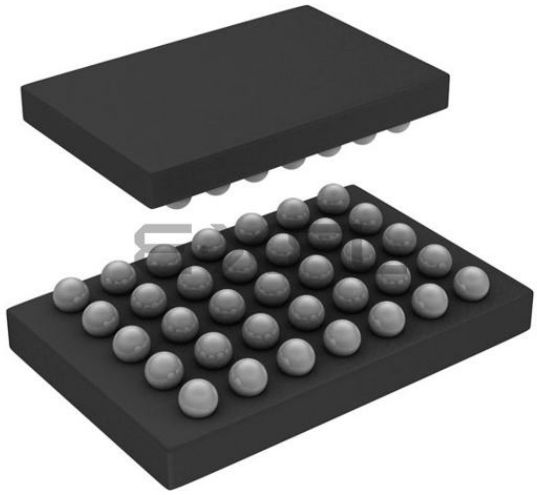

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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, CapSense, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	31
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b Slope, 16x12b SAR; D/A 2xIDAC
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	35-XFBGA, WLCSP
Supplier Device Package	35-WLCSP (2.11x2.6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4146fni-s423t

Reset

The PSoC 4100S can be reset from a variety of sources including a software reset. Reset events are asynchronous and guarantee reversion to a known state. The reset cause is recorded in a register, which is sticky through reset and allows software to determine the cause of the reset. An XRES pin is reserved for external reset by asserting it active low. The XRES pin has an internal pull-up resistor that is always enabled.

Analog Blocks

12-bit SAR ADC

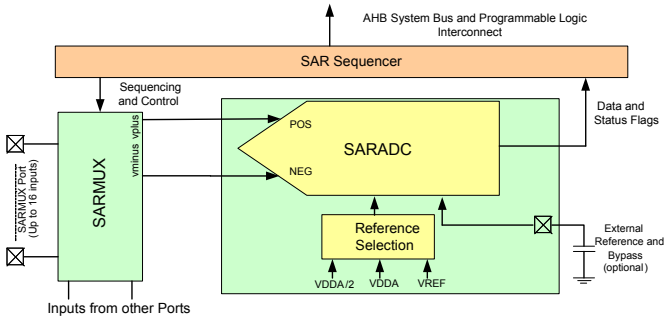
The 12-bit, 1-Msps SAR ADC can operate at a maximum clock rate of 18 MHz and requires a minimum of 18 clocks at that frequency to do a 12-bit conversion.

The Sample-and-Hold (S/H) aperture is programmable allowing the gain bandwidth requirements of the amplifier driving the SAR inputs, which determine its settling time, to be relaxed if required. It is possible to provide an external bypass (through a fixed pin location) for the internal reference amplifier.

The SAR is connected to a fixed set of pins through an 8-input sequencer. The sequencer cycles through selected channels autonomously (sequencer scan) with zero switching overhead (that is, aggregate sampling bandwidth is equal to 1 Msps whether it is for a single channel or distributed over several channels). The sequencer switching is effected through a state machine or through firmware driven switching. A feature provided by the sequencer is buffering of each channel to reduce CPU interrupt service requirements. To accommodate signals with varying source impedance and frequency, it is possible to have different sample times programmable for each channel. Also, signal range specification through a pair of range registers (low and high range values) is implemented with a corresponding out-of-range interrupt if the digitized value exceeds the programmed range; this allows fast detection of out-of-range values without the necessity of having to wait for a sequencer scan to be completed and the CPU to read the values and check for out-of-range values in software.

The SAR is not available in Deep Sleep mode as it requires a high-speed clock (up to 18 MHz). The SAR operating range is 1.71 V to 5.5 V.

Figure 3. SAR ADC



Two Opamps (Continuous-Time Block; CTB)

The PSoC 4100S has two opamps with Comparator modes which allow most common analog functions to be performed on-chip eliminating external components; PGAs, Voltage Buffers, Filters, Trans-Impedance Amplifiers, and other functions can be realized, in some cases with external passives. saving power, cost, and space. The on-chip opamps are designed with enough bandwidth to drive the Sample-and-Hold circuit of the ADC without requiring external buffering.

Low-power Comparators (LPC)

The PSoC 4100S has a pair of low-power comparators, which can also operate in Deep Sleep modes. This allows the analog system blocks to be disabled while retaining the ability to monitor external voltage levels during low-power modes. The comparator outputs are normally synchronized to avoid metastability unless operating in an asynchronous power mode where the system wake-up circuit is activated by a comparator switch event. The LPC outputs can be routed to pins.

Current DACs

The PSoC 4100S has two IDACs, which can drive any of the pins on the chip. These IDACs have programmable current ranges.

Analog Multiplexed Buses

The PSoC 4100S has two concentric independent buses that go around the periphery of the chip. These buses (called amux buses) are connected to firmware-programmable analog switches that allow the chip's internal resources (IDACs, comparator) to connect to any pin on the I/O Ports.

Programmable Digital Blocks

The Programmable I/O (Smart I/O) block is a fabric of switches and LUTs that allows Boolean functions to be performed in signals being routed to the pins of a GPIO port. The Smart I/O can perform logical operations on input pins to the chip and on signals going out as outputs.

Fixed Function Digital

Timer/Counter/PWM (TCPWM) Block

The TCPWM block consists of a 16-bit counter with user-programmable period length. There is a capture register to record the count value at the time of an event (which may be an I/O event), a period register that is used to either stop or auto-reload the counter when its count is equal to the period register, and compare registers to generate compare value signals that are used as PWM duty cycle outputs. The block also provides true and complementary outputs with programmable offset between them to allow use as dead-band programmable complementary PWM outputs. It also has a Kill input to force outputs to a predetermined state; for example, this is used in motor drive systems when an over-current state is indicated and the PWM driving the FETs needs to be shut off immediately with no time for software intervention. There are five TCPWM blocks in the PSoC 4100S.

