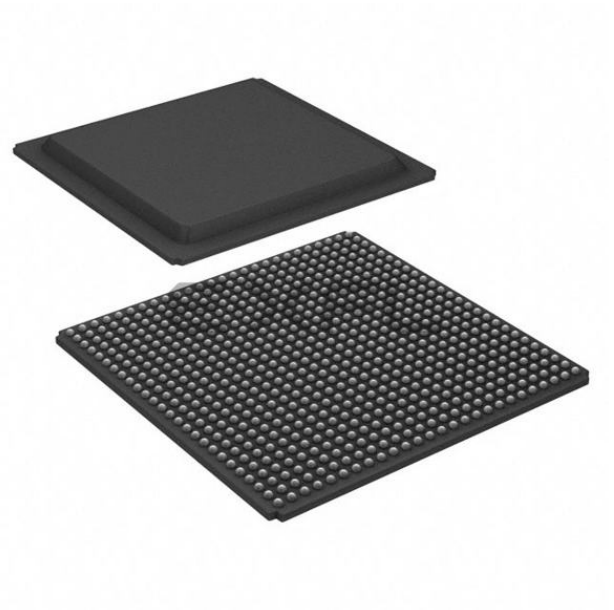

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	6000
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	76800
Total RAM Bits	4331520
Number of I/O	400
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.95V ~ 1.05V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	676-BGA
Supplier Device Package	676-FPBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xc7s75-1fgga676i

Table 3: **DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Units
V_{DRINT}	Data retention V_{CCINT} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost).	0.75	–	–	V
V_{DRI}	Data retention V_{CCAUX} voltage (below which configuration data might be lost).	1.5	–	–	V
I_{REF}	V_{REF} leakage current per pin.	–	–	15	µA
I_L	Input or output leakage current per pin (sample-tested).	–	–	15	µA
C_{IN}[2]	Die input capacitance at the pad.	–	–	8	pF
I_{RPU}	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 3.3V.	90	–	330	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 2.5V.	68	–	250	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.8V.	34	–	220	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.5V.	23	–	150	µA
	Pad pull-up (when selected) at V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CCO} = 1.2V.	12	–	120	µA
I_{RPD}	Pad pull-down (when selected) at V_{IN} = 3.3V.	68	–	330	µA
I_{CCADC}	Analog supply current, analog circuits in powered up state.	–	–	25	mA
I_{BATT}[3]	Battery supply current.	–	–	150	nA
R_{IN_TERM}[4]	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to V_{CCO}/2 (UNTUNED_SPLIT_40).	28	40	55	Ω
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to V_{CCO}/2 (UNTUNED_SPLIT_50).	35	50	65	Ω
	Thevenin equivalent resistance of programmable input termination to V_{CCO}/2 (UNTUNED_SPLIT_60).	44	60	83	Ω
n	Temperature diode ideality factor.	–	1.010	–	–
r	Temperature diode series resistance.	–	2	–	Ω

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 25°C.
2. This measurement represents the die capacitance at the pad, not including the package.
3. Maximum value specified for worst case process at 25°C.
4. Termination resistance to a V_{CCO}/2 level.

Table 5: **Typical Quiescent Supply Current[1][2][3] *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade						Units
			1.0V					0.95V	
			-2C	-2I	-1C	-1I	-1Q	-1LI	
$I_{CCBRAMQ}$	Quiescent V_{CCBRAM} supply current.	XC7S6	1	1	1	1	1	1	mA
		XC7S15	1	1	1	1	1	1	mA
		XC7S25	1	1	1	1	1	1	mA
		XC7S50	2	2	2	2	2	1	mA
		XC7S75	9	9	9	9	9	8	mA
		XC7S100	9	9	9	9	9	8	mA
		XA7S6	N/A	1	N/A	1	1	N/A	mA
		XA7S15	N/A	1	N/A	1	1	N/A	mA
		XA7S25	N/A	1	N/A	1	1	N/A	mA
		XA7S50	N/A	2	N/A	2	2	N/A	mA
		XA7S75	N/A	9	N/A	9	9	N/A	mA
		XA7S100	N/A	9	N/A	9	9	N/A	mA

Notes:

1. Typical values are specified at nominal voltage, 85°C junction temperature (T_j) with single-ended SelectIO™ resources.
2. Typical values are for blank configured devices with no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins are 3-state and floating.
3. Use the *Xilinx Power Estimator* spreadsheet tool [Ref 6] to estimate static power consumption for conditions other than those specified.

