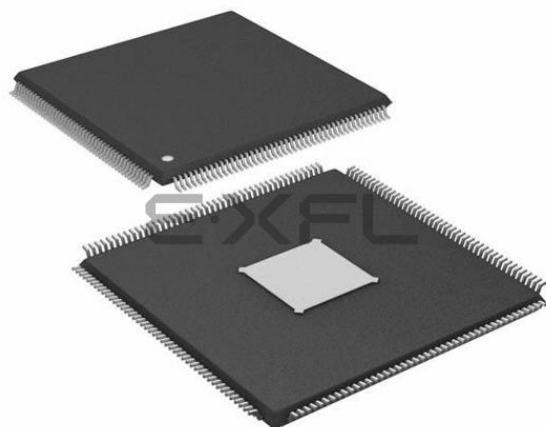




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Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	e200z2, e200z4
Core Size	32-Bit Dual-Core
Speed	80MHz/160MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I ² C, LINbus, SAI, SPI, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	129
Program Memory Size	3MB (3M x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	512K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 80x10b, 64x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	176-LQFP Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	176-LQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/spc5746chk1amku6

1 Block diagram

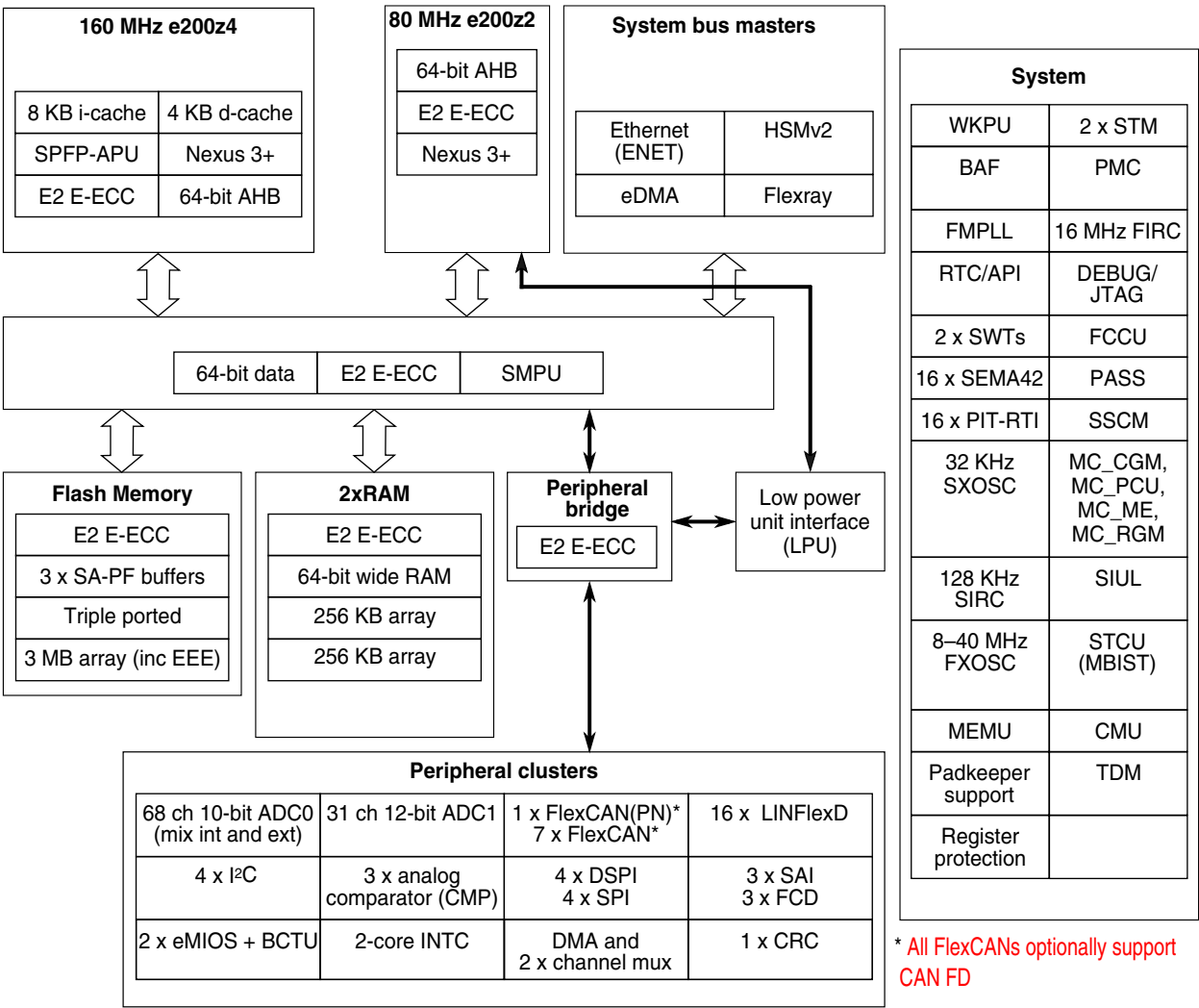


Figure 1. MPC5746C block diagram

2 Family comparison

The following table provides a summary of the different members of the MPC5746C family and their proposed features. This information is intended to provide an understanding of the range of functionality offered by this family. For full details of all of the family derivatives please contact your marketing representative.

NOTE

All optional features (Flash memory, RAM, Peripherals) start with lowest number or address (e.g., FlexCAN0) and end at highest available number or address (e.g., MPC574xB/C have 6 CAN, ending with FlexCAN5).