Serial Communication Block (SCB)

The PSoC 4100S has three serial communication blocks, which can be programmed to have SPI, I2C, or UART functionality.

I^{2}C Mode: The hardware I^{2}C block implements a full multi-master and slave interface (it is capable of multi-master arbitration). This block is capable of operating at speeds of up to 400 kbps (Fast Mode) and has flexible buffering options to reduce interrupt overhead and latency for the CPU. It also

Table 1. Pin List *(continued)*

48-TQFP		44-TQFP		40-QFN		32-QFN		35-CSP	
Pin	**Name**	**Pin**	**Name**	**Pin**	**Name**	**Pin**	**Name**	**Pin**	**Name**
19	P3.6	17	P3.6	16	P3.6				
20	P3.7	18	P3.7	17	P3.7				
21	VDDD	19	VDDD						
22	P4.0	20	P4.0	18	P4.0	13	P4.0	B1	P4.0
23	P4.1	21	P4.1	19	P4.1	14	P4.1	B2	P4.1
24	P4.2	22	P4.2	20	P4.2	15	P4.2	A2	P4.2
25	P4.3	23	P4.3	21	P4.3	16	P4.3	A1	P4.3

Notes: Pins 11, 15, 26, and 27 are No Connects (NC) on the 48-pin TQFP.

Descriptions of the Power pins are as follows:

VDDD: Power supply for the digital section.

VDDA: Power supply for the analog section.

VSSD, VSSA: Ground pins for the digital and analog sections respectively.

VCCD: Regulated digital supply (1.8 V ±5%)

VDD: Power supply to all sections of the chip

VSS: Ground for all sections of the chip

Port/Pin	Analog	Smart I/O	Alternate Function 1	Alternate Function 2	Alternate Function 3	Deep Sleep 1	Deep Sleep 2
P2.4	sarmux[4]	prgio[0].io[4]	tcpwm.line[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select1:1
P2.5	sarmux[5]	prgio[0].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select2:1
P2.6	sarmux[6]	prgio[0].io[6]	tcpwm.line[1]:1				scb[1].spi_select3:1
P2.7	sarmux[7]	prgio[0].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:1			lpcomp.comp[0]:1	scb[2].spi_mosi
P3.0		prgio[1].io[0]	tcpwm.line[0]:0	scb[1].uart_rx:1		scb[1].i2c_scl:2	scb[1].spi_mosi:0
P3.1		prgio[1].io[1]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:0	scb[1].uart_tx:1		scb[1].i2c_sda:2	scb[1].spi_miso:0
P3.2		prgio[1].io[2]	tcpwm.line[1]:0	scb[1].uart_cts:1		cpuss.swd_data	scb[1].spi_clk:0
P3.3		prgio[1].io[3]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:0	scb[1].uart_rts:1		cpuss.swd_clk	scb[1].spi_select0:0
P3.4		prgio[1].io[4]	tcpwm.line[2]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[6]		scb[1].spi_select1:0
P3.5		prgio[1].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[2]:0				scb[1].spi_select2:0
P3.6		prgio[1].io[6]	tcpwm.line[3]:0				scb[1].spi_select3:0
P3.7		prgio[1].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[3]:0			lpcomp.comp[1]:1	scb[2].spi_miso
P4.0	csd.vref_ext			scb[0].uart_rx:0		scb[0].i2c_scl:1	scb[0].spi_mosi:0
P4.1	csd.cshieldpads			scb[0].uart_tx:0		scb[0].i2c_sda:1	scb[0].spi_miso:0
P4.2	csd.cmodpad			scb[0].uart_cts:0		lpcomp.comp[0]:0	scb[0].spi_clk:0
P4.3	csd.csh_tank			scb[0].uart_rts:0		lpcomp.comp[1]:0	scb[0].spi_select0:0

Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings[1]

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID1	V_{DDD_ABS}	Digital supply relative to V_{SS}	–0.5	–	6	V	–
SID2	V_{CCD_ABS}	Direct digital core voltage input relative to V_{SS}	–0.5	–	1.95		–
SID3	V_{GPIO_ABS}	GPIO voltage	–0.5	–	V_{DD}+0.5		–
SID4	I_{GPIO_ABS}	Maximum current per GPIO	–25	–	25	mA	–
SID5	$I_{GPIO\_injection}$	GPIO injection current, Max for V_{IH} > V_{DDD}, and Min for V_{IL} < V_{SS}	–0.5	–	0.5		Current injected per pin
BID44	ESD_HBM	Electrostatic discharge human body model	2200	–	–	V	–
BID45	ESD_CDM	Electrostatic discharge charged device model	500	–	–		–
BID46	LU	Pin current for latch-up	–140	–	140	mA	–

Device Level Specifications

All specifications are valid for –40 °C ≤ T_A ≤ 85 °C and T_J ≤ 100 °C, except where noted. Specifications are valid for 1.71 V to 5.5 V, except where noted.

Table 3. DC Specifications

Typical values measured at V_{DD} = 3.3 V and 25 °C.