Power-On/Off Power Supply Sequencing

The recommended power-on sequence is V_{CCINT}, V_{CCBRAM}, V_{CCAUX}, and V_{CCO} to achieve minimum current draw and ensure that the I/Os are 3-stated at power-on. The recommended power-off sequence is the reverse of the power-on sequence. If V_{CCINT} and V_{CCBRAM} have the same recommended voltage levels then both can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously. If V_{CCAUX} and V_{CCO} have the same recommended voltage levels then both can be powered by the same supply and ramped simultaneously.

For V_{CCO} voltages of 3.3V in HR I/O banks and configuration bank 0 the following conditions apply.

- The voltage difference between V_{CCO} and V_{CCAUX} must not exceed 2.625V for longer than $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ for each power-on/off cycle to maintain device reliability levels.
- The $T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$ time can be allocated in any percentage between the power-on and power-off ramps.

There is no recommended sequence for supplies not discussed in this section.

Table 6 shows the minimum current, in addition to I_{CCQ} maximum, that is required by Spartan-7 devices for proper power-on and configuration. If the current minimums shown in Table 6 are met, the device powers on after all four supplies have passed through their power-on reset threshold voltages. The FPGA must not be configured until after V_{CCINT} is applied. Once initialized and configured, use the *Xilinx Power Estimator* spreadsheet tool [Ref 6] to estimate current drain on these supplies.

Table 6: **Power-On Current**

Device	$I_{CCINTMIN}$	$I_{CCAUXMIN}$	I_{CCOMIN}	$I_{CCBRAMMIN}$	Units
XC7S6	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XC7S15	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XC7S25	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XC7S50	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XC7S75	I_{CCINTQ} + 300	I_{CCAUXQ} + 140	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XC7S100	I_{CCINTQ} + 300	I_{CCAUXQ} + 140	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XA7S6	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XA7S15	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XA7S25	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XA7S50	I_{CCINTQ} + 120	I_{CCAUXQ} + 40	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XA7S75	I_{CCINTQ} + 300	I_{CCAUXQ} + 140	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA
XA7S100	I_{CCINTQ} + 300	I_{CCAUXQ} + 140	I_{CCOQ} + 40 mA per bank	$I_{CCBRAMQ}$ + 60	mA

Table 7: **Power Supply Ramp Time**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Units
T_{VCCINT}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCINT}.		0.2	50	ms
T_{VCCO}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCO}.		0.2	50	ms
T_{VCCAUX}	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCAUX}.		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCBRAM}$	Ramp time from GND to 90% of V_{CCBRAM}.		0.2	50	ms
$T_{VCCO2VCCAUX}$	Allowed time per power cycle for $V_{CCO} – V_{CCAUX}$ > 2.625V.	T_J = 125°C(1)	–	300	ms
		T_J = 100°C(1)	–	500	ms
		T_J = 85°C(1)	–	800	ms

Notes:

1. Based on 240,000 power cycles with a nominal V_{CCO} of 3.3V or 36,500 power cycles with a worst case V_{CCO} of 3.465V.

Table 14: **Spartan-7 Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release**

Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage, Speed Grade, and Temperature Range					
	1.0V					0.95V
	-2C	-2I	-1C	-1I	-1Q	-1LI
XC7S6	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22				Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22
XC7S15	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22				Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.2 v1.22
XC7S25	Vivado tools 2017.4 v1.20				Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21	Vivado tools 2017.4 v1.20
XC7S50	Vivado tools 2017.2 v1.17				Vivado tools 2017.3 v1.19	Vivado tools 2017.2 v1.17
XC7S75	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21				Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21
XC7S100	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21				Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.23	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.21
XA7S6	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A
XA7S15	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A
XA7S25	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.15	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.1 v1.15		N/A
XA7S50	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.3 v1.12	N/A	Vivado tools 2017.3 v1.12		N/A
XA7S75	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A
XA7S100	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16	N/A	Vivado tools 2018.2.1 v1.16		N/A

Performance Characteristics

This section provides the performance characteristics of some common functions and designs implemented in Spartan-7 FPGAs. These values are subject to the same guidelines as the AC Switching Characteristics, page 12.

Table 15: **Networking Applications Interface Performances**

Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage, Speed Grade, and Temperature Range			Units
	1.0V		0.95V	
	-2C/-2I	-1C/-1I/-1Q	-1LI	
SDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 8)	680	600	600	Mb/s
DDR LVDS transmitter (using OSERDES; DATA_WIDTH = 4 to 14)	1250	950	950	Mb/s
SDR LVDS receiver(1)	680	600	600	Mb/s

Table 19: **Input Delay Measurement Methodology *(Cont'd)***

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	V_L [1]	V_H [1]	V_{MEAS} [3][5]	V_{REF} [2][4]
PPDS_25	PPDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0[5]	–
RSDS_25	RSDS_25	1.25 – 0.125	1.25 + 0.125	0[5]	–
TMDS_33	TMDS_33	3 – 0.125	3 + 0.125	0[5]	–

Notes:

1. Input waveform switches between V_L and V_H.
2. Measurements are made at typical, minimum, and maximum V_{REF} values. Reported delays reflect worst case of these measurements. V_{REF} values listed are typical.
3. Input voltage level from which measurement starts.
4. This is an input voltage reference that bears no relation to the V_{REF} / V_{MEAS} parameters found in IBIS models and/or noted in Figure 1.
5. The value given is the differential input voltage.

Table 20: **Output Delay Measurement Methodology**

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	R_{REF} (Ω)	C_{REF}[1] (pF)	V_{MEAS} (V)	V_{REF} (V)
LVCMOS, 1.2V	LVCMOS12	1M	0	0.6	0
LVCMOS, 1.5V	LVCMOS15	1M	0	0.75	0
LVCMOS, 1.8V	LVCMOS18	1M	0	0.9	0
LVCMOS, 2.5V	LVCMOS25	1M	0	1.25	0
LVCMOS, 3.3V	LVCMOS33	1M	0	1.65	0
LVTTL, 3.3V	LVTTL	1M	0	1.65	0
PCI33, 3.3V	PCI33_3	25	10	1.65	0
HSTL (high-speed transceiver logic), Class I, 1.2V	HSTL_I_12	50	0	V_{REF}	0.6
HSTL, Class I, 1.5V	HSTL_I	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class II, 1.5V	HSTL_II	25	0	V_{REF}	0.75
HSTL, Class I, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSTL, Class II, 1.8V	HSTL_II_18	25	0	V_{REF}	0.9
HSUL (high-speed unterminated logic), 1.2V	HSUL_12	50	0	V_{REF}	0.6
SSTL12, 1.2V	SSTL12	50	0	V_{REF}	0.6
SSTL135/SSTL135_R, 1.35V	SSTL135, SSTL135_R	50	0	V_{REF}	0.675
SSTL15/SSTL15_R, 1.5V	SSTL15, SSTL15_R	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
SSTL (stub-series terminated logic), Class I & Class II, 1.8V	SSTL18_I, SSTL18_II	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR, 1.8V	DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
DIFF_HSTL, Class I, 1.2V	DIFF_HSTL_I_12	50	0	V_{REF}	0.6
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.5V	DIFF_HSTL_I, DIFF_HSTL_II	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	DIFF_HSTL_I_18, DIFF_HSTL_II_18	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
DIFF_HSUL_12, 1.2V	DIFF_HSUL_12	50	0	V_{REF}	0.6
DIFF_SSTL135/DIFF_SSTL135_R, 1.35V	DIFF_SSTL135, DIFF_SSTL135_R	50	0	V_{REF}	0.675
DIFF_SSTL15/DIFF_SSTL15_R, 1.5V	DIFF_SSTL15, DIFF_SSTL15_R	50	0	V_{REF}	0.75
DIFF_SSTL18, Class I & II, 1.8V	DIFF_SSTL18_I, DIFF_SSTL18_II	50	0	V_{REF}	0.9
LVDS, 2.5V	LVDS_25	100	0	0[2]	0
BLVDS (Bus LVDS), 2.5V	BLVDS_25	100	0	0[2]	0
Mini LVDS, 2.5V	MINI_LVDS_25	100	0	0[2]	0
PPDS_25	PPDS_25	100	0	0[2]	0
RSDS_25	RSDS_25	100	0	0[2]	0
TMDS_33	TMDS_33	50	0	0[2]	3.3

Notes:

1. C_{REF} is the capacitance of the probe, nominally 0 pF.
2. The value given is the differential output voltage.

Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics

Table 30: **Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
Block RAM and FIFO Clock-to-Out Delays					
T_{RCKO_DO} and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output (without output register).[1][2]	2.13	2.46	2.46	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output (with output register).[3][4]	0.74	0.89	0.89	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_DO\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (without output register).[1][2]	3.04	3.84	3.84	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with ECC (with output register).[3][4]	0.81	0.94	0.94	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_DO\_CASCOUT}$ and $T_{RCKO\_DO\_CASCOUT\_REG}$	Clock CLK to DOUT output with cascade (without output register).[1]	2.88	3.30	3.30	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to DOUT output with cascade (with output register).[3]	1.28	1.46	1.46	ns, Max
T_{RCKO_FLAGS}	Clock CLK to FIFO flags outputs.[5]	0.87	1.05	1.05	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_POINTERS}$	Clock CLK to FIFO pointers outputs.[6]	1.02	1.15	1.15	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_PARITY\_ECC}$	Clock CLK to ECCPARITY in ECC encode only mode.	0.85	0.94	0.94	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_SDBIT\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_SDBIT\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to BITERR (without output register).	2.81	3.55	3.55	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to BITERR (with output register).	0.76	0.89	0.89	ns, Max
$T_{RCKO\_RDADDR\_ECC}$ and $T_{RCKO\_RDADDR\_ECC\_REG}$	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (without output register).	0.88	1.07	1.07	ns, Max
	Clock CLK to RDADDR output with ECC (with output register).	0.93	1.08	1.08	ns, Max
Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK					
T_{RCCK_ADDRA}/ T_{RCKC_ADDRA}	ADDR inputs.[7]	0.49/0.33	0.57/0.36	0.57/0.36	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_WF\_NC}$/ $T_{RCKD\_DI\_WF\_NC}$	Data input setup/hold time when block RAM is configured in WRITE_FIRST or NO_CHANGE mode.[8]	0.65/0.63	0.74/0.67	0.74/0.67	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_RF}$/ $T_{RCKD\_DI\_RF}$	Data input setup/hold time when block RAM is configured in READ_FIRST mode.[8]	0.22/0.34	0.25/0.41	0.25/0.41	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_ECC}$/ $T_{RCKD\_DI\_ECC}$	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC in standard mode.[8]	0.55/0.46	0.63/0.50	0.63/0.50	ns, Min
$T_{RDCK\_DI\_ECCW}$/ $T_{RCKD\_DI\_ECCW}$	DIN inputs with block RAM ECC encode only.[8]	1.02/0.46	1.17/0.50	1.17/0.50	ns, Min

Table 30: **Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
$F_{MAX\_CAS\_RF\_DELAYED\_WRITE}$	When in cascade RF mode and there is a possibility of address overlap between port A and port B.	362.19	297.35	297.35	MHz
F_{MAX_FIFO}	FIFO in all modes without ECC.	460.83	388.20	388.20	MHz
F_{MAX_ECC}	Block RAM and FIFO in ECC configuration.	365.10	297.53	297.53	MHz

Notes:

1. T_{RCKO_DOR} includes T_{RCKO_DOW}, T_{RCKO_DOPR}, and T_{RCKO_DOPW} as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
2. These parameters also apply to synchronous FIFO with DO_REG = 0.
3. T_{RCKO_DO} includes T_{RCKO_DOP} as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
4. These parameters also apply to multi-rate (asynchronous) and synchronous FIFO with DO_REG = 1.
5. T_{RCKO_FLAGS} includes the following parameters: T_{RCKO_AEMPTY}, T_{RCKO_AFULL}, T_{RCKO_EMPTY}, T_{RCKO_FULL}, T_{RCKO_RDERR}, T_{RCKO_WRERR}.
6. $T_{RCKO\_POINTERS}$ includes both $T_{RCKO\_RDCOUNT}$ and $T_{RCKO\_WRCOUNT}$.
7. The ADDR setup and hold must be met when EN is asserted (even when WE is deasserted). Otherwise, block RAM data corruption is possible.
8. These parameters include both A and B inputs as well as the parity inputs of A and B.
9. T_{RCO_FLAGS} includes the following flags: AEMPTY, AFULL, EMPTY, FULL, RDERR, WRERR, RDCOUNT, and WRCOUNT.
10. RDEN and WREN must be held Low prior to and during reset. The FIFO reset must be asserted for at least five positive clock edges of the slowest clock (WRCLK or RDCLK).

Table 35: **Horizontal Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFH)**

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
T_{BHCKO_O}	BUFH delay from I to O.	0.11	0.13	0.13	ns
T_{BHCCK_CE}/ T_{BHCKC_CE}	CE pin setup and hold.	0.22/0.15	0.28/0.21	0.28/0.21	ns
Maximum Frequency					
F_{MAX_BUFH}	Horizontal clock buffer (BUFH).	628.00	464.00	464.00	MHz

Table 36: **Duty Cycle Distortion and Clock-Tree Skew**

Symbol	Description	Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
T_{DCD_CLK}	Global clock tree duty-cycle distortion.[(1)]	All	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
T_{CKSKEW}	Global clock tree skew.[(2)]	XC7S6	0.05	0.06	0.06	ns
		XC7S15	0.05	0.06	0.06	ns
		XC7S25	0.26	0.26	0.26	ns
		XC7S50	0.26	0.26	0.26	ns
		XC7S75	0.33	0.36	0.36	ns
		XC7S100	0.33	0.36	0.36	ns
		XA7S6	0.05	0.06	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	0.05	0.06	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	0.26	0.26	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	0.26	0.26	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	0.33	0.36	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	0.33	0.36	N/A	ns
T_{DCD_BUFIO}	I/O clock tree duty cycle distortion.	All	0.14	0.14	0.14	ns
$T_{BUFIOSKEW}$	I/O clock tree skew across one clock region.	All	0.03	0.03	0.03	ns
T_{DCD_BUFR}	Regional clock tree duty cycle distortion.	All	0.18	0.18	0.18	ns