Table 1. MPC5746C Family Comparison¹

Feature	MPC5745B	MPC5744B	MPC5746B	MPC5744C	MPC5745C	MPC5746C
CPU	e200z4	e200z4	e200z4	e200z4 e200z2	e200z4 e200z2	e200z4 e200z2
FPU	e200z4	e200z4	e200z4	e200z4	e200z4	e200z4
Maximum Operating Frequency ²	160MHz (Z4)	160MHz (Z4)	160MHz (Z4)	160MHz (Z4) 80MHz (Z2)	160MHz (Z4) 80MHz (Z2)	160MHz (Z4) 80MHz (Z2)
Flash memory	2 MB	1.5 MB	3 MB	1.5 MB	2 MB	3 MB
EEPROM support	Emulated up to 64K			Emulated up to 64K		
RAM	256 KB	192 KB	384 KB (Optional 512KB) ^{3, 3}	192 KB	256 KB	384 KB (Optional 512KB) ³
ECC	End to End					
SMPU	16 entry					
DMA	32 channels					
10-bit ADC	36 Standard channels 32 External channels					
12-bit ADC	15 Precision channels 16 Standard channels					
Analog Comparator	3					
BCTU	1					
SWT	1, SWT[0] ⁴			2 ⁴		
STM	1, STM[0]			2		
PIT-RTI	16 channels PIT 1 channels RTI					
RTC/API	1					
Total Timer I/O ⁵	64 channels 16-bits					
LINFlexD	1 Master and Slave (LINFlexD[0], 11 Master (LINFlexD[1:11]))			1 Master and Slave (LINFlexD[0], 15 Master (LINFlexD[1:15]))		
FlexCAN	6 with optional CAN FD support (FlexCAN[0:5])			8 with optional CAN FD support (FlexCAN[0:7])		
DSPI/SPI	4 x DSPI 4 x SPI					

Table continues on the next page...

3.2 Ordering Information

Example Code	P	PC	57	4	6	C	S	K0	M	MJ	6	R
Qualification Status												
Power Architecture												
Automotive Platform												
Core Version												
Flash Size (core dependent)												
Product												
Optional fields												
Fab and mask indicator												
Temperature spec.												
Package Code												
CPU Frequency												
R = Tape & Reel (blank if Tray)												

Qualification Status P = Engineering samples S = Automotive qualified PC = Power Architecture	Product Version B = Single core C = Dual core	Fab and mask version indicator K = TSMC Fab #(0,1,etc.) = Version of the maskset, like rev. 0=0N65H	Package Code KU = 176 LQFP EP MJ = 256 MAPBGA MN = 324 MAPBGA MH = 100MAPBGA
Automotive Platform 57 = Power Architecture in 55nm	Optional fields Blank = No optional feature S = HSM (Security Module) F = CAN FD B = HSM + CAN FD R = 512K RAM T = HSM + 512K RAM G* = CAN FD + 512K RAM H* = HSM + CAN FD + 512K RAM * G and H for 5746 B/C only	Temperature spec. C = -40.C to +85.C Ta V = -40.C to +105.C Ta M = -40.C to +125.C Ta	CPU Frequency 2 = Z4 operates upto 120 MHz 6 = Z4 operates upto 160 MHz
Core Version 4 = e200z4 Core Version (highest core version in the case of multiple cores)			Shipping Method R = Tape and reel Blank = Tray
Flash Memory Size 4 = 1.5 MB 5 = 2 MB 6 = 3 MB			

Note: Not all part number combinations are available as production product

4 General

4.1 Absolute maximum ratings

NOTE

Functional operating conditions appear in the DC electrical characteristics. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximum values is not guaranteed. See footnotes in [Table 5](#) for specific conditions

Table 8. Voltage regulator electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$C_{\text{flash_reg}}$ ⁴	External decoupling / stability capacitor for internal Flash regulators	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1.32	2.2	3	μF
	Combined ESR of external capacitor	—	0.001	—	0.03	Ohm
$C_{\text{HV_VDD_A}}$	VDD_HV_A supply capacitor ^{5, 5}	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_VDD_B}}$	VDD_HV_B supply capacitor ⁵	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_VDD_C}}$	VDD_HV_C supply capacitor ⁵	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_ADC0}}$ $C_{\text{HV_ADC1}}$	HV ADC supply decoupling capacitances	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	1	—	—	μF
$C_{\text{HV_ADR}}$ ⁶	HV ADC SAR reference supply decoupling capacitances	Min, max values shall be granted with respect to tolerance, voltage, temperature, and aging variations.	0.47	—	—	μF
$V_{\text{DD_HV_BALLAST}}^{\text{AST}}$ ⁷	FPREG Ballast collector supply voltage	When collector of NPN ballast is directly supplied by an on board supply source (not shared with VDD_HV_A supply pin) without any series resistance, that is, $R_{\text{C_BALLAST}}$ less than 0.01 Ohm.	2.25	—	5.5	V
$R_{\text{C_BALLAST}}$	Series resistor on collector of FPREG ballast	When VDD_HV_BALLAST is shorted to VDD_HV_A on the board	—	—	0.1	Ohm
t_{SU}	Start-up time with external ballast after main supply (VDD_HV_A) stabilization	$C_{\text{fp_reg}} = 3 \mu\text{F}$	—	74	—	μs
$t_{\text{SU_int}}$	Start-up time with internal ballast after main supply (VDD_HV_A) stabilization	$C_{\text{fp_reg}} = 3 \mu\text{F}$	—	103	—	μs
t_{ramp}	Load current transient	Iload from 15% to 55% $C_{\text{fp_reg}} = 3 \mu\text{F}$		1.0		μs

1. Split capacitance on each pair VDD_LV pin should sum up to a total value of $C_{\text{fp_reg}}$
2. Typical values will vary over temperature, voltage, tolerance, drift, but total variation must not exceed minimum and maximum values.
3. Ceramic X7R or X5R type with capacitance-temperature characteristics +/-15% of -55 degC to +125degC is recommended. The tolerance +/-20% is acceptable.
4. It is required to minimize the board parasitic inductance from decoupling capacitor to VDD_HV_FL A pin and the routing inductance should be less than 1nH.

Table 9. Voltage monitor electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	State	Conditions	Configuration			Threshold			Unit
				Power Up ¹	Mask Opt ^{2, 2}	Reset Type	Min	Typ	Max	V
V _{LVD_LV_PD2_cold}	LV supply low voltage monitoring, detecting at the device pin	Fall	Untrimmed	No	Yes	Functional	Disabled at Start			
			Trimmed				1.1400	1.1550	1.1750	V
		Rise	Untrimmed				Disabled at Start			
			Trimmed				1.1600	1.1750	1.1950	V

1. All monitors that are active at power-up will gate the power up recovery and prevent exit from POWERUP phase until the minimum level is crossed. These monitors can in some cases be masked during normal device operation, but when active will always generate a destructive reset.
2. Voltage monitors marked as non maskable are essential for device operation and hence cannot be masked.
3. There is no voltage monitoring on the V_{DD_HV_ADC0}, V_{DD_HV_ADC1}, V_{DD_HV_B} and V_{DD_HV_C} I/O segments. For applications requiring monitoring of these segments, either connect these to V_{DD_HV_A} at the PCB level or monitor externally.

