Zilog - ZGP323HSH2816C00TR Datasheet

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Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hsh2816c00tr

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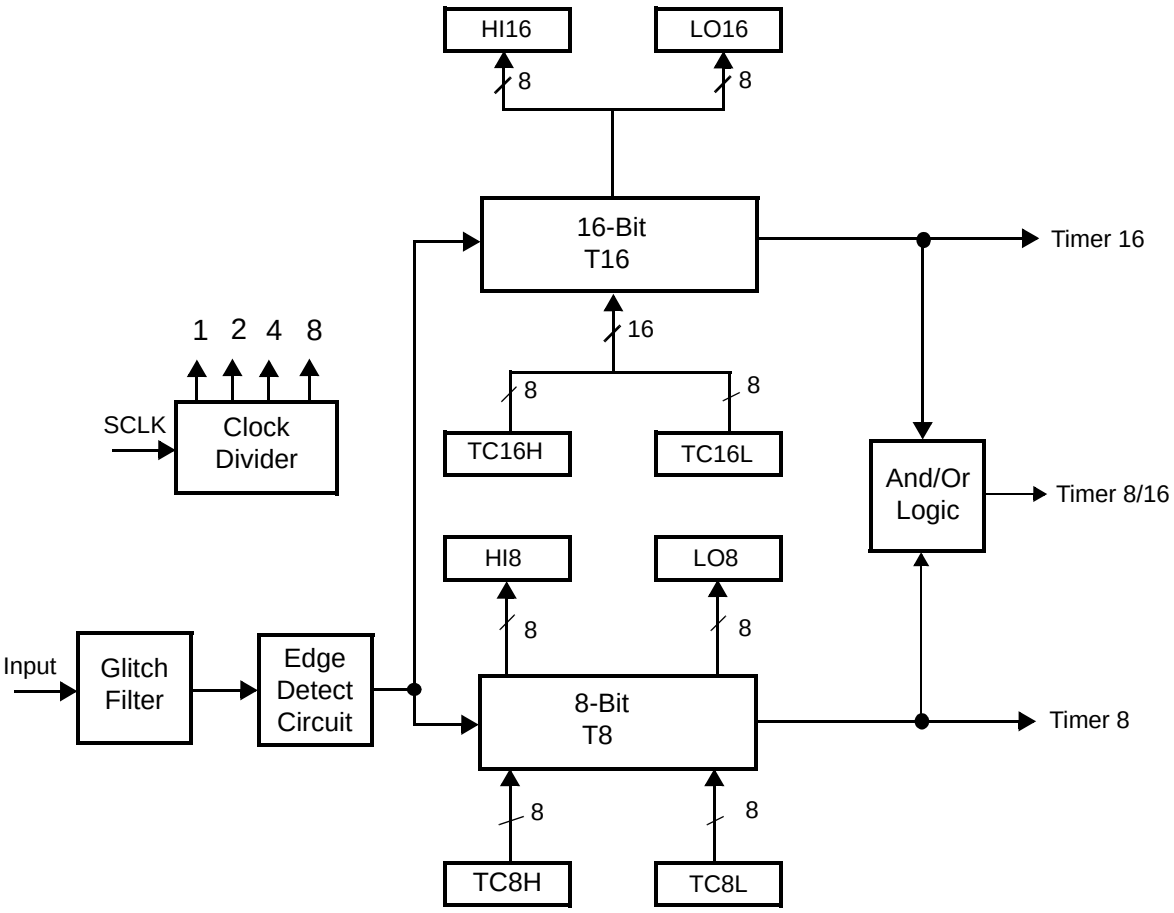


Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram

Pin Description

The pin configuration for the 20-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP is illustrated in Figure 3 and described in Table 4. The pin configuration for the 28-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP are depicted in Figure 4 and described in Table 5. The pin configurations for the 40-pin PDIP and 48-pin SSOP versions are illustrated in Figure 5, Figure 6, and described in Table 6.

For customer engineering code development, a UV eraseable windowed cerdip packaging is offered in 20-pin, 28-pin, and 40-pin configurations. ZiLOG does not recommend nor guarantee these packages for use in production.

