

Welcome to **E-XFL.COM**

What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, Microwire, SmartCard, SPI, SSP, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, CapSense, LCD, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	34
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b Slope, 16x12b SAR; D/A 2xIDAC
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	40-UFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	40-QFN (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4124lqi-s433

PSoC® 4: PSoC 4100S Family Datasheet



Contents

Functional Definition	4
CPU and Memory Subsystem	4
System Resources	4
Analog Blocks	5
Fixed Function Digital	5
GPIO	6
Special Function Peripherals	6
Pinouts	7
Alternate Pin Functions	9
Power	11
Mode 1: 1.8 V to 5.5 V External Supply	11
Mode 2: 1.8 V ±5% External Supply	11
Development Support	12
Documentation	12
Online	12
Tools	12
Electrical Specifications	13
Absolute Maximum Ratings	13
Device Level Specifications	13
Analog Peripherals	17

Digital Peripherals	
System Resources	
Ordering Information	31
Packaging	
Package Diagrams	
Acronyms	38
Document Conventions	40
Units of Measure	40
Revision History	41
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	42
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	42
Products	42
PSoC® Solutions	42
Cypress Developer Community	
Technical Support	42



Reset

The PSoC 4100S can be reset from a variety of sources including a software reset. Reset events are asynchronous and guarantee reversion to a known state. The reset cause is recorded in a register, which is sticky through reset and allows software to determine the cause of the reset. An XRES pin is reserved for external reset by asserting it active low. The XRES pin has an internal pull-up resistor that is always enabled.

Analog Blocks

12-bit SAR ADC

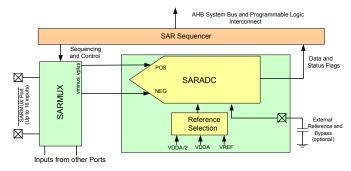
The 12-bit, 1-Msps SAR ADC can operate at a maximum clock rate of 18 MHz and requires a minimum of 18 clocks at that frequency to do a 12-bit conversion.

The Sample-and-Hold (S/H) aperture is programmable allowing the gain bandwidth requirements of the amplifier driving the SAR inputs, which determine its settling time, to be relaxed if required. It is possible to provide an external bypass (through a fixed pin location) for the internal reference amplifier.

The SAR is connected to a fixed set of pins through an 8-input sequencer. The sequencer cycles through selected channels autonomously (sequencer scan) with zero switching overhead (that is, aggregate sampling bandwidth is equal to 1 Msps whether it is for a single channel or distributed over several channels). The sequencer switching is effected through a state machine or through firmware driven switching. A feature provided by the sequencer is buffering of each channel to reduce CPU interrupt service requirements. To accommodate signals with varying source impedance and frequency, it is possible to have different sample times programmable for each channel. Also, signal range specification through a pair of range registers (low and high range values) is implemented with a corresponding out-of-range interrupt if the digitized value exceeds the programmed range; this allows fast detection of out-of-range values without the necessity of having to wait for a sequencer scan to be completed and the CPU to read the values and check for out-of-range values in software.

The SAR is not available in Deep Sleep mode as it requires a high-speed clock (up to 18 MHz). The SAR operating range is 1.71 V to 5.5 V.

Figure 3. SAR ADC



Two Opamps (Continuous-Time Block; CTB)

The PSoC 4100S has two opamps with Comparator modes which allow most common analog functions to be performed on-chip eliminating external components; PGAs, Voltage

Buffers, Filters, Trans-Impedance Amplifiers, and other functions can be realized, in some cases with external passives. saving power, cost, and space. The on-chip opamps are designed with enough bandwidth to drive the Sample-and-Hold circuit of the ADC without requiring external buffering.

Low-power Comparators (LPC)

The PSoC 4100S has a pair of low-power comparators, which can also operate in Deep Sleep modes. This allows the analog system blocks to be disabled while retaining the ability to monitor external voltage levels during low-power modes. The comparator outputs are normally synchronized to avoid metastability unless operating in an asynchronous power mode where the system wake-up circuit is activated by a comparator switch event. The LPC outputs can be routed to pins.

Current DACs

The PSoC 4100S has two IDACs, which can drive any of the pins on the chip. These IDACs have programmable current ranges.

Analog Multiplexed Buses

The PSoC 4100S has two concentric independent buses that go around the periphery of the chip. These buses (called amux buses) are connected to firmware-programmable analog switches that allow the chip's internal resources (IDACs, comparator) to connect to any pin on the I/O Ports.

Programmable Digital Blocks

The Programmable I/O (Smart I/O) block is a fabric of switches and LUTs that allows Boolean functions to be performed in signals being routed to the pins of a GPIO port. The Smart I/O can perform logical operations on input pins to the chip and on signals going out as outputs.

Fixed Function Digital

Timer/Counter/PWM (TCPWM) Block

The TCPWM block consists of a 16-bit counter with user-programmable period length. There is a capture register to record the count value at the time of an event (which may be an I/O event), a period register that is used to either stop or auto-reload the counter when its count is equal to the period register, and compare registers to generate compare value signals that are used as PWM duty cycle outputs. The block also provides true and complementary outputs with programmable offset between them to allow use as dead-band programmable complementary PWM outputs. It also has a Kill input to force outputs to a predetermined state; for example, this is used in motor drive systems when an over-current state is indicated and the PWM driving the FETs needs to be shut off immediately with no time for software intervention. There are five TCPWM blocks in the PSoC 4100S.

Serial Communication Block (SCB)

The PSoC 4100S has three serial communication blocks, which can be programmed to have SPI, I2C, or UART functionality.

