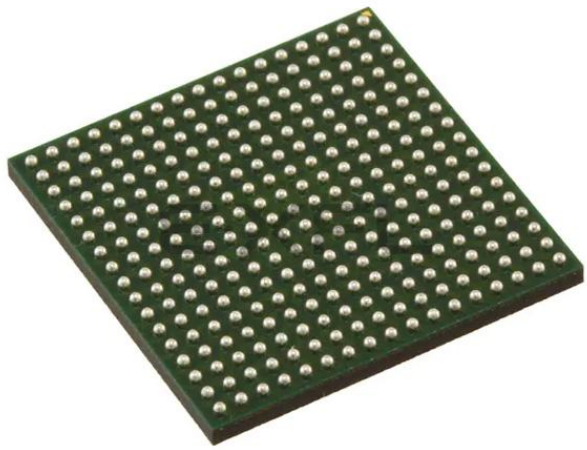


Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	1584
Total RAM Bits	18432
Number of I/O	157
Number of Gates	60000
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.575V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	289-TFBGA, CSBGA
Supplier Device Package	289-CSP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/aglp060v2-cs289

Table of Contents

VersaTiles

The IGLOO PLUS core consists of VersaTiles, which have been enhanced beyond the ProASIC[PLUS]® core tiles. The IGLOO PLUS VersaTile supports the following:

- All 3-input logic functions—LUT-3 equivalent
- Latch with clear or set
- D-flip-flop with clear or set
- Enable D-flip-flop with clear or set

Refer to Figure 1-3 for VersaTile configurations.

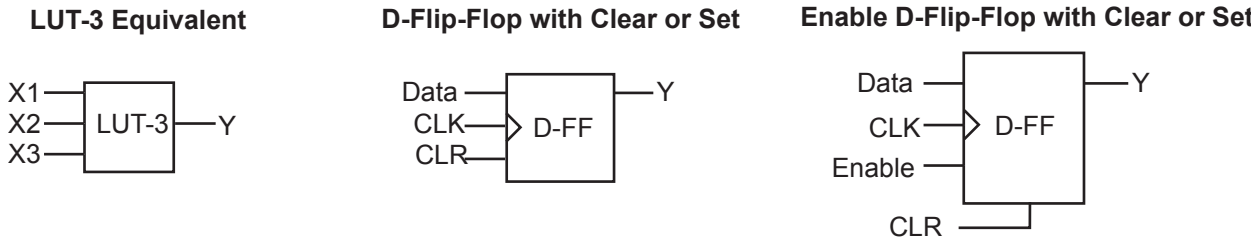


Figure 1-3 • **VersaTile Configurations**

User Nonvolatile FlashROM

IGLOO PLUS devices have 1 kbit of on-chip, user-accessible, nonvolatile FlashROM. The FlashROM can be used in diverse system applications:

- Internet protocol addressing (wireless or fixed)
- System calibration settings
- Device serialization and/or inventory control
- Subscription-based business models (for example, set-top boxes)
- Secure key storage for secure communications algorithms
- Asset management/tracking
- Date stamping
- Version management

The FlashROM is written using the standard IGLOO PLUS IEEE 1532 JTAG programming interface. The core can be individually programmed (erased and written), and on-chip AES decryption can be used selectively to securely load data over public networks (except in AGLP030 devices), as in security keys stored in the FlashROM for a user design.

The FlashROM can be programmed via the JTAG programming interface, and its contents can be read back either through the JTAG programming interface or via direct FPGA core addressing. Note that the FlashROM can only be programmed from the JTAG interface and cannot be programmed from the internal logic array.

The FlashROM is programmed as 8 banks of 128 bits; however, reading is performed on a byte-by-byte basis using a synchronous interface. A 7-bit address from the FPGA core defines which of the 8 banks and which of the 16 bytes within that bank are being read. The three most significant bits (MSBs) of the FlashROM address determine the bank, and the four least significant bits (LSBs) of the FlashROM address define the byte.

The IGLOO PLUS development software solutions, Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC) and Designer, have extensive support for the FlashROM. One such feature is auto-generation of sequential programming files for applications requiring a unique serial number in each part. Another feature allows the inclusion of static data for system version control. Data for the FlashROM can be generated quickly and easily using Libero SoC and Designer software tools. Comprehensive programming file support is also included to allow for easy programming of large numbers of parts with differing FlashROM contents.

2 – IGLOO PLUS DC and Switching Characteristics

General Specifications

Operating Conditions

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 2-1 may cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Absolute Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under the Recommended Operating Conditions specified in Table 2-2 on page 2-2 is not implied.

Table 2-1 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC core supply voltage	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VJTAG	JTAG DC voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VPUMP	Programming voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VCCPLL	Analog power supply (PLL)	–0.3 to 1.65	V
VCCI	DC I/O buffer supply voltage	–0.3 to 3.75	V
VI[1]	I/O input voltage	–0.3 V to 3.6 V	V
T_{STG} [2]	Storage temperature	–65 to +150	°C
T_J [2]	Junction temperature	+125	°C

Notes:

1. *The device should be operated within the limits specified by the datasheet. During transitions, the input signal may undershoot or overshoot according to the limits shown in Table 2-4 on page 2-3.*
2. *For flash programming and retention maximum limits, refer to Table 2-3 on page 2-3, and for recommended operating limits, refer to Table 2-2 on page 2-2.*

Ramping up (V2 devices): 0.65 V < trip_point_up < 1.05 V
Ramping down (V2 devices): 0.55 V < trip_point_down < 0.95 V

VCC and VCCI ramp-up trip points are about 100 mV higher than ramp-down trip points. This specifically built-in hysteresis prevents undesirable power-up oscillations and current surges. Note the following:

- During programming, I/Os become tristated and weakly pulled up to VCCI.
- JTAG supply, PLL power supplies, and charge pump VPUMP supply have no influence on I/O behavior.

PLL Behavior at Brownout Condition

Microsemi recommends using monotonic power supplies or voltage regulators to ensure proper power-up behavior. Power ramp-up should be monotonic at least until VCC and VCCPLX exceed brownout activation levels (see Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2 on page 2-5 for more details).

When PLL power supply voltage and/or VCC levels drop below the VCC brownout levels (0.75 V ± 0.25 V for V5 devices, and 0.75 V ± 0.2 V for V2 devices), the PLL output lock signal goes Low and/or the output clock is lost. Refer to the "Brownout Voltage" section in the "Power-Up/-Down Behavior of Low Power Flash Devices" chapter of the *IGLOO PLUS Device Family User's Guide* for information on clock and lock recovery.

Internal Power-Up Activation Sequence

1. Core
2. Input buffers
3. Output buffers, after 200 ns delay from input buffer activation

To make sure the transition from input buffers to output buffers is clean, ensure that there is no path longer than 100 ns from input buffer to output buffer in your design.