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID53	V_{DD}	Power supply input voltage	1.8	–	5.5	V	Internally regulated supply
SID255	V_{DD}	Power supply input voltage (V_{CCD} = V_{DDD} = V_{DDA})	1.71	–	1.89		Internally unregulated supply
SID54	V_{CCD}	Output voltage (for core logic)	–	1.8	–		–
SID55	C_{EFC}	External regulator voltage bypass	–	0.1	–	µF	X5R ceramic or better
SID56	C_{EXC}	Power supply bypass capacitor	–	1	–		X5R ceramic or better
Active Mode, V_{DD} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V. Typical values measured at VDD = 3.3 V and 25 °C.							
SID10	I_{DD5}	Execute from flash; CPU at 6 MHz	–	1.8	2.7	mA	Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID16	I_{DD8}	Execute from flash; CPU at 24 MHz	–	3.0	4.75		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID19	I_{DD11}	Execute from flash; CPU at 48 MHz	–	5.4	6.85		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V

Note
1. Usage above the absolute maximum conditions listed in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability. The Maximum Storage Temperature is 150 °C in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life. When used below Absolute Maximum conditions but above normal operating conditions, the device may not operate to specification.

GPIO

Table 5. GPIO DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID57	V_{IH}[3]	Input voltage high threshold	0.7 × V_{DDD}	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID58	V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	0.3 × V_{DDD}		CMOS Input
SID241	V_{IH}[3]	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} < 2.7 V	0.7 × V_{DDD}	–	–		–
SID242	V_{IL}	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} < 2.7 V	–	–	0.3 × V_{DDD}		–
SID243	V_{IH}[3]	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} ≥ 2.7 V	2.0	–	–		–
SID244	V_{IL}	LVTTL input, V_{DDD} ≥ 2.7 V	–	–	0.8		–
SID59	V_{OH}	Output voltage high level	V_{DDD} –0.6	–	–		I_{OH} = 4 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID60	V_{OH}	Output voltage high level	V_{DDD} –0.5	–	–		I_{OH} = 1 mA at 1.8 V V_{DDD}
SID61	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.6		I_{OL} = 4 mA at 1.8 V V_{DDD}
SID62	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.6		I_{OL} = 10 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID62A	V_{OL}	Output voltage low level	–	–	0.4		I_{OL} = 3 mA at 3 V V_{DDD}
SID63	R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5	kΩ	–
SID64	$R_{PULLDOWN}$	Pull-down resistor	3.5	5.6	8.5		–
SID65	I_{IL}	Input leakage current (absolute value)	–	–	2	nA	25 °C, V_{DDD} = 3.0 V
SID66	C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	–	7	pF	–
SID67[4]	V_{HYSTTL}	Input hysteresis LVTTL	25	40	–	mV	V_{DDD} ≥ 2.7 V
SID68[4]	$V_{HYSCMOS}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	0.05 × V_{DDD}	–	–		V_{DD} < 4.5 V
SID68A[4]	$V_{HYSCMOS5V5}$	Input hysteresis CMOS	200	–	–		V_{DD} > 4.5 V
SID69[4]	I_{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	–	–	100	µA	–
SID69A[4]	I_{TOT_GPIO}	Maximum total source or sink chip current	–	–	200	mA	–

Table 6. GPIO AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID70	T_{RISEF}	Rise time in fast strong mode	2	–	12	ns	3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF
SID71	T_{FALLF}	Fall time in fast strong mode	2	–	12		3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF
SID72	T_{RISES}	Rise time in slow strong mode	10	–	60	–	3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF

Notes
3. V_{IH} must not exceed V_{DDD} + 0.2 V.
4. Guaranteed by characterization.

Table 6. GPIO AC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization) *(continued)*

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID73	T_{FALLS}	Fall time in slow strong mode	10	–	60	–	3.3 V V_{DDD}, Cload = 25 pF
SID74	$F_{GPIOUT1}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 3.3 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V Fast strong mode	–	–	33	MHz	90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID75	$F_{GPIOUT2}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 1.71 V≤ V_{DDD}≤ 3.3 V Fast strong mode	–	–	16.7		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID76	$F_{GPIOUT3}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 3.3 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V Slow strong mode	–	–	7		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID245	$F_{GPIOUT4}$	GPIO F_{OUT}; 1.71 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 3.3 V Slow strong mode.	–	–	3.5		90/10%, 25 pF load, 60/40 duty cycle
SID246	F_{GPIOIN}	GPIO input operating frequency; 1.71 V ≤ V_{DDD} ≤ 5.5 V	–	–	48		90/10% V_{IO}

XRES

Table 7. XRES DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID77	V_{IH}	Input voltage high threshold	0.7 × V_{DDD}	–	–	V	CMOS Input
SID78	V_{IL}	Input voltage low threshold	–	–	0.3 × V_{DDD}		
SID79	R_{PULLUP}	Pull-up resistor	–	60	–	kΩ	–
SID80	C_{IN}	Input capacitance	–	–	7	pF	–
SID81[5]	$V_{HYSXRES}$	Input voltage hysteresis	–	100	–	mV	Typical hysteresis is 200 mV for V_{DD} > 4.5 V
SID82	I_{DIODE}	Current through protection diode to V_{DD}/V_{SS}	–	–	100	µA	

Table 8. XRES AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID83[5]	$T_{RESETWIDTH}$	Reset pulse width	1	–	–	µs	–
BID194[5]	$T_{RESETWAKE}$	Wake-up time from reset release	–	–	2.7	ms	–

Note
5. Guaranteed by characterization.

