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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	RX
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	50MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SCI, SPI
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	51
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	8K x 8
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 4x24b, 7x10b; D/A 2x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	80-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-LQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f521a6bdfn-v0

Table 1.1 Outline of Specifications (2 / 4)

Classification	Module/Function	Description
DMA	DMA controller (DMACA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4 channels • Three transfer modes: Normal transfer, repeat transfer, and block transfer • Activation sources: Software trigger, external interrupts, and interrupt requests from peripheral functions
	Data transfer controller (DTCa)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Three transfer modes: Normal transfer, repeat transfer, and block transfer • Activation sources: Interrupts • Chain transfer function
I/O ports	General I/O ports	100-pin/80-pin/64-pin <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I/O pin: 66/51/38 • Input: 1/1/1 • Pull-up resistors: 66/51/38 • Open-drain outputs: 47/37/28 • 5-V tolerance: 6/6/2
Event link controller (ELC)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Event signals of 69 types can be directly connected to the module • Operations of timer modules are selectable at event input • Capable of event link operation for ports B and E
Multi-function pin controller (MPC)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capable of selecting input/output function from multiple pins
Timers	Multi-function timer pulse unit 2 (MTU2a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (16 bits x 6 channels) x 1 unit • Up to 16 pulse-input/output lines and three pulse-input lines are available with six 16-bit timer channels. • Select from among eight or seven counter-input clock signals for each channel (PCLK/1, PCLK/4, PCLK/16, PCLK/64, PCLK/256, PCLK/1024, MTCLKA, MTCLKB, MTCLKC, MTCLKD) other than channel 5, for which only four signals are available. • Input capture function • 21 output compare/input capture registers • Pulse output mode • Complementary PWM output mode • Reset synchronous PWM mode • Phase-counting mode • Generation of triggers for A/D converter conversion
	Port output enable2 (POE2a)	Controls the high-impedance state of the MTU's waveform output pins
	8-bit timer (TMR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (8 bits x 2 channels) x 2 units • Select from among seven internal clock signals (PCLK/1, PCLK/2, PCLK/8, PCLK/32, PCLK/64, PCLK/1024, PCLK/8192) and one external clock signal • Capable of output of pulse trains with desired duty cycles or of PWM signals • The 2 channels of each unit can be cascaded to create a 16-bit timer • Capable of generating baud-rate clocks for SCI5 and SCI6
	Compare match timer (CMT)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (16 bits x 2 channels) x 2 units • Select from among four clock signals (PCLK/8, PCLK/32, PCLK/128, PCLK/512)
	Watchdog timer (WDTA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 14 bits x 1 channel • Select from among 6 counter-input clock signals (PCLK/4, PCLK/64, PCLK/128, PCLK/512, PCLK/2048, PCLK/8192)
	Independent watchdog timer (IWDTa)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 14 bits x 1 channel • Counter-input clock: IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator Frequency divided by 1, 16, 32, 64, 128, or 256
	Realtime clock (RTCc)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clock source: Sub-clock • Time count or 32-bit binary count in second units basis selectable • Time/calendar • Interrupt sources: Alarm interrupt, periodic interrupt, and carry interrupt • Time-capture facility for three values

Table 1.1 Outline of Specifications (3 / 4)

Classification	Module/Function	Description
Communication function	Serial communications interfaces (SCIc)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5 channels (channel 1, 5, 6, 8, 9) (including one channel for IrDA) • Serial communications modes: Asynchronous, clock synchronous, and smart-card interface • On-chip baud rate generator allows selection of the desired bit rate • Choice of LSB-first or MSB-first transfer • Average transfer rate clock can be input from TMR timers (SCI5 and SCI6) • Simple IIC • Simple SPI
	IrDA interface (IRDA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 channel (SCI5 is used) • Supports encoding/decoding the waveforms conforming to the IrDA specification version 1.0
	I ² C bus interface (RIIC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 channels • Communications formats: I²C bus format/SMBus format • Master/slave selectable • Supports the fast mode
	Serial peripheral interface (RSPI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 channels • Transfer facility Using the MOSI (master out, slave in), MISO (master in, slave out), SSL (slave select), and RSPI clock (RSPCK) signals enables serial transfer through SPI operation (four lines) or clock-synchronous operation (three lines) • Capable of handling serial transfer as a master or slave • Data formats • Choice of LSB-first or MSB-first transfer The number of bits in each transfer can be changed to any number of bits from 8 to 16, 20, 24, or 32 bits. 128-bit buffers for transmission and reception Up to four frames can be transmitted or received in a single transfer operation (with each frame having up to 32 bits) • Double buffers for both transmission and reception
24-bit $\Delta\Sigma$ A/D converter (DSAD)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7 channels: 4-channel differential input for current; 3-channel single-ended input for voltage • x 1 to x 64 PGA for differential input side for current and x 1 to x 4 PGA for single-ended input side for voltage • Minimum conversion time: 81.92 μs (A/D conversion clock: 25 MHz)
10-bit A/D converter (AD)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10 bits (7 channels x 1 unit) • 10-bit resolution • Conversion time: 2.0 μs per channel (A/D conversion clock: 25 MHz) • Operating modes Scan mode (single scan mode and continuous scan mode) • Sample-and-hold function • Self-diagnosis for the A/D converter • Assistance in detecting disconnected analog inputs • A/D conversion start conditions Conversion can be started by software, a conversion start trigger from a timer (MTU), an external trigger signal, a temperature sensor or ELC.
Temperature sensor (TEMPSa)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outputs the voltage that changes depending on the temperature • PGA gain switchable: Three levels according to the voltage range
D/A converter (DA)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 channels • 10-bit resolution • Output voltage: 0 V to VREFH
CRC calculator (CRC)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CRC code generation for arbitrary amounts of data in 8-bit units • Select any of three generating polynomials: $X^8 + X^2 + X + 1$, $X^{16} + X^{15} + X^2 + 1$, or $X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$ • Generation of CRC codes for use with LSB-first or MSB-first communications is selectable.
Data encryption unit (DEU)*1		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Encryption and decryption of AES • 128-, 192-, or 256-bit key length • ECB or CBC mode
Comparator A (CMPA)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 channels • Comparison of reference voltage and analog input voltage
Comparator B (CMPB)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 channels • Comparison of reference voltage and analog input voltage
Data operating circuit (DOC)		Comparison, addition, and subtraction of 16-bit data
Power supply voltage/ Operating frequency		VCC = 1.8 to 3.6 V: 25 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 3.6 V: 50 MHz
Supply current		8.6mA@50MHz (typ)
Operating temperature		D version: -40 to +85°C, G version: -40 to +105°C*2, *3

1.5 Pin Assignments

Figure 1.3 to Figure 1.5 show the pin assignments. Table 1.5 to Table 1.7 show the lists of pins and pin functions.

