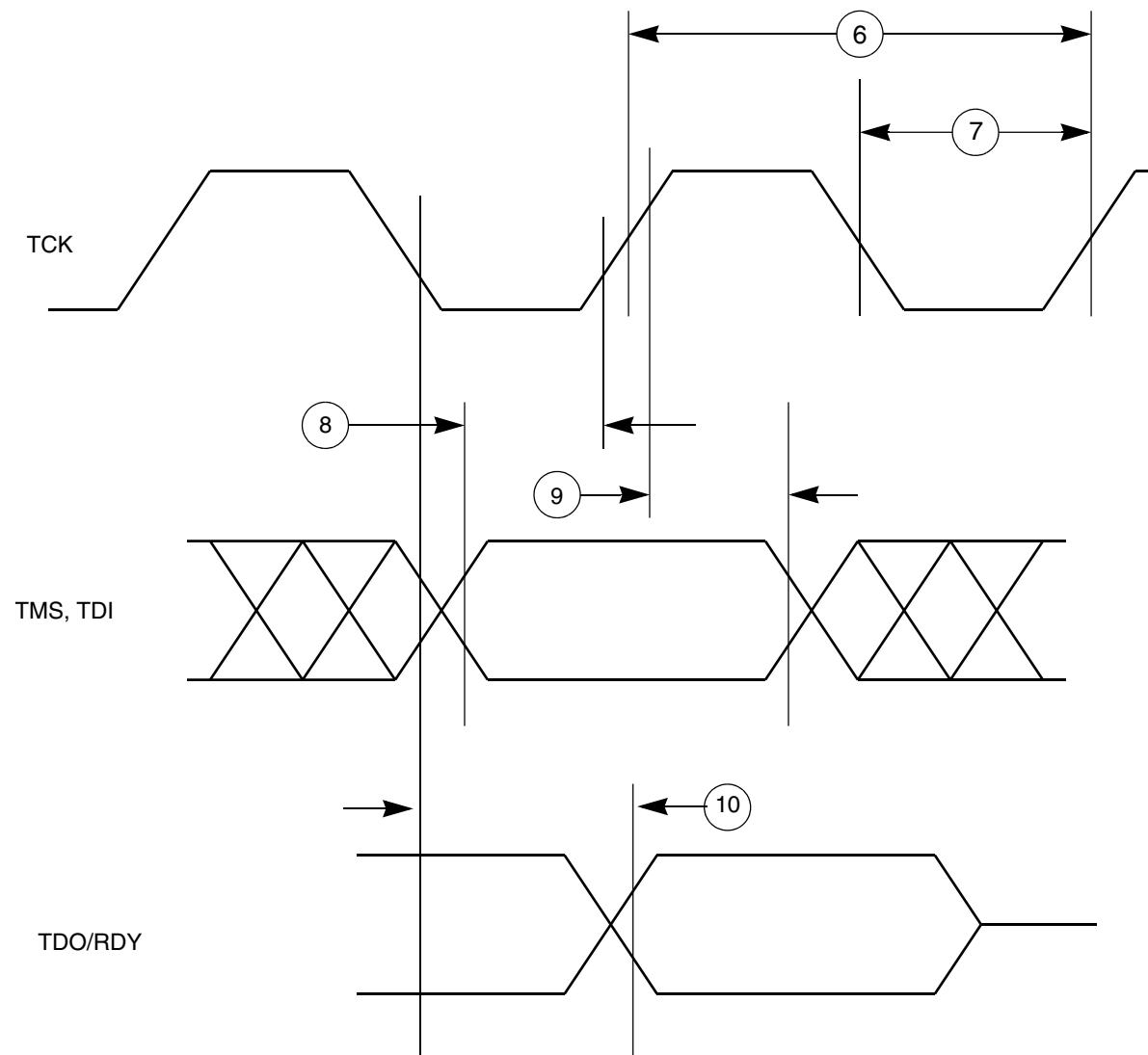
Figure 21. RMII/MII transmit signal timing diagram

Table 46. Nexus debug port timing¹ (continued)

No.	Symbol	Parameter	Condition s	Min	Max	Unit
9	t_{NTDIH} , t_{NTMSH}	TDI, TMS Data Hold Time	—	5	—	ns
10	t_{JOV}	TCK Low to TDO/RDY Data Valid	—	0	25	ns

1. JTAG specifications in this table apply when used for debug functionality. All Nexus timing relative to MCKO is measured from 50% of MCKO and 50% of the respective signal.
2. For all Nexus modes except DDR mode, MDO, \overline{MSEO} , and \overline{EVTO} data is held valid until next MCKO low cycle.
3. The system clock frequency needs to be four times faster than the TCK frequency.