I²C Mode: The hardware I²C block implements a full multi-master and slave interface (it is capable of multi-master arbitration). This block is capable of operating at speeds of up to 400 kbps (Fast Mode) and has flexible buffering options to reduce interrupt overhead and latency for the CPU. It also



Pinouts

The following table provides the pin list for PSoC 4100S for the 48-pin TQFP, 44-pin TQFP, 40-pin QFN, 32-pin QFN, and 35-ball CSP packages. All port pins support GPIO.

Table 1. Pin List

48-1	TQFP	44-TQFP		40	-QFN	32	-QFN	35-CSP		
Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	
28	P0.0	24	P0.0	22	P0.0	17	P0.0	C3	P0.0	
29	P0.1	25	P0.1	23	P0.1	18	P0.1	A5	P0.1	
30	P0.2	26	P0.2	24	P0.2	19	P0.2	A4	P0.2	
31	P0.3	27	P0.3	25	P0.3	20	P0.3	A3	P0.3	
32	P0.4	28	P0.4	26	P0.4	21	P0.4	В3	P0.4	
33	P0.5	29	P0.5	27	P0.5	22	P0.5	A6	P0.5	
34	P0.6	30	P0.6	28	P0.6	23	P0.6	B4	P0.6	
35	P0.7	31	P0.7	29	P0.7			B5	P0.7	
36	XRES	32	XRES	30	XRES	24	XRES	В6	XRES	
37	VCCD	33	VCCD	31	VCCD	25	VCCD	A7	VCCD	
38	VSSD			DN	VSSD	26	VSSD	В7	VSS	
39	VDDD	34	VDDD	32	VDDD			C7	VDD	
40	VDDA	35	VDDA	33	VDDA	27	VDD	C7	VDD	
41	VSSA	36	VSSA	34	VSSA	28	VSSA	В7	VSS	
42	P1.0	37	P1.0	35	P1.0	29	P1.0	C4	P1.0	
43	P1.1	38	P1.1	36	P1.1	30	P1.1	C5	P1.1	
44	P1.2	39	P1.2	37	P1.2	31	P1.2	C6	P1.2	
45	P1.3	40	P1.3	38	P1.3	32	P1.3	D7	P1.3	
46	P1.4	41	P1.4	39	P1.4			D4	P1.4	
47	P1.5	42	P1.5					D5	P1.5	
48	P1.6	43	P1.6					D6	P1.6	
1	P1.7/VREF	44	P1.7/VREF	40	P1.7/VREF	1	P1.7/VREF	E7	P1.7/VRE	
		1	VSSD							
2	P2.0	2	P2.0	1	P2.0	2	P2.0			
3	P2.1	3	P2.1	2	P2.1	3	P2.1			
4	P2.2	4	P2.2	3	P2.2	4	P2.2	D3	P2.2	
5	P2.3	5	P2.3	4	P2.3	5	P2.3	E4	P2.3	
6	P2.4	6	P2.4	5	P2.4			E5	P2.4	
7	P2.5	7	P2.5	6	P2.5	6	P2.5	E6	P2.5	
8	P2.6	8	P2.6	7	P2.6	7	P2.6	E3	P2.6	
9	P2.7	9	P2.7	8	P2.7	8	P2.7	E2	P2.7	
10	VSSD	10	VSSD	9	VSSD		1			
12	P3.0	11	P3.0	10	P3.0	9	P3.0	E1	P3.0	
13	P3.1	12	P3.1	11	P3.1	10	P3.1	D2	P3.1	
14	P3.2	13	P3.2	12	P3.2	11	P3.2	D1	P3.2	
16	P3.3	14	P3.3	13	P3.3	12	P3.3	C1	P3.3	
17	P3.4	15	P3.4	14	P3.4			C2	P3.4	
18	P3.5	16	P3.5	15	P3.5					



Table 1. Pin List (continued)

48-T	QFP	44-T	QFP	40-0	QFN	32-0	QFN	35-	CSP
Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name
19	P3.6	17	P3.6	16	P3.6				
20	P3.7	18	P3.7	17	P3.7				
21	VDDD	19	VDDD						
22	P4.0	20	P4.0	18	P4.0	13	P4.0	B1	P4.0
23	P4.1	21	P4.1	19	P4.1	14	P4.1	B2	P4.1
24	P4.2	22	P4.2	20	P4.2	15	P4.2	A2	P4.2
25	P4.3	23	P4.3	21	P4.3	16	P4.3	A1	P4.3

Notes: Pins 11, 15, 26, and 27 are No Connects (NC) on the 48-pin TQFP.

Descriptions of the Power pins are as follows:

VDDD: Power supply for the digital section. VDDA: Power supply for the analog section.

VSSD, VSSA: Ground pins for the digital and analog sections respectively.

VCCD: Regulated digital supply (1.8 V \pm 5%) VDD: Power supply to all sections of the chip VSS: Ground for all sections of the chip



Alternate Pin Functions

Each Port pin has can be assigned to one of multiple functions; it can, for instance, be an analog I/O, a digital peripheral function, an LCD pin, or a CapSense pin. The pin assignments are shown in the following table.