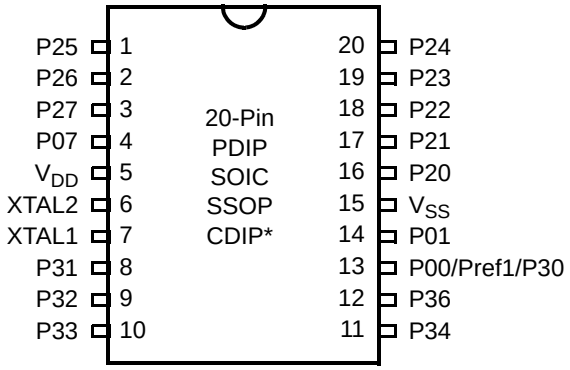


Figure 3. 20-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Table 4. 20-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Identification

Pin #	Symbol	Function	Direction
1–3	P25–P27	Port 2, Bits 5,6,7	Input/Output
4	P07	Port 0, Bit 7	Input/Output
5	V_{DD}	Power Supply	
6	XTAL2	Crystal Oscillator Clock	Output
7	XTAL1	Crystal Oscillator Clock	Input
8–10	P31–P33	Port 3, Bits 1,2,3	Input
11,12	P34. P36	Port 3, Bits 4,6	Output
13	P00/Pref1/P30	Port 0, Bit 0/Analog reference input Port 3 Bit 0	Input/Output for P00 Input for Pref1/P30
14	P01	Port 0, Bit 1	Input/Output
15	V_{SS}	Ground	
16–20	P20–P24	Port 2, Bits 0,1,2,3,4	Input/Output

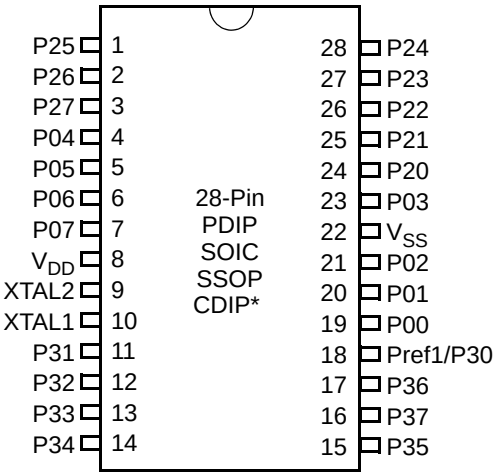


Figure 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Table 5. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Identification

Pin	Symbol	Direction	Description
1-3	P25-P27	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 5,6,7
4-7	P04-P07	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 4,5,6,7
8	V_{DD}		Power supply
9	XTAL2	Output	Crystal, oscillator clock
10	XTAL1	Input	Crystal, oscillator clock
11-13	P31-P33	Input	Port 3, Bits 1,2,3
14	P34	Output	Port 3, Bit 4
15	P35	Output	Port 3, Bit 5
16	P37	Output	Port 3, Bit 7
17	P36	Output	Port 3, Bit 6
18	Pref1/P30 Port 3 Bit 0	Input	Analog ref input; connect to V_{CC} if not used Input for Pref1/P30
19-21	P00-P02	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 0,1,2
22	V_{SS}		Ground
23	P03	Input/Output	Port 0, Bit 3
24-28	P20-P24	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 0-4

Capacitance

Table 8 lists the capacitances.

Table 8. Capacitance

Parameter	Maximum
Input capacitance	12pF
Output capacitance	12pF
I/O capacitance	12pF
Note: T_A = 25° C, V_{CC} = GND = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz, unmeasured pins returned to GND	

DC Characteristics

Table 9. GP323HS DC Characteristics

			T_A=0°C to +70°C					
Symbol	**Parameter**	**V_{CC}**	**Min**	**Typ(7)**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**	**Notes**
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		2.0		5.5	V	See Note 5	5
V_{CH}	Clock Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.8 V_{CC}		V_{CC}+0.3	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{CL}	Clock Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{SS}–0.3		0.4	V	Driven by External Clock Generator	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0-5.5	0.7 V_{CC}		V_{CC}+0.3	V		
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{SS}–0.3		0.2 V_{CC}	V		
V_{OH1}	Output High Voltage	2.0-5.5	V_{CC}–0.4			V	I_{OH} = –0.5mA	
V_{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-5.5	V_{CC}–0.8			V	I_{OH} = –7mA	
V_{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-5.5			0.4	V	I_{OL} = 4.0mA	
V_{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-5.5			0.8	V	I_{OL} = 10mA	
V_{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-5.5			25	mV		
V_{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-5.5	0		V_{CC} 1.75	V		
I_{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-5.5	–1		1	µA	V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
R_{PU}	Pull-up Resistance	2.0V	225		675	KΩ	V_{IN} = 0V; Pullups selected by mask option	
		3.6V	75		275	KΩ		
		5.0V	40		160	KΩ		

Table 10. GP323HE DC Characteristics (Continued)

			T_A= -40°C to +105°C					
Symbol	**Parameter**	**V_{CC}**	**Min**	**Typ(7)**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**	**Notes**
V_{OH2}	Output High Voltage (P36, P37, P00, P01)	2.0-5.5	V_{CC}–0.8			V	I_{OH} = –7mA	
V_{OL1}	Output Low Voltage	2.0-5.5			0.4	V	I_{OL} = 4.0mA	
V_{OL2}	Output Low Voltage (P00, P01, P36, P37)	2.0-5.5			0.8	V	I_{OL} = 10mA	
V_{OFFSET}	Comparator Input Offset Voltage	2.0-5.5			25	mV		
V_{REF}	Comparator Reference Voltage	2.0-5.5	0		V_{DD} -1.75	V		
I_{IL}	Input Leakage	2.0-5.5	–1		1	µA	V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} Pull-ups disabled	
R_{PU}	Pull-up Resistance	2.0V	200.0		700.0	KΩ	V_{IN} = 0V; Pullups selected by mask option	
		3.6V	50.0		300.0	KΩ		
		5.0V	25.0		175.0	KΩ		
I_{OL}	Output Leakage	2.0-5.5	–1		1	µA	V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC}	
I_{CC}	Supply Current	2.0V		1	3	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
		3.6V		5	10	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
		5.5V		10	15	mA	at 8.0 MHz	1, 2
I_{CC1}	Standby Current (HALT Mode)	2.0V		0.5	1.6	mA	V_{IN} = 0V, Clock at 8.0MHz	1, 2, 6
		3.6V		0.8	2.0	mA	V_{IN} = 0V, Clock at 8.0MHz	1, 2, 6
		5.5V		1.3	3.2	mA	V_{IN} = 0V, Clock at 8.0MHz	1, 2, 6
I_{CC2}	Standby Current (Stop Mode)	2.0V		1.6	12	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT not Running	3
		3.6V		1.8	15	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT not Running	3
		5.5V		1.9	18	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT not Running	3
		2.0V		5	30	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT is Running	3
		3.6V		8	40	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT is Running	3
		5.5V		15	60	µA	V_{IN} = 0 V, V_{CC} WDT is Running	3
I_{LV}	Standby Current (Low Voltage)			1.2	6	µA	Measured at 1.3V	4
V_{BO}	V_{CC} Low Voltage Protection			1.9	2.15	V	8MHz maximum Ext. CLK Freq.	
V_{LVD}	V_{CC} Low Voltage Detection			2.4		V		
V_{HVD}	Vcc High Voltage Detection			2.7		V		

Notes:

1. All outputs unloaded, inputs at rail.
2. CL1 = CL2 = 100 pF.
3. Oscillator stopped.
4. Oscillator stops when V_{CC} falls below V_{BO} limit.
5. It is strongly recommended to add a filter capacitor (minimum 0.1 µF), physically close to VCC and V_{SS} pins if operating voltage fluctuations are anticipated, such as those resulting from driving an Infrared LED.
6. Comparator and Timers are on. Interrupt disabled.
7. Typical values shown are at 25 degrees C.

CTR1(0D)01H" on page 35). Other edge detect and IRQ modes are described in Table 14.

Note: Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31–P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery (SMR) source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Table 14. Port 3 Pin Function Summary

Pin	I/O	Counter/Timers	Comparator	Interrupt
Pref1/P30	IN		RF1	
P31	IN	IN	AN1	IRQ2
P32	IN		AN2	IRQ0
P33	IN		RF2	IRQ1
P34	OUT	T8	AO1	
P35	OUT	T16		
P36	OUT	T8/16		
P37	OUT		AO2	
P20	I/O	IN		

Port 3 also provides output for each of the counter/timers and the AND/OR Logic (see Figure 13). Control is performed by programming bits D5–D4 of CTR1, bit 0 of CTR0, and bit 0 of CTR2.

