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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, HLVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	32KB (16K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	256 x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 10x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic18lf2523t-i-so



28/40/44-Pin, Enhanced Flash Microcontrollers with 12-Bit A/D and nanoWatt Technology

Power Management Features:

- · Run: CPU on, Peripherals on
- · Idle: CPU off, Peripherals on
- · Sleep: CPU off, Peripherals off
- Ultra Low 50 nA Input Leakage
- Run mode Currents Down to 11 μA Typical
- Idle mode Currents Down to 2.5 μA Typical
- Sleep mode Current Down to 100 μA Typical
- · Timer1 Oscillator: 900 nA, 32 kHz, 2V
- Watchdog Timer: 1.4 μA, 2V Typical
- Two-Speed Oscillator Start-up

Flexible Oscillator Structure:

- · Four Crystal modes, up to 40 MHz
- 4x Phase Lock Loop (PLL) Available for Crystal and Internal Oscillators
- · Two External RC modes, up to 4 MHz
- Two External Clock modes, up to 40 MHz
- · Internal Oscillator Block:
 - Fast wake from Sleep and Idle, 1 μs typical
 - 8 user-selectable frequencies, from 31 kHz to 8 MHz
 - Provides a complete range of clock speeds, from 31 kHz to 32 MHz, when used with PLL
- User-tunable to Compensate for Frequency Drift
- Secondary Oscillator using Timer1 @ 32 kHz
- Fail-Safe Clock Monitor:
 - Allows for safe shutdown if peripheral clock stops

Peripheral Highlights:

- 12-Bit, Up to 13-Channel Analog-to-Digital Converter module (A/D):
 - Auto-acquisition capability
 - Conversion available during Sleep mode
- Dual Analog Comparators with Input Multiplexing
- High-Current Sink/Source 25 mA/25 mA
- Three Programmable External Interrupts
- Four Input Change Interrupts
- Up to Two Capture/Compare/PWM (CCP) modules, One with Auto-Shutdown (28-pin devices)
- Enhanced Capture/Compare/PWM (ECCP) module (40/44-pin devices only):
 - One, two or four PWM outputs
 - Selectable polarity
 - Programmable dead time
- Auto-shutdown and auto-restart

Peripheral Highlights (Continued):

- Master Synchronous Serial Port (MSSP) module Supporting 3-Wire SPI (all four modes) and I²C™ Master and Slave modes
- · Enhanced USART module:
 - Support for RS-485, RS-232 and LIN/J2602
 - RS-232 operation using internal oscillator block (no external crystal required)
 - Auto-wake-up on Start bit
 - Auto-Baud Detect (ABD)

Special Microcontroller Features:

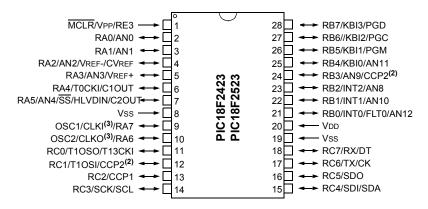
- C Compiler Optimized Architecture: Optional Extended Instruction Set Designed to Optimize Re-Entrant Code
- 100,000 Erase/Write Cycle, Enhanced Flash Program Memory Typical
- 1,000,000 Erase/Write Cycle, Data EEPROM Memory Typical
- Flash/Data EEPROM Retention: 100 Years Typical
- · Self-Programmable under Software Control
- · Priority Levels for Interrupts
- 8 x 8 Single-Cycle Hardware Multiplier
- Extended Watchdog Timer (WDT): Programmable Period, from 4 ms to 131s
- Single-Supply In-Circuit Serial Programming™ (ICSP™) via Two Pins
- · In-Circuit Debug (ICD) via Two Pins
- Operating Voltage Range: 2.0V to 5.5V
- Programmable, 16-Level High/Low-Voltage Detection (HLVD) module: Supports Interrupt on High/Low-Voltage Detection
- Programmable Brown-out Reset (BOR): With Software-Enable Option

Note: This document is supplemented by the "PIC18F2420/2520/4420/4520 Data Sheet" (DS39631). See Section 1.0 "Device Overview".