Table 9. CTBm Opamp Specifications *(continued)*

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
		General opamp specs for both internal and external modes					
SID281	V_{IN}	Charge-pump on, V_{DDA} = 2.7 V	–0.05	–	V_{DDA}-0.2	V	–
SID282	V_{CM}	Charge-pump on, V_{DDA} = 2.7 V	–0.05	–	V_{DDA}-0.2		–
	V_{OUT}	V_{DDA} = 2.7 V					
SID283	V_{OUT_1}	power=hi, Iload=10 mA	0.5	–	V_{DDA} -0.5	V	–
SID284	V_{OUT_2}	power=hi, Iload=1 mA	0.2	–	V_{DDA} -0.2		–
SID285	V_{OUT_3}	power=med, Iload=1 mA	0.2	–	V_{DDA} -0.2		–
SID286	V_{OUT_4}	power=lo, Iload=0.1 mA	0.2	–	V_{DDA} -0.2		–
SID288	V_{OS_TR}	Offset voltage, trimmed	–1.0	±0.5	1.0	mV	High mode, input 0 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID288A	V_{OS_TR}	Offset voltage, trimmed	–	±1	–		Medium mode, input 0 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID288B	V_{OS_TR}	Offset voltage, trimmed	–	±2	–		Low mode, input 0 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID290	$V_{OS\_DR\_TR}$	Offset voltage drift, trimmed	–10	±3	10	µV/C	High mode
SID290A	$V_{OS\_DR\_TR}$	Offset voltage drift, trimmed	–	±10	–	µV/C	Medium mode
SID290B	$V_{OS\_DR\_TR}$	Offset voltage drift, trimmed	–	±10	–		Low mode
SID291	CMRR	DC	70	80	–	dB	Input is 0 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V, Output is 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID292	PSRR	At 1 kHz, 10-mV ripple	70	85	–		V_{DDD} = 3.6 V, high-power mode, input is 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
	Noise						
SID294	VN2	Input-referred, 1 kHz, power=Hi	–	72	–	nV/rtHz	3
SID295	VN3	Input-referred, 10 kHz, power=Hi	–	28	–		Input and output are at 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID296	VN4	Input-referred, 100 kHz, power=Hi	–	15	–		Input and output are at 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID297	C_{LOAD}	Stable up to max. load. Performance specs at 50 pF.	–	–	125	pF	–
SID298	SLEW_RATE	Cload = 50 pF, Power = High, V_{DDA} = 2.7 V	6	–	–	V/µs	–

Table 9. CTBm Opamp Specifications *(continued)*

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID299	T_OP_WAKE	From disable to enable, no external RC dominating	–	–	25	µs	–
SID299A	OL_GAIN	Open Loop Gain	–	90	–	dB	
	COMP_MODE	Comparator mode; 50 mV drive, T_{rise}=T_{fall} (approx.)					
SID300	TPD1	Response time; power=hi	–	150	–	ns	Input is 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID301	TPD2	Response time; power=med	–	500	–		Input is 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID302	TPD3	Response time; power=lo	–	2500	–		Input is 0.2 V to V_{DDA}-0.2 V
SID303	VHYST_OP	Hysteresis	–	10	–	mV	–
SID304	WUP_CTB	Wake-up time from Enabled to Usable	–	–	25	µs	–
	Deep Sleep Mode	Mode 2 is lowest current range. Mode 1 has higher GBW.					
SID_DS_1	$I_{DD\_HI\_M1}$	Mode 1, High current	–	1400	–	µA	25 °C
SID_DS_2	$I_{DD\_MED\_M1}$	Mode 1, Medium current	–	700	–		25 °C
SID_DS_3	$I_{DD\_LOW\_M1}$	Mode 1, Low current	–	200	–		25 °C
SID_DS_4	$I_{DD\_HI\_M2}$	Mode 2, High current	–	120	–		25 °C
SID_DS_5	$I_{DD\_MED\_M2}$	Mode 2, Medium current	–	60	–		25 °C
SID_DS_6	$I_{DD\_LOW\_M2}$	Mode 2, Low current	–	15	–		25 °C

Table 10. Comparator DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID84	$V_{OFFSET1}$	Input offset voltage, Factory trim	–	–	±10	mV	
SID85	$V_{OFFSET2}$	Input offset voltage, Custom trim	–	–	±4		
SID86	V_{HYST}	Hysteresis when enabled	–	10	35		
SID87	V_{ICM1}	Input common mode voltage in normal mode	0	–	V_{DDD}-0.1	V	Modes 1 and 2
SID247	V_{ICM2}	Input common mode voltage in low power mode	0	–	V_{DDD}		
SID247A	V_{ICM3}	Input common mode voltage in ultra low power mode	0	–	V_{DDD}-1.15		V_{DDD} ≥ 2.2 V at –40 °C
SID88	C_{MRR}	Common mode rejection ratio	50	–	–	dB	V_{DDD} ≥ 2.7V
SID88A	C_{MRR}	Common mode rejection ratio	42	–	–		V_{DDD} ≤ 2.7V
SID89	I_{CMP1}	Block current, normal mode	–	–	400	µA	
SID248	I_{CMP2}	Block current, low power mode	–	–	100		
SID259	I_{CMP3}	Block current in ultra low-power mode	–	–	6		V_{DDD} ≥ 2.2 V at –40 °C
SID90	Z_{CMP}	DC Input impedance of comparator	35	–	–	MΩ	

Table 11. Comparator AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID91	TRESP1	Response time, normal mode, 50 mV overdrive	–	38	110	ns	
SID258	TRESP2	Response time, low power mode, 50 mV overdrive	–	70	200		
SID92	TRESP3	Response time, ultra-low power mode, 200 mV overdrive	–	2.3	15	µs	V_{DDD} ≥ 2.2 V at –40 °C

Table 12. Temperature Sensor Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID93	TSENSACC	Temperature sensor accuracy	–5	±1	5	°C	–40 to +85 °C

Table 13. SAR Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SAR ADC DC Specifications							
SID94	A_RES	Resolution	–	–	12	bits	
SID95	A_CHNLS_S	Number of channels - single ended	–	–	16		
SID96	A-CHNKS_D	Number of channels - differential	–	–	4		Diff inputs use neighboring I/O
SID97	A-MONO	Monotonicity	–	–	–		Yes.
SID98	A_GAINERR	Gain error	–	–	±0.1	%	With external reference.

