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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	32
Program Memory Size	4KB (4K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	<u> </u>
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	40-DIP (0.620", 15.75mm)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hap4004c

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ZGP323H Product Specification



40-Pin PDIP #	48-Pin SSOP #	Symbol
33	40	P13
8	9	P14
9	10	P15
12	15	P16
13	16	P17
35	42	P20
36	43	P21
37	44	P22
38	45	P23
39	46	P24
2	2	P25
3	3	P26
4	4	P27
16	19	P31
17	20	P32
18	21	P33
19	22	P34
22	26	P35
24	28	P36
23	27	P37
20	23	NC
40	47	NC
1	1	NC
21	25	RESET
15	18	XTAL1
14	17	XTAL2
11	12, 13	V _{DD}
31	24, 37, 38	V _{SS}
25	29	Pref1/P30
	48	NC
	6	NC
	14	NC
	30	NC
	36	NC

Table 6. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration (Continued)



Capacitance

Table 8 lists the capacitances.

Table 8. Capacitance

Parameter	Maximum	
Input capacitance	12pF	
Output capacitance	12pF	
I/O capacitance	12pF	
Note: $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{CC} = GND = 0$ V, f = 1.0 MHz, unmeasured pins returned to GND		

DC Characteristics

Table 9. GP323HS DC Characteristics

			T _A =0°C to	o +70°C				
Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	Min	Typ(7)	Max	Units	Conditions N	lotes
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0		5.5	V	See Note 5 5	i
V _{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.8 V _{CC}		V _{CC} +0.3	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V _{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V _{SS} -0.3		0.4	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.7 V _{CC}		V _{CC} +0.3	V		
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V _{SS} -0.3		0.2 V _{CC}	V		
V _{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-5.5	V _{CC} -0.4			V	$I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{mA}$	
V _{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-5.5	V _{CC} -0.8			V	I _{OH} = -7mA	
V _{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-5.5			0.4	V	I _{OL} = 4.0mA	
V _{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-5.5			0.8	V	I _{OL} = 10mA	
V _{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-5.5			25	mV		
V _{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-5.5	0		V _{CC} 1.75	V		
Ι _{ΙL}	Input Leakage	2.0-5.5	-1		1	μA	V _{IN} = 0V, V _{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
R _{PU}	Pull-up Resistance	2.0V	225		675	KΩ	V _{IN} = 0V; Pullups selected by mask	
		3.6V	75		275	KΩ	option	
		5.0V	40		160	KΩ		



The counter/timers are mapped into ERF group D. Access is easily performed using the following:

LD	RP, #0Dh	;	Select ERF D
for access to bank D			
		;	(working
register group 0)			
LD	R0,#xx	;	load CTR0
LD	1, #xx	;	load CTR1
LD	R1, 2	;	CTR2→CTR1
LD	RP, #0Dh	;	Select ERF D
for access to bank D			
		;	(working
register group 0)			
LD	RP, #7Dh	;	Select
expanded register bank	D and working	;	register
group 7 of bank 0 for a	ccess.		
LD	71h, 2		
; CTRL2 \rightarrow register 71h			
LD	R1, 2		
; CTRL2 \rightarrow register 71h			

Register File

>

The register file (bank 0) consists of 4 I/O port registers, 237 general-purpose registers, 16 control and status registers (R0–R3, R4–R239, and R240–R255, respectively), and two expanded registers groups in Banks D (see Table 15) and F. Instructions can access registers directly or indirectly through an 8-bit address field, thereby allowing a short, 4-bit register address to use the Register Pointer (Figure 17). In the 4-bit mode, the register file is divided into 16 working register groups, each occupying 16 continuous locations. The Register Pointer addresses the starting location of the active working register group.





Timers

T8_Capture_HI—HI8(D)0BH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 1.

Field	Bit Position		Description	
T8_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect	

T8_Capture_LO—L08(D)0AH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 0.