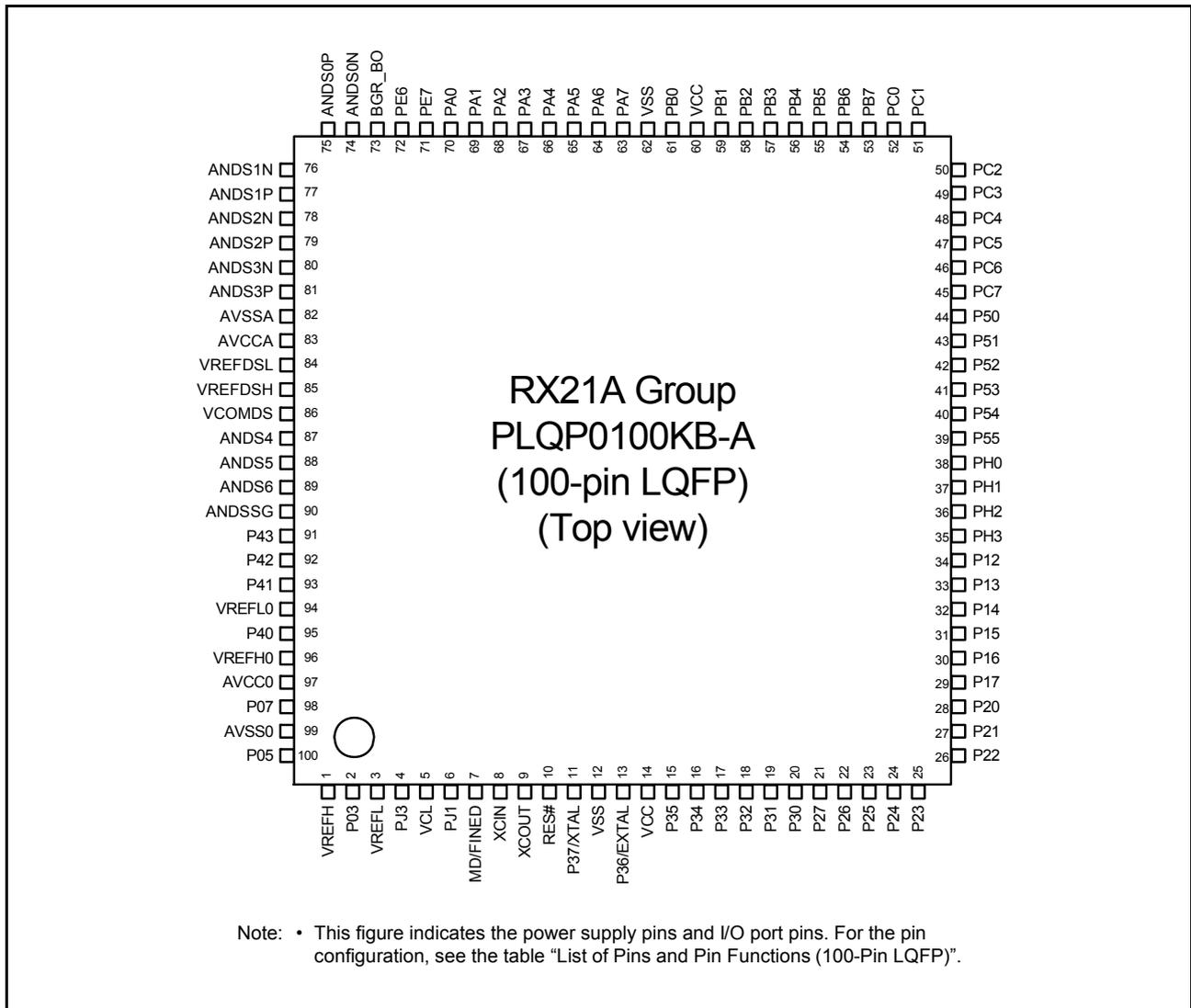


Figure 1.3 Pin Assignments of the 100-Pin LQFP

Table 1.5 List of Pins and Pin Functions (100-Pin LQFP) (1 / 3)

Pin No.	Power Supply, Clock, System Control	I/O Port	Timers (MTU, TMR, POE)	Communications (SCI, RSPI, RIIC)	Others
1	VREFH				
2		P03			AN4/DA0
3	VREFL				
4		PJ3	MTIOC3C	CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#	
5	VCL				
6		PJ1	MTIOC3A		
7	MD				FINED
8	XCIN				
9	XCOUT				
10	RES#				
11	XTAL	P37			
12	VSS				
13	EXTAL	P36			
14	VCC				
15		P35			NMI
16		P34	MTIOC0A/TMCI3/POE2#	SCK6	IRQ4
17		P33	MTIOC0D/TMRI3/POE3#	RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6	IRQ3-DS
18		P32	MTIOC0C/TMO3	TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6	IRQ2-DS/RTCOUT/ RTCIC2
19		P31	MTIOC4D/TMCI2	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#/SSLB0	IRQ1-DS/RTCIC1
20		P30	MTIOC4B/TMRI3/POE8#	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1/ MISOB	IRQ0-DS/RTCIC0
21		P27	MTIOC2B/TMCI3	SCK1/RSPCKB	
22		P26	MTIOC2A/TMO1	TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/ MOSIB	
23		P25	MTIOC4C/MTCLKB		ADTRG0#
24		P24	MTIOC4A/MTCLKA/TMRI1		
25		P23	MTIOC3D/MTCLKD		
26		P22	MTIOC3B/MTCLKC/TMO0		
27		P21	MTIOC1B/TMCI0	SCL1	
28		P20	MTIOC1A/TMRI0	SDA1	
29		P17	MTIOC3A/MTIOC3B/TMO1/ POE8#	SCK1/MISOA/SDA0-DS	IRQ7
30		P16	MTIOC3C/MTIOC3D/TMO2	TXD1/SMOSI1/SSDA1/ MOSIA/SCL0-DS	IRQ6/RTCOUT/ ADTRG0#
31		P15	MTIOC0B/MTCLKB/TMCI2	RXD1/SMISO1/SSCL1	IRQ5
32		P14	MTIOC3A/MTCLKA/TMRI2	CTS1#/RTS1#/SS1#	IRQ4
33		P13	MTIOC0B/TMO3	SDA0	IRQ3
34		P12	TMCI1	SCL0	IRQ2
35		PH3	TMCI0		
36		PH2	TMRI0		IRQ1
37		PH1	TMO0		IRQ0
38		PH0			CACREF
39		P55	MTIOC4D/TMO3		
40		P54	MTIOC4B/TMCI1		
41		P53			

Table 1.6 List of Pins and Pin Functions (80-Pin LQFP) (2 / 2)

Pin No.	Power Supply, Clock, System Control	I/O Port	Timers (MTU, TMR, POE)	Communications (SC1c, RSPI, RIIC)	Others
42		PB6	MTIOC3D	RXD9/SMISO9/SSCL9	
43		PB5	MTIOC2A/MTIOC1B/TMRI1/ POE1#	SCK9	
44		PB4		CTS9#/RTS9#/SS9#	
45		PB3	MTIOC0A/MTIOC4A/TMO0/ POE3#	SCK6	
46		PB2		CTS6#/RTS6#/SS6#	
47		PB1	MTIOC0C/MTIOC4C/TMC10	TXD6/SMOSI6/SSDA6	IRQ4-DS
48	VCC				
49		PB0	MTIC5W	RXD6/SMISO6/SSCL6/RSPCKA	CMPB0
50	VSS				
51		PA6	MTIC5V/MTCLKB/TMC13/ POE2#	CTS5#/RTS5#/SS5#/MOSIA	CVREFB0
52		PA5		RSPCKA	
53		PA4	MTIC5U/MTCLKA/TMRI0	TXD5/SMOSI5/SSDA5/IRTXD5/ SSLA0	IRQ5-DS/CVREFB1
54		PA3	MTIOC0D/MTCLKD	RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/IRRXD5	IRQ6-DS/CMPB1
55		PA2		RXD5/SMISO5/SSCL5/IRRXD5/ SSLA3	CMPA2
56		PA1	MTIOC0B/MTCLKC	SCK5/SSLA2	CVREFA
57		PA0	MTIOC4A	SSLA1	CACREF/CMPA1
58	BGR_BO				
59					ANDS0N
60					ANDS0P
61					ANDS1N
62					ANDS1P
63	AVSSA				
64	AVCCA				
65	VREFDSL				
66	VREFDSH				
67	VCOMDS				
68					ANDS4
69					ANDS5
70	ANDSSG				
71		P43			AN3
72		P42			AN2
73		P41			AN1
74	VREFL0				
75		P40			AN0
76	VREFH0				
77	AVCC0				
78		P07			AN6/ADTRG0#
79	AVSS0				
80		P05			AN5/DA1

Note: • Pin names to which –DS is appended are for pins that can be used to trigger release from deep software standby mode.

2. CPU

Figure 2.1 shows the register set of the CPU.

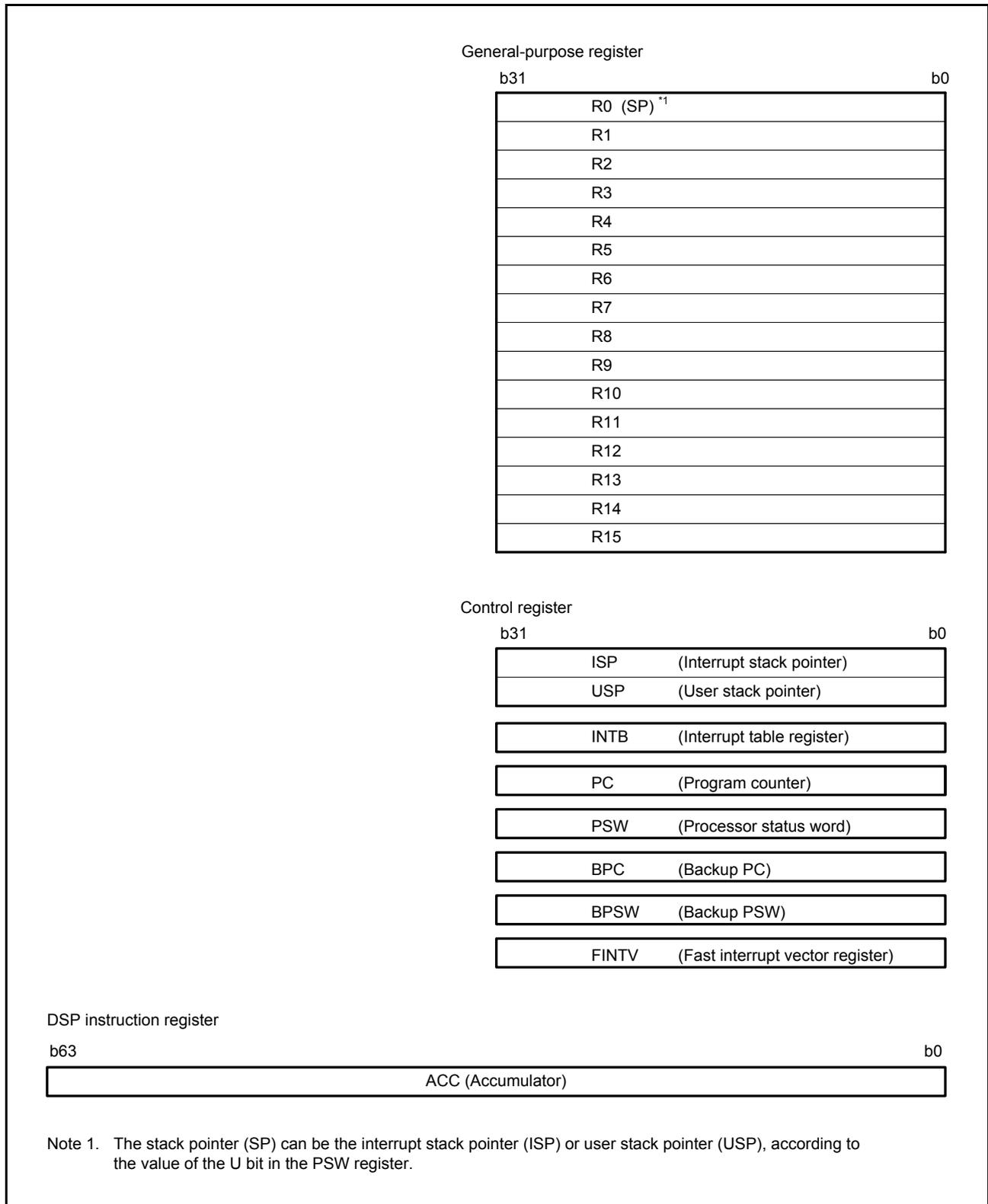


Figure 2.1 Register Set of the CPU

3. Address Space

3.1 Address Space

This LSI has a 4-Gbyte address space, consisting of the range of addresses from 0000 0000h to FFFF FFFFh. That is, linear access to an address space of up to 4 Gbytes is possible, and this contains both program and data areas.