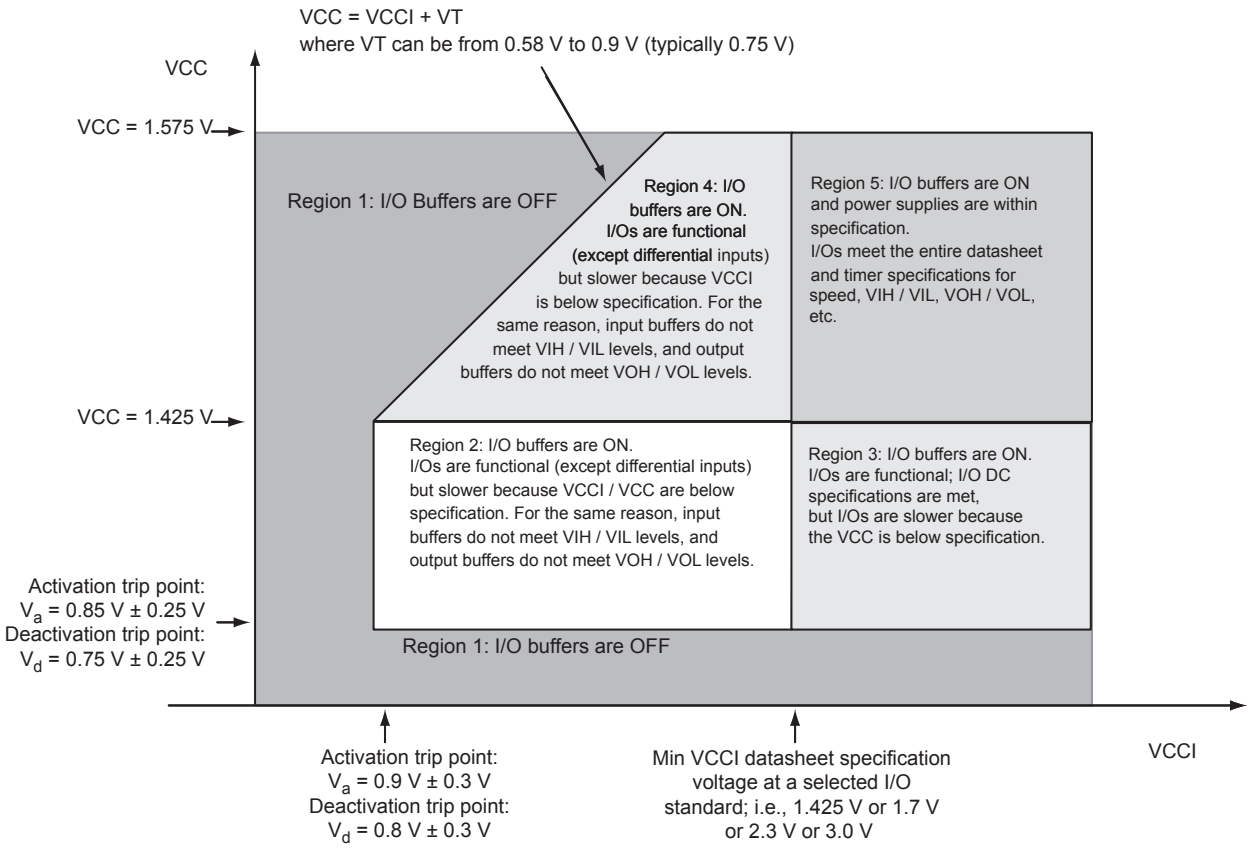


Figure 2-1 • **V5 Devices – I/O State as a Function of VCCI and VCC Voltage Levels**

Table 2-29 • I/O Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistances
Minimum and Maximum Weak Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistance Values

	$R_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}UP)}$[1] (Ω)		$R_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}DOWN)}$[2] (Ω)	
VCCI	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**
3.3 V	10 K	45 K	10 K	45 K
3.3 V (wide range I/Os)	10 K	45 K	10 K	45 K
2.5 V	11 K	55 K	12 K	74 K
1.8 V	18 K	70 K	17 K	110 K
1.5 V	19 K	90 K	19 K	140 K
1.2 V	25 K	110 K	25 K	150 K
1.2 V (wide range I/Os)	19 K	110 K	19 K	150 K

Notes:

1. $R_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}UP\text{-}MAX)} = (VCCImax - VOHspec) / I_{(WEAK\ PULL\text{-}UP\text{-}MIN)}$
2. $R_{(WEAK\ PULLDOWN\text{-}MAX)} = (VOLspec) / I_{(WEAK\ PULLDOWN\text{-}MIN)}$

Table 2-30 • I/O Short Currents IOSH/IOSL

	Drive Strength	**IOSL (mA)***	**IOSH (mA)***
3.3 V LVTTL / 3.3 V LVCMOS	2 mA	27	25
	4 mA	27	25
	6 mA	54	51
	8 mA	54	51
	12 mA	109	103
	16 mA	109	103
3.3 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 µA	Same as equivalent software default drive	
2.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	18	16
	4 mA	18	16
	6 mA	37	32
	8 mA	37	32
	12 mA	74	65
1.8 V LVCMOS	2 mA	11	9
	4 mA	22	17
	6 mA	44	35
	8 mA	44	35
1.5 V LVCMOS	2 mA	16	13
	4 mA	33	25
1.2 V LVCMOS	2 mA	26	20
1.2 V LVCMOS Wide Range	100 µA	26	20

*Note: *T_J = 100°C*

1.2 V LVCMOS (JESD8-12A)

Low-Voltage CMOS for 1.2 V complies with the LVCMOS standard JESD8-12A for general purpose 1.2 V applications. It uses a 1.2 V input buffer and a push-pull output buffer.

Table 2-64 • Minimum and Maximum DC Input and Output Levels

1.2 V LVCMOS[1]	VIL		VIH		VOL	VOH	IOL	IOH	IOSL	IOSH	IIL[2]	IIH[3]
Drive Strength	Min. V	Max. V	Min. V	Max. V	Max. V	Min. V	mA	mA	Max. mA[4]	Max. mA[4]	µA[5]	µA[5]
2 mA	–0.3	0.35 * VCCI	0.65 * VCCI	3.6	0.25 * VCCI	0.75 * VCCI	2	2	20	26	10	10

Notes:

1. *Applicable to IGLOO nano V2 devices operating at VCCI ≥ VCC.*
2. *IIL is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operation conditions where –0.3 V < VIN < VIL.*
3. *IIH is the input leakage current per I/O pin over recommended operating conditions VIH < VIN < VCCI. Input current is larger when operating outside recommended ranges.*
4. *Currents are measured at high temperature (100°C junction temperature) and maximum voltage.*
5. *Currents are measured at 85°C junction temperature.*
6. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

