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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	16
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hss2032c00tr

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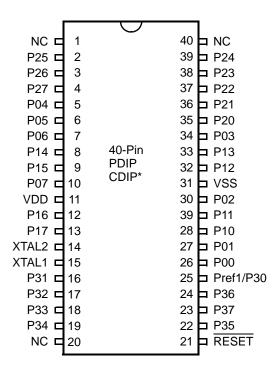
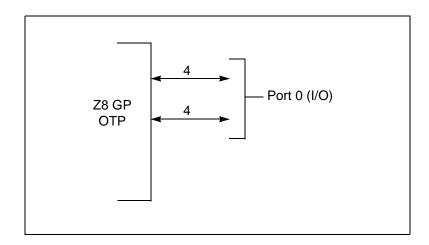


Figure 5. 40-Pin PDIP/CDIP* Pin Configuration

Note: *Windowed Cerdip. These units are intended to be used for engineering code development only. ZiLOG does not recommend/guarantee this package for production use.

PS023803-0305 Pin Description



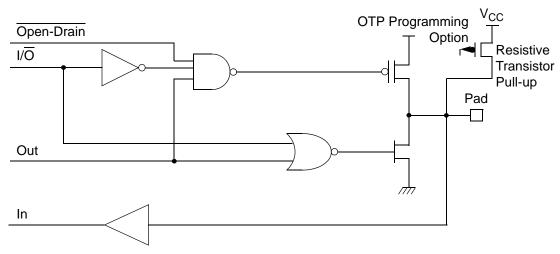


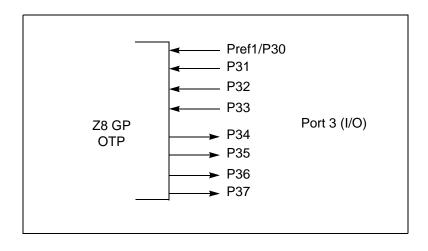
Figure 9. Port 0 Configuration

Port 1 (P17-P10)

Port 1 (see Figure 10) Port 1 can be configured for standard port input or output mode. After POR, Port 1 is configured as an input port. The output drivers are either push-pull or open-drain and are controlled by bit D1 in the PCON register.

Note: The Port 1 direction is reset to its default state following an SMR.

PS023803-0305 Pin Functions



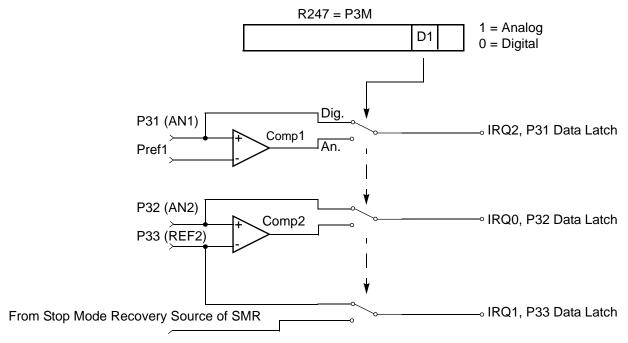


Figure 12. Port 3 Configuration

Two on-board comparators process analog signals on P31 and P32, with reference to the voltage on Pref1 and P33. The analog function is enabled by programming the Port 3 Mode Register (bit 1). P31 and P32 are programmable as rising, falling, or both edge triggered interrupts (IRQ register bits 6 and 7). Pref1 and P33 are the comparator reference voltage inputs. Access to the Counter Timer edge-detection circuit is through P31 or P20 (see "T8 and T16 Common Functions—

PS023803-0305 Pin Functions

CTR1(0D)01H" on page 35). Other edge detect and IRQ modes are described in Table 14.

Note: Comparators are powered down by entering Stop Mode. For P31-P33 to be used in a Stop Mode Recovery (SMR) source, these inputs must be placed into digital mode.

Table 14. Port 3 Pin Function Summary

Pin	I/O	Counter/Timers	Comparator	Interrupt
Pref1/P30	IN		RF1	
P31	IN	IN	AN1	IRQ2
P32	IN		AN2	IRQ0
P33	IN		RF2	IRQ1
P34	OUT	Т8	AO1	
P35	OUT	T16		
P36	OUT	T8/16		
P37	OUT		AO2	
P20	I/O	IN		

Port 3 also provides output for each of the counter/timers and the AND/OR Logic (see Figure 13). Control is performed by programming bits D5-D4 of CTR1, bit 0 of CTR0, and bit 0 of CTR2.

