



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	R8C
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SIO, SSU, UART/USART
Peripherals	POR, PWM, Voltage Detect, WDT
Number of I/O	71
Program Memory Size	128KB (128K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	7.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 20x10b; D/A 2x8b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	80-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-LQFP (12x12)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f212ccsdfp-v2

Notice

1. All information included in this document is current as of the date this document is issued. Such information, however, is subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using any Renesas Electronics products listed herein, please confirm the latest product information with a Renesas Electronics sales office. Also, please pay regular and careful attention to additional and different information to be disclosed by Renesas Electronics such as that disclosed through our website.
2. Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
3. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part.
4. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
5. When exporting the products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or the technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations.
6. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
7. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following three quality grades: “Standard”, “High Quality”, and “Specific”. The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product’s quality grade, as indicated below. You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as “Specific” without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Further, you may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application for which it is not intended without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for an application categorized as “Specific” or for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product is “Standard” unless otherwise expressly specified in a Renesas Electronics data sheets or data books, etc.
 - “Standard”: Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots.
 - “High Quality”: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; safety equipment; and medical equipment not specifically designed for life support.
 - “Specific”: Aircraft; aerospace equipment; submersible repeaters; nuclear reactor control systems; medical equipment or systems for life support (e.g. artificial life support devices or systems), surgical implantations, or healthcare intervention (e.g. excision, etc.), and any other applications or purposes that pose a direct threat to human life.
8. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or system manufactured by you.
10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated, in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.

(Note 1) “Renesas Electronics” as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.

(Note 2) “Renesas Electronics product(s)” means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

1. Overview

1.1 Features

The R8C/2C Group and R8C/2D Group of single-chip MCUs incorporates the R8C/Tiny Series CPU core, employing sophisticated instructions for a high level of efficiency. With 1 Mbyte of address space, and it is capable of executing instructions at high speed. In addition, the CPU core boasts a multiplier for high-speed operation processing.

Power consumption is low, and the supported operating modes allow additional power control. These MCUs also use an anti-noise configuration to reduce emissions of electromagnetic noise and are designed to withstand EMI.

Integration of many peripheral functions, including multifunction timer and serial interface, reduces the number of system components.

Furthermore, the R8C/2D Group has on-chip data flash (1 KB \times 2 blocks).

The difference between the R8C/2C Group and R8C/2D Group is only the presence or absence of data flash. Their peripheral functions are the same.

1.1.1 Applications

Electronic household appliances, office equipment, audio equipment, consumer equipment, etc.

1.2 Product List

Table 1.5 lists Product List for R8C/2C Group, Figure 1.1 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2C Group, Table 1.6 lists Product List for R8C/2D Group, and Figure 1.2 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2D Group.

Table 1.5 Product List for R8C/2C Group

Current of Dec. 2007

Part No.	ROM Capacity	RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks		
R5F212C7SNFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version		
R5F212C8SNFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASNFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSNFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212C7SDFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212C8SDFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASDFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSDFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212C7SNXXXFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version	Factory programming product ⁽¹⁾	
R5F212C8SNXXXFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASNXXXFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSNXXXFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212C7SDXXXFP	48 Kbytes	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212C8SDXXXFP	64 Kbytes	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CASDXXXFP	96 Kbytes	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212CCSDXXXFP	128 Kbytes	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			

NOTE:

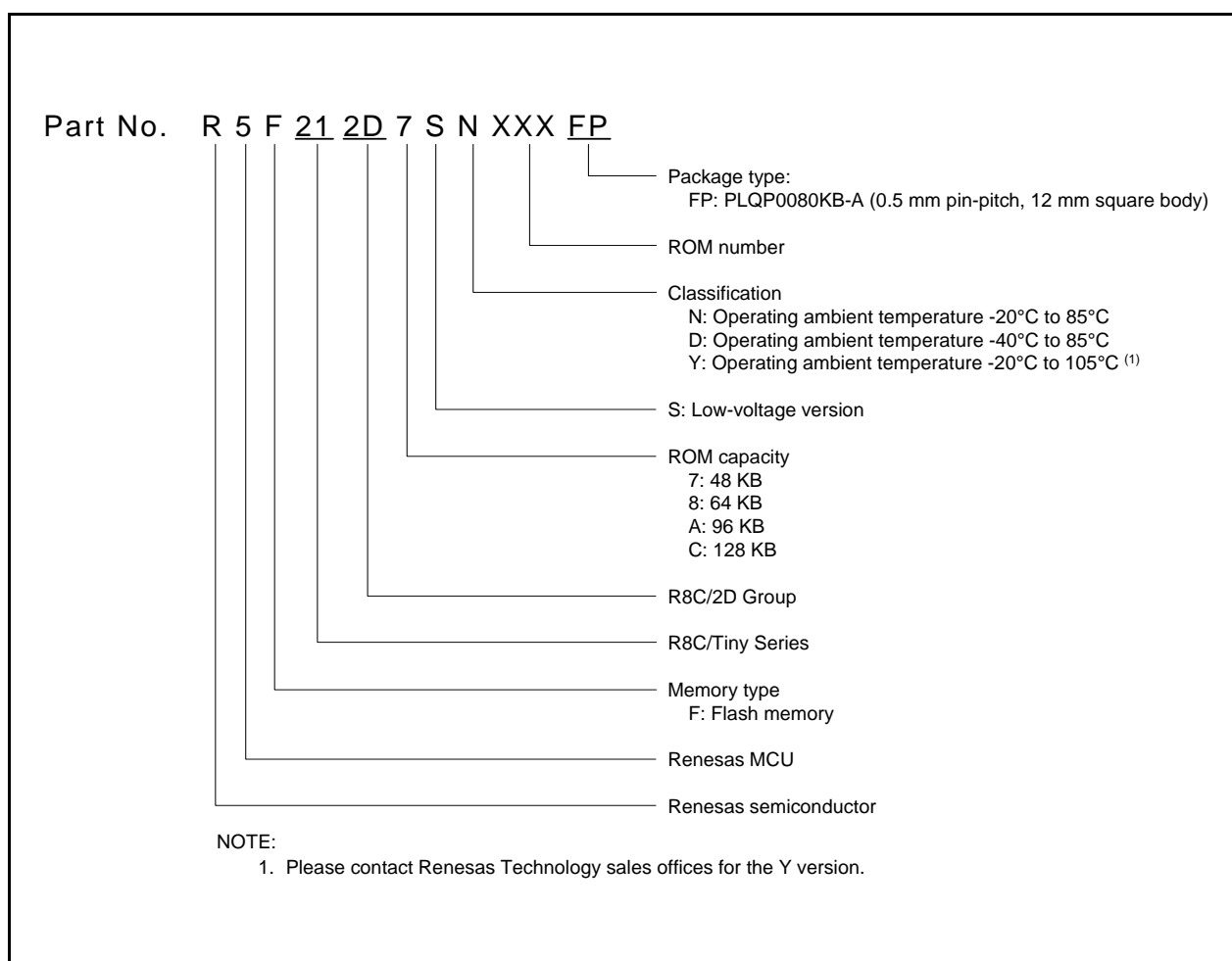
1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