Figure 3.1 shows the memory map.

4.1 I/O Register Addresses (Address Order)

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (1 / 24)

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles	
						ICLK ≥ PCLK	ICLK < PCLK
0008 0000h	SYSTEM	Mode monitor register	MDMONR	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 0002h	SYSTEM	Mode status register	MDSR	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 0008h	SYSTEM	System control register 1	SYSCR1	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 000Ch	SYSTEM	Standby control register	SBYCR	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 0010h	SYSTEM	Module stop control register A	MSTPCRA	32	32	3	ICLK
0008 0014h	SYSTEM	Module stop control register B	MSTPCRB	32	32	3	ICLK
0008 0018h	SYSTEM	Module stop control register C	MSTPCRC	32	32	3	ICLK
0008 001Ch	SYSTEM	Module stop control register D	MSTPCRD	32	32	3	ICLK
0008 0020h	SYSTEM	System clock control register	SCKCR	32	32	3	ICLK
0008 0026h	SYSTEM	System clock control register 3	SCKCR3	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 0028h	SYSTEM	PLL control register	PLLCR	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 002Ah	SYSTEM	PLL control register 2	PLLCR2	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0032h	SYSTEM	Main clock oscillator control register	MOSCCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0033h	SYSTEM	Sub-clock oscillator control register	SOSCCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0034h	SYSTEM	Low-speed on-chip oscillator control register	LOCOCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0035h	SYSTEM	IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator control register	ILOCOCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0036h	SYSTEM	High-speed on-chip oscillator control register	HOCOCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0037h	SYSTEM	High-speed on-chip oscillator control register 2	HOCOCR2	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0040h	SYSTEM	Oscillation stop detection control register	OSTDCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 0041h	SYSTEM	Oscillation stop detection status register	OSTDSR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00A0h	SYSTEM	Operating power control register	OPCCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00A1h	SYSTEM	Sleep mode return clock source switching register	RSTCKCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00A2h	SYSTEM	Main clock oscillator wait control register	MOSCWTCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00A3h	SYSTEM	Sub-clock oscillator wait control register	SOSCWTCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00A6h	SYSTEM	PLL wait control register	PLLWTCR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00A9h	SYSTEM	HOCO wait control register 2	HOCOWTCR2	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00C0h	SYSTEM	Reset status register 2	RSTSR2	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00C2h	SYSTEM	Software reset register	SWRR	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 00E0h	SYSTEM	Voltage monitoring 1 circuit/comparator A1 control register 1	LVD1CR1	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00E1h	SYSTEM	Voltage monitoring 1 circuit/comparator A1 status register	LVD1SR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00E2h	SYSTEM	Voltage monitoring 2 circuit/comparator A2 control register 1	LVD2CR1	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 00E3h	SYSTEM	Voltage monitoring 2 circuit/comparator A2 status register	LVD2SR	8	8	3	ICLK
0008 03FEh	SYSTEM	Protect register	PRCR	16	16	3	ICLK
0008 1300h	BSC	Bus error status clear register	BERCLR	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 1304h	BSC	Bus error monitoring enable register	BEREN	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 1308h	BSC	Bus error status register 1	BERSR1	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 130Ah	BSC	Bus error status register 2	BERSR2	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 1310h	BSC	Bus priority control register	BUSPRI	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2000h	DMAC0	DMA source address register	DMSAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 2004h	DMAC0	DMA destination address register	DMDAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 2008h	DMAC0	DMA transfer count register	DMCRA	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 200Ch	DMAC0	DMA block transfer count register	DMCRB	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2010h	DMAC0	DMA transfer mode register	DMTMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2013h	DMAC0	DMA interrupt setting register	DMINT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2014h	DMAC0	DMA address mode register	DMAMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2018h	DMAC0	DMA offset register	DMOFR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 201Ch	DMAC0	DMA transfer enable register	DMCNT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 201Dh	DMAC0	DMA software start register	DMREQ	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 201Eh	DMAC0	DMA status register	DMSTS	8	8	2	ICLK

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (2 / 24)

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles	
						ICLK \geq PCLK	ICLK < PCLK
0008 201Fh	DMAC0	DMA activation source flag control register	DMCSL	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2040h	DMAC1	DMA source address register	DMSAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 2044h	DMAC1	DMA destination address register	DMDAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 2048h	DMAC1	DMA transfer count register	DMCRA	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 204Ch	DMAC1	DMA block transfer count register	DMCRB	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2050h	DMAC1	DMA transfer mode register	DMTMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2053h	DMAC1	DMA interrupt setting register	DMINT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2054h	DMAC1	DMA address mode register	DMAMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 205Ch	DMAC1	DMA transfer enable register	DMCNT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 205Dh	DMAC1	DMA software start register	DMREQ	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 205Eh	DMAC1	DMA status register	DMSTS	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 205Fh	DMAC1	DMA activation source flag control register	DMCSL	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2080h	DMAC2	DMA source address register	DMSAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 2084h	DMAC2	DMA destination address register	DMDAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 2088h	DMAC2	DMA transfer count register	DMCRA	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 208Ch	DMAC2	DMA block transfer count register	DMCRB	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2090h	DMAC2	DMA transfer mode register	DMTMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 2093h	DMAC2	DMA interrupt setting register	DMINT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2094h	DMAC2	DMA address mode register	DMAMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 209Ch	DMAC2	DMA transfer enable register	DMCNT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 209Dh	DMAC2	DMA software start register	DMREQ	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 209Eh	DMAC2	DMA status register	DMSTS	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 209Fh	DMAC2	DMA activation source flag control register	DMCSL	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 20C0h	DMAC3	DMA source address register	DMSAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 20C4h	DMAC3	DMA destination address register	DMDAR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 20C8h	DMAC3	DMA transfer count register	DMCRA	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 20CCh	DMAC3	DMA block transfer count register	DMCRB	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 20D0h	DMAC3	DMA transfer mode register	DMTMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 20D3h	DMAC3	DMA interrupt setting register	DMINT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 20D4h	DMAC3	DMA address mode register	DMAMD	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 20DCh	DMAC3	DMA transfer enable register	DMCNT	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 20DDh	DMAC3	DMA software start register	DMREQ	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 20DEh	DMAC3	DMA status register	DMSTS	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 20DFh	DMAC3	DMA activation source flag control register	DMCSL	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2200h	DMAC	DMA module activation register	DMAST	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2400h	DTC	DTC control register	DTCCR	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 2404h	DTC	DTC vector base register	DTCVBR	32	32	2	ICLK
0008 2408h	DTC	DTC address mode register	DTCADMOD	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 240Ch	DTC	DTC module start register	DTCST	8	8	2	ICLK
0008 240Eh	DTC	DTC status register	DTCSTS	16	16	2	ICLK
0008 6400h	MPU	Region-0 start page number register	RSPAGE0	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6404h	MPU	Region-0 end page number register	REPAGE0	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6408h	MPU	Region-1 start page number register	RSPAGE1	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 640Ch	MPU	Region-1 end page number register	REPAGE1	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6410h	MPU	Region-2 start page number register	RSPAGE2	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6414h	MPU	Region-2 end page number register	REPAGE2	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6418h	MPU	Region-3 start page number register	RSPAGE3	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 641Ch	MPU	Region-3 end page number register	REPAGE3	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6420h	MPU	Region-4 start page number register	RSPAGE4	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6424h	MPU	Region-4 end page number register	REPAGE4	32	32	1	ICLK
0008 6428h	MPU	Region-5 start page number register	RSPAGE5	32	32	1	ICLK

Table 4.1 List of I/O Registers (Address Order) (10 / 24)