Field	Bit Position		Description	
T8_Capture_L0	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect	

T16_Capture_HI—HI16(D)09H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/ Timer16. This register holds the MS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description	
T16_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect	

T16_Capture_LO—L016(D)08H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/ Timer16. This register holds the LS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position	Description
T16_Capture_LO	[7:0]	R/W Captured Data - No Effect

Counter/Timer2 MS-Byte Hold Register—TC16H(D)07H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Data_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data



Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Transmit_Submode/	32	R/W		Transmit Mode
Glitch_Filter			00*	Normal Operation
			01	Ping-Pong Mode
			10	T16_Out = 0
			11	T16_Out = 1
				Demodulation Mode
			00*	No Filter
			01	4 SCLK Cycle
			10	8 SCLK Cycle
			11	Reserved
Initial_T8_Out/	1-			Transmit Mode
Rising Edge		R/W	0*	T8_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T8_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Rising Edge
			1	Rising Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
Initial_T16_Out/	0			Transmit Mode
Falling_Edge		R/W	0*	T16_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T16_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Falling Edge
			1	Falling Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0

Table 16.CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions (Continued)

Note:

*Default at Power-On Reset

*Default at Power-On Reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Mode

If the result is 0, the counter/timers are in TRANSMIT mode; otherwise, they are in DEMODULATION mode.

P36_Out/Demodulator_Input

In TRANSMIT Mode, this bit defines whether P36 is used as a normal output pin or the combined output of T8 and T16.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit defines whether the input signal to the Counter/Timers is from P20 or P31.

If the input signal is from Port 31, a capture event may also generate an IRQ2 interrupt. To prevent generating an IRQ2, either disable the IRQ2 interrupt by clearing its IMR bit D2 or use P20 as the input.



Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T16_Enable	7	R	0*	Counter Disabled
			1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
			1	Enable Counter
Single/Modulo-N	-6	R/W		Transmit Mode
			0*	Modulo-N
			1	Single Pass
				Demodulation Mode
			0	T16 Recognizes Edge
			1	T16 Does Not Recognize
				Edge
Time_Out	5	R	0*	No Counter Timeout
			1	Counter Timeout
				Occurred
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
T16 _Clock	43	R/W	00**	SCLK
			01	SCLK/2
			10	SCLK/4
			11	SCLK/8
Capture_INT_Mask	2	R/W	0**	Disable Data Capture Int.
			1	Enable Data Capture Int.
Counter_INT_Mask	1-	R/W	0*	Disable Timeout Int.
				Enable Timeout Int.
P35_Out	0	R/W	0*	P35 as Port Output
			1	T16 Output on P35

Table 17. CTR2(D)02H: Counter/Timer16 Control Register

Note:

*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

**Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

T16_Enable

This field enables T16 when set to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

In TRANSMIT Mode, when set to 0, the counter reloads the initial value when it reaches the terminal count. When set to 1, the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.





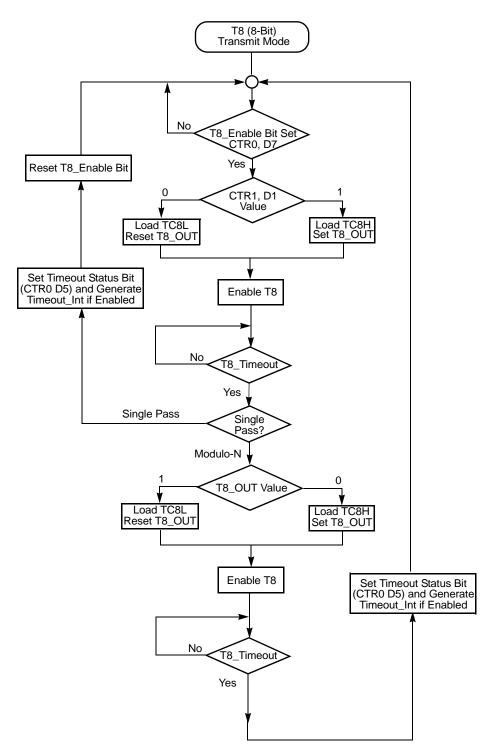


Figure 19. Transmit Mode Flowchart



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T16 Transmit Mode

In NORMAL or PING-PONG mode, the output of T16 when not enabled, is dependent on CTR1, D0. If it is a 0, T16_OUT is a 1; if it is a 1, T16_OUT is 0. You can force the output of T16 to either a 0 or 1 whether it is enabled or not by programming CTR1 D3; D2 to a 10 or 11.

