What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hes2808c00tr

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Document Disclaimer

Figure 2.   Counter/Timers Diagram

Pin Description

The pin configuration for the 20-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP is illustrated in Figure 3 and described in Table 4. The pin configuration for the 28-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP are depicted in Figure 4 and described in Table 5. The pin configurations for the 40-pin PDIP and 48-pin SSOP versions are illustrated in Figure 5, Figure 6, and described in Table 6.

For customer engineering code development, a UV eraseable windowed cerdip packaging is offered in 20-pin, 28-pin, and 40-pin configurations. ZiLOG does not recommend nor guarantee these packages for use in production.
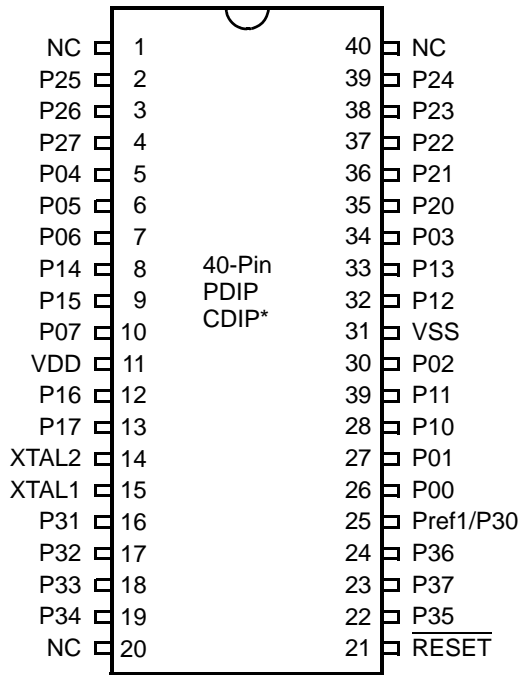
Figure 5.   40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

▶ **Note:** *Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.

Table 6. 40- and 48-Pin Configuration (Continued)

40-Pin PDIP #	48-Pin SSOP #	Symbol
33	40	P13
8	9	P14
9	10	P15
12	15	P16
13	16	P17
35	42	P20
36	43	P21
37	44	P22
38	45	P23
39	46	P24
2	2	P25
3	3	P26
4	4	P27
16	19	P31
17	20	P32
18	21	P33
19	22	P34
22	26	P35
24	28	P36
23	27	P37
20	23	NC
40	47	NC
1	1	NC
21	25	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$
15	18	XTAL1
14	17	XTAL2
11	12, 13	V_{DD}
31	24, 37, 38	V_{SS}
25	29	Pref1/P30
	48	NC
	6	NC
	14	NC
	30	NC
	36	NC

Pin Description

Capacitance

Table 8 lists the capacitances.

Table 8. Capacitance

Parameter	Maximum
Input capacitance	12pF
Output capacitance	12pF
I/O capacitance	12pF

Note: T_A = 25° C, V_{CC} = GND = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz, unmeasured pins returned to GND

DC Characteristics

Table 9. GP323HS DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	T_A=0°C to +70°C Min	Typ(7)	Max	Units	Conditions	Notes
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0		5.5	V	See Note 5	5
V_{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.8 V_{CC}		V_{CC}+0.3	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{SS}–0.3		0.4	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.7 V_{CC}		V_{CC}+0.3	V		
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{SS}–0.3		0.2 V_{CC}	V		
V_{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{CC}–0.4			V	I_{OH} = −0.5mA	
V_{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-5.5	V_{CC}–0.8			V	I_{OH} = −7mA	
V_{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-5.5			0.4	V	I_{OL} = 4.0mA	
V_{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-5.5			0.8	V	I_{OL} = 10mA	
V_{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-5.5			25	mV		
V_{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-5.5	0		V_{CC} 1.75	V		
I_{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-5.5	−1		1	μA	V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
R_{PU}	Pull-up Resistance	2.0V	225		675	KΩ	V_{IN} = 0V; Pullups selected by mask option	
		3.6V	75		275	KΩ		
		5.0V	40		160	KΩ		

Table 9. GP323HS DC Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	T_A=0°C to +70°C Min	Typ(7)	Max	Units	Conditions	Notes
I_{OL}	Output Leakage	2.0-5.5	−1		1	µA	V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC}	
I_{CC}	Supply Current	2.0V		1	3	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
		3.6V		5	10	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
		5.5V		10	15	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
I_{CC1}	Standby Current (HALT Mode)	2.0V		0.5	1.6	mA	V_{IN} = 0V, Clock at 8.0MHz	1, 2, 6
		3.6V		0.8	2.0	mA	V_{IN} = 0V, Clock at 8.0MHz	1, 2, 6
		5.5V		1.3	3.2	mA	V_{IN} = 0V, Clock at 8.0MHz	1, 2, 6
I_{CC2}	Standby Current (Stop Mode)	2.0V		1.6	8	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT not Running	3
		3.6V		1.8	10	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT not Running	3
		5.5V		1.9	12	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT not Running	3
		2.0V		5	20	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT is Running	3
		3.6V		8	30	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT is Running	3
		5.5V		15	45	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT is Running	3
I_{LV}	Standby Current (Low Voltage)			1.2	6	µA	Measured at 1.3V	4
V_{BO}	V_{CC} Low Voltage Protection			1.9	2.0	V	8MHz maximum Ext. CLK Freq.	
V_{LVD}	V_{CC} Low Voltage Detection			2.4		V		
V_{HVD}	Vcc High Voltage Detection			2.7		V		

Notes:
1. All outputs unloaded, inputs at rail.
2. CL1 = CL2 = 100 pF.
3. Oscillator stopped.
4. Oscillator stops when V_{CC} falls below V_{BO} limit.
5. It is strongly recommended to add a filter capacitor (minimum 0.1 µF), physically close to VCC and V_{SS} pins if operating voltage fluctuations are anticipated, such as those resulting from driving an Infrared LED.
6. Comparator and Timers are on. Interrupt disabled.
7. Typical values shown are at 25 degrees C.

Table 10. GP323HE DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	T_A= -40°C to +105°C Min	Typ(7)	Max	Units	Conditions	Notes
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0		5.5	V	See Note 5	5
V_{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.8 V_{CC}		V_{CC}+0.3	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{SS}–0.3		0.4	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.7 V_{CC}		V_{CC}+0.3	V		
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{SS}–0.3		0.2 V_{CC}	V		
V_{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{CC}–0.4			V	I_{OH} = −0.5mA	

Figure 12. Port 3 Configuration

Two on-board comparators process analog signals on P31 and P32, with reference to the voltage on Pref1 and P33. The analog function is enabled by programming the Port 3 Mode Register (bit 1). P31 and P32 are programmable as rising, falling, or both edge triggered interrupts (IRQ register bits 6 and 7). Pref1 and P33 are the comparator reference voltage inputs. Access to the Counter Timer edge-detection circuit is through P31 or P20 (see "T8 and T16 Common Functions—

The upper nibble of the register pointer (see Figure 16) selects which working register group, of 16 bytes in the register file, is accessed out of the possible 256. The lower nibble selects the expanded register file bank and, in the case of the Z8 GP family, banks 0, F, and D are implemented. A 0H in the lower nibble allows the normal register file (bank 0) to be addressed. Any other value from 1H to FH exchanges the lower 16 registers to an expanded register bank.

R253 RP

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Expanded Register
File Pointer

Working Register
Pointer

Default Setting After Reset = 0000 0000

Figure 16. Register Pointer

Example: Z8 GP: (See Figure 15 on page 28)

R253 RP = 00h
R0 = Port 0
R1 = Port 1
R2 = Port 2
R3 = Port 3

But if:

R253 RP = 0Dh
R0 = CTR0
R1 = CTR1
R2 = CTR2
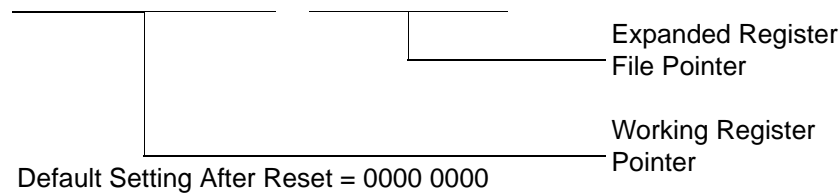R3 = Reserved

Timers

T8_Capture_HI—HI8(D)0BH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 1.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T8_Capture_LO—L08(D)0AH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 0.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_L0	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_HI—HI16(D)09H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/Timer16. This register holds the MS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_LO—L016(D)08H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/Timer16. This register holds the LS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

Counter/Timer2 MS-Byte Hold Register—TC16H(D)07H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Data_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data

Table 16. CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Transmit_Submode/ Glitch_Filter	----32--	R/W		Transmit Mode
			00*	Normal Operation
			01	Ping-Pong Mode
			10	T16_Out = 0
			11	T16_Out = 1
				Demodulation Mode
			00*	No Filter
			01	4 SCLK Cycle
			10	8 SCLK Cycle
			11	Reserved
Initial_T8_Out/ Rising Edge	------1-			Transmit Mode
		R/W	0*	T8_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T8_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Rising Edge
			1	Rising Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
Initial_T16_Out/ Falling_Edge	-------0			Transmit Mode
		R/W	0*	T16_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T16_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Falling Edge
			1	Falling Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0

Note:
*Default at Power-On Reset
*Default at Power-On Reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Mode

If the result is 0, the counter/timers are in TRANSMIT mode; otherwise, they are in DEMODULATION mode.