Address	Module Symbol	Register Name	Register Symbol	Number of Bits	Access Size	Number of Access Cycles	
						ICLK \geq PCLK	ICLK $<$ PCLK
0008 8034h	IWDT	IWDT status register	IWDTSR	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8036h	IWDT	IWDT reset control register	IWDTRCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8038h	IWDT	IWDT count stop control register	IWDTCSTPR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 80C0h	DA	D/A data register 0	DADR0	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 80C2h	DA	D/A data register 1	DADR1	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 80C4h	DA	D/A control register	DACR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 80C5h	DA	DADRm format select register	DADPR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8200h	TMR0	Timer control register	TCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8201h	TMR1	Timer counter control register	TCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8202h	TMR0	Timer control/status register	TCSR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8203h	TMR1	Timer control/status register	TCSR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8204h	TMR0	Time constant register A	TCORA	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8205h	TMR1	Time constant register A	TCORA	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8206h	TMR0	Time constant register B	TCORB	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8207h	TMR1	Time constant register B	TCORB	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8208h	TMR0	Timer counter	TCNT	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8209h	TMR1	Timer counter	TCNT	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 820Ah	TMR0	Timer counter control register	TCCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 820Bh	TMR1	Timer counter control register	TCCR	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 820Ch	TMR0	Time count start register	TCSTR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8210h	TMR2	Timer control register	TCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8211h	TMR3	Timer control register	TCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8212h	TMR2	Timer control/status register	TCSR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8213h	TMR3	Timer control/status register	TCSR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8214h	TMR2	Time constant register A	TCORA	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8215h	TMR3	Time constant register A	TCORA	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8216h	TMR2	Time constant register B	TCORB	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8217h	TMR3	Time constant register B	TCORB	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8218h	TMR2	Timer counter	TCNT	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8219h	TMR3	Timer counter	TCNT	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 821Ah	TMR2	Timer counter control register	TCCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 821Bh	TMR3	Timer counter control register	TCCR	8	8 ^{*1}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 821Ch	TMR2	Time count start register	TCSTR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8280h	CRC	CRC control register	CRCCR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8281h	CRC	CRC data input register	CRCDIR	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8282h	CRC	CRC data output register	CRCDOR	16	16	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8300h	RIIC0	I ² C bus control register 1	ICCR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8301h	RIIC0	I ² C bus control register 2	ICCR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8302h	RIIC0	I ² C bus mode register 1	ICMR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8303h	RIIC0	I ² C bus mode register 2	ICMR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8304h	RIIC0	I ² C bus mode register 3	ICMR3	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8305h	RIIC0	I ² C bus function enable register	ICFER	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8306h	RIIC0	I ² C bus status enable register	ICSER	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8307h	RIIC0	I ² C bus interrupt enable register	ICIER	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8308h	RIIC0	I ² C bus status register 1	ICSR1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 8309h	RIIC0	I ² C bus status register 2	ICSR2	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 830Ah	RIIC0	Slave address register L0	SARL0	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 830Ah	RIIC0	Timeout internal counter L	TMOCNTL	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 830Bh	RIIC0	Slave address register U0	SARU0	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 830Bh	RIIC0	Timeout internal counter U	TMOCNTU	8	8 ^{*2}	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK
0008 830Ch	RIIC0	Slave address register L1	SARL1	8	8	2, 3 PCLKB	2 ICLK

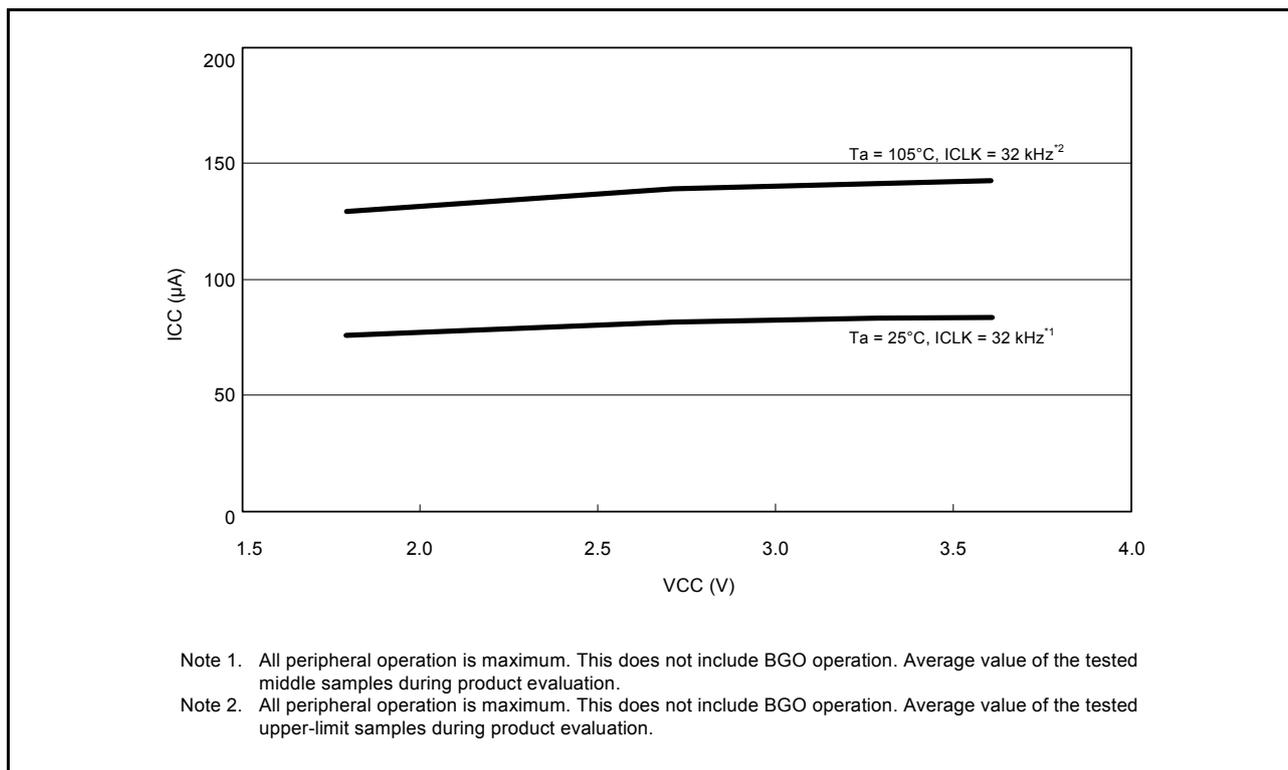


Figure 5.5 Voltage Dependency in Low-Speed Operating Mode 2 (Reference Data)

Table 5.17 Output Values of Voltage (1)

Conditions: $V_{CC} = AV_{CC0} = AV_{CCA} = 1.8$ to 2.7 V, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS0} = AV_{SSA} = V_{REFL} = V_{REFL0} = V_{REFDSL} = 0$ V,
 $T_a = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$

Item			Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Output low	All output pins (other than RIIC)	Normal output mode	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 0.5$ mA
		High-drive output mode		—	0.4		$I_{OL} = 1.0$ mA
Output high	All output pins	Normal output mode	V_{OH}	$V_{CC} - 0.4$	—	V	$I_{OL} = -0.5$ mA
		High-drive output mode		$V_{CC} - 0.4$	—		$I_{OL} = -1.0$ mA

Table 5.18 Output Values of Voltage (2)

Conditions: $V_{CC} = AV_{CC0} = AV_{CCA} = 2.7$ to 3.6 V, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS0} = AV_{SSA} = V_{REFL} = V_{REFL0} = V_{REFDSL} = 0$ V,
 $T_a = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$

Item			Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Output low	All output pins (other than RIIC)	Normal output mode	V_{OL}	—	1.0	V	$I_{OL} = 3.0$ mA
		High-drive output mode		—	1.0		$I_{OL} = 5.0$ mA
	RIIC pins			—	0.4		$I_{OL} = 3.0$ mA
				—	0.6		$I_{OL} = 6.0$ mA
Output high	All output pins	Normal output mode	V_{OH}	$V_{CC} - 1.0$	—	V	$I_{OL} = -3.0$ mA
		High-drive output mode		$V_{CC} - 1.0$	—		$I_{OL} = -5.0$ mA

