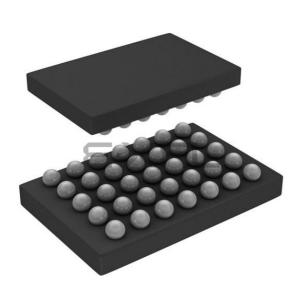
# E·XFL



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#### What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

## Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

#### Details

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, CapSense, LCD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	31
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 16x10b Slope, 16x12b SAR; D/A 2xIDAC
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	35-XFBGA, WLCSP
Supplier Device Package	35-WLCSP (2.11x2.6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/infineon-technologies/cy8c4146fni-s433t

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



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## **Functional Definition**

## **CPU and Memory Subsystem**

## CPU

The Cortex-M0+ CPU in the PSoC 4100S is part of the 32-bit MCU subsystem, which is optimized for low-power operation with extensive clock gating. Most instructions are 16 bits in length and the CPU executes a subset of the Thumb-2 instruction set. It includes a nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC) block with eight interrupt inputs and also includes a Wakeup Interrupt Controller (WIC). The WIC can wake the processor from Deep Sleep mode, allowing power to be switched off to the main processor when the chip is in Deep Sleep mode.

The CPU also includes a debug interface, the serial wire debug (SWD) interface, which is a two-wire form of JTAG. The debug configuration used for PSoC 4100S has four breakpoint (address) comparators and two watchpoint (data) comparators.

## Flash

The PSoC 4100S device has a flash module with a flash accelerator, tightly coupled to the CPU to improve average access times from the flash block. The low-power flash block is designed to deliver two wait-state (WS) access time at 48 MHz. The flash accelerator delivers 85% of single-cycle SRAM access performance on average.

## SRAM

Eight KB of SRAM are provided with zero wait-state access at 48 MHz.

## SROM

An 8 KB supervisory ROM that contains boot and configuration routines is provided.

## System Resources

## Power System

The power system is described in detail in the section Power on page 11. It provides assurance that voltage levels are as required for each respective mode and either delays mode entry (for example, on power-on reset (POR)) until voltage levels are as required for proper functionality, or generates resets (for example, on brown-out detection). The PSoC 4100S operates with a single external supply over the range of either 1.8 V  $\pm$ 5% (externally regulated) or 1.8 to 5.5 V (internally regulated) and has three different power modes, transitions between which are managed by the power system. The PSoC 4100S provides Active, Sleep, and Deep Sleep low-power modes.

All subsystems are operational in Active mode. The CPU subsystem (CPU, flash, and SRAM) is clock-gated off in Sleep mode, while all peripherals and interrupts are active with instantaneous wake-up on a wake-up event. In Deep Sleep mode, the high-speed clock and associated circuitry is switched off; wake-up from this mode takes 35 µs. The opamps can remain operational in Deep Sleep mode.

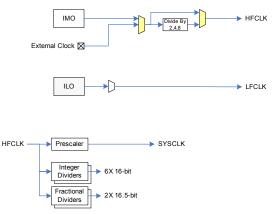
## Clock System

The PSoC 4100S clock system is responsible for providing clocks to all subsystems that require clocks and for switching

between different clock sources without glitching. In addition, the clock system ensures that there are no metastable conditions.

The clock system for the PSoC 4100S consists of the internal main oscillator (IMO), internal low-frequency oscillator (ILO), a 32 kHz Watch Crystal Oscillator (WCO) and provision for an external clock. Clock dividers are provided to generate clocks for peripherals on a fine-grained basis. Fractional dividers are also provided to enable clocking of higher data rates for UARTs.

## Figure 2. PSoC 4100S MCU Clocking Architecture



The HFCLK signal can be divided down to generate synchronous clocks for the analog and digital peripherals. There are eight clock dividers for the PSoC 4100S; two of those are fractional dividers. The 16-bit capability allows flexible generation of fine-grained frequency values and is fully supported in PSoC Creator

## IMO Clock Source

The IMO is the primary source of internal clocking in the PSoC 4100S. It is trimmed during testing to achieve the specified accuracy. The IMO default frequency is 24 MHz and it can be adjusted from 24 to 48 MHz in steps of 4 MHz. The IMO tolerance with Cypress-provided calibration settings is  $\pm 2\%$ .

#### ILO Clock Source

The ILO is a very low power, nominally 40-kHz oscillator, which is primarily used to generate clocks for the watchdog timer (WDT) and peripheral operation in Deep Sleep mode. ILO-driven counters can be calibrated to the IMO to improve accuracy. Cypress provides a software component, which does the calibration.

## Watch Crystal Oscillator (WCO)

The PSoC 4100S clock subsystem also implements a low-frequency (32-kHz watch crystal) oscillator that can be used for precision timing applications.

#### Watchdog Timer

A watchdog timer is implemented in the clock block running from the ILO; this allows watchdog operation during Deep Sleep and generates a watchdog reset if not serviced before the set timeout occurs. The watchdog reset is recorded in a Reset Cause register, which is firmware readable.



## Pinouts

The following table provides the pin list for PSoC 4100S for the 48-pin TQFP, 44-pin TQFP, 40-pin QFN, 32-pin QFN, and 35-ball CSP packages. All port pins support GPIO.