Port/Pin	Analog	Smart I/O	Alternate Function 1	Alternate Function 2	Alternate Function 3	Deep Sleep 1	Deep Sleep 2
P0.0	lpcomp.in_p[0]				tcpwm.tr_in[0]	scb[2].i2c_scl:0	scb[0].spi_select1:0
P0.1	lpcomp.in_n[0]				tcpwm.tr_in[1]	scb[2].i2c_sda:0	scb[0].spi_select2:0
P0.2	lpcomp.in_p[1]						scb[0].spi_select3:0
P0.3	lpcomp.in_n[1]						scb[2].spi_select0
P0.4	wco.wco_in			scb[1].uart_rx:0	scb[2].uart_rx:0	scb[1].i2c_scl:0	scb[1].spi_mosi:1
P0.5	wco.wco_out			scb[1].uart_tx:0	scb[2].uart_tx:0	scb[1].i2c_sda:0	scb[1].spi_miso:1
P0.6			srss.ext_clk	scb[1].uart_cts:0	scb[2].uart_tx:1		scb[1].spi_clk:1
P0.7			tcpwm.line[0]:2	scb[1].uart_rts:0			scb[1].spi_select0:1
P1.0	ctb0_oa0+		tcpwm.line[2]:1	scb[0].uart_rx:1		scb[0].i2c_scl:0	scb[0].spi_mosi:1
P1.1	ctb0_oa0-		tcpwm.line_compl[2]:1	scb[0].uart_tx:1		scb[0].i2c_sda:0	scb[0].spi_miso:1
P1.2	ctb0_oa0_out		tcpwm.line[3]:1	scb[0].uart_cts:1	tcpwm.tr_in[2]	scb[2].i2c_scl:1	scb[0].spi_clk:1
P1.3	ctb0_oa1_out		tcpwm.line_compl[3]:1	scb[0].uart_rts:1	tcpwm.tr_in[3]	scb[2].i2c_sda:1	scb[0].spi_select0:1
P1.4	ctb0_oa1-						scb[0].spi_select1:1
P1.5	ctb0_oa1+						scb[0].spi_select2:1
P1.6	ctb0_oa0+						scb[0].spi_select3:1
P1.7	ctb0_oa1+ sar_ext_vref0 sar_ext_vref1						scb[2].spi_clk
P2.0	sarmux[0]	prgio[0].io[0]	tcpwm.line[4]:0	csd.comp	tcpwm.tr_in[4]	scb[1].i2c_scl:1	scb[1].spi_mosi:2
P2.1	sarmux[1]	prgio[0].io[1]	tcpwm.line_compl[4]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[5]	scb[1].i2c_sda:1	scb[1].spi_miso:2
P2.2	sarmux[2]	prgio[0].io[2]					scb[1].spi_clk:2
P2.3	sarmux[3]	prgio[0].io[3]					scb[1].spi_select0:2



PSoC[®] 4: PSoC 4100S Family Datasheet

Port/Pin	Analog	Smart I/O	Alternate Function 1	Alternate Function 2	Alternate Function 3	Deep Sleep 1	Deep Sleep 2
P2.4	sarmux[4]	prgio[0].io[4]	tcpwm.line[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select1:1
P2.5	sarmux[5]	prgio[0].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select2:1
P2.6	sarmux[6]	prgio[0].io[6]	tcpwm.line[1]:1				scb[1].spi_select3:1
P2.7	sarmux[7]	prgio[0].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:1			lpcomp.comp[0]:1	scb[2].spi_mosi
P3.0		prgio[1].io[0]	tcpwm.line[0]:0	scb[1].uart_rx:1		scb[1].i2c_scl:2	scb[1].spi_mosi:0
P3.1		prgio[1].io[1]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:0	scb[1].uart_tx:1		scb[1].i2c_sda:2	scb[1].spi_miso:0
P3.2		prgio[1].io[2]	tcpwm.line[1]:0	scb[1].uart_cts:1		cpuss.swd_data	scb[1].spi_clk:0
P3.3		prgio[1].io[3]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:0	scb[1].uart_rts:1		cpuss.swd_clk	scb[1].spi_select0:0
P3.4		prgio[1].io[4]	tcpwm.line[2]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[6]		scb[1].spi_select1:0
P3.5		prgio[1].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[2]:0				scb[1].spi_select2:0
P3.6		prgio[1].io[6]	tcpwm.line[3]:0				scb[1].spi_select3:0
P3.7		prgio[1].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[3]:0			lpcomp.comp[1]:1	scb[2].spi_miso
P4.0	csd.vref_ext			scb[0].uart_rx:0		scb[0].i2c_scl:1	scb[0].spi_mosi:0
P4.1	csd.cshieldpads			scb[0].uart_tx:0		scb[0].i2c_sda:1	scb[0].spi_miso:0
P4.2	csd.cmodpad			scb[0].uart_cts:0		lpcomp.comp[0]:0	scb[0].spi_clk:0
P4.3	csd.csh_tank			scb[0].uart_rts:0		lpcomp.comp[1]:0	scb[0].spi_select0:0

Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. *H Page 10 of 41

Page 12 of 41



Development Support

The PSoC 4100S family has a rich set of documentation, development tools, and online resources to assist you during your development process. Visit www.cypress.com/go/psoc4 to find out more.

Documentation

A suite of documentation supports the PSoC 4100S family to ensure that you can find answers to your questions quickly. This section contains a list of some of the key documents.

Software User Guide: A step-by-step guide for using PSoC Creator. The software user guide shows you how the PSoC Creator build process works in detail, how to use source control with PSoC Creator, and much more.

Component Datasheets: The flexibility of PSoC allows the creation of new peripherals (components) long after the device has gone into production. Component data sheets provide all of the information needed to select and use a particular component, including a functional description, API documentation, example code, and AC/DC specifications.

Application Notes: PSoC application notes discuss a particular application of PSoC in depth; examples include brushless DC motor control and on-chip filtering. Application notes often include example projects in addition to the application note document.