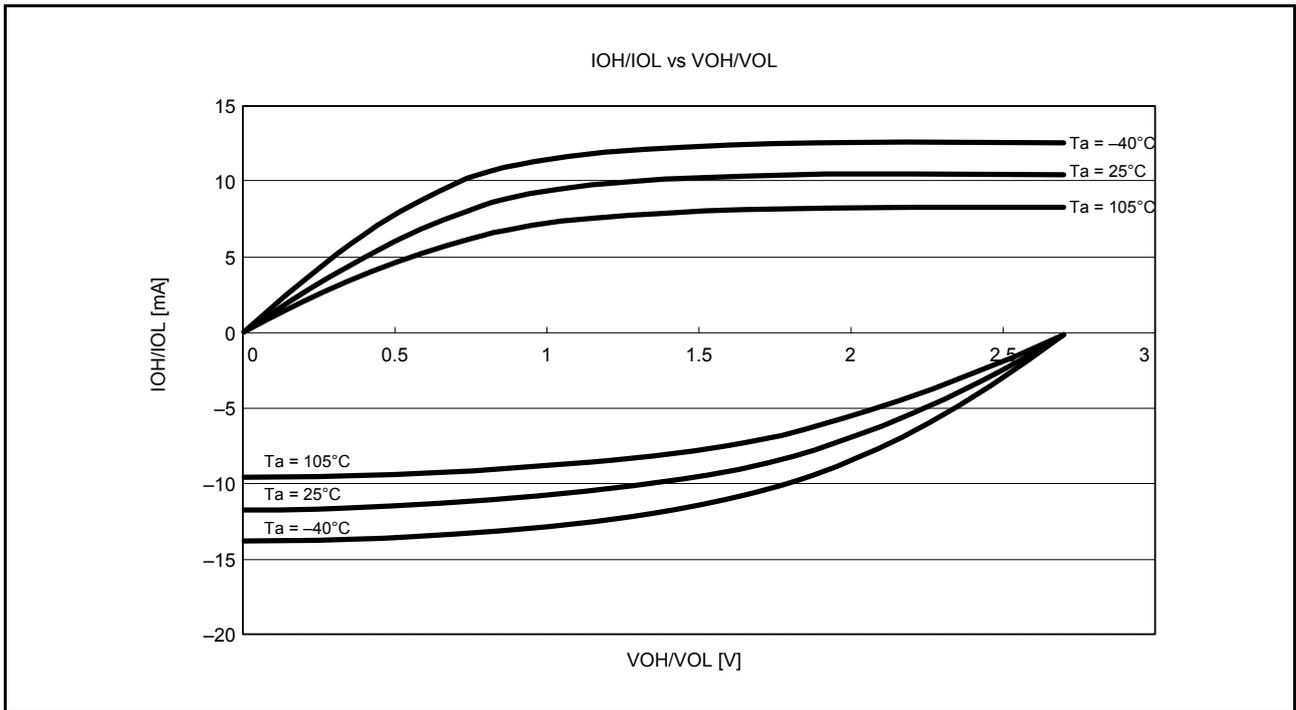


Figure 5.13 VOH/VOL and IOH/IOL Temperature Characteristics at VCC = 2.7 V when Normal Output is Selected (Reference Data)

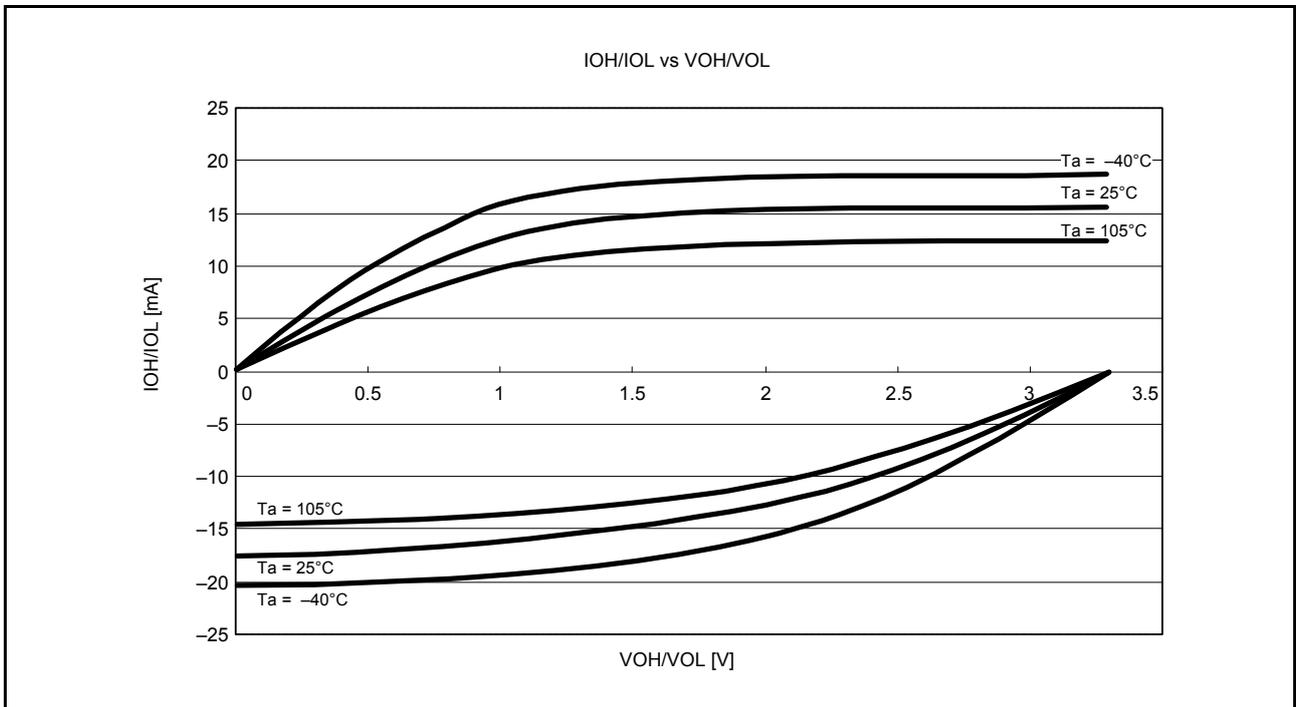


Figure 5.14 VOH/VOL and IOH/IOL Temperature Characteristics at VCC = 3.3 V when Normal Output is Selected (Reference Data)

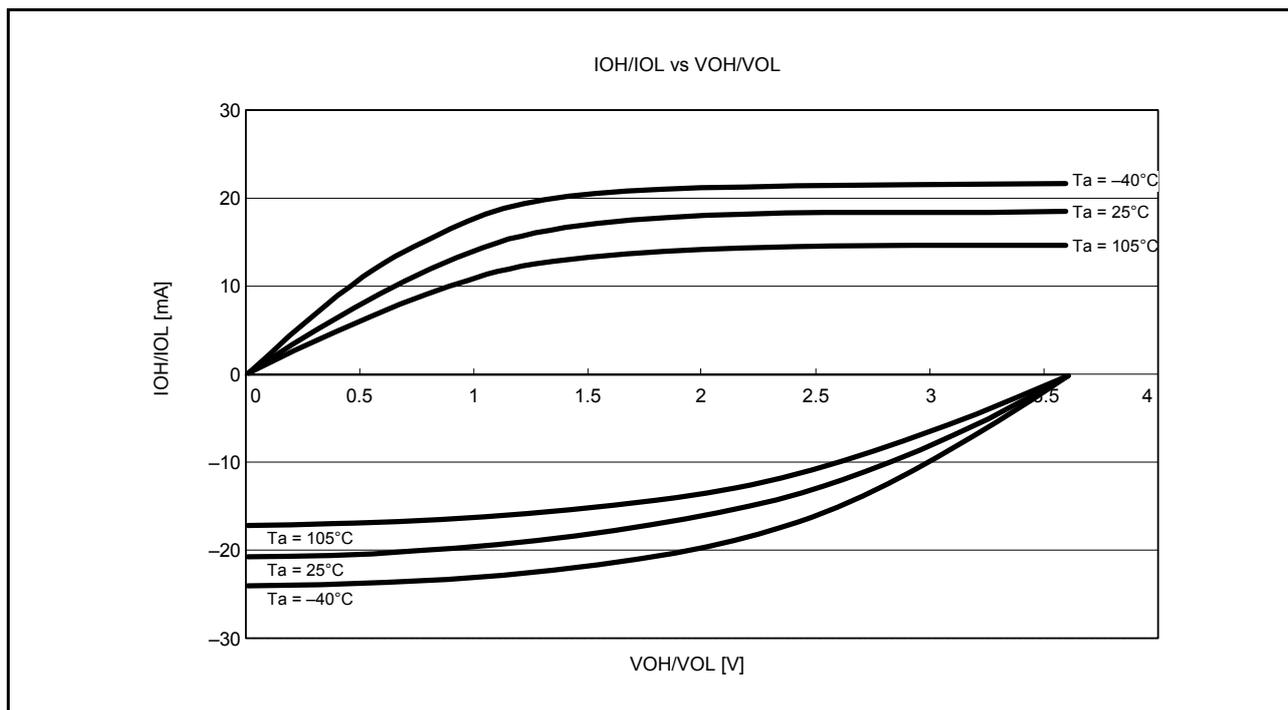


Figure 5.15 VOH/VOL and IOH/IOL Temperature Characteristics at VCC = 3.6 V when Normal Output is Selected (Reference Data)