Table 1.6 Product List for R8C/2D Group**Current of Dec. 2007**

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM Capacity	Package Type	Remarks		
	Program ROM	Data flash					
R5F212D7SNFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version		
R5F212D8SNFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASNFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSNFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212D7SDFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212D8SDFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASDFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSDFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212D7SNXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	N version	Factory programming product ⁽¹⁾	
R5F212D8SNXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASNXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSNXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212D7SDXXXFP	48 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	2.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A	D version		
R5F212D8SDXXXFP	64 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	3 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DASDXXXFP	96 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			
R5F212DCSDXXXFP	128 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 2	7.5 Kbytes	PLQP0080KB-A			

NOTE:

1. The user ROM is programmed before shipment.

**Figure 1.2 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/2D Group**

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.3 shows a Block Diagram.

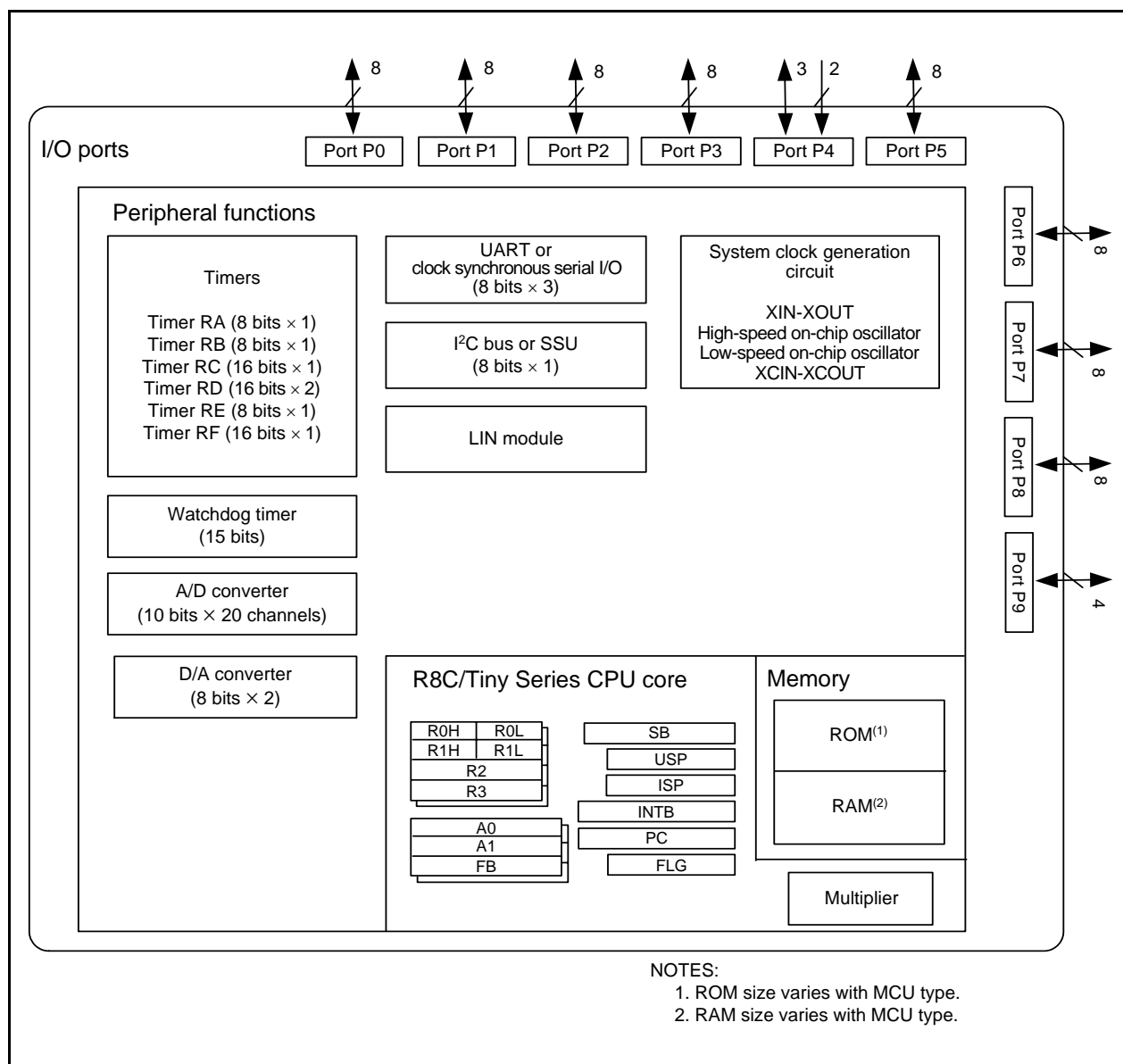


Figure 1.3 Block Diagram

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

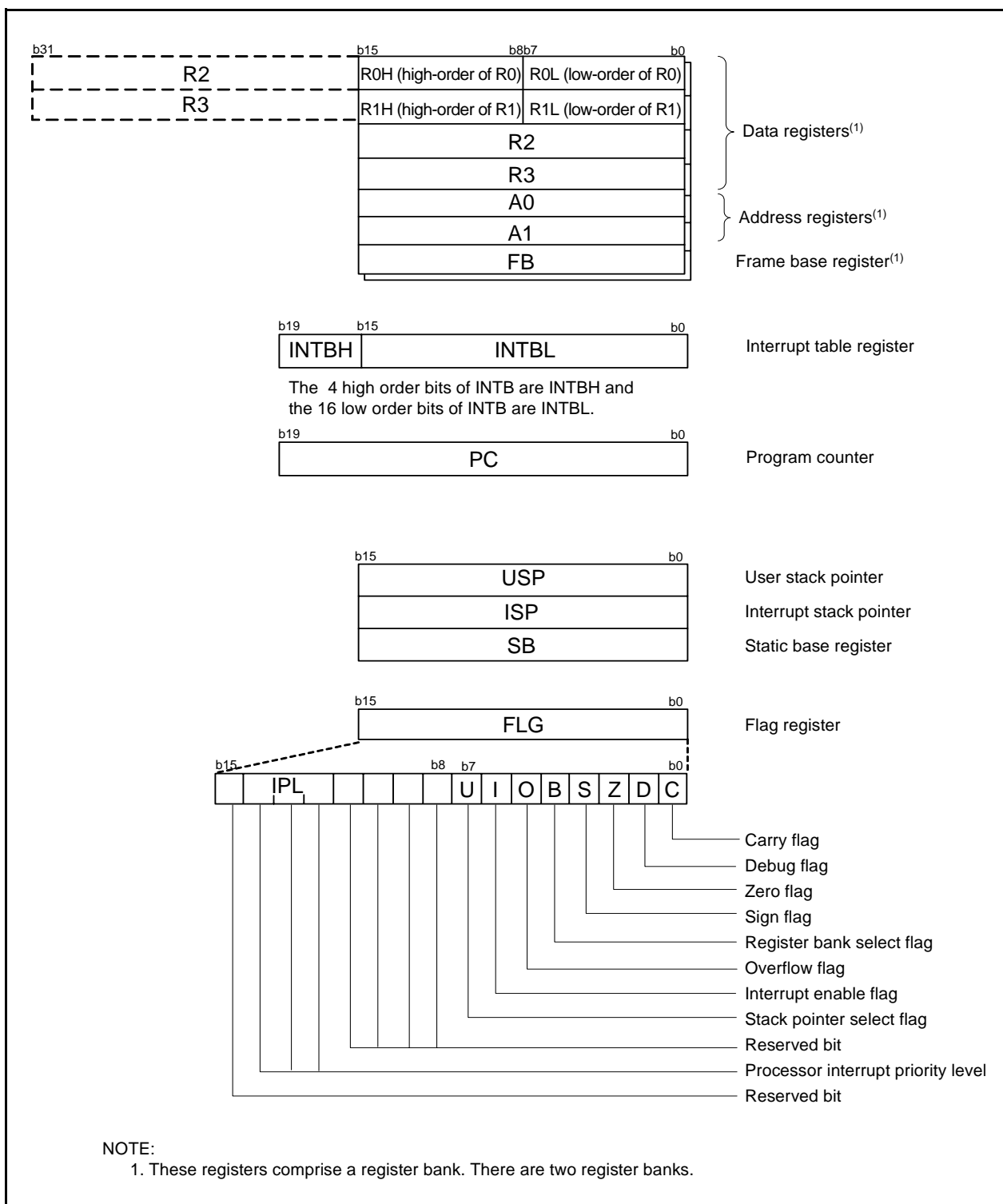


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupt are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7.

If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.

3. Memory

3.1 R8C/2C Group

Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/2C Group. The R8C/2C group has 1 Mbyte of address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh.

The internal ROM is allocated lower addresses, beginning with address 0FFFFh. For example, a 48-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 04000h to 0FFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. They store the starting address of each interrupt routine.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 2.5-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 00DFFh. The internal RAM is used not only for storing data but also for calling subroutines and as stacks when interrupt requests are acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh. The peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All addresses within the SFR, which have nothing allocated are reserved for future use and cannot be accessed by users.