4.5 Supply current characteristics

Current consumption data is given in the following table. These specifications are design targets and are subject to change per device characterization.

NOTE

The ballast must be chosen in accordance with the ballast transistor supplier operating conditions and recommendations.

Table 10. Current consumption characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions ¹	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{DD_BODY_12, 3}	RUN Body Mode Profile Operating current	LV supply + HV supply + HV Flash supply + 2 x HV ADC supplies ^{4, 4} T _a = 125°C ^{5, 5} V _{DD_LV} = 1.25 V V _{DD_HV_A} = 5.5V SYS_CLK = 80MHz	—	—	147	mA
		T _a = 105°C	—	—	142	mA
		T _a = 85 °C	—	—	137	mA

Table continues on the next page...

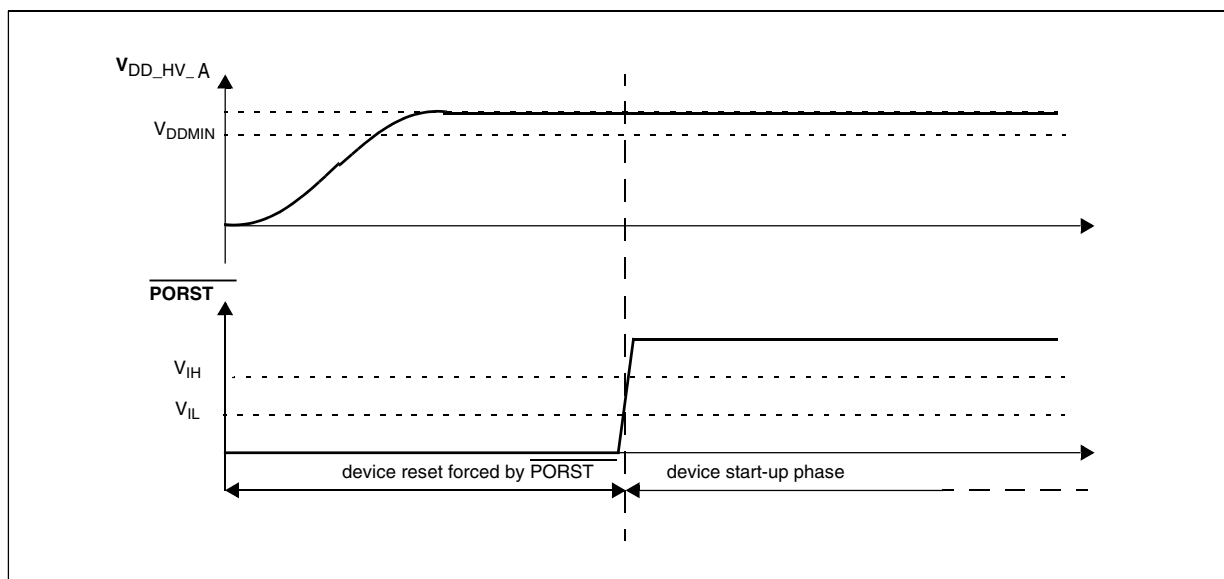


Figure 3. Start-up reset requirements

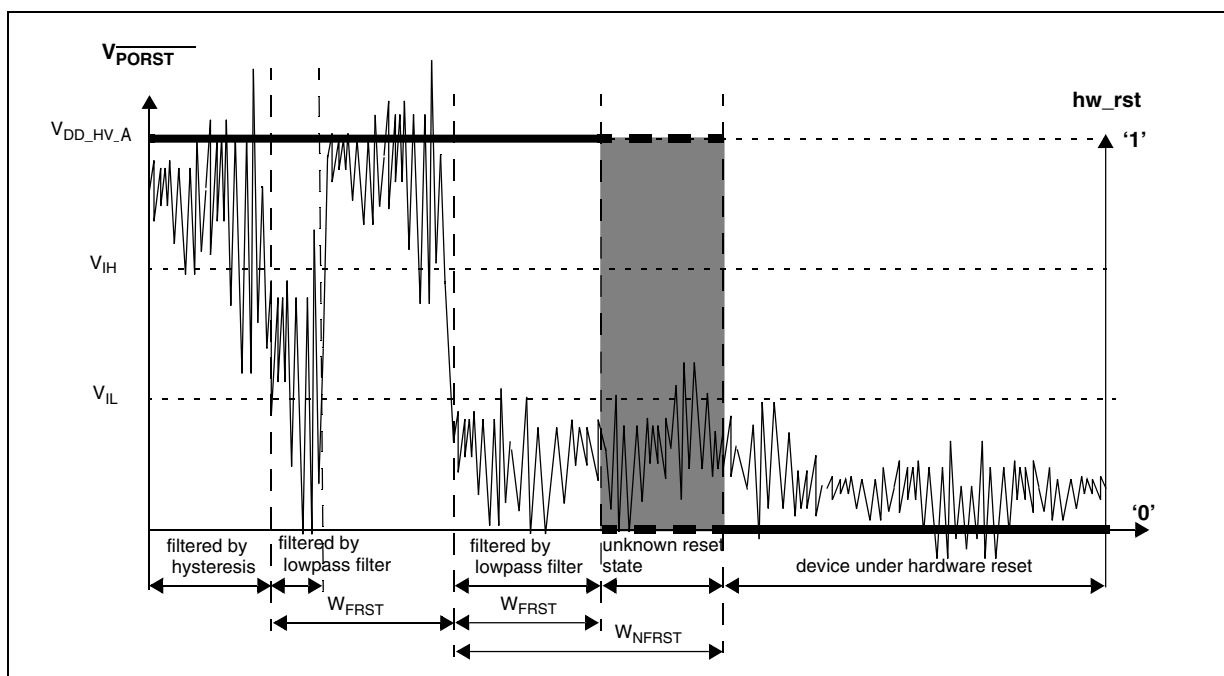
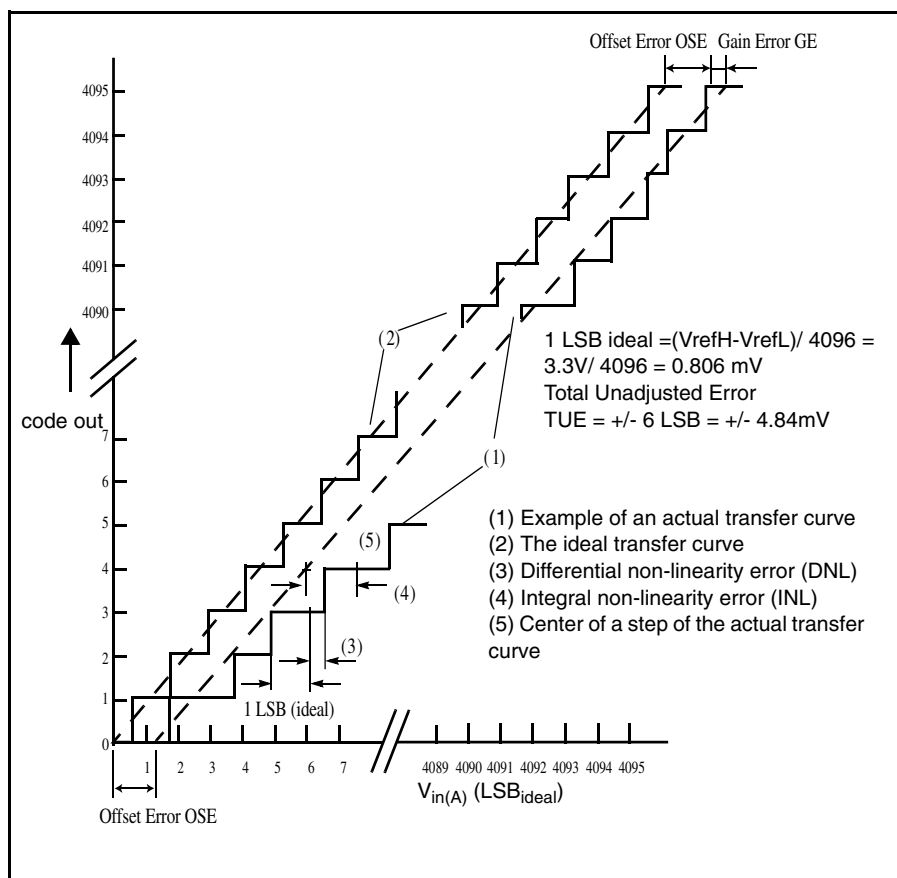