CSD

Table 14. CSD and IDAC Specifications

SPEC ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SYS.PER#3	VDD_RIPPLE	Max allowed ripple on power supply, DC to 10 MHz	–	–	±50	mV	V_{DD} > 2 V (with ripple), 25 °C T_A, Sensitivity = 0.1 pF
SYS.PER#16	VDD_RIPPLE_1.8	Max allowed ripple on power supply, DC to 10 MHz	–	–	±25	mV	V_{DD} > 1.75V (with ripple), 25 °C T_A, Parasitic Capacitance (C_P) < 20 pF, Sensitivity ≥ 0.4 pF
SID.CSD.BLK	ICSD	Maximum block current	–	–	4000	µA	Maximum block current for both IDACs in dynamic (switching) mode including comparators, buffer, and reference generator.
SID.CSD#15	V_{REF}	Voltage reference for CSD and Comparator	0.6	1.2	V_{DDA} - 0.6	V	V_{DDA} - 0.06 or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID.CSD#15A	VREF_EXT	External Voltage reference for CSD and Comparator	0.6		V_{DDA} - 0.6	V	V_{DDA} - 0.06 or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID.CSD#16	IDAC1IDD	IDAC1 (7-bits) block current	–	–	1750	µA	
SID.CSD#17	IDAC2IDD	IDAC2 (7-bits) block current	–	–	1750	µA	
SID308	VCSD	Voltage range of operation	1.71	–	5.5	V	1.8 V ±5% or 1.8 V to 5.5 V
SID308A	VCOMPIDAC	Voltage compliance range of IDAC	0.6	–	V_{DDA} –0.6	V	V_{DDA} - 0.06 or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID309	IDAC1DNL	DNL	–1	–	1	LSB	
SID310	IDAC1INL	INL	–2	–	2	LSB	INL is ±5.5 LSB for V_{DDA} < 2 V
SID311	IDAC2DNL	DNL	–1	–	1	LSB	
SID312	IDAC2INL	INL	–2	–	2	LSB	INL is ±5.5 LSB for V_{DDA} < 2 V
SID313	SNR	Ratio of counts of finger to noise. Guaranteed by characterization	5	–	–	Ratio	Capacitance range of 5 to 35 pF, 0.1-pF sensitivity. All use cases. V_{DDA} > 2 V.
SID314	IDAC1CRT1	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in low range	4.2	–	5.4	µA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID314A	IDAC1CRT2	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in medium range	34	–	41	µA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID314B	IDAC1CRT3	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in high range	275	–	330	µA	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID314C	IDAC1CRT12	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in low range, 2X mode	8	–	10.5	µA	LSB = 75-nA typ.
SID314D	IDAC1CRT22	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in medium range, 2X mode	69	–	82	µA	LSB = 600-nA typ.
SID314E	IDAC1CRT32	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in high range, 2X mode	540	–	660	µA	LSB = 4.8-µA typ.
SID315	IDAC2CRT1	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in low range	4.2	–	5.4	µA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID315A	IDAC2CRT2	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in medium range	34	–	41	µA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID315B	IDAC2CRT3	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in high range	275	–	330	µA	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID315C	IDAC2CRT12	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in low range, 2X mode	8	–	10.5	µA	LSB = 75-nA typ.
SID315D	IDAC2CRT22	Output current of IDAC2(7 bits) in medium range, 2X mode	69	–	82	µA	LSB = 600-nA typ.
SID315E	IDAC2CRT32	Output current of IDAC2(7 bits) in high range, 2X mode	540	–	660	µA	LSB = 4.8-µA typ.
SID315F	IDAC3CRT13	Output current of IDAC in 8-bit mode in low range	8	–	10.5	µA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.

Table 14. CSD and IDAC Specifications *(continued)*

SPEC ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID315G	IDAC3CRT23	Output current of IDAC in 8-bit mode in medium range	69	–	82	µA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID315H	IDAC3CRT33	Output current of IDAC in 8-bit mode in high range	540	–	660	µA	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID320	IDACOFFSET	All zeroes input	–	–	1	LSB	Polarity set by Source or Sink. Offset is 2 LSBs for 37.5 nA/LSB mode
SID321	IDACGAIN	Full-scale error less offset	–	–	±10	%	
SID322	IDACMISMATCH1	Mismatch between IDAC1 and IDAC2 in Low mode	–	–	9.2	LSB	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID322A	IDACMISMATCH2	Mismatch between IDAC1 and IDAC2 in Medium mode	–	–	5.6	LSB	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID322B	IDACMISMATCH3	Mismatch between IDAC1 and IDAC2 in High mode	–	–	6.8	LSB	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID323	IDACSET8	Settling time to 0.5 LSB for 8-bit IDAC	–	–	10	µs	Full-scale transition. No external load.
SID324	IDACSET7	Settling time to 0.5 LSB for 7-bit IDAC	–	–	10	µs	Full-scale transition. No external load.
SID325	CMOD	External modulator capacitor.	–	2.2	–	nF	5-V rating, X7R or NP0 cap.