P36_Out/Demodulator_Input

In TRANSMIT Mode, this bit defines whether P36 is used as a normal output pin or the combined output of T8 and T16.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit defines whether the input signal to the Counter/Timers is from P20 or P31.

If the input signal is from Port 31, a capture event may also generate an IRQ2 interrupt. To prevent generating an IRQ2, either disable the IRQ2 interrupt by clearing its IMR bit D2 or use P20 as the input.

Table 17. CTR2(D)02H: Counter/Timer16 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T16_Enable	7 - - - - - - -	R	0*	Counter Disabled
			1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
			1	Enable Counter
Single/Modulo-N	- 6 - - - - - -	R/W		Transmit Mode
			0*	Modulo-N
			1	Single Pass
				Demodulation Mode
			0	T16 Recognizes Edge
			1	T16 Does Not Recognize Edge
Time_Out	- - 5 - - - - -	R	0*	No Counter Timeout
			1	Counter Timeout Occurred
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
T16 _Clock	- - - 4 3 - - -	R/W	00**	SCLK
			01	SCLK/2
			10	SCLK/4
			11	SCLK/8
Capture_INT_Mask	- - - - - 2 - -	R/W	0**	Disable Data Capture Int.
			1	Enable Data Capture Int.
Counter_INT_Mask	- - - - - - 1 -	R/W	0*	Disable Timeout Int.
				Enable Timeout Int.
P35_Out	- - - - - - - 0	R/W	0*	P35 as Port Output
			1	T16 Output on P35

Note:
*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.
**Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

T16_Enable

This field enables T16 when set to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

In TRANSMIT Mode, when set to 0, the counter reloads the initial value when it reaches the terminal count. When set to 1, the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

In Demodulation Mode, when set to 0, T16 captures and reloads on detection of all the edges. When set to 1, T16 captures and detects on the first edge but ignores the subsequent edges. For details, see the description of T16 Demodulation Mode on page 47.

Time_Out

This bit is set when T16 times out (terminal count reached). To reset the bit, write a 1 to this location.

T16_Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to Counter/Timer16.

Capture_INT_Mask

This bit is set to allow an interrupt when data is captured into LO16 and HI16.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T16 times out.

P35_Out

This bit defines whether P35 is used as a normal output pin or T16 output.

CTR3 T8/T16 Control Register—CTR3(D)03H

Table 18 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register. This register allows the T_8 and T_{16} counters to be synchronized.

Table 18. CTR3 (D)03H: T8/T16 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T_{16} Enable	7 - - - - - - -	R	0*	Counter Disabled
		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
T_8 Enable	- 6 - - - - - -	R	0*	Counter Disabled
		R	1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
		W	1	Enable Counter
Sync Mode	- - 5 - - - - -	R/W	0**	Disable Sync Mode
			1	Enable Sync Mode

> **Note:** The letter `h` denotes hexadecimal values.
>
> Transition from 0 to `FFh` is not a timeout condition.

⚠ **Caution:** Using the same instructions for stopping the counter/timers and setting the status bits is not recommended.

Two successive commands are necessary. First, the counter/timers must be stopped. Second, the status bits must be reset. These commands are required because it takes one counter/timer clock interval for the initiated event to actually occur. See Figure 21 and Figure 22.
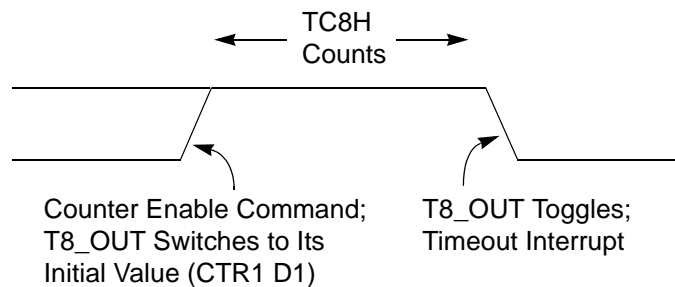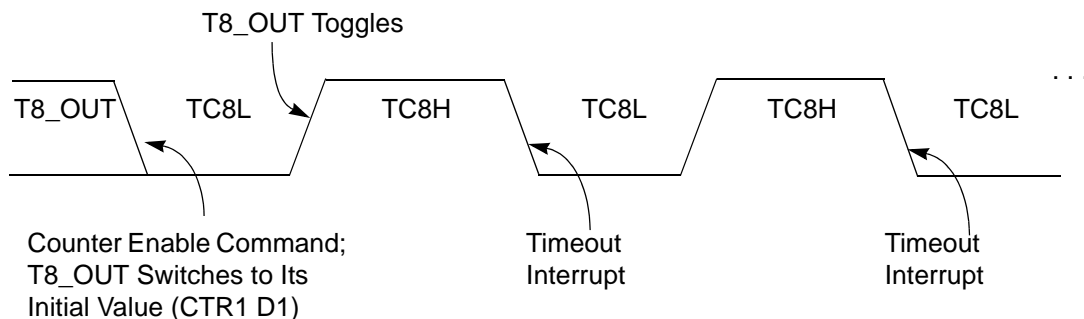