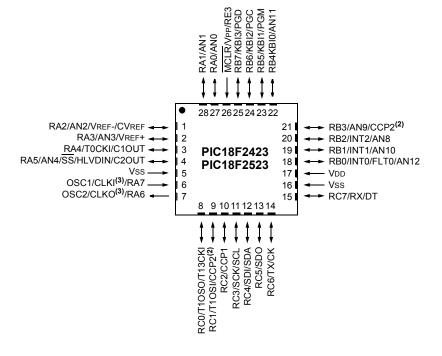
	Prog	ram Memory	Data	Data Memory		Data Memory		Data Memory		40 D''	CCP/	MS	SSP	RT		T
Device	Flash (bytes)	# Single-Word Instructions	SRAM (bytes)	EEPROM (bytes)	I/O	12-Bit A/D (ch)	ECCP (PWM)	SPI	Master I ² C™	EUSA	Comp.	Timers 8/16-Bit				
PIC18F2423	16K	8192	768	256	25	10	2/0	Υ	Υ	1	2	1/3				
PIC18F2523	32K	16384	1536	256	25	10	2/0	Υ	Υ	1	2	1/3				
PIC18F4423	16K	8192	768	256	36	13	1/1	Υ	Υ	1	2	1/3				
PIC18F4523	32K	16384	1536	256	36	13	1/1	Υ	Υ	1	2	1/3				

Pin Diagrams

28-Pin PDIP, SOIC



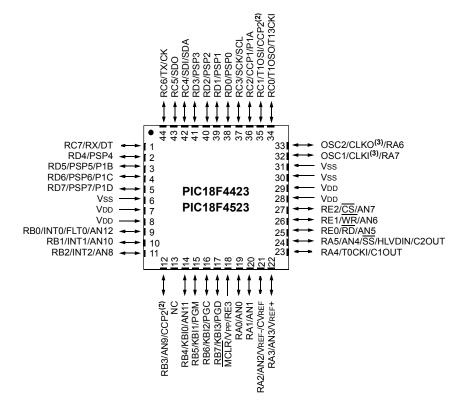
28-Pin QFN⁽¹⁾



- Note 1: It is recommended to connect the bottom pad of QFN package parts to Vss.
 - 2: RB3 is the alternate pin for CCP2 multiplexing.
 - 3: OSC1/CLKI and OSC2/CLKO are only available in select oscillator modes and when these pins are not being used as digital I/O. For additional information, see Section 2.0 "Oscillator Configurations" of the "PIC18F2420/2520/4420/4520 Data Sheet" (DS39631).

Pin Diagrams (Continued)





- Note 1: It is recommended to connect the bottom pad of QFN package parts to Vss.
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An errata sheet, describing minor operational differences from the data sheet and recommended workarounds, may exist for current devices. As device/documentation issues become known to us, we will publish an errata sheet. The errata will specify the revision of silicon and revision of document to which it applies.