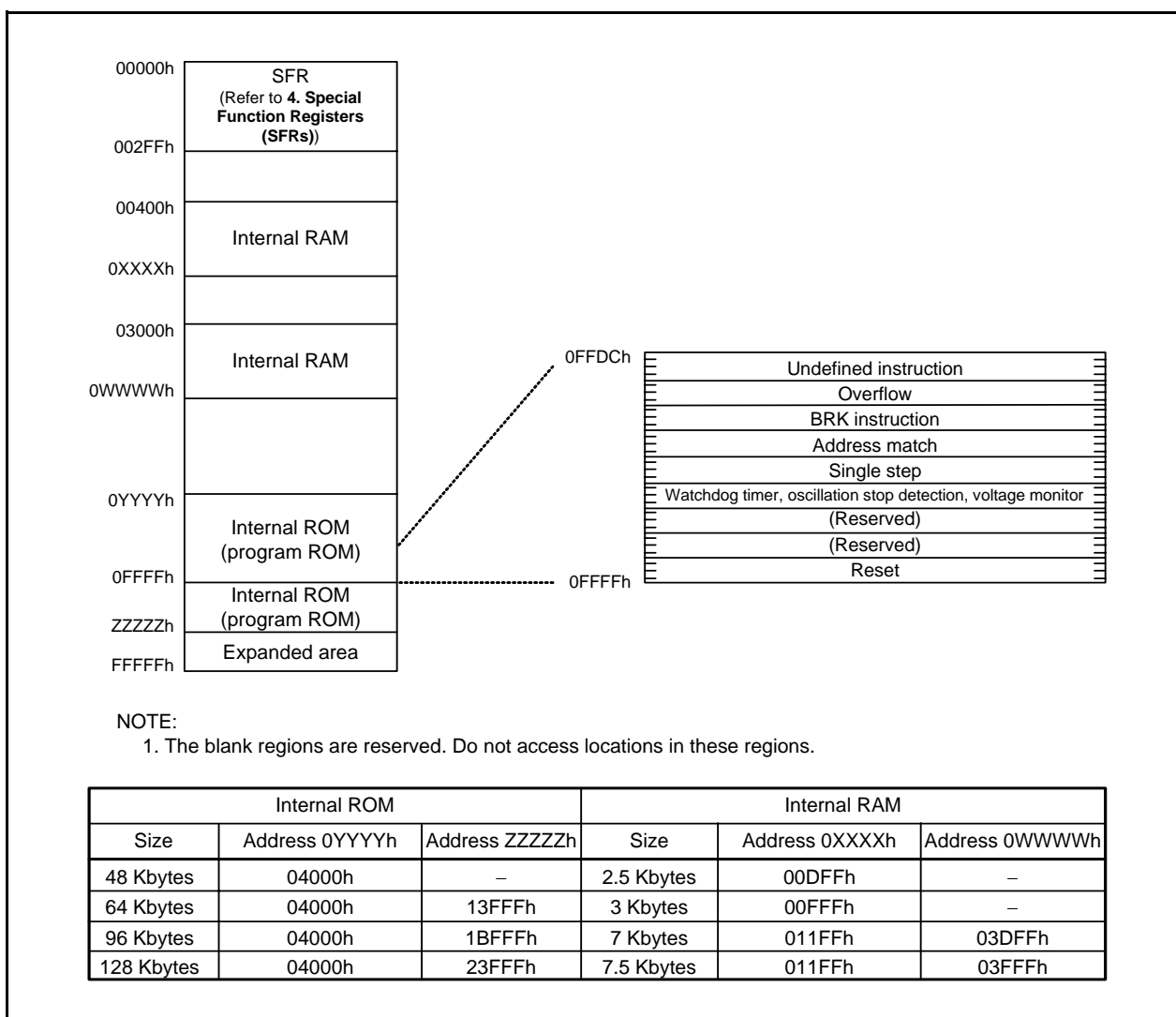


Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/2C Group

Table 4.4 SFR Information (4)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
00C0h			
00C1h			
00C2h			
00C3h			
00C4h			
00C5h			
00C6h			
00C7h			
00C8h			
00C9h			
00CAh			
00CBh			
00CCh			
00CDh			
00CEh			
00CFh			
00D0h			
00D1h			
00D2h			
00D3h			
00D4h			
00D5h			
00D6h			
00D7h			
00D8h	D/A Register 0	DA0	00h
00D9h			
00DAh	D/A Register 1	DA1	00h
00DBh			
00DCh	D/A Control Register	DACON	00h
00DDh			
00DEh			
00DFh			
00E0h	Port P0 Register	P0	XXh
00E1h	Port P1 Register	P1	XXh
00E2h	Port P0 Direction Register	PD0	00h
00E3h	Port P1 Direction Register	PD1	00h
00E4h	Port P2 Register	P2	XXh
00E5h	Port P3 Register	P3	XXh
00E6h	Port P2 Direction Register	PD2	00h
00E7h	Port P3 Direction Register	PD3	00h
00E8h	Port P4 Register	P4	XXh
00E9h	Port P5 Register	P5	XXh
00EAh	Port P4 Direction Register	PD4	00h
00EBh	Port P5 Direction Register	PD5	00h
00ECh	Port P6 Register	P6	XXh
00EDh			
00EEh	Port P6 Direction Register	PD6	00h
00EFh			
00F0h			
00F1h			
00F2h			
00F3h			
00F4h	Port P2 Drive Capacity Control Register	P2DRR	00h
00F5h	UART1 Function Select Register	U1SR	000000XXb
00F6h			
00F7h			
00F8h	Port Mode Register	PMR	00h
00F9h	External Input Enable Register	INTEN	00h
00FAh	INT Input Filter Select Register	INTF	00h
00FBh	Key Input Enable Register	KIEN	00h
00FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 0	PUR0	00h
00FDh	Pull-Up Control Register 1	PUR1	XX000000b
00FEh			
00FFh			

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.6 SFR Information (6)⁽¹⁾

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0140h	Timer RD Control Register 0	TRDCR0	00h
0141h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A0	TRDIOA0	10001000b
0142h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C0	TRDIORC0	10001000b
0143h	Timer RD Status Register 0	TRDSR0	11000000b
0144h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 0	TRDIER0	11100000b
0145h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	TRDPOCR0	11111000b
0146h	Timer RD Counter 0	TRD0	00h
0147h			00h
0148h	Timer RD General Register A0	TRDGRA0	FFh
0149h			FFh
014Ah	Timer RD General Register B0	TRDGRB0	FFh
014Bh			FFh
014Ch	Timer RD General Register C0	TRDGRC0	FFh
014Dh			FFh
014Eh	Timer RD General Register D0	TRDGRD0	FFh
014Fh			FFh
0150h	Timer RD Control Register 1	TRDCR1	00h
0151h	Timer RD I/O Control Register A1	TRDIOA1	10001000b
0152h	Timer RD I/O Control Register C1	TRDIORC1	10001000b
0153h	Timer RD Status Register 1	TRDSR1	11000000b
0154h	Timer RD Interrupt Enable Register 1	TRDIER1	11100000b
0155h	Timer RD PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 1	TRDPOCR1	11111000b
0156h	Timer RD Counter 1	TRD1	00h
0157h			00h
0158h	Timer RD General Register A1	TRDGRA1	FFh
0159h			FFh
015Ah	Timer RD General Register B1	TRDGRB1	FFh
015Bh			FFh
015Ch	Timer RD General Register C1	TRDGRC1	FFh
015Dh			FFh
015Eh	Timer RD General Register D1	TRDGRD1	FFh
015Fh			FFh
0160h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Mode Register	U2MR	00h
0161h	UART2 Bit Rate Register	U2BRG	XXh
0162h	UART2 Transmit Buffer Register	U2TB	XXh
0163h			XXh
0164h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 0	U2C0	00001000b
0165h	UART2 Transmit/Receive Control Register 1	U2C1	00000010b
0166h	UART2 Receive Buffer Register	U2RB	XXh
0167h			XXh
0168h			
0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

X: Undefined

NOTE:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.