## Table 1. Pin List

48-	TQFP	44-	TQFP	40	-QFN	32	-QFN	35	-CSP
Pin	Name								
28	P0.0	24	P0.0	22	P0.0	17	P0.0	C3	P0.0
29	P0.1	25	P0.1	23	P0.1	18	P0.1	A5	P0.1
30	P0.2	26	P0.2	24	P0.2	19	P0.2	A4	P0.2
31	P0.3	27	P0.3	25	P0.3	20	P0.3	A3	P0.3
32	P0.4	28	P0.4	26	P0.4	21	P0.4	B3	P0.4
33	P0.5	29	P0.5	27	P0.5	22	P0.5	A6	P0.5
34	P0.6	30	P0.6	28	P0.6	23	P0.6	B4	P0.6
35	P0.7	31	P0.7	29	P0.7			B5	P0.7
36	XRES	32	XRES	30	XRES	24	XRES	B6	XRES
37	VCCD	33	VCCD	31	VCCD	25	VCCD	A7	VCCD
38	VSSD			DN	VSSD	26	VSSD	B7	VSS
39	VDDD	34	VDDD	32	VDDD			C7	VDD
40	VDDA	35	VDDA	33	VDDA	27	VDD	C7	VDD
41	VSSA	36	VSSA	34	VSSA	28	VSSA	B7	VSS
42	P1.0	37	P1.0	35	P1.0	29	P1.0	C4	P1.0
43	P1.1	38	P1.1	36	P1.1	30	P1.1	C5	P1.1
44	P1.2	39	P1.2	37	P1.2	31	P1.2	C6	P1.2
45	P1.3	40	P1.3	38	P1.3	32	P1.3	D7	P1.3
46	P1.4	41	P1.4	39	P1.4			D4	P1.4
47	P1.5	42	P1.5					D5	P1.5
48	P1.6	43	P1.6					D6	P1.6
1	P1.7/VREF	44	P1.7/VREF	40	P1.7/VREF	1	P1.7/VREF	E7	P1.7/VREF
		1	VSSD						
2	P2.0	2	P2.0	1	P2.0	2	P2.0		
3	P2.1	3	P2.1	2	P2.1	3	P2.1		
4	P2.2	4	P2.2	3	P2.2	4	P2.2	D3	P2.2
5	P2.3	5	P2.3	4	P2.3	5	P2.3	E4	P2.3
6	P2.4	6	P2.4	5	P2.4			E5	P2.4
7	P2.5	7	P2.5	6	P2.5	6	P2.5	E6	P2.5
8	P2.6	8	P2.6	7	P2.6	7	P2.6	E3	P2.6
9	P2.7	9	P2.7	8	P2.7	8	P2.7	E2	P2.7
10	VSSD	10	VSSD	9	VSSD				
12	P3.0	11	P3.0	10	P3.0	9	P3.0	E1	P3.0
13	P3.1	12	P3.1	11	P3.1	10	P3.1	D2	P3.1
14	P3.2	13	P3.2	12	P3.2	11	P3.2	D1	P3.2
16	P3.3	14	P3.3	13	P3.3	12	P3.3	C1	P3.3
17	P3.4	15	P3.4	14	P3.4			C2	P3.4
18	P3.5	16	P3.5	15	P3.5				



## Table 1. Pin List (continued)

48-1	QFP	P 44-T		40-QFN 32-QFN 3		40-QFN 32-QFN 35-		)FP 40-G		32-QFN		40-QFN 32-QFN		CSP
Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name	Pin	Name					
19	P3.6	17	P3.6	16	P3.6									
20	P3.7	18	P3.7	17	P3.7									
21	VDDD	19	VDDD											
22	P4.0	20	P4.0	18	P4.0	13	P4.0	B1	P4.0					
23	P4.1	21	P4.1	19	P4.1	14	P4.1	B2	P4.1					
24	P4.2	22	P4.2	20	P4.2	15	P4.2	A2	P4.2					
25	P4.3	23	P4.3	21	P4.3	16	P4.3	A1	P4.3					

Notes: Pins 11, 15, 26, and 27 are No Connects (NC) on the 48-pin TQFP.

Descriptions of the Power pins are as follows:

VDDD: Power supply for the digital section.

VDDA: Power supply for the analog section.

VSSD, VSSA: Ground pins for the digital and analog sections respectively.

VCCD: Regulated digital supply (1.8 V ±5%)

