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Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	ОТР
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	28-DIP (0.600", 15.24mm)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hsp2808c

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



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# **Revision History**

Each instance in Table 1 reflects a change to this document from its previous revision. To see more detail, click the appropriate link in the table.

**Table 1. Revision History of this Document** 

Date	Revision Level	Section	Description	Page #
December 2004	02	deleted mask option and 10. Added new	consumption, STOP and HALT mode current values, note, clarified temperature ranges in Tables 6 and 8 Tables 9 and 10. Also added Characterization data to ed Program/Erase Endurance value in Table 12.	11,12,
		Removed Preliminar	y designation	All
March 2005	03	Minor change to Tab pin CDIP parts in the	le 9 Electrical Characteristics. Added 20, 28 and 40-e Ordering Section.	11,90

PS023803-0305 Revision History

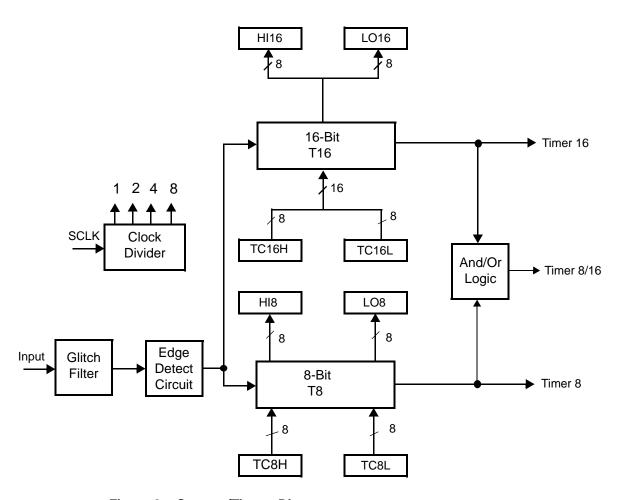


Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram

# **Pin Description**

The pin configuration for the 20-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP is illustrated in Figure 3 and described in Table 4. The pin configuration for the 28-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP are depicted in Figure 4 and described in Table 5. The pin configurations for the 40-pin PDIP and 48-pin SSOP versions are illustrated in Figure 5, Figure 6, and described in Table 6.

For customer engineering code development, a UV eraseable windowed cerdip packaging is offered in 20-pin, 28-pin, and 40-pin configurations. ZiLOG does not recommend nor guarantee these packages for use in production.

PS023803-0305 Pin Description

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses greater than those listed in Table 8 might cause permanent damage to the device. This rating is a stress rating only. Functional operation of the device at any condition above those indicated in the operational sections of these specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for an extended period might affect device reliability.

**Table 7. Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Ambient temperature under bias	-40	125	° C	1
Storage temperature	-65	+150	° C	
Voltage on any pin with respect to V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.3	7.0	V	2
Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub> pin with respect to V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.3	7.0	V	
Maximum current on input and/or inactive output pin	<b>-</b> 5	+5	μΑ	
Maximum output current from active output pin	-25	+25	mA	
Maximum current into V <sub>DD</sub> or out of V <sub>SS</sub>		75	mA	

#### Notes:

- 1. See Ordering Information.
- 2. This voltage applies to all pins except the following: V<sub>DD</sub>, P32, P33 and RESET.

# **Standard Test Conditions**

The characteristics listed in this product specification apply for standard test conditions as noted. All voltages are referenced to GND. Positive current flows into the referenced pin (see Figure 7).

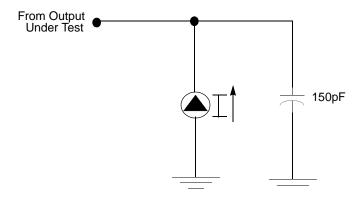


Figure 7. Test Load Diagram

Table 11. GP323HA DC Characteristics (Continued)

T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C							
Symbol	Parameter	$v_{cc}$	Min	Typ(7)	Max	Units Conditions	Notes
$V_{HVD}$	Vcc High Voltage Detection			2.7		V	

#### Notes:

- 1. All outputs unloaded, inputs at rail.
- 2. CL1 = CL2 = 100 pF.
- 3. Oscillator stopped.
- 4. Oscillator stops when  $V_{CC}$  falls below  $V_{BO}$  limit.
- 5. It is strongly recommended to add a filter capacitor (minimum 0.1 μF), physically close to VCC and V<sub>SS</sub> pins if operating voltage fluctuations are anticipated, such as those resulting from driving an Infrared LED.
- 6. Comparator and Timers are on. Interrupt disabled.
- 7. Typical values shown are at 25 degrees C.