Table 4.11 SFR Information (11)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
0280h			
0281h			
0282h			
0283h			
0284h			
0285h			
0286h			
0287h			
0288h			
0289h			
028Ah			
028Bh			
028Ch			
028Dh			
028Eh			
028Fh			
0290h	Timer RF Register	TRF	00h
0291h			00h
0292h			
0293h			
0294h			
0295h			
0296h			
0297h			
0298h			
0299h			
029Ah	Timer RF Control Register 0	TRFCR0	00h
029Bh	Timer RF Control Register 1	TRFCR1	00h
029Ch	Capture / Compare 0 Register	TRFM0	0000h ⁽²⁾
029Dh			FFFFh ⁽³⁾
029Eh	Compare 1 Register	TRFM1	FFh
029Fh			FFh
02A0h			
02A1h			
02A2h			
02A3h			
02A4h			
02A5h			
02A6h			
02A7h			
02A8h			
02A9h			
02AAh			
02ABh			
02ACh			
02ADh			
02AEh			
02AFh			
02B0h			
02B1h			
02B2h			
02B3h			
02B4h			
02B5h			
02B6h			
02B7h			
02B8h			
02B9h			
02BAh			
02BBh			
02BCh			
02BDh			
02BEh			
02BFh			

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. After input capture mode.
3. After output compare mode.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12)(1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After reset
02C0h	A/D Register 0	AD0	XXh
02C1h			XXh
02C2h	A/D Register 1	AD1	XXh
02C3h			XXh
02C4h	A/D Register 2	AD2	XXh
02C5h			XXh
02C6h	A/D Register 3	AD3	XXh
02C7h			XXh
02C8h			
02C9h			
02CAh			
02CBh			
02CCh			
02CDh			
02CEh			
02CFh			
02D0h			
02D1h			
02D2h			
02D3h			
02D4h	A/D Control Register 2	ADCON2	00001000b
02D5h			
02D6h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00000011b
02D7h	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
02D8h			
02D9h			
02DAh			
02DBh			
02DCh			
02DDh			
02DEh			
02DFh			
02E0h	Port P7 Direction Register	PD7	00h
02E1h			
02E2h	Port P7 Register	P7	XXh
02E3h			
02E4h	Port P8 Direction Register	PD8	00h
02E5h	Port P9 Direction Register	PD9	X0h
02E6h	Port P8 Register	P8	XXh
02E7h	Port P9 Register	P9	XXh
02E8h			
02E9h			
02EAh			
02EBh			
02ECh			
02EDh			
02EEh			
02EFh			
02F0h			
02F1h			
02F2h			
02F3h			
02F4h			
02F5h			
02F6h			
02F7h			
02F8h			
02F9h			
02FAh			
02FBh			
02FCh	Pull-Up Control Register 2	PUR2	XXX00000b
02FDh			
02FEh			
02FFh	Timer RF Output Control Register	TRFOUT	00h
FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 2)

X: Undefined

NOTES:

1. The blank regions are reserved. Do not access locations in these regions.
2. The OFS register cannot be changed by a program. Use a flash programmer to write to it.

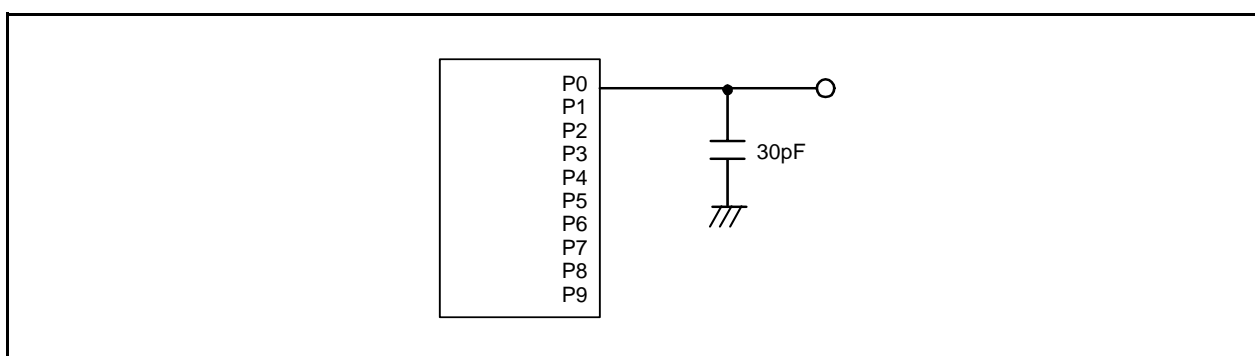


Figure 5.1 Ports P0 to P9 Timing Measurement Circuit

Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	—	—	10	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 3	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 5	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
		10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 5	LSB
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 5 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$	—	—	± 2	LSB
R_{ladder}	Resistor ladder		$V_{ref} = AV_{CC}$	10	—	40	$k\Omega$
t_{conv}	Conversion time	10-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	3.3	—	—	μs
		8-bit mode	$\phi_{AD} = 10 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	2.8	—	—	μs
V_{ref}	Reference voltage			2.2	—	AV_{CC}	V
V_{IA}	Analog input voltage ⁽²⁾			0	—	AV_{CC}	V
—	A/D operating clock frequency	Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	10	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	10	MHz
		Without sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.25	—	5	MHz
		With sample and hold	$V_{ref} = AV_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1	—	5	MHz

NOTES:

- $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

Table 5.4 D/A Converter Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Resolution		—	—	8	Bit
—	Absolute accuracy		—	—	1.0	%
t_{su}	Setup time		—	—	3	μs
R_o	Output resistor		4	10	20	$k\Omega$
I_{Vref}	Reference power input current	(NOTE 2)	—	—	1.5	mA

NOTES:

- $V_{CC}/AV_{CC} = V_{ref} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- This applies when one D/A converter is used and the value of the DA_i register ($i = 0 \text{ or } 1$) for the unused D/A converter is 00h. The resistor ladder of the A/D converter is not included. Also, even if the VCUT bit in the ADCON1 register is set to 0 (V_{ref} not connected), I_{Vref} flows into the D/A converters.