Figure 4. Noise filtering on reset signal

Table 18. Functional reset pad electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
V_{IH}	CMOS Input Buffer High Voltage	—	$0.65 \cdot V_{D_{HV_x}}$	—	$V_{DD_HV_x} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	CMOS Input Buffer Low Voltage	—	$V_{DD_HV_x} - 0.3$	—	$0.35 \cdot V_{DD_HV_x}$	V

Table continues on the next page...



6.1.2 Analog Comparator (CMP) electrical specifications

Table 22. Comparator and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{DDHS}	Supply current, High-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=1)	—	—	250	μA
$I_{DDL S}$	Supply current, low-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=0)	—	5	11	μA
V_{AIN}	Analog input voltage	V_{SS}	—	$V_{IN1_CMP_REF}$	V
V_{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage ^{1, 1}	-47	—	47	mV
V_H	Analog comparator hysteresis ^{2, 2} - CR0[HYSTCTR] = 00 - CR0[HYSTCTR] = 01 - CR0[HYSTCTR] = 10 - CR0[HYSTCTR] = 11	—	1	25	mV
		—	20	50	mV
		—	40	70	mV
		—	60	105	mV
		—	—	—	—
t_{DHS}	Propagation Delay, High Speed Mode (Full Swing) ^{1, 3, 3}	—	—	250	ns
t_{DLS}	Propagation Delay, Low power Mode (Full Swing) ^{1, 3}	—	5	21	μs
	Analog comparator initialization delay, High speed mode ^{4, 4}	—	4		μs
	Analog comparator initialization delay, Low speed mode ⁴	—	100		μs
I_{DAC6b}	6-bit DAC current adder (when enabled)				
	3.3V Reference Voltage	—	6	9	μA
	5V Reference Voltage	—	10	16	μA
INL	6-bit DAC integral non-linearity	-0.5	—	0.5	LSB ⁵
DNL	6-bit DAC differential non-linearity	-0.8	—	0.8	LSB

1. Measured with hysteresis mode of 00
2. Typical hysteresis is measured with input voltage range limited to 0.6 to $V_{DD_HV_A}-0.6\text{V}$
3. Full swing = V_{IH} , V_{IL}
4. Comparator initialization delay is defined as the time between software writes to change control inputs (Writes to DACEN, VRSEL, PSEL, MSEL, VOSEL) and the comparator output settling to a stable level.
5. 1 LSB = $V_{\text{reference}}/64$

