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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	20-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hsp2008c



Figure 34. SCLK Circuit	58
Figure 35. Stop Mode Recovery Source	59
Figure 36. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only) . .	61
Figure 37. Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (Write Only).....	62
Figure 38. Resets and WDT	63
Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)00H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)	66
Figure 40. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write) . .	67
Figure 41. T16 Control Register ((0D) 2H: Read/Write Except Where Noted) .	69
Figure 42. T8/T16 Control Register (0D)03H: Read/Write (Except Where Noted).....	70
Figure 43. Voltage Detection Register	71
Figure 44. Port Configuration Register (PCON)(0F)00H: Write Only)	72
Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)	73
Figure 46. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)0DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)	74
Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only).....	75
Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only).....	75
Figure 49. Port 3 Mode Register (F7H: Write Only)	76
Figure 50. Port 0 and 1 Mode Register (F8H: Write Only)	77
Figure 51. Interrupt Priority Register (F9H: Write Only)	78
Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)	79
Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)	79
Figure 54. Flag Register (FCH: Read/Write)	80
Figure 55. Register Pointer (FDH: Read/Write)	80
Figure 56. Stack Pointer High (FEH: Read/Write)	81
Figure 57. Stack Pointer Low (FFH: Read/Write)	81
Figure 58. 20-Pin CDIP Package	82
Figure 59. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram	82
Figure 60. 20-Pin SOIC Package Diagram	83
Figure 61. 20-Pin SSOP Package Diagram	84
Figure 62. 28-Pin SOIC Package Diagram	85
Figure 63. 28-Pin CDIP Package Diagram	86
Figure 64. 28-Pin PDIP Package Diagram	86
Figure 65. 28-Pin SSOP Package Diagram.....	87
Figure 66. 40-Pin PDIP Package Diagram	87
Figure 67. 40-Pin CDIP Package Diagram	88



Figure 68. 48-Pin SSOP Package Design 89



Development Features

Table 2 lists the features of ZiLOG®'s ZGP323H members.

Table 2. Features

Device	OTP (KB)	RAM (Bytes)	I/O Lines	Voltage Range
ZGP323H OTP MCU Family	4, 8, 16, 32	237	32, 24 or 16	2.0V–5.5V

- Low power consumption—18mW (typical)
- T = Temperature
S = Standard 0° to +70°C
E = Extended -40° to +105°C
A = Automotive -40° to +125°C
- Three standby modes:
 - STOP— (typical 1.8µA)
 - HALT— (typical 0.8mA)
 - Low voltage reset
- Special architecture to automate both generation and reception of complex pulses or signals:
 - One programmable 8-bit counter/timer with two capture registers and two load registers
 - One programmable 16-bit counter/timer with one 16-bit capture register pair and one 16-bit load register pair
 - Programmable input glitch filter for pulse reception
- Six priority interrupts
 - Three external
 - Two assigned to counter/timers
 - One low-voltage detection interrupt
- Low voltage detection and high voltage detection flags
- Programmable Watch-Dog Timer/Power-On Reset (WDT/POR) circuits
- Two independent comparators with programmable interrupt polarity
- Programmable EPROM options
 - Port 0: 0–3 pull-up transistors
 - Port 0: 4–7 pull-up transistors