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A, Block B) Electrical Characteristics⁽⁴⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
—	Program/erase endurance ⁽²⁾		10,000 ⁽³⁾	—	—	times
—	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		—	50	400	μs
—	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		—	65	—	μs
—	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		—	0.2	9	s
—	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		—	0.3	—	s
t _d (SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		—	—	97+CPU clock × 6 cycles	μs
—	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		650	—	—	μs
—	Interval from program start/restart until following suspend request		0	—	—	ns
—	Time from suspend until program/erase restart		—	—	3+CPU clock × 4 cycles	μs
—	Program, erase voltage		2.7	—	5.5	V
—	Read voltage		2.2	—	5.5	V
—	Program, erase temperature		−20 ⁽⁸⁾	—	85	°C
—	Data hold time ⁽⁹⁾	Ambient temperature = 55 °C	20	—	—	year

NOTES:

1. V_{CC} = 2.7 to 5.5 V at T_{opr} = −20 to 85°C (N version) / −40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 100 or 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
4. Standard of block A and block B when program and erase endurance exceeds 1,000 times. Byte program time to 1,000 times is the same as that in program ROM.
5. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erase count of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
6. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
7. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
8. −40°C for D version.
9. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

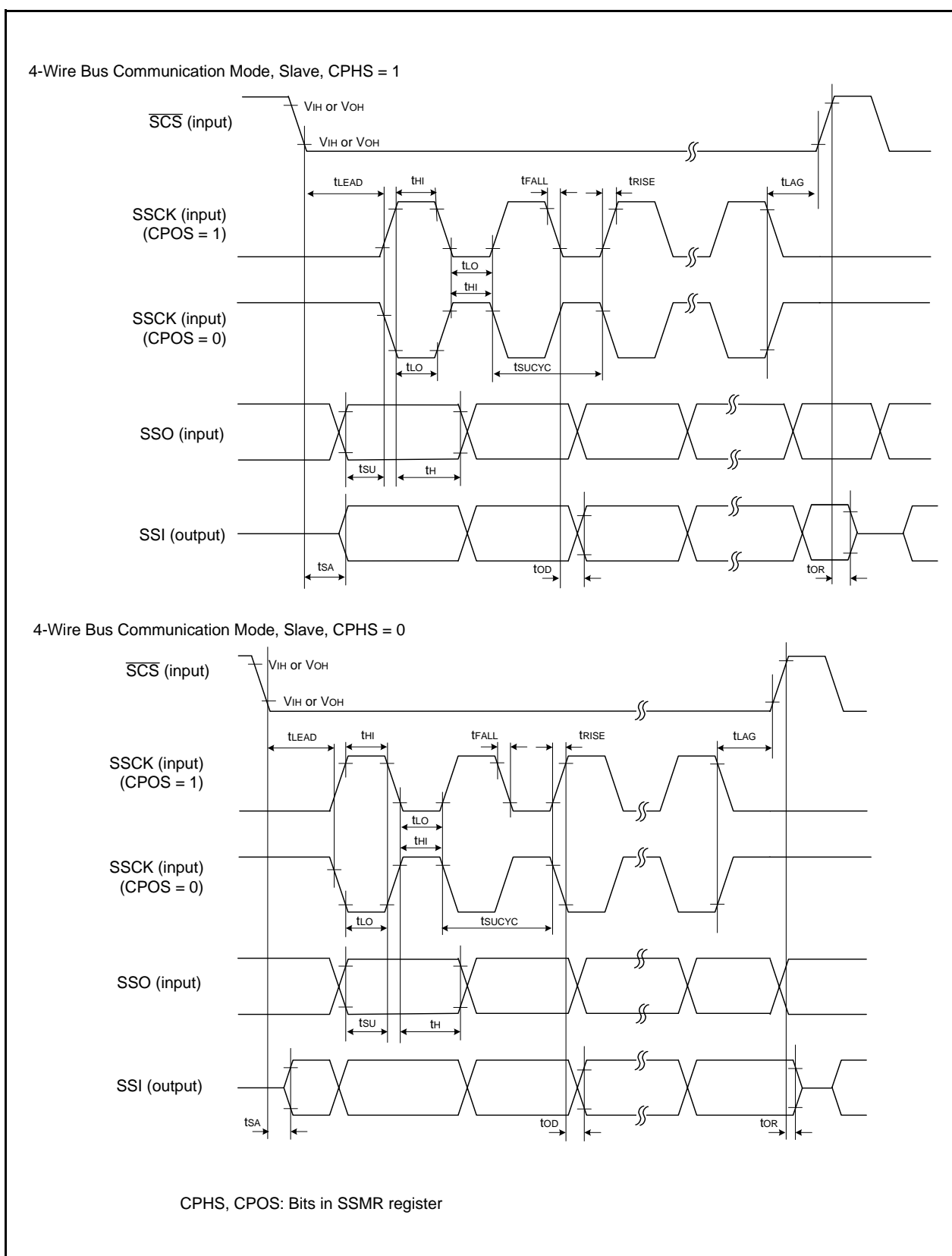


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Slave)

