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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	12800
Total RAM Bits	368640
Number of I/O	100
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	196-TFBGA, CSBGA
Supplier Device Package	196-CSPBGA (8x8)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7s15-1cpba196c

Table 3: DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units
V_{DRINT}	Data retention V_{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost).	0.75	—	—	V
V_{DRI}	Data retention V_{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost).	1.5	—	—	V
I_{REF}	V_{REF} leakage current per pin.	—	—	15	μA
I_L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested).	—	—	15	μA
$C_{IN}^{(2)}$	Die input capacitance at the pad.	—	—	8	pF
I_{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) at $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 3.3V$.	90	—	330	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 2.5V$.	68	—	250	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.8V$.	34	—	220	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.5V$.	23	—	150	μA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at $V_{IN} = 0V$, $V_{CCO} = 1.2V$.	12	—	120	μA
I_{RPD}	Pad pull-down (when selected) at $V_{IN} = 3.3V$.	68	—	330	μA
I_{CCADC}	Analog supply current, analog circuits in powered up state.	—	—	25	mA
$I_{BATT}^{(3)}$	Battery supply current.	—	—	150	nA
$R_{IN_TERM}^{(4)}$	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to $V_{CCO}/2$ (UNTUNED_SPLIT_40).	28	40	55	Ω
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to $V_{CCO}/2$ (UNTUNED_SPLIT_50).	35	50	65	Ω
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to $V_{CCO}/2$ (UNTUNED_SPLIT_60).	44	60	83	Ω
n	Temperature diode ideality factor.	—	1.010	—	—
r	Temperature diode series resistance.	—	2	—	Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. This measurement represents the die capacitance at the pad, not including the package.
3. Maximum value specified for worst case process at 25°C.
4. Termination resistance to a $V_{CCO}/2$ level.

Table 4: V_{IN} Maximum Allowed AC Voltage Overshoot and Undershoot for HR I/O Banks⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

AC Voltage Overshoot	% of UI at -40°C to 125°C	AC Voltage Undershoot	% of UI at -40°C to 125°C
$V_{CCO} + 0.55$	100	-0.40	100
		-0.45	61.7
		-0.50	25.8
		-0.55	11.0
$V_{CCO} + 0.60$	46.6	-0.60	4.77
$V_{CCO} + 0.65$	21.2	-0.65	2.10
$V_{CCO} + 0.70$	9.75	-0.70	0.94
$V_{CCO} + 0.75$	4.55	-0.75	0.43
$V_{CCO} + 0.80$	2.15	-0.80	0.20
$V_{CCO} + 0.85$	1.02	-0.85	0.09
$V_{CCO} + 0.90$	0.49	-0.90	0.04
$V_{CCO} + 0.95$	0.24	-0.95	0.02

Notes:

1. A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
2. The peak voltage of the overshoot or undershoot, and the duration above $V_{CCO} + 0.20V$ or below GND – 0.20V, must not exceed the values in this table.

Table 5: Typical Quiescent Supply Current⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade						Units
			1.0V					0.95V	
			-2C	-2I	-1C	-1I	-1Q	-1LI	
I_{CCINTQ}	Quiescent V_{CCINT} supply current.	XC7S6	36	36	36	36	36	32	mA
		XC7S15	36	36	36	36	36	32	mA
		XC7S25	48	48	48	48	48	43	mA
		XC7S50	95	95	95	95	95	59	mA
		XC7S75	148	148	148	148	148	134	mA
		XC7S100	148	148	148	148	148	134	mA
		XA7S6	N/A	36	N/A	36	36	N/A	mA
		XA7S15	N/A	36	N/A	36	36	N/A	mA
		XA7S25	N/A	48	N/A	48	48	N/A	mA
		XA7S50	N/A	95	N/A	95	95	N/A	mA
		XA7S75	N/A	148	N/A	148	148	N/A	mA
		XA7S100	N/A	148	N/A	148	148	N/A	mA

Speed Grade Designations

Since individual family members are produced at different times, the migration from one category to another depends completely on the status of the fabrication process for each device. [Table 13](#) correlates the current status of each Spartan-7 device on a per speed grade basis.

Table 13: Spartan-7 Device Speed Grade Designations

Device	Speed Grade, Temperature Range, and V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XC7S6			-2C (1.0V), -2I (1.0V), -1C (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V), and -1LI (0.95V) ⁽¹⁾
XC7S15			-2C (1.0V), -2I (1.0V), -1C (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V), and -1LI (0.95V) ⁽¹⁾
XC7S25			-2C (1.0V), -2I (1.0V), -1C (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V), and -1LI (0.95V) ⁽¹⁾
XC7S50			-2C (1.0V), -2I (1.0V), -1C (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V), and -1LI (0.95V) ⁽¹⁾
XC7S75			-2C (1.0V), -2I (1.0V), -1C (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V), and -1LI (0.95V) ⁽¹⁾
XC7S100			-2C (1.0V), -2I (1.0V), -1C (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V), and -1LI (0.95V) ⁽¹⁾
XA7S6			-2I (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V)
XA7S15			-2I (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V)
XA7S25			-2I (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V)
XA7S50			-2I (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V)
XA7S75			-2I (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V)
XA7S100			-2I (1.0V), -1I (1.0V), -1Q (1.0V)

Notes:

1. The lowest power -1LI devices, where $V_{CCINT} = 0.95V$, are listed in the Vivado Design Suite as -1IL.

Production Silicon and Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases.

[Table 14](#) lists the production released Spartan-7 device, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and software revisions. The software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 14: Spartan-7 Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release

Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage, Speed Grade, and Temperature Range					
	1.0V					0.95V
	-2C	-2I	-1C	-1I	-1Q	-1LI
XC7S6	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22			Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22	
XC7S15	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22			Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22	
XC7S25	Vivado tools 2017.4 v1.20			Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21	Vivado tools 2017.4 v1.20	
XC7S50	Vivado tools 2017.2 v1.17			Vivado tools 2017.3 v1.19	Vivado tools 2017.2 v1.17	
XC7S75	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21			Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21	
XC7S100	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21			Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21	
XA7S6	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A
XA7S15	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A
XA7S25	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.15	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.15		N/A
XA7S50	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.3 v1.12	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.3 v1.12		N/A
XA7S75	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A
XA7S100	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A

Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Spartan-7 FPGAs. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the [AC Switching Characteristics, page 12](#).

Table 15: Networking Applications Interface Performances

Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage, Speed Grade, and Temperature Range			Units
	1.0V		0.95V	
	-2C/-2I	-1C/-1I/-1Q	-1LI	
SDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 8)	680	600	600	Mb/s
DDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 14)	1250	950	950	Mb/s
SDR LVDS receiver ⁽¹⁾	680	600	600	Mb/s

Table 15: Networking Applications Interface Performances (Cont'd)

Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage, Speed Grade, and Temperature Range			Units
	1.0V		0.95V	
	-2C/-2I	-1C/-1I/-1Q	-1LI	
DDR LVDS receiver ⁽¹⁾	1250	950	950	Mb/s

Notes:

1. LVDS receivers are typically bounded with certain applications where specific dynamic phase-alignment (DPA) algorithms dominate deterministic performance.

Table 16: Maximum Physical Interface (PHY) Rate for Memory Interface IP available with the Memory Interface Generator⁽¹⁾

Memory Standard	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage, Speed Grade, and Temperature Range			Units
	1.0V		0.95V	
	-2C/-2I	-1C/-1I/-1Q	-1LI	
4:1 Memory Controllers				
DDR3	800 ⁽²⁾	667	667	Mb/s
DDR3L	800 ⁽²⁾	667	667	Mb/s
DDR2	800 ⁽²⁾	667	667	Mb/s
2:1 Memory Controllers				
DDR3	800 ⁽²⁾	667	667	Mb/s
DDR3L	800 ⁽²⁾	667	667	Mb/s
DDR2	800 ⁽²⁾	667	667	Mb/s
LPDDR2	667	533	533	Mb/s

Notes:

1. V_{REF} tracking is required. For more information, see the *Zynq-7000 AP SoC and 7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide* (UG586) [Ref 7].
2. The maximum PHY rate is 667 Mb/s in the FTGB196 package.

IOB Pad Input/Output/3-State

Table 17 summarizes the values of standard-specific data input delay adjustments, output delays terminating at pads (based on standard) and 3-state delays.

- T_{IOP} is described as the delay from IOB pad through the input buffer to the I-pin of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO input buffer.
- T_{IOOP} is described as the delay from the O pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad. The delay varies depending on the capability of the SelectIO output buffer.
- T_{IOTP} is described as the delay from the T pin to the IOB pad through the output buffer of an IOB pad, when 3-state is disabled. The delay varies depending on the SelectIO capability of the output buffer. In HR I/O banks, the IN_TERM termination turn-on time is always faster than T_{IOTP} when the INTERMDISABLE pin is used.

I/O Standard Adjustment Measurement Methodology

Input Delay Measurements

Table 19 shows the test setup parameters used for measuring input delay.

Table 19: Input Delay Measurement Methodology

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	$V_L^{(1)}$	$V_H^{(1)}$	$V_{MEAS}^{(3)(5)}$	$V_{REF}^{(2)(4)}$
LVCMS, 1.2V	LVCMS12	0.1	1.1	0.6	—
LVCMS, 1.5V	LVCMS15	0.1	1.4	0.75	—
LVCMS, 1.8V	LVCMS18	0.1	1.7	0.9	—
LVCMS, 2.5V	LVCMS25	0.1	2.4	1.25	—
LVCMS, 3.3V	LVCMS33	0.1	3.2	1.65	—
LVTTL, 3.3V	LVTTL	0.1	3.2	1.65	—
MOBILE_DDR, 1.8V	MOBILE_DDR	0.1	1.7	0.9	—
PCI33, 3.3V	PCI33_3	0.1	3.2	1.65	—
HSTL (high-speed transceiver logic), Class I, 1.2V	HSTL_I_12	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.60
HSTL, Class I & II, 1.5V	HSTL_I, HSTL_II	$V_{REF} - 0.65$	$V_{REF} + 0.65$	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18, HSTL_II_18	$V_{REF} - 0.8$	$V_{REF} + 0.8$	V_{REF}	0.90
HSUL (high-speed unterminated logic), 1.2V	HSUL_12	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.60
SSTL (stub-terminated transceiver logic), 1.2V	SSTL12	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	V_{REF}	0.60
SSTL, 1.35V	SSTL135, SSTL135_R	$V_{REF} - 0.575$	$V_{REF} + 0.575$	V_{REF}	0.675
SSTL, 1.5V	SSTL15, SSTL15_R	$V_{REF} - 0.65$	$V_{REF} + 0.65$	V_{REF}	0.75
SSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	SSTL18_I, SSTL18_II	$V_{REF} - 0.8$	$V_{REF} + 0.8$	V_{REF}	0.90
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR, 1.8V	DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
DIFF_HSTL, Class I, 1.2V	DIFF_HSTL_I_12	0.6 – 0.125	0.6 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.5V	DIFF_HSTL_I, DIFF_HSTL_II	0.75 – 0.125	0.75 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	DIFF_HSTL_I_18, DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
DIFF_HSUL, 1.2V	DIFF_HSUL_12	0.6 – 0.125	0.6 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
DIFF_SSTL135/ DIFF_SSTL135_R, 1.35V	DIFF_SSTL135, DIFF_SSTL135_R	0.675 – 0.125	0.675 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
DIFF_SSTL15/ DIFF_SSTL15_R, 1.5V	DIFF_SSTL15, DIFF_SSTL15_R	0.75 – 0.125	0.75 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
DIFF_SSTL18_I/ DIFF_SSTL18_II, 1.8V	DIFF_SSTL18_I, DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
LVDS_25, 2.5V	LVDS_25	1.2 – 0.125	1.2 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
BLVDS_25, 2.5V	BLVDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—
MINI_LVDS_25, 2.5V	MINI_LVDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	—

Table 19: Input Delay Measurement Methodology (Cont'd)

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	$V_L^{(1)}$	$V_H^{(1)}$	$V_{MEAS}^{(3)(5)}$	$V_{REF}^{(2)(4)}$
PPDS_25	PPDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	–
RSDS_25	RSDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	–
TMDS_33	TMDS_33	3 – 0.125	3 + 0.125	0 ⁽⁵⁾	–

Notes:

1. Input waveform switches between V_L and V_H .
2. Measurements are made at typical, minimum, and maximum V_{REF} values. Reported delays reflect worst case of these measurements. V_{REF} values listed are typical.
3. Input voltage level from which measurement starts.
4. This is an input voltage reference that bears no relation to the V_{REF} / V_{MEAS} parameters found in IBIS models and/or noted in Figure 1.
5. The value given is the differential input voltage.

Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics

Table 25: Input/Output Delay Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
IDELAYCTRL					
T_{DLYCCO_RDY}	Reset to ready for IDELAYCTRL.	3.67	3.67	3.67	μs
$F_{IDELAYCTRL_REF}$	Attribute REFCLK frequency = 200.00. ⁽¹⁾	200.00	200.00	200.00	MHz
	Attribute REFCLK frequency = 300.00. ⁽¹⁾	300.00	300.00	300.00	MHz
	Attribute REFCLK frequency = 400.00. ⁽¹⁾	400.00	N/A	N/A	MHz
$IDELAYCTRL_REF_PRECISION$	REFCLK precision	± 10	± 10	± 10	MHz
$T_{IDELAYCTRL_RPW}$	Minimum reset pulse width.	59.28	59.28	59.28	ns
IDELAY					
$T_{IDELAYRESOLUTION}$	IDELAY chain delay resolution.	$1/(32 \times 2 \times F_{REF})$			μs
$T_{IDELAYPAT_JIT}$	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for clock pattern. ⁽²⁾	0	0	0	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern (PRBS 23). ⁽³⁾	± 5	± 5	± 5	ps per tap
	Pattern dependent period jitter in delay chain for random data pattern (PRBS 23). ⁽⁴⁾	± 9	± 9	± 9	ps per tap
$T_{IDELAY_CLK_MAX}$	Maximum frequency of CLK input to IDELAY.	680.00	600.00	600.00	MHz
$T_{IDCCK_CE} / T_{IDCKC_CE}$	CE pin setup/hold with respect to C for IDELAY.	0.16/0.13	0.21/0.16	0.21/0.16	ns
$T_{IDCCK_INC} / T_{IDCKC_INC}$	INC pin setup/hold with respect to C for IDELAY.	0.14/0.18	0.16/0.22	0.16/0.22	ns
$T_{IDCCK_RST} / T_{IDCKC_RST}$	RST pin setup/hold with respect to C for IDELAY.	0.16/0.11	0.18/0.14	0.18/0.14	ns
$T_{IDDO_IDATAIN}$	Propagation delay through IDELAY.	Note 5	Note 5	Note 5	ps

Notes:

1. Average tap delay at 200 MHz = 78 ps, at 300 MHz = 52 ps, and at 400 MHz = 39 ps.
2. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE or FALSE.
3. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to TRUE.
4. When HIGH_PERFORMANCE mode is set to FALSE.
5. Delay depends on IDELAY tap setting. See the timing report for actual values.

CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 28: CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
Sequential Delays					
T_{SHCKO}	Clock to A – B outputs.	1.09	1.32	1.32	ns, Max
T_{SHCKO_1}	Clock to AMUX – BMUX outputs.	1.53	1.86	1.86	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK					
T_{DS_LRAM}/T_{DH_LRAM}	A – D inputs to CLK.	0.60/0.30	0.72/0.35	0.72/0.35	ns, Min
T_{AS_LRAM}/T_{AH_LRAM}	Address An inputs to clock.	0.30/0.60	0.37/0.70	0.37/0.70	ns, Min
	Address An inputs through MUXs and/or carry logic to clock.	0.77/0.21	0.94/0.26	0.94/0.26	ns, Min
T_{WS_LRAM}/T_{WH_LRAM}	WE input to clock.	0.43/0.12	0.53/0.17	0.53/0.17	ns, Min
$T_{CECK_LRAM}/T_{CKCE_LRAM}$	CE input to CLK.	0.44/0.11	0.53/0.17	0.53/0.17	ns, Min
Clock CLK					
T_{MPW_LRAM}	Minimum pulse width.	1.13	1.25	1.25	ns, Min
T_{MCP}	Minimum clock period.	2.26	2.50	2.50	ns, Min

Notes:

- T_{SHCKO} also represents the CLK to XMUX output. Refer to the timing report for the CLK to XMUX path.

CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 29: CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
Sequential Delays					
T_{REG}	Clock to A – D outputs.	1.33	1.61	1.61	ns, Max
T_{REG_MUX}	Clock to AMUX – DMUX output.	1.77	2.15	2.15	ns, Max
T_{REG_M31}	Clock to DMUX output via M31 output.	1.23	1.46	1.46	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK					
$T_{WS_SHFREG}/ T_{WH_SHFREG}$	WE input.	0.41/0.12	0.51/0.17	0.51/0.17	ns, Min
$T_{CECK_SHFREG}/ T_{CKCE_SHFREG}$	CE input to CLK.	0.42/0.11	0.52/0.17	0.52/0.17	ns, Min
$T_{DS_SHFREG}/ T_{DH_SHFREG}$	A – D inputs to CLK.	0.37/0.37	0.44/0.43	0.44/0.43	ns, Min
Clock CLK					
T_{MPW_SHFREG}	Minimum pulse width.	0.86	0.98	0.98	ns, Min

DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics

Table 31: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
Setup and Hold Times of Data/Control Pins to the Input Register Clock					
$T_{DSPDCK_A_AREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_A_AREG}$	A input to A register CLK.	0.30/ 0.13	0.37/ 0.14	0.37/ 0.14	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_B_BREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_B_BREG}$	B input to B register CLK.	0.38/ 0.16	0.45/ 0.18	0.45/ 0.18	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_C_CREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_C_CREG}$	C input to C register CLK.	0.20/ 0.19	0.24/ 0.21	0.24/ 0.21	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_D_DREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_D_DREG}$	D input to D register CLK.	0.32/ 0.27	0.42/ 0.27	0.42/ 0.27	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_ACIN_AREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_ACIN_AREG}$	ACIN input to A register CLK.	0.27/ 0.13	0.32/ 0.14	0.32/ 0.14	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_BCIN_BREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_BCIN_BREG}$	BCIN input to B register CLK.	0.29/ 0.16	0.36/ 0.18	0.36/ 0.18	ns
Setup and Hold Times of Data Pins to the Pipeline Register Clock					
$T_{DSPDCK_{A, B}_MREG_MULT}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_{A, B}_MREG_MULT}$	{A, B} input to M register CLK using multiplier.	2.76/ -0.01	3.29/ -0.01	3.29/ -0.01	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_{A, D}_ADREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_{A, D}_ADREG}$	{A, D} input to AD register CLK.	1.48/ -0.02	1.76/ -0.02	1.76/ -0.02	ns
Setup and Hold Times of Data/Control Pins to the Output Register Clock					
$T_{DSPDCK_{A, B}_PREG_MULT}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_{A, B}_PREG_MULT}$	{A, B} input to P register CLK using multiplier.	4.60/ -0.28	5.48/ -0.28	5.48/ -0.28	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_D_PREG_MULT}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_D_PREG_MULT}$	D input to P register CLK using multiplier.	4.50/ -0.73	5.35/ -0.73	5.35/ -0.73	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_{A, B}_PREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_{A, B}_PREG}$	A or B input to P register CLK not using multiplier.	1.98/ -0.28	2.35/ -0.28	2.35/ -0.28	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_C_PREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_C_PREG}$	C input to P register CLK not using multiplier.	1.76/ -0.26	2.10/ -0.26	2.10/ -0.26	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_PCIN_PREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_PCIN_PREG}$	PCIN input to P register CLK.	1.51/ -0.15	1.80/ -0.15	1.80/ -0.15	ns
Setup and Hold Times of the CE Pins					
$T_{DSPDCK_{CEA; CEB}_{AREG; BREG}}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_{CEA; CEB}_{AREG; BREG}}$	{CEA; CEB} input to {A; B} register CLK.	0.42/ 0.08	0.52/ 0.11	0.52/ 0.11	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_CEC_CREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_CEC_CREG}$	CEC input to C register CLK.	0.34/ 0.11	0.42/ 0.13	0.42/ 0.13	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_CED_DREG}/$ $T_{DSPCKD_CED_DREG}$	CED input to D register CLK.	0.43/ -0.03	0.52/ -0.03	0.52/ -0.03	ns

Table 31: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V	0.95V		
		-2	-1	-1L	
$T_{DSPDCK_CEM_MREG}/T_{DSPCKD_CEM_MREG}$	CEM input to M register CLK.	0.21/ 0.20	0.27/ 0.23	0.27/ 0.23	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_CEP_PREG}/T_{DSPCKD_CEP_PREG}$	CEP input to P register CLK.	0.43/ 0.01	0.53/ 0.01	0.53/ 0.01	ns
Setup and Hold Times of the RST Pins					
$T_{DSPDCK_{RSTA; RSTB}_{AREG; BREG}}/T_{DSPCKD_{RSTA; RSTB}_{AREG; BREG}}$	{RSTA, RSTB} input to {A, B} register CLK.	0.46/ 0.13	0.55/ 0.15	0.55/ 0.15	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_RSTC_CREG}/T_{DSPCKD_RSTC_CREG}$	RSTC input to C register CLK.	0.08/ 0.11	0.09/ 0.12	0.09/ 0.12	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_RSTD_DREG}/T_{DSPCKD_RSTD_DREG}$	RSTD input to D register CLK	0.50/ 0.08	0.59/ 0.09	0.59/ 0.09	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_RSTM_MREG}/T_{DSPCKD_RSTM_MREG}$	RSTM input to M register CLK	0.23/ 0.24	0.27/ 0.28	0.27/ 0.28	ns
$T_{DSPDCK_RSTP_PREG}/T_{DSPCKD_RSTP_PREG}$	RSTP input to P register CLK	0.30/ 0.01	0.35/ 0.01	0.35/ 0.01	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Output Pins					
$T_{DSPDO_A_CARRYOUT_MULT}$	A input to CARRYOUT output using multiplier.	4.35	5.18	5.18	ns
$T_{DSPDO_D_P_MULT}$	D input to P output using multiplier.	4.26	5.07	5.07	ns
$T_{DSPDO_B_P}$	B input to P output not using multiplier.	1.75	2.08	2.08	ns
$T_{DSPDO_C_P}$	C input to P output.	1.53	1.82	1.82	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Cascading Output Pins					
$T_{DSPDO_{A; B}_{ACOUT; BCOUT}}$	{A, B} input to {ACOUT, BCOUT} output.	0.63	0.74	0.74	ns
$T_{DSPDO_{A, B}_CARRYCASOUT_MULT}$	{A, B} input to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier.	4.65	5.54	5.54	ns
$T_{DSPDO_D_CARRYCASOUT_MULT}$	D input to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier.	4.54	5.40	5.40	ns
$T_{DSPDO_{A, B}_CARRYCASOUT}$	{A, B} input to CARRYCASOUT output not using multiplier.	2.03	2.41	2.41	ns
$T_{DSPDO_C_CARRYCASOUT}$	C input to CARRYCASOUT output.	1.81	2.15	2.15	ns
Combinatorial Delays from Cascading Input Pins to All Output Pins					
$T_{DSPDO_ACIN_P_MULT}$	ACIN input to P output using multiplier.	4.19	5.00	5.00	ns
$T_{DSPDO_ACIN_P}$	ACIN input to P output not using multiplier.	1.57	1.88	1.88	ns
$T_{DSPDO_ACIN_ACOUT}$	ACIN input to ACOUT output.	0.44	0.53	0.53	ns
$T_{DSPDO_ACIN_CARRYCASOUT_MULT}$	ACIN input to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier.	4.47	5.33	5.33	ns
$T_{DSPDO_ACIN_CARRYCASOUT}$	ACIN input to CARRYCASOUT output not using multiplier.	1.85	2.21	2.21	ns
$T_{DSPDO_PCIN_P}$	PCIN input to P output.	1.28	1.52	1.52	ns

Table 31: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V	0.95V		
		-2	-1	-1L	
$T_{DSPDO_PCIN_CARRYCASCOU}$	PCIN input to CARRYCASCOU output.	1.56	1.85	1.85	ns
Clock to Outs from Output Register Clock to Output Pins					
$T_{DSPCKO_P_PREG}$	CLK PREG to P output.	0.37	0.44	0.44	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_PREG}$	CLK PREG to CARRYCASCOU output.	0.59	0.69	0.69	ns
Clock to Outs from Pipeline Register Clock to Output Pins					
$T_{DSPCKO_P_MREG}$	CLK MREG to P output.	1.93	2.31	2.31	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_MREG}$	CLK MREG to CARRYCASCOU output.	2.21	2.64	2.64	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_P_ADREG_MULT}$	CLK ADREG to P output using multiplier.	3.10	3.69	3.69	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_ADREG_MULT}$	CLK ADREG to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier.	3.38	4.02	4.02	ns
Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Output Pins					
$T_{DSPCKO_P_AREG_MULT}$	CLK AREG to P output using multiplier.	4.51	5.37	5.37	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_P_BREG}$	CLK BREG to P output not using multiplier.	1.87	2.22	2.22	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_P_CREG}$	CLK CREG to P output not using multiplier.	1.93	2.30	2.30	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_P_DREG_MULT}$	CLK DREG to P output using multiplier.	4.48	5.32	5.32	ns
Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Cascading Output Pins					
$T_{DSPCKO_{ACOUT; BCOUT}_PREG}$	CLK (ACOUT, BCOUT) to {A,B} register output.	0.73	0.87	0.87	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_AREG_BREG_MULT}$	CLK (AREG, BREG) to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier.	4.79	5.70	5.70	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_BREG}$	CLK BREG to CARRYCASCOU output not using multiplier.	2.15	2.55	2.55	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_DREG_MULT}$	CLK DREG to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier.	4.76	5.65	5.65	ns
$T_{DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_CREG}$	CLK CREG to CARRYCASCOU output.	2.21	2.63	2.63	ns
Maximum Frequency					
F_{MAX}	With all registers used.	550.66	464.25	464.25	MHz
F_{MAX_PATDET}	With pattern detector.	465.77	392.93	392.93	MHz
$F_{MAX_MULT_NOMREG}$	Two register multiply without MREG.	305.62	257.47	257.47	MHz
$F_{MAX_MULT_NOMREG_PATDET}$	Two register multiply without MREG with pattern detect.	277.62	233.92	233.92	MHz
$F_{MAX_PREADD_MULT_NOADREG}$	Without ADREG.	346.26	290.44	290.44	MHz
$F_{MAX_PREADD_MULT_NOADREG_PATDET}$	Without ADREG with pattern detect.	346.26	290.44	290.44	MHz
$F_{MAX_NOPIPELINEREG}$	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG).	227.01	190.69	190.69	MHz
$F_{MAX_NOPIPELINEREG_PATDET}$	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG) with pattern detect.	211.15	177.43	177.43	MHz