Notes:

1. These parameters represent the worst-case duty cycle distortion observable at the I/O flip flops. For all I/O standards, IBIS can be used to calculate any additional duty cycle distortion that might be caused by asymmetrical rise/fall times.
2. The T_{CKSKEW} value represents the worst-case clock-tree skew observable between sequential I/O elements. Significantly less clock-tree skew exists for I/O registers that are close to each other and fed by the same or adjacent clock-tree branches. Use the Xilinx timing analysis tools to evaluate clock skew specific to your application.

MMCM Switching Characteristics

Table 37: **MMCM Specification**

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
$MMCM\_F_{INMAX}$	Maximum input clock frequency.	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{INMIN}$	Minimum input clock frequency.	10.00	10.00	10.00	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{INJITTER}$	Maximum input clock period jitter.	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max			
$MMCM\_F_{INDUTY}$	Allowable input duty cycle: 10—49 MHz.	25	25	25	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 50—199 MHz.	30	30	30	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 200—399 MHz.	35	35	35	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: 400—499 MHz.	40	40	40	%
	Allowable input duty cycle: > 500 MHz.	45	45	45	%
$MMCM\_F_{MIN\_PSCLK}$	Minimum dynamic phase-shift clock frequency.	0.01	0.01	0.01	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{MAX\_PSCLK}$	Maximum dynamic phase-shift clock frequency.	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{VCOMIN}$	Minimum MMCM VCO frequency.	600.00	600.00	600.00	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{VCOMAX}$	Maximum MMCM VCO frequency.	1440.00	1200.00	1200.00	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{BANDWIDTH}$	Low MMCM bandwidth at typical.(1)	1.00	1.00	1.00	MHz
	High MMCM bandwidth at typical.(1)	4.00	4.00	4.00	MHz
$MMCM\_T_{STATPHAOFFSET}$	Static phase offset of the MMCM outputs.(2)	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
$MMCM\_T_{OUTJITTER}$	MMCM output jitter.	Note 3			
$MMCM\_T_{OUTDUTY}$	MMCM output clock duty-cycle precision.(4)	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
$MMCM\_T_{LOCKMAX}$	MMCM maximum lock time.	100.00	100.00	100.00	µs
$MMCM\_F_{OUTMAX}$	MMCM maximum output frequency.	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{OUTMIN}$	MMCM minimum output frequency.(5)(6)	4.69	4.69	4.69	MHz
$MMCM\_T_{EXTFDVAR}$	External clock feedback variation.	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max			
$MMCM\_RST_{MINPULSE}$	Minimum reset pulse width.	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
$MMCM\_F_{PFDMAX}$	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
$MMCM\_F_{PFDMIN}$	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	10.00	10.00	10.00	MHz
$MMCM\_T_{FBDELAY}$	Maximum delay in the feedback path.	3 ns Max or one CLKIN cycle			
MMCM Switching Characteristics Setup and Hold					
$T_{MMCMDCK\_PSEN}$/ $T_{MMCMCKD\_PSEN}$	Setup and hold of phase-shift enable.	1.04/0.00	1.04/0.00	1.04/0.00	ns

Table 38: **PLL Specification**

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
$PLL\_F_{BANDWIDTH}$	Low PLL bandwidth at typical.	1.00	1.00	1.00	MHz
	High PLL bandwidth at typical.(1)	4.00	4.00	4.00	MHz
$PLL\_T_{STATPHAOFFSET}$	Static phase offset of the PLL outputs.(2)	0.12	0.12	0.12	ns
$PLL\_T_{OUTJITTER}$	PLL output jitter.	Note 3			
$PLL\_T_{OUTDUTY}$	PLL output clock duty-cycle precision.(4)	0.20	0.20	0.20	ns
$PLL\_T_{LOCKMAX}$	PLL maximum lock time.	100.00	100.00	100.00	µs
PLL_F_{OUTMAX}	PLL maximum output frequency.	800.00	800.00	800.00	MHz
PLL_F_{OUTMIN}	PLL minimum output frequency.(5)	6.25	6.25	6.25	MHz
$PLL\_T_{EXTFDVAR}$	External clock feedback variation.	< 20% of clock input period or 1 ns Max			
$PLL\_RST_{MINPULSE}$	Minimum reset pulse width.	5.00	5.00	5.00	ns
PLL_F_{PFDMAX}	Maximum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	500.00	450.00	450.00	MHz
PLL_F_{PFDMIN}	Minimum frequency at the phase frequency detector.	19.00	19.00	19.00	MHz
$PLL\_T_{FBDELAY}$	Maximum delay in the feedback path.	3 ns Max or one CLKIN cycle			
Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) for PLL Before and After DCLK					
T_{PLLDCK_DADDR}/ T_{PLLCKD_DADDR}	Setup and hold of D address.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T_{PLLDCK_DI}/ T_{PLLCKD_DI}	Setup and hold of D input.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T_{PLLDCK_DEN}/ T_{PLLCKD_DEN}	Setup and hold of D enable.	1.97/0.00	2.29/0.00	2.29/0.00	ns, Min
T_{PLLDCK_DWE}/ T_{PLLCKD_DWE}	Setup and hold of D write enable.	1.40/0.15	1.63/0.15	1.63/0.15	ns, Min
T_{PLLCKO_DRDY}	CLK to out of DRDY.	0.72	0.99	0.99	ns, Max
F_{DCK}	DCLK frequency.	200.00	200.00	200.00	MHz, Max