**Figure 28. Nexus output timing****Figure 29. Nexus EVTI Input Pulse Width**

**Figure 30. Nexus TDI, TMS, TDO timing**

6.5.3 WKPU/NMI timing

Table 47. WKPU/NMI glitch filter

No.	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1	W_{FNMI}	NMI pulse width that is rejected	—	—	20	ns
2	$W_{NFNMI}D$	NMI pulse width that is passed	400	—	—	ns

6.5.4 External interrupt timing (IRQ pin)

Table 48. External interrupt timing specifications

No.	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
1	t_{IPWL}	IRQ pulse width low	—	3	—	t_{CYC}
2	t_{IPWH}	IRQ pulse width high	—	3	—	t_{CYC}
3	t_{ICYC}	IRQ edge to edge time	—	6	—	t_{CYC}

These values applies when IRQ pins are configured for rising edge or falling edge events, but not both.

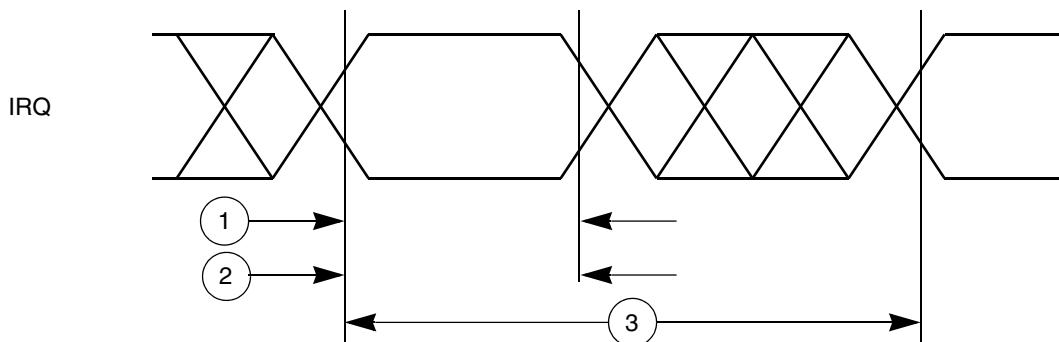


Figure 31. External interrupt timing

7 Thermal attributes

7.1 Thermal attributes

Board type	Symbol	Description	176LQFP	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	50.7	°C/W	11, 22
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	24.2	°C/W	1, 2, 33
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./min. air speed)	38.1	°C/W	1, 3

Table continues on the next page...

Pinouts

Package	NXP Document Number
176-pin LQFP-EP	98ASA00698D
256 MAPBGA	98ASA00346D
324 MAPBGA	98ASA10582D

9 Pinouts

9.1 Package pinouts and signal descriptions

For package pinouts and signal descriptions, refer to the Reference Manual.

10 Reset sequence

10.1 Reset sequence

This section describes different reset sequences and details the duration for which the device remains in reset condition in each of those conditions.

10.1.1 Reset sequence duration

[Table 49](#) specifies the reset sequence duration for the five different reset sequences described in [Reset sequence description](#).

Table 49. RESET sequences

No.	Symbol	Parameter	T _{Reset}			Unit
			Min	Typ 1,1	Max	
1	T _{DRB}	Destructive Reset Sequence, BIST enabled	6.2	7.3	-	ms
2	T _{DR}	Destructive Reset Sequence, BIST disabled	110	182	-	us
3	T _{ERLB}	External Reset Sequence Long, Unsecure Boot	6.2	7.3	-	ms
4	T _{FRL}	Functional Reset Sequence Long, Unsecure Boot	110	182	-	us
5	T _{FRS}	Functional Reset Sequence Short, Unsecure Boot	7	9	-	us

1. The Typ value is applicable only if the reset sequence duration is not prolonged by an extended assertion of RESET_B by an external reset generator.