Table 15. 10-bit CapSense ADC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SIDA94	A_RES	Resolution	–	–	10	bits	Auto-zeroing is required every millisecond
SIDA95	A_CHNLS_S	Number of channels - single ended	–	–	16		Defined by AMUX Bus.
SIDA97	A-MONO	Monotonicity	–	–	–	Yes	
SIDA98	A_GAINERR	Gain error	–	–	±2	%	In V_{REF} (2.4 V) mode with V_{DDA} bypass capacitance of 10 µF
SIDA99	A_OFFSET	Input offset voltage	–	–	3	mV	In V_{REF} (2.4 V) mode with V_{DDA} bypass capacitance of 10 µF
SIDA100	A_ISAR	Current consumption	–	–	0.25	mA	
SIDA101	A_VINS	Input voltage range - single ended	V_{SSA}	–	V_{DDA}	V	
SIDA103	A_INRES	Input resistance	–	2.2	–	KΩ	
SIDA104	A_INCAP	Input capacitance	–	20	–	pF	
SIDA106	A_PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	–	60	–	dB	In V_{REF} (2.4 V) mode with V_{DDA} bypass capacitance of 10 µF
SIDA107	A_TACQ	Sample acquisition time	–	1	–	µs	
SIDA108	A_CONV8	Conversion time for 8-bit resolution at conversion rate = Fhclk/(2^(N+2)). Clock frequency = 48 MHz.	–	–	21.3	µs	Does not include acquisition time. Equivalent to 44.8 ksps including acquisition time.
SIDA108A	A_CONV10	Conversion time for 10-bit resolution at conversion rate = Fhclk/(2^(N+2)). Clock frequency = 48 MHz.	–	–	85.3	µs	Does not include acquisition time. Equivalent to 11.6 ksps including acquisition time.

Table 19. SPI DC Specifications[9]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID163	ISPI1	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	–	–	360	µA	–
SID164	ISPI2	Block current consumption at 4 Mbps	–	–	560		–
SID165	ISPI3	Block current consumption at 8 Mbps	–	–	600		–

Table 20. SPI AC Specifications[8]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID166	FSPI	SPI Operating frequency (Master; 6X Oversampling)	–	–	8	MHz	SID166
Fixed SPI Master Mode AC Specifications							
SID167	TDMO	MOSI Valid after SClock driving edge	–	–	15	ns	–
SID168	TDSI	MISO Valid before SClock capturing edge	20	–	–		Full clock, late MISO sampling
SID169	THMO	Previous MOSI data hold time	0	–	–		Referred to Slave capturing edge
Fixed SPI Slave Mode AC Specifications							
SID170	TDMI	MOSI Valid before Sclock Capturing edge	40	–	–	ns	–
SID171	TDSO	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge	–	–	42 + 3*Tcpu		$T_{CPU} = 1/F_{CPU}$
SID171A	TDSO_EXT	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge in Ext. Clk mode	–	–	48		–
SID172	THSO	Previous MISO data hold time	0	–	–		–
SID172A	TSSELSSCK	SSEL Valid to first SCK Valid edge	–	–	100	ns	–

Table 21. UART DC Specifications[9]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID160	I_{UART1}	Block current consumption at 100 Kbps	–	–	55	µA	–
SID161	I_{UART2}	Block current consumption at 1000 Kbps	–	–	312	µA	–

Table 22. UART AC Specifications[9]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID162	F_{UART}	Bit rate	–	–	1	Mbps	–

Table 23. LCD Direct Drive DC Specifications[9]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID154	I_{LCDLOW}	Operating current in low power mode	–	5	–	µA	16 × 4 small segment disp. at 50 Hz
SID155	C_{LCDCAP}	LCD capacitance per segment/common driver	–	500	5000	pF	–
SID156	LCD_{OFFSET}	Long-term segment offset	–	20	–	mV	–
SID157	I_{LCDOP1}	LCD system operating current Vbias = 5 V	–	2	–	mA	32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz. 25 °C
SID158	I_{LCDOP2}	LCD system operating current Vbias = 3.3 V	–	2	–		32 × 4 segments. 50 Hz. 25 °C

Table 24. LCD Direct Drive AC Specifications[9]

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID159	F_{LCD}	LCD frame rate	10	50	150	Hz	–

Note
9. Guaranteed by characterization.

Memory

Table 25. Flash DC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID173	V_{PE}	Erase and program voltage	1.71	–	5.5	V	–

Table 26. Flash AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID174	$T_{ROWWRITE}$[10]	Row (block) write time (erase and program)	–	–	20	ms	Row (block) = 128 bytes
SID175	$T_{ROWERASE}$[10]	Row erase time	–	–	16		–
SID176	$T_{ROWPROGRAM}$[10]	Row program time after erase	–	–	4		–
SID178	$T_{BULKERASE}$[10]	Bulk erase time (64 KB)	–	–	35		–
SID180[11]	$T_{DEVPROG}$[10]	Total device program time	–	–	7	Seconds	–
SID181[11]	F_{END}	Flash endurance	100 K	–	–	Cycles	–
SID182[11]	F_{RET}	Flash retention. $T_A \leq 55$ °C, 100 K P/E cycles	20	–	–	Years	–
SID182A[11]	–	Flash retention. $T_A \leq 85$ °C, 10 K P/E cycles	10	–	–		–
SID256	TWS48	Number of Wait states at 48 MHz	2	–	–		CPU execution from Flash
SID257	TWS24	Number of Wait states at 24 MHz	1	–	–		CPU execution from Flash

System Resources

Power-on Reset (POR)

Table 27. Power On Reset (PRES)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID.CLK#6	SR_POWER_UP	Power supply slew rate	1	–	67	V/ms	At power-up
SID185[11]	$V_{RISEIPOR}$	Rising trip voltage	0.80	–	1.5	V	–
SID186[11]	$V_{FALLIPOR}$	Falling trip voltage	0.70	–	1.4		–

Table 28. Brown-out Detect (BOD) for V_{CCD}

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID190[11]	$V_{FALLPPOR}$	BOD trip voltage in active and sleep modes	1.48	–	1.62	V	–
SID192[11]	$V_{FALLDPSLP}$	BOD trip voltage in Deep Sleep	1.11	–	1.5		–

Notes
10. It can take as much as 20 milliseconds to write to Flash. During this time the device should not be Reset, or Flash operations will be interrupted and cannot be relied on to have completed. Reset sources include the XRES pin, software resets, CPU lockup states and privilege violations, improper power supply levels, and watchdogs. Make certain that these are not inadvertently activated.
11. Guaranteed by characterization.