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TABLE 1-1: DEVICE FEATURES

Features	PIC18F2423	PIC18F2523	PIC18F4423	PIC18F4523
Operating Frequency	DC – 40 MHz			
Program Memory (Bytes)	16,384	32,768	16,384	32,768
Program Memory (Instructions)	8,192	16,384	8,192	16,384
Data Memory (Bytes)	768	1,536	768	1,536
Data EEPROM Memory (Bytes)	256	256	256	256
Interrupt Sources	19	19	20	20
I/O Ports	Ports A, B, C, (E)	Ports A, B, C, (E)	Ports A, B, C, D, E	Ports A, B, C, D, E
Timers	4	4	4	4
Capture/Compare/PWM Modules	2	2	1	1
Enhanced Capture/Compare/PWM Modules	0	0	1	1
Serial Communications	MSSP, Enhanced USART	MSSP, Enhanced USART	MSSP, Enhanced USART	MSSP, Enhanced USART
Parallel Communications (PSP)	No	No	Yes	Yes
12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Module	10 Input Channels	10 Input Channels	13 Input Channels	13 Input Channels
Resets (and Delays)	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT	POR, BOR, RESET Instruction, Stack Full, Stack Underflow (PWRT, OST), MCLR (optional), WDT
Programmable High/Low-Voltage Detect	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Programmable Brown-out Reset	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Instruction Set	75 Instructions; 83 with Extended Instruction Set enabled			
Packages	28-Pin PDIP 28-Pin SOIC 28-Pin QFN	28-Pin PDIP 28-Pin SOIC 28-Pin QFN	40-Pin PDIP 44-Pin QFN 44-Pin TQFP	40-Pin PDIP 44-Pin QFN 44-Pin TQFP

