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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	1825
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	23360
Total RAM Bits	1658880
Number of I/O	150
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.92V ~ 0.98V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	324-LFBGA, CSPBGA
Supplier Device Package	324-CSGA (15x15)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7s25-l1csga324i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7s25-l1csga324i</a>

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>FPGA Logic</b>					
V <sub>CCINT</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	For -2 and -1 (1.0V) devices: internal supply voltage.	0.95	1.00	1.05	V
	For -1L (0.95V) devices: internal supply voltage.	0.92	0.95	0.98	V
V <sub>CCAUX</sub>	Auxiliary supply voltage.	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
V <sub>CCBRAM</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	For -2 and -1 (1.0V) devices: block RAM supply voltage.	0.95	1.00	1.05	V
	For -1L (0.95V) devices: block RAM supply voltage.	0.92	0.95	0.98	V
V <sub>CCO</sub> <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	Supply voltage for HR I/O banks.	1.14	—	3.465	V
V <sub>IN</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>	I/O input voltage.	-0.20	—	V <sub>CCO</sub> + 0.20	V
	I/O input voltage (when V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.3V) for V <sub>REF</sub> and differential I/O standards except TMDS_33. <sup>(7)</sup>	-0.20	—	2.625	V
I <sub>IN</sub> <sup>(8)</sup>	Maximum current through any pin in a powered or unpowered bank when forward biasing the clamp diode.	—	—	10	mA
V <sub>CCBATT</sub> <sup>(9)</sup>	Battery voltage.	1.0	—	1.89	V
<b>XADC</b>					
V <sub>CCADC</sub>	XADC supply relative to GNDADC.	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
V <sub>REFP</sub>	Externally supplied reference voltage.	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
<b>Temperature</b>					
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature operating range for commercial (C) temperature devices.	0	—	85	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for industrial (I) temperature devices.	-40	—	100	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for expanded (Q) temperature devices.	-40	—	125	°C

**Notes:**

- All voltages are relative to ground.
- For the design of the power distribution system consult the *7 Series FPGAs PCB Design Guide* (UG483) [Ref 5].
- If V<sub>CCINT</sub> and V<sub>CCBRAM</sub> are operating at the same voltage, V<sub>CCINT</sub> and V<sub>CCBRAM</sub> should be connected to the same supply.
- Configuration data is retained even if V<sub>CCO</sub> drops to 0V.
- Includes V<sub>CCO</sub> of 1.2V, 1.35V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V at ±5%.
- The lower absolute voltage specification always applies.
- See Table 9 for TMDS\_33 specifications.
- A total of 200 mA per bank should not be exceeded.
- V<sub>CCBATT</sub> is required only when using bitstream encryption. If battery is not used, connect V<sub>CCBATT</sub> to either ground or V<sub>CCAUX</sub>.

Table 5: Typical Quiescent Supply Current<sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup> (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade					Units	
			1.0V				0.95V		
			-2C	-2I	-1C	-1I	-1Q	-1LI	
I <sub>CCOQ</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>CCO</sub> supply current.	XC7S6	1	1	1	1	1	1	mA
		XC7S15	1	1	1	1	1	1	mA
		XC7S25	1	1	1	1	1	1	mA
		XC7S50	1	1	1	1	1	1	mA
		XC7S75	4	4	4	4	4	4	mA
		XC7S100	4	4	4	4	4	4	mA
		XA7S6	N/A	1	N/A	1	1	N/A	mA
		XA7S15	N/A	1	N/A	1	1	N/A	mA
		XA7S25	N/A	1	N/A	1	1	N/A	mA
		XA7S50	N/A	1	N/A	1	1	N/A	mA
		XA7S75	N/A	4	N/A	4	4	N/A	mA
		XA7S100	N/A	4	N/A	4	4	N/A	mA
I <sub>CCAUXQ</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>CCAUX</sub> supply current.	XC7S6	10	10	10	10	10	10	mA
		XC7S15	10	10	10	10	10	10	mA
		XC7S25	13	13	13	13	13	13	mA
		XC7S50	22	22	22	22	22	20	mA
		XC7S75	43	43	43	43	43	43	mA
		XC7S100	43	43	43	43	43	43	mA
		XA7S6	N/A	10	N/A	10	10	N/A	mA
		XA7S15	N/A	10	N/A	10	10	N/A	mA
		XA7S25	N/A	13	N/A	13	13	N/A	mA
		XA7S50	N/A	22	N/A	22	22	N/A	mA
		XA7S75	N/A	43	N/A	43	43	N/A	mA
		XA7S100	N/A	43	N/A	43	43	N/A	mA

**Table 6** shows the minimum current, in addition to  $I_{CCQ}$  maximum, that is required by Spartan-7 devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in **Table 6** are met, the device powers on after all four supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must not be configured until after  $V_{CCINT}$  is applied. Once initialized and configured, use the *Xilinx Power Estimator* spreadsheet tool [Ref 6] to estimate current drain on these supplies.