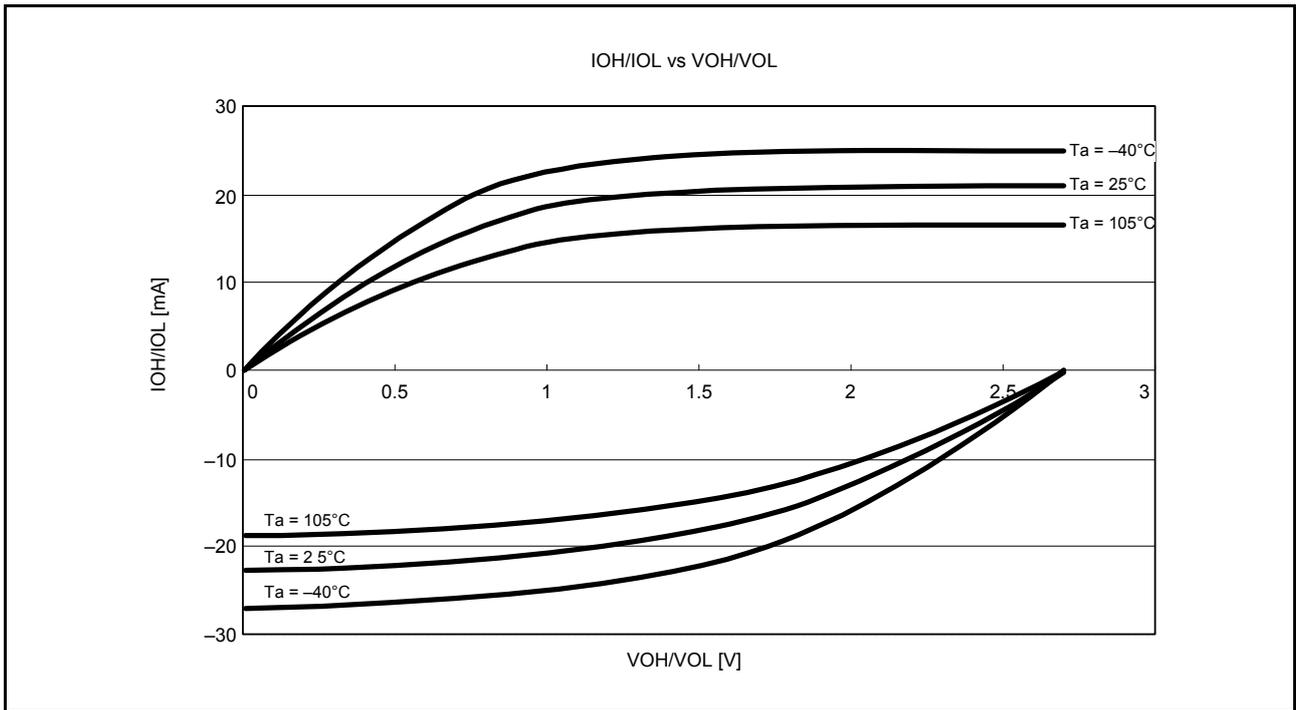


Figure 5.18 VOH/VOL and IOH/IOL Temperature Characteristics at VCC = 2.7 V when High-Drive Output is Selected (Reference Data)

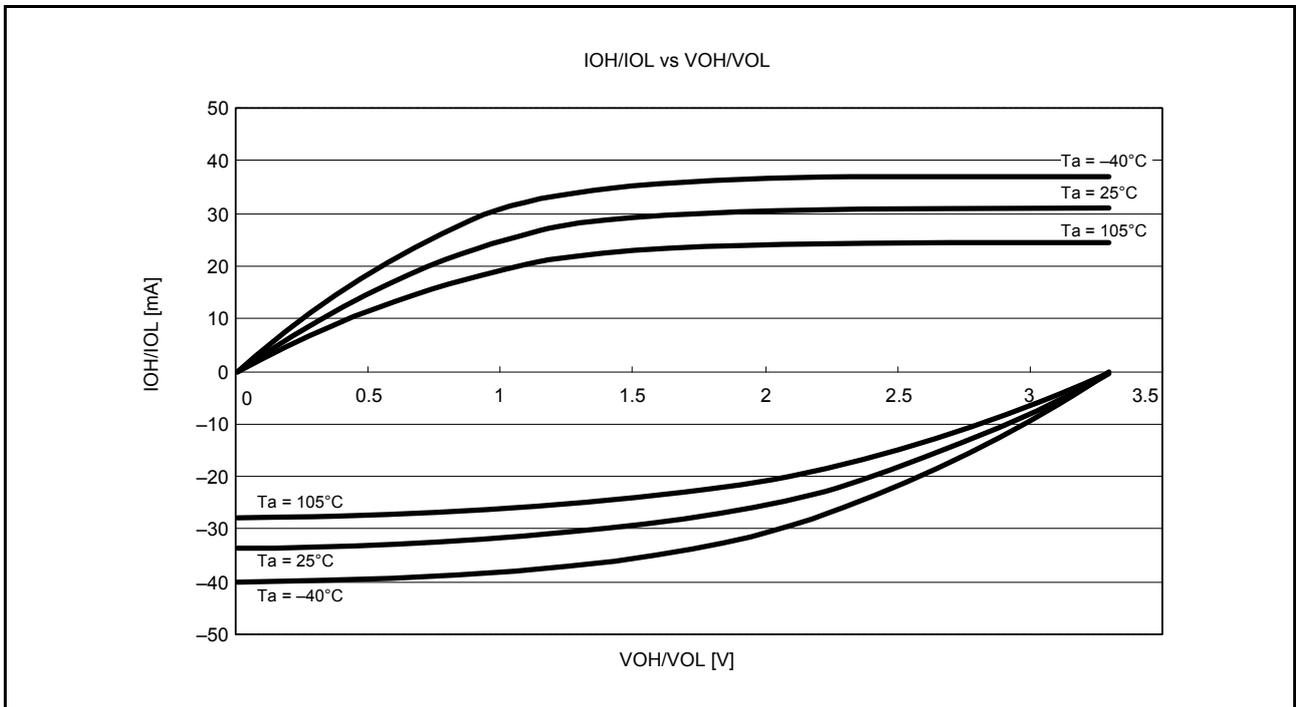


Figure 5.19 VOH/VOL and IOH/IOL Temperature Characteristics at VCC = 3.3 V when High-Drive Output is Selected (Reference Data)

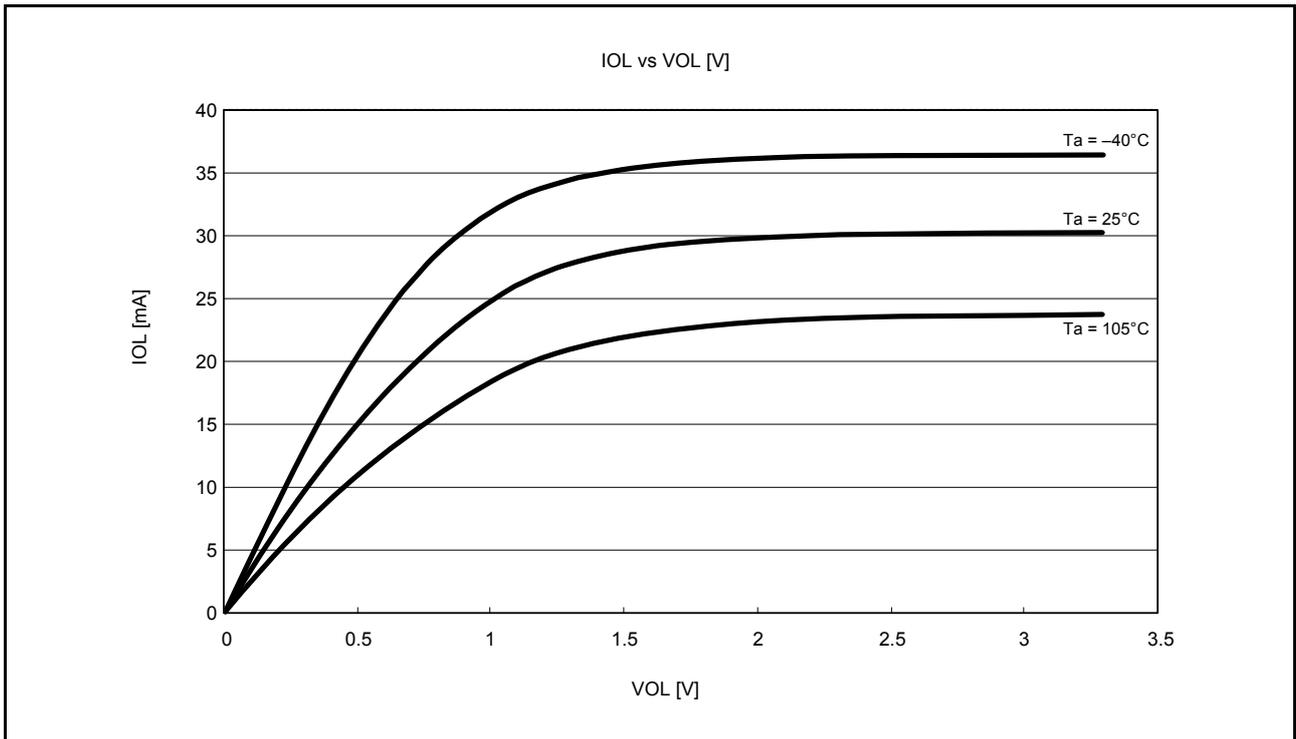


Figure 5.23 VOL and IOL Temperature Characteristics of RIIC Output Pin at VCC = 3.3 V (Reference Data)