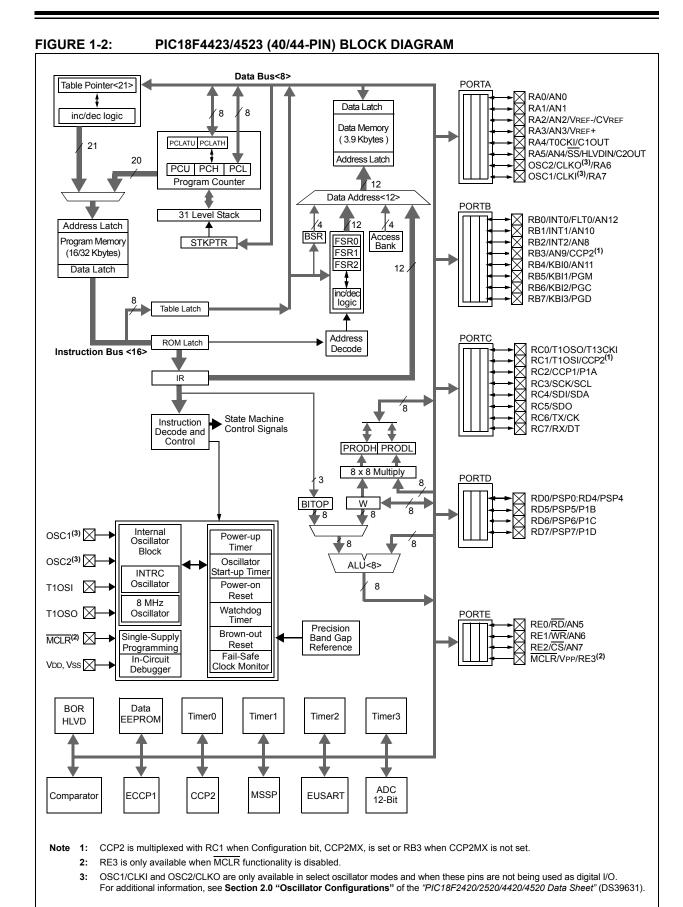


TABLE 1-2: PIC18F2423/2523 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

	Pin N	umber	Pin	Buffer	
Pin Name	PDIP, SOIC	QFN	Туре	Type	Description
					PORTC is a bidirectional I/O port.
RC0/T10SO/T13CKI	11	8			
RC0			I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
T10S0			0	<u> </u>	Timer1 oscillator output.
T13CKI			I	ST	Timer1/Timer3 external clock input.
RC1/T1OSI/CCP2	12	9		ОТ.	P:://
RC1 T10SI			I/O I	ST Analog	Digital I/O. Timer1 oscillator input.
CCP2 ⁽²⁾			1/0	ST	Capture 2 input/Compare 2 output/PWM2 output.
RC2/CCP1	13	10	1/0	01	Capture 2 impar Compare 2 output Wiviz output.
RC2	13	10	I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
CCP1			1/0	ST	Capture 1 input/Compare 1 output/PWM1 output.
RC3/SCK/SCL	14	11			The state of the s
RC3			I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
SCK			I/O	ST	Synchronous serial clock input/output for SPI mode.
SCL			I/O	I ² C	Synchronous serial clock input/output for I ² C™ mode.
RC4/SDI/SDA	15	12			
RC4			I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
SDI				ST I ² C	SPI data in.
SDA			I/O	1-0	I ² C data I/O.
RC5/SDO	16	13		ОТ	D:-::-11/O
RC5 SDO			I/O O	ST	Digital I/O. SPI data out.
RC6/TX/CK	47	4.4			31 Tuata out.
RC6	17	14	I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
TX			Ö	_	EUSART asynchronous transmit.
CK			I/O	ST	EUSART synchronous clock (see related RX/DT).
RC7/RX/DT	18	15			
RC7	-	-	I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
RX			I	ST	EUSART asynchronous receive.
DT			I/O	ST	EUSART synchronous data (see related TX/CK).
RE3	_	_	_	_	See MCLR/VPP/RE3 pin.
Vss	8, 19	5, 16	Р	_	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.
VDD	20	17	Р	_	Positive supply for logic and I/O pins.

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input

CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output

ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels

I = Input

= Power

O = Output

 $I^2C = I^2C^{\dagger M}/SMBus$

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.

TABLE 1-3: PIC18F4423/4523 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Din Nama	Pi	n Numb	er	Pin	Buffer	Boo and add and
Pin Name	PDIP	QFN	TQFP	Туре	Type	Description
						PORTB is a bidirectional I/O port. PORTB can be software programmed for internal weak pull-ups on all inputs.
RB0/INT0/FLT0/AN12 RB0 INT0 FLT0 AN12	33	9	8	I/O I I	TTL ST ST Analog	Digital I/O. External Interrupt 0. PWM Fault input for Enhanced CCP1. Analog Input 12.
RB1/INT1/AN10 RB1 INT1 AN10	34	10	9	I/O I I	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External Interrupt 1. Analog Input 10.
RB2/INT2/AN8 RB2 INT2 AN8	35	11	10	I/O I I	TTL ST Analog	Digital I/O. External Interrupt 2. Analog Input 8.
RB3/AN9/CCP2 RB3 AN9 CCP2 ⁽¹⁾	36	12	11	I/O I I/O	TTL Analog ST	Digital I/O. Analog Input 9. Capture 2 input/Compare 2 output/PWM2 output.
RB4/KBI0/AN11 RB4 KBI0 AN11	37	14	14	I/O I I	TTL TTL Analog	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. Analog Input 11.
RB5/KBI1/PGM RB5 KBI1 PGM	38	15	15	I/O I I/O	TTL TTL ST	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. Low-Voltage ICSP™ Programming enable pin.
RB6/KBI2/PGC RB6 KBI2 PGC	39	16	16	I/O I I/O	TTL TTL ST	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. In-Circuit Debugger and ICSP programming clock pin.
RB7/KBI3/PGD RB7 KBI3 PGD	40	17	17	I/O I I/O	TTL TTL ST	Digital I/O. Interrupt-on-change pin. In-Circuit Debugger and ICSP programming data pin.

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input

ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels

O = Output

 $I^2C = I^2C^{TM}/SMBus$

CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output

I = Input
P = Power

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.