Table 12. EPROM/OTP Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Erase Time	15			Minutes	1,3
	Data Retention @ use years		10		Years	2
	Program/Erase Endurance	100			Cycles	1

#### Notes:

1. For windowed cerdip package only.

2. Standard: 0°C to 70°C; Extended: -40°C to +105°C; Automotive: -40°C to +125°C. Determined using the Arrhenius model, which is an industry standard for estimating data retention of floating gate technologies:

 $AF = \exp[(Ea/k)^*(1/Tuse - 1/TStress)]$ 

Where:

Ea is the intrinsic activation energy (eV; typ. 0.8)

k is Boltzman's constant (8.67 x 10-5 eV/°K)

°K = -273.16°C

Tuse = Use Temperature in °K

TStress = Stress Temperature in °K

3. At a stable UV Lamp output of 20mW/CM<sup>2</sup>

PS023803-0305 DC Characteristics

# **AC Characteristics**

Figure 8 and Table 13 describe the Alternating Current (AC) characteristics.

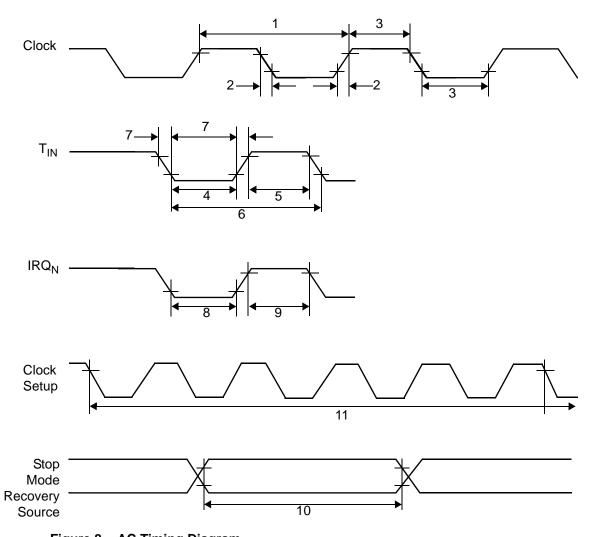


Figure 8. AC Timing Diagram

PS023803-0305 AC Characteristics

#### **Timers**

# T8\_Capture\_HI—HI8(D)0BH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 1.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

# T8\_Capture\_LO—L08(D)0AH

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 8-bit Counter/Timer0. Typically, this register holds the number of counts when the input signal is 0.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T8_Capture_L0	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

# T16\_Capture\_HI—HI16(D)09H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/ Timer16. This register holds the MS-Byte of the data.

Field	Bit Position		Description
T16_Capture_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Captured Data - No Effect

# T16\_Capture\_LO—L016(D)08H

This register holds the captured data from the output of the 16-bit Counter/ Timer16. This register holds the LS-Byte of the data.

Field	<b>Bit Position</b>	Description
T16_Capture_LO	[7:0]	R/W Captured Data - No Effect

# Counter/Timer2 MS-Byte Hold Register—TC16H(D)07H

Field Bit Position			Description
T16_Data_HI	[7:0]	R/W	Data

Table 16. CTR1(0D)01H T8 and T16 Common Functions (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Transmit_Submode/	32	R/W		Transmit Mode
Glitch_Filter			00*	Normal Operation
			01	Ping-Pong Mode
			10	T16_Out = 0
			11	T16_Out = 1
				Demodulation Mode
			00*	No Filter
			01	4 SCLK Cycle
			10	8 SCLK Cycle
			11	Reserved
Initial_T8_Out/	1-			Transmit Mode
Rising Edge		R/W	0*	T8_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T8_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Rising Edge
			1	Rising Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0
Initial_T16_Out/	0			Transmit Mode
Falling_Edge		R/W	0*	T16_OUT is 0 Initially
			1	T16_OUT is 1 Initially
				Demodulation Mode
		R	0*	No Falling Edge
			1	Falling Edge Detected
		W	0	No Effect
			1	Reset Flag to 0

#### Note:

#### Mode

If the result is 0, the counter/timers are in TRANSMIT mode; otherwise, they are in DEMODULATION mode.