Technical Reference Manual: The Technical Reference Manual (TRM) contains all the technical detail you need to use a PSoC device, including a complete description of all PSoC registers. The TRM is available in the Documentation section at www.cypress.com/psoc4.

Online

In addition to print documentation, the Cypress PSoC forums connect you with fellow PSoC users and experts in PSoC from around the world, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Tools

With industry standard cores, programming, and debugging interfaces, the PSoC 4100S family is part of a development tool ecosystem. Visit us at www.cypress.com/go/psoccreator for the latest information on the revolutionary, easy to use PSoC Creator IDE, supported third party compilers, programmers, debuggers, and development kits.



Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings^[1]

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID1	V _{DDD_ABS}	Digital supply relative to V _{SS}	-0.5	_	6		_
SID2	V _{CCD_ABS}	Direct digital core voltage input relative to V _{SS}	-0.5	-	1.95	V	_
SID3	V _{GPIO_ABS}	GPIO voltage	-0.5	-	V _{DD} +0.5		_
SID4	I _{GPIO_ABS}	Maximum current per GPIO	-25	-	25		_
SID5	GPIO_injection	GPIO injection current, Max for $V_{IH} > V_{DDD}$, and Min for $V_{IL} < V_{SS}$	-0.5	-	0.5	mA	Current injected per pin
BID44	ESD_HBM	Electrostatic discharge human body model	2200	_	_	V	-
BID45	ESD_CDM	Electrostatic discharge charged device model	500	-	_		-
BID46	LU	Pin current for latch-up	-140	-	140	mA	_

Device Level Specifications

All specifications are valid for $-40~^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_A \le 85~^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_J \le 100~^{\circ}\text{C}$, except where noted. Specifications are valid for 1.71 V to 5.5 V, except where noted.

Table 3. DC Specifications

Typical values measured at V_{DD} = 3.3 V and 25 °C.

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID53	V_{DD}	Power supply input voltage	1.8	_	5.5		Internally regulated supply
SID255	V_{DD}	Power supply input voltage ($V_{CCD} = V_{DDD} = V_{DDA}$)	1.71	-	1.89	V	Internally unregulated supply
SID54	V_{CCD}	Output voltage (for core logic)	-	1.8	_		_
SID55	C _{EFC}	External regulator voltage bypass	_	0.1	-	μF	X5R ceramic or better
SID56	C _{EXC}	Power supply bypass capacitor	_	1	_	μι	X5R ceramic or better
Active Mode, V	/ _{DD} = 1.8 V to 5	.5 V. Typical values measured at VDD	= 3.3 V an	d 25 °C.			
SID10	I _{DD5}	Execute from flash; CPU at 6 MHz	-	1.8	2.7		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID16	I _{DD8}	Execute from flash; CPU at 24 MHz	-	3.0	4.75	mA	Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID19	I _{DD11}	Execute from flash; CPU at 48 MHz	_	5.4	6.85		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V

Note

Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. *H Page 13 of 41

^{1.} Usage above the absolute maximum conditions listed in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability. The Maximum Storage Temperature is 150 °C in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life. When used below Absolute Maximum conditions but above normal operating conditions, the device may not operate to specification.



Table 3. DC Specifications (continued)

Typical values measured at V_{DD} = 3.3 V and 25 °C.

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
Sleep Mode,	VDDD = 1.8 V to	5.5 V (Regulator on)					
SID22	IDD17	I ² C wakeup WDT, and Comparators on	_	1.7	2.2	mA	6 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
SID25	IDD20	I ² C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on.	_	2.2	2.5		12 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
Sleep Mode,	V _{DDD} = 1.71 V to	o 1.89 V (Regulator bypassed)				· •	
SID28	IDD23	I ² C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on	_	0.7	0.9	mA	6 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
SID28A	IDD23A	I ² C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on	_	1	1.2	mA	12 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
Deep Sleep	Mode, V _{DD} = 1.8	V to 3.6 V (Regulator on)		•			
SID31	I _{DD26}	I ² C wakeup and WDT on	_	2.5	60	μA	Max is at 3.6 V and 85 °C.
Deep Sleep	Mode, V _{DD} = 3.6	V to 5.5 V (Regulator on)				1	
SID34	I _{DD29}	I ² C wakeup and WDT on	_	2.5	60	μА	Max is at 5.5 V and 85 °C.
Deep Sleep	Mode, V _{DD} = V _{CO}	_{CD} = 1.71 V to 1.89 V (Regulator bypasse	ed)			1	
SID37	I _{DD32}	I ² C wakeup and WDT on	_	2.5	65	μΑ	Max is at 1.89 V and 85 °C.
XRES Curre	nt			•		•	
SID307	I _{DD_XR}	Supply current while XRES asserted	_	2	5	mA	_

Table 4. AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID48	F _{CPU}	CPU frequency	DC	_	48	MHz	$1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 5.5$
SID49 ^[3]	T _{SLEEP}	Wakeup from Sleep mode	_	0	_	us	
SID50 ^[3]	T _{DEEPSLEEP}	Wakeup from Deep Sleep mode	_	35	1	μδ	

Note
2. Guaranteed by characterization.