**Table 6: Power-On Current**

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$	$I_{CCOMIN}$	$I_{CCBRAMMIN}$	Units
XC7S6	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XC7S15	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XC7S25	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XC7S50	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XC7S75	$I_{CCINTQ} + 300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 140$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XC7S100	$I_{CCINTQ} + 300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 140$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XA7S6	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XA7S15	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XA7S25	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XA7S50	$I_{CCINTQ} + 120$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 40$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XA7S75	$I_{CCINTQ} + 300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 140$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA
XA7S100	$I_{CCINTQ} + 300$	$I_{CCAUXQ} + 140$	$I_{CCOQ} + 40 \text{ mA per bank}$	$I_{CCBRAMQ} + 60$	mA

**Table 7: Power Supply Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
$T_{VCCINT}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCINT}$ .		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCO}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCO}$ .		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCAUX}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCAUX}$ .		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCBRAM}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of $V_{CCBRAM}$ .		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$	Allowed time per power cycle for $V_{CCO} - V_{CCAUX} > 2.625\text{V}$ .	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ <sup>(1)</sup>	–	300	ms
		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ <sup>(1)</sup>	–	500	ms
		$T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$ <sup>(1)</sup>	–	800	ms

**Notes:**

- Based on 240,000 power cycles with a nominal  $V_{CCO}$  of 3.3V or 36,500 power cycles with a worst case  $V_{CCO}$  of 3.465V.

Table 9: Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels

I/O Standard	V <sub>ICM</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>			V <sub>ID</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>			V <sub>OCM</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>			V <sub>OD</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>		
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max
BLVDS_25	0.300	1.200	1.425	0.100	—	—	—	1.250	—	Note 5		
MINI_LVDS_25	0.300	1.200	V <sub>CCAUX</sub>	0.200	0.400	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.300	0.450	0.600
PPDS_25	0.200	0.900	V <sub>CCAUX</sub>	0.100	0.250	0.400	0.500	0.950	1.400	0.100	0.250	0.400
RSDS_25	0.300	0.900	1.500	0.100	0.350	0.600	1.000	1.200	1.400	0.100	0.350	0.600
TMDS_33	2.700	2.965	3.230	0.150	0.675	1.200	V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.405	V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.300	V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.190	0.400	0.600	0.800

**Notes:**

1. V<sub>ICM</sub> is the input common mode voltage.
2. V<sub>ID</sub> is the input differential voltage (Q –  $\bar{Q}$ ).
3. V<sub>OCM</sub> is the output common mode voltage.
4. V<sub>OD</sub> is the output differential voltage (Q –  $\bar{Q}$ ).
5. V<sub>OD</sub> for BLVDS will vary significantly depending on topology and loading.

Table 10: Complementary Differential SelectIO DC Input and Output Levels

I/O Standard	V <sub>ICM</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>			V <sub>ID</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>			V <sub>OL</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>		V <sub>OH</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>		I <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OH</sub>
	V, Min	V, Typ	V, Max	V, Min	V, Max	V, Max	V, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min	mA, Max	mA, Min
DIFF_HSTL_I	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.400	8.00	—	8.00	—	8.00	—
DIFF_HSTL_I_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.400	8.00	—	8.00	—	8.00	—
DIFF_HSTL_II	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.400	16.00	—	16.00	—	16.00	—
DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	0.400	V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.400	16.00	—	16.00	—	16.00	—
DIFF_HSUL_12	0.300	0.600	0.850	0.100	—	20% V <sub>CCO</sub>	80% V <sub>CCO</sub>	0.100	—	0.100	—	0.100	—
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	10% V <sub>CCO</sub>	90% V <sub>CCO</sub>	0.100	—	0.100	—	0.100	—
DIFF_SSTL135	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.150	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.150	13.0	—	13.0	—	13.0	—
DIFF_SSTL135_R	0.300	0.675	1.000	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.150	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.150	8.9	—	8.9	—	8.9	—
DIFF_SSTL15	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.175	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.175	13.0	—	13.0	—	13.0	—
DIFF_SSTL15_R	0.300	0.750	1.125	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.175	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.175	8.9	—	8.9	—	8.9	—
DIFF_SSTL18_I	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.470	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.470	8.00	—	8.00	—	8.00	—
DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.300	0.900	1.425	0.100	—	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) – 0.600	(V <sub>CCO</sub> /2) + 0.600	13.4	—	13.4	—	13.4	—

**Notes:**

1. V<sub>ICM</sub> is the input common mode voltage.
2. V<sub>ID</sub> is the input differential voltage (Q –  $\bar{Q}$ ).
3. V<sub>OL</sub> is the single-ended low-output voltage.
4. V<sub>OH</sub> is the single-ended high-output voltage.

# I/O Standard Adjustment Measurement Methodology

## ***Input Delay Measurements***

Table 19 shows the test setup parameters used for measuring input delay.