When T16 is enabled, TC16H * 256 + TC16L is loaded, and T16_OUT is switched to its initial value (CTR1, D0). When T16 counts down to 0, T16_OUT is toggled (in NORMAL or PING-PONG mode), an interrupt (CTR2, D1) is generated (if enabled), and a status bit (CTR2, D5) is set. See Figure 25.



Figure 25. 16-Bit Counter/Timer Circuits

Note: Global interrupts override this function as described in "Interrupts" on page 50.

If T16 is in SINGLE-PASS mode, it is stopped at this point (see Figure 26). If it is in Modulo-N Mode, it is loaded with TC16H * 256 + TC16L, and the counting continues (see Figure 27).

You can modify the values in TC16H and TC16L at any time. The new values take effect when they are loaded.



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During PING-PONG Mode

The enable bits of T8 and T16 (CTR0, D7; CTR2, D7) are set and cleared alternately by hardware. The timeout bits (CTR0, D5; CTR2, D5) are set every time the counter/timers reach the terminal count.

Interrupts

The ZGP323H features six different interrupts (Table 19). The interrupts are maskable and prioritized (Figure 30). The six sources are divided as follows: three sources are claimed by Port 3 lines P33–P31, two by the counter/timers (Table 19) and one for low voltage detection. The Interrupt Mask Register (globally or individually) enables or disables the six interrupt requests.

The source for IRQ is determined by bit 1 of the Port 3 mode register (P3M). When in digital mode, Pin P33 is the source. When in analog mode the output of the Stop mode recovery source logic is used as the source for the interrupt. See Figure 35, Stop Mode Recovery Source, on page 59.



FF	NOP	; clear the pipeline
6F	Stop	; enter Stop Mode
or		
FF	NOP	; clear the pipeline
7F	HALT	; enter HALT Mode

Port Configuration Register

The Port Configuration (PCON) register (Figure 32) configures the comparator output on Port 3. It is located in the expanded register 2 at Bank F, location 00.

PCON(FH)00H



* Default setting after reset

Figure 32. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)

Comparator Output Port 3 (D0)

Bit 0 controls the comparator used in Port 3. A 1 in this location brings the comparator outputs to P34 and P37, and a 0 releases the Port to its standard I/O configuration.

Port 1 Output Mode (D1)

Bit 1 controls the output mode of port 1. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.



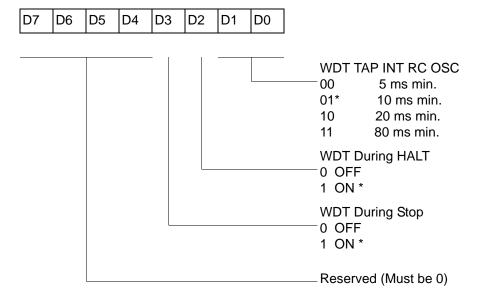
<mark>____</mark> 62

Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (WDTMR)

The Watch-Dog Timer (WDT) is a retriggerable one-shot timer that resets the Z8[®] CPU if it reaches its terminal count. The WDT must initially be enabled by executing the WDT instruction. On subsequent executions of the WDT instruction, the WDT is refreshed. The WDT circuit is driven by an on-board RC-oscillator. The WDT instruction affects the Zero (Z), Sign (S), and Overflow (V) flags.

The POR clock source the internal RC-oscillator. Bits 0 and 1 of the WDT register control a tap circuit that determines the minimum timeout period. Bit 2 determines whether the WDT is active during HALT, and Bit 3 determines WDT activity during Stop. Bits 4 through 7 are reserved (Figure 37). This register is accessible only during the first 60 processor cycles (120 XTAL clocks) from the execution of the first instruction after Power-On-Reset, Watch-Dog Reset, or a Stop-Mode Recovery (Figure 36). After this point, the register cannot be modified by any means (intentional or otherwise). The WDTMR cannot be read. The register is located in Bank F of the Expanded Register Group at address location 0Fh. It is organized as shown in Figure 37.

WDTMR(0F)0Fh



* Default setting after reset

Figure 37. Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (Write Only)

WDT Time Select (D0, D1)

This bit selects the WDT time period. It is configured as indicated in Table 23.