GPIO

Table 5. GPIO DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID57	V _{IH} [3]	Input voltage high threshold	$0.7 \times V_{DDD}$	-	_		CMOS Input
SID58	V _{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	-	_	$0.3 \times V_{DDD}$		CMOS Input
SID241	V _{IH} [3]	LVTTL input, V _{DDD} < 2.7 V	$0.7 \times V_{DDD}$	-	_		_
SID242	V _{IL}	LVTTL input, V _{DDD} < 2.7 V	-	_	$0.3 \times V_{DDD}$		_
SID243	V _{IH} [3]	LVTTL input, $V_{DDD} \ge 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	_		_
SID244	V _{IL}	LVTTL input, $V_{DDD} \ge 2.7 \text{ V}$	_	-	8.0	V	_
SID59	V _{OH}	Output voltage high level	V _{DDD} -0.6	-	_		I_{OH} = 4 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID60	V _{OH}	Output voltage high level	V _{DDD} -0.5	-	_		I _{OH} = 1 mA at 1.8 V V _{DDD}
SID61	V _{OL}	Output voltage low level	-	_	0.6		I _{OL} = 4 mA at 1.8 V V _{DDD}
SID62	V _{OL}	Output voltage low level	_	-	0.6		I_{OL} = 10 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID62A	V _{OL}	Output voltage low level	-	-	0.4		I_{OL} = 3 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID63	R _{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	_
SID64	R _{PULLDOWN}	Pull-down resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	N22	_
SID65	I _{IL}	Input leakage current (absolute value)	_	_	2	nA	25 °C, V _{DDD} = 3.0 V
SID66	C _{IN}	Input capacitance	_	-	7	pF	_
SID67 ^[4]	V _{HYSTTL}	Input hysteresis LVTTL	25	40	_		$V_{DDD} \ge 2.7 \text{ V}$
SID68 ^[4]	V _{HYSCMOS}	Input hysteresis CMOS	$0.05 \times V_{DDD}$	-	_	mV	V _{DD} < 4.5 V
SID68A ^[4]	V _{HYSCMOS5V5}	Input hysteresis CMOS	200	-	_		V _{DD} > 4.5 V
SID69 ^[4]	I _{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	-	_	100	μA	_
SID69A ^[4]	I _{TOT_GPIO}	Maximum total source or sink chip current	_	_	200	mA	-

Table 6. GPIO AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID70	T _{RISEF}	Rise time in fast strong mode	2	1	12		3.3 V V _{DDD} , Cload = 25 pF
SID71	T _{FALLF}	Fall time in fast strong mode	2	_	12		3.3 V V _{DDD} , Cload = 25 pF
SID72	T _{RISES}	Rise time in slow strong mode	10	_	60		3.3 V V _{DDD} , Cload = 25 pF

V_{IH} must not exceed V_{DDD} + 0.2 V.
 Guaranteed by characterization.



Table 9. CTBm Opamp Specifications (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID299	T_OP_WAKE	From disable to enable, no external RC dominating	_	_	25	μs	_
SID299A	OL_GAIN	Open Loop Gain	_	90	-	dB	
	COMP_MODE	Comparator mode; 50 mV drive, T _{rise} =T _{fall} (approx.)					
SID300	TPD1	Response time; power=hi	_	150	_		Input is 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -0.2 V
SID301	TPD2	Response time; power=med	-	500	_	ns	Input is 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -0.2 V
SID302	TPD3	Response time; power=lo	_	2500	_		Input is 0.2 V to V _{DDA} -0.2 V
SID303	VHYST_OP	Hysteresis	_	10	_	mV	_
SID304	WUP_CTB	Wake-up time from Enabled to Usable	_	-	25	μs	-
	Deep Sleep Mode	Mode 2 is lowest current range. Mode 1 has higher GBW.					
SID_DS_1	I _{DD_HI_M1}	Mode 1, High current	_	1400	_		25 °C
SID_DS_2	I _{DD_MED_M1}	Mode 1, Medium current	_	700	-		25 °C
SID_DS_3	I _{DD_LOW_M1}	Mode 1, Low current	_	200	-		25 °C
SID_DS_4	I _{DD_HI_M2}	Mode 2, High current	-	120	_	μA	25 °C
SID_DS_5	I _{DD_MED_M2}	Mode 2, Medium current	_	60	_		25 °C
SID_DS_6	I _{DD_LOW_M2}	Mode 2, Low current	_	15	_		25 °C

Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. *H Page 19 of 41



Table 13. SAR Specifications (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID99	A_OFFSET	Input offset voltage	-	-	2	mV	Measured with 1-V reference
SID100	A_ISAR	Current consumption	_	_	1	mA	
SID101	A_VINS	Input voltage range - single ended	V_{SS}	_	V_{DDA}	V	
SID102	A_VIND	Input voltage range - differential[V_{SS}	-	V_{DDA}	V	
SID103	A_INRES	Input resistance	-	-	2.2	ΚΩ	
SID104	A_INCAP	Input capacitance	_	_	10	pF	
SID260	VREFSAR	Trimmed internal reference to SAR	_	_	TBD	V	
SAR ADC	AC Specificati	ons					
SID106	A_PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	70	-	_	dB	
SID107	A_CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio	66	-	_	dB	Measured at 1 V
SID108	A_SAMP	Sample rate	_	-	1	Msps	
SID109	A_SNR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio (SINAD)	65	-	_	dB	F _{IN} = 10 kHz
SID110	A_BW	Input bandwidth without aliasing	_	-	A_samp/2	kHz	
SID111	A_INL	Integral non linearity. V _{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 1 Msps	-1.7	_	2	LSB	$V_{REF} = 1 \text{ to } V_{DD}$
SID111A	A_INL	Integral non linearity. V_{DDD} = 1.71 to 3.6, 1 Msps	-1.5	-	1.7	LSB	V _{REF} = 1.71 to V _{DD}
SID111B	A_INL	Integral non linearity. V _{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 500 ksps	-1.5	-	1.7	LSB	$V_{REF} = 1 \text{ to } V_{DD}$
SID112	A_DNL	Differential non linearity. V _{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 1 Msps	– 1	-	2.2	LSB	V_{REF} = 1 to V_{DD}
SID112A	A_DNL	Differential non linearity. V _{DD} = 1.71 to 3.6, 1 Msps	– 1	-	2	LSB	V _{REF} = 1.71 to V _{DD}
SID112B	A_DNL	Differential non linearity. V _{DD} = 1.71 to 5.5, 500 ksps	– 1	-	2.2	LSB	$V_{REF} = 1 \text{ to } V_{DD}$
SID113	A_THD	Total harmonic distortion	_	_	-65	dB	Fin = 10 kHz
SID261	FSARINTRE F	SAR operating speed without external ref. bypass	_	-	100	ksps	12-bit resolution