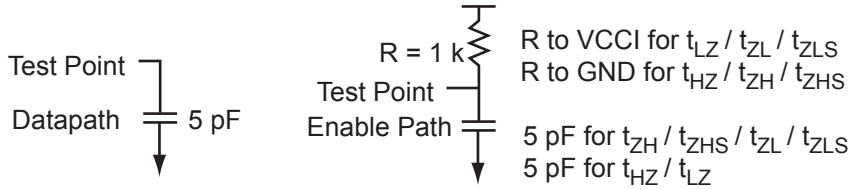


Figure 2-11 • AC Loading

Table 2-65 • AC Waveforms, Measuring Points, and Capacitive Loads

Input Low (V)	Input High (V)	Measuring Point* (V)	C_{LOAD} (pF)
0	1.2	0.6	5

*Note: *Measuring point = Vtrip. See Table 2-23 on page 2-20 for a complete table of trip points.*

Timing Characteristics

Applies to 1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-66 • 1.2 V LVCMOS Low Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.14 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.98	8.27	0.19	1.57	2.34	0.67	7.94	6.77	3.00	3.11	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

Table 2-67 • 1.2 V LVCMOS High Slew
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V, Worst-Case VCCI = 1.14 V

Drive Strength	Speed Grade	t_{DOUT}	t_{DP}	t_{DIN}	t_{PY}	t_{PYS}	t_{EOUT}	t_{ZL}	t_{ZH}	t_{LZ}	t_{HZ}	Units
2 mA	STD	0.98	3.38	0.19	1.57	2.34	0.67	3.26	2.78	2.99	3.24	ns

Notes:

1. *For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.*
2. *Software default selection highlighted in gray.*

Fully Registered I/O Buffers with Asynchronous Clear

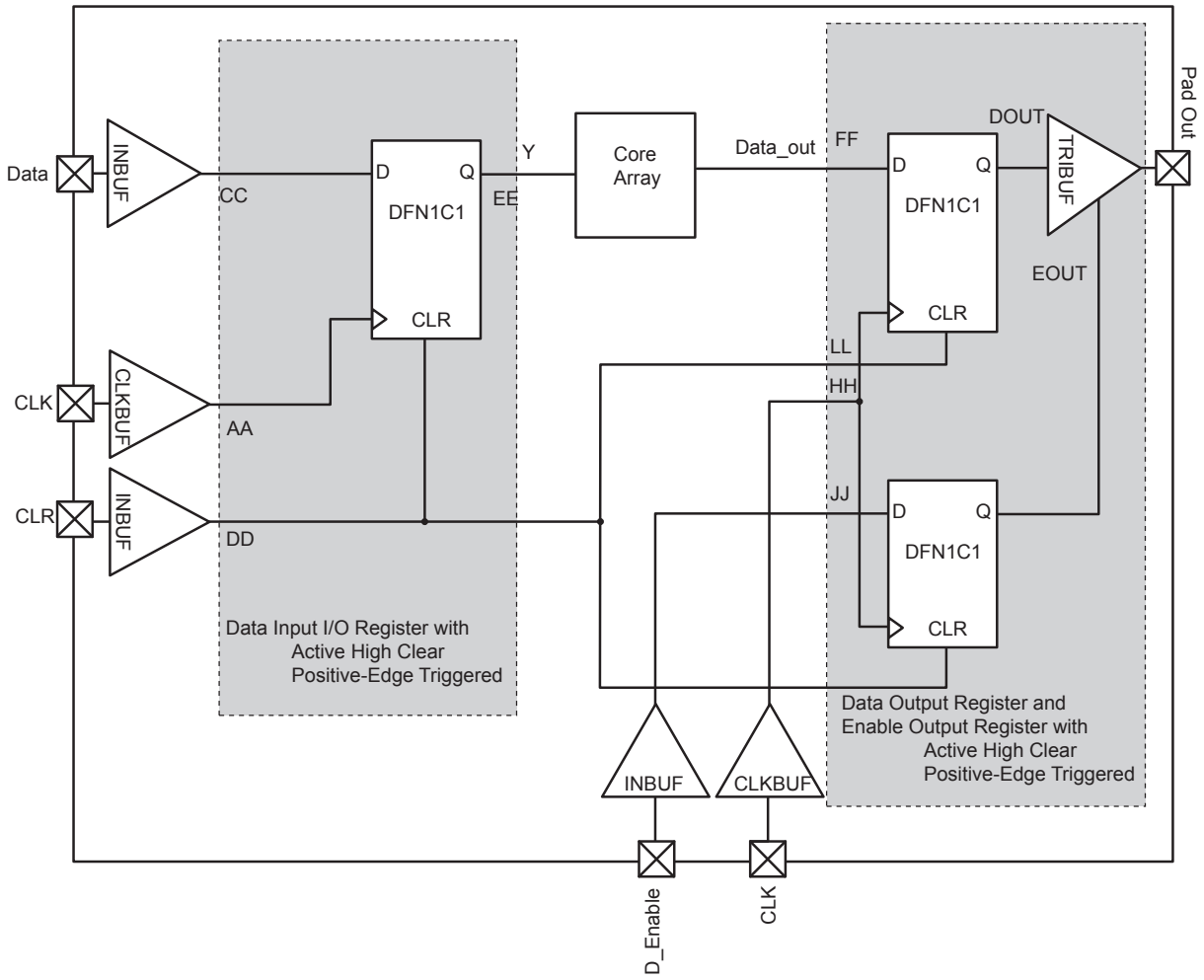


Figure 2-13 • **Timing Model of the Registered I/O Buffers with Asynchronous Clear**