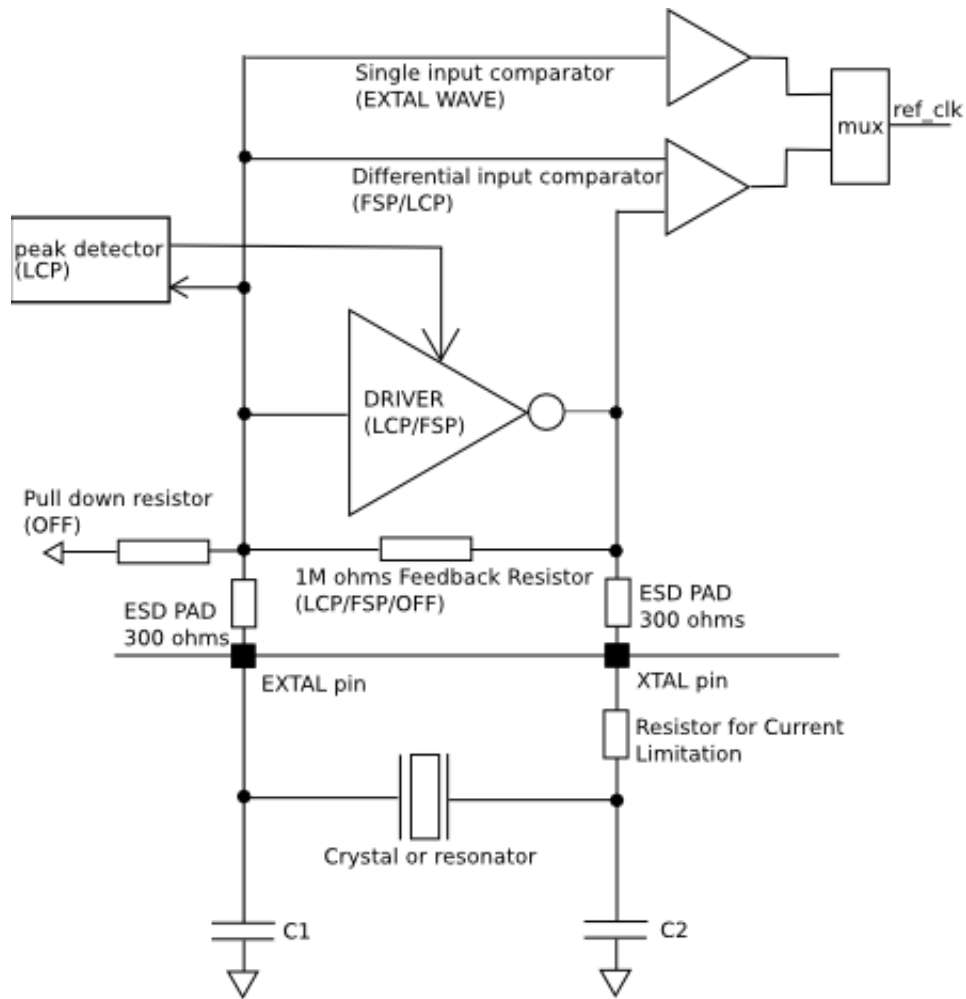


Figure 7. Oscillator connections scheme

Table 23. Main oscillator electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{XOSCHS}	Oscillator frequency	FSP/LCP		8		40	MHz
$g_{mXOSCHS}$	Driver Transconductance	LCP			23		mA/V
		FSP			33		
V_{XOSCHS}	Oscillation Amplitude	LCP ^{1, 2, 1, 2}	8 MHz		1.0		V_{PP}
			16 MHz		1.0		
			40 MHz		0.8		
$T_{XOSCHSSU}$	Startup time	FSP/LCP ¹	8 MHz		2		ms
			16 MHz		1		
			40 MHz		0.5		

Table continues on the next page...

Table 23. Main oscillator electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Mode	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	Oscillator Analog Circuit supply current	FSP	8 MHz		2.2		mA
			16 MHz		2.2		
			40 MHz		3.2		
		LCP	8 MHz		141		uA
			16 MHz		252		
			40 MHz		518		
V _{IH}	Input High level CMOS Schmitt trigger	EXT Wave	Oscillator supply=3.3	1.95			V
V _{IL}	Input low level CMOS Schmitt trigger	EXT Wave	Oscillator supply=3.3			1.25	V

1. Values are very dependent on crystal or resonator used and parasitic capacitance observed in the board.
2. Typ value for oscillator supply 3.3 V@27 °C

6.2.2 32 kHz Oscillator electrical specifications

Table 24. 32 kHz oscillator electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{osc_lo}	Oscillator crystal or resonator frequency		32		40	KHz
t _{cst}	Crystal Start-up Time ^{1, 2}				2	s

1. This parameter is characterized before qualification rather than 100% tested.
2. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.

6.2.3 16 MHz RC Oscillator electrical specifications

Table 25. 16 MHz RC Oscillator electrical specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
F _{Target}	IRC target frequency	—	—	16	—	MHz
PTA	IRC frequency variation after trimming	—	-5	—	5	%
T _{startup}	Startup time	—		—	1.5	us
T _{STJIT}	Cycle to cycle jitter		—	—	1.5	%
T _{LTJIT}	Long term jitter		—	—	0.2	%

