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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

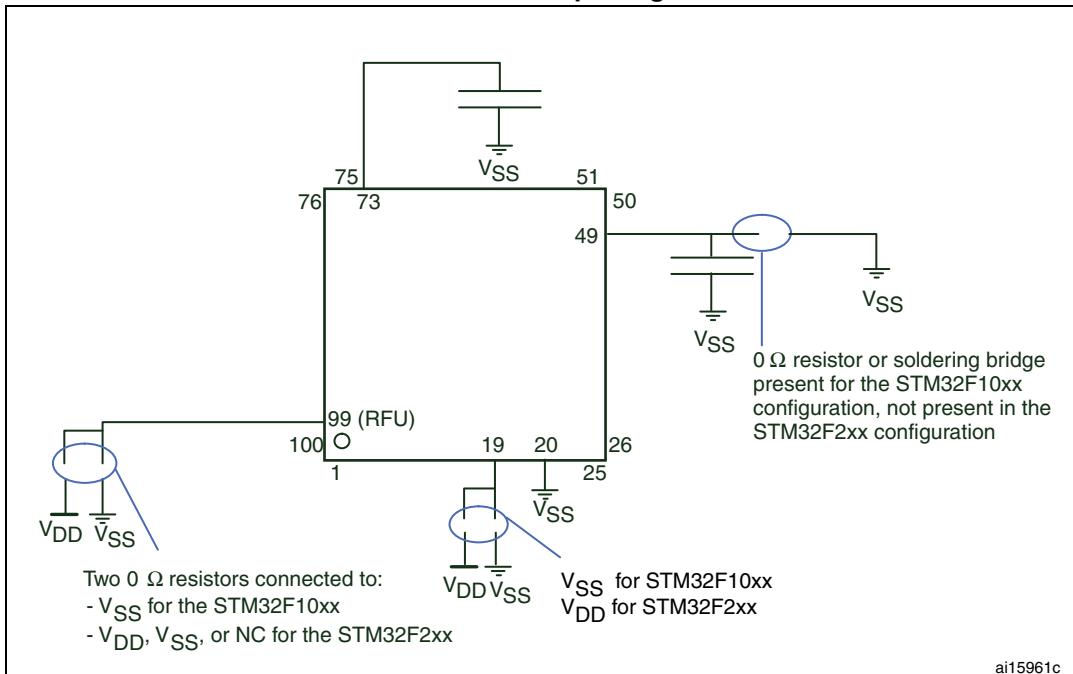
Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M3
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	120MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, Ethernet, I²C, IrDA, LINbus, Memory Card, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	140
Program Memory Size	768KB (768K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	132K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 24x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	201-UFBGA
Supplier Device Package	176+25UFBGA (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/stmicroelectronics/stm32f207ifh6tr

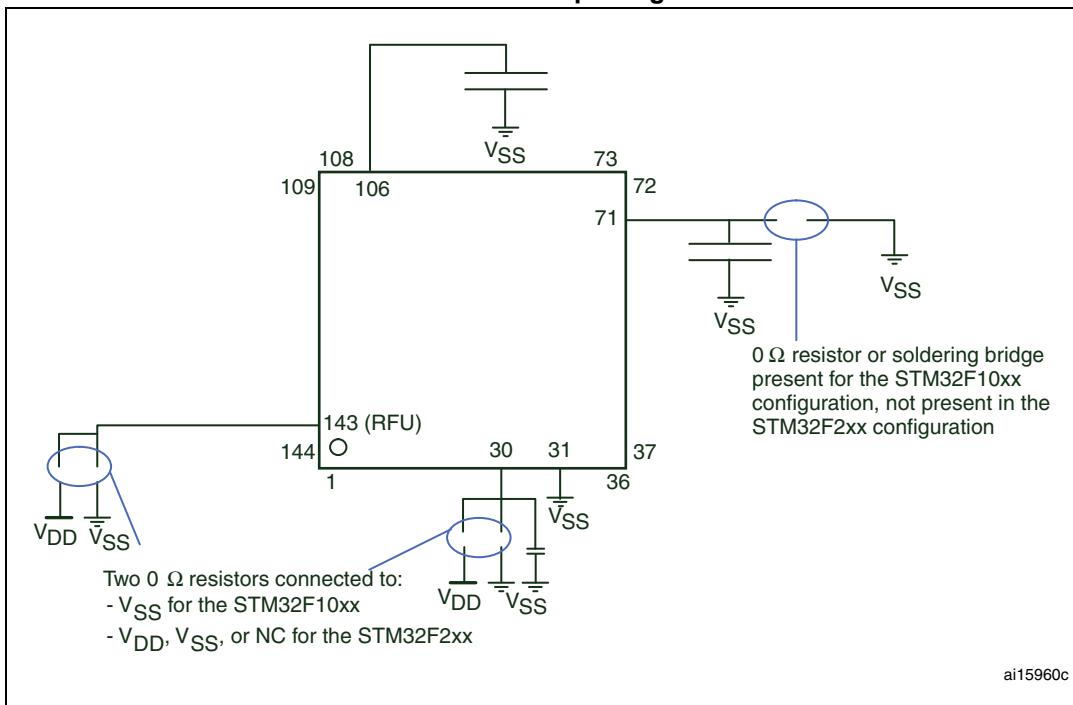
6.1.7	Current consumption measurement	70
6.2	Absolute maximum ratings	70
6.3	Operating conditions	71
6.3.1	General operating conditions	71
6.3.2	VCAP1/VCAP2 external capacitor	74
6.3.3	Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator ON)	75
6.3.4	Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator OFF)	75
6.3.5	Embedded reset and power control block characteristics	76
6.3.6	Supply current characteristics	77
6.3.7	Wakeup time from low-power mode	88
6.3.8	External clock source characteristics	89
6.3.9	Internal clock source characteristics	92
6.3.10	PLL characteristics	94
6.3.11	PLL spread spectrum clock generation (SSCG) characteristics	97
6.3.12	Memory characteristics	98
6.3.13	EMC characteristics	100
6.3.14	Absolute maximum ratings (electrical sensitivity)	102
6.3.15	I/O current injection characteristics	103
6.3.16	I/O port characteristics	104
6.3.17	NRST pin characteristics	109
6.3.18	TIM timer characteristics	110
6.3.19	Communications interfaces	111
6.3.20	12-bit ADC characteristics	124
6.3.21	DAC electrical characteristics	128
6.3.22	Temperature sensor characteristics	130
6.3.23	V _{BAT} monitoring characteristics	131
6.3.24	Embedded reference voltage	131
6.3.25	FSMC characteristics	131
6.3.26	Camera interface (DCMI) timing specifications	149
6.3.27	SD/SDIO MMC card host interface (SDIO) characteristics	149
6.3.28	RTC characteristics	150
7	Package information	151
7.1	LQFP64 package information	151
7.2	WLCSP64+2 package information	153
7.3	LQFP100 package information	155