#### P36\_Out/Demodulator\_Input

In TRANSMIT Mode, this bit defines whether P36 is used as a normal output pin or the combined output of T8 and T16.

In DEMODULATION Mode, this bit defines whether the input signal to the Counter/Timers is from P20 or P31.

If the input signal is from Port 31, a capture event may also generate an IRQ2 interrupt. To prevent generating an IRQ2, either disable the IRQ2 interrupt by clearing its IMR bit D2 or use P20 as the input.

<sup>\*</sup>Default at Power-On Reset

<sup>\*</sup>Default at Power-On Reset. Not reset with Stop Mode recovery.

Table 18. CTR3 (D)03H: T8/T16 Control Register (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Reserved	43210	R	1	Always reads 11111
		W	X	No Effect

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

#### Counter/Timer Functional Blocks

# **Input Circuit**

The edge detector monitors the input signal on P31 or P20. Based on CTR1 D5–D4, a pulse is generated at the Pos Edge or Neg Edge line when an edge is detected. Glitches in the input signal that have a width less than specified (CTR1 D3, D2) are filtered out (see Figure 18).

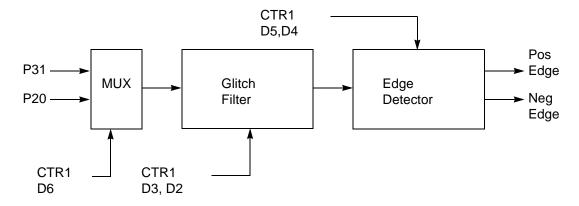


Figure 18. Glitch Filter Circuitry

#### **T8 Transmit Mode**

Before T8 is enabled, the output of T8 depends on CTR1, D1. If it is 0, T8\_OUT is 1; if it is 1, T8\_OUT is 0. See Figure 19.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

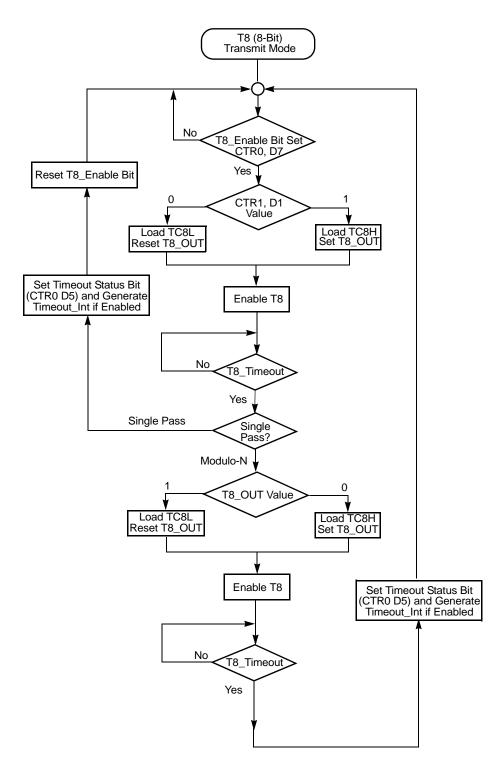


Figure 19. Transmit Mode Flowchart



#### If D6 of CTR2 Is 1

T16 ignores the subsequent edges in the input signal and continues counting down. A timeout of T8 causes T16 to capture its current value and generate an interrupt if enabled (CTR2, D2). In this case, T16 does not reload and continues counting. If the D6 bit of CTR2 is toggled (by writing a 0 then a 1 to it), T16 captures and reloads on the next edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4), continuing to ignore subsequent edges.

This T16 mode generally measures mark time, the length of an active carrier signal burst.

If T16 reaches 0, T16 continues counting from FFFFh. Meanwhile, a status bit (CTR2 D5) is set, and an interrupt timeout can be generated if enabled (CTR2 D1).

### **Ping-Pong Mode**

This operation mode is only valid in TRANSMIT Mode. T8 and T16 must be programmed in Single-Pass mode (CTR0, D6; CTR2, D6), and Ping-Pong mode must be programmed in CTR1, D3; D2. The user can begin the operation by enabling either T8 or T16 (CTR0, D7 or CTR2, D7). For example, if T8 is enabled, T8\_OUT is set to this initial value (CTR1, D1). According to T8\_OUT's level, TC8H or TC8L is loaded into T8. After the terminal count is reached, T8 is disabled, and T16 is enabled. T16\_OUT then switches to its initial value (CTR1, D0), data from TC16H and TC16L is loaded, and T16 starts to count. After T16 reaches the terminal count, it stops, T8 is enabled again, repeating the entire cycle. Interrupts can be allowed when T8 or T16 reaches terminal control (CTR0, D1; CTR2, D1). To stop the ping-pong operation, write 00 to bits D3 and D2 of CTR1. See Figure 28.



**Note:** Enabling ping-pong operation while the counter/timers are running might cause intermittent counter/timer function. Disable the counter/timers and reset the status flags before instituting this operation.

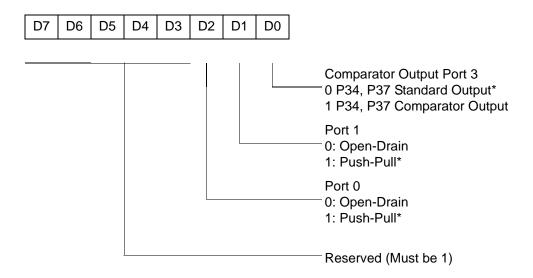
```
FF NOP ; clear the pipeline 6F Stop ; enter Stop Mode

Or

FF NOP ; clear the pipeline 7F HALT ; enter HALT Mode
```

# **Port Configuration Register**

The Port Configuration (PCON) register (Figure 32) configures the comparator output on Port 3. It is located in the expanded register 2 at Bank F, location 00. PCON(FH)00H



<sup>\*</sup> Default setting after reset

Figure 32. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)

#### **Comparator Output Port 3 (D0)**

Bit 0 controls the comparator used in Port 3. A 1 in this location brings the comparator outputs to P34 and P37, and a 0 releases the Port to its standard I/O configuration.

#### Port 1 Output Mode (D1)

Bit 1 controls the output mode of port 1. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.



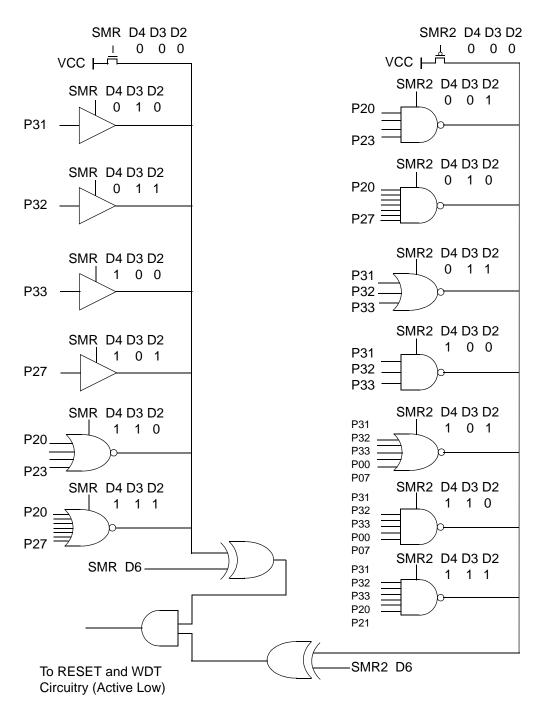


Figure 35. Stop Mode Recovery Source

# **WDTMR During STOP (D3)**

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during STOP Mode. Because the XTAL clock is stopped during STOP Mode, the on-board RC has to be selected as the clock source to the WDT/POR counter. A 1 indicates active during Stop. The default is 1.

### **EPROM Selectable Options**

There are seven EPROM Selectable Options to choose from based on ROM code requirements. These options are listed in Table 24.