VDD: Power supply to all sections of the chip

VSS: Ground for all sections of the chip

## PSoC<sup>®</sup> 4: PSoC 4100S Family Datasheet



Port/Pin	Analog	Smart I/O	Alternate Function 1	Alternate Function 2	Alternate Function 3	Deep Sleep 1	Deep Sleep 2
P2.4	sarmux[4]	prgio[0].io[4]	tcpwm.line[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select1:1
P2.5	sarmux[5]	prgio[0].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:1				scb[1].spi_select2:1
P2.6	sarmux[6]	prgio[0].io[6]	tcpwm.line[1]:1				scb[1].spi_select3:1
P2.7	sarmux[7]	prgio[0].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:1			lpcomp.comp[0]:1	scb[2].spi_mosi
P3.0		prgio[1].io[0]	tcpwm.line[0]:0	scb[1].uart_rx:1		scb[1].i2c_scl:2	scb[1].spi_mosi:0
P3.1		prgio[1].io[1]	tcpwm.line_compl[0]:0	scb[1].uart_tx:1		scb[1].i2c_sda:2	scb[1].spi_miso:0
P3.2		prgio[1].io[2]	tcpwm.line[1]:0	scb[1].uart_cts:1		cpuss.swd_data	scb[1].spi_clk:0
P3.3		prgio[1].io[3]	tcpwm.line_compl[1]:0	scb[1].uart_rts:1		cpuss.swd_clk	scb[1].spi_select0:0
P3.4		prgio[1].io[4]	tcpwm.line[2]:0		tcpwm.tr_in[6]		scb[1].spi_select1:0
P3.5		prgio[1].io[5]	tcpwm.line_compl[2]:0				scb[1].spi_select2:0
P3.6		prgio[1].io[6]	tcpwm.line[3]:0				scb[1].spi_select3:0
P3.7		prgio[1].io[7]	tcpwm.line_compl[3]:0			lpcomp.comp[1]:1	scb[2].spi_miso
P4.0	csd.vref_ext			scb[0].uart_rx:0		scb[0].i2c_scl:1	scb[0].spi_mosi:0
P4.1	csd.cshieldpads			scb[0].uart_tx:0		scb[0].i2c_sda:1	scb[0].spi_miso:0
P4.2	csd.cmodpad			scb[0].uart_cts:0		lpcomp.comp[0]:0	scb[0].spi_clk:0
P4.3	csd.csh_tank			scb[0].uart_rts:0		lpcomp.comp[1]:0	scb[0].spi_select0:0



## **Development Support**

The PSoC 4100S family has a rich set of documentation, development tools, and online resources to assist you during your development process. Visit www.cypress.com/go/psoc4 to find out more.

## Documentation

A suite of documentation supports the PSoC 4100S family to ensure that you can find answers to your questions quickly. This section contains a list of some of the key documents.

**Software User Guide**: A step-by-step guide for using PSoC Creator. The software user guide shows you how the PSoC Creator build process works in detail, how to use source control with PSoC Creator, and much more.

**Component Datasheets**: The flexibility of PSoC allows the creation of new peripherals (components) long after the device has gone into production. Component data sheets provide all of the information needed to select and use a particular component, including a functional description, API documentation, example code, and AC/DC specifications.

Application Notes: PSoC application notes discuss a particular application of PSoC in depth; examples include brushless DC motor control and on-chip filtering. Application notes often include example projects in addition to the application note document.

**Technical Reference Manual**: The Technical Reference Manual (TRM) contains all the technical detail you need to use a PSoC device, including a complete description of all PSoC registers. The TRM is available in the Documentation section at www.cypress.com/psoc4.

## Online

In addition to print documentation, the Cypress PSoC forums connect you with fellow PSoC users and experts in PSoC from around the world, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

## Tools

With industry standard cores, programming, and debugging interfaces, the PSoC 4100S family is part of a development tool ecosystem. Visit us at www.cypress.com/go/psoccreator for the latest information on the revolutionary, easy to use PSoC Creator IDE, supported third party compilers, programmers, debuggers, and development kits.



## **Electrical Specifications**

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

## Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>[1]</sup>

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID1	V <sub>DDD_ABS</sub>	Digital supply relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.5	-	6		_
SID2	V <sub>CCD_ABS</sub>	Direct digital core voltage input relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.5	-	1.95	V	-
SID3	V <sub>GPIO_ABS</sub>	GPIO voltage	-0.5	-	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5		_
SID4	I <sub>GPIO_ABS</sub>	Maximum current per GPIO	-25	-	25		-
SID5	I <sub>GPIO_injection</sub>	GPIO injection current, Max for V <sub>IH</sub> > V <sub>DDD</sub> , and Min for V <sub>IL</sub> < V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.5	-	0.5	mA	Current injected per pin
BID44	ESD_HBM	Electrostatic discharge human body model	2200	-	-	V	-
BID45	ESD_CDM	Electrostatic discharge charged device model	500	_	_		_
BID46	LU	Pin current for latch-up	-140	-	140	mA	_

## **Device Level Specifications**

All specifications are valid for –40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>A</sub>  $\leq$  85 °C and T<sub>J</sub>  $\leq$  100 °C, except where noted. Specifications are valid for 1.71 V to 5.5 V, except where noted.

## Table 3. DC Specifications

Typical values measured at V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V and 25 °C.

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID53	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply input voltage	1.8	-	5.5		Internally regulated supply
SID255	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply input voltage ( $V_{CCD}$ = $V_{DDD}$ = $V_{DDA}$ )	1.71	-	1.89	V	Internally unregulated supply
SID54	V <sub>CCD</sub>	Output voltage (for core logic)	-	1.8	-		_
SID55	C <sub>EFC</sub>	External regulator voltage bypass	_	0.1	-	μF	X5R ceramic or better
SID56	C <sub>EXC</sub>	Power supply bypass capacitor	_	1	-	μ	X5R ceramic or better
Active Mode, V	/ <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V to 5	.5 V. Typical values measured at VDD	= 3.3 V an	d 25 °C.			
SID10	I <sub>DD5</sub>	Execute from flash; CPU at 6 MHz	-	1.8	2.7		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID16	I <sub>DD8</sub>	Execute from flash; CPU at 24 MHz	-	3.0	4.75	mA	Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V
SID19	I <sub>DD11</sub>	Execute from flash; CPU at 48 MHz	_	5.4	6.85		Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V

Note

Usage above the absolute maximum conditions listed in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability. The Maximum Storage Temperature is 150 °C in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life. When used below Absolute Maximum conditions but above normal operating conditions, the device may not operate to specification.