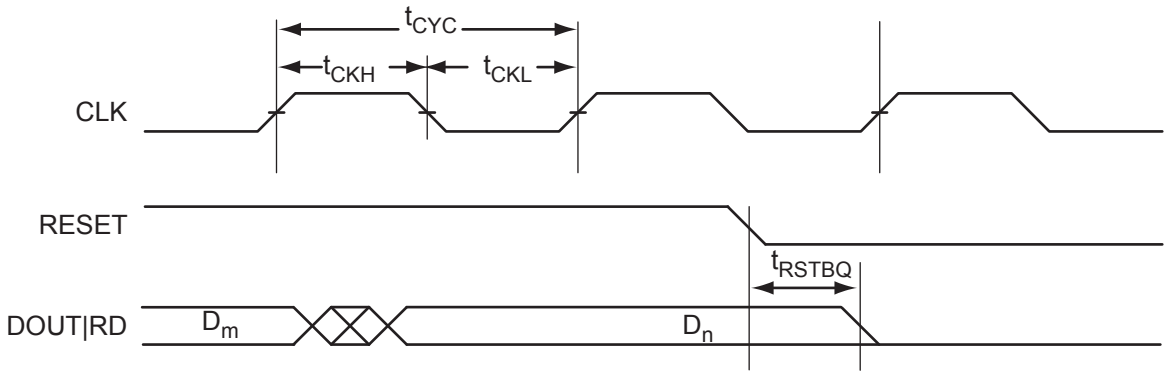


Figure 2-28 • **RAM Reset**

Timing Waveforms

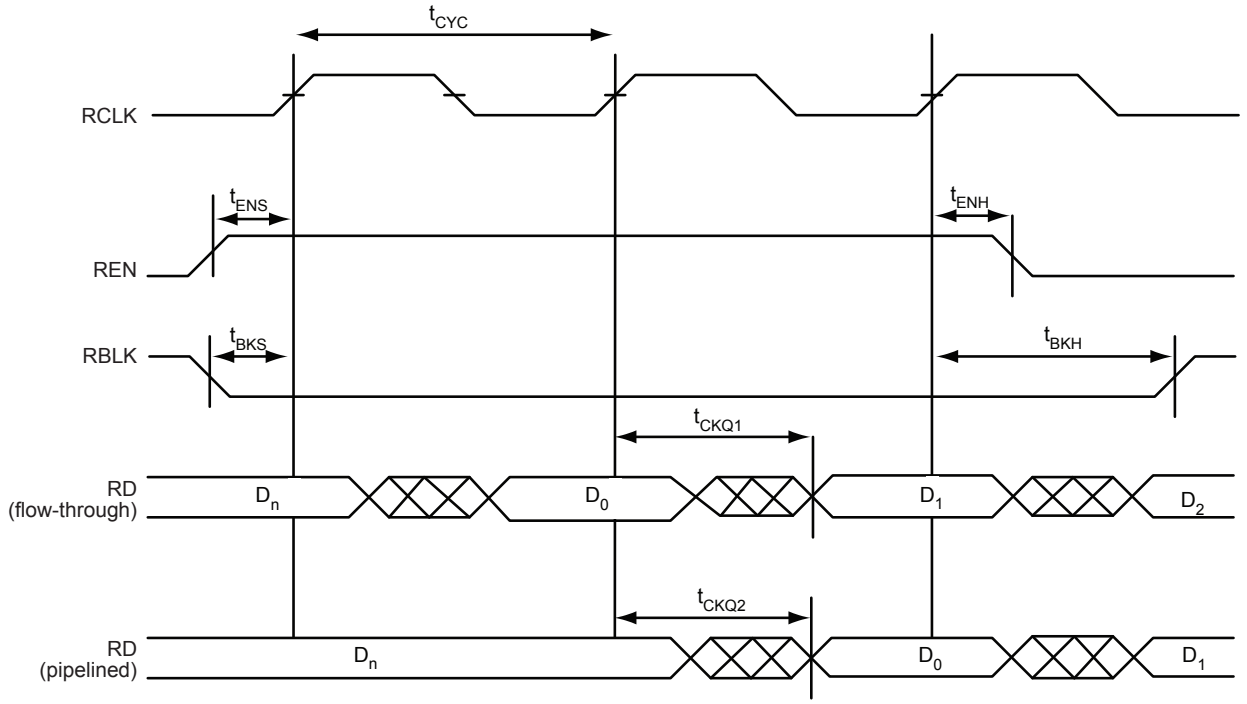


Figure 2-30 • **FIFO Read**

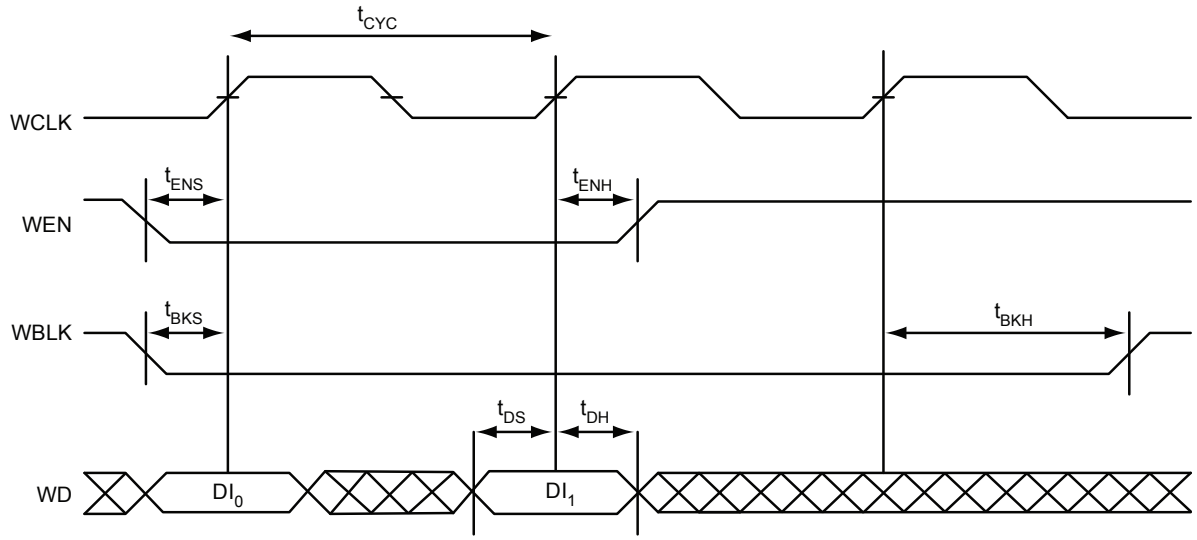


Figure 2-31 • **FIFO Write**

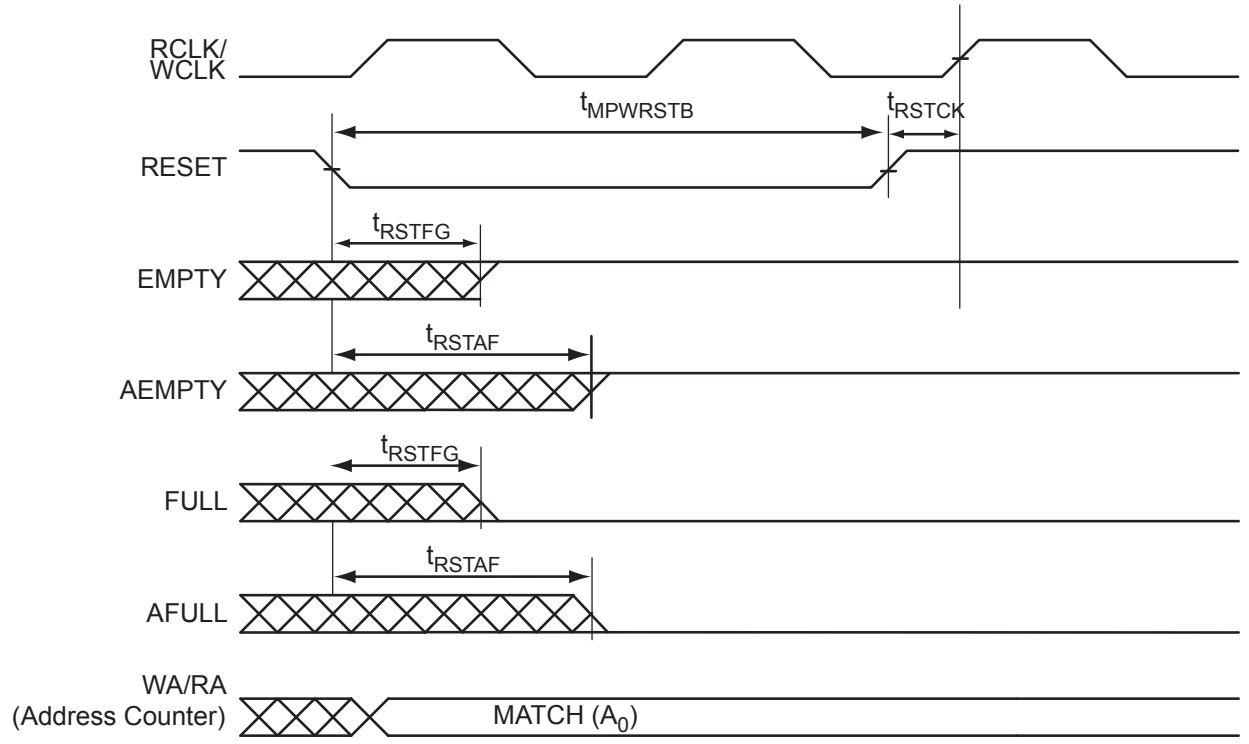


***Figure 2-32* • FIFO Reset**

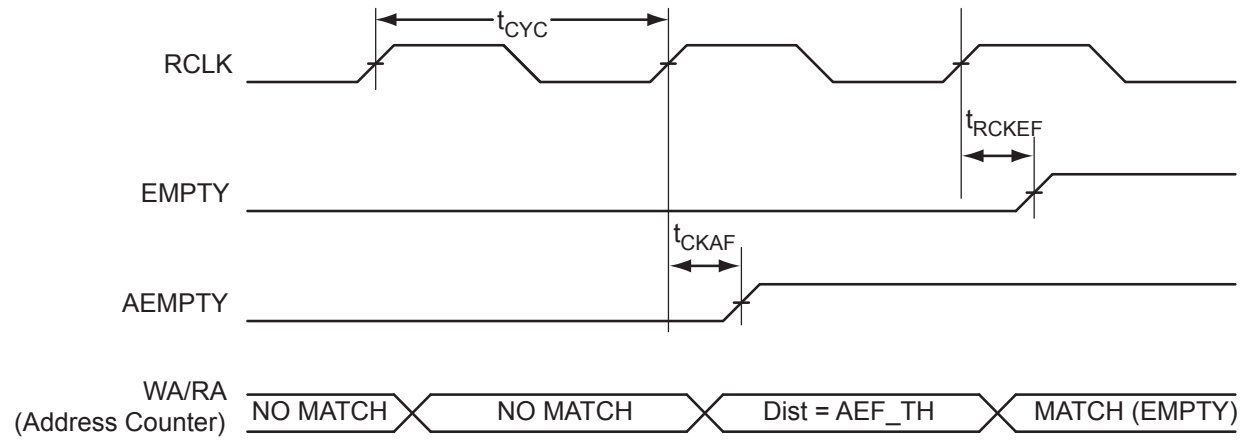


***Figure 2-33* • FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Assertion**

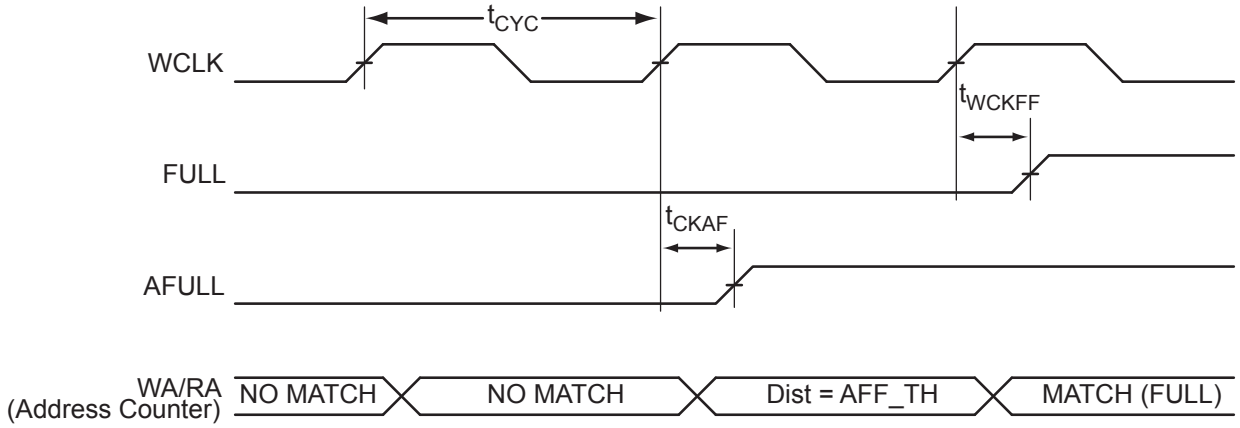


Figure 2-34 • **FIFO FULL Flag and AFULL Flag Assertion**

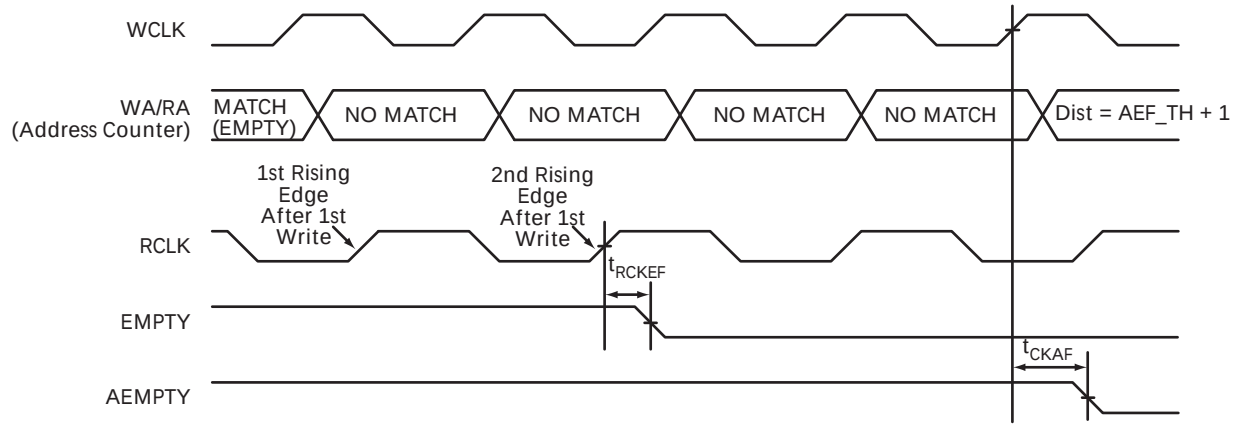


Figure 2-35 • **FIFO EMPTY Flag and AEMPTY Flag Deassertion**

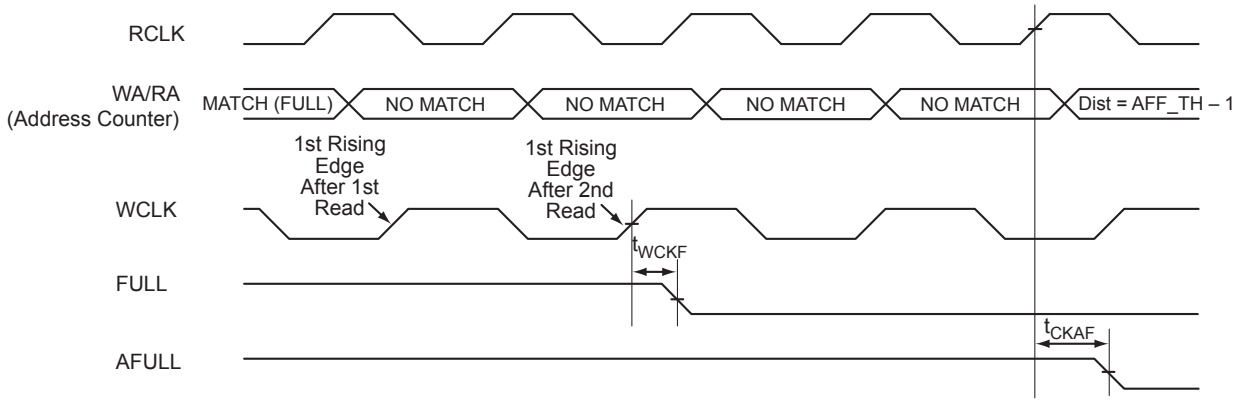


Figure 2-36 • **FIFO FULL Flag and AFULL Flag Deassertion**

Embedded FlashROM Characteristics

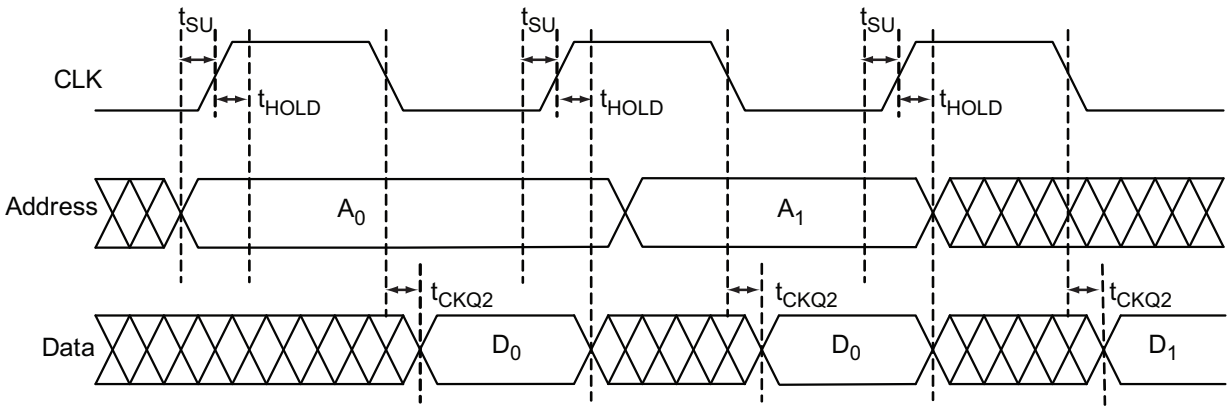


Figure 2-37 • **Timing Diagram**

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-98 • **Embedded FlashROM Access Time**
Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{SU}	Address Setup Time	0.57	ns