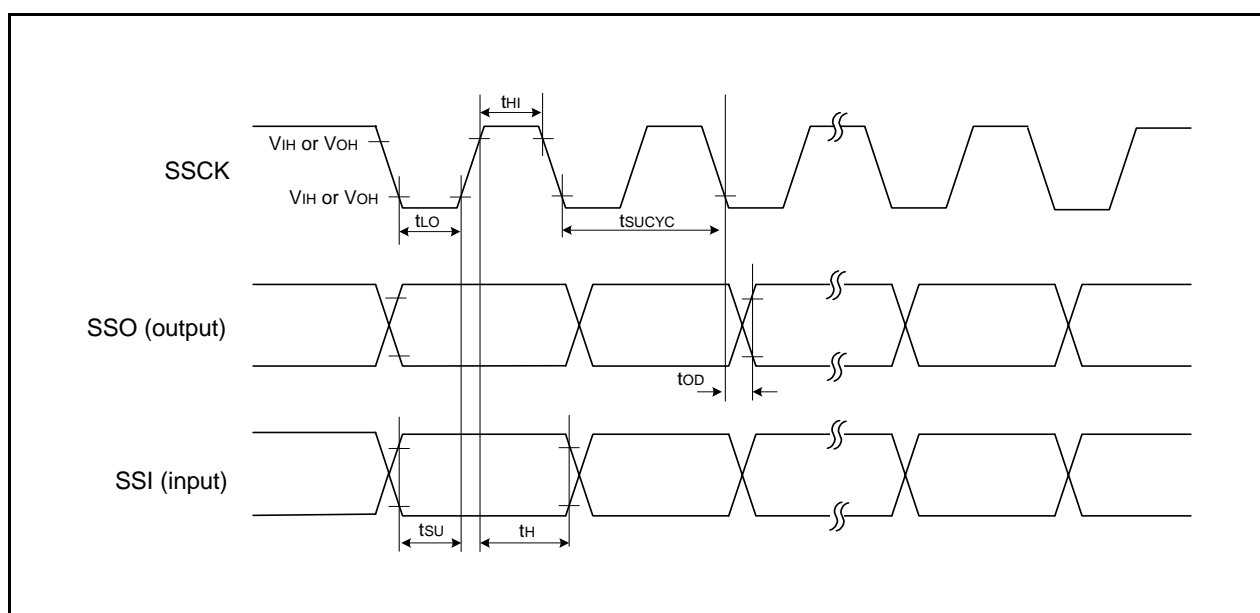
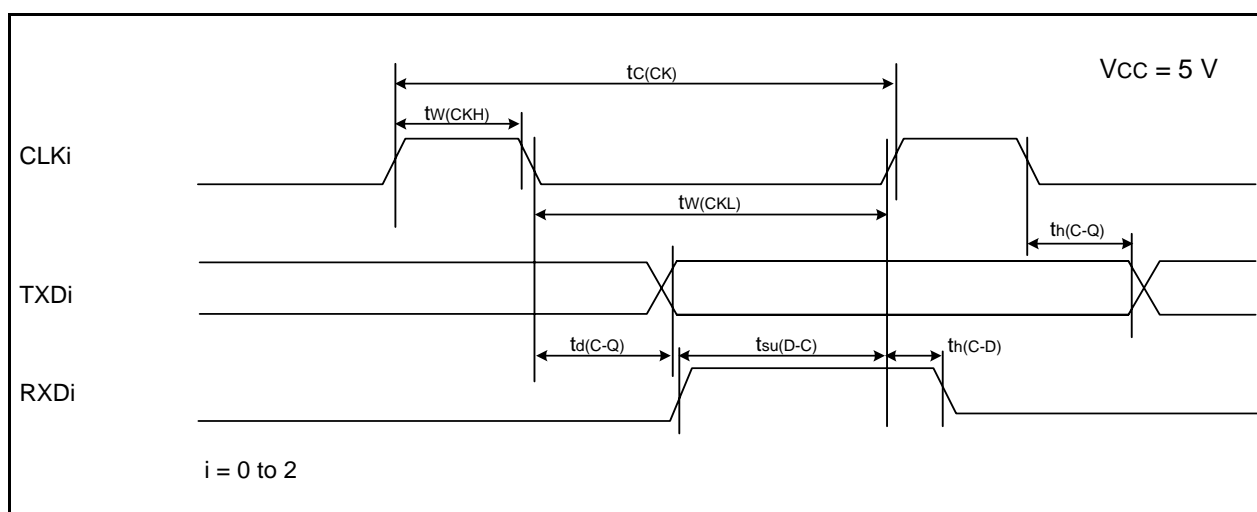


Figure 5.6 I/O Timing of Clock Synchronous Serial I/O with Chip Select (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode)

Table 5.21 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(CK)}$	CLKi input cycle time	200	—	ns
$t_{w(CKH)}$	CLKi input “H” width	100	—	ns
$t_{w(CKL)}$	CLKi input “L” width	100	—	ns
$t_{d(C-Q)}$	TXDi output delay time	—	50	ns
$t_{h(C-Q)}$	TXDi hold time	0	—	ns
$t_{su(D-C)}$	RXDi input setup time	50	—	ns
$t_{h(C-D)}$	RXDi input hold time	90	—	ns

i = 0 to 2

**Figure 5.11 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V****Table 5.22 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} (i = 0, 2, 3) Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{w(INH)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input “H” width	250 ⁽¹⁾	—	ns
$t_{w(INL)}$	$\overline{INT0}$ input “L” width	250 ⁽²⁾	—	ns

NOTES:

1. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
2. When selecting the digital filter by the \overline{INTi} input filter select bit, use an \overline{INTi} input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

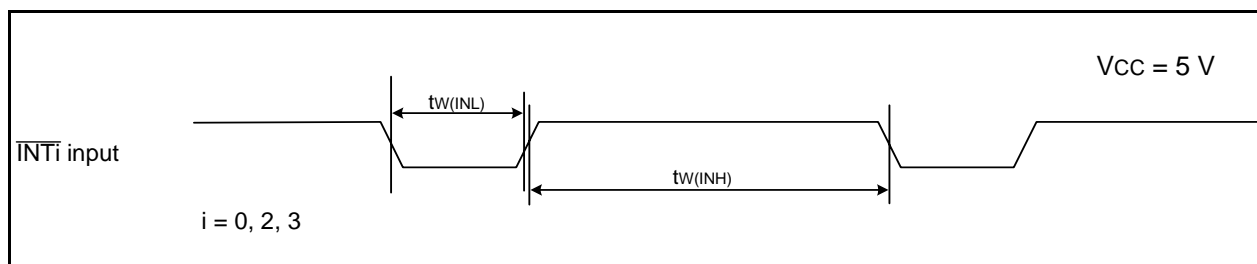
**Figure 5.12 External Interrupt \overline{INTi} Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V**