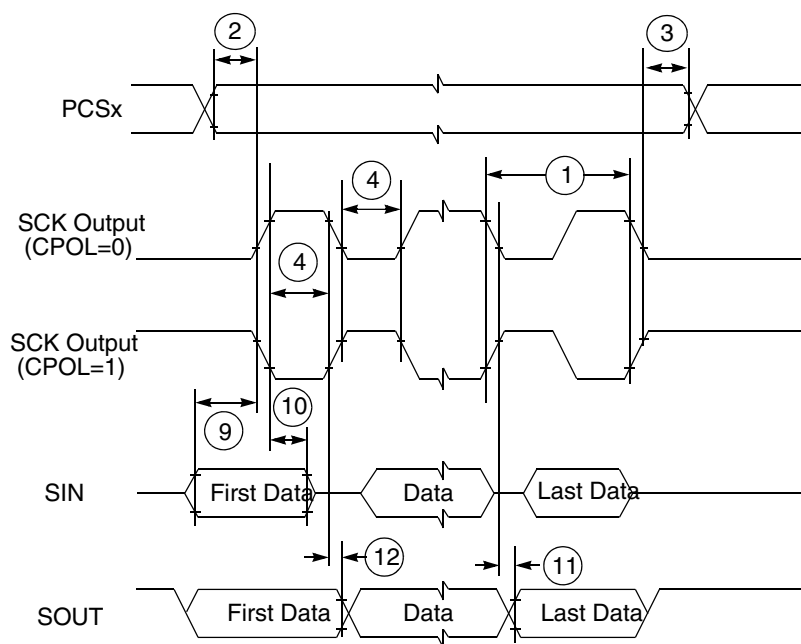


Figure 8. DSPI classic SPI timing — master, CPHA = 0

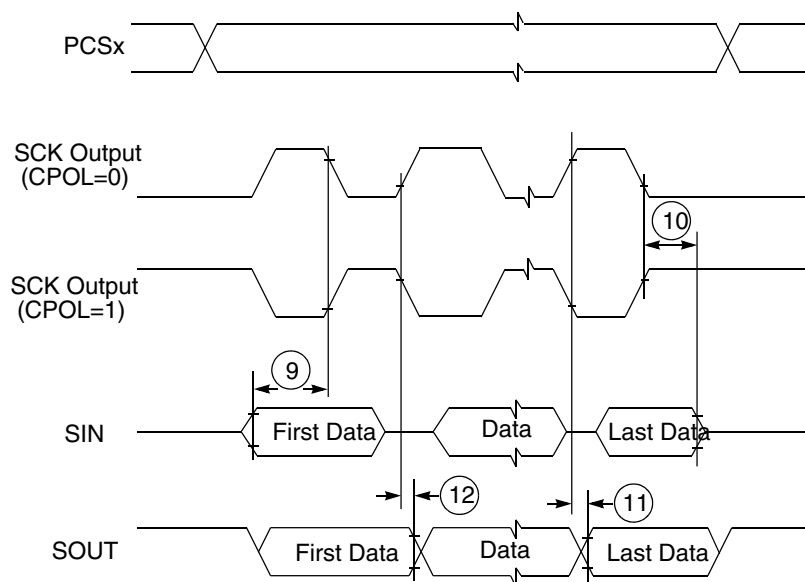


Figure 9. DSPI classic SPI timing — master, CPHA = 1

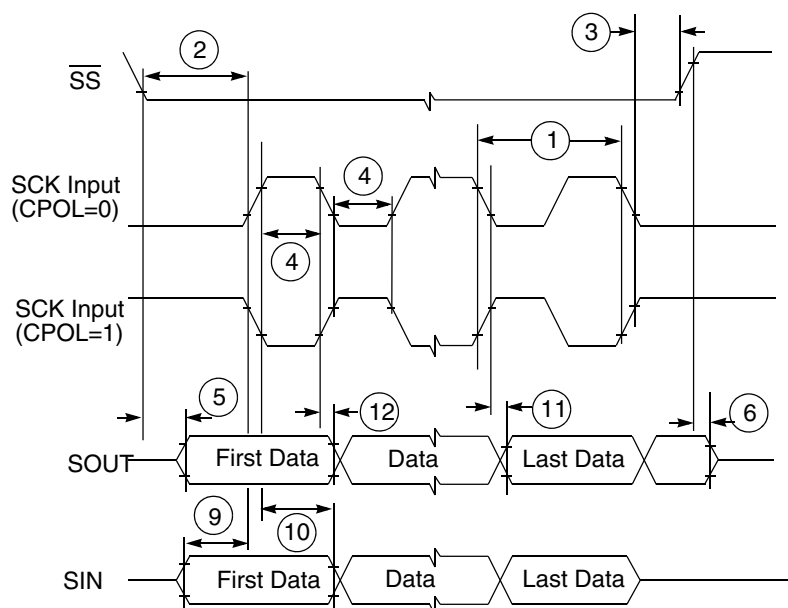


Figure 10. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave, CPHA = 0

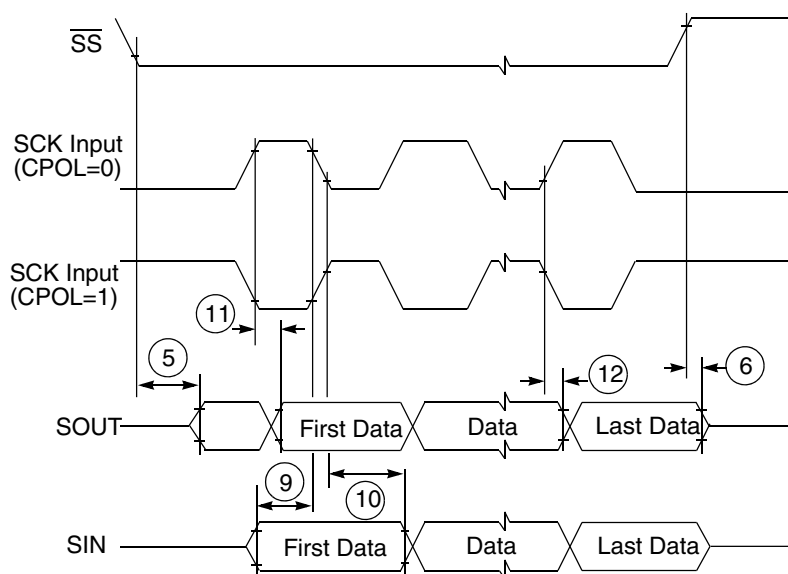


Figure 11. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave, CPHA = 1

6.4.2 FlexRay electrical specifications

6.4.2.1 FlexRay timing

This section provides the FlexRay Interface timing characteristics for the input and output signals. It should be noted that these are recommended numbers as per the FlexRay EPL v3.0 specification, and subject to change per the final timing analysis of the device.

6.4.2.2 TxEN

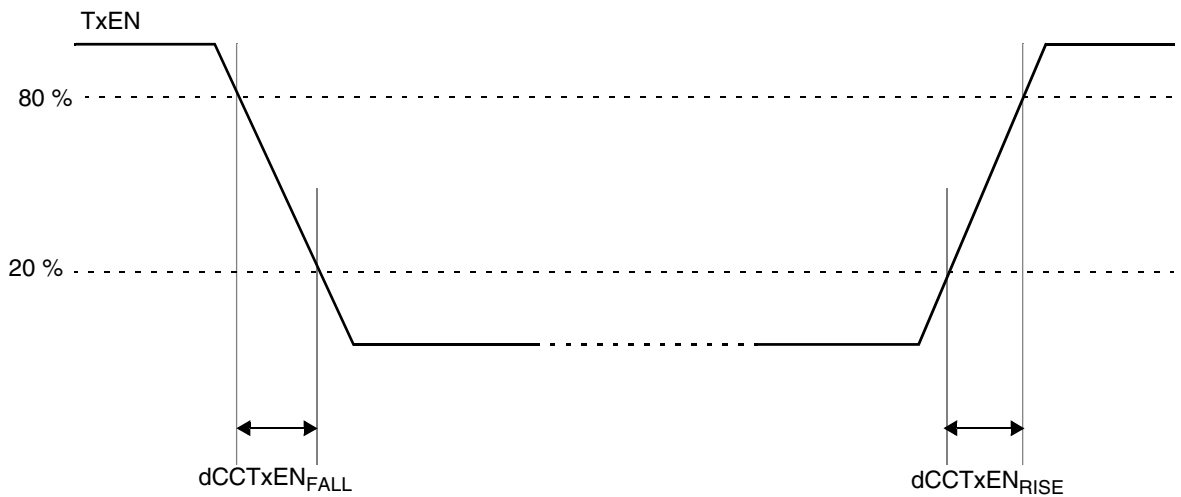


Figure 17. TxEN signal

Table 38. TxEN output characteristics¹

Name	Description	Min	Max	Unit
dCCTxEN _{RISE25}	Rise time of TxEN signal at CC	—	9	ns
dCCTxEN _{FALL25}	Fall time of TxEN signal at CC	—	9	ns
dCCTxEN ₀₁	Sum of delay between Clk to Q of the last FF and the final output buffer, rising edge	—	25	ns
dCCTxEN ₁₀	Sum of delay between Clk to Q of the last FF and the final output buffer, falling edge	—	25	ns

1. All parameters specified for $V_{DD_HV_IOx} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 5\%, \pm 10\%$, $T_J = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} / 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, TxEN pin load maximum 25 pF

1. All parameters specified for VDD_HV_IOx = 3.3 V -5%, +±10%, TJ = -40 oC / 150 oC.

6.4.3 Ethernet switching specifications

The following timing specs are defined at the chip I/O pin and must be translated appropriately to arrive at timing specs/constraints for the physical interface.