Figure 21. T8_OUT in Single-Pass Mode

Figure 22. T8_OUT in Modulo-N Mode

T8 Demodulation Mode

The user must program TC8L and TC8H to `FFH`. After T8 is enabled, when the first edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected, it starts to count down. When a subsequent edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected during counting, the current value of T8 is complemented and put into one of the capture registers. If it is a positive edge, data is put

Table 23. Watch-Dog Timer Time Select

D1	D0	Timeout of Internal RC-Oscillator
0	0	5ms min.
0	1	10ms min.
1	0	20ms min.
1	1	80ms min.

WDTMR During Halt (D2)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during HALT Mode. A 1 indicates active during HALT. The default is 1. See Figure 38.
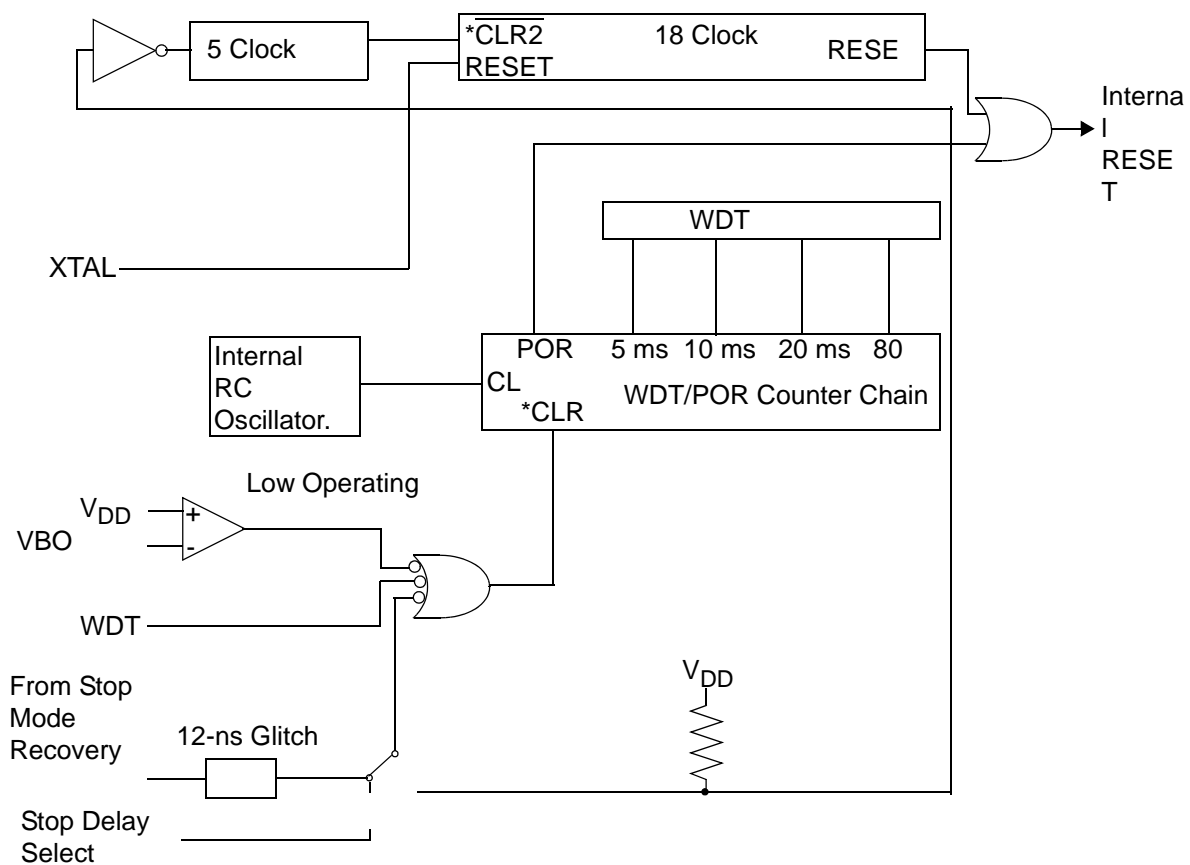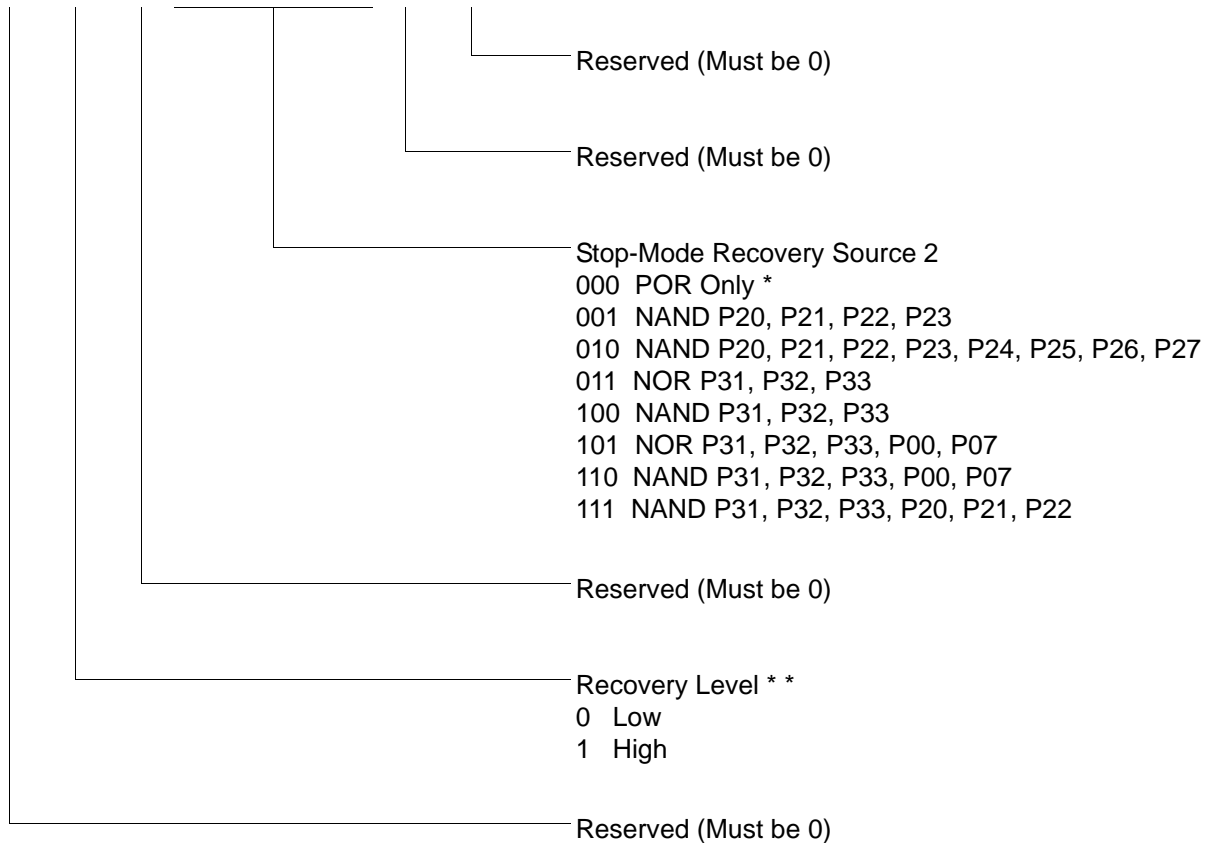