TABLE 1-3: PIC18F4423/4523 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Piı	n Numb	er	Pin	Buffer	Description
Pin Name	PDIP	QFN	TQFP	Туре	Type	Description
						PORTD is a bidirectional I/O port or a Parallel Slave Port (PSP) for interfacing to a microprocessor port. These pins have TTL input buffers when the PSP module is enabled.
RD0/PSP0 RD0 PSP0	19	38	38	I/O I/O	ST TTL	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data.
RD1/PSP1 RD1 PSP1	20	39	39	I/O I/O	ST TTL	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data.
RD2/PSP2 RD2 PSP2	21	40	40	I/O I/O	ST TTL	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data.
RD3/PSP3 RD3 PSP3	22	41	41	I/O I/O	ST TTL	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data.
RD4/PSP4 RD4 PSP4	27	2	2	I/O I/O	ST TTL	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data.
RD5/PSP5/P1B RD5 PSP5 P1B	28	3	3	I/O I/O O	ST TTL	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data. Enhanced CCP1 output.
RD6/PSP6/P1C RD6 PSP6 P1C	29	4	4	I/O I/O O	ST TTL —	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data. Enhanced CCP1 output.
RD7/PSP7/P1D RD7 PSP7 P1D	30	5	5	I/O I/O O	ST TTL —	Digital I/O. Parallel Slave Port data. Enhanced CCP1 output.

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input

ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels

O = Output

 $I^2C = I^2C^{TM}/SMBus$

CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output

I = Input P = Power

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Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.

TABLE 1-3: PIC18F4423/4523 PINOUT I/O DESCRIPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Pin Name	Pi	n Numb	er	Pin	Buffer	Description
Fill Name	PDIP	QFN	TQFP	Type	Type	Description
						PORTE is a bidirectional I/O port.
RE0/RD/AN5	8	25	25			
RE0				I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
RD				I	TTL	Read control for Parallel Slave Port
						(see also WR and CS pins).
AN5				I	Analog	Analog Input 5.
RE1/WR/AN6	9	26	26			
RE1				I/O	ST	Digital I/O.
WR				ı	TTL	Write control for Parallel Slave Port
AN6					Analaa	(see CS and RD pins).
				I	Analog	Analog Input 6.
RE2/CS/AN7	10	27	27			
RE2 CS				1/0	ST	Digital I/O.
CS				ı	TTL	Chip select control for Parallel Slave Port (see related RD and WR).
AN7				1	Analog	Analog Input 7.
				•	7 ti lalog	
RE3					_	See MCLR/VPP/RE3 pin.
Vss	12, 31	6, 30, 31	6, 29	Р	_	Ground reference for logic and I/O pins.
VDD	11, 32		7, 28	Р		Positive supply for logic and I/O pins.
V DD	11, 02	28, 29	7,20	'		1 odiave supply for logic and 1/0 pins.
NC	_	13	12, 13,	_	_	No connect.
			33, 34			

Legend: TTL = TTL compatible input

ST = Schmitt Trigger input with CMOS levels

CMOS = CMOS compatible input or output I = Input

O = Output

P = Power

 $I^2C = I^2C^{TM}/SMBus$

Note 1: Default assignment for CCP2 when Configuration bit, CCP2MX, is set.

REGISTER 2-3: ADCON2: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 2

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
ADFM	_	ACQT2	ACQT1	ACQT0	ADCS2	ADCS1	ADCS0
bit 7							bit 0

 Legend:
 R = Readable bit
 W = Writable bit
 U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

 -n = Value at POR
 '1' = Bit is set
 '0' = Bit is cleared
 x = Bit is unknown

bit 7 **ADFM:** A/D Result Format Select bit

1 = Right justified

0 = Left justified

bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 5-3 ACQT<2:0>: A/D Acquisition Time Select bits

111 = 20 TAD

110 = 16 TAD

101 = 12 TAD 100 = 8 TAD

011 = 6 TAD

010 = 4 TAD

001 **= 2 T**AD

000 = 0 TAD⁽¹⁾

bit 2-0 ADCS<2:0>: A/D Conversion Clock Select bits

111 = FRC (clock derived from A/D RC oscillator)(1)

110 = Fosc/64

101 = Fosc/16

100 = Fosc/4

011 = FRC (clock derived from A/D RC oscillator)(1)

010 = Fosc/32

001 = Fosc/8

000 = Fosc/2

Note 1: If the A/D FRC clock source is selected, a delay of one Tcy (instruction cycle) is added before the A/D clock starts. This allows the SLEEP instruction to be executed before starting a conversion.