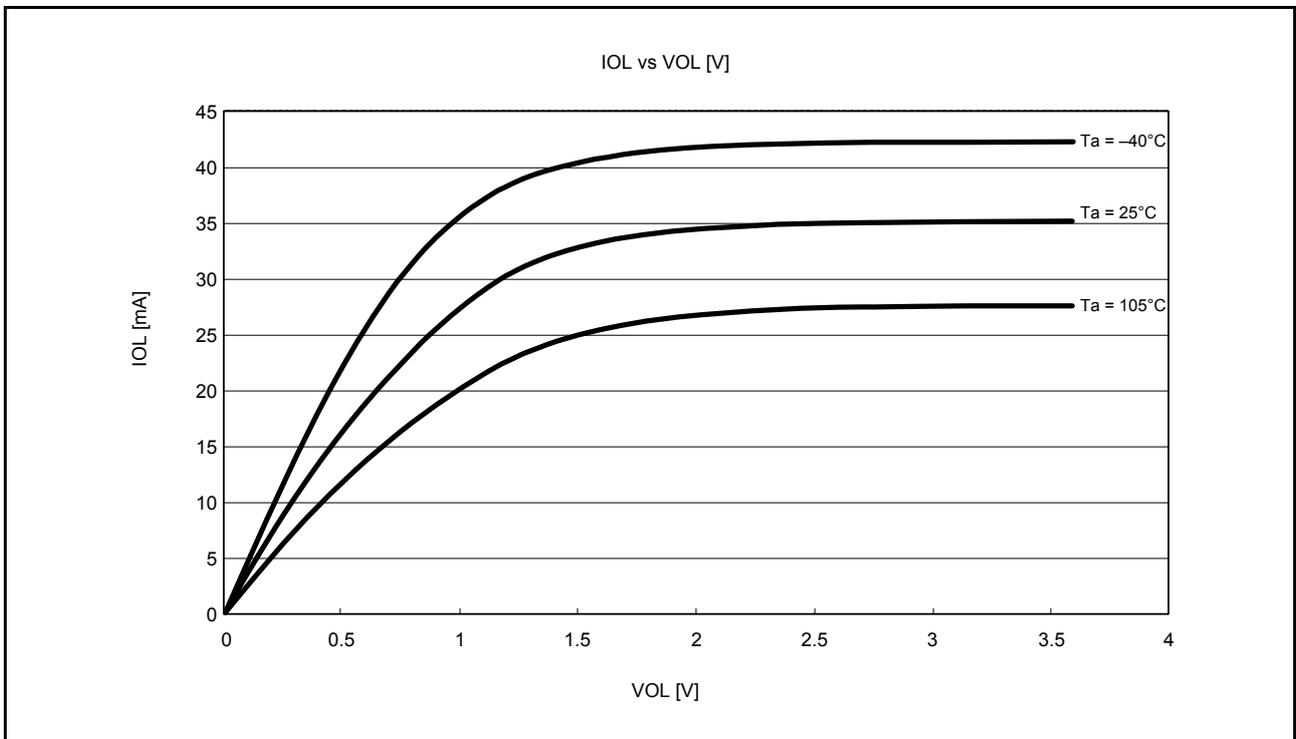


Figure 5.24 VOL and IOL Temperature Characteristics of RIIC Output Pin at VCC = 3.6 V (Reference Data)

Table 5.31 Timing of On-Chip Peripheral Modules (2)Conditions: $V_{CC} = AV_{CC0} = AV_{CCA} = 1.8$ to 3.6 V, $V_{SS} = AV_{SS0} = AV_{SSA} = V_{REFL} = V_{REFL0} = V_{REFDSL} = 0$ V, $T_a = -40$ to $+105^\circ\text{C}$ When high-drive output is selected by the drive capacity register while 1.8 V \leq VCC < 2.7 V

Item		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit*1	Test Conditions	
SCI	Input clock cycle	Asynchronous	4	—	$t_{P_{Cyc}}$	C = 30 pF Figure 5.46	
		Clock synchronous					6
	Input clock pulse width		t_{SCKW}	0.4	0.6		$t_{S_{Cyc}}$
	Input clock rise time		t_{SCKr}	—	20		ns
	Input clock fall time		t_{SCKf}	—	20		ns
	Output clock cycle	Asynchronous	$t_{S_{Cyc}}$	16	—		$t_{P_{Cyc}}$
		Clock synchronous					
	Output clock pulse width		t_{SCKW}	0.4	0.6		$t_{S_{Cyc}}$
	Output clock rise time		t_{SCKr}	—	20		ns
	Output clock fall time		t_{SCKf}	—	20		ns
	Transmit data delay time	Clock synchronous (master)	t_{TXD}	—	40		ns
	Transmit data delay time	Clock synchronous (slave) 2.7 V \leq VCC \leq 3.6 V		—	65		
		Clock synchronous (slave) 1.8 V \leq VCC < 2.7 V		—	85		
	Receive data setup time	Clock synchronous (master) 2.7 V \leq VCC \leq 3.6 V	t_{RXS}	65	—		ns
Clock synchronous (master) 1.8 V \leq VCC < 2.7 V		75		—			
Clock synchronous (slave)		40		—			
Receive data hold time	Clock synchronous	t_{RXH}	40	—	ns		