**Table 24. EPROM Selectable Options** 

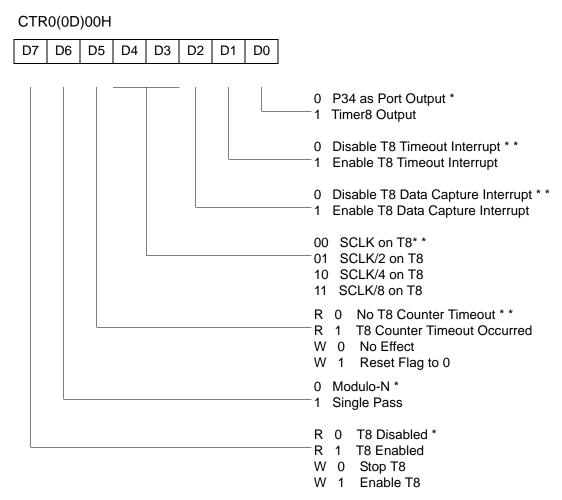
Port 00-03 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 04–07 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 10–13 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 14–17 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 20–27 Pull-Ups	On/Off
EPROM Protection	On/Off
Watch-Dog Timer at Power-On Reset	On/Off

### **Voltage Brown-Out/Standby**

An on-chip Voltage Comparator checks that the  $V_{DD}$  is at the required level for correct operation of the device. Reset is globally driven when  $V_{DD}$  falls below  $V_{BO}$ . A small drop in  $V_{DD}$  causes the XTAL1 and XTAL2 circuitry to stop the crystal or resonator clock. If the  $V_{DD}$  is allowed to stay above  $V_{RAM}$ , the RAM content is preserved. When the power level is returned to above  $V_{BO}$ , the device performs a POR and functions normally.

# **Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)**

The expanded register file control registers (0D) are depicted in Figure 39 through Figure 43.

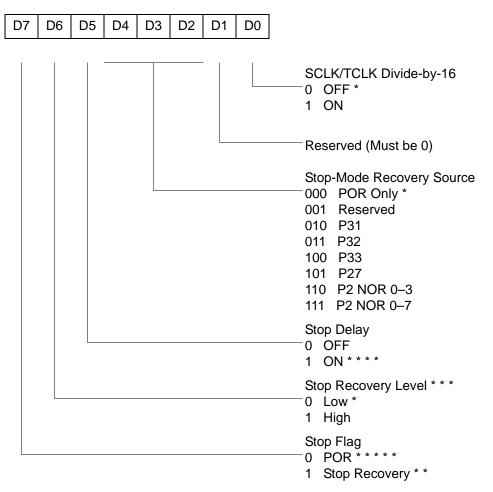


<sup>\*</sup> Default setting after reset.

Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)O0H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)

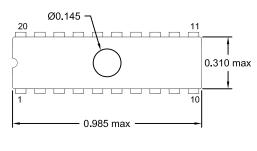
<sup>\* \*</sup> Default setting after Reset.. Not reset with a Stop-Mode recovery.

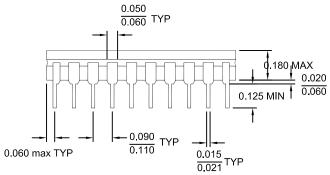
# SMR(0F)0BH



- \* Default setting after reset
- \* \* Set after Stop Mode Recovery
- \* \* \* At the XOR gate input
- \* \* \* \* Default setting after reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.
- \* \* \* \* \* Default setting after Power On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 45. Stop Mode Recovery Register ((0F)0BH: D6–D0=Write Only, D7=Read Only)





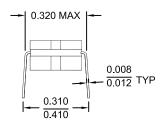
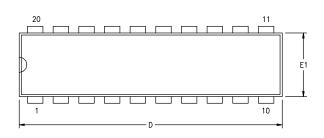
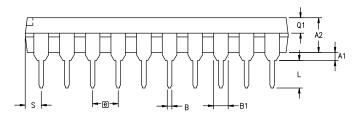
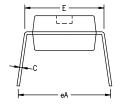