Table 34. Watch Crystal Oscillator (WCO) Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID398	FWCO	Crystal Frequency	–	32.768	–	kHz	
SID399	FTOL	Frequency tolerance	–	50	250	ppm	With 20-ppm crystal
SID400	ESR	Equivalent series resistance	–	50	–	kΩ	
SID401	PD	Drive Level	–	–	1	µW	
SID402	TSTART	Startup time	–	–	500	ms	
SID403	CL	Crystal Load Capacitance	6	–	12.5	pF	
SID404	C0	Crystal Shunt Capacitance	–	1.35	–	pF	
SID405	IWCO1	Operating Current (high power mode)	–	–	8	uA	
SID406	IWCO2	Operating Current (low power mode)	–	–	1	uA	

Table 35. External Clock Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID305[13]	ExtClkFreq	External clock input frequency	0	–	48	MHz	–
SID306[13]	ExtClkDuty	Duty cycle; measured at $V_{DD/2}$	45	–	55	%	–

Table 36. Block Specs

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID262[13]	$T_{CLKSWITCH}$	System clock source switching time	3	–	4	Periods	–

Table 37. Smart I/O Pass-through Time (Delay in Bypass Mode)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID252	PRG_BYPASS	Max delay added by Smart I/O in bypass mode	–	–	1.6	ns	

Note
13. Guaranteed by characterization.

Ordering Information

The marketing part numbers for the PSoC 4100S family are listed in the following table.

Category	MPN	Features													Package				
		Max CPU Speed (MHz)	Flash (KB)	SRAM (KB)	Opamp (CTBm)	CSD	10-bit CSD ADC	12-bit SAR ADC	ADC Sample Rate	LP Comparators	TCPWM Blocks	SCB Blocks	Smart I/Os	GPIO	35-WLCSP (0.35mm pitch)	32-QFN	40-QFN	48-TQFP	44-TQFP
4124	CY8C4124FNI-S403	24	16	4	2	0	1	0		2	5	2	8	31	X				
	CY8C4124FNI-S413	24	16	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	31	X				
	CY8C4124LQI-S412	24	16	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	27		X			
	CY8C4124LQI-S413	24	16	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	34			X		
	CY8C4124AZI-S413	24	16	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	36				X	
	CY8C4124FNI-S433	24	16	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	31	X				
	CY8C4124LQI-S432	24	16	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	27		X			
	CY8C4124LQI-S433	24	16	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	34			X		
	CY8C4124AZI-S433	24	16	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	36				X	
4125	CY8C4125FNI-S423	24	32	4	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	31	X				
	CY8C4125LQI-S422	24	32	4	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	27		X			
	CY8C4125LQI-S423	24	32	4	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	34			X		
	CY8C4125AZI-S423	24	32	4	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	36				X	
	CY8C4125AXI-S423	24	32	4	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	36					X
	CY8C4125FNI-S413	24	32	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	31	X				
	CY8C4125LQI-S412	24	32	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	27		X			
	CY8C4125LQI-S413	24	32	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	34			X		
	CY8C4125AZI-S413	24	32	4	2	1	1	0		2	5	2	16	36				X	
	CY8C4125FNI-S433	24	32	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	31	X				
	CY8C4125LQI-S432	24	32	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	27		X			
	CY8C4125LQI-S433	24	32	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	34			X		
	CY8C4125AZI-S433	24	32	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	36				X	
	CY8C4125AXI-S433	24	32	4	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	2	16	36					X
4126	CY8C4126AZI-S423	24	64	8	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	3	16	36				X	
	CY8C4126AXI-S423	24	64	8	2	0	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	3	16	36					X
	CY8C4126AZI-S433	24	64	8	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	3	16	36				X	
	CY8C4126AXI-S433	24	64	8	2	1	1	1	806 ksps	2	5	3	16	36					X
4145	CY8C4145AZI-S423	48	32	4	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	2	16	36				X	
	CY8C4145AXI-S423	48	32	4	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	2	16	36					X
	CY8C4145AXI-S433	48	32	4	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	2	16	36					X
4146	CY8C4146FNI-S423	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	31	X				
	CY8C4146LQI-S422	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	27		X			
	CY8C4146LQI-S423	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	34			X		
	CY8C4146AZI-S423	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	36				X	
	CY8C4146AXI-S423	48	64	8	2	0	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	36					X
	CY8C4146FNI-S433	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	31	X				
	CY8C4146LQI-S432	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	27		X			
	CY8C4146LQI-S433	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	34			X		
	CY8C4146AZI-S433	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	36				X	
	CY8C4146AXI-S433	48	64	8	2	1	1	1	1 Msps	2	5	3	16	36					X