Table 14. CSD and IDAC Specifications (continued)

SPEC ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID315G	IDAC3CRT23	Output current of IDAC in 8-bit mode in medium range	69	_	82	μA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID315H	IDAC3CRT33	Output current of IDAC in 8-bit mode in high range	540	_	660	μA	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID320	IDACOFFSET	All zeroes input	-	-	1	LSB	Polarity set by Source or Sink. Offset is 2 LSBs for 37.5 nA/LSB mode
SID321	IDACGAIN	Full-scale error less offset	_	_	±10	%	
SID322	IDACMISMATCH1	Mismatch between IDAC1 and IDAC2 in Low mode	-	-	9.2	LSB	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID322A	IDACMISMATCH2	Mismatch between IDAC1 and IDAC2 in Medium mode	-	-	5.6	LSB	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID322B	IDACMISMATCH3	Mismatch between IDAC1 and IDAC2 in High mode	-	-	6.8	LSB	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID323	IDACSET8	Settling time to 0.5 LSB for 8-bit IDAC	-	-	10	μs	Full-scale transition. No external load.
SID324	IDACSET7	Settling time to 0.5 LSB for 7-bit IDAC	_	-	10	μs	Full-scale transition. No external load.
SID325	CMOD	External modulator capacitor.	-	2.2	_	nF	5-V rating, X7R or NP0 cap.

Table 15. 10-bit CapSense ADC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SIDA94	A_RES	Resolution	_	_	10	bits	Auto-zeroing is required every millisecond
SIDA95	A_CHNLS_S	Number of channels - single ended	_	-	16		Defined by AMUX Bus.
SIDA97	A-MONO	Monotonicity	_	_	-	Yes	
SIDA98	A_GAINERR	Gain error	-	_	±2	%	In V _{REF} (2.4 V) mode with V _{DDA} bypass capacitance of 10 µF
SIDA99	A_OFFSET	Input offset voltage	-	-	3	mV	In V _{REF} (2.4 V) mode with V _{DDA} bypass capacitance of 10 µF
SIDA100	A_ISAR	Current consumption	_	_	0.25	mΑ	
SIDA101	A_VINS	Input voltage range - single ended	V_{SSA}	_	V_{DDA}	V	
SIDA103	A_INRES	Input resistance	_	2.2	-	ΚΩ	
SIDA104	A_INCAP	Input capacitance	_	20	-	pF	
SIDA106	A_PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	-	60	_	dB	In V _{REF} (2.4 V) mode with V _{DDA} bypass capacitance of 10 µF
SIDA107	A_TACQ	Sample acquisition time	_	1	-	μs	
SIDA108	A_CONV8	Conversion time for 8-bit resolution at conversion rate = Fhclk/(2^(N+2)). Clock frequency = 48 MHz.	_	_	21.3	μs	Does not include acquisition time. Equivalent to 44.8 ksps including acquisition time.
SIDA108A	A_CONV10	Conversion time for 10-bit resolution at conversion rate = Fhclk/(2^(N+2)). Clock frequency = 48 MHz.	_	_	85.3	μs	Does not include acquisition time. Equivalent to 11.6 ksps including acquisition time.

Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. *H Page 24 of 41



Table 19. SPI DC Specifications $^{[9]}$

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID163	ISPI1	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	-	_	360		_
SID164	ISPI2	Block current consumption at 4 Mbps	-	_	560	μA	_
SID165	ISPI3	Block current consumption at 8 Mbps	_	_	600		-

Table 20. SPI AC Specifications^[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions			
SID166	FSPI	SPI Operating frequency (Master; 6X Oversampling)	-	_	8	MHz	SID166			
Fixed SPI	Fixed SPI Master Mode AC Specifications									
SID167	TDMO	MOSI Valid after SClock driving edge	_	_	15		_			
SID168	TDSI	MISO Valid before SClock capturing edge	20	_	_	ns	Full clock, late MISO sampling			
SID169	тнмо	Previous MOSI data hold time	0	_	_		Referred to Slave capturing edge			
Fixed SPI	Slave Mode AC	Specifications								
SID170	TDMI	MOSI Valid before Sclock Capturing edge	40	_	_		-			
SID171	TDSO	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge	-	_	42 + 3*Tcpu	ns	T _{CPU} = 1/F _{CPU}			
SID171A	TDSO_EXT	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge in Ext. Clk mode	_	_	48		-			
SID172	THSO	Previous MISO data hold time	0	_	_		_			
SID172A	TSSELSSCK	SSEL Valid to first SCK Valid edge	-	_	100	ns	-			

Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. *H Page 26 of 41



Table 21. UART DC Specifications^[9]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID160	I _{UART1}	Block current consumption at 100 Kbps	-	-	55	μΑ	_
SID161	I _{UART2}	Block current consumption at 1000 Kbps	_	_	312	μA	-