The analog reference voltage is software selectable to either the device's positive and negative supply voltage (VDD and VSS), or the voltage level on the RA3/AN3/ VREF+ and RA2/AN2/VREF-/CVREF pins.

The A/D Converter has a unique feature of being able to operate while the device is in Sleep mode. To operate in Sleep, the A/D conversion clock must be derived from the A/D's internal RC oscillator.

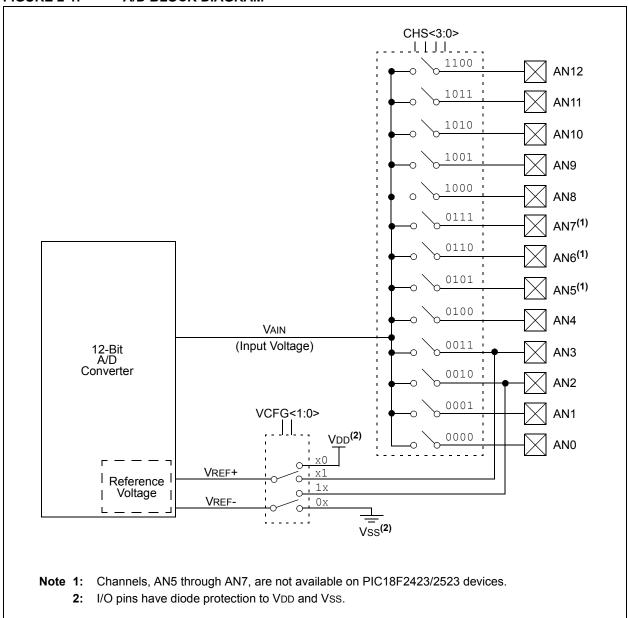
The output of the sample and hold is the input into the converter, which generates the result via successive approximation.

A device Reset forces all registers to their Reset state. This forces the A/D module to be turned off and any conversion in progress is aborted.

Each port pin associated with the A/D Converter can be configured as an analog input or as a digital I/O. The ADRESH and ADRESL registers contain the result of the A/D conversion. When the A/D conversion is complete, the result is loaded into the ADRESH:ADRESL register pair, the GO/DONE bit (ADCON0<1>) is cleared and A/D Interrupt Flag bit, ADIF, is set.

The block diagram of the A/D module is shown in Figure 2-1.

FIGURE 2-1: A/D BLOCK DIAGRAM



2.4 Operation in Power-Managed Modes

The selection of the automatic acquisition time and A/D conversion clock is determined in part by the clock source and frequency while in a power-managed mode.

If the A/D is expected to operate while the device is in a power-managed mode, the ADCS<2:0> bits in ADCON2 should be updated in accordance with the clock source to be used. The ACQT<2:0> bits do not need to be adjusted as the ADCS<2:0> bits adjust the TAD time for the new clock speed. After entering the mode, an A/D acquisition or conversion may be started. Once started, the device should continue to be clocked by the same clock source until the conversion has been completed.

If desired, the device may be placed into the corresponding Idle mode during the conversion. If the device clock frequency is less than 1 MHz, the A/D RC clock source should be selected.

Operation in Sleep mode requires the A/D FRC clock to be selected. If bits, ACQT<2:0>, are set to '000' and a conversion is started, the conversion will be delayed one instruction cycle to allow execution of the SLEEP instruction and entry to Sleep mode. The IDLEN bit (OSCCON<7>) must have already been cleared prior to starting the conversion.

2.5 Configuring Analog Port Pins

The ADCON1, TRISA, TRISB and TRISE registers all configure the A/D port pins. The port pins needed as analog inputs must have their corresponding TRIS bits set (input). If the TRIS bit is cleared (output), the digital output level (VOH or VOL) will be converted.