Figure 58. 20-Pin CDIP Package



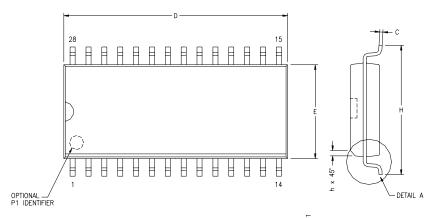
SYMBOL	MILLIN	IETER	INC	Н
STWIDOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A1	0.38	0.81	.015	.032
A2	3.25	3.68	.128	.145
В	0.41	0.51	.016	.020
B1	1.47	1.57	.058	.062
С	0.20	0.30	.008	.012
D	25.65	26.16	1.010	1.030
E	7.49	8.26	.295	.325
E1	6.10	6.65	.240	.262
е	2.54 BSC		.100	BSC
eA	7.87	9.14	.310	.360
L	3.18	3.43	.125	.135
Q1	1.42	1.65	.056	.065
S	1.52	1.65	.060	.065



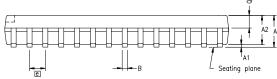


CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : INCH

Figure 59. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram



SYMBOL	MILL	METER	II.	NCH
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	2.40	2.64	.094	.104
A1	0.10	0.30	.004	.012
A2	2.24	2.44	.088	.096
В	0.36	0.46	.014	.018
С	0.23	0.30	.009	.012
D	17.78	18.00	.700	.710
E	7.40	7.60	.291	.299
е	1.27 BSC		.050	D BSC
Н	10.00	10.65	.394	.419
h	0.30	0.71	.012	.028
L	0.61	1.00	.024	.039
Q1	0.97	1.09	.038	.043



CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH.



Figure 62. 28-Pin SOIC Package Diagram

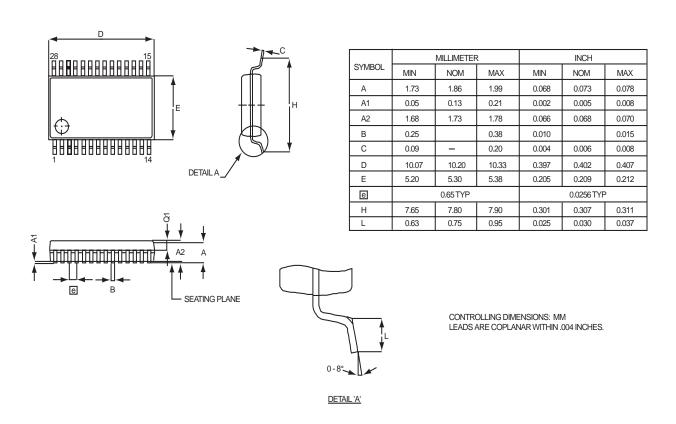


Figure 65. 28-Pin SSOP Package Diagram

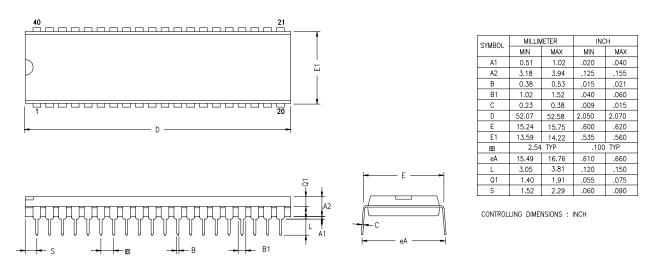
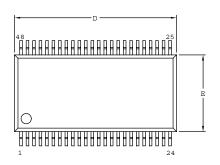
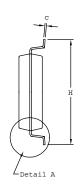
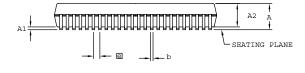


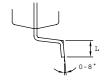
Figure 66. 40-Pin PDIP Package Diagram





SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.41	2.79	0.095	0.110
A1	0.23	0.38	0.009	0.015
A2	2.18	2.39	0.086	0.094
Ь	0.20	0.34	0.008	0.0135
C	0.13	0.25	0.005	0.010
D	15.75	16.00	0.620	0.630
E	7.39	7.59	0.291	0.299
e	0.635 BSC		0.0	25 BSC
Н	10.16	10.41	0.400	0.410
L	0.51	1.016	0.020	0.040





CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH

Figure 68. 48-Pin SSOP Package Design

**Note:** Check with ZiLOG on the actual bonding diagram and coordinate for chip-on-board assembly.

pin 4	program memory map 26
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selectable options 64	register file 30
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HI8(D)0Bh register 32	48-pin SSOP package diagram 89
L08(D)0Ah register 32	pin configuration
L0I6(D)08h register 32	20-pin DIP/SOIC/SSOP 5
(-)	