Table 51. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In section: Voltage monitor electrical characteristics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated description for Low Voltage detector block. • Added note, BCP56, MCP68 and MJD31 are guaranteed ballasts. • In table: Voltage regulator electrical specifications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added footnote, Ceramic X7R or X5R type with capacitance-temperature characteristics +/-15% of -55 degC to +125degC is recommended. The tolerance +/-20% is acceptable. • Revised table, Voltage monitor electrical characteristics
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In section: Supply current characteristics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In table: Current consumption characteristics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IDD_BODY_4: Updated SYS_CLK to 120 MHz. • IDD_BODY_4: Updated Max for $T_a = 105^\circ\text{C}$ fand 85°C) • Idd_STOP: Added condition for $T_a = 105^\circ\text{C}$ and removed Max value for $T_a = 85^\circ\text{C}$. • IDD_HV_ADC_REF: Added condition for $T_a = 105^\circ\text{C}$ and 85°C and removed Max value for $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$. • IDD_HV_FLASH: Added condition for $T_a = 105^\circ\text{C}$ and 85°C • In table: Low Power Unit (LPU) Current consumption characteristics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LPU_RUN and LPU_STOP: Added condition for $T_a = 105^\circ\text{C}$ and 85°C • In table: STANDBY Current consumption characteristics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added condition for $T_a = 105^\circ\text{C}$ and 85°C for all entries. • In section: I/O parameters <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In table: Functional Pad AC Specifications @ 3.3 V Range <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated values for 'pad_sr_hv (output)' • In table: DC electrical specifications @ 3.3V Range <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated Min and Max values for Vih and Vil respectively. • In table: Functional Pad AC Specifications @ 5 V Range <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated values for 'pad_sr_hv (output)' • In table DC electrical specifications @ 5 V Range <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated Min value for Vhys

Table continues on the next page...

Table 51. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• In section, Thermal attributes<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added table for 100 MAPBGA• In section Obtaining package dimensions<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Updated package details for 100 MAPBGA• Editorial updates throughout including correction of various module names.

Table continues on the next page...

Table 51. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
Rev 4	9 March 2016	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In section, Voltage regulator electrical characteristics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In table, Voltage regulator electrical specifications: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated the footnote on $V_{DD_HV_BALLAST}$
Rev 5	27 February 2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Family Comparison section: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated the "MPC5746C Family Comparison" table. added "NVM Memory Map 1", "NVM Memory Map 2", and "RAM Memory Map" tables. Updated the product version, flash memory size and optional fields information in Ordering Information section. In Recommended Operating Conditions section, removed the note related to additional crossover current. VDD_HV_C row added in "Voltage regulator electrical specifications" table in Voltage regulator electrical characteristics section. In Voltage Monitor Electrical Characteristics section, updated the "Trimmed" Fall and Rise specs of $VHVD_LV_cold$ parameter in "Voltage Monitor Electrical Characteristics" table. In AC Electrical Specifications: 3.3 V Range section, changed the occurrences of "ipp_sre[1:0]" to "SIUL2_MSCRn.SRC[1:0]" in the table. In DC Electrical Specifications: 3.3 V Range section, changed the occurrences of "ipp_sre[1:0]" to "SIUL2_MSCRn.SRC[1:0]" and updated "Vol min and max" values in the table. In AC Electrical Specifications: 5 V Range section, changed the occurrences of "ipp_sre[1:0]" to "SIUL2_MSCRn.SRC[1:0]" in the table. In DC Electrical Specifications: 5 V Range section, changed the occurrences of "ipp_sre[1:0]" to "SIUL2_MSCRn.SRC[1:0]" and updated "Vol min and max" values in the table. In "Flash memory AC timing specifications" table in Flash memory AC timing specifications section: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated the "t_{psus}" typ value from 7 us to 9.4 us. Updated the "t_{psus}" max value from 9.1 us to 11.5 us. Added "Continuous SCK Timing" table in DSPI timing section. Added "ADC pad leakage" at 105°C TA conditions in "ADC conversion characteristics (for 12-bit)" table in ADC electrical specifications section. In "STANDBY Current consumption characteristics" table in Supply current characteristics section: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated the Typ and max values of IDD Standby current. Added IDD Standby3 current spec for FIRC ON. Removed IVDDHV and IVDDLV specs in 16 MHz RC Oscillator electrical specifications section. Added Reset Sequence section, with Reset Sequence Duration, BAF execution duration section, and Reset Sequence Distribution as its sub-sections.

Table continues on the next page...