PS023803-0305 Pin Functions

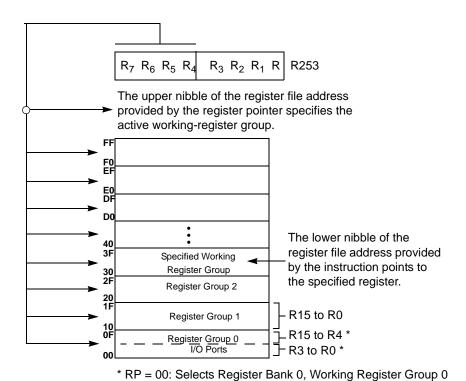


Figure 17. Register Pointer—Detail

Stack

The internal register file is used for the stack. An 8-bit Stack Pointer SPL (R255) is used for the internal stack that resides in the general-purpose registers (R4–R239). SPH (R254) can be used as a general-purpose register.

When T8 is enabled, the output T8_OUT switches to the initial value (CTR1, D1). If the initial value (CTR1, D1) is 0, TC8L is loaded; otherwise, TC8H is loaded into the counter. In SINGLE-PASS Mode (CTR0, D6), T8 counts down to 0 and stops, T8_OUT toggles, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and a timeout interrupt can be generated if it is enabled (CTR0, D1). In Modulo-N Mode, upon reaching terminal count, T8_OUT is toggled, but no interrupt is generated. From that point, T8 loads a new count (if the T8_OUT level now is 0), TC8L is loaded; if it is 1, TC8H is loaded. T8 counts down to 0, toggles T8_OUT, and sets the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5), thereby generating an interrupt if enabled (CTR0, D1). One cycle is thus completed. T8 then loads from TC8H or TC8L according to the T8_OUT level and repeats the cycle. See Figure 20.

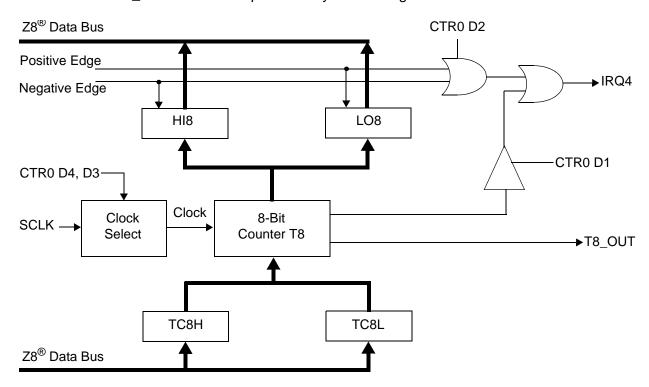


Figure 20. 8-Bit Counter/Timer Circuits

You can modify the values in TC8H or TC8L at any time. The new values take effect when they are loaded.

 \bigwedge

Caution

To ensure known operation do not write these registers at the time the values are to be loaded into the counter/timer. *An initial count of 1 is not allowed (a non-function occurs).* An initial count of 0 causes TC8 to count from 0 to FFH to FEH.

into LO8; if it is a negative edge, data is put into HI8. From that point, one of the edge detect status bits (CTR1, D1; D0) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D2). Meanwhile, T8 is loaded with FFh and starts counting again. If T8 reaches 0, the timeout status bit (CTR0, D5) is set, and an interrupt can be generated if enabled (CTR0, D1). T8 then continues counting from FFH (see Figure 23 and Figure 24).

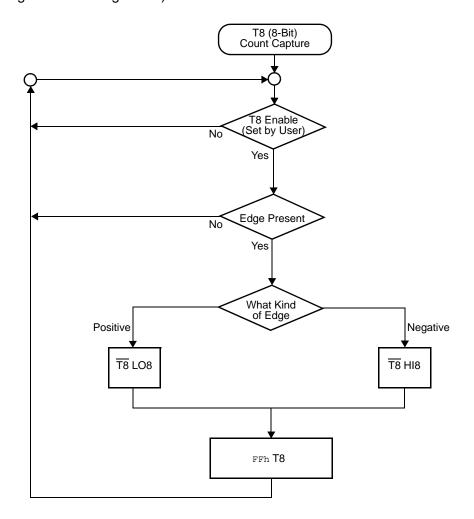
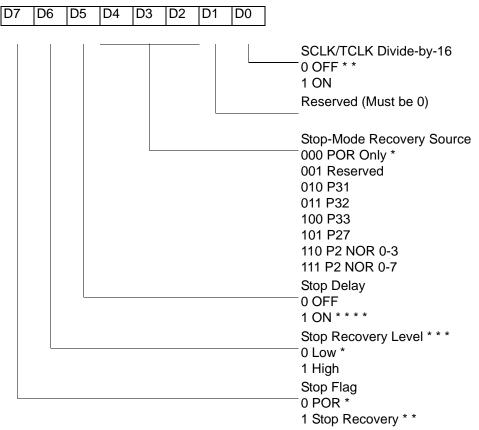


Figure 23. Demodulation Mode Count Capture Flowchart

SMR(0F)0BH



- * Default after Power On Reset or Watch-Dog Reset
- * * Default setting after Reset and Stop Mode Recovery
- * * * At the XOR gate input
- * * * * Default setting after reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.