* CLR1 and $\overline{CLR2}$ enable the WDT/POR and 18 Clock Reset timers respectively upon a Low-to-

Figure 38. Resets and WDT

SMR2(0F)0DH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Reserved (Must be 0)

Reserved (Must be 0)

Stop-Mode Recovery Source 2
000 POR Only *
001 NAND P20, P21, P22, P23
010 NAND P20, P21, P22, P23, P24, P25, P26, P27
011 NOR P31, P32, P33
100 NAND P31, P32, P33
101 NOR P31, P32, P33, P00, P07
110 NAND P31, P32, P33, P00, P07
111 NAND P31, P32, P33, P20, P21, P22

Reserved (Must be 0)

Recovery Level * *
0 Low
1 High

Reserved (Must be 0)

Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.
* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.
* * At the XOR gate input

Figure 46. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)0DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)
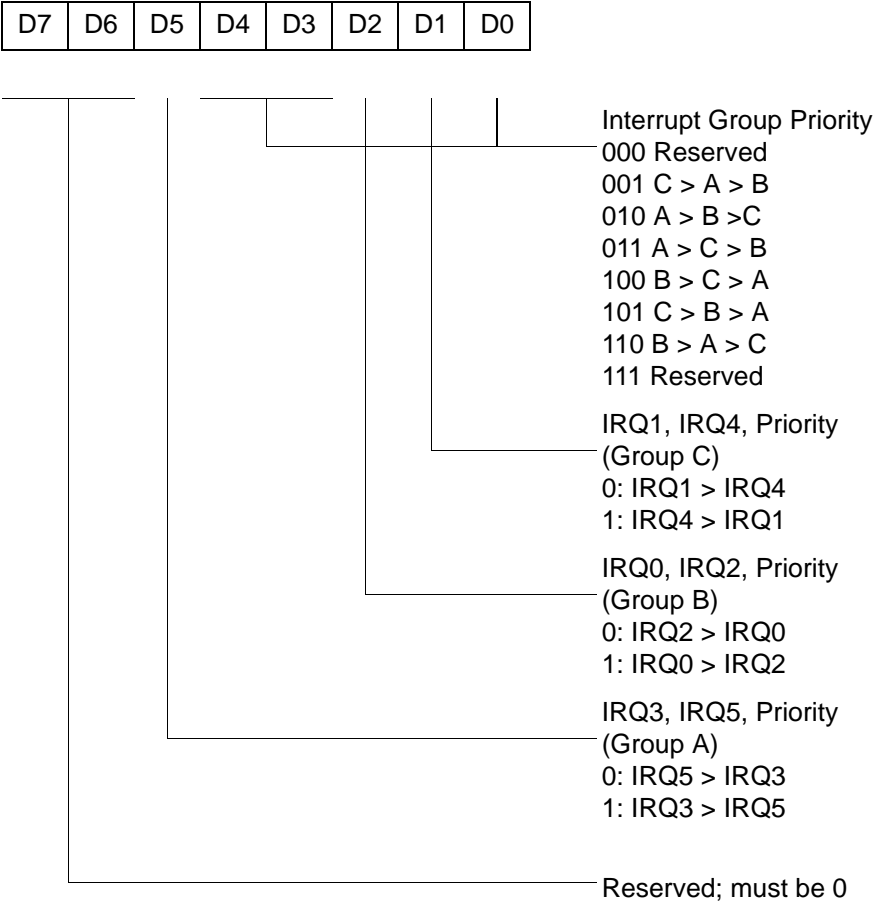
R249 IPR(F9H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Interrupt Group Priority
000 Reserved
001 C > A > B
010 A > B >C
011 A > C > B
100 B > C > A
101 C > B > A
110 B > A > C
111 Reserved

IRQ1, IRQ4, Priority
(Group C)
0: IRQ1 > IRQ4
1: IRQ4 > IRQ1

IRQ0, IRQ2, Priority
(Group B)
0: IRQ2 > IRQ0
1: IRQ0 > IRQ2

IRQ3, IRQ5, Priority
(Group A)
0: IRQ5 > IRQ3
1: IRQ3 > IRQ5

Reserved; must be 0

Figure 51. Interrupt Priority Register (F9H: Write Only)
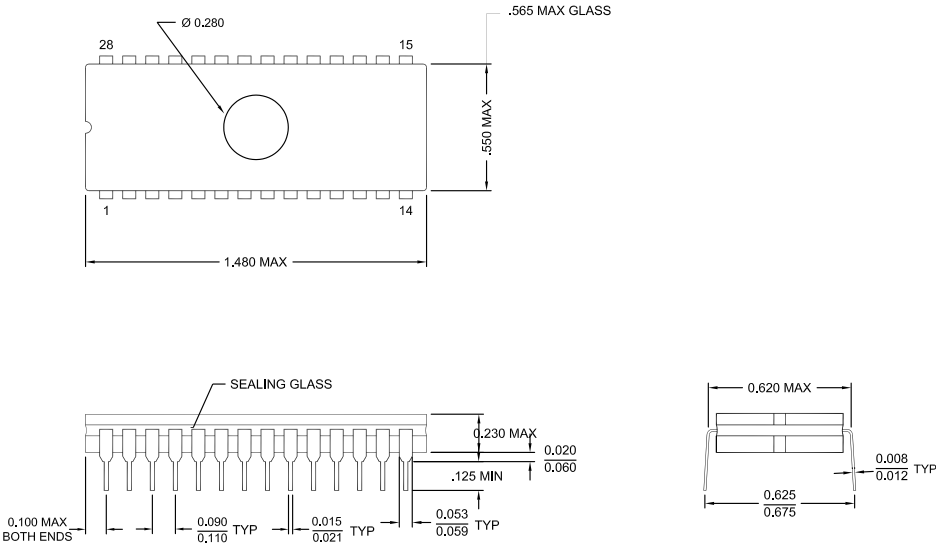
Figure 63. 28-Pin CDIP Package Diagram