Figure 84.	LQFP144 - 144-pin, 20 x 20 mm low-profile quad flat package outline	158
Figure 85.	LQFP144 - 144-pin, 20 x 20 mm low-profile quad flat package recommended footprint.	160
Figure 86.	LQFP144 marking (package top view)	161
Figure 87.	LQFP176 - 176-pin, 24 x 24 mm low profile quad flat package outline	162
Figure 88.	LQFP176 - 176-pin, 24 x 24 mm low profile quad flat package recommended footprint.	164
Figure 89.	UFBGA176+25 - 201-ball, 10 x 10 mm, 0.65 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package outline	165
Figure 90.	UFBGA176+25 - 201-ball, 10 x 10 mm, 0.65 mm pitch, ultra fine pitch ball grid array package recommended footprint	166

**Figure 2. Compatible board design between STM32F10xx and STM32F2xx
for LQFP100 package**

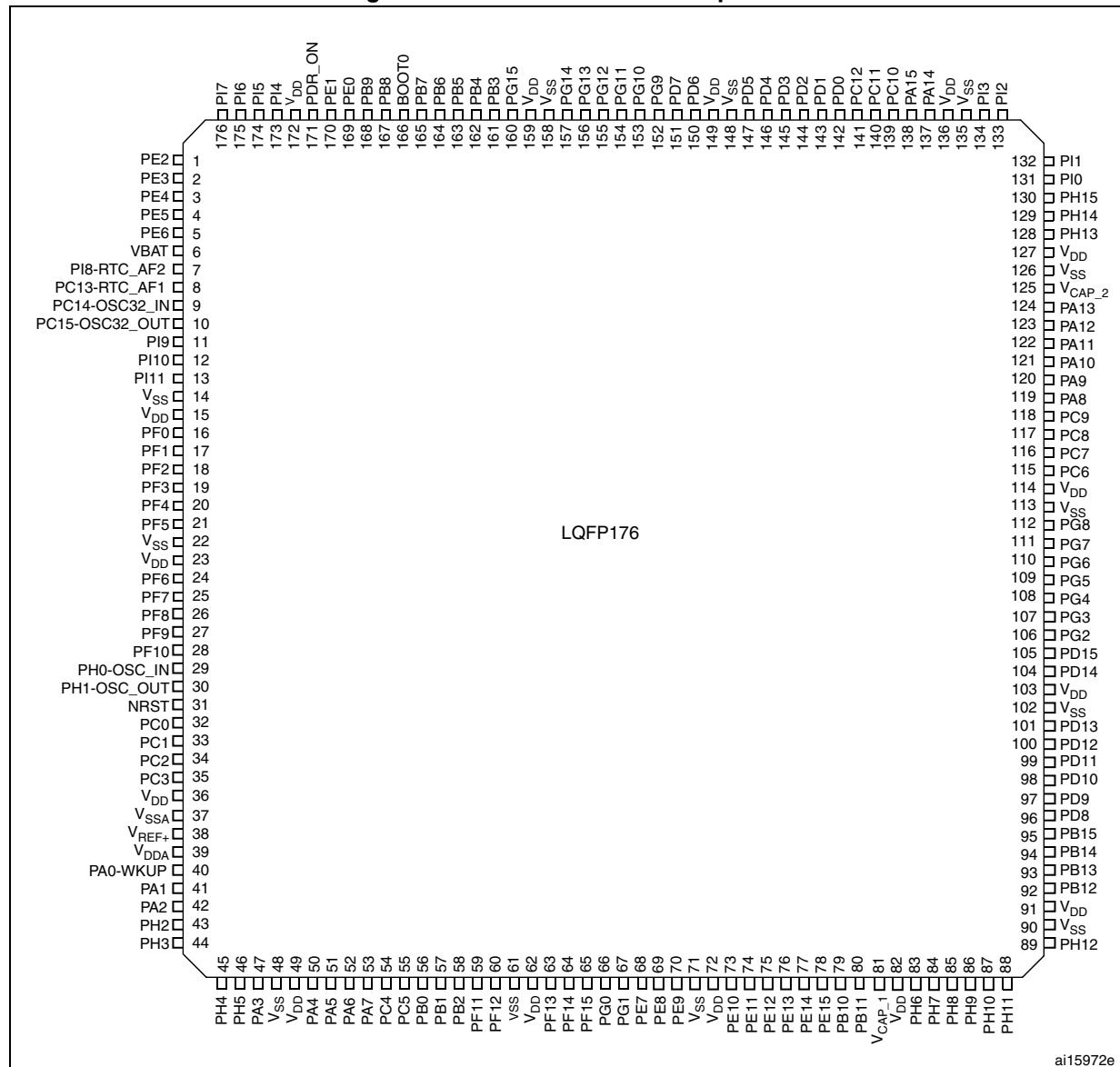


**Figure 3. Compatible board design between STM32F10xx and STM32F2xx
for LQFP144 package**



1. RFU = reserved for future use.

Figure 14. STM32F20x LQFP176 pinout



1. RFU means "reserved for future use". This pin can be tied to V_{DD} , V_{SS} or left unconnected.
2. The above figure shows the package top view.