Figure 33. STOP Mode Recovery Register

SCLK/TCLK Divide-by-16 Select (D0)

D0 of the SMR controls a divide-by-16 prescaler of SCLK/TCLK (Figure 34). This control selectively reduces device power consumption during normal processor execution (SCLK control) and/or Halt Mode (where TCLK sources interrupt logic). After Stop Mode Recovery, this bit is set to a 0.



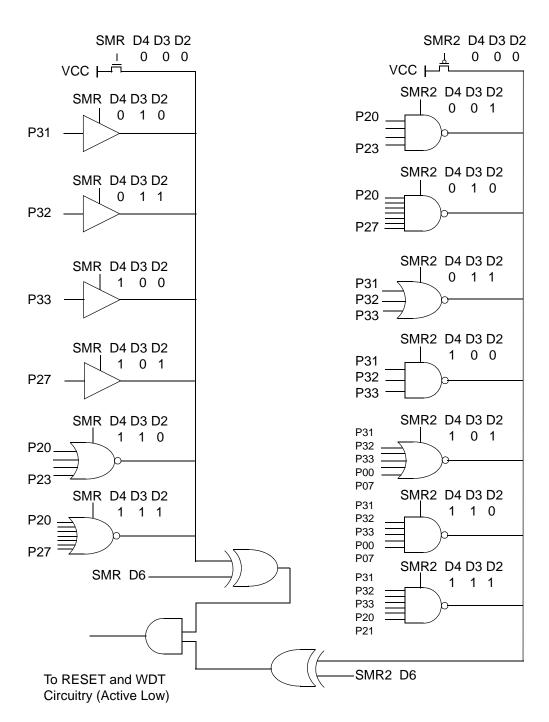


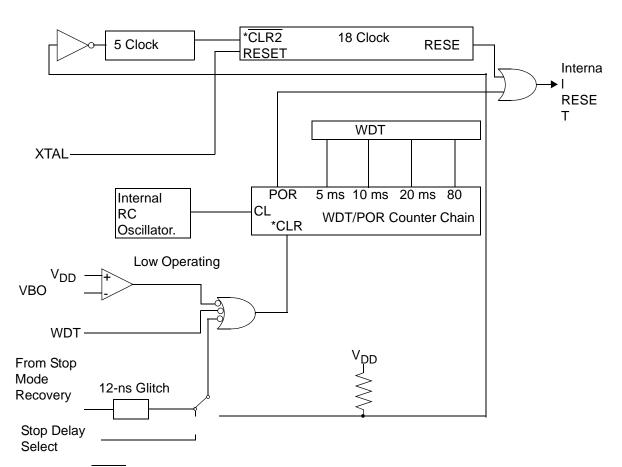
Figure 35. Stop Mode Recovery Source

Table 23. Watch-Dog Timer Time Select

D1	D0	Timeout of Internal RC-Oscillator
0	0	5ms min.
0	1	10ms min.
1	0	20ms min.
1	1	80ms min.

WDTMR During Halt (D2)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during HALT Mode. A 1 indicates active during HALT. The default is 1. See Figure 38.



^{*} CLR1 and CLR2 enable the WDT/POR and 18 Clock Reset timers respectively upon a Low-to-

Figure 38. Resets and WDT

WDTMR During STOP (D3)

This bit determines whether or not the WDT is active during STOP Mode. Because the XTAL clock is stopped during STOP Mode, the on-board RC has to be selected as the clock source to the WDT/POR counter. A 1 indicates active during Stop. The default is 1.

EPROM Selectable Options

There are seven EPROM Selectable Options to choose from based on ROM code requirements. These options are listed in Table 24.

Table 24. EPROM Selectable Options

Port 00-03 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 04–07 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 10–13 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 14–17 Pull-Ups	On/Off
Port 20–27 Pull-Ups	On/Off
EPROM Protection	On/Off
Watch-Dog Timer at Power-On Reset	On/Off

Voltage Brown-Out/Standby

An on-chip Voltage Comparator checks that the V_{DD} is at the required level for correct operation of the device. Reset is globally driven when V_{DD} falls below V_{BO} . A small drop in V_{DD} causes the XTAL1 and XTAL2 circuitry to stop the crystal or resonator clock. If the V_{DD} is allowed to stay above V_{RAM} , the RAM content is preserved. When the power level is returned to above V_{BO} , the device performs a POR and functions normally.