## Table 3. DC Specifications (continued)

Typical values measured at V\_DD = 3.3 V and 25  $^\circ\text{C}.$ 

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
Sleep Mode, V	DDD = 1.8 V to	5.5 V (Regulator on)					
SID22	IDD17	I <sup>2</sup> C wakeup WDT, and Comparators on	_	1.7	2.2	mA	6 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
SID25	IDD20	I <sup>2</sup> C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on.	_	2.2	2.5		12 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
Sleep Mode, V	<sub>DDD</sub> = 1.71 V to	1.89 V (Regulator bypassed)					
SID28	IDD23	I <sup>2</sup> C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on	_	0.7	0.9	mA	6 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
SID28A	IDD23A	I <sup>2</sup> C wakeup, WDT, and Comparators on	_	1	1.2	mA	12 MHZ. Max is at 85 °C and 5.5 V.
Deep Sleep Mo	ode, V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 \	/ to 3.6 V (Regulator on)					
SID31	I <sub>DD26</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C wakeup and WDT on	_	2.5	60	μA	Max is at 3.6 V and 85 °C.
Deep Sleep Mo	ode, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 \	/ to 5.5 V (Regulator on)					
SID34	I <sub>DD29</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C wakeup and WDT on	-	2.5	60	μA	Max is at 5.5 V and 85 °C.
Deep Sleep Mo	ode, V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>CCI</sub>	$_{\rm D}$ = 1.71 V to 1.89 V (Regulator bypasse	ed)				
SID37	I <sub>DD32</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C wakeup and WDT on	_	2.5	65	μA	Max is at 1.89 V and 85 °C.
XRES Current							
SID307	I <sub>DD_XR</sub>	Supply current while XRES asserted	_	2	5	mA	_

## Table 4. AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID48	F <sub>CPU</sub>	CPU frequency	DC	-	48	MHz	$1.71 \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5$
SID49 <sup>[3]</sup>	T <sub>SLEEP</sub>	Wakeup from Sleep mode	-	0	_	μs	
SID50 <sup>[3]</sup>	T <sub>DEEPSLEEP</sub>	Wakeup from Deep Sleep mode	-	35	-	μο	



## Table 9. CTBm Opamp Specifications (continued)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID299	T_OP_WAKE	From disable to enable, no external RC dominating	_	-	25	μs	-
SID299A	OL_GAIN	Open Loop Gain	-	90	_	dB	
	COMP_MODE	Comparator mode; 50 mV drive, T <sub>rise</sub> =T <sub>fall</sub> (approx.)					
SID300	TPD1	Response time; power=hi	-	150	-		Input is 0.2 V to V <sub>DDA</sub> -0.2 V
SID301	TPD2	Response time; power=med	-	500	Ι	ns	Input is 0.2 V to V <sub>DDA</sub> -0.2 V
SID302	TPD3	Response time; power=lo	_	2500	_		Input is 0.2 V to V <sub>DDA</sub> -0.2 V
SID303	VHYST_OP	Hysteresis	-	10	-	mV	-
SID304	WUP_CTB	Wake-up time from Enabled to Usable	-	-	25	μs	-
	Deep Sleep Mode	Mode 2 is lowest current range. Mode 1 has higher GBW.					
SID_DS_1	I <sub>DD_HI_M1</sub>	Mode 1, High current	_	1400	_		25 °C
SID_DS_2	I <sub>DD_MED_M1</sub>	Mode 1, Medium current	-	700	-		25 °C
SID_DS_3	I <sub>DD_LOW_M1</sub>	Mode 1, Low current	-	200	-		25 °C
SID_DS_4	I <sub>DD_HI_M2</sub>	Mode 2, High current	-	120	_	μA	25 °C
SID_DS_5	IDD_MED_M2	Mode 2, Medium current	-	60	-		25 °C
SID_DS_6	I <sub>DD_LOW_M2</sub>	Mode 2, Low current	-	15	-		25 °C



## Table 10. Comparator DC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID84	V <sub>OFFSET1</sub>	Input offset voltage, Factory trim	-	_	±10		
SID85	V <sub>OFFSET2</sub>	Input offset voltage, Custom trim	-	_	±4	mV	
SID86	V <sub>HYST</sub>	Hysteresis when enabled	-	10	35		
SID87	V <sub>ICM1</sub>	Input common mode voltage in normal mode	0	-	V <sub>DDD</sub> -0.1		Modes 1 and 2
SID247	V <sub>ICM2</sub>	Input common mode voltage in low power mode	0	-	V <sub>DDD</sub>	V	
SID247A	V <sub>ICM3</sub>	Input common mode voltage in ultra low power mode	0	-	V <sub>DDD</sub> -1.15	-	V <sub>DDD</sub> ≥ 2.2 V at _40 °C
SID88	C <sub>MRR</sub>	Common mode rejection ratio	50	_	_	dB	V <sub>DDD</sub> ≥ 2.7V
SID88A	C <sub>MRR</sub>	Common mode rejection ratio	42	_	_	uБ	$V_{DDD} \le 2.7V$
SID89	I <sub>CMP1</sub>	Block current, normal mode	-	_	400		
SID248	I <sub>CMP2</sub>	Block current, low power mode	-	_	100	μA	
SID259	I <sub>CMP3</sub>	Block current in ultra low-power mode	_	-	6	. т.	V <sub>DDD</sub> ≥ 2.2 V at _40 °C
SID90	Z <sub>CMP</sub>	DC Input impedance of comparator	35	-	-	MΩ	