The counter/timers are mapped into ERF group D. Access is easily performed using the following:

```
LD                      RP, #0Dh                ; Select ERF D
for access to bank D
                                                ; (working
register group 0)
LD                      R0,#xx                  ; load CTR0
LD                      1, #xx                  ; load CTR1
LD                      R1, 2                   ; CTR2→CTR1

LD                      RP, #0Dh                ; Select ERF D
for access to bank D
                                                ; (working
register group 0)
LD                      RP, #7Dh                ; Select
expanded register bank D and working            ; register
group 7 of bank 0 for access.
LD                      71h, 2
; CTRL2→register 71h
LD                      R1, 2
; CTRL2→register 71h
```

Register File

The register file (bank 0) consists of 4 I/O port registers, 237 general-purpose registers, 16 control and status registers (R0–R3, R4–R239, and R240–R255, respectively), and two expanded registers groups in Banks D (see Table 15) and F. Instructions can access registers directly or indirectly through an 8-bit address field, thereby allowing a short, 4-bit register address to use the Register Pointer (Figure 17). In the 4-bit mode, the register file is divided into 16 working register groups, each occupying 16 continuous locations. The Register Pointer addresses the starting location of the active working register group.

Note: Working register group E0–EF can only be accessed through working registers and indirect addressing modes.

Timers

T8_Capture_HI—HI8(D)0BH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 1.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T8_Capture_LO—L08(D)0AH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 0.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_L0	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_HI—HI16(D)09H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/Timer16. This register holds the MS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

T16_Capture_LO—L016(D)08H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/Timer16. This register holds the LS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_LO	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

Counter/Timer2 MS-Byte Hold Register—TC16H(D)07H

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Data_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data

Table 15. CTR0(D)00H Counter/Timer8 Control Register (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Counter_INT_Mask	------1-	R/W	0** 1	Disable Time-Out Interrupt Enable Time-Out Interrupt
P34_Out	-------0	R/W	0* 1	P34 as Port Output T8 Output on P34

Note:
***Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.
****Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

T8 Enable

This field enables T8 when set (written) to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

When set to 0 (Modulo-N), the counter reloads the initial value when the terminal count is reached. When set to 1 (single-pass), the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

Timeout

This bit is set when T8 times out (terminal count reached). To reset this bit, write a 1 to its location.

Caution: Writing a 1 is the only way to reset the Terminal Count status condition. Reset this bit before using/enabling the counter/timers.

The first clock of T8 might not have complete clock width and can occur any time when enabled.

Note: Take care when using the OR or AND commands to manipulate CTR0, bit 5 and CTR1, bits 0 and 1 (Demodulation Mode). These instructions use a Read-Modify-Write sequence in which the current status from the CTR0 and CTR1 registers is ORed or ANDed with the designated value and then written back into the registers.

T8 Clock

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to T8.

Capture_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when data is captured into either LO8 or HI8 upon a positive or negative edge detection in demodulation mode.

Counter_INT_Mask

Set this bit to allow an interrupt when T8 has a timeout.

P34_Out

This bit defines whether P34 is used as a normal output pin or the T8 output.

T8 and T16 Common Functions—CTR1(0D)01H

This register controls the functions in common with the T8 and T16.

Table 16 lists and briefly describes the fields for this register.

Table 16. CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Mode	7-------	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode
				Demodulation Mode
P36_Out/	-6------	R/W		Transmit Mode
Demodulator_Input			0*	Port Output
			1	T8/T16 Output
				Demodulation Mode
			0*	P31
			1	P20
T8/T16_Logic/	--54----	R/W		Transmit Mode
Edge _Detect			00**	AND
			01	OR
			10	NOR
			11	NAND
				Demodulation Mode
			00**	Falling Edge
			01	Rising Edge
			10	Both Edges
			11	Reserved