CTR2(0D)02H

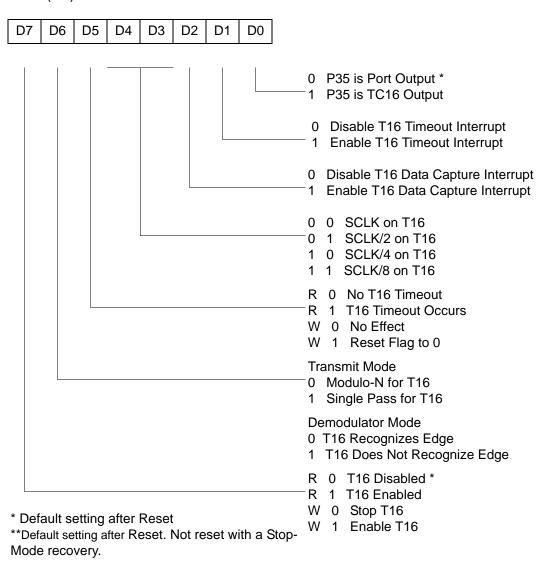
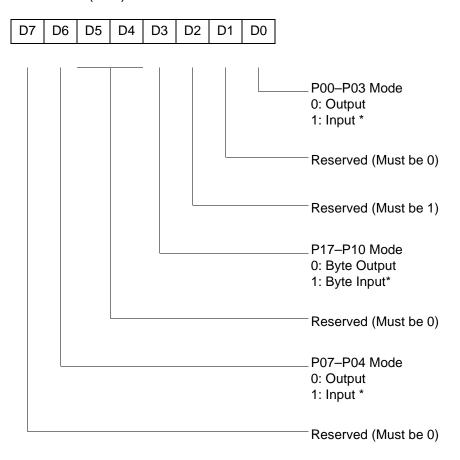


Figure 41. T16 Control Register ((0D) 2H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)

R248 P01M(F8H)



^{*} Default setting after reset; only P00, P01 and P07 are available on 20-pin configurations.

Figure 50. Port 0 and 1 Mode Register (F8H: Write Only)



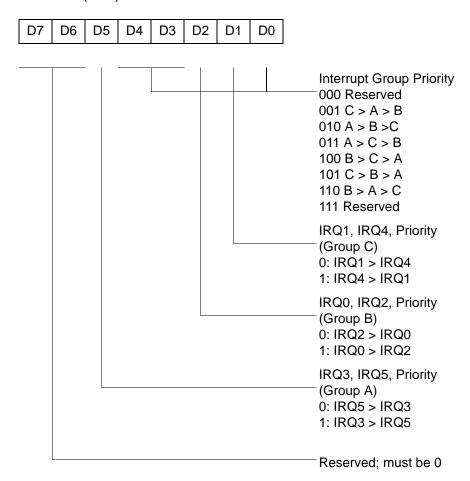
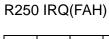


Figure 51. Interrupt Priority Register (F9H: Write Only)



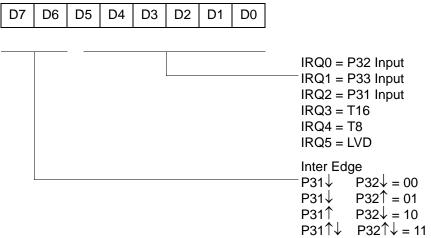
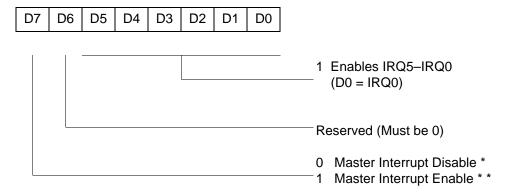


Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)

R251 IMR(FBH)



^{*} Default setting after reset

Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)

^{* *} Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

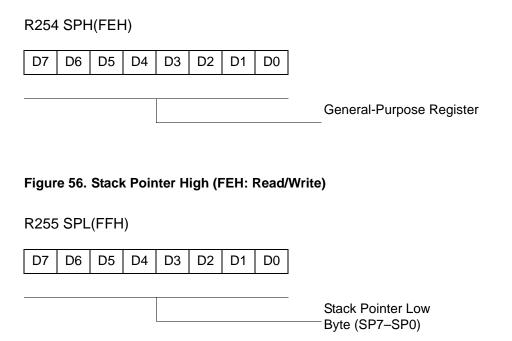


Figure 57. Stack Pointer Low (FFH: Read/Write)

Package Information

Package information for all versions of ZGP323H is depicted in Figures 59 through Figure 68.

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