SYMBOL	OPT #	MILLIMETER		INCH	
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1		0.38	1.02	.015	.040
A2		3.18	4.19	.125	.165
B		0.38	0.53	.015	.021
B1	01	1.40	1.65	.055	.065
	02	1.14	1.40	.045	.055
C		0.23	0.38	.009	.015
D	01	36.58	37.34	1.440	1.470
	02	35.31	35.94	1.390	1.415
E		15.24	15.75	.600	.620
E1	01	13.59	14.10	.535	.555
	02	12.83	13.08	.505	.515
e		2.54 TYP		.100 BSC	
eA		15.49	16.76	.610	.660
L		3.05	3.81	.120	.150
Q1	01	1.40	1.91	.055	.075
	02	1.40	1.78	.055	.070
S	01	1.52	2.29	.060	.090
	02	1.02	1.52	.040	.060
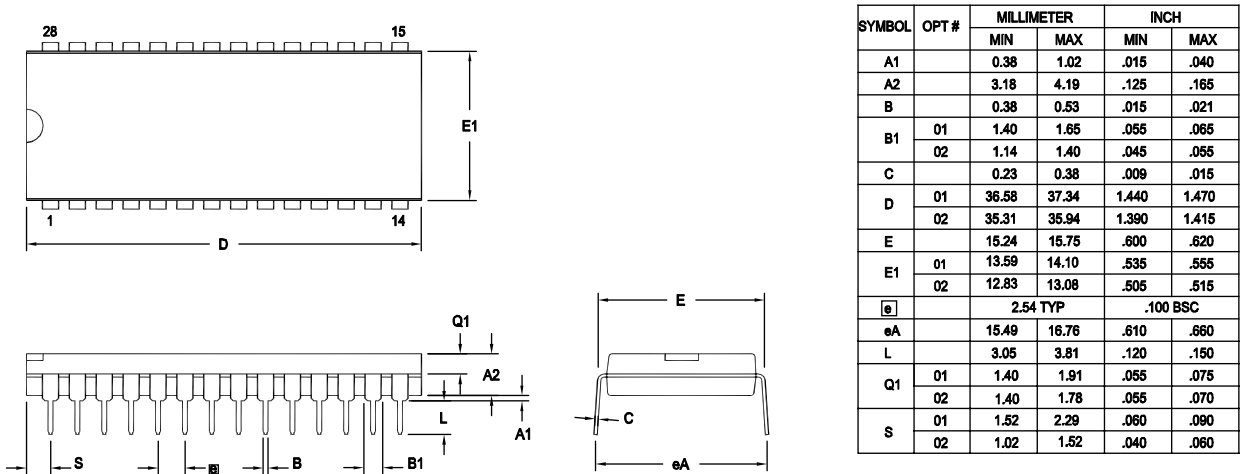
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

OPTION TABLE	
OPTION #	PACKAGE
01	STANDARD
02	IDF

Note: ZiLOG supplies both options for production. Component layout PCB design should cover bigger option 01.

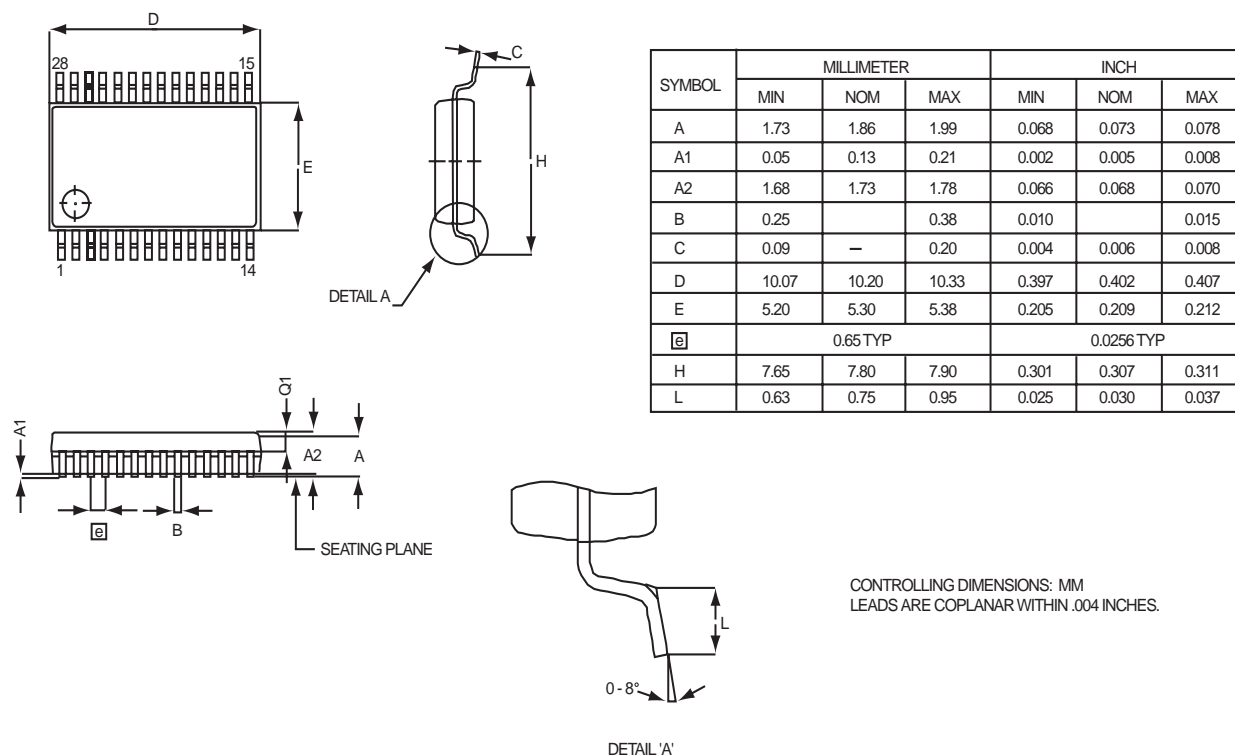**Figure 64. 28-Pin PDIP Package Diagram**