Table 8. STM32F20x pin and ball definitions (continued)

Pins						Pin name (function after reset) ⁽¹⁾	Pin type	I/O structure	Note	Alternate functions	Additional functions
LQFP64	WL-CSP64+2	LQFP100	LQFP144	LQFP176	UFBGA176						
-	-	56	78	97	P14	PD9	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_D14, USART3_RX, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	57	79	98	N15	PD10	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_D15, USART3_CK, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	58	80	99	N14	PD11	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A16,USART3_CTS, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	59	81	100	N13	PD12	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A17,TIM4_CH1, USART3_RTS, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	60	82	101	M15	PD13	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A18,TIM4_CH2, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	83	102	-	V _{SS}	S	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	84	103	J13	V _{DD}	S	-	-	-	-
-	-	61	85	104	M14	PD14	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_D0,TIM4_CH3, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	62	86	105	L14	PD15	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_D1,TIM4_CH4, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	87	106	L15	PG2	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A12, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	88	107	K15	PG3	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A13, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	89	108	K14	PG4	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A14, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	90	109	K13	PG5	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A15, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	91	110	J15	PG6	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_INT2, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	92	111	J14	PG7	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_INT3 ,USART6_CK, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	93	112	H14	PG8	I/O	FT	-	USART6_RTS, ETH_PPS_OUT, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	94	113	G12	V _{SS}	S	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	95	114	H13	V _{DD}	S	-	-	-	-
37	G2	63	96	115	H15	PC6	I/O	FT	-	I2S2_MCK, TIM8_CH1, SDIO_D6, USART6_TX, DCMI_D0, TIM3_CH1, EVENTOUT	-

Table 8. STM32F20x pin and ball definitions (continued)

Pins							Pin name (function after reset) ⁽¹⁾	Pin type	I/O structure	Note	Alternate functions	Additional functions
LQFP64	WL-CSP64+2	LQFP100	LQFP144	LQFP176	UFBGA176							
54	C7	83	116	144	D12		PD2	I/O	FT	-	TIM3_ETR, UART5_RX, SDIO_CMD, DCMI_D11, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	84	117	145	D11		PD3	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_CLK, USART2_CTS, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	85	118	146	D10		PD4	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_NOE, USART2_RTS, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	86	119	147	C11		PD5	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_NWE, USART2_TX, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	120	148	D8		V _{SS}	S	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	121	149	C8		V _{DD}	S	-	-	-	-
-	-	87	122	150	B11		PD6	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_NWAIT, USART2_RX, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	88	123	151	A11		PD7	I/O	FT	-	USART2_CK, FSMC_NE1, FSMC_NCE2, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	124	152	C10		PG9	I/O	FT	-	USART6_RX, FSMC_NE2, FSMC_NCE3, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	125	153	B10		PG10	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_NCE4_1, FSMC_NE3, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	126	154	B9		PG11	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_NCE4_2, ETH_MII_TX_EN, ETH_RMII_TX_EN, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	127	155	B8		PG12	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_NE4, USART6_RTS, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	128	156	A8		PG13	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A24, USART6_CTS, ETH_MII_TXD0, ETH_RMII_TXD0, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	129	157	A7		PG14	I/O	FT	-	FSMC_A25, USART6_TX, ETH_MII_TXD1, ETH_RMII_TXD1, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	-	130	158	D7		V _{SS}	S	-	-	-	-

Table 8. STM32F20x pin and ball definitions (continued)

Pins							Pin name (function after reset) ⁽¹⁾	Pin type	I/O structure	Note	Alternate functions	Additional functions
LQFP64	WL_CSP64+2	LQFP100	LQFP144	LQFP176	UFBGA176							
-	-	-	131	159	C7		V _{DD}	S	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	132	160	B7		PG15	I/O	FT	-	USART6_CTS, DCMI_D13, EVENTOUT	-
55	A4	89	133	161	A10		PB3 (JTDO/TRACESWO)	I/O	FT	-	JTDO/ TRACESWO, SPI3_SCK, I2S3_SCK, TIM2_CH2, SPI1_SCK, EVENTOUT	-
56	B4	90	134	162	A9		PB4	I/O	FT	-	NJTRST, SPI3_MISO, TIM3_CH1, SPI1_MISO, EVENTOUT	-
57	A5	91	135	163	A6		PB5	I/O	FT	-	I2C1_SMBA, CAN2_RX, OTG_HS_ULPI_D7, ETH_PPS_OUT, TIM3_CH2, SPI1_MOSI, SPI3_MOSI, DCMI_D10, I2S3_SD, EVENTOUT	-
58	B5	92	136	164	B6		PB6	I/O	FT	-	I2C1_SCL,, TIM4_CH1, CAN2_TX, DCMI_D5,USART1_TX, EVENTOUT	-
59	A6	93	137	165	B5		PB7	I/O	FT	-	I2C1_SDA, FSMC_NL ⁽⁶⁾ , DCMI_VSYNC, USART1_RX, TIM4_CH2, EVENTOUT	-
60	B6	94	138	166	D6		BOOT0	I	B	-	-	V _{PP}
61	B7	95	139	167	A5		PB8	I/O	FT	-	TIM4_CH3,SDIO_D4, TIM10_CH1, DCMI_D6, ETH_MII_TXD3, I2C1_SCL, CAN1_RX, EVENTOUT	-
62	A7	96	140	168	B4		PB9	I/O	FT	-	SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS, TIM4_CH4, TIM11_CH1, SDIO_D5, DCMI_D7, I2C1_SDA, CAN1_TX, EVENTOUT	-
-	-	97	141	169	A4		PE0	I/O	FT	-	TIM4_ETR, FSMC_NBL0, DCMI_D2, EVENTOUT	-

Table 10. Alternate function mapping (continued)

Port	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF014	AF15
	SYS	TIM1/2	TIM3/4/5	TIM8/9/10/11	I2C1/I2C2/I2C3	SPI1/SPI2/I2S2	SPI3/I2S3	USART1/2/3	UART4/5/ USART6	CAN1/CAN2/ TIM12/13/14	OTG_FS/ OTG_HS	ETH	FSMC/SDIO/ OTG_HS	DCMI		
Port F	PF0	-	-	-	-	I2C2_SDA	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A0	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF1	-	-	-	-	I2C2_SCL	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A1	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF2	-	-	-	-	I2C2_SMBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A2	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A3	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A4	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A5	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF6	-	-	-	TIM10_CH1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_NIORD	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF7	-	-	-	TIM11_CH1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_NREG	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	TIM13_CH1	-	-	FSMC_NIOWR	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	TIM14_CH1	-	-	FSMC_CD	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_INTR	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DCMI_D12	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A6	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A7	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A8	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PF15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A9	-	-	EVENTOUT
Port G	PG0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A10	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A11	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A12	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A13	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A14	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_A15	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_INT2	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART6_CK	-	-	FSMC_INT3	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART6 RTS	-	-	ETH_PPS_OUT	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART6_RX	-	-	FSMC_NE2/ FSMC_NCE3	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FSMC_NCE4_1/ FSMC_NE3	-	-	EVENTOUT
	PG11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ETH_MII_TX_EN ETH_RMII_TXD0	FSMC_NCE4_2	-	EVENTOUT
	PG12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART6 RTS	-	-	-	FSMC_NE4	-	EVENTOUT
	PG13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UART6_CTS	-	-	ETH_MII_TXD0 ETH_RMII_TXD0	FSMC_A24	-	EVENTOUT
	PG14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART6 TX	-	-	ETH_MII_TXD1 ETH_RMII_TXD1	FSMC_A25	-	EVENTOUT
	PG15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	USART6 CTS	-	-	-	DCMI_D13	-	EVENTOUT