Acronyms

Table 42. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
abus	analog local bus
ADC	analog-to-digital converter
AG	analog global
AHB	AMBA (advanced microcontroller bus architecture) high-performance bus, an ARM data transfer bus
ALU	arithmetic logic unit
AMUXBUS	analog multiplexer bus
API	application programming interface
APSR	application program status register
ARM®	advanced RISC machine, a CPU architecture
ATM	automatic thump mode
BW	bandwidth
CAN	Controller Area Network, a communications protocol
CMRR	common-mode rejection ratio
CPU	central processing unit
CRC	cyclic redundancy check, an error-checking protocol
DAC	digital-to-analog converter, see also IDAC, VDAC
DFB	digital filter block
DIO	digital input/output, GPIO with only digital capabilities, no analog. See GPIO.
DMIPS	Dhrystone million instructions per second
DMA	direct memory access, see also TD
DNL	differential nonlinearity, see also INL
DNU	do not use
DR	port write data registers
DSI	digital system interconnect
DWT	data watchpoint and trace
ECC	error correcting code
ECO	external crystal oscillator
EEPROM	electrically erasable programmable read-only memory
EMI	electromagnetic interference
EMIF	external memory interface
EOC	end of conversion
EOF	end of frame
EPSR	execution program status register
ESD	electrostatic discharge

Table 42. Acronyms Used in this Document *(continued)*

Acronym	Description
ETM	embedded trace macrocell
FIR	finite impulse response, see also IIR
FPB	flash patch and breakpoint
FS	full-speed
GPIO	general-purpose input/output, applies to a PSoC pin
HVI	high-voltage interrupt, see also LVI, LVD
IC	integrated circuit
IDAC	current DAC, see also DAC, VDAC
IDE	integrated development environment
I^2C, or IIC	Inter-Integrated Circuit, a communications protocol
IIR	infinite impulse response, see also FIR
ILO	internal low-speed oscillator, see also IMO
IMO	internal main oscillator, see also ILO
INL	integral nonlinearity, see also DNL
I/O	input/output, see also GPIO, DIO, SIO, USBIO
IPOR	initial power-on reset
IPSR	interrupt program status register
IRQ	interrupt request
ITM	instrumentation trace macrocell
LCD	liquid crystal display
LIN	Local Interconnect Network, a communications protocol.
LR	link register
LUT	lookup table
LVD	low-voltage detect, see also LVI
LVI	low-voltage interrupt, see also HVI
LVTTL	low-voltage transistor-transistor logic
MAC	multiply-accumulate
MCU	microcontroller unit
MISO	master-in slave-out
NC	no connect
NMI	nonmaskable interrupt
NRZ	non-return-to-zero
NVIC	nested vectored interrupt controller
NVL	nonvolatile latch, see also WOL
opamp	operational amplifier
PAL	programmable array logic, see also PLD

Table 42. Acronyms Used in this Document *(continued)*

Acronym	Description
PC	program counter
PCB	printed circuit board
PGA	programmable gain amplifier
PHUB	peripheral hub
PHY	physical layer
PICU	port interrupt control unit
PLA	programmable logic array
PLD	programmable logic device, see also PAL
PLL	phase-locked loop
PMDD	package material declaration data sheet
POR	power-on reset
PRES	precise power-on reset
PRS	pseudo random sequence
PS	port read data register
PSoC®	Programmable System-on-Chip™
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio
PWM	pulse-width modulator
RAM	random-access memory
RISC	reduced-instruction-set computing
RMS	root-mean-square
RTC	real-time clock
RTL	register transfer language
RTR	remote transmission request
RX	receive
SAR	successive approximation register
SC/CT	switched capacitor/continuous time
SCL	I^2C serial clock
SDA	I^2C serial data
S/H	sample and hold
SINAD	signal to noise and distortion ratio
SIO	special input/output, GPIO with advanced features. See GPIO.
SOC	start of conversion
SOF	start of frame
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface, a communications protocol
SR	slew rate
SRAM	static random access memory
SRES	software reset
SWD	serial wire debug, a test protocol

Table 42. Acronyms Used in this Document *(continued)*

Acronym	Description
SWV	single-wire viewer
TD	transaction descriptor, see also DMA
THD	total harmonic distortion
TIA	transimpedance amplifier
TRM	technical reference manual
TTL	transistor-transistor logic
TX	transmit
UART	Universal Asynchronous Transmitter Receiver, a communications protocol
UDB	universal digital block
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USBIO	USB input/output, PSoC pins used to connect to a USB port
VDAC	voltage DAC, see also DAC, IDAC
WDT	watchdog timer
WOL	write once latch, see also NVL
WRES	watchdog timer reset
XRES	external reset I/O pin
XTAL	crystal

Revision History

Description Title: PSoC® 4: PSoC 4100S Family Datasheet Programmable System-on-Chip (PSoC) Document Number: 002-00122				
Revision	**ECN**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	4883809	WKA	08/28/2015	New datasheet
*A	4992376	WKA	10/30/2015	Updated Pinouts. Added V_{DDD} ≥ 2.2V at –40 °C under Conditions for specs SID247A, SID90, SID92. Updated Table 15. Updated Ordering Information.
*B	5037826	SLAN	12/08/2015	Changed datasheet status to Preliminary
*C	5060691	WKA	12/22/2015	Updated SCBs from 2 to 3. Updated SRAM size to 8 KB. Changed WLCSP package to 35-ball WLCSP. Updated Pin List and Alternate Pin Functions. Updated Ordering Information.
*D	5139206	WKA	02/16/2016	Added Errata. Added 35 WLCSP package details. Updated theta J_A and J_C values for all packages. Updated copyright information at the end of the document.
*E	5173961	WKA	03/15/2016	Updated values for SID79, BID194. SID175, and SID176. Updated CSD and IDAC Specifications. Updated 10-bit CapSense ADC Specifications.
*F	5330930	WKA	07/27/2016	Updated CSD and IDAC Specifications. Updated 10-bit CapSense ADC Specifications. Removed errata.
*G	5473409	WKA	10/13/2016	Added 44 TQFP pin and package details.
*H	5561833	WKA	01/09/2017	Updated Figure 3. Changed PRGIO references to Smart I/O. Updated DC Specifications. Updated Ordering Information.

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