

Welcome to E-XFL.COM

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	4KB (4K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hss2804g



Table of Contents

Revision History	iii
Development Features	1
General Description	2
Pin Description	4
Absolute Maximum Ratings	10
Standard Test Conditions	10
DC Characteristics	11
AC Characteristics	16
Pin Functions	18
XTAL1 Crystal 1 (Time-Based Input)	18
XTAL2 Crystal 2 (Time-Based Output)	18
Port 0 (P07–P00)	18
Port