Table 19: Input Delay Measurement Methodology

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	$V_L^{(1)}$	$V_H^{(1)}$	$V_{MEAS}^{(3)(5)}$	$V_{REF}^{(2)(4)}$
LVCMS, 1.2V	LVCMS12	0.1	1.1	0.6	—
LVCMS, 1.5V	LVCMS15	0.1	1.4	0.75	—
LVCMS, 1.8V	LVCMS18	0.1	1.7	0.9	—
LVCMS, 2.5V	LVCMS25	0.1	2.4	1.25	—
LVCMS, 3.3V	LVCMS33	0.1	3.2	1.65	—
LVTTL, 3.3V	LVTTL	0.1	3.2	1.65	—
MOBILE_DDR, 1.8V	MOBILE_DDR	0.1	1.7	0.9	—
PCI33, 3.3V	PCI33_3	0.1	3.2	1.65	—
HSTL (high-speed transceiver logic), Class I, 1.2V	HSTL_I_12	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	$V_{REF}$	0.60
HSTL, Class I & II, 1.5V	HSTL_I, HSTL_II	$V_{REF} - 0.65$	$V_{REF} + 0.65$	$V_{REF}$	0.75
HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18, HSTL_II_18	$V_{REF} - 0.8$	$V_{REF} + 0.8$	$V_{REF}$	0.90
HSUL (high-speed unterminated logic), 1.2V	HSUL_12	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	$V_{REF}$	0.60
SSTL (stub-terminated transceiver logic), 1.2V	SSTL12	$V_{REF} - 0.5$	$V_{REF} + 0.5$	$V_{REF}$	0.60
SSTL, 1.35V	SSTL135, SSTL135_R	$V_{REF} - 0.575$	$V_{REF} + 0.575$	$V_{REF}$	0.675
SSTL, 1.5V	SSTL15, SSTL15_R	$V_{REF} - 0.65$	$V_{REF} + 0.65$	$V_{REF}$	0.75
SSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	SSTL18_I, SSTL18_II	$V_{REF} - 0.8$	$V_{REF} + 0.8$	$V_{REF}$	0.90
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR, 1.8V	DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
DIFF_HSTL, Class I, 1.2V	DIFF_HSTL_I_12	0.6 – 0.125	0.6 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.5V	DIFF_HSTL_I, DIFF_HSTL_II	0.75 – 0.125	0.75 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	DIFF_HSTL_I_18, DIFF_HSTL_II_18	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
DIFF_HSUL, 1.2V	DIFF_HSUL_12	0.6 – 0.125	0.6 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
DIFF_SSTL135/ DIFF_SSTL135_R, 1.35V	DIFF_SSTL135, DIFF_SSTL135_R	0.675 – 0.125	0.675 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
DIFF_SSTL15/ DIFF_SSTL15_R, 1.5V	DIFF_SSTL15, DIFF_SSTL15_R	0.75 – 0.125	0.75 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
DIFF_SSTL18_I/ DIFF_SSTL18_II, 1.8V	DIFF_SSTL18_I, DIFF_SSTL18_II	0.9 – 0.125	0.9 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
LVDS_25, 2.5V	LVDS_25	1.2 – 0.125	1.2 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
BLVDS_25, 2.5V	BLVDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—
MINI_LVDS_25, 2.5V	MINI_LVDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0 <sup>(5)</sup>	—

## CLB Switching Characteristics

Table 27: CLB Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
<b>Combinatorial Delays</b>					
$T_{ILO}$	An – Dn LUT address to A.	0.11	0.13	0.13	ns, Max
$T_{ILO\_2}$	An – Dn LUT address to AMUX/CMUX.	0.30	0.36	0.36	ns, Max
$T_{ILO\_3}$	An – Dn LUT address to BMUX_A.	0.46	0.55	0.55	ns, Max
$T_{ITO}$	An – Dn inputs to A – D Q outputs.	1.05	1.27	1.27	ns, Max
$T_{AXA}$	AX inputs to AMUX output.	0.69	0.84	0.84	ns, Max
$T_{AXB}$	AX inputs to BMUX output.	0.66	0.83	0.83	ns, Max
$T_{AXC}$	AX inputs to CMUX output.	0.68	0.82	0.82	ns, Max
$T_{AXD}$	AX inputs to DMUX output.	0.75	0.90	0.90	ns, Max
$T_{BXB}$	BX inputs to BMUX output.	0.57	0.69	0.69	ns, Max
$T_{BxD}$	BX inputs to DMUX output.	0.69	0.82	0.82	ns, Max
$T_{CXC}$	CX inputs to CMUX output.	0.48	0.58	0.58	ns, Max
$T_{CXD}$	CX inputs to DMUX output.	0.59	0.71	0.71	ns, Max
$T_{DXD}$	DX inputs to DMUX output.	0.58	0.70	0.70	ns, Max
<b>Sequential Delays</b>					
$T_{CKO}$	Clock to AQ – DQ outputs.	0.44	0.53	0.53	ns, Max
$T_{SHCKO}$	Clock to AMUX – DMUX outputs.	0.53	0.66	0.66	ns, Max
<b>Setup and Hold Times of CLB Flip-Flops Before/After Clock CLK</b>					
$T_{AS}/T_{AH}$	AN – DN input to CLK on A – D flip-flops.	0.09/0.14	0.11/0.18	0.11/0.18	ns, Min
$T_{DICK}/T_{CKDI}$	AX – DX input to CLK on A – D flip-flops.	0.07/0.21	0.09/0.26	0.09/0.26	ns, Min
	AX – DX input through MUXs and/or carry logic to CLK on A – D flip-flops.	0.66/0.09	0.81/0.11	0.81/0.11	ns, Min
$T_{CECK\_CLB}/T_{CKCE\_CLB}$	CE input to CLK on A – D flip-flops.	0.17/0.00	0.21/0.01	0.21/0.01	ns, Min
$T_{SRCK}/T_{CKSR}$	SR input to CLK on A – D flip-flops.	0.43/0.04	0.53/0.05	0.53/0.05	ns, Min
<b>Set/Reset</b>					
$T_{SRMIN}$	SR input minimum pulse width.	0.78	1.04	1.04	ns, Min
$T_{RQ}$	Delay from SR input to AQ – DQ flip-flops.	0.59	0.71	0.71	ns, Max
$T_{CEO}$	Delay from CE input to AQ – DQ flip-flops.	0.58	0.70	0.70	ns, Max
$F_{TOG}$	Toggle frequency (for export control).	1286	1098	1098	MHz

## CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 28: CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
<b>Sequential Delays</b>					
$T_{SHCKO}$	Clock to A – B outputs.	1.09	1.32	1.32	ns, Max
$T_{SHCKO\_1}$	Clock to AMUX – BMUX outputs.	1.53	1.86	1.86	ns, Max
<b>Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK</b>					
$T_{DS\_LRAM}/T_{DH\_LRAM}$	A – D inputs to CLK.	0.60/0.30	0.72/0.35	0.72/0.35	ns, Min
$T_{AS\_LRAM}/T_{AH\_LRAM}$	Address An inputs to clock.	0.30/0.60	0.37/0.70	0.37/0.70	ns, Min
	Address An inputs through MUXs and/or carry logic to clock.	0.77/0.21	0.94/0.26	0.94/0.26	ns, Min
$T_{WS\_LRAM}/T_{WH\_LRAM}$	WE input to clock.	0.43/0.12	0.53/0.17	0.53/0.17	ns, Min
$T_{CECK\_LRAM}/T_{CKCE\_LRAM}$	CE input to CLK.	0.44/0.11	0.53/0.17	0.53/0.17	ns, Min
<b>Clock CLK</b>					
$T_{MPW\_LRAM}$	Minimum pulse width.	1.13	1.25	1.25	ns, Min
$T_{MCP}$	Minimum clock period.	2.26	2.50	2.50	ns, Min

**Notes:**

- $T_{SHCKO}$  also represents the CLK to XMUX output. Refer to the timing report for the CLK to XMUX path.

## CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 29: CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
<b>Sequential Delays</b>					
$T_{REG}$	Clock to A – D outputs.	1.33	1.61	1.61	ns, Max
$T_{REG\_MUX}$	Clock to AMUX – DMUX output.	1.77	2.15	2.15	ns, Max
$T_{REG\_M31}$	Clock to DMUX output via M31 output.	1.23	1.46	1.46	ns, Max
<b>Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK</b>					
$T_{WS\_SHFREG}/ T_{WH\_SHFREG}$	WE input.	0.41/0.12	0.51/0.17	0.51/0.17	ns, Min
$T_{CECK\_SHFREG}/ T_{CKCE\_SHFREG}$	CE input to CLK.	0.42/0.11	0.52/0.17	0.52/0.17	ns, Min
$T_{DS\_SHFREG}/ T_{DH\_SHFREG}$	A – D inputs to CLK.	0.37/0.37	0.44/0.43	0.44/0.43	ns, Min
<b>Clock CLK</b>					
$T_{MPW\_SHFREG}$	Minimum pulse width.	0.86	0.98	0.98	ns, Min

Table 31: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V	0.95V		
		-2	-1	-1L	
$T_{DSPDCK\_CEM\_MREG}/T_{DSPCKD\_CEM\_MREG}$	CEM input to M register CLK.	0.21/ 0.20	0.27/ 0.23	0.27/ 0.23	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_CEP\_PREG}/T_{DSPCKD\_CEP\_PREG}$	CEP input to P register CLK.	0.43/ 0.01	0.53/ 0.01	0.53/ 0.01	ns
<b>Setup and Hold Times of the RST Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPDCK\_{RSTA; RSTB}\_{AREG; BREG}}/T_{DSPCKD\_{RSTA; RSTB}\_{AREG; BREG}}$	{RSTA, RSTB} input to {A, B} register CLK.	0.46/ 0.13	0.55/ 0.15	0.55/ 0.15	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_RSTC\_CREG}/T_{DSPCKD\_RSTC\_CREG}$	RSTC input to C register CLK.	0.08/ 0.11	0.09/ 0.12	0.09/ 0.12	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_RSTD\_DREG}/T_{DSPCKD\_RSTD\_DREG}$	RSTD input to D register CLK	0.50/ 0.08	0.59/ 0.09	0.59/ 0.09	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_RSTM\_MREG}/T_{DSPCKD\_RSTM\_MREG}$	RSTM input to M register CLK	0.23/ 0.24	0.27/ 0.28	0.27/ 0.28	ns
$T_{DSPDCK\_RSTP\_PREG}/T_{DSPCKD\_RSTP\_PREG}$	RSTP input to P register CLK	0.30/ 0.01	0.35/ 0.01	0.35/ 0.01	ns
<b>Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Output Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPDO\_A\_CARRYOUT\_MULT}$	A input to CARRYOUT output using multiplier.	4.35	5.18	5.18	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_D\_P\_MULT}$	D input to P output using multiplier.	4.26	5.07	5.07	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_B\_P}$	B input to P output not using multiplier.	1.75	2.08	2.08	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_C\_P}$	C input to P output.	1.53	1.82	1.82	ns
<b>Combinatorial Delays from Input Pins to Cascading Output Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPDO\_{A; B}\_{ACOUT; BCOUT}}$	{A, B} input to {ACOUT, BCOUT} output.	0.63	0.74	0.74	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_{A, B}\_CARRYCASOUT\_MULT}$	{A, B} input to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier.	4.65	5.54	5.54	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_D\_CARRYCASOUT\_MULT}$	D input to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier.	4.54	5.40	5.40	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_{A, B}\_CARRYCASOUT}$	{A, B} input to CARRYCASOUT output not using multiplier.	2.03	2.41	2.41	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_C\_CARRYCASOUT}$	C input to CARRYCASOUT output.	1.81	2.15	2.15	ns
<b>Combinatorial Delays from Cascading Input Pins to All Output Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPDO\_ACIN\_P\_MULT}$	ACIN input to P output using multiplier.	4.19	5.00	5.00	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_ACIN\_P}$	ACIN input to P output not using multiplier.	1.57	1.88	1.88	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_ACIN\_ACOUT}$	ACIN input to ACOUT output.	0.44	0.53	0.53	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_ACIN\_CARRYCASOUT\_MULT}$	ACIN input to CARRYCASOUT output using multiplier.	4.47	5.33	5.33	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_ACIN\_CARRYCASOUT}$	ACIN input to CARRYCASOUT output not using multiplier.	1.85	2.21	2.21	ns
$T_{DSPDO\_PCIN\_P}$	PCIN input to P output.	1.28	1.52	1.52	ns

Table 31: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V	0.95V		
		-2	-1	-1L	
$T_{DSPDO\_PCIN\_CARRYCASCOU}$	PCIN input to CARRYCASCOU output.	1.56	1.85	1.85	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Output Register Clock to Output Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPCKO\_P\_PREG}$	CLK PREG to P output.	0.37	0.44	0.44	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_CARRYCASCOU\_PREG}$	CLK PREG to CARRYCASCOU output.	0.59	0.69	0.69	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Pipeline Register Clock to Output Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPCKO\_P\_MREG}$	CLK MREG to P output.	1.93	2.31	2.31	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_CARRYCASCOU\_MREG}$	CLK MREG to CARRYCASCOU output.	2.21	2.64	2.64	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_P\_ADREG\_MULT}$	CLK ADREG to P output using multiplier.	3.10	3.69	3.69	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_CARRYCASCOU\_ADREG\_MULT}$	CLK ADREG to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier.	3.38	4.02	4.02	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Output Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPCKO\_P\_AREG\_MULT}$	CLK AREG to P output using multiplier.	4.51	5.37	5.37	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_P\_BREG}$	CLK BREG to P output not using multiplier.	1.87	2.22	2.22	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_P\_CREG}$	CLK CREG to P output not using multiplier.	1.93	2.30	2.30	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_P\_DREG\_MULT}$	CLK DREG to P output using multiplier.	4.48	5.32	5.32	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Cascading Output Pins</b>					
$T_{DSPCKO\_{ACOUT; BCOUT}\_PREG}$	CLK (ACOUT, BCOUT) to {A,B} register output.	0.73	0.87	0.87	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_CARRYCASCOU\_AREG\_BREG\_MULT}$	CLK (AREG, BREG) to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier.	4.79	5.70	5.70	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_CARRYCASCOU\_BREG}$	CLK BREG to CARRYCASCOU output not using multiplier.	2.15	2.55	2.55	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_CARRYCASCOU\_DREG\_MULT}$	CLK DREG to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier.	4.76	5.65	5.65	ns
$T_{DSPCKO\_CARRYCASCOU\_CREG}$	CLK CREG to CARRYCASCOU output.	2.21	2.63	2.63	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>					
$F_{MAX}$	With all registers used.	550.66	464.25	464.25	MHz
$F_{MAX\_PATDET}$	With pattern detector.	465.77	392.93	392.93	MHz
$F_{MAX\_MULT\_NOMREG}$	Two register multiply without MREG.	305.62	257.47	257.47	MHz
$F_{MAX\_MULT\_NOMREG\_PATDET}$	Two register multiply without MREG with pattern detect.	277.62	233.92	233.92	MHz
$F_{MAX\_PREADD\_MULT\_NOADREG}$	Without ADREG.	346.26	290.44	290.44	MHz
$F_{MAX\_PREADD\_MULT\_NOADREG\_PATDET}$	Without ADREG with pattern detect.	346.26	290.44	290.44	MHz
$F_{MAX\_NOPIPELINEREG}$	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG).	227.01	190.69	190.69	MHz
$F_{MAX\_NOPIPELINEREG\_PATDET}$	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG) with pattern detect.	211.15	177.43	177.43	MHz

Table 38: PLL Specification

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
PLL_F <sub>BANDWIDTH</sub>	Low PLL bandwidth at typical.	1.00	1.00	1.00	MHz
	High PLL bandwidth at typical. <sup>(1)</sup>	4.00	4.00	4.00	MHz
PLL_T <sub>STATPHAOFFSET</sub>	Static phase offset of the PLL outputs. <sup>(2)</sup>	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
PLL_T <sub>OUTJITTER</sub>	PLL output jitter.	Note 3			
PLL_T <sub>OUTDUTY</sub>	PLL output clock duty-cycle precision. <sup>(4)</sup>	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
PLL_T <sub>LOCKMAX</sub>	PLL maximum lock time.	100.00	100.00	100.00	μs
PLL_F <sub>OUTMAX</sub>	PLL maximum output frequency.	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F <sub>OUTMIN</sub>	PLL minimum output frequency. <sup>(5)</sup>	6.25	6.25	6.25	MHz
PLL_T <sub>EXTFDVAR</sub>	External clock feedback variation.	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max			
PLL_RST <sub>MINPULSE</sub>	Minimum reset pulse width.	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
PLL_F <sub>PFDMAX</sub>	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
PLL_F <sub>PFDMIN</sub>	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	19.00	19.00	19.00	MHz
PLL_T <sub>FBDELAY</sub>	Maximum delay in the feedback path.	3 ns Max or one CLKIN cycle			

**Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) for PLL Before and After DCLK**

T <sub>PLLDCK_DADDR</sub> / T <sub>PLLCKD_DADDR</sub>	Setup and hold of D address.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T <sub>PLLDCK_DI</sub> / T <sub>PLLCKD_DI</sub>	Setup and hold of D input.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T <sub>PLLDCK_DEN</sub> / T <sub>PLLCKD_DEN</sub>	Setup and hold of D enable.	1.97/0.00	2.29/0.00	2.29/0.00	ns, Min
T <sub>PLLDCK_DWE</sub> / T <sub>PLLCKD_DWE</sub>	Setup and hold of D write enable.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T <sub>PLLCKO_DRDY</sub>	CLK to out of DRDY.	0.72	0.99	0.99	ns, Max
F <sub>DCK</sub>	DCLK frequency.	200.00	200.00	200.00	MHz, Max

**Notes:**

1. The PLL does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the bandwidth filter frequencies.
2. The static offset is measured between any PLL outputs with identical phase.
3. Values for this parameter are available in the *Clocking Wizard* [Ref 8].
4. Includes global clock buffer.
5. Calculated as FVCO/128 assuming output duty cycle is 50%.

## Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

Table 39: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Near Clock Region)<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Device	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
<b>SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, without MMCM/PLL.</b>						
$T_{ICKOF}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF at pins/banks closest to the BUFGs <i>without</i> MMCM/PLL (near clock region). <sup>(2)</sup>	XC7S6	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S15	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S25	5.55	6.44	6.44	ns
		XC7S50	5.71	6.62	6.62	ns
		XC7S75	5.73	6.71	6.71	ns
		XC7S100	5.73	6.71	6.71	ns
		XA7S6	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	5.55	6.44	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	5.71	6.62	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	5.73	6.71	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	5.73	6.71	N/A	ns

### Notes:

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. Refer to the *Die Level Bank Numbering Overview* section of the *7 Series FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification* (UG475) [Ref 4].

Table 40: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Far Clock Region)<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Device	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade		Units	
			1.0V	0.95V		
			-2	-1		
<b>SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, without MMCM/PLL.</b>						
$T_{ICKOFFAR}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF at pins/banks farthest from the BUFGs <i>without</i> MMCM/PLL (far clock region). <sup>(2)</sup>	XC7S6	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S15	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S25	5.55	6.44	6.44	ns
		XC7S50	5.71	6.62	6.62	ns
		XC7S75	6.01	7.02	7.02	ns
		XC7S100	6.01	7.02	7.02	ns
		XA7S6	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	5.55	6.44	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	5.71	6.62	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	6.01	7.02	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	6.01	7.02	N/A	ns

**Notes:**

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. Refer to the *Die Level Bank Numbering Overview* section of the *7 Series FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification* (UG475) [Ref 4].

Table 41: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With MMCM<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Device	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade		Units
			1.0V	0.95V	
			-2	-1	

**SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, with MMCM.**

$T_{ICKOFMMCMCC}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF with MMCM. <sup>(2)</sup>	XC7S6	1.03	1.03	1.03	ns
		XC7S15	1.03	1.03	1.03	ns
		XC7S25	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XC7S50	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XC7S75	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XC7S100	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XA7S6	1.03	1.03	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	1.03	1.03	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns

**Notes:**

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. MMCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 42: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With PLL<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Device	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
<b>SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, with PLL.</b>						
$T_{ICKOPLLCC}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF with PLL. <sup>(2)</sup>	XC7S6	0.85	0.85	0.85	ns
		XC7S15	0.85	0.85	0.85	ns
		XC7S25	0.83	0.83	0.83	ns
		XC7S50	0.83	0.83	0.83	ns
		XC7S75	0.83	0.83	0.83	ns
		XC7S100	0.83	0.83	0.83	ns
		XA7S6	0.85	0.85	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	0.85	0.85	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	0.83	0.83	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	0.83	0.83	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	0.83	0.83	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	0.83	0.83	N/A	ns

**Notes:**

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. PLL output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 43: Pin-to-Pin, Clock-to-Out using BUFIN