The A/D operation is independent of the state of the CHS<3:0> bits and the TRIS bits.

- Note 1: When reading the PORT register, all pins configured as analog input channels will read as cleared (a low level). Analog conversion on pins configured as digital pins can be performed. The voltage on the pin will be accurately converted.
 - 2: Analog levels on any pin defined as a digital input may cause the digital input buffer to consume current out of the device's specification limits.
 - **3:** The PBADEN bit in Configuration Register 3H configures PORTB pins to reset as analog or digital pins by controlling how the PCFG<3:0> bits in ADCON1 are reset.

2.8 Use of the CCP2 Trigger

An A/D conversion can be started by the Special Event Trigger of the CCP2 module. This requires that the CCP2M<3:0> bits (CCP2CON<3:0>) be programmed as '1011' and that the A/D module is enabled (ADON bit is set). When the trigger occurs, the GO/DONE bit will be set, starting the A/D acquisition and conversion, and the Timer1 (or Timer3) counter will be reset to zero. Timer1 (or Timer3) is reset to automatically repeat the A/D acquisition period with minimal software overhead (moving ADRESH:ADRESL to the desired location).

The appropriate analog input channel must be selected and the minimum acquisition period is either timed by the user or an appropriate TACQ time is selected before the Special Event Trigger sets the GO/DONE bit (starts a conversion).

If the A/D module is not enabled (ADON is cleared), the Special Event Trigger will be ignored by the A/D module, but will still reset the Timer1 (or Timer3) counter.

TABLE 2-3: REGISTERS ASSOCIATED WITH A/D OPERATION

Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Reset Values on page		
INTCON	GIE/GIEH	PEIE/GIEL	TMR0IE	INT0IE	RBIE	TMR0IF	INT0IF	RBIF	(Note 4)		
PIR1	PSPIF ⁽¹⁾	ADIF	RCIF	TXIF	SSPIF	CCP1IF	TMR2IF	TMR1IF	(Note 4)		
PIE1	PSPIE ⁽¹⁾	ADIE	RCIE	TXIE	SSPIE	CCP1IE	TMR2IE	TMR1IE	(Note 4)		
IPR1	PSPIP ⁽¹⁾	ADIP	RCIP	TXIP	SSPIP	CCP1IP	TMR2IP	TMR1IP	(Note 4)		
PIR2	OSCFIF	CMIF	_	EEIF	BCLIF	HLVDIF	TMR3IF	CCP2IF	(Note 4)		
PIE2	OSCFIE	CMIE	_	EEIE	BCLIE	HLVDIE	TMR3IE	CCP2IE	(Note 4)		
IPR2	OSCFIP	CMIP	_	EEIP	BCLIP	HLVDIP	TMR3IP	CCP2IP	(Note 4)		
ADRESH	A/D Result Register High Byte										
ADRESL	A/D Result	Register Lo	w Byte						(Note 4)		
ADCON0	_	_	CHS3	CHS2	CHS1	CHS0	GO/DONE	ADON	(Note 4)		
ADCON1	_	_	VCFG1	VCFG0	PCFG3	PCFG2	PCFG1	PCFG0	(Note 4)		
ADCON2	ADFM	_	ACQT2	ACQT1	ACQT0	ADCS2	ADCS1	ADCS0	(Note 4)		
PORTA	RA7 ⁽²⁾	RA6 ⁽²⁾	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	(Note 4)		
TRISA	TRISA7 ⁽²⁾	TRISA6 ⁽²⁾	PORTA Da	ata Direction	Control Re	gister			(Note 4)		
PORTB	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	(Note 4)		
TRISB	PORTB Dat	a Direction (Control Reg	ister					(Note 4)		
LATB	PORTB Dat	a Latch Reg	ister (Read	and Write to	Data Latc	h)			(Note 4)		
PORTE ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_	_	RE3 ⁽³⁾	RE2	RE1	RE0	(Note 4)		
TRISE ⁽¹⁾	IBF	OBF	IBOV	PSPMODE	_	TRISE2	TRISE1	TRISE0	(Note 4)		
LATE ⁽¹⁾	_	_		_	_	PORTE D	ata Latch Re	gister	(Note 4)		

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Shaded cells are not used for A/D conversion.