t_{HOLD}	Address Hold Time	0.00	ns
t_{CK2Q}	Clock to Out	17.58	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	15	MHz

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

Table 2-99 • **Embedded FlashROM Access Time**
Worst Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{SU}	Address Setup Time	0.59	ns
t_{HOLD}	Address Hold Time	0.00	ns
t_{CK2Q}	Clock to Out	30.94	ns
F_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	10	MHz

JTAG 1532 Characteristics

JTAG timing delays do not include JTAG I/Os. To obtain complete JTAG timing, add I/O buffer delays to the corresponding standard selected; refer to the I/O timing characteristics in the "User I/O Characteristics" section on page 2-15 for more details.

Timing Characteristics

1.5 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-100* • JTAG 1532**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.425 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DISU}	Test Data Input Setup Time	1.00	ns
t_{DIHD}	Test Data Input Hold Time	2.00	ns
t_{TMSSU}	Test Mode Select Setup Time	1.00	ns
t_{TMDHD}	Test Mode Select Hold Time	2.00	ns
t_{TCK2Q}	Clock to Q (data out)	8.00	ns
t_{RSTB2Q}	Reset to Q (data out)	25.00	ns
F_{TCKMAX}	TCK Maximum Frequency	15	MHz
$t_{TRSTREM}$	ResetB Removal Time	0.58	ns
$t_{TRSTREC}$	ResetB Recovery Time	0.00	ns
$t_{TRSTMPW}$	ResetB Minimum Pulse	TBD	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

1.2 V DC Core Voltage

***Table 2-101* • JTAG 1532**
Commercial-Case Conditions: T_J = 70°C, Worst-Case VCC = 1.14 V

Parameter	Description	Std.	Units
t_{DISU}	Test Data Input Setup Time	1.50	ns
t_{DIHD}	Test Data Input Hold Time	3.00	ns
t_{TMSSU}	Test Mode Select Setup Time	1.50	ns
t_{TMDHD}	Test Mode Select Hold Time	3.00	ns
t_{TCK2Q}	Clock to Q (data out)	11.00	ns
t_{RSTB2Q}	Reset to Q (data out)	30.00	ns
F_{TCKMAX}	TCK Maximum Frequency	9.00	MHz
$t_{TRSTREM}$	ResetB Removal Time	1.18	ns
$t_{TRSTREC}$	ResetB Recovery Time	0.00	ns
$t_{TRSTMPW}$	ResetB Minimum Pulse	TBD	ns

Note: For specific junction temperature and voltage supply levels, refer to Table 2-6 on page 2-6 for derating values.