Table 38: PLL Specification

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
PLL_F _{BANDWIDTH}	Low PLL bandwidth at typical.	1.00	1.00	1.00	MHz
	High PLL bandwidth at typical. ⁽¹⁾	4.00	4.00	4.00	MHz
PLL_T _{STATPHAOFFSET}	Static phase offset of the PLL outputs. ⁽²⁾	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
PLL_T _{OUTJITTER}	PLL output jitter.	Note 3			
PLL_T _{OUTDUTY}	PLL output clock duty-cycle precision. ⁽⁴⁾	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
PLL_T _{LOCKMAX}	PLL maximum lock time.	100.00	100.00	100.00	μs
PLL_F _{OUTMAX}	PLL maximum output frequency.	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F _{OUTMIN}	PLL minimum output frequency. ⁽⁵⁾	6.25	6.25	6.25	MHz
PLL_T _{EXTFDVAR}	External clock feedback variation.	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max			
PLL_RST _{MINPULSE}	Minimum reset pulse width.	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
PLL_F _{PFDMAX}	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
PLL_F _{PFDMIN}	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	19.00	19.00	19.00	MHz
PLL_T _{FBDELAY}	Maximum delay in the feedback path.	3 ns Max or one CLKIN cycle			

Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) for PLL Before and After DCLK

T _{PLLDCK_DADDR} / T _{PLLCKD_DADDR}	Setup and hold of D address.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T _{PLLDCK_DI} / T _{PLLCKD_DI}	Setup and hold of D input.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T _{PLLDCK_DEN} / T _{PLLCKD_DEN}	Setup and hold of D enable.	1.97/0.00	2.29/0.00	2.29/0.00	ns, Min
T _{PLLDCK_DWE} / T _{PLLCKD_DWE}	Setup and hold of D write enable.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T _{PLLCKO_DRDY}	CLK to out of DRDY.	0.72	0.99	0.99	ns, Max
F _{DCK}	DCLK frequency.	200.00	200.00	200.00	MHz, Max

Notes:

1. The PLL does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the bandwidth filter frequencies.
2. The static offset is measured between any PLL outputs with identical phase.
3. Values for this parameter are available in the *Clocking Wizard* [Ref 8].
4. Includes global clock buffer.
5. Calculated as FVCO/128 assuming output duty cycle is 50%.

Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

Table 39: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Near Clock Region)⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, without MMCM/PLL.						
T_{ICKOF}	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF at pins/banks closest to the BUFGs <i>without</i> MMCM/PLL (near clock region). ⁽²⁾	XC7S6	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S15	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S25	5.55	6.44	6.44	ns
		XC7S50	5.71	6.62	6.62	ns
		XC7S75	5.73	6.71	6.71	ns
		XC7S100	5.73	6.71	6.71	ns
		XA7S6	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	5.55	6.44	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	5.71	6.62	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	5.73	6.71	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	5.73	6.71	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. Refer to the *Die Level Bank Numbering Overview* section of the *7 Series FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification* (UG475) [Ref 4].

Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 44: Global Clock Input Setup and Hold Without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O Banks

Symbol	Description	Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.⁽¹⁾						
T_{PSFD}/T_{PHFD}	Full delay (legacy delay or default delay) global clock input and IFF ⁽²⁾ without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O banks.	XC7S6	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	ns
		XC7S15	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	ns
		XC7S25	2.67/-0.37	3.12/-0.37	3.12/-0.37	ns
		XC7S50	2.66/-0.28	3.11/-0.28	3.11/-0.28	ns
		XC7S75	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	ns
		XC7S100	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	ns
		XA7S6	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	2.67/-0.37	3.12/-0.37	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	2.66/-0.28	3.11/-0.28	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch.

Table 48: Sample Window

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
T_{SAMP}	Sampling error at receiver pins. ⁽¹⁾	0.64	0.70	0.70	ns
T_{SAMP_BUFIO}	Sampling error at receiver pins using BUFIO. ⁽²⁾	0.40	0.46	0.46	ns

Notes:

1. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Spartan-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include:
 - CLK0 MMCM jitter
 - MMCM accuracy (phase offset)
 - MMCM phase shift resolution
 These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.
2. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Spartan-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the BUFIO clock network and IDELAY to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

Additional Package Parameter Guidelines

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for Spartan-7 FPGA clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 49: Package Skew⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Description	Device	Package	Value	Units
$T_{PKGSKEW}$	Package skew. ⁽²⁾	XC7S6	CPGA196	44	ps
			CSGA225	83	ps
			FTGB196	65	ps
		XC7S15	CPGA196	44	ps
			CSGA225	83	ps
			FTGB196	65	ps
		XC7S25	CSGA225	93	ps
			CSGA324	62	ps
			FTGB196	83	ps
		XC7S50	CSGA324	80	ps
			FGGA484	110	ps
			FTGB196	103	ps
		XC7S75	FGGA484	117	ps
			FGGA676	110	ps
		XC7S100	FGGA484	117	ps
			FGGA676	110	ps
		XA7S6	CPGA196	44	ps
			CSGA225	83	ps
			FTGB196	65	ps
		XA7S15	CPGA196	44	ps
			CSGA225	83	ps
			FTGB196	65	ps
		XA7S25	CSGA225	93	ps
			CSGA324	62	ps
			FTGB196	83	ps
		XA7S50	CSGA324	80	ps
			FGGA484	110	ps
			FTGB196	103	ps
		XA7S75	FGGA484	117	ps
			FGGA676	110	ps
		XC7S100	FGGA484	117	ps
			FGGA676	110	ps

Notes:

1. Package delay information is available for these device/package combinations. This information can be used to deskew the package.
2. These values represent the worst-case skew between any two SelectIO resources in the package: shortest delay to longest delay from die pad to ball.

Table 50: XADC Specifications (Cont'd)

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Conversion Rate⁽⁴⁾						
Conversion time: continuous	t _{CONV}	Number of ADCCLK cycles.	26	—	32	Cycles
Conversion time: event	t _{CONV}	Number of CLK cycles.	—	—	21	Cycles
DRP clock frequency	DCLK	DRP clock frequency.	8	—	250	MHz
ADC clock frequency	ADCCLK	Derived from DCLK.	1	—	26	MHz
DCLK duty cycle			40	—	60	%
XADC Reference⁽⁵⁾						
External reference	V _{REFP}	Externally supplied reference voltage.	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
On-chip reference		Ground V _{REFP} pin to AGND, −40°C ≤ T _j ≤ 100°C	1.2375	1.25	1.2625	V
		Ground V _{REFP} pin to AGND, −55°C ≤ T _j < −40°C; 100°C < T _j ≤ 125°C	1.225	1.25	1.275	V

Notes:

1. Offset and gain errors are removed by enabling the XADC automatic gain calibration feature. The values are specified for when this feature is enabled.
2. Only specified for bitstream option XADCEnhancedLinearity = ON.
3. For a detailed description, see the ADC chapter in the *7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 AP SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide* (UG480) [Ref 9].
4. For a detailed description, see the *Timing chapter in the 7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 AP SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide* (UG480) [Ref 9].
5. Any variation in the reference voltage from the nominal V_{REFP} = 1.25V and V_{REFN} = 0V will result in a deviation from the ideal transfer function. This also impacts the accuracy of the internal sensor measurements (i.e., temperature and power supply). However, for external ratiometric type applications allowing reference to vary by ±4% is permitted.