- Note 1: These registers and/or bits are not implemented on PIC18F2423/2523 devices and are read as '0'.
 - 2: PORTA<7:6> and their direction bits are individually configured as port pins based on various primary oscillator modes. When disabled, these bits read as '0'.
 - 3: RE3 port bit is available only as an input pin when the MCLRE Configuration bit is '0'.
 - **4:** For these Reset values, see **Section 4.0 "Reset"** of the "*PIC18F2420/2520/4420/4520 Data Sheet"* (DS39631).

5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

For packaging information, see **Section 28.0 "Packaging Information"** in the "PIC18F2420/2520/4420/4520 Data Sheet" (DS39631).

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (June 2006)

Original data sheet for PIC18F2423/2523/4423/4523 devices.

Revision B (January 2007)

This revision includes updates to the packaging diagrams.

Revision C (September 2009)

Electrical specifications updated. Preliminary condition status removed. Converted document to the "mini data sheet" format.

APPENDIX B: DEVICE DIFFERENCES

The differences between the devices listed in this data sheet are shown in Table B-1.

TABLE B-1: DEVICE DIFFERENCES

Features	PIC18F2423	PIC18F2523	PIC18F4423	PIC18F4523
Program Memory (Bytes)	16384	32768	16384	32768
Program Memory (Instructions)	8192	16384	8192	16384
Interrupt Sources	19	19	20	20
I/O Ports	Ports A, B, C, (E)	Ports A, B, C, (E)	Ports A, B, C, D, E	Ports A, B, C, D, E
Capture/Compare/PWM Modules	2	2	1	1
Enhanced Capture/Compare/PWM Modules	0	0	1	1
Parallel Communications (PSP)	No	No	Yes	Yes
12-Bit Analog-to-Digital Module	10 Input Channels	10 Input Channels	13 Input Channels	13 Input Channels
Packages	28-Pin PDIP 28-Pin SOIC 28-Pin QFN	28-Pin PDIP 28-Pin SOIC 28-Pin QFN	40-Pin PDIP 44-Pin TQFP 44-Pin QFN	40-Pin PDIP 44-Pin TQFP 44-Pin QFN

APPENDIX C: CONVERSION CONSIDERATIONS

This appendix discusses the considerations for converting from previous versions of a device to the ones listed in this data sheet. Typically, these changes are due to the differences in the process technology used. An example of this type of conversion is from a PIC16C74A to a PIC16C74B.

Not Applicable

APPENDIX D: MIGRATION FROM BASELINE TO ENHANCED DEVICES

This section discusses how to migrate from a Baseline device (i.e., PIC16C5X) to an Enhanced MCU device (i.e., PIC18FXXX).

The following are the list of modifications over the PIC16C5X microcontroller family:

Not Currently Available

APPENDIX E: MIGRATION FROM MID-RANGE TO ENHANCED DEVICES

A detailed discussion of the differences between the mid-range MCU devices (i.e., PIC16CXXX) and the enhanced devices (i.e., PIC18FXXX) is provided in AN716, "Migrating Designs from PIC16C74A/74B to PIC18C442". The changes discussed, while device specific, are generally applicable to all mid-range to enhanced device migrations.

This Application Note is available as Literature Number DS00716.

APPENDIX F: MIGRATION FROM HIGH-END TO ENHANCED DEVICES

A detailed discussion of the migration pathway and differences between the high-end MCU devices (i.e., PIC17CXXX) and the enhanced devices (i.e., PIC18FXXX) is provided in *AN726, "PIC17CXXX to PIC18CXXX Migration*". This Application Note is available as Literature Number DS00726.

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