VQ176	
Pin Number	AGLP060 Function
105	IO62RSB1
106	IO61RSB1
107	GCC2/IO60RSB1
108	GCB2/IO59RSB1
109	GCA2/IO58RSB1
110	GCA0/IO57RSB1
111	GCA1/IO56RSB1
112	VCCIB1
113	GND
114	GCB0/IO55RSB1
115	GCB1/IO54RSB1
116	GCC0/IO53RSB1
117	GCC1/IO52RSB1
118	IO51RSB1
119	IO50RSB1
120	VCC
121	IO48RSB1
122	IO47RSB1
123	IO45RSB1
124	IO44RSB1
125	IO43RSB1
126	VCCIB1
127	GND
128	GBC2/IO40RSB1
129	IO39RSB1
130	GBB2/IO38RSB1
131	IO37RSB1
132	GBA2/IO36RSB1
133	GBA1/IO35RSB0
134	NC
135	GBA0/IO34RSB0
136	NC
137	GBB1/IO33RSB0
138	NC
139	GBC1/IO31RSB0

VQ176	
Pin Number	AGLP060 Function
140	GBB0/IO32RSB0
141	GBC0/IO30RSB0
142	IO29RSB0
143	IO28RSB0
144	IO27RSB0
145	VCCIB0
146	GND
147	IO26RSB0
148	IO25RSB0
149	IO24RSB0
150	IO23RSB0
151	IO22RSB0
152	IO21RSB0
153	IO20RSB0
154	IO19RSB0
155	IO18RSB0
156	VCC
157	IO17RSB0
158	IO16RSB0
159	IO15RSB0
160	IO14RSB0
161	IO13RSB0
162	IO12RSB0
163	IO11RSB0
164	IO10RSB0
165	IO09RSB0
166	VCCIB0
167	GND
168	IO07RSB0
169	IO08RSB0
170	GAC1/IO05RSB0
171	IO06RSB0
172	GAB1/IO03RSB0
173	GAC0/IO04RSB0
174	GAB0/IO02RSB0

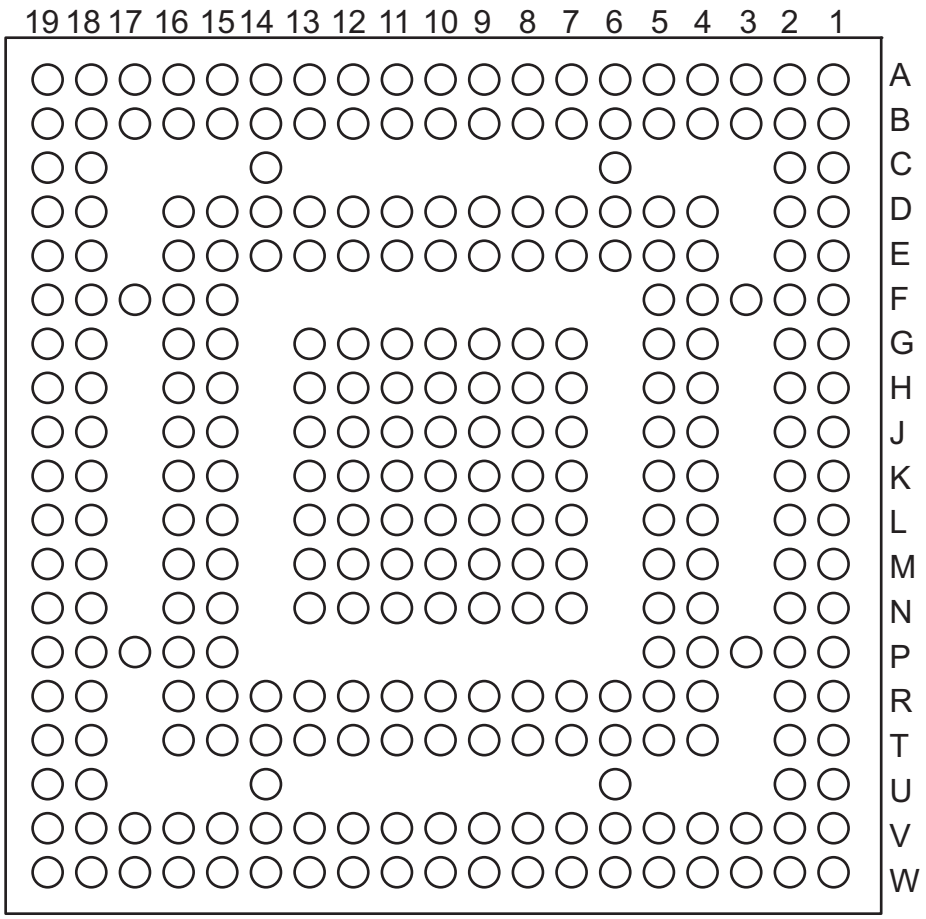
VQ176	
Pin Number	AGLP060 Function
175	GAA1/IO01RSB0
176	GAA0/IO00RSB0

CS201	
Pin Number	AGLP030 Function
H14	IO45RSB1
H15	IO43RSB1
J1	GEA0/IO107RSB3
J2	IO105RSB3
J3	IO104RSB3
J4	IO102RSB3
J6	VCCIB3
J7	GND
J8	VCC
J9	GND
J10	VCCIB1
J12	NC
J13	NC
J14	IO52RSB1
J15	IO50RSB1
K1	IO103RSB3
K2	IO101RSB3
K3	IO99RSB3
K4	IO100RSB3
K6	GND
K7	VCCIB2
K8	VCCIB2
K9	VCCIB2
K10	VCCIB1
K12	NC
K13	IO57RSB1
K14	IO49RSB1
K15	IO53RSB1
L1	IO96RSB3
L2	IO98RSB3
L3	IO95RSB3
L4	IO94RSB3
L12	NC
L13	NC
L14	IO51RSB1

CS201	
Pin Number	AGLP030 Function
L15	IO58RSB1
M1	IO93RSB3
M2	IO92RSB3
M3	IO97RSB3
M4	GND
M5	NC
M6	IO79RSB2
M7	IO77RSB2
M8	IO72RSB2
M9	IO70RSB2
M10	IO61RSB2
M11	IO59RSB2
M12	GND
M13	NC
M14	IO55RSB1
M15	IO56RSB1
N1	NC
N2	NC
N3	GND
N4	NC
N5	IO88RSB2
N6	IO81RSB2
N7	IO75RSB2
N8	IO68RSB2
N9	IO66RSB2
N10	IO65RSB2
N11	IO71RSB2
N12	IO63RSB2
N13	GND
N14	TDO
N15	VJTAG
P1	NC
P2	NC
P3	NC
P4	NC

CS201	
Pin Number	AGLP030 Function
P5	IO87RSB2
P6	IO86RSB2
P7	IO84RSB2
P8	IO80RSB2
P9	IO74RSB2
P10	IO73RSB2
P11	IO76RSB2
P12	IO67RSB2
P13	IO64RSB2
P14	VPUMP
P15	TRST
R1	NC
R2	NC
R3	IO91RSB2
R4	FF/IO90RSB2
R5	IO89RSB2
R6	IO83RSB2
R7	IO82RSB2
R8	IO85RSB2
R9	IO78RSB2
R10	IO69RSB2
R11	IO62RSB2
R12	IO60RSB2
R13	TMS
R14	TDI
R15	TCK

CS281



Note: This is the bottom view of the package.