Table 22. UART AC Specifications^[9]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID162	F _{UART}	Bit rate	_	1	1	Mbps	-

Table 23. LCD Direct Drive DC Specifications $^{[9]}$

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID154	I _{LCDLOW}	Operating current in low power mode	-	5	_	μA	16 × 4 small segment disp. at 50 Hz
SID155	C _{LCDCAP}	LCD capacitance per segment/common driver	-	500	5000	pF	_
SID156	LCD _{OFFSET}	Long-term segment offset	_	20	-	mV	_
SID157	I _{LCDOP1}	LCD system operating current Vbias = 5 V	_	2	_	mA	32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz. 25 °C
SID158	I _{LCDOP2}	LCD system operating current Vbias = 3.3 V		2	1	ША	32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz. 25 °C

Table 24. LCD Direct Drive AC Specifications $^{[9]}$

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID159	F _{LCD}	LCD frame rate	10	50	150	Hz	_

^{9.} Guaranteed by characterization.



Memory

Table 25. Flash DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID173	V_{PE}	Erase and program voltage	1.71	1	5.5	V	_

Table 26. Flash AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID174	T _{ROWWRITE} ^[10]	Row (block) write time (erase and program)	-	-	20		Row (block) = 128 bytes
SID175	T _{ROWERASE} ^[10]	Row erase time	-	_	16	ms	-
SID176	T _{ROWPROGRAM} ^[10]	Row program time after erase	-	_	4 –		-
SID178	T _{BULKERASE} ^[10]	Bulk erase time (64 KB)	-	_	35		-
SID180 ^[11]	T _{DEVPROG} ^[10]	Total device program time	_	_	7	Seconds	-
SID181 ^[11]	F _{END}	Flash endurance	100 K	_	_	Cycles	-
SID182 ^[11]	F _{RET}	Flash retention. $T_A \le 55$ °C, 100 K P/E cycles	20	_	-	Years	-
SID182A ^[11]	_	Flash retention. $T_A \le 85$ °C, 10 K P/E cycles	10	-	_	Tears	-
SID256	TWS48	Number of Wait states at 48 MHz	2	-	_		CPU execution from Flash
SID257	TWS24	Number of Wait states at 24 MHz	1	_	_		CPU execution from Flash

System Resources

Power-on Reset (POR)

Table 27. Power On Reset (PRES)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID.CLK#6	SR_POWER_UP	Power supply slew rate	1	1	67	V/ms	At power-up
SID185 ^[11]	V _{RISEIPOR}	Rising trip voltage	0.80	1	1.5	V	_
SID186 ^[11]	V _{FALLIPOR}	Falling trip voltage	0.70	-	1.4		_

Table 28. Brown-out Detect (BOD) for $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize CCD}}$

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID190 ^[11]	V _{FALLPPOR}	BOD trip voltage in active and sleep modes	1.48	1	1.62	V	-
SID192 ^[11]	V _{FALLDPSLP}	BOD trip voltage in Deep Sleep	1.11	-	1.5		_

Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. *H Page 28 of 41

Notes

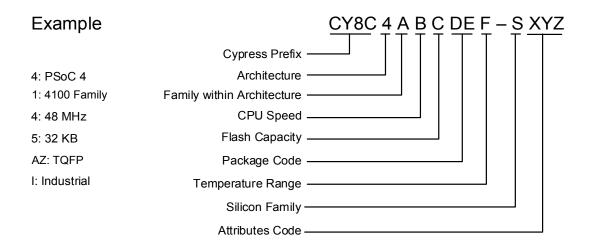
10. It can take as much as 20 milliseconds to write to Flash. During this time the device should not be Reset, or Flash operations will be interrupted and cannot be relied on to have completed. Reset sources include the XRES pin, software resets, CPU lockup states and privilege violations, improper power supply levels, and watchdogs. Make certain that these are not inadvertently activated.



The nomenclature used in the preceding table is based on the following part numbering convention:

Field	Description	Values	Meaning
CY8C	Cypress Prefix		
4	Architecture	4	PSoC 4
Α	Family	1	4100 Family
В	B CPU Speed		24 MHz
		4	48 MHz
С	Flash Capacity	4	16 KB
		5	32 KB
		6	64 KB
		7	128 KB
DE	Package Code	AX	TQFP (0.8mm pitch)
		AZ	TQFP (0.5mm pitch)
		LQ	QFN
		PV	SSOP
		FN	CSP
F	Temperature Range	I	Industrial
S	Silicon Family	S	PSoC 4A-S1, PSoC 4A-S2
		М	PSoC 4A-M
		L	PSoC 4A-L
		BL	PSoC 4A-BLE
XYZ	Attributes Code	000-999	Code of feature set in the specific family

The following is an example of a part number:





Package Diagrams

Figure 6. 48-pin TQFP Package Outline

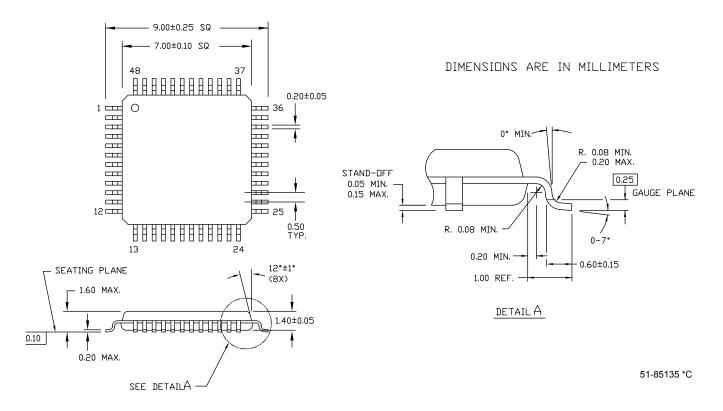
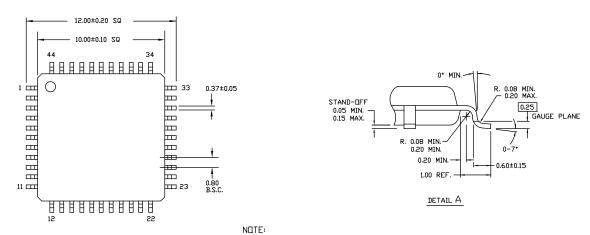


Figure 7. 44-pin TQFP Package Outline



SEATING PLANE

1.60 MAX.

1.40±0.05

0.20 MAX.

SEE DETAILA

1. JEDEC STD REF MS-026

- 2. BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH
 MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.0098 in (0.25 mm) PER SIDE
 BODY LENGTH DIMENSIONS ARE MAX PLASTIC BODY SIZE INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH
- 3. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS

51-85064 *G



Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Table 43. Units of Measure

Table 43. Units of Measure					
Symbol	Unit of Measure				
°C	degrees Celsius				
dB	decibel				
fF	femto farad				
Hz	hertz				
KB	1024 bytes				
kbps	kilobits per second				
Khr	kilohour				
kHz	kilohertz				
kΩ	kilo ohm				
ksps	kilosamples per second				
LSB	least significant bit				
Mbps	megabits per second				
MHz	megahertz				
ΜΩ	mega-ohm				
Msps	megasamples per second				
μΑ	microampere				
μF	microfarad				
μH	microhenry				
μs	microsecond				
μV	microvolt				
μW	microwatt				
mA	milliampere				
ms	millisecond				
mV	millivolt				
nA	nanoampere				
ns	nanosecond				
nV	nanovolt				
Ω	ohm				
pF	picofarad				
ppm	parts per million				
ps	picosecond				
S	second				
sps	samples per second				
sqrtHz	square root of hertz				
V	volt				



Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

cypress.com/touch

cypress.com/wireless

cypress.com/usb

Products

Touch Sensing

USB Controllers

Wireless Connectivity

ARM® Cortex® Microcontrollers cypress.com/arm Automotive cypress.com/automotive Clocks & Buffers cypress.com/clocks Interface cypress.com/interface Internet of Things cypress.com/iot Memory cypress.com/memory Microcontrollers cypress.com/mcu **PSoC** cypress.com/psoc Power Management ICs cypress.com/pmic

PSoC[®]Solutions

PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 4 | PSoC 5LP

Cypress Developer Community

Forums | WICED IOT Forums | Projects | Video | Blogs | Training | Components

Technical Support

cypress.com/support

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation 2015-2017. This document is the property of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation and its subsidiaries, including Spansion LLC ("Cypress"). This document, including any software or firmware included or referenced in this document ("Software"), is owned by Cypress under the intellectual property laws and treaties and the countries worldwide. Cypress reserves all rights under such laws and treaties and does not, except as specifically stated in this paragraph, grant any license under its patents, copyrights, trademarks, or other intellectual property rights. If the Software is not accompanied by a license agreement and you do not otherwise have a written agreement with Cypress governing the use of the Software, then Cypress hereby grants you under its copyright rights in the Software, a personal, non-exclusive, nontransferable license (without the right to sublicense) (a) for Software provided in source code form, to modify and reproduce the Software solely for use with Cypress hardware products, only internally within your organization, and (b) to distribute the Software in binary code form externally to end users (either directly or indirectly through resellers and distributors), solely for use on Cypress hardware product units. Cypress also grants you a personal, non-exclusive, nontransferable, license (without the right to sublicense) under those claims of Cypress's patents that are infringed by the Software (as provided by Cypress, unmodified) to make, use, distribute, and import the Software solely to the minimum extent that is necessary for you to exercise your rights under the copyright license granted in the previous sentence. Any other use, reproduction, modification, translation, or compilation of the Software is prohibited.

CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS DOCUMENT OR ANY SOFTWARE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes to this document without further notice. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described in this document. Any information provided in this document, including any sample design information or programming code, is provided only for reference purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of this document to properly design, program, and test the functionality and safety of any application made of this information and any resulting product. Cypress products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as critical components in systems designed or intended for the operation of weapons, weapons systems, nuclear installations, life-support devices or systems, other medical devices or systems (including resuscitation equipment and surgical implants), pollution control or heazardous substances management, or other uses where the failure of the device or systems (including resuscitation equipment and surgical implants), pollution control or heazardous substances management, or other uses where the failure of the device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness. Cypress is not liable, in whole or in part, and Company shall and hereby does release Cypress from any claim, damage, or other liability arising from or related to all Unintended Uses of Cypress products. Company shall indemnify and hold Cypress harmless from and against all claims, costs, damages, and other liabilities, including claims for personal injury or death, arising from or related to any Unintended Uses of Cypress products.

Cypress, the Cypress logo, Spansion, the Spansion logo, and combinations thereof, WICED, PSoC, CapSense, EZ-USB, F-RAM, and Traveo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cypress in the United States and other countries. For a more complete list of Cypress trademarks, visit cypress.com. Other names and brands may be claimed as property of their respective owners

Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. *H Revised January 9, 2017 Page 41 of 41