6.4.3.1 MII signal switching specifications

The following timing specs meet the requirements for MII style interfaces for a range of transceiver devices.

Table 41. MII signal switching specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
—	RXCLK frequency	—	25	MHz
MII1	RXCLK pulse width high	35%	65%	RXCLK period
MII2	RXCLK pulse width low	35%	65%	RXCLK period
MII3	RXD[3:0], RXDV, RXER to RXCLK setup	5	—	ns
MII4	RXCLK to RXD[3:0], RXDV, RXER hold	5	—	ns
—	TXCLK frequency	—	25	MHz
MII5	TXCLK pulse width high	35%	65%	TXCLK period
MII6	TXCLK pulse width low	35%	65%	TXCLK period
MII7	TXCLK to TXD[3:0], TXEN, TXER invalid	2	—	ns
MII8	TXCLK to TXD[3:0], TXEN, TXER valid	—	25	ns

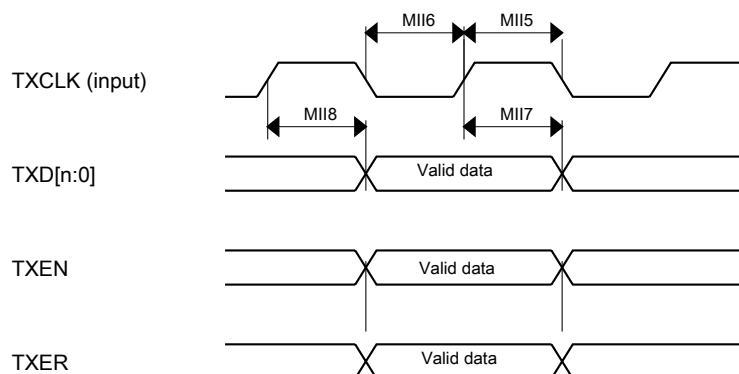
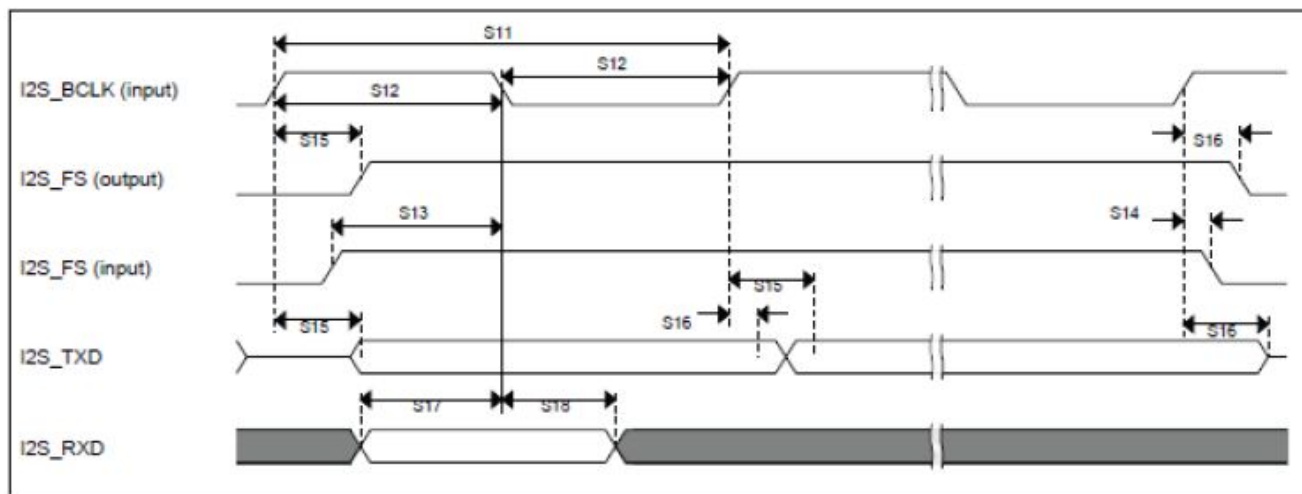


Figure 21. RMII/MII transmit signal timing diagram

Table 44. Slave mode SAI Timing (continued)

No	Parameter	Value		Unit
		Min	Max	
S15	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD/SAI_FS output valid	-	28	ns
S16	SAI_BCLK to SAI_TXD/SAI_FS output invalid	0	-	ns
S17	SAI_RXD setup before SAI_BCLK	10	-	ns
S18	SAI_RXD hold after SAI_BCLK	2	-	ns

**Figure 24. Slave mode SAI Timing**

6.5 Debug specifications

6.5.1 JTAG interface timing

Table 45. JTAG pin AC electrical characteristics ¹

#	Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit
1	t_{JCYC}	TCK Cycle Time ^{2, 2}	62.5	—	ns
2	t_{JDC}	TCK Clock Pulse Width	40	60	%
3	$t_{TCKRISE}$	TCK Rise and Fall Times (40% - 70%)	—	3	ns
4	t_{TMSS}, t_{TDIS}	TMS, TDI Data Setup Time	5	—	ns
5	t_{TMSH}, t_{TDIH}	TMS, TDI Data Hold Time	5	—	ns
6	t_{TDOV}	TCK Low to TDO Data Valid	—	20 ^{3, 3}	ns
7	t_{TDOI}	TCK Low to TDO Data Invalid	0	—	ns
8	t_{TDOHZ}	TCK Low to TDO High Impedance	—	15	ns
11	t_{BSDV}	TCK Falling Edge to Output Valid	—	600 ^{4, 4}	ns

Table continues on the next page...

Board type	Symbol	Description	324 MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
—	$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal resistance, junction to board	16.8	°C/W	44
—	$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case	7.4	°C/W	55
—	Ψ_{JT}	Thermal characterization parameter, junction to package top natural convection	0.2	°C/W	66
—	Ψ_{JB}	Thermal characterization parameter, junction to package bottom natural convection	7.3	°C/W	77

1. Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, air flow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.
2. Per JEDEC JESD51-2 with the single layer board horizontal. Board meets JESD51-9 specification.
3. Per JEDEC JESD51-6 with the board horizontal
4. Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.
5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).
6. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2.
7. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package bottom center and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-12. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JB.