Notes:

1. The PLL does not filter typical spread-spectrum input clocks because they are usually far below the bandwidth filter frequencies.
2. The static offset is measured between any PLL outputs with identical phase.
3. Values for this parameter are available in the *Clocking Wizard* [Ref 8].
4. Includes global clock buffer.
5. Calculated as FVCO/128 assuming output duty cycle is 50%.

Device Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

Table 39: **Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay Without MMCM/PLL (Near Clock Region)[(1)]**

Symbol	Description	Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, *without* MMCM/PLL.						
T_{ICKOF}	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF at pins/banks closest to the BUFGs *without* MMCM/PLL (near clock region).[(2)]	XC7S6	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S15	5.55	6.50	6.50	ns
		XC7S25	5.55	6.44	6.44	ns
		XC7S50	5.71	6.62	6.62	ns
		XC7S75	5.73	6.71	6.71	ns
		XC7S100	5.73	6.71	6.71	ns
		XA7S6	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	5.55	6.50	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	5.55	6.44	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	5.71	6.62	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	5.73	6.71	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	5.73	6.71	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. Refer to the *Die Level Bank Numbering Overview* section of the *7 Series FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification* (UG475) [Ref 4].

Table 41: **Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With MMCM**[1]

Symbol	Description	Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, *with* MMCM.						
$T_{ICKOFMMCMCC}$	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF *with* MMCM.[2]	XC7S6	1.03	1.03	1.03	ns
		XC7S15	1.03	1.03	1.03	ns
		XC7S25	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XC7S50	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XC7S75	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XC7S100	1.00	1.00	1.00	ns
		XA7S6	1.03	1.03	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	1.03	1.03	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	1.00	1.00	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. MMCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Device Pin-to-Pin Input Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Table 44: **Global Clock Input Setup and Hold Without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O Banks**

Symbol	Description	Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.[1]						
T_{PSFD}/ T_{PHFD}	Full delay (legacy delay or default delay) global clock input and IFF[2] without MMCM/PLL with ZHOLD_DELAY on HR I/O banks.	XC7S6	2.76/–0.40	3.17/–0.40	3.17/–0.40	ns
		XC7S15	2.76/–0.40	3.17/–0.40	3.17/–0.40	ns
		XC7S25	2.67/–0.37	3.12/–0.37	3.12/–0.37	ns
		XC7S50	2.66/–0.28	3.11/–0.28	3.11/–0.28	ns
		XC7S75	2.91/–0.33	3.36/–0.33	3.36/–0.33	ns
		XC7S100	2.91/–0.33	3.36/–0.33	3.36/–0.33	ns
		XA7S6	2.76/–0.40	3.17/–0.40	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	2.76/–0.40	3.17/–0.40	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	2.67/–0.37	3.12/–0.37	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	2.66/–0.28	3.11/–0.28	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	2.91/–0.33	3.36/–0.33	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	2.91/–0.33	3.36/–0.33	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch.

Table 45: **Clock-Capable Clock Input Setup and Hold With MMCM**

Symbol	Description	Device	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
			1.0V		0.95V	
			-2	-1	-1L	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for SSTL15 Standard.[1][2]						
$T_{PSMMCMCC}$/ $T_{PHMMCMCC}$	No delay clock-capable clock input and IFF[3] with MMCM.	XC7S6	2.73/–0.59	3.27/–0.59	3.27/–0.59	ns
		XC7S15	2.73/–0.59	3.27/–0.59	3.27/–0.59	ns
		XC7S25	2.69/–0.61	3.21/–0.61	3.21/–0.61	ns
		XC7S50	2.81/–0.62	3.35/–0.62	3.35/–0.62	ns
		XC7S75	2.81/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	ns
		XC7S100	2.81/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	ns
		XA7S6	2.73/–0.59	3.27/–0.59	N/A	ns
		XA7S15	2.73/–0.59	3.27/–0.59	N/A	ns
		XA7S25	2.69/–0.61	3.21/–0.61	N/A	ns
		XA7S50	2.81/–0.62	3.35/–0.62	N/A	ns
		XA7S75	2.81/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	N/A	ns
		XA7S100	2.81/–0.62	3.36/–0.62	N/A	ns

Notes:

1. Setup and hold times are measured over worst case conditions (process, voltage, temperature). Setup time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the slowest process, highest temperature, and lowest voltage. Hold time is measured relative to the global clock input signal using the fastest process, lowest temperature, and highest voltage.
2. Use IBIS to determine any duty-cycle distortion incurred using various standards.
3. IFF = Input flip-flop or latch.

XADC Specifications

The *7 Series FPGAs Overview* (DS180) [Ref 1] and *XA Spartan-7 Automotive FPGA Data Sheet: Overview* (DS171) [Ref 2] list the devices that contain a 7 series XADC dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS analog-to-digital converter.

Table 50: **XADC Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CCADC} = 1.8V ± 5%, V_{REFP} = 1.25V, V_{REFN} = 0V, ADCCLK = 26 MHz, –55°C ≤ T_j ≤ 125°C. Typical values at T_j = +40°C.						
ADC Accuracy(1)						
Resolution			12	–	–	Bits
Integral nonlinearity(2)	INL	–40°C ≤ T_j ≤ 100°C	–	–	±2	LSBs
		–55°C ≤ T_j < –40°C; 100°C < T_j ≤ 125°C	–	–	±3	LSBs
Differential nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic.	–	–	±1	LSBs
Offset error	Unipolar	–40°C ≤ T_j ≤ 100°C	–	–	±8	LSBs
		–55°C ≤ T_j < –40°C; 100°C < T_j ≤ 125°C	–	–	±12	LSBs
	Bipolar	–55°C ≤ T_j ≤ 125°C	–	–	±4	LSBs
Gain error			–	–	±0.5	%
Offset matching			–	–	4	LSBs
Gain matching			–	–	0.3	%
Sample rate			–	–	1	MS/s
Signal to noise ratio(2)	SNR	F_{SAMPLE} = 500 KS/s, F_{IN} = 20 kHz	60	–	–	dB
RMS code noise		External 1.25V reference.	–	–	2	LSBs
		On-chip reference.	–	3	–	LSBs
Total harmonic distortion(2)	THD	F_{SAMPLE} = 500 KS/s, F_{IN} = 20 kHz	70	–	–	dB
Analog Inputs(3)						
ADC input ranges		Unipolar operation.	0	–	1	V
		Bipolar operation.	–0.5	–	+0.5	V
		Unipolar common mode range (FS input).	0	–	+0.5	V
		Bipolar common mode range (FS input).	+0.5	–	+0.6	V
Maximum external channel input ranges		Adjacent analog channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels.	–0.1	–	V_{CCADC}	V
Full-resolution bandwidth	FRBW	Auxiliary channel full resolution bandwidth.	250	–	–	kHz
On-chip Sensors						
Temperature sensor error		–40°C ≤ T_j ≤ 100°C	–	–	±4	°C
		–55°C ≤ T_j < –40°C; 100°C < T_j ≤ 125°C	–	–	±6	°C
Supply sensor error		–40°C ≤ T_j ≤ 100°C	–	–	±1	%
		–55°C ≤ T_j < –40°C; 100°C < T_j ≤ 125°C	–	–	±2	%

Configuration Switching Characteristics

Table 51: **Configuration Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
Power-up Timing Characteristics					
T_{PL} [1]	Program latency.	5.00	5.00	5.00	ms, Max
T_{POR} [2]	Power-on reset (50 ms ramp rate time).	10/50	10/50	10/50	ms, Min/Max
	Power-on reset (1 ms ramp rate time).	10/35	10/35	10/35	ms, Min/Max
$T_{PROGRAM}$	Program pulse width.	250.00	250.00	250.00	ns, Min
CCLK Output (Master Mode)					
T_{ICCK}	Master CCLK output delay.	150.00	150.00	150.00	ns, Min
T_{MCCKL}	Master CCLK clock Low time duty cycle.	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
T_{MCCKH}	Master CCLK clock High time duty cycle.	40/60	40/60	40/60	%, Min/Max
F_{MCCK}	Master CCLK frequency.	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max
	Master CCLK frequency for AES encrypted x16.[2]	50.00	50.00	50.00	MHz, Max
F_{MCCK_START}	Master CCLK frequency at start of configuration.	3.00	3.00	3.00	MHz, Typ
$F_{MCCKTOL}$	Frequency tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal CCLK.	±50	±50	±50	%, Max
CCLK Input (Slave Modes)					
T_{SCCKL}	Slave CCLK clock minimum Low time.	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
T_{SCCKH}	Slave CCLK clock minimum High time.	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
F_{SCCK}	Slave CCLK frequency.	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max
EMCCLK Input (Master Mode)					
T_{EMCCKL}	External master CCLK Low time.	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
T_{EMCCKH}	External master CCLK High time.	2.50	2.50	2.50	ns, Min
F_{EMCCK}	External master CCLK frequency.	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max
Internal Configuration Access Port					
F_{ICAPCK}	Internal configuration access port (ICAPE2) clock frequency.	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max
Master/Slave Serial Mode Programming Switching					
T_{DCCK}/ T_{CCKD}	D_{IN} setup/hold.	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	ns, Min
T_{CCO}	D_{OUT} clock to out.	8.00	8.00	8.00	ns, Max
SelectMAP Mode Programming Switching					
T_{SMDCCK}/ T_{SMCCKD}	D[31:00] setup/hold.	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	ns, Min

Table 51: **Configuration Switching Characteristics *(Cont'd)***

Symbol	Description	V_{CCINT} Operating Voltage and Speed Grade			Units
		1.0V		0.95V	
		-2	-1	-1L	
$T_{SMCSCCK}$/ $T_{SMCCKCS}$	CSI_B setup/hold.	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	4.00/0.00	ns, Min
T_{SMWCCK}/ T_{SMCCKW}	RDWR_B setup/hold.	10.00/0.00	10.00/0.00	10.00/0.00	ns, Min
$T_{SMCKCSO}$	CSO_B clock to out (330 Ω pull-up resistor required).	7.00	7.00	7.00	ns, Max
T_{SMCO}	D[31:00] clock to out in readback.	8.00	8.00	8.00	ns, Max
F_{RBCCK}	Readback frequency.	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max
Boundary-Scan Port Timing Specifications					
T_{TAPTCK}/ T_{TCKTAP}	TMS and TDI setup/hold.	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	ns, Min
T_{TCKTDO}	TCK falling edge to TDO output.	7.00	7.00	7.00	ns, Max
F_{TCK}	TCK frequency.	66.00	66.00	66.00	MHz, Max
SPI Flash Master Mode Programming Switching					
T_{SPIDCC}/ T_{SPICCD}	D[03:00] setup/hold.	3.00/0.00	3.00/0.00	3.00/0.00	ns, Min
T_{SPICCM}	MOSI clock to out.	8.00	8.00	8.00	ns, Max
$T_{SPICCFC}$	FCS_B clock to out.	8.00	8.00	8.00	ns, Max
STARTUPE2 Ports					
$T_{USRCCLKO}$	STARTUPE2 USRCCLKO input to CCLK output.	0.50/6.70	0.50/7.50	0.50/7.50	ns, Min/Max
$F_{CFGMCLK}$	STARTUPE2 CFGMCLK output frequency.	65.00	65.00	65.00	MHz, Typ
$F_{CFGMCLKTOL}$	STARTUPE2 CFGMCLK output frequency tolerance.	±50	±50	±50	%, Max
Device DNA Access Port					
F_{DNACK}	DNA access port (DNA_PORT).	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max

Notes:

1. To support longer delays in configuration, use the design solutions described in the *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* (UG470) [Ref 10].
2. See the *7 Series FPGAs Overview* (DS180) [Ref 1] and *XA Spartan-7 Automotive FPGA Data Sheet: Overview* (DS171) [Ref 2] for a list of devices that support bitstream encryption.

eFUSE Programming Conditions

Table 52 lists the programming conditions specifically for eFUSE. For more information, see the *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* (UG470) [Ref 10].

Table 52: **eFUSE Programming Conditions**(1)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I_{FS}	V_{CCAUX} supply current	–	–	115	mA
T_j	Temperature range	15	–	125	°C

Notes:

1. The FPGA must not be configured during eFUSE programming.

References

1. *7 Series FPGAs Overview* (DS180)
2. *XA Spartan-7 Automotive FPGA Data Sheet: Overview* (DS171)
3. *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide* (UG471)
4. *7 Series FPGA Packaging and Pinout Specification* (UG475)
5. *7 Series FPGAs PCB Design Guide* (UG483)
6. *Xilinx Power Estimator* spreadsheet tool (XPE)
7. *Zynq-7000 AP SoC and 7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide* (UG586)
8. See the Clocking Wizard in Vivado software.
9. *7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 AP SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide* (UG480)
10. *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* (UG470)

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