## Table 11. Comparator AC Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SID91	TRESP1	Response time, normal mode, 50 mV overdrive	-	38	110		
SID258	TRESP2	Response time, low power mode, 50 mV overdrive	-	70	200	ns	
SID92	TRESP3	Response time, ultra-low power mode, 200 mV overdrive	_	2.3	15	μs	V <sub>DDD</sub> ≥ 2.2 V at _40 °C

## Table 12. Temperature Sensor Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	Details / Conditions
SID93	TSENSACC	Temperature sensor accuracy	-5	±1	5	°C	–40 to +85 °C

## Table 13. SAR Specifications

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/ Conditions
SAR ADC	DC Specificati	ons					
SID94	A_RES	Resolution	-	-	12	bits	
SID95	A_CHNLS_S	Number of channels - single ended	-	-	16		
SID96	A-CHNKS_D	Number of channels - differential	-	-	4		Diff inputs use neighboring I/O
SID97	A-MONO	Monotonicity	-	-	-		Yes.
SID98	A_GAINERR	Gain error	Ι	-	±0.1	%	With external reference.



## CSD

## Table 14. CSD and IDAC Specifications

SPEC ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SYS.PER#3	VDD_RIPPLE	Max allowed ripple on power supply, DC to 10 MHz	-	-	±50	mV	V <sub>DD</sub> > 2 V (with ripple), 25 °C T <sub>A</sub> , Sensitivity = 0.1 pF
SYS.PER#16	VDD_RIPPLE_1.8	Max allowed ripple on power supply, DC to 10 MHz	-	_	±25	mV	$V_{DD}$ > 1.75V (with ripple), 25 °C T <sub>A</sub> , Parasitic Capaci- tance (C <sub>P</sub> ) < 20 pF, Sensitivity ≥ 0.4 pF
SID.CSD.BLK	ICSD	Maximum block current	_	-	4000	μA	Maximum block current for both IDACs in dynamic (switching) mode including comparators, buffer, and reference generator.
SID.CSD#15	V <sub>REF</sub>	Voltage reference for CSD and Comparator	0.6	1.2	V <sub>DDA</sub> - 0.6	V	V <sub>DDA</sub> - 0.06 or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID.CSD#15A	VREF_EXT	External Voltage reference for CSD and Comparator	0.6		V <sub>DDA</sub> - 0.6	V	V <sub>DDA</sub> - 0.06 or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID.CSD#16	IDAC1IDD	IDAC1 (7-bits) block current	-	-	1750	μA	
SID.CSD#17	IDAC2IDD	IDAC2 (7-bits) block current	-	-	1750	μA	
SID308	VCSD	Voltage range of operation	1.71	-	5.5	V	1.8 V ±5% or 1.8 V to 5.5 V
SID308A	VCOMPIDAC	Voltage compliance range of IDAC	0.6	-	V <sub>DDA</sub> –0.6	V	V <sub>DDA</sub> - 0.06 or 4.4, whichever is lower
SID309	IDAC1DNL	DNL	-1	-	1	LSB	
SID310	IDAC1INL	INL	-2	-	2	LSB	INL is ±5.5 LSB for V <sub>DDA</sub> < 2 V
SID311	IDAC2DNL	DNL	-1	-	1	LSB	
SID312	IDAC2INL	INL	-2	-	2	LSB	INL is $\pm 5.5$ LSB for V <sub>DDA</sub> < 2 V
SID313	SNR	Ratio of counts of finger to noise. Guaranteed by characterization	5	-	_	Ratio	Capacitance range of 5 to 35 pF, 0.1-pF sensitivity. All use cases. V <sub>DDA</sub> > 2 V.
SID314	IDAC1CRT1	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in low range	4.2	-	5.4	μA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID314A	IDAC1CRT2	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in medium range	34	-	41	μA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID314B	IDAC1CRT3	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in high range	275	-	330	μA	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID314C	IDAC1CRT12	Output current of IDAC1 (7 bits) in low range, 2X mode	8	-	10.5	μA	LSB = 75-nA typ.
SID314D	IDAC1CRT22	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in medium range, 2X mode	69	-	82	μA	LSB = 600-nA typ.
SID314E	IDAC1CRT32	Output current of IDAC1(7 bits) in high range, 2X mode	540	-	660	μA	LSB = 4.8-µA typ.
SID315	IDAC2CRT1	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in low range	4.2	-	5.4	μA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.
SID315A	IDAC2CRT2	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in medium range	34	-	41	μA	LSB = 300-nA typ.
SID315B	IDAC2CRT3	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in high range	275	-	330	μA	LSB = 2.4-µA typ.
SID315C	IDAC2CRT12	Output current of IDAC2 (7 bits) in low range, 2X mode	8	-	10.5	μA	LSB = 75-nA typ.
SID315D	IDAC2CRT22	Output current of IDAC2(7 bits) in medium range, 2X mode	69	-	82	μA	LSB = 600-nA typ.
SID315E	IDAC2CRT32	Output current of IDAC2(7 bits) in high range, 2X mode	540	-	660	μA	LSB = 4.8-µA typ.
SID315F	IDAC3CRT13	Output current of IDAC in 8-bit mode in low range	8	-	10.5	μA	LSB = 37.5-nA typ.