Board type	Symbol	Description	256 MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	42.6	°C/W	11, 22
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	26.0	°C/W	1,2,33
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./min. air speed)	31.0	°C/W	1,3
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./min. air speed)	21.3	°C/W	1,3
—	$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal resistance, junction to board	12.8	°C/W	44

Table continues on the next page...

Thermal attributes

Board type	Symbol	Description	256 MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
—	$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case	7.9	°C/W	55
—	Ψ_{JT}	Thermal characterization parameter, junction to package top outside center (natural convection)	0.2	°C/W	66
—	$R_{\theta JB_CSB}$	Thermal characterization parameter, junction to package bottom outside center (natural convection)	9.0	°C/W	77

1. Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, air flow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.
2. Per SEMI G38-87 and JEDEC JESD51-2 with the single layer board horizontal.
3. Per JEDEC JESD51-6 with the board horizontal
4. Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.
5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).
6. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JT.
7. Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package bottom center and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-12. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JB.

Board type	Symbol	Description	100 MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	50.9	°C/W	1, 21,2
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	27.0	°C/W	1,2,33
Single-layer (1s)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	38.0	°C/W	1,3
Four-layer (2s2p)	$R_{\theta JMA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (200 ft./ min. air speed)	22.2	°C/W	1,3

Table continues on the next page...

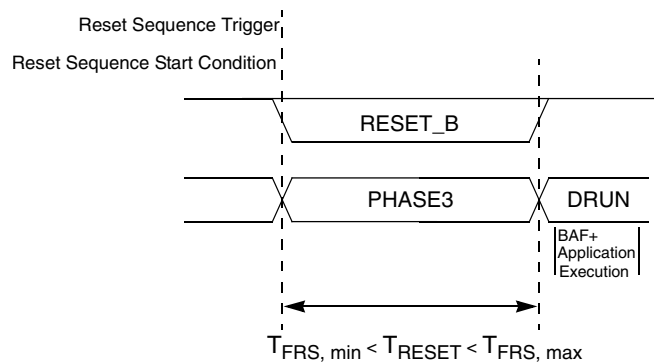


Figure 36. Functional reset sequence short

The reset sequences shown in [Figure 35](#) and [Figure 36](#) are triggered by functional reset events. **RESET_B** is driven low during these two reset sequences only if the corresponding functional reset source (which triggered the reset sequence) was enabled to drive **RESET_B** low for the duration of the internal reset sequence. See the **RGM_FBRE** register in the device reference manual for more information.

11 Revision History

11.1 Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this document.

Table 51. Revision History

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
Rev 1	14 March 2013	Initial Release

Table continues on the next page...

Table 51. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
Rev 2	7 August 2015	- In features: - Updated BAF feature with sentence, Boot Assist Flash (BAF) supports internal flash programming via a serial link (SCI) - Updated FlexCAN3 with FD support - Updated number of STMs to two. - In Block diagram: - Updated SRAM size from 128 KB to 256 KB. - In Family Comparison: - Added note: All optional features (Flash memory, RAM, Peripherals) start with lowest number or address (e.g. FlexCAN0) and end at highest available number or address (e.g. MPC574xB/D have 6 CAN, ending with FlexCAN5). - Revised MPC5746C Family Comparison table. - In Ordering parts: - Updated ordering parts diagram to include 100 MAPBGA information and optional fields. - In table: Absolute maximum ratings - Removed entry: 'V_{SS_HV}' - Added spec for 'V_{DD12}' - Updated 'Max' column for 'V_{INA}' - Updated footnote for V_{DD_HV_ADC1_REF}. - Added footnote to 'Conditions', All voltages are referred to V_{SS_HV} unless otherwise specified - Removed footnote from 'Max', Absolute maximum voltages are currently maximum burn-in voltages. Absolute maximum specifications for device stress have not yet been determined. - In section: Recommended operating conditions - Added opening text: "The following table describes the operating conditions ... " - Added note: "V_{DD_HV_A}, V_{DD_HV_B} and V_{DD_HV_C} are all ... " - In table: Recommended operating conditions (V_{DD_HV_x} = 3.3 V) and (V_{DD_HV_x} = 5 V) - Added footnote to 'Conditions' column, (All voltages are referred to V_{SS_HV} unless otherwise specified). - Updated footnote for 'Min' column to Device will be functional down (and electrical specifications as per various datasheet parameters will be guaranteed) to the point where one of the LVD/HVD resets the device. When voltage drops outside range for an LVD/HVD, device is reset. - Removed footnote for 'V_{DD_HV_A}', 'V_{DD_HV_B}', and 'V_{DD_HV_C}' entry and updated the parameter column. - Removed entry : 'V_{SS_HV}' - Updated 'Parameter' column for 'V_{DD_HV_FLTA}', 'V_{DD_HV_ADC1_REF}', 'V_{DD_LV}' - Updated 'Min' column for 'V_{DD_HV_ADC0}' 'V_{DD_HV_ADC1}' - Updated 'Parameter' 'Min' 'Max' columns for 'V_{SS_HV_ADC0}' and 'V_{SS_HV_ADC1}' - Updated footnote for 'V_{DD_LV}' to V_{DD_LV} supply pins should never be grounded (through a small impedance). If these are not driven, they should only be left floating. - Removed row for symbol 'V_{SS_LV}' - Removed footnote from 'Max' column of 'V_{DD_HV_ADC0}' and 'V_{DD_HV_ADC1}', (PA3, PA7, PA10, PA11 and PE12 ADC_1 channels are coming from V_{DD_HV_B} domain hence V_{DD_HV_ADC1} should be within ±100 mV of V_{DD_HV_B} when these channels are used for ADC_1). - In table: Recommended operating conditions (V_{DD_HV_x} = 3.3 V) - Removed footnote from 'V_{IN1_CMP_REF}', (Only applicable when supplying from external source). - In table: Recommended operating conditions (V_{DD_HV_x} = 5 V) - Added spec for 'V_{IN1_CMP_REF}' and corresponding footnotes.

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Table 51. Revision History (continued)

Rev. No.	Date	Substantial Changes
		• In section, Thermal attributes • Added table for 100 MAPBGA • In section Obtaining package dimensions • Updated package details for 100 MAPBGA
		• Editorial updates throughout including correction of various module names.

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