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [V_{CC} = 3 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{OH}	Output "H" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OH} = -1 mA		V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -5 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OH} = -50 μA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	V _{CC}	V
V _{OL}	Output "L" voltage	Except P2_0 to P2_7, XOUT	I _{OL} = 1 mA		—	—	0.5	V
		P2_0 to P2_7	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 5 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
		XOUT	Drive capacity HIGH	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	—	—	0.5	V
			Drive capacity LOW	I _{OL} = 50 μA	—	—	0.5	V
V _{T+} -V _{T-}	Hysteresis	INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, KI0, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRFI, RXD0, RXD1, CLK0, CLK1, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO			0.1	0.3	—	V
		RESET			0.1	0.4	—	V
I _{IH}	Input "H" current		V _I = 3 V		—	—	4.0	μA
I _{IL}	Input "L" current		V _I = 0 V		—	—	-4.0	μA
R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistance		V _I = 0 V		66	160	500	kΩ
R _{FXIN}	Feedback resistance	XIN			—	3.0	—	MΩ
R _{FXCIN}	Feedback resistance	XCIN			—	18	—	MΩ
V _{RAM}	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	—	—	V

NOTE:

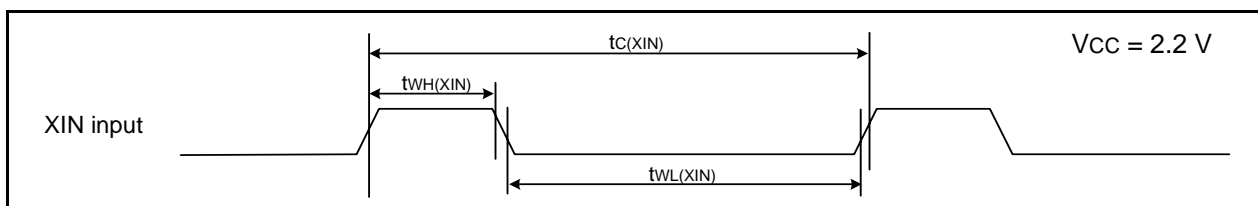
- V_{CC} = 2.7 to 3.3 V at T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

**Table 5.31 Electrical Characteristics (6) [Vcc = 2.2 V]
(T_{opr} = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)**

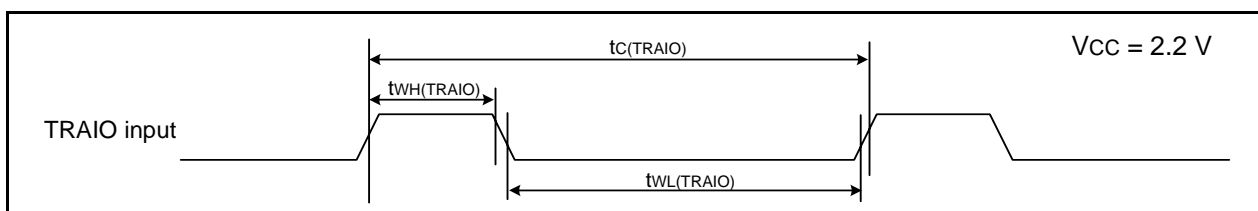
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I _{cc}	Power supply current (V _{cc} = 2.2 to 2.7 V) Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins are V _{ss}	High-speed clock mode	—	2.5	—	mA
				1	—	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	—	4	—	mA
				1.7	—	mA
		Low-speed on- chip oscillator mode	—	110	300	μA
		Low-speed clock mode	—	125	350	μA
				27	—	μA
		Wait mode	—	20	60	μA
				12	40	μA
				2.8	—	μA
				1.9	—	μA
				—	—	—
		Stop mode	—	0.6	3.0	μA
				1.60	—	μA

Timing requirements**(Unless Otherwise Specified: $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ at $T_{opr} = 25^\circ\text{C}$) [$V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$]****Table 5.32 XIN Input, XCIN Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(XIN)}$	XIN input cycle time	200	–	ns
$t_{WH(XIN)}$	XIN input “H” width	90	–	ns
$t_{WL(XIN)}$	XIN input “L” width	90	–	ns
$t_{c(XCIN)}$	XCIN input cycle time	14	–	μs
$t_{WH(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “H” width	7	–	μs
$t_{WL(XCIN)}$	XCIN input “L” width	7	–	μs

**Figure 5.18 XIN Input and XCIN Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$** **Table 5.33 TRAIO Input, $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input**

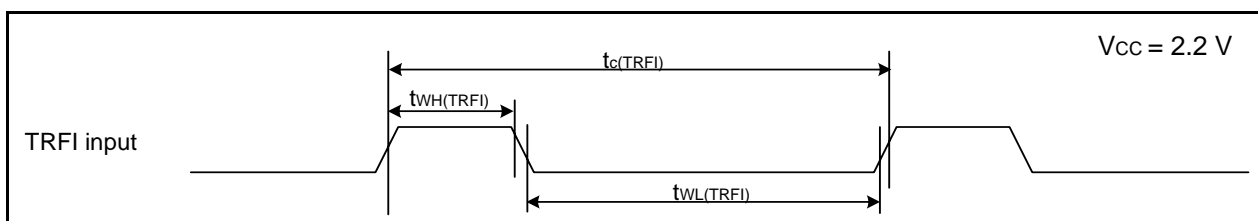
Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input cycle time	500	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “H” width	200	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRAIO)}$	TRAIO input “L” width	200	–	ns

**Figure 5.19 TRAIO Input and $\overline{\text{INT1}}$ Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$** **Table 5.34 TRFI Input**

Symbol	Parameter	Standard		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
$t_{c(TRFI)}$	TRFI input cycle time	2000 ⁽¹⁾	–	ns
$t_{WH(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “H” width	1000 ⁽²⁾	–	ns
$t_{WL(TRFI)}$	TRFI input “L” width	1000 ⁽²⁾	–	ns

NOTES:

1. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the cycle time to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 3)$ or above.
2. When using timer RF input capture mode, adjust the pulse width to $(1/\text{timer RF count source frequency} \times 1.5)$ or above.

**Figure 5.20 TRFI Input Timing Diagram when $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V}$**