## Table 19. SPI DC Specifications<sup>[9]</sup>

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID163	ISPI1	Block current consumption at 1 Mbps	-	-	360		_
SID164	ISPI2	Block current consumption at 4 Mbps	-	-	560	μA	-
SID165	ISPI3	Block current consumption at 8 Mbps	-	-	600		-

## Table 20. SPI AC Specifications<sup>[8]</sup>

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID166	FSPI	SPI Operating frequency (Master; 6X Oversampling)	-	-	8	MHz	SID166
Fixed SPI	Master Mode A						
SID167	TDMO	MOSI Valid after SClock driving edge	-	-	15		-
SID168	TDSI	MISO Valid before SClock capturing edge	20	-	-	ns	Full clock, late MISO sampling
SID169	тнмо	Previous MOSI data hold time	0	-	-		Referred to Slave capturing edge
Fixed SPI	Slave Mode AC	Specifications					
SID170	TDMI	MOSI Valid before Sclock Capturing edge	40	-	-		_
SID171	TDSO	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge	_	-	42 + 3*Tcpu	ns	T <sub>CPU</sub> = 1/F <sub>CPU</sub>
SID171A	TDSO_EXT	MISO Valid after Sclock driving edge in Ext. Clk mode	-	-	48		_
SID172	THSO	Previous MISO data hold time	0	-	-		-
SID172A	TSSELSSCK	SSEL Valid to first SCK Valid edge	_	-	100	ns	-



## SWD Interface

## Table 29. SWD Interface Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	<b>Details/Conditions</b>
SID213	F_SWDCLK1	$3.3~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V$	-	Ι	14	MHz	SWDCLK ≤ 1/3 CPU clock frequency
SID214	F_SWDCLK2	$1.71~V \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.3~V$	-	-	7		SWDCLK ≤ 1/3 CPU clock frequency
SID215 <sup>[12]</sup>	T_SWDI_SETUP	T = 1/f SWDCLK	0.25*T	-	-		-
SID216 <sup>[12]</sup>	T_SWDI_HOLD	T = 1/f SWDCLK	0.25*T	-	-	20	-
SID217 <sup>[12]</sup>	T_SWDO_VALID	T = 1/f SWDCLK	-	-	0.5*T	ns	-
SID217A <sup>[12]</sup>	T_SWDO_HOLD	T = 1/f SWDCLK	1	_	_		_

## Internal Main Oscillator

## Table 30. IMO DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Design)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	<b>Details/Conditions</b>
SID218	I <sub>IMO1</sub>	IMO operating current at 48 MHz	-	-	250	μA	-
SID219	I <sub>IMO2</sub>	IMO operating current at 24 MHz		-	180	μA	_

## Table 31. IMO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID223	F <sub>IMOTOL1</sub>	Frequency variation at 24, 32, and 48 MHz (trimmed)	_	-	±2	%	
SID226	T <sub>STARTIMO</sub>	IMO startup time	-	-	7	μs	-
SID228	T <sub>JITRMSIMO2</sub>	RMS jitter at 24 MHz	_	145	-	ps	-

## Internal Low-Speed Oscillator

## Table 32. ILO DC Specifications

(Guaranteed by Design)

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID231 <sup>[12]</sup>	I <sub>ILO1</sub>	ILO operating current	_	0.3	1.05	μA	_

## Table 33. ILO AC Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID234 <sup>[12]</sup>	T <sub>STARTILO1</sub>	ILO startup time	-	-	2	ms	-
SID236 <sup>[12]</sup>	T <sub>ILODUTY</sub>	ILO duty cycle	40	50	60	%	-
SID237	F <sub>ILOTRIM1</sub>	ILO frequency range	20	40	80	kHz	_



Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID398	FWCO	Crystal Frequency	-	32.768	_	kHz	
SID399	FTOL	Frequency tolerance	-	50	250	ppm	With 20-ppm crystal
SID400	ESR	Equivalent series resistance	-	50	-	kΩ	
SID401	PD	Drive Level	-	-	1	μW	
SID402	TSTART	Startup time	-	-	500	ms	
SID403	CL	Crystal Load Capacitance	6	-	12.5	pF	
SID404	C0	Crystal Shunt Capacitance	-	1.35	-	pF	
SID405	IWCO1	Operating Current (high power mode)	-	-	8	uA	
SID406	IWCO2	Operating Current (low power mode)	-	-	1	uA	

## Table 34. Watch Crystal Oscillator (WCO) Specifications

## Table 35. External Clock Specifications

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
	1	External clock input frequency	0	-	48	MHz	-
SID306 <sup>[13]</sup>	ExtClkDuty	Duty cycle; measured at V <sub>DD/2</sub>	45	-	55	%	-

## Table 36. Block Specs

Spec ID	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details/Conditions
SID262 <sup>[13]</sup>	T <sub>CLKSWITCH</sub>	System clock source switching time	3	-	4	Periods	-

## Table 37. Smart I/O Pass-through Time (Delay in Bypass Mode)

Spec ID#	Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Details / Conditions
SID252	—	Max delay added by Smart I/O in bypass mode	_	_	1.6	ns	



## Packaging

The PSoC 4100S will be offered in 48-pin TQFP, 44-pin TQFP, 40-pin QFN, 32-pin QFN, and 35-ball WLCSP packages. Package dimensions and Cypress drawing numbers are in the following table.

## Table 38. Package List

Spec ID#	Package	Description	Package Dwg
BID20	48-pin TQFP	7 × 7 × 1.4-mm height with 0.5-mm pitch	51-85135
BID20A	44-pin TQFP	10 × 10 × 1.6-mm height with 0.8-mm pitch	51-85064
BID27	40-pin QFN	6 × 6 × 0.6-mm height with 0.5-mm pitch	001-80659
BID34A	32-pin QFN	5 × 5 × 0.6-mm height with 0.5-mm pitch	001-42168
BID34D	35-ball WLCSP	2.6 × 2.1 × 0.48-mm height with 0.35-mm pitch	002-09958

## Table 39. Package Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Package	Min	Тур	Max	Units
TA	Operating Ambient temperature		-40	25	85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature		-40	-	100	°C
Tja	Package θ <sub>JA</sub>	48-pin TQFP	-	74.8	-	°C/Watt
TJC	Package θ <sub>JC</sub>	48-pin TQFP	-	35.7	-	°C/Watt
Tja	Package θ <sub>JA</sub>	44-pin TQFP	-	57.2	-	°C/Watt
TJC	Package θ <sub>JC</sub>	44-pin TQFP	-	17.5	-	°C/Watt
Tja	Package θ <sub>JA</sub>	40-pin QFN	-	17.8	-	°C/Watt
TJC	Package θ <sub>JC</sub>	40-pin QFN	-	2.8	-	°C/Watt
Tja	Package θ <sub>JA</sub>	32-pin QFN	-	19.9	-	°C/Watt
TJC	Package θ <sub>JC</sub>	32-pin QFN	-	4.3	-	°C/Watt
Tja	Package θ <sub>JA</sub>	35-ball WLCSP	-	43	-	°C/Watt
TJC	Package θ <sub>JC</sub>	35-ball WLCSP	_	0.3	-	°C/Watt

## Table 40. Solder Reflow Peak Temperature

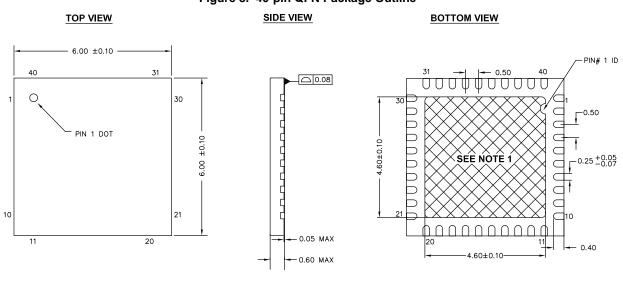
Package	e Maximum Peak Temperature	Maximum Time at Peak Temperature
All	260 °C	30 seconds

## Table 41. Package Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020

Package	MSL
All except WLCSP	MSL 3
35-ball WLCSP	MSL 1



001-80659 \*A



## Figure 8. 40-pin QFN Package Outline

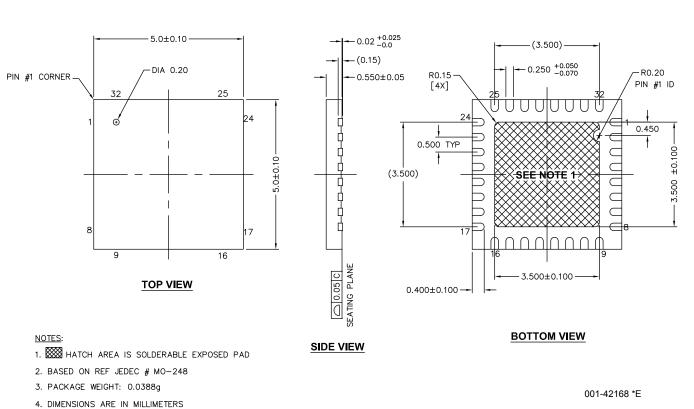
NOTES:

1. XXX HATCH AREA IS SOLDERABLE EXPOSED PAD

2. REFERENCE JEDEC # MO-248

3. PACKAGE WEIGHT: 68 ±2 mg

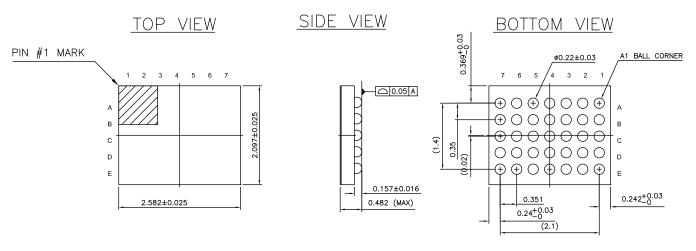
4. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS



## Figure 9. 32-pin QFN Package Outline



## Figure 10. 35-Ball WLCSP Package Outline



ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM JEDEC Publication 95; Design Guide 4.18 002-09958 \*C



## Acronyms

## Table 42. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description		
abus	analog local bus		
ADC	analog-to-digital converter		
AG	analog global		
АНВ	AMBA (advanced microcontroller bus architecture) high-performance bus, an ARM data transfer bus		
ALU	arithmetic logic unit		
AMUXBUS	analog multiplexer bus		
API	application programming interface		
APSR	application program status register		
ARM®	advanced RISC machine, a CPU architecture		
ATM	automatic thump mode		
BW	bandwidth		
CAN	Controller Area Network, a communications protocol		
CMRR	common-mode rejection ratio		
CPU	central processing unit		
CRC	cyclic redundancy check, an error-checking protocol		
DAC	digital-to-analog converter, see also IDAC, VDAC		
DFB	digital filter block		
DIO	digital input/output, GPIO with only digital capabilities, no analog. See GPIO.		
DMIPS	Dhrystone million instructions per second		
DMA	direct memory access, see also TD		
DNL	differential nonlinearity, see also INL		
DNU	do not use		
DR	port write data registers		
DSI	digital system interconnect		
DWT	data watchpoint and trace		
ECC	error correcting code		
ECO	external crystal oscillator		
EEPROM	electrically erasable programmable read-only memory		
EMI	electromagnetic interference		
EMIF	external memory interface		
EOC	end of conversion		
EOF	end of frame		
EPSR	execution program status register		
ESD	electrostatic discharge		

## Table 42. Acronyms Used in this Document (continued)

Acronym	Description		
ETM	embedded trace macrocell		
FIR	finite impulse response, see also IIR		
FPB	flash patch and breakpoint		
FS	full-speed		
GPIO	general-purpose input/output, applies to a PSoC pin		
HVI	high-voltage interrupt, see also LVI, LVD		
IC	integrated circuit		
IDAC	current DAC, see also DAC, VDAC		
IDE	integrated development environment		
I <sup>2</sup> C, or IIC	Inter-Integrated Circuit, a communications protocol		
IIR	infinite impulse response, see also FIR		
ILO	internal low-speed oscillator, see also IMO		
IMO	internal main oscillator, see also ILO		
INL	integral nonlinearity, see also DNL		
I/O	input/output, see also GPIO, DIO, SIO, USBIO		
IPOR	initial power-on reset		
IPSR	interrupt program status register		
IRQ	interrupt request		
ITM	instrumentation trace macrocell		
LCD	liquid crystal display		
LIN	Local Interconnect Network, a communications protocol.		
LR	link register		
LUT	lookup table		
LVD	low-voltage detect, see also LVI		
LVI	low-voltage interrupt, see also HVI		
LVTTL	low-voltage transistor-transistor logic		
MAC	multiply-accumulate		
MCU	microcontroller unit		
MISO	master-in slave-out		
NC	no connect		
NMI	nonmaskable interrupt		
NRZ	non-return-to-zero		
NVIC	nested vectored interrupt controller		
NVL	nonvolatile latch, see also WOL		
opamp	operational amplifier		
PAL	programmable array logic, see also PLD		



## Table 42. Acronyms Used in this Document (continued)

Acronym	Description
PC	program counter
PCB	printed circuit board
PGA	programmable gain amplifier
PHUB	peripheral hub
PHY	physical layer
PICU	port interrupt control unit
PLA	programmable logic array
PLD	programmable logic device, see also PAL
PLL	phase-locked loop
PMDD	package material declaration data sheet
POR	power-on reset
PRES	precise power-on reset
PRS	pseudo random sequence
PS	port read data register
PSoC <sup>®</sup>	Programmable System-on-Chip™
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio
PWM	pulse-width modulator
RAM	random-access memory
RISC	reduced-instruction-set computing
RMS	root-mean-square
RTC	real-time clock
RTL	register transfer language
RTR	remote transmission request
RX	receive
SAR	successive approximation register
SC/CT	switched capacitor/continuous time
SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock
SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C serial data
S/H	sample and hold
SINAD	signal to noise and distortion ratio
SIO	special input/output, GPIO with advanced features. See GPIO.
SOC	start of conversion
SOF	start of frame
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface, a communications protocol
SR	slew rate
SRAM	static random access memory
SRES	software reset
SWD	serial wire debug, a test protocol

Table 42.	Acronyms	Used in this	Document	(continued)
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Acronym	Description
SWV	single-wire viewer
TD	transaction descriptor, see also DMA
THD	total harmonic distortion
TIA	transimpedance amplifier
TRM	technical reference manual
TTL	transistor-transistor logic
ТΧ	transmit
UART	Universal Asynchronous Transmitter Receiver, a communications protocol
UDB	universal digital block
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USBIO	USB input/output, PSoC pins used to connect to a USB port
VDAC	voltage DAC, see also DAC, IDAC
WDT	watchdog timer
WOL	write once latch, see also NVL
WRES	watchdog timer reset
XRES	external reset I/O pin
XTAL	crystal



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Document Number: 002-00122 Rev. \*H

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