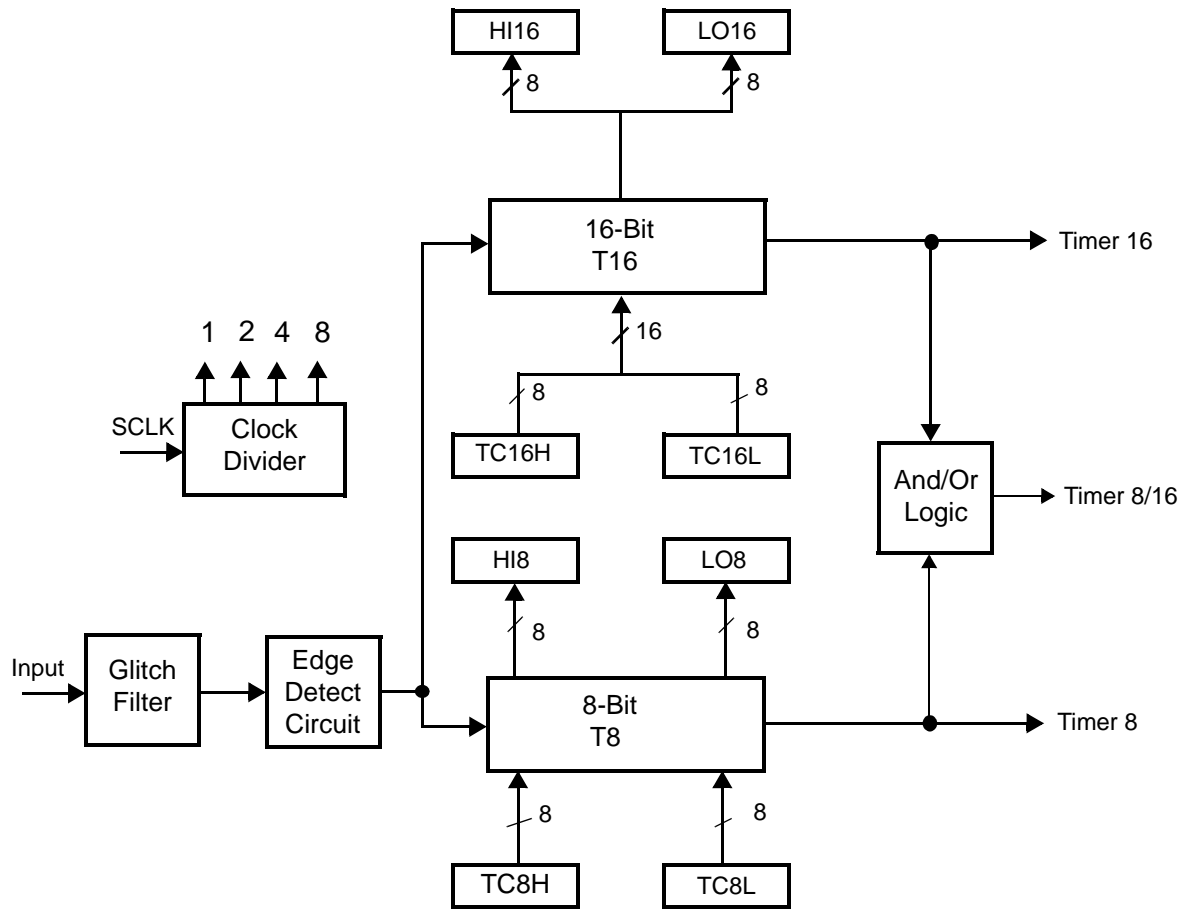


Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram

Pin Description

The pin configuration for the 20-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP is illustrated in Figure 3 and described in Table 4. The pin configuration for the 28-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP are depicted in Figure 4 and described in Table 5. The pin configurations for the 40-pin PDIP and 48-pin SSOP versions are illustrated in Figure 5, Figure 6, and described in Table 6.

For customer engineering code development, a UV eraseable windowed cerdip packaging is offered in 20-pin, 28-pin, and 40-pin configurations. ZiLOG does not recommend nor guarantee these packages for use in production.

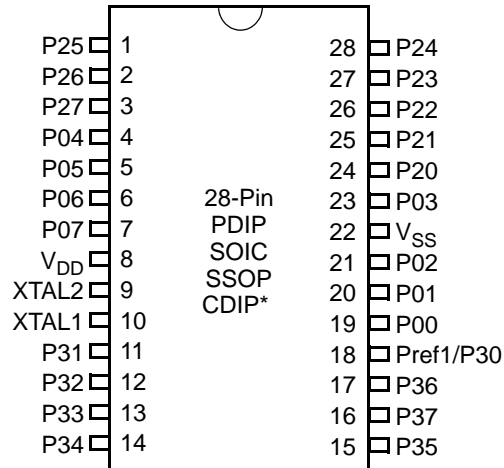


Figure 4. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Table 5. 28-Pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP/CDIP* Pin Identification

Pin	Symbol	Direction	Description
1-3	P25-P27	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 5,6,7
4-7	P04-P07	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 4,5,6,7
8	V _{DD}		Power supply
9	XTAL2	Output	Crystal, oscillator clock
10	XTAL1	Input	Crystal, oscillator clock
11-13	P31-P33	Input	Port 3, Bits 1,2,3
14	P34	Output	Port 3, Bit 4
15	P35	Output	Port 3, Bit 5
16	P37	Output	Port 3, Bit 7
17	P36	Output	Port 3, Bit 6
18	Pref1/P30 Port 3 Bit 0	Input	Analog ref input; connect to V _{CC} if not used Input for Pref1/P30
19-21	P00-P02	Input/Output	Port 0, Bits 0,1,2
22	V _{SS}		Ground
23	P03	Input/Output	Port 0, Bit 3
24-28	P20-P24	Input/Output	Port 2, Bits 0-4

Pin Functions

XTAL1 Crystal 1 (Time-Based Input)

This pin connects a parallel-resonant crystal or ceramic resonator to the on-chip oscillator input. Additionally, an optional external single-phase clock can be coded to the on-chip oscillator input.

XTAL2 Crystal 2 (Time-Based Output)

This pin connects a parallel-resonant crystal or ceramic resonator to the on-chip oscillator output.

Port 0 (P07–P00)

Port 0 is an 8-bit, bidirectional, CMOS-compatible port. These eight I/O lines are configured under software control as a nibble I/O port. The output drivers are push-pull or open-drain controlled by bit D2 in the PCON register.