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
<b>SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, with BUFIN.</b>					
$T_{ICKOFC}$	Clock to out of I/O clock.	5.61	6.64	6.64	ns

## Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 44: Global Clock Input Setup and Hold Without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD\_DELAY on HR I/O Banks

Symbol	Description	Device	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
<b>Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.<sup>(1)</sup></b>						
$T_{PSFD}/T_{PHFD}$	Full delay (legacy delay or default delay) global clock input and IFF <sup>(2)</sup> without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O banks.	XC7S6	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	ns
		XC7S15	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	ns
		XC7S25	2.67/-0.37	3.12/-0.37	3.12/-0.37	ns
		XC7S50	2.66/-0.28	3.11/-0.28	3.11/-0.28	ns
		XC7S75	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	ns
		XC7S100	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	ns
		XA7S6	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	2.76/-0.40	3.17/-0.40	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	2.67/-0.37	3.12/-0.37	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	2.66/-0.28	3.11/-0.28	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	2.91/-0.33	3.36/-0.33	N/A	ns

**Notes:**

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch.

Table 48: Sample Window

Symbol	Description	$V_{CCINT}$ Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
$T_{SAMP}$	Sampling error at receiver pins. <sup>(1)</sup>	0.64	0.70	0.70	ns
$T_{SAMP\_BUFIO}$	Sampling error at receiver pins using BUFIO. <sup>(2)</sup>	0.40	0.46	0.46	ns

**Notes:**

1. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Spartan-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the MMCM to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements include:
  - CLK0 MMCM jitter
  - MMCM accuracy (phase offset)
  - MMCM phase shift resolution
 These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.
2. This parameter indicates the total sampling error of the Spartan-7 FPGAs DDR input registers, measured across voltage, temperature, and process. The characterization methodology uses the BUFIO clock network and IDELAY to capture the DDR input registers' edges of operation. These measurements do not include package or clock tree skew.

# XADC Specifications

The *7 Series FPGAs Overview* (DS180) [Ref 1] and *XA Spartan-7 Automotive FPGA Data Sheet: Overview* (DS171) [Ref 2] list the devices that contain a 7 series XADC dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS analog-to-digital converter.

**Table 50: XADC Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
$V_{CCADC} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ , $V_{REFP} = 1.25V$ , $V_{REFN} = 0V$ , $ADCCLK = 26\text{ MHz}$ , $-55^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ C$ . Typical values at $T_j = +40^\circ C$ .							
<b>ADC Accuracy<sup>(1)</sup></b>							
Resolution			12	—	—	Bits	
Integral nonlinearity <sup>(2)</sup>	INL	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$	—	—	$\pm 2$	LSBs	
		$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$	—	—	$\pm 3$	LSBs	
Differential nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic.	—	—	$\pm 1$	LSBs	
Offset error	Unipolar	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$	—	—	$\pm 8$	LSBs	
		$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$	—	—	$\pm 12$	LSBs	
	Bipolar	$-55^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ C$	—	—	$\pm 4$	LSBs	
Gain error			—	—	$\pm 0.5$	%	
Offset matching			—	—	4	LSBs	
Gain matching			—	—	0.3	%	
Sample rate			—	—	1	MS/s	
Signal to noise ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	SNR	$F_{SAMPLE} = 500\text{ KS/s}$ , $F_{IN} = 20\text{ kHz}$	60	—	—	dB	
RMS code noise			External 1.25V reference.	—	—	2	LSBs
			On-chip reference.	—	3	—	LSBs
Total harmonic distortion <sup>(2)</sup>	THD	$F_{SAMPLE} = 500\text{ KS/s}$ , $F_{IN} = 20\text{ kHz}$	70	—	—	dB	
<b>Analog Inputs<sup>(3)</sup></b>							
ADC input ranges	Unipolar operation.			0	—	1	V
	Bipolar operation.			-0.5	—	+0.5	V
	Unipolar common mode range (FS input).			0	—	+0.5	V
	Bipolar common mode range (FS input).			+0.5	—	+0.6	V
Maximum external channel input ranges	Adjacent analog channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels.			-0.1	—	$V_{CCADC}$	V
Full-resolution bandwidth	FRBW	Auxiliary channel full resolution bandwidth.	250	—	—	kHz	
<b>On-chip Sensors</b>							
Temperature sensor error	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$			—	—	$\pm 4$	°C
	$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$			—	—	$\pm 6$	°C
Supply sensor error	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$			—	—	$\pm 1$	%
	$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$			—	—	$\pm 2$	%

## eFUSE Programming Conditions

Table 52 lists the programming conditions specifically for eFUSE. For more information, see the *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* (UG470) [Ref 10].

Table 52: eFUSE Programming Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I <sub>FS</sub>	V <sub>CCAUX</sub> supply current	–	–	115	mA
T <sub>j</sub>	Temperature range	15	–	125	°C

**Notes:**

1. The FPGA must not be configured during eFUSE programming.

## References

1. *7 Series FPGAs Overview* ([DS180](#))
2. *XA Spartan-7 Automotive FPGA Data Sheet: Overview* ([DS171](#))
3. *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide* ([UG471](#))
4. *7 Series FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification* ([UG475](#))
5. *7 Series FPGAs PCB Design Guide* ([UG483](#))
6. *Xilinx Power Estimator* spreadsheet tool ([XPE](#))
7. *Zynq-7000 AP SoC and 7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide* ([UG586](#))
8. See the [Clocking Wizard](#) in Vivado software.
9. *7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 AP SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide* ([UG480](#))
10. *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* ([UG470](#))

## Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document:

Date	Version	Description of Revisions
07/31/2018	1.7	In <a href="#">Table 12</a> , updated Vivado tools version to 2018.2.1. In <a href="#">Table 13</a> , moved all speed grades for all devices to Production. In <a href="#">Table 14</a> , added Vivado tools version for XC7S6, XC7S15, XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S6, XA7S15, XA7S75, and XA7S100.
06/18/2018	1.6	In <a href="#">Table 12</a> , updated Vivado tools version to 2018.2. In <a href="#">Table 13</a> , moved all speed grades except -1Q (1.0V) for XC7S6 and XC7S15 to Production. In <a href="#">Table 14</a> , added Vivado tools version for XC7S6 and XC7S15.
04/04/2018	1.5	Added XA7S6, XA7S15, XA7S25, XA7S75, and XA7S100 devices throughout. In <a href="#">Table 5</a> , updated typical quiescent supply current values for XC7S25 and XC7S50 devices, and added values for XC7S6, XC7S15, XC7S75, and XC7S100 devices. In <a href="#">Table 6</a> , updated table title and $I_{CCINTMIN}$ and $I_{CCAUXMIN}$ for XC7S75 and XC7S100 devices. In <a href="#">Table 13</a> , moved all speed grades for XC7S6 and XC7S15 to Preliminary, moved -1LI (0.95V) speed grade for XC7S25 to Production, and moved all speed grades except -1Q (1.0V) for XC7S75 and XC7S100 from Preliminary to Production. In <a href="#">Table 14</a> , added Vivado tools version for XC7S25, XC7S75, and XC7S100. In <a href="#">Table 36</a> , <a href="#">Table 39</a> , <a href="#">Table 40</a> , <a href="#">Table 41</a> , <a href="#">Table 42</a> , <a href="#">Table 44</a> , <a href="#">Table 45</a> , and <a href="#">Table 46</a> , changed parameter value for XA7S50 to N/A. In <a href="#">Table 49</a> , added package skew values for XC7S6 and XC7S15 devices.
12/22/2017	1.4	In <a href="#">Table 12</a> , updated Vivado tools version to 2017.4. In <a href="#">Table 13</a> , moved all speed grades for XC7S75 and XC7S100 from Advance to Preliminary and all speed grades except -1LI (0.95V) for XC7S25 from Advance to Production. In <a href="#">Table 14</a> , added Vivado tools version for XC7S25. Added <a href="#">Note 2</a> to <a href="#">Table 16</a> . In <a href="#">Table 49</a> , added package skew values for XC7S25 device in CSGA324 package and XC7S75 and XC7S100 devices in FGGA676 package.
11/20/2017	1.3	Added XA7S50 device throughout. Updated description of offered temperature ranges in second paragraph of <a href="#">Introduction</a> . Added row for junction temperature ( $T_j$ ) at expanded (Q) temperature to <a href="#">Table 2</a> . Added -1Q (1.0V) speed grade to <a href="#">Table 5</a> , and <a href="#">Table 13</a> to <a href="#">Table 16</a> . In <a href="#">Table 12</a> , updated Vivado tools version to 2017.3. In <a href="#">Table 49</a> , added package skew values for XC7S25, XC7S50, XC7S75, and XC7S100 devices in CSGA225, FTGB196, and FGGA484 packages. Added <i>Xilinx Spartan-7 Automotive FPGA Data Sheet: Overview</i> (DS171) to <a href="#">References</a> .
06/20/2017	1.2	Updated paragraph before <a href="#">Table 6</a> . In <a href="#">Table 12</a> , updated Vivado tools version to 2017.2. In <a href="#">Table 13</a> , moved all speed grades for XC7S50 from Preliminary to Production and updated <a href="#">Note 1</a> . In <a href="#">Table 14</a> , added Vivado tools version for XC7S50. In <a href="#">Table 49</a> , added package skew value for XC7S50 device in FGGA484 package.
04/07/2017	1.1	Added 1.35V to <a href="#">Note 5</a> in <a href="#">Table 2</a> . In <a href="#">Table 12</a> , updated Vivado tools version to 2016.4. In <a href="#">Table 13</a> , moved all speed grades for XC7S50 from Advance to Preliminary. Removed SFI-4.1 and SPI-4.2 from descriptions of SDR LVDS receiver and DDR LVDS receiver, respectively, in <a href="#">Table 15</a> . In <a href="#">Table 25</a> , changed $T_{IDELAYRESOLUTION}$ units from ps to $\mu$ s. Removed BUFMR from <a href="#">Note 1</a> in <a href="#">Table 34</a> . In <a href="#">Table 49</a> , replaced TQGA144 with FTGB196 for XC7S6, XC7S15, and XC7S25 devices, added FTGB196 package for XC7S50 device, and added package skew value for XC7S50 device in CSGA324 package.
09/27/2016	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.

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