Note

For Package Manufacturing and Environmental information, visit the Resource Center at http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/solutions/package/docs.aspx

CS281	
Pin Number	AGLP125 Function
H8	VCC
H9	VCCIB0
H10	VCC
H11	VCCIB0
H12	VCC
H13	VCCIB1
H15	IO77RSB1
H16	GCB0/IO82RSB1
H18	GCA1/IO83RSB1
H19	GCA2/IO85RSB1
J1	VCOMPLF
J2	GFA0/IO189RSB3
J4	VCCPLF
J5	GFC0/IO193RSB3
J7	GFA2/IO188RSB3
J8	VCCIB3
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	VCCIB1
J13	GCC1/IO79RSB1
J15	GCA0/IO84RSB1
J16	GCB2/IO86RSB1
J18	IO76RSB1
J19	IO78RSB1
K1	VCCIB3
K2	GFA1/IO190RSB3
K4	GND
K5	IO19RSB0
K7	IO197RSB3
K8	VCC
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	VCC
K13	GCC2/IO87RSB1

CS281	
Pin Number	AGLP125 Function
K15	IO89RSB1
K16	GND
K18	IO88RSB1
K19	VCCIB1
L1	GFB2/IO187RSB3
L2	IO185RSB3
L4	GFC2/IO186RSB3
L5	IO184RSB3
L7	IO199RSB3
L8	VCCIB3
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	VCCIB1
L13	IO95RSB1
L15	IO91RSB1
L16	NC
L18	IO90RSB1
L19	NC
M1	IO180RSB3
M2	IO179RSB3
M4	IO181RSB3
M5	IO183RSB3
M7	VCCIB3
M8	VCC
M9	VCCIB2
M10	VCC
M11	VCCIB2
M12	VCC
M13	VCCIB1
M15	IO122RSB2
M16	IO93RSB1
M18	IO92RSB1
M19	NC
N1	IO178RSB3
N2	IO175RSB3

CS281	
Pin Number	AGLP125 Function
N4	IO182RSB3
N5	IO161RSB2
N7	GEA2/IO164RSB2
N8	VCCIB2
N9	IO137RSB2
N10	IO135RSB2
N11	IO131RSB2
N12	VCCIB2
N13	VPUMP
N15	IO117RSB2
N16	IO96RSB1
N18	IO98RSB1
N19	IO94RSB1
P1	IO174RSB3
P2	GND
P3	IO176RSB3
P4	IO177RSB3
P5	GEA0/IO165RSB3
P15	IO111RSB2
P16	IO108RSB2
P17	GDC1/IO99RSB1
P18	GND
P19	IO97RSB1
R1	IO173RSB3
R2	IO172RSB3
R4	GEC1/IO170RSB3
R5	GEB1/IO168RSB3
R6	IO154RSB2
R7	IO149RSB2
R8	IO146RSB2
R9	IO138RSB2
R10	IO134RSB2
R11	IO132RSB2
R12	IO130RSB2
R13	IO118RSB2
R14	IO112RSB2

CS289	
Pin Number	AGLP060 Function
A1	GAB1/IO03RSB0
A2	NC
A3	NC
A4	GND
A5	IO10RSB0
A6	IO14RSB0
A7	IO16RSB0
A8	IO18RSB0
A9	GND
A10	IO23RSB0
A11	IO27RSB0
A12	NC
A13	NC
A14	GND
A15	NC
A16	NC
A17	GBC0/IO30RSB0
B1	GAA1/IO01RSB0
B2	GND
B3	NC
B4	NC
B5	IO07RSB0
B6	NC
B7	VCCIB0
B8	IO17RSB0
B9	IO19RSB0
B10	IO24RSB0
B11	IO28RSB0
B12	VCCIB0
B13	NC
B14	NC
B15	NC
B16	GBC1/IO31RSB0
B17	GND
C1	IO155RSB3
C2	GAA0/IO00RSB0
C3	GAC0/IO04RSB0
C4	NC

CS289	
Pin Number	AGLP060 Function
C5	VCCIB0
C6	IO09RSB0
C7	IO13RSB0
C8	IO15RSB0
C9	IO21RSB0
C10	GND
C11	IO29RSB0
C12	NC
C13	NC
C14	NC
C15	GND
C16	GBA0/IO34RSB0
C17	IO39RSB1
D1	IO150RSB3
D2	IO151RSB3
D3	GND
D4	GAB0/IO02RSB0
D5	NC
D6	NC
D7	NC
D8	GND
D9	IO20RSB0
D10	IO25RSB0
D11	NC
D12	NC
D13	GND
D14	GBB0/IO32RSB0
D15	GBA1/IO35RSB0
D16	IO37RSB1
D17	IO42RSB1
E1	VCCIB3
E2	IO147RSB3
E3	GAC2/IO152RSB3
E4	GAA2/IO156RSB3
E5	GAC1/IO05RSB0
E6	NC
E7	IO06RSB0
E8	IO11RSB0

CS289	
Pin Number	AGLP060 Function
E9	IO22RSB0
E10	IO26RSB0
E11	VCCIB0
E12	NC
E13	GBB1/IO33RSB0
E14	GBA2/IO36RSB1
E15	GBB2/IO38RSB1
E16	VCCIB1
E17	IO44RSB1
F1	GFC1/IO140RSB3
F2	IO142RSB3
F3	IO149RSB3
F4	VCCIB3
F5	GAB2/IO154RSB3
F6	IO153RSB3
F7	NC
F8	IO08RSB0
F9	IO12RSB0
F10	NC
F11	NC
F12	NC
F13	GBC2/IO40RSB1
F14	GND
F15	IO43RSB1
F16	IO46RSB1
F17	IO45RSB1
G1	GFC0/IO139RSB3
G2	GND
G3	IO144RSB3
G4	IO145RSB3
G5	IO146RSB3
G6	IO148RSB3
G7	GND
G8	GND
G9	VCC
G10	GND
G11	GND
G12	IO48RSB1

Revision	Changes	Page
Revision 13 (June 2012)	Figure 2-30 • FIFO Read and Figure 2-31 • FIFO Write have been added (SAR 34843).	2-73
	Updated the terminology used in Timing Characteristics in the following tables: Table 2-96 • FIFO and Table 2-97 • FIFO (SAR 38236).	2-76
	The following sentence was removed from the "VMVx I/O Supply Voltage (quiet)" section in the "Pin Descriptions and Packaging" section: "Within the package, the VMV plane is decoupled from the simultaneous switching noise originating from the output buffer VCCI domain" and replaced with “Within the package, the VMV plane biases the input stage of the I/Os in the I/O banks” (SAR 38320). The datasheet mentions that "VMV pins must be connected to the corresponding VCCI pins" for an ESD enhancement.	3-1
Revision 12 (March 2012)	The "In-System Programming (ISP) and Security" section and "Security" section were revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 34664).	I, 1-2
	The Y security option and Licensed DPA Logo were added to the "IGLOO PLUS Ordering Information" section. The trademarked Licensed DPA Logo identifies that a product is covered by a DPA counter-measures license from Cryptography Research (SAR 34724).	III
	The "Specifying I/O States During Programming" section is new (SAR 34695).	1-7
	The following sentence was removed from the "Advanced Architecture" section: "In addition, extensive on-chip programming circuitry allows for rapid, single-voltage (3.3 V) programming of IGLOO PLUS devices via an IEEE 1532 JTAG interface" (SAR 34684).	1-3

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51700102-17/12.15