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CTR2(0D)02H

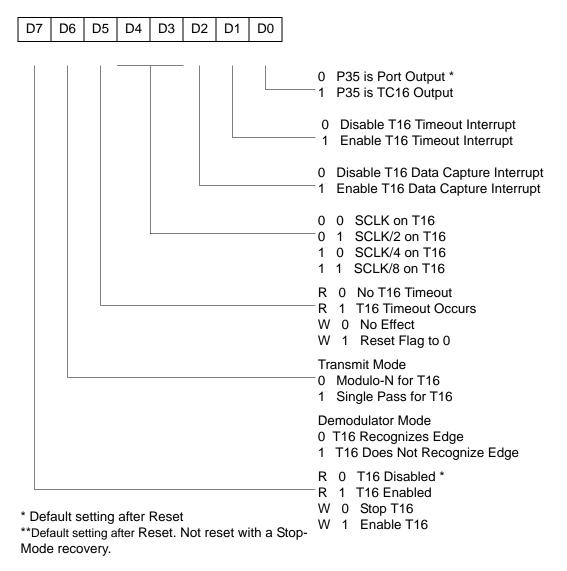
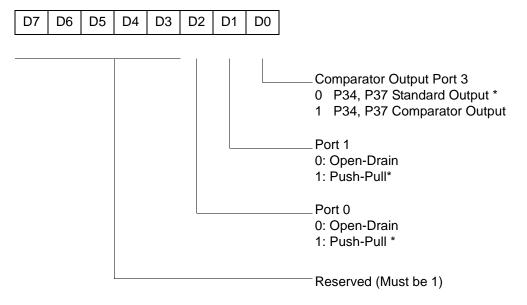


Figure 41. T16 Control Register ((0D) 2H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)



PCON(0F)00H

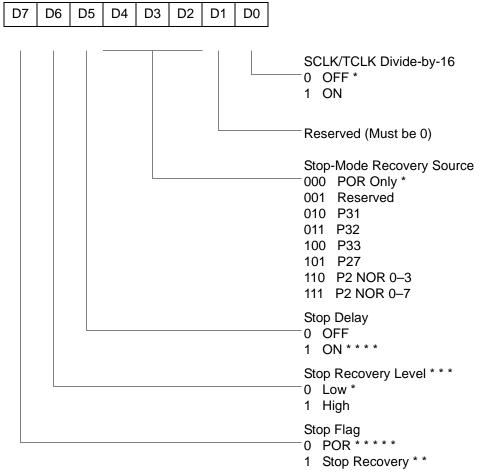


* Default setting after reset

Figure 44. Port Configuration Register (PCON)(0F)00H: Write Only)



SMR(0F)0BH

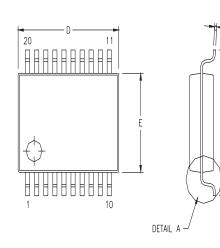


- * Default setting after reset
- * * Set after Stop Mode Recovery
- * * * At the XOR gate input
- * * * * Default setting after reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.
- * * * * * Default setting after Power On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

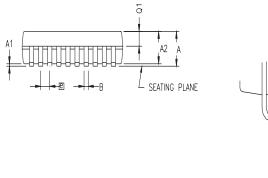
Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)







SYMBOL	MILLIMETER			INCH		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.73	1.85	1.98	0.068	0.073	0.078
A1	0.05	0.13	0.21	0.002	0.005	0.008
A2	1.68	1.73	1.83	0.066	0.068	0.072
В	0.25	0.30	0.38	0.010	0.012	0.015
С	0.13	0.15	0.22	0.005	0.006	0.009
D	7.07	7.20	7.33	0.278	0.283	0.289
E	5.20	5.30	5.38	0.205	0.209	0.212
e	0.65 BSC			0.0256 BSC		
Н	7.65	7.80	7.90	0.301	0.307	0.311
L	0.56	0.75	0.94	0.022	0.030	0.037
Q1	0.74	0.78	0.82	0.029	0.031	0.032



DETAIL A

Н

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Figure 61. 20-Pin SSOP Package Diagram







Figure 68. 48-Pin SSOP Package Design

Note: Check with ZiLOG on the actual bonding diagram and coordinate for chip-on-board assembly.

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