6.3.3 Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator ON)

Subject to general operating conditions for T_A .

Table 17. Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator ON)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t_{VDD}	V_{DD} rise time rate	20	∞	$\mu\text{s}/\text{V}$
	V_{DD} fall time rate	20	∞	

6.3.4 Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator OFF)

Subject to general operating conditions for T_A .

Table 18. Operating conditions at power-up / power-down (regulator OFF)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t_{VDD}	V_{DD} rise time rate	Power-up	20	∞	$\mu\text{s}/\text{V}$
	V_{DD} fall time rate	Power-down	20	∞	
t_{VCAP}	V_{CAP_1} and V_{CAP_2} rise time rate	Power-up	20	∞	$\mu\text{s}/\text{V}$
	V_{CAP_1} and V_{CAP_2} fall time rate	Power-down	20	∞	

Table 22. Typical and maximum current consumption in Sleep mode

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	f_{HCLK}	Typ	Max ⁽¹⁾		Unit
				$T_A = 25^\circ C$	$T_A = 85^\circ C$	$T_A = 105^\circ C$	
I_{DD}	Supply current in Sleep mode	External clock ⁽²⁾ , all peripherals enabled ⁽³⁾	120 MHz	38	51	61	mA
			90 MHz	30	43	53	
			60 MHz	20	33	43	
			30 MHz	11	25	35	
			25 MHz	8	21	31	
			16 MHz	6	19	29	
			8 MHz	3.6	17.0	27.0	
			4 MHz	2.4	15.4	25.3	
			2 MHz	1.9	14.9	24.7	
		External clock ⁽²⁾ , all peripherals disabled	120 MHz	8	21	31	
			90 MHz	7	20	30	
			60 MHz	5	18	28	
			30 MHz	3.5	16.0	26.0	
			25 MHz	2.5	16.0	25.0	
			16 MHz	2.1	15.1	25.0	
			8 MHz	1.7	15.0	25.0	
			4 MHz	1.5	14.6	24.6	
			2 MHz	1.4	14.2	24.3	

1. Guaranteed by characterization results, tested in production at V_{DD} max and f_{HCLK} max with peripherals enabled.
2. External clock is 4 MHz and PLL is on when $f_{HCLK} > 25$ MHz.
3. Add an additional power consumption of 1.6 mA per ADC for the analog part. In applications, this consumption occurs only while the ADC is on (ADON bit is set in the ADC_CR2 register).

On-chip peripheral current consumption

The current consumption of the on-chip peripherals is given in [Table 26](#). The MCU is placed under the following conditions:

- At startup, all I/O pins are configured as analog inputs by firmware.
- All peripherals are disabled unless otherwise mentioned
- The given value is calculated by measuring the current consumption
 - with all peripherals clocked off
 - with one peripheral clocked on (with only the clock applied)
- The code is running from Flash memory and the Flash memory access time is equal to 3 wait states at 120 MHz
- Prefetch and Cache ON
- When the peripherals are enabled, HCLK = 120MHz, $f_{PCLK1} = f_{HCLK}/4$, and $f_{PCLK2} = f_{HCLK}/2$
- The typical values are obtained for $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V and $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified.

Table 26. Peripheral current consumption

Peripheral ⁽¹⁾	Typical consumption at 25 °C	Unit
AHB1	GPIO A	0.45
	GPIO B	0.43
	GPIO C	0.46
	GPIO D	0.44
	GPIO E	0.44
	GPIO F	0.42
	GPIO G	0.44
	GPIO H	0.42
	GPIO I	0.43
	OTG_HS + ULPI	3.64
	CRC	1.17
	BKPSRAM	0.21
	DMA1	2.76
	DMA2	2.85
ETH_MAC + ETH_MAC_TX ETH_MAC_RX ETH_MAC_PTP	2.99	
	OTG_FS	3.16
	DCMI	0.60
	FSMC	1.74
		mA

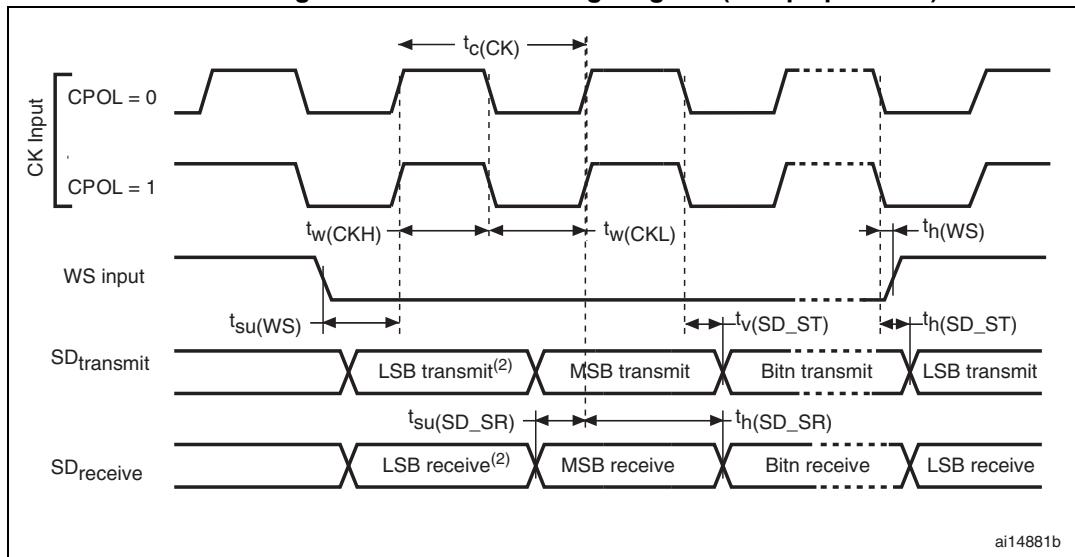
Table 48. I/O AC characteristics⁽¹⁾ (continued)