Note 1. $t_{P_{Cyc}}$: PCLK cycle

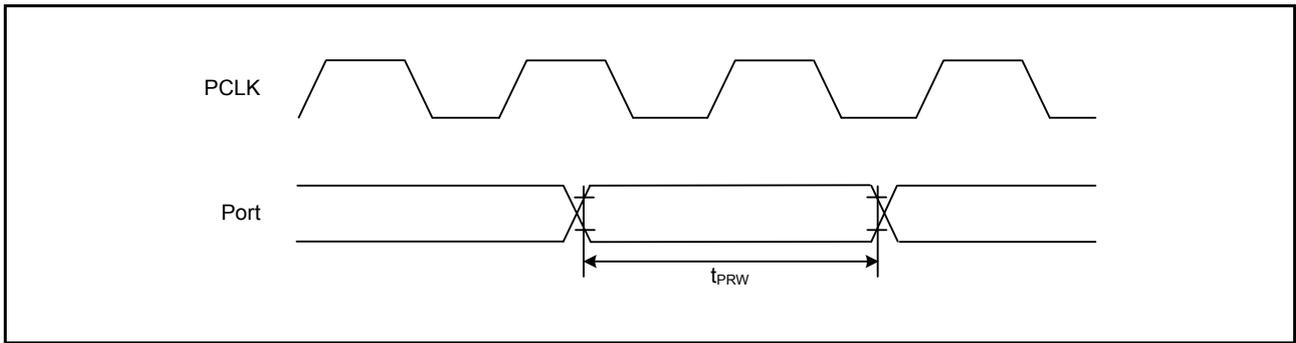


Figure 5.41 I/O Port Input Timing

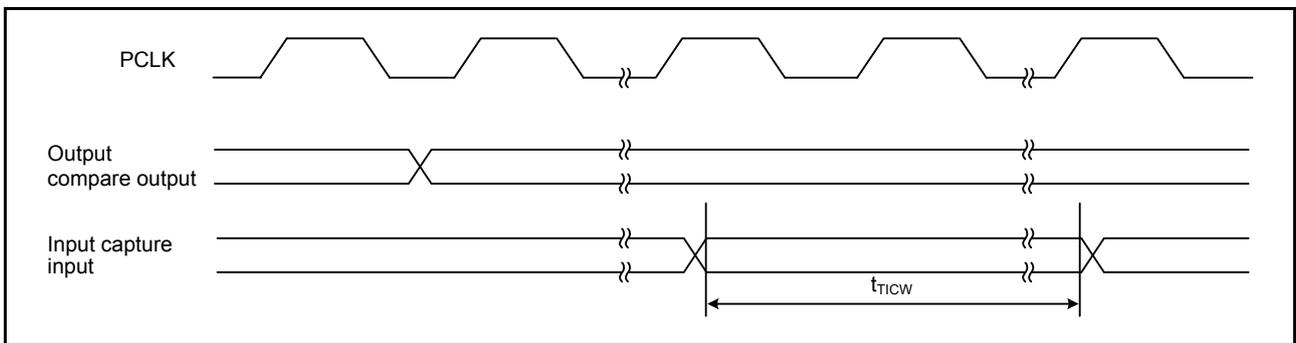


Figure 5.42 MTU Input/Output Timing

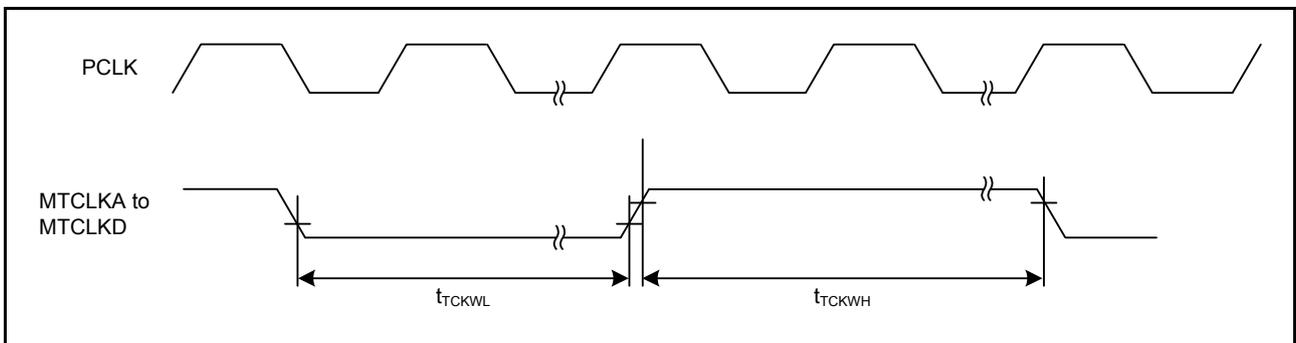


Figure 5.43 MTU Clock Input Timing

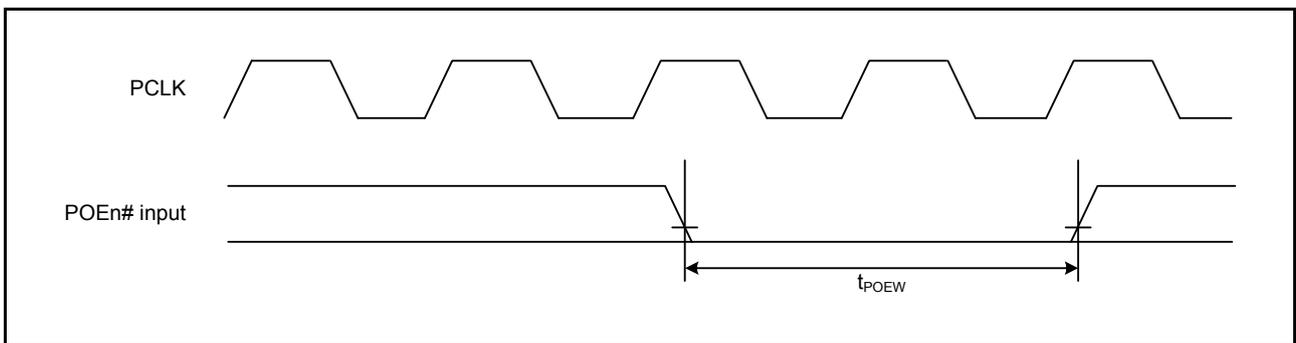


Figure 5.44 POE# Input Timing

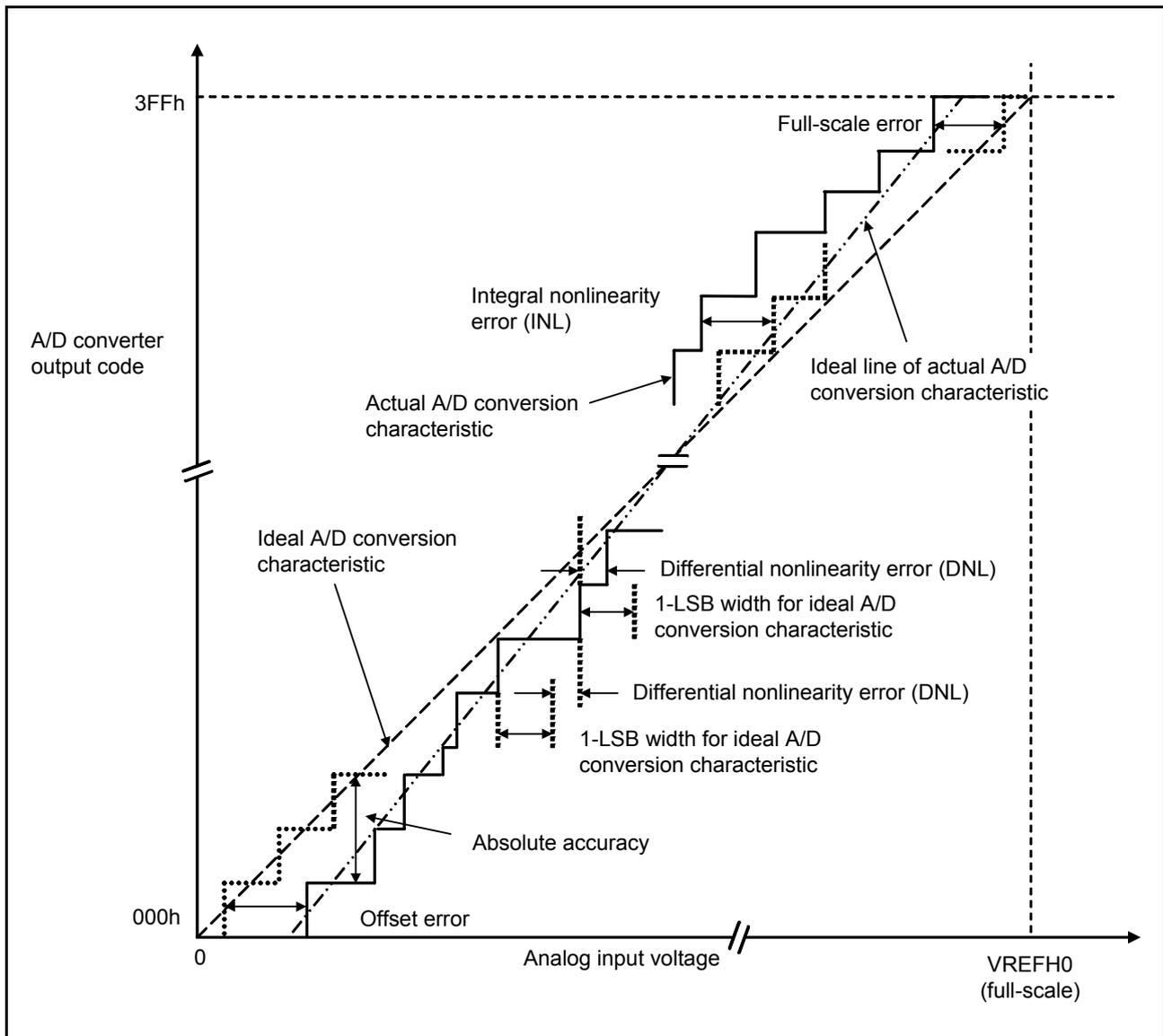


Figure 5.62 Illustration of A/D Converter Characteristic Terms

Absolute accuracy

Absolute accuracy is the difference between output code based on the theoretical A/D conversion characteristics, and the actual A/D conversion result. When measuring absolute accuracy, the voltage at the midpoint of the width of analog input voltage (1-LSB width), that can meet the expectation of outputting an equal code based on the theoretical A/D conversion characteristics, is used as an analog input voltage. For example, if 10-bit resolution is used and if reference voltage $V_{REFH0} = 2.56$ V, then 1-LSB width becomes 2.5 mV, and 0 mV, 2.5 mV, 5.0 mV, ... are used as analog input voltages.

If analog input voltage is 20 mV, absolute accuracy = ± 4 LSB means that the actual A/D conversion result is in the range of 004h to 00Ch though an output code, 008h, can be expected from the theoretical A/D conversion characteristics.

Integral nonlinearity error (INL)

Integral nonlinearity error is the maximum deviation between the ideal line when the measured offset and full-scale errors are zeroed, and the actual output code.

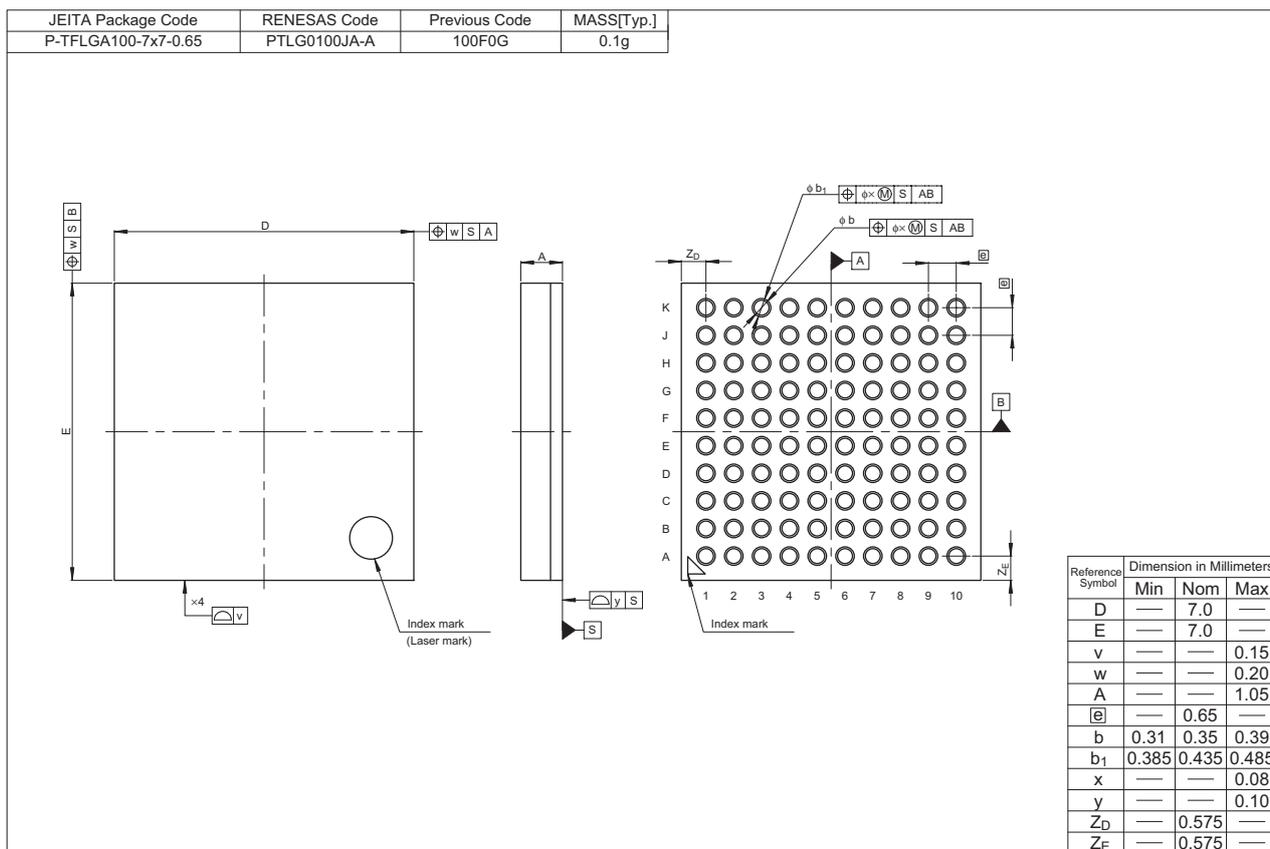


Figure D 100-Pin TFLGA (PTLG0100JA-A)