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER			INCH		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.73	1.86	1.99	0.068	0.073	0.078
A1	0.05	0.13	0.21	0.002	0.005	0.008
A2	1.68	1.73	1.78	0.066	0.068	0.070
B	0.25		0.38	0.010		0.015
C	0.09	—	0.20	0.004	0.006	0.008
D	10.07	10.20	10.33	0.397	0.402	0.407
E	5.20	5.30	5.38	0.205	0.209	0.212
e	0.65 TYP			0.0256 TYP		
H	7.65	7.80	7.90	0.301	0.307	0.311
L	0.63	0.75	0.95	0.025	0.030	0.037

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS: MM
LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCHES.

Figure 65. 28-Pin SSOP Package Diagram

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1	0.51	1.02	.020	.040
A2	3.18	3.94	.125	.155
B	0.38	0.53	.015	.021
B1	1.02	1.52	.040	.060
C	0.23	0.38	.009	.015
D	52.07	52.58	2.050	2.070
E	15.24	15.75	.600	.620
E1	13.59	14.22	.535	.560
e	2.54 TYP		.100 TYP	
eA	15.49	16.76	.610	.660
L	3.05	3.81	.120	.150
Q1	1.40	1.91	.055	.075
S	1.52	2.29	.060	.090

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH
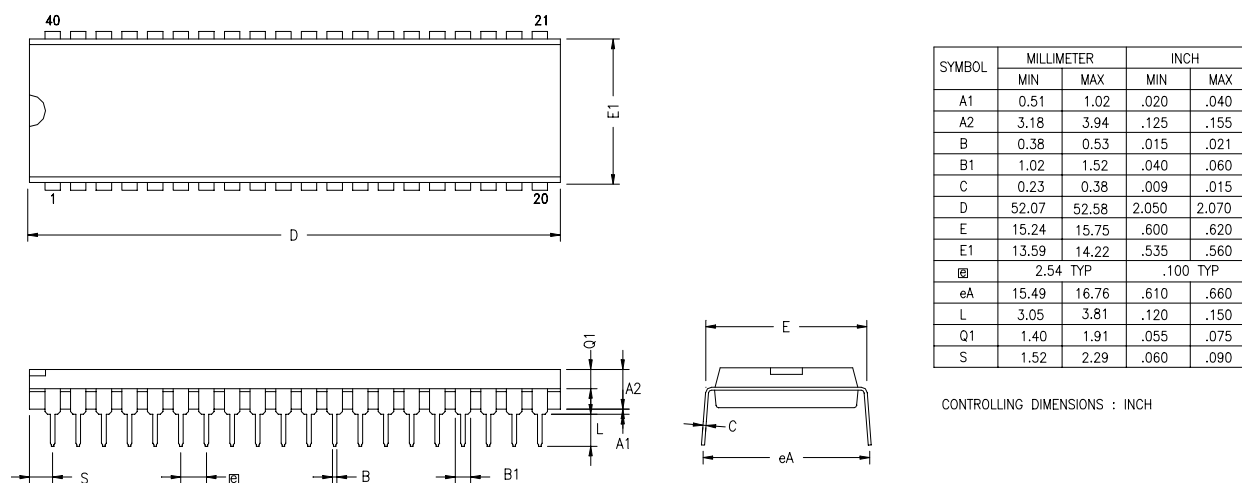
Figure 66. 40-Pin PDIP Package Diagram