OSPEEDRy [1:0] bit value ⁽¹⁾	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
01	$f_{max(IO)out}$	Maximum frequency ⁽²⁾	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	25	MHz
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	12.5	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	50 ⁽³⁾	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	20	
	$t_{f(IO)out}/t_{r(IO)out}$	Output high to low level fall time and output low to high level rise time	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	-	10	ns
			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	20	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	6	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	10	
10	$f_{max(IO)out}$	Maximum frequency ⁽²⁾	$C_L = 40 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	25	MHz
			$C_L = 40 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	20	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	100 ⁽³⁾	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	50 ⁽³⁾	
	$t_{f(IO)out}/t_{r(IO)out}$	Output high to low level fall time and output low to high level rise time	$C_L = 40 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	6	ns
			$C_L = 40 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	10	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	4	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-3	6	
11	$f_{max(IO)out}$	Maximum frequency ⁽²⁾	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	100 ⁽³⁾	MHz
			$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	50 ⁽³⁾	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	120 ⁽³⁾	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	100 ⁽³⁾	
	$t_{f(IO)out}/t_{r(IO)out}$	Output high to low level fall time and output low to high level rise time	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	4	ns
			$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	6	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	2.5	
			$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}, V_{DD} > 1.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	4	
-	t_{EXTIpw}	Pulse width of external signals detected by the EXTI controller	-	10	-	-	ns

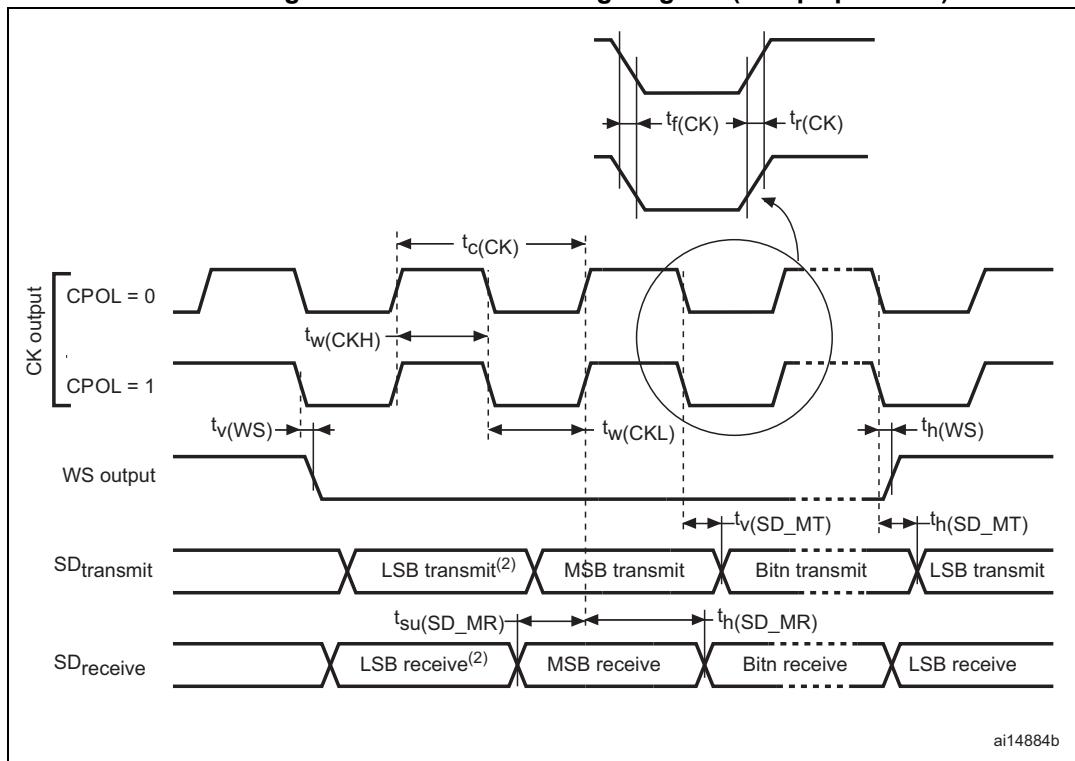
1. The I/O speed is configured using the OSPEEDRy[1:0] bits. Refer to the STM32F20/21xxx reference manual for a description of the GPIOx_SPEEDR GPIO port output speed register.

2. The maximum frequency is defined in [Figure 39](#).

3. For maximum frequencies above 50 MHz and V_{DD} above 2.4 V, the compensation cell should be used.

Figure 45. I²S slave timing diagram (Philips protocol)⁽¹⁾

1. LSB transmit/receive of the previously transmitted byte. No LSB transmit/receive is sent before the first byte.

Figure 46. I²S master timing diagram (Philips protocol)⁽¹⁾

1. Guaranteed by characterization results, not tested in production.
2. LSB transmit/receive of the previously transmitted byte. No LSB transmit/receive is sent before the first byte.

Figure 48. ULPI timing diagram

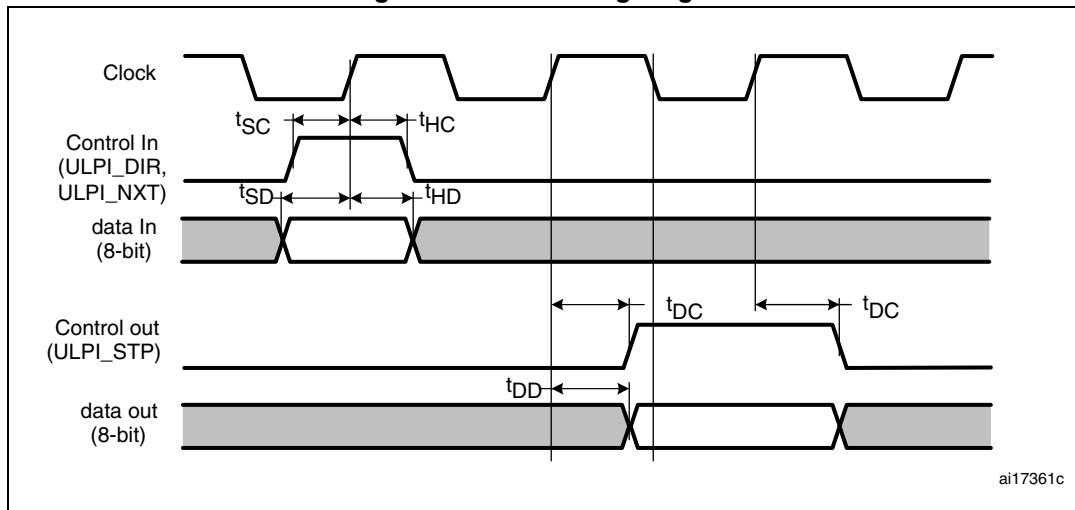


Table 61. ULPI timing

Symbol	Parameter	Value ⁽¹⁾		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
t_{SC}	Control in (ULPI_DIR) setup time	-	2.0	ns
	Control in (ULPI_NXT) setup time	-	1.5	
t_{HC}	Control in (ULPI_DIR, ULPI_NXT) hold time	0	-	
t_{SD}	Data in setup time	-	2.0	
t_{HD}	Data in hold time	0	-	
t_{DC}	Control out (ULPI_STP) setup time and hold time	-	9.2	
t_{DD}	Data out available from clock rising edge	-	10.7	

1. $V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V and $T_A = -40$ to 85°C .

Ethernet characteristics

[Table 62](#) shows the Ethernet operating voltage.

Table 62. Ethernet DC electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		Min. ⁽¹⁾	Max. ⁽¹⁾	Unit
Input level	V_{DD}	Ethernet operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V

1. All the voltages are measured from the local ground potential.

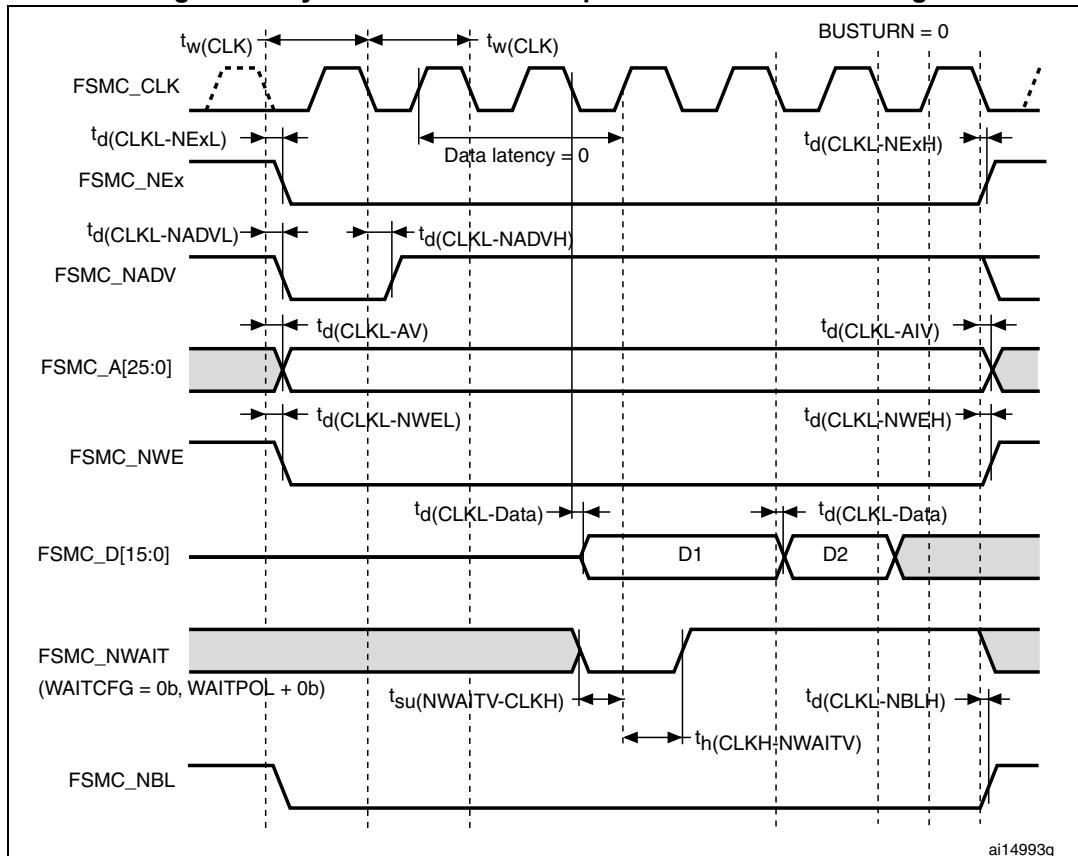
[Table 63](#) gives the list of Ethernet MAC signals for the SMI (station management interface) and [Figure 49](#) shows the corresponding timing diagram.

Table 78. Synchronous non-multiplexed NOR/PSRAM read timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_d(CLKL-NADVH)$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NADV high	4	-	ns
$t_d(CLKL-AV)$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_Ax valid (x=16...25)	-	0	ns
$t_d(CLKL-AIV)$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_Ax invalid (x=16...25)	3	-	ns
$t_d(CLKH-NOEL)$	FSMC_CLK high to FSMC_NOE low	-	1	ns
$t_d(CLKL-NOEH)$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NOE high	1.5	-	ns
$t_{su}(DV-CLKH)$	FSMC_D[15:0] valid data before FSMC_CLK high	8	-	ns
$t_h(CLKH-DV)$	FSMC_D[15:0] valid data after FSMC_CLK high	0	-	ns

1. $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$.

2. Guaranteed by characterization results, not tested in production.

Figure 64. Synchronous non-multiplexed PSRAM write timings**Table 79. Synchronous non-multiplexed PSRAM write timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_w(CLK)$	FSMC_CLK period	$2T_{HCLK}-1$	-	ns
$t_d(CLKL-NExL)$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NEx low (x=0..2)	-	1	ns
$t_d(CLKL-NExH)$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NEx high (x= 0..2)	1	-	ns

Table 79. Synchronous non-multiplexed PSRAM write timings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{d(CLKL-NADV)}$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NADV low	-	5	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NADVH)}$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NADV high	6	-	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-AV)}$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_Ax valid (x=16...25)	-	0	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-AIV)}$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_Ax invalid (x=16...25)	8	-	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NWEL)}$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NWE low	-	1	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NWEH)}$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NWE high	1	-	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-Data)}$	FSMC_D[15:0] valid data after FSMC_CLK low	-	2	ns
$t_{d(CLKL-NBLH)}$	FSMC_CLK low to FSMC_NBL high	2	-	ns

1. $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$.

2. Guaranteed by characterization results, not tested in production.

PC Card/CompactFlash controller waveforms and timings

Figure 65 through *Figure 70* represent synchronous waveforms, with *Table 80* and *Table 81* providing the corresponding timings. The results shown in these table are obtained with the following FSMC configuration:

- COM.FSMC_SetupTime = 0x04;
- COM.FSMC_WaitSetupTime = 0x07;
- COM.FSMC_HoldSetupTime = 0x04;
- COM.FSMC_HiZSetupTime = 0x00;
- ATT.FSMC_SetupTime = 0x04;
- ATT.FSMC_WaitSetupTime = 0x07;
- ATT.FSMC_HoldSetupTime = 0x04;
- ATT.FSMC_HiZSetupTime = 0x00;
- IO.FSMC_SetupTime = 0x04;
- IO.FSMC_WaitSetupTime = 0x07;
- IO.FSMC_HoldSetupTime = 0x04;
- IO.FSMC_HiZSetupTime = 0x00;
- TCLRSetupTime = 0;
- TARSetupTime = 0;

In all timing tables, the T_{HCLK} is the HCLK clock period.

Table 81. Switching characteristics for PC Card/CF read and write cycles in I/O space⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$t_w(\text{NIOWR})$	FSMC_NIOWR low width	$8T_{\text{HCLK}} - 0.5$	-	ns
$t_v(\text{NIOWR-D})$	FSMC_NIOWR low to FSMC_D[15:0] valid	-	$5T_{\text{HCLK}} - 1$	ns
$t_h(\text{NIOWR-D})$	FSMC_NIOWR high to FSMC_D[15:0] invalid	$8T_{\text{HCLK}} - 3$	-	ns
$t_d(\text{NCE4_1-NIOWR})$	FSMC_NCE4_1 low to FSMC_NIOWR valid	-	$5T_{\text{HCLK}} + 1.5$	ns
$t_h(\text{NCEx-NIOWR})$	FSMC_NCEx high to FSMC_NIOWR invalid	$5T_{\text{HCLK}}$	-	ns
$t_d(\text{NIORD-NCEx})$	FSMC_NCEx low to FSMC_NIORD valid	-	$5T_{\text{HCLK}} + 1$	ns
$t_h(\text{NCEx-NIORD})$	FSMC_NCEx high to FSMC_NIORD valid	$5T_{\text{HCLK}} - 0.5$	-	ns
$t_w(\text{NIORD})$	FSMC_NIORD low width	$8T_{\text{HCLK}} + 1$	-	ns
$t_{su}(\text{D-NIORD})$	FSMC_D[15:0] valid before FSMC_NIORD high	9.5	-	ns
$t_d(\text{NIORD-D})$	FSMC_D[15:0] valid after FSMC_NIORD high	0	-	ns

1. $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$.

2. Guaranteed by characterization results, not tested in production.

NAND controller waveforms and timings

Figure 71 through *Figure 74* represent synchronous waveforms, together with *Table 82* and *Table 83* provides the corresponding timings. The results shown in this table are obtained with the following FSMC configuration:

- COM.FSMC_SetupTime = 0x01;
- COM.FSMC_WaitSetupTime = 0x03;
- COM.FSMC_HoldSetupTime = 0x02;
- COM.FSMC_HiZSetupTime = 0x01;
- ATT.FSMC_SetupTime = 0x01;
- ATT.FSMC_WaitSetupTime = 0x03;
- ATT.FSMC_HoldSetupTime = 0x02;
- ATT.FSMC_HiZSetupTime = 0x01;
- Bank = FSMC_Bank_NAND;
- MemoryDataWidth = FSMC_MemoryDataWidth_16b;
- ECC = FSMC_ECC_Enable;
- ECCPageSize = FSMC_ECCPageSize_512Bytes;
- TCLRSetupTime = 0;
- TARSetupTime = 0;

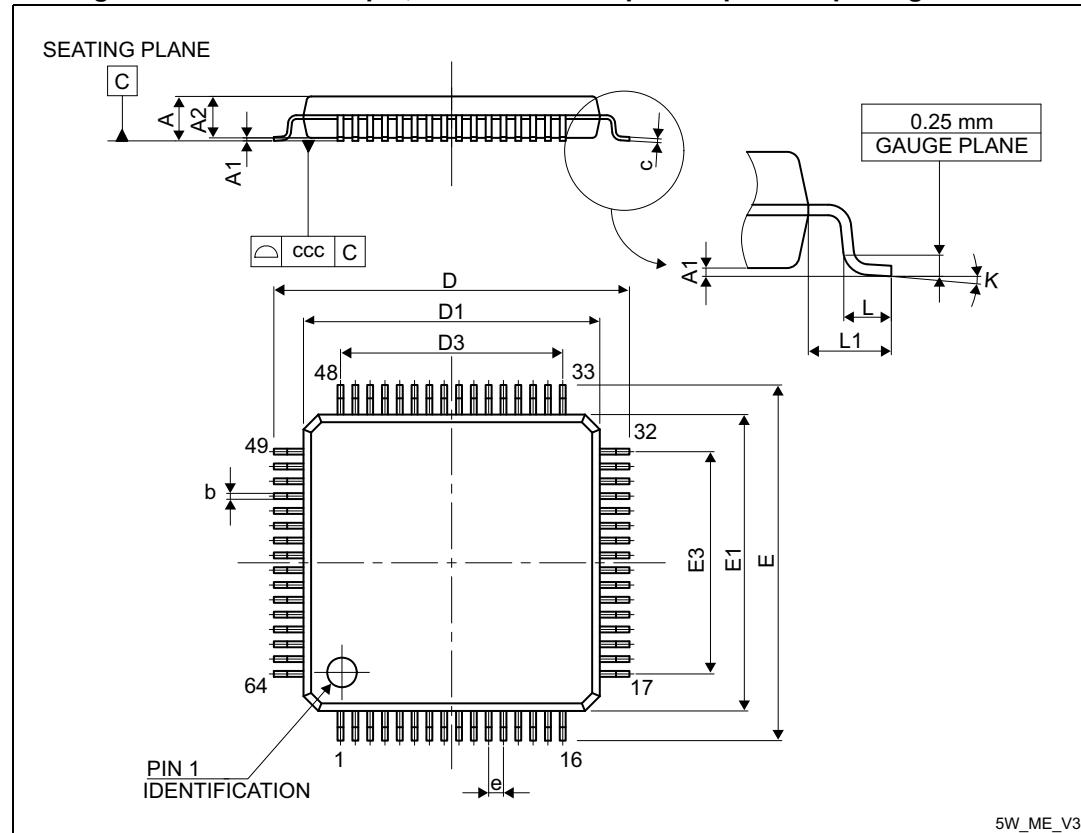
In all timing tables, the T_{HCLK} is the HCLK clock period.

7 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.
ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

7.1 LQFP64 package information

Figure 77. LQFP64 - 64-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 87. LQFP64 - 64-pin, 10 x 10 mm low-profile quad flat package mechanical data

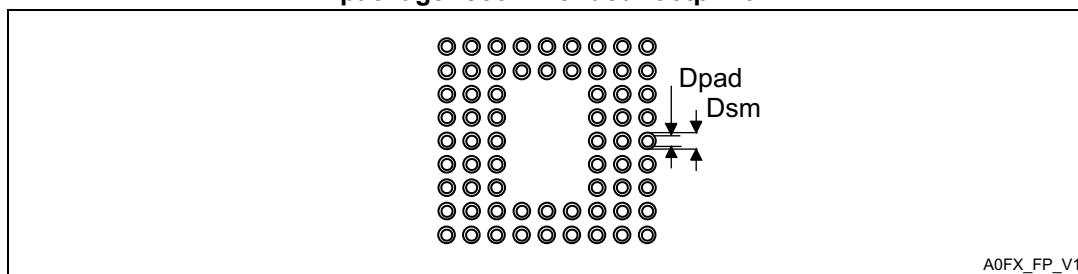
Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
A	-	-	1.600	-	-	0.0630
A1	0.050	-	0.150	0.0020	-	0.0059
A2	1.350	1.400	1.450	0.0531	0.0551	0.0571
b	0.170	0.220	0.270	0.0067	0.0087	0.0106

Table 88. WLCSP64+2 - 66-ball, 4.539 x 4.911 mm, 0.4 mm pitch wafer level chip scale package mechanical data (continued)

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
F	-	0.220	-	-	0.0087	-
G	-	0.386	-	-	0.0152	-
aaa	-	-	0.100	-	-	0.0039
bbb	-	-	0.100	-	-	0.0039
ccc	-	-	0.100	-	-	0.0039
ddd	-	-	0.050	-	-	0.0020
eee	-	-	0.050	-	-	0.0020

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

2. Dimension is measured at the maximum bump diameter parallel to primary datum Z.

Figure 80. WLCSP64+2 - 66-ball, 4.539 x 4.911 mm, 0.4 mm pitch wafer level chip scale package recommended footprint

A0FX_FP_V1

Table 89. WLCSP64 recommended PCB design rules (0.4 mm pitch)

Dimension	Recommended values
Pitch	0.4
Dpad	0.225 mm
Dsm	0.290 mm typ. (depends on the soldermask registration tolerance)
Stencil opening	0.250 mm
Stencil thickness	0.100 mm

Table 97. Document revision history (continued)

Date	Revision	Changes
04-Nov-2013	11 (continued)	<p>Removed Appendix A Application block diagrams.</p> <p>Updated Figure 77: LQFP64 – 10 x 10 mm 64 pin low-profile quad flat package outline and Table 87: LQFP64 – 10 x 10 mm 64 pin low-profile quad flat package mechanical data. Updated Figure 80: LQFP100, 14 x 14 mm 100-pin low-profile quad flat package outline, Figure 83: LQFP144, 20 x 20 mm, 144-pin low-profile quad flat package outline, Figure 86: LQFP176 - Low profile quad flat package 24 x 24 x 1.4 mm, package outline. Updated Figure 88: UFBGA176+25 - ultra thin fine pitch ball grid array 10 x 10 x 0.6 mm, package outline and Figure 88: UFBGA176+25 - ultra thin fine pitch ball grid array 10 x 10 x 0.6 mm, package outline.</p>
27-Oct-2014	12	<p>Updated V_{BAT} voltage range in Figure 19: Power supply scheme. Added caution note in Section 6.1.6: Power supply scheme.</p> <p>Updated V_{IN} in Table 14: General operating conditions.</p> <p>Removed note 1 in Table 23: Typical and maximum current consumptions in Stop mode.</p> <p>Updated Table 45: I/O current injection susceptibility, Section 6.3.16: I/O port characteristics and Section 6.3.17: NRST pin characteristics.</p> <p>Removed note 3 in Table 69: Temperature sensor characteristics.</p> <p>Updated Figure 79: WLCSP64+2 - 0.400 mm pitch wafer level chip size package outline and Table 88: WLCSP64+2 - 0.400 mm pitch wafer level chip size package mechanical data. Added Figure 83: LQFP100 marking (package top view) and Figure 86: LQFP144 marking (package top view).</p>
2-Feb-2016	13	<p>Updated Section 1: Introduction.</p> <p>Updated Table 32: HSI oscillator characteristics and its footnotes.</p> <p>Updated Figure 36: PLL output clock waveforms in center spread mode, Figure 37: PLL output clock waveforms in down spread mode, Figure 54: Power supply and reference decoupling (VREF+ not connected to VDDA) and Figure 55: Power supply and reference decoupling (VREF+ connected to VDDA).</p> <p>Updated Section 7: Package information and its subsections.</p>