If one or both nibbles are needed for I/O operation, they must be configured by writing to the Port 0 mode register. After a hardware reset, Port 0 is configured as an input port.

An optional pull-up transistor is available as a mask option on all Port 0 bits with nibble select.

- **Notes:** Internal pull-ups are disabled on any given pin or group of port pins when programmed into output mode.

The Port 0 direction is reset to its default state following an SMR.

Table 18. CTR3 (D)03H: T8/T16 Control Register (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Reserved	---43210	R	1	Always reads 11111
		W	x	No Effect

*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

**Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Counter/Timer Functional Blocks

Input Circuit

The edge detector monitors the input signal on P31 or P20. Based on CTR1 D5–D4, a pulse is generated at the Pos Edge or Neg Edge line when an edge is detected. Glitches in the input signal that have a width less than specified (CTR1 D3, D2) are filtered out (see Figure 18).

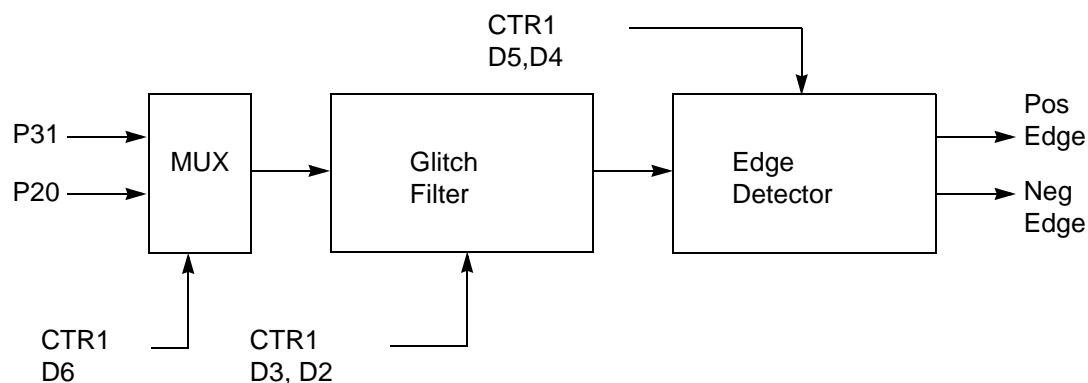


Figure 18. Glitch Filter Circuitry

T8 Transmit Mode

Before T8 is enabled, the output of T8 depends on CTR1, D1. If it is 0, T8_OUT is 1; if it is 1, T8_OUT is 0. See Figure 19.

into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D1). T8 then continues counting from FFh (see Figure 23 and Figure 24).

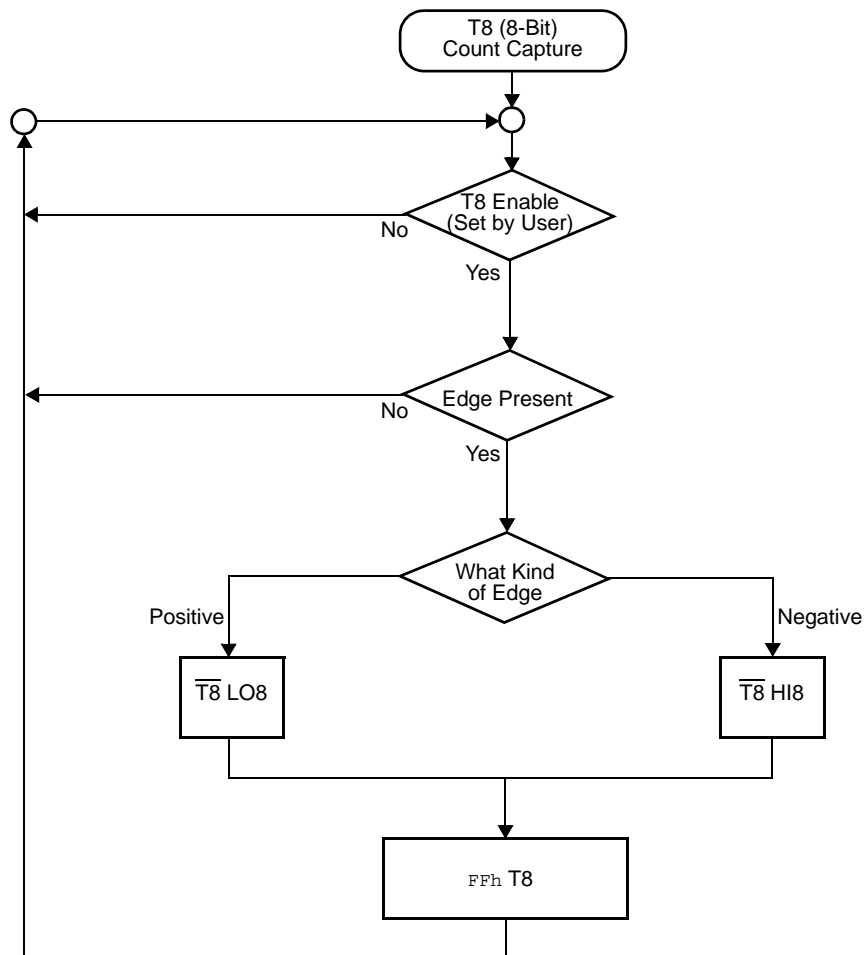


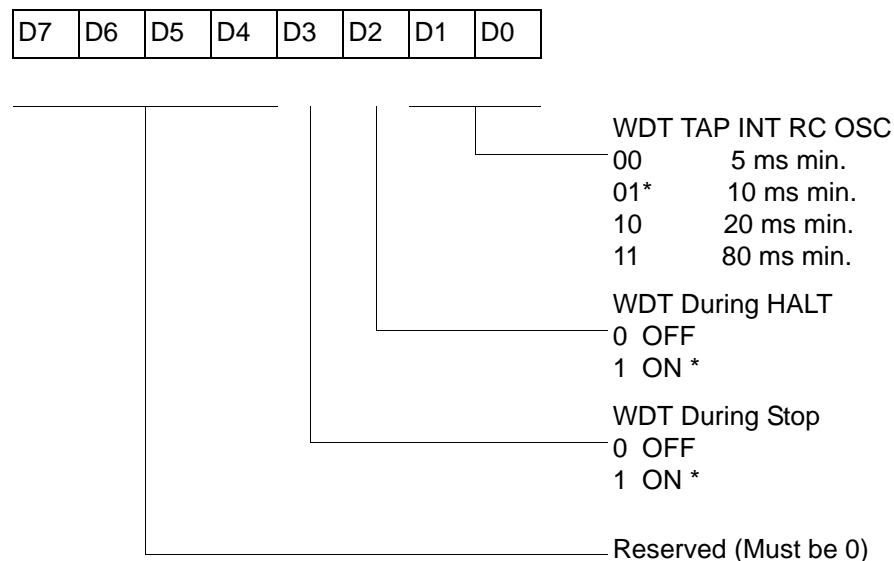
Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart

Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (WDTMR)

The Watch-Dog Timer (WDT) is a retriggerable one-shot timer that resets the Z8[®] CPU if it reaches its terminal count. The WDT must initially be enabled by executing the WDT instruction. On subsequent executions of the WDT instruction, the WDT is refreshed. The WDT circuit is driven by an on-board RC-oscillator. The WDT instruction affects the Zero (Z), Sign (S), and Overflow (V) flags.

The POR clock source the internal RC-oscillator. Bits 0 and 1 of the WDT register control a tap circuit that determines the minimum timeout period. Bit 2 determines whether the WDT is active during HALT, and Bit 3 determines WDT activity during Stop. Bits 4 through 7 are reserved (Figure 37). This register is accessible only during the first 60 processor cycles (120 XTAL clocks) from the execution of the first instruction after Power-On-Reset, Watch-Dog Reset, or a Stop-Mode Recovery (Figure 36). After this point, the register cannot be modified by any means (intentional or otherwise). The WDTMR cannot be read. The register is located in Bank F of the Expanded Register Group at address location 0Fh. It is organized as shown in Figure 37.

WDTMR(0F)0Fh



* Default setting after reset

Figure 37. Watch-Dog Timer Mode Register (Write Only)

WDT Time Select (D0, D1)

This bit selects the WDT time period. It is configured as indicated in Table 23.

WDTMR During STOP (D3)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during STOP Mode. Because the XTAL clock is stopped during STOP Mode, the on-board RC has to be selected as the clock source to the WDT/POR counter. A 1 indicates active during Stop. The default is 1.

EPROM Selectable Options

There are seven EPROM Selectable Options to choose from based on ROM code requirements. These options are listed in Table 24.

Table 24. EPROM Selectable Options

Port 00–03 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 04–07 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 10–13 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 14–17 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 20–27 Pull-Ups	On/Off
EPROM Protection	On/Off
Watch-Dog Timer at Power-On Reset	On/Off

Voltage Brown-Out/Standby

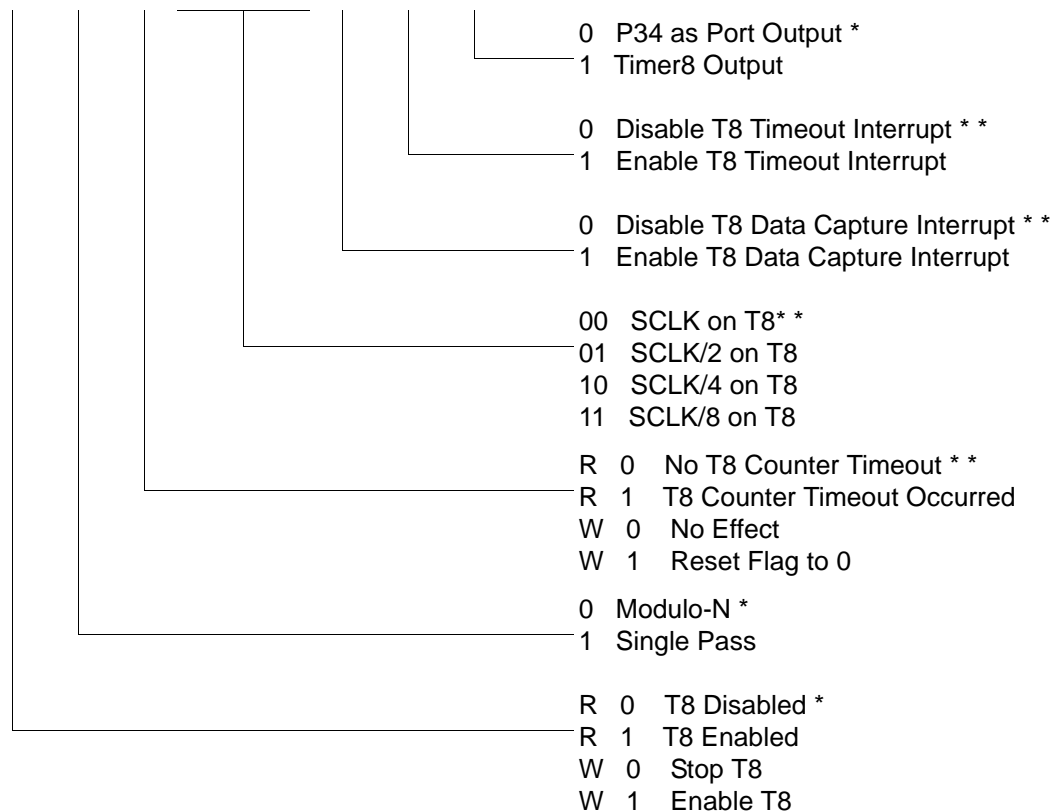
An on-chip Voltage Comparator checks that the V_{DD} is at the required level for correct operation of the device. Reset is globally driven when V_{DD} falls below V_{BO} . A small drop in V_{DD} causes the XTAL1 and XTAL2 circuitry to stop the crystal or resonator clock. If the V_{DD} is allowed to stay above V_{RAM} , the RAM content is preserved. When the power level is returned to above V_{BO} , the device performs a POR and functions normally.

Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)

The expanded register file control registers (0D) are depicted in Figure 39 through Figure 43.

CTR0(0D)00H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset.

** Default setting after Reset.. Not reset with a Stop-Mode recovery.

Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)00H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)

CTR1(0D)01H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

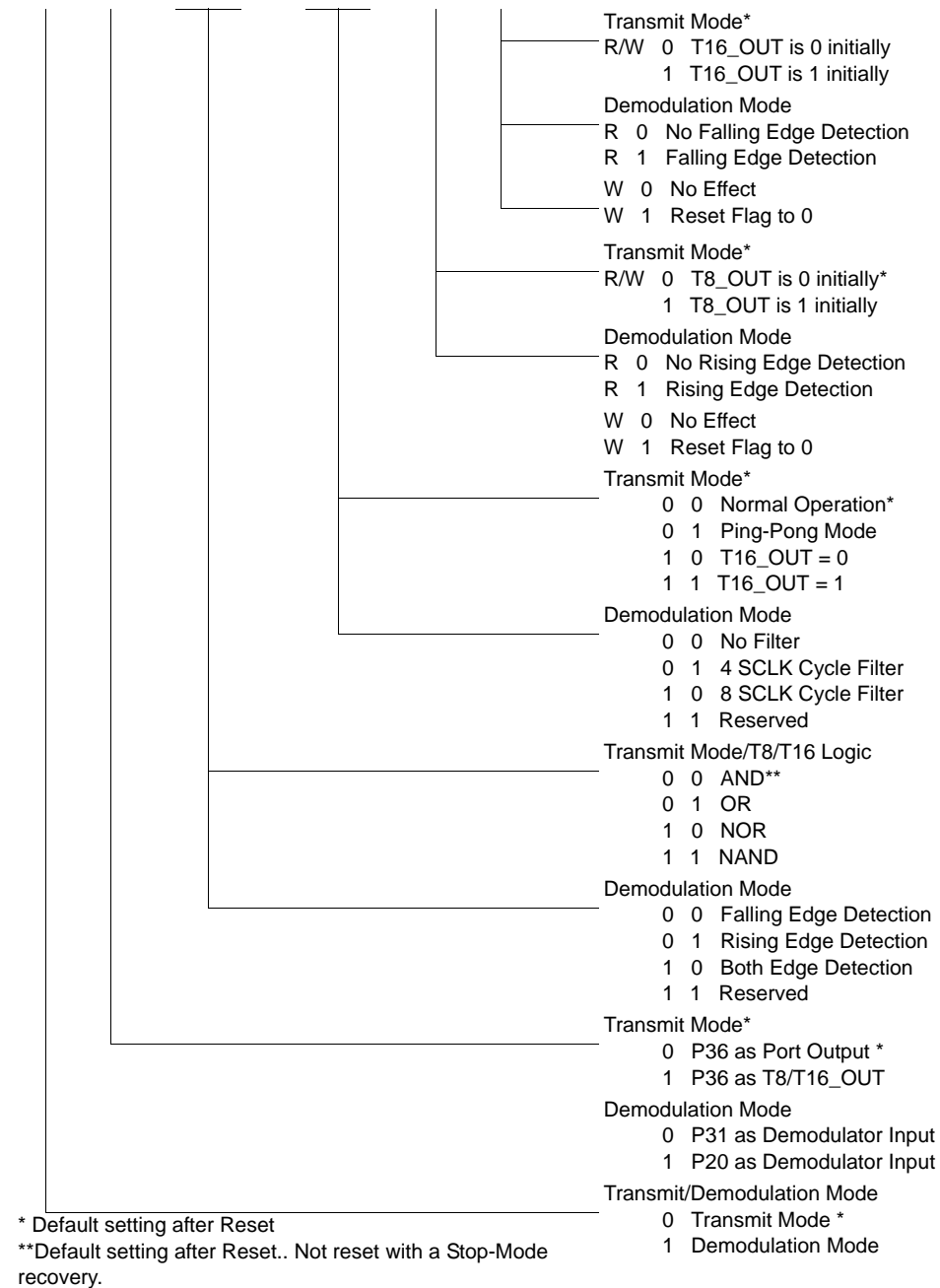


Figure 40. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write)

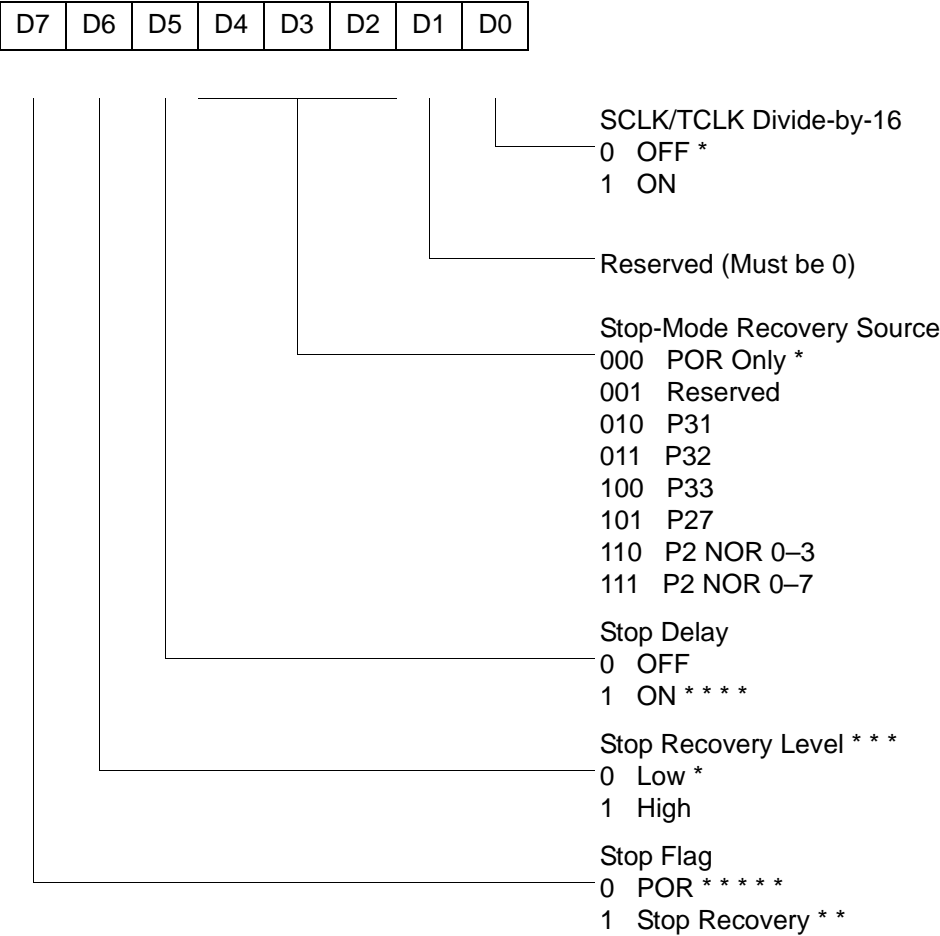


- **Notes:** Take care in differentiating the Transmit Mode from Demodulation Mode. Depending on which of these two modes is operating, the CTR1 bit has different functions.

Changing from one mode to another cannot be performed without disabling the counter/timers.

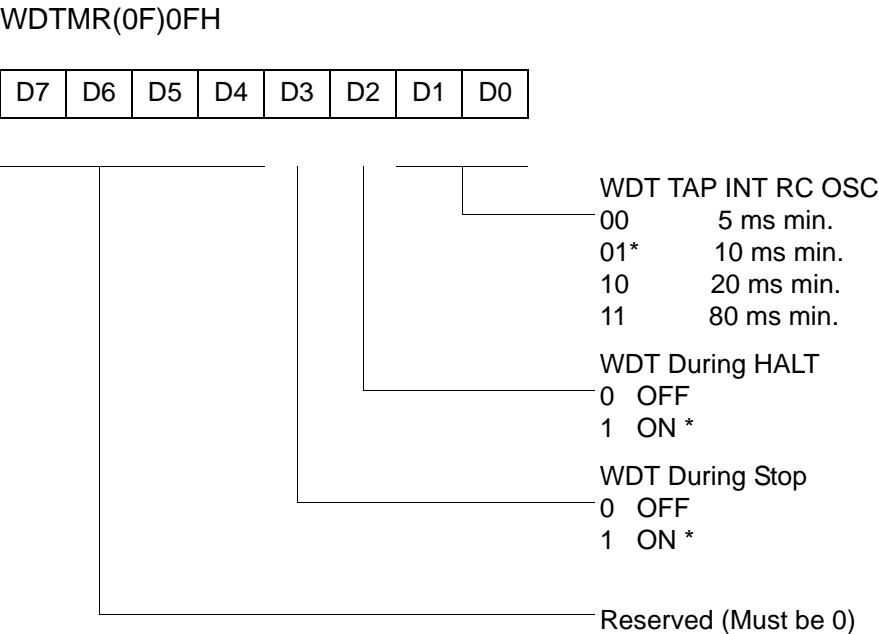


SMR(0F)0BH



* Default setting after reset
* * Set after Stop Mode Recovery
* * * At the XOR gate input
* * * * Default setting after reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.
* * * * * Default setting after Power On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

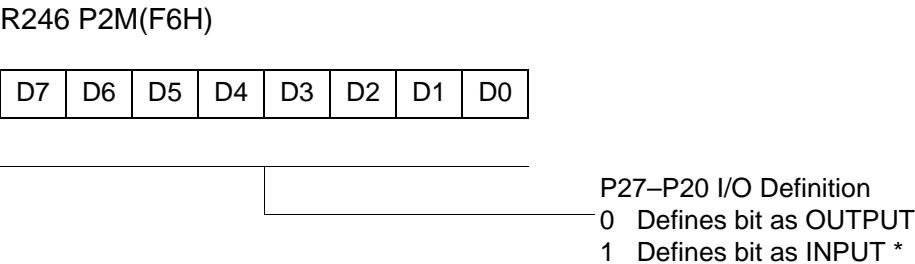
Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)



* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 47. Watch-Dog Timer Register ((0F) 0FH: Write Only)

Standard Control Registers



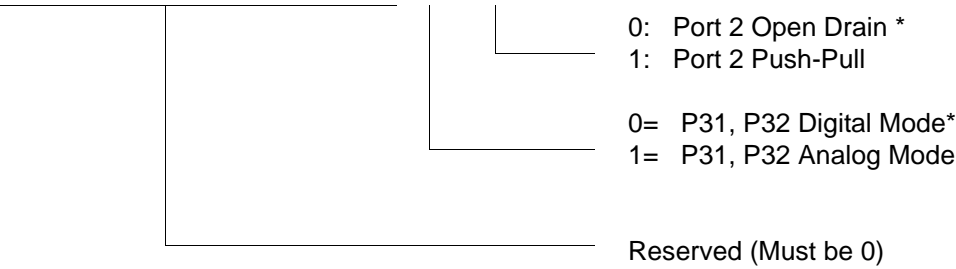
* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 48. Port 2 Mode Register (F6H: Write Only)



R247 P3M(F7H)

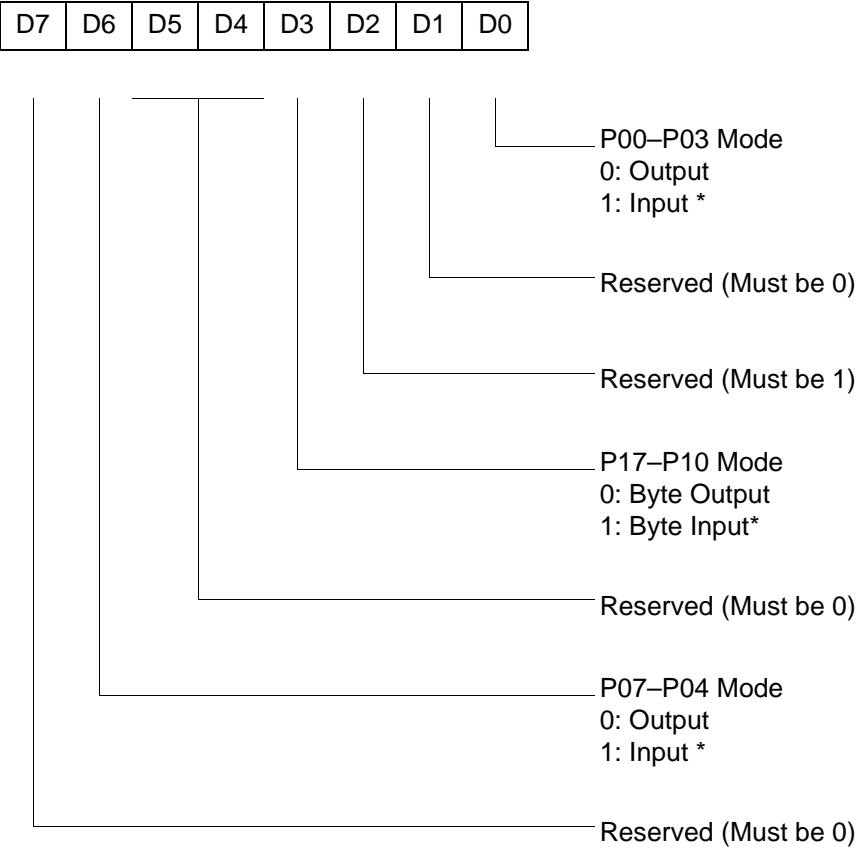
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

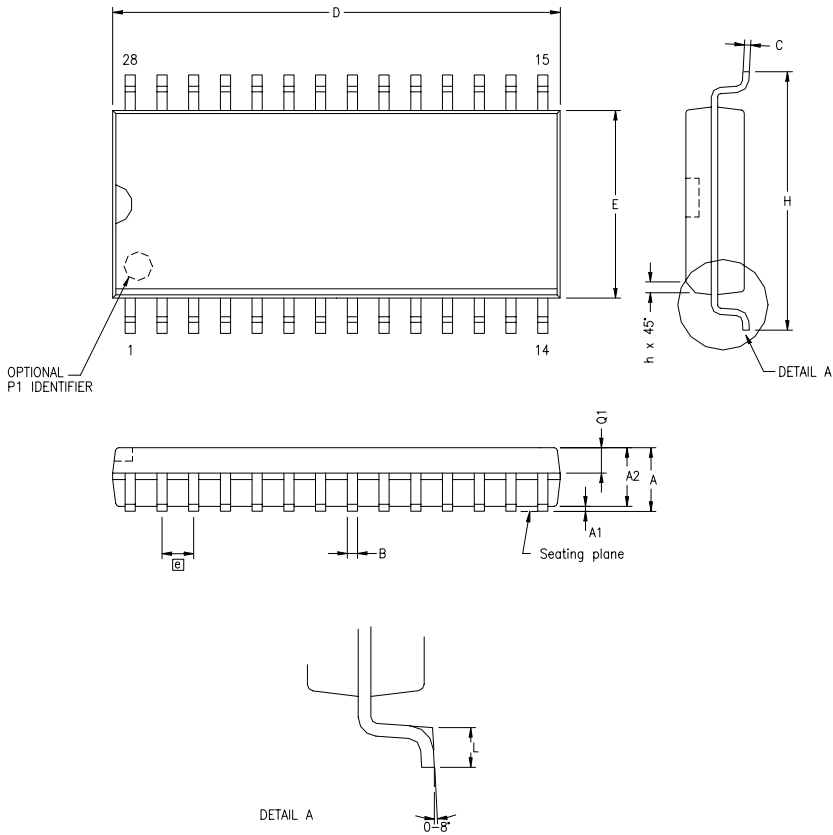
Figure 49. Port 3 Mode Register (F7H: Write Only)

R248 P01M(F8H)



* Default setting after reset; only P00, P01 and P07 are available on 20-pin configurations.

Figure 50. Port 0 and 1 Mode Register (F8H: Write Only)



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.40	2.64	.094	.104
A1	0.10	0.30	.004	.012
A2	2.24	2.44	.088	.096
B	0.36	0.46	.014	.018
C	0.23	0.30	.009	.012
D	17.78	18.00	.700	.710
E	7.40	7.60	.291	.299
@	1.27 BSC		.050 BSC	
H	10.00	10.65	.394	.419
h	0.30	0.71	.012	.028
L	0.61	1.00	.024	.039
Q1	0.97	1.09	.038	.043

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM
LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.

Figure 62. 28-Pin SOIC Package Diagram



16KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HSH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323HSP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323HSH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323HSP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

16KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HEH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HES2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323HEP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HEH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323HEH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HEP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323HEP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HES2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

16KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HAH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323HAP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323HAH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323HAP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging



8KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HSH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323HSP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323HSH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323HSP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

8KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HEH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HES2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323HEP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HEH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323HEH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HEP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323HEP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HES2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

8KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HAH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323HAP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323HAH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323HAP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging