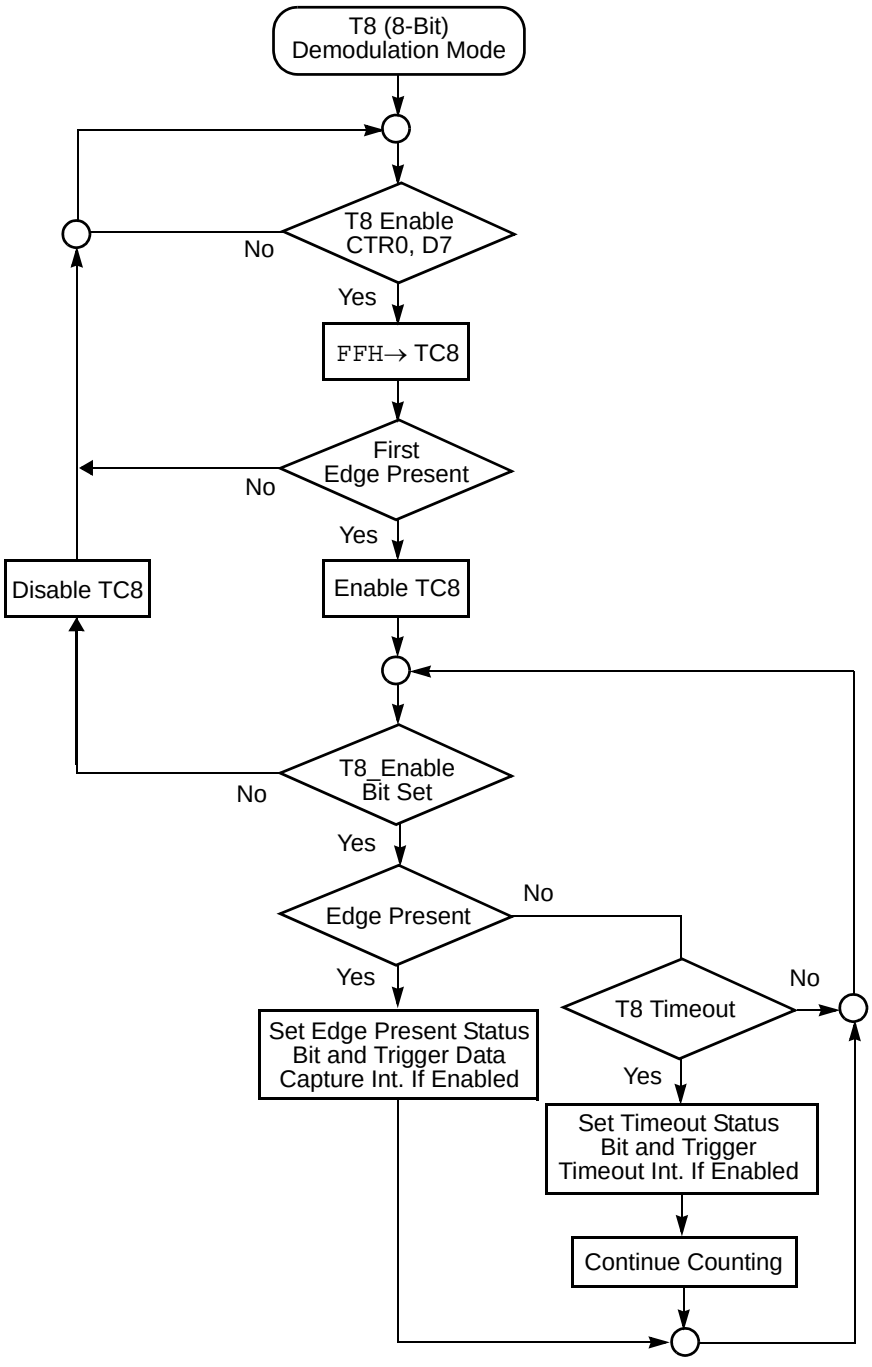


Figure 24. Demodulation Mode Flowchart

Port 0 Output Mode (D2)

Bit 2 controls the output mode of port 0. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.

Stop-Mode Recovery Register (SMR)

This register selects the clock divide value and determines the mode of Stop Mode Recovery (Figure 33). All bits are write only except bit 7, which is read only. Bit 7 is a flag bit that is hardware set on the condition of Stop recovery and reset by a power-on cycle. Bit 6 controls whether a low level or a high level at the XOR-gate input (Figure 35 on page 59) is required from the recovery source. Bit 5 controls the reset delay after recovery. Bits D2, D3, and D4 of the SMR register specify the source of the Stop Mode Recovery signal. Bits D0 determines if SCLK/TCLK are divided by 16 or not. The SMR is located in Bank F of the Expanded Register Group at address 0BH.

Low-Voltage Detection Register—LVD(D)0Ch

Note: Voltage detection does not work at Stop mode. It must be disabled during Stop mode in order to reduce current.

Field	Bit Position			Description
LVD	76543---			Reserved No Effect
	-----2--	R	1 0*	HVD flag set HVD flag reset
	------1-	R	1 0*	LVD flag set LVD flag reset
	-------0	R/W	1 0*	Enable VD Disable VD

***Default after POR

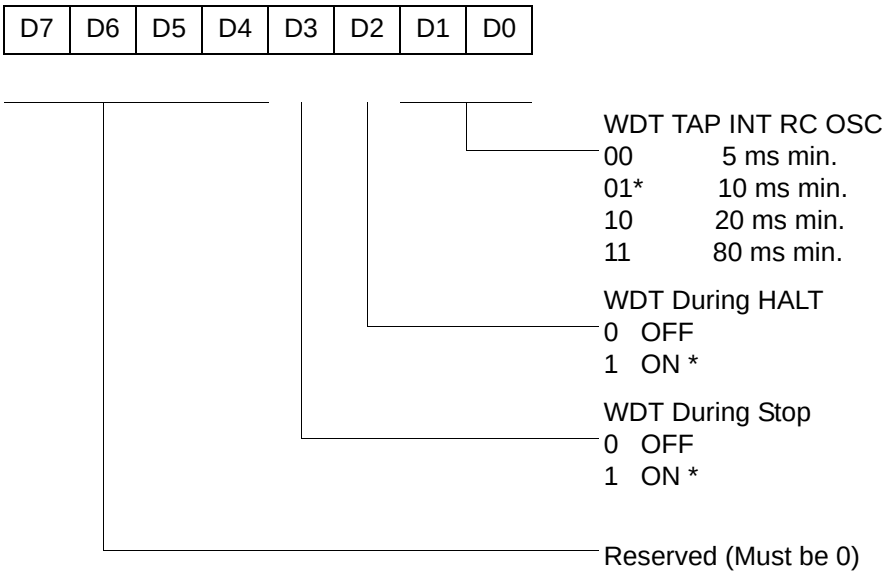
Note: Do not modify register P01M while checking a low-voltage condition. Switching noise of both ports 0 and 1 together might trigger the LVD flag.

Voltage Detection and Flags

The Voltage Detection register (LVD, register 0CH at the expanded register bank 0Dh) offers an option of monitoring the V_{CC} voltage. The Voltage Detection is enabled when bit 0 of LVD register is set. Once Voltage Detection is enabled, the the V_{CC} level is monitored in real time. The flags in the LVD register valid 20uS after Voltage Detection is enabled. The HVD flag (bit 2 of the LVD register) is set only if V_{CC} is higher than $V_{HVD.}$ The LVD flag (bit 1 of the LVD register) is set only if V_{CC} is lower than the V_{LVD}. When Voltage Detection is enabled, the LVD flag also triggers IRQ5. The IRQ bit 5 latches the low voltage condition until it is cleared by instructions or reset. The IRQ5 interrupt is served if it is enabled in the IMR register. Otherwise, bit 5 of IRQ register is latched as a flag only.

Notes: If it is necessary to receive an LVD interrupt upon power-up at an operating voltage lower than the low battery detect threshold, enable interrupts using the Enable Interrupt instruction (EI) prior to enabling the voltage detection.

WDTMR(0F)0FH

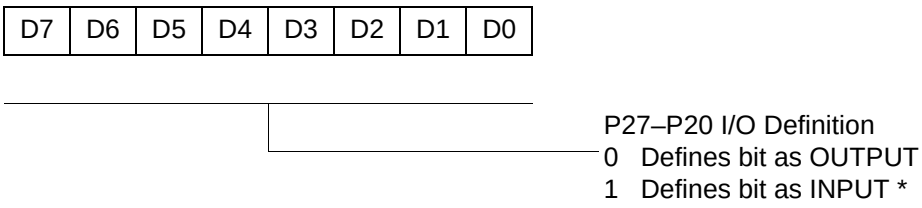


* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only)

Standard Control Registers

R246 P2M(F6H)



* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only)

R250 IRQ(FAH)

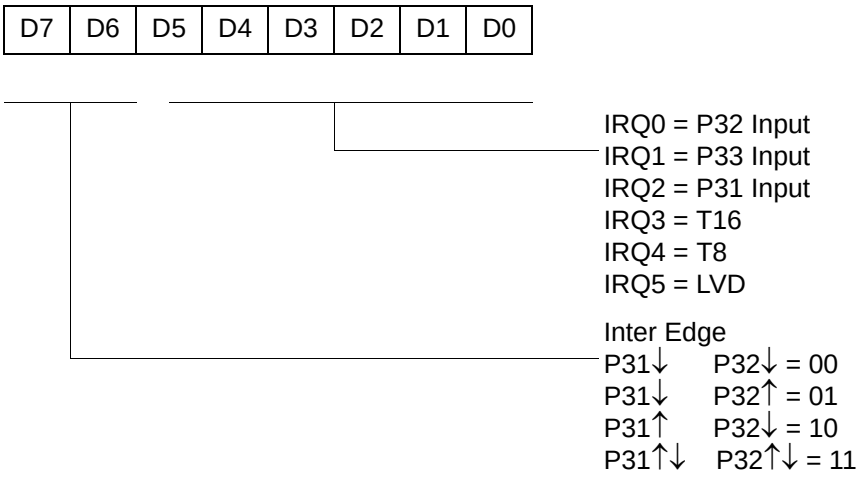
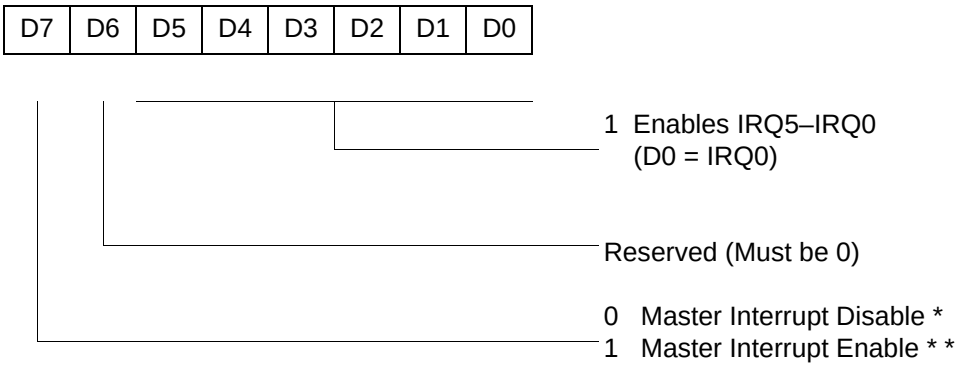


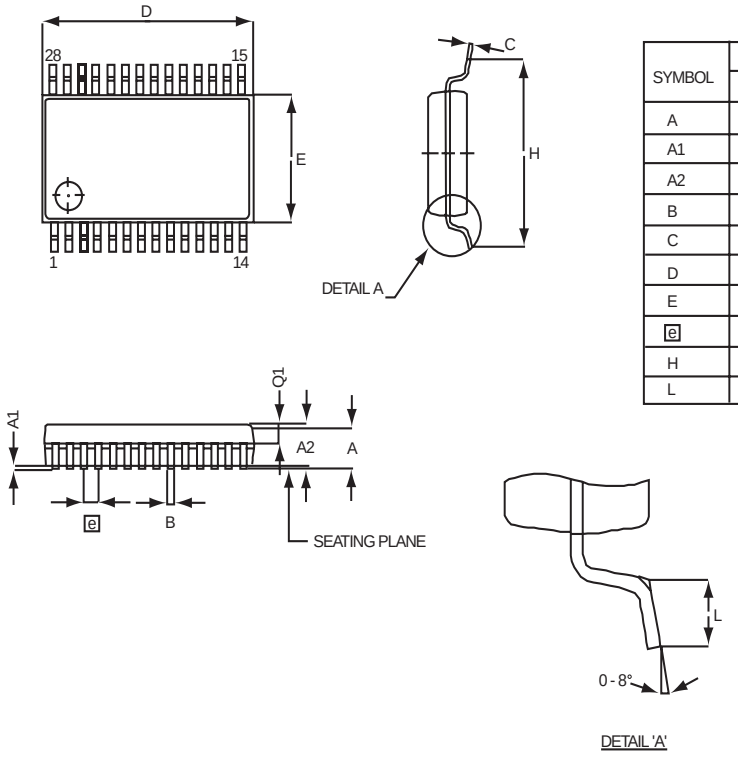
Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)

R251 IMR(FBH)



* Default setting after reset
* * Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

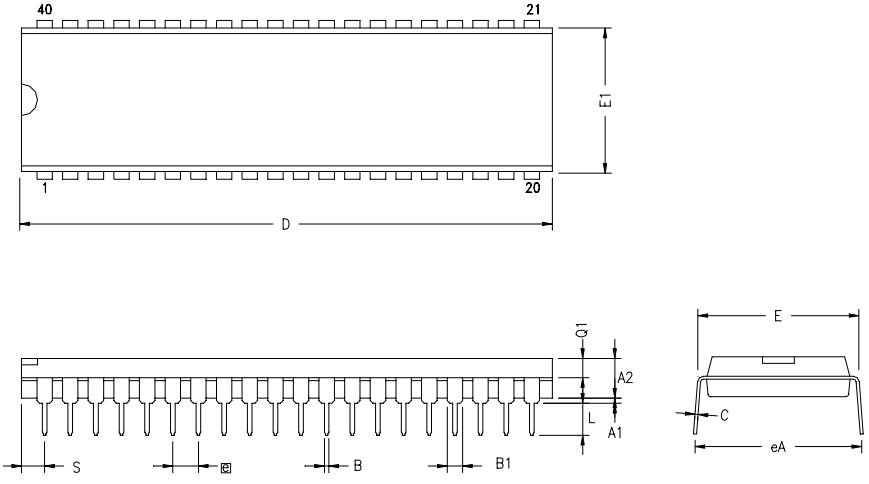
Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER			INCH		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.73	1.86	1.99	0.068	0.073	0.078
A1	0.05	0.13	0.21	0.002	0.005	0.008
A2	1.68	1.73	1.78	0.066	0.068	0.070
B	0.25		0.38	0.010		0.015
C	0.09	–	0.20	0.004	0.006	0.008
D	10.07	10.20	10.33	0.397	0.402	0.407
E	5.20	5.30	5.38	0.205	0.209	0.212
e	0.65 TYP			0.0256 TYP		
H	7.65	7.80	7.90	0.301	0.307	0.311
L	0.63	0.75	0.95	0.025	0.030	0.037

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS: MM
LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCHES.

Figure 65. 28-Pin SSOP Package Diagram



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1	0.51	1.02	.020	.040
A2	3.18	3.94	.125	.155
B	0.38	0.53	.015	.021
B1	1.02	1.52	.040	.060
C	0.23	0.38	.009	.015
D	52.07	52.58	2.050	2.070
E	15.24	15.75	.600	.620
E1	13.59	14.22	.535	.560
e	2.54 TYP		.100 TYP	
eA	15.49	16.76	.610	.660
L	3.05	3.81	.120	.150
Q1	1.40	1.91	.055	.075
S	1.52	2.29	.060	.090

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

Figure 66. 40-Pin PDIP Package Diagram

4KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C			
Part Number	**Description**	**Part Number**	**Description**
ZGP323HSH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323HSP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323HSH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323HSP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C			
Part Number	**Description**	**Part Number**	**Description**
ZGP323HEH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HES2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323HEP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HEH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323HEH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HEP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323HEP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HES2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C			
Part Number	**Description**	**Part Number**	**Description**
ZGP323HAH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323HAP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323HAH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323HAP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP
Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging			

Additional Components			
Part Number	**Description**	**Part Number**	**Description**
ZGP323ICE01ZEM (For 3.6V Emulation only)	Emulator/programmer	ZGP32300100ZPR (Ethernet)	Programming system
		ZGP32300200ZPR (USB)	Programming system

For fast results, contact your local ZiLOG sales office for assistance in ordering the part desired.

Codes

ZG = ZiLOG General Purpose Family

P = OTP

323 = Family Designation

H = High Voltage

T = Temparature
- S = Standard 0° to +70°C
- E = Extended -40° to +105°C
- A = Automotive -40° to +125°C

P = Package Type:
- K = CDIP
- P = PDIP
- H = SSOP
- S = SOIC

= Number of Pins

CC = Memory Size

M = Molding Compound

C = Standard Plastic Packaging Molding Compound
G = Green Plastic Molding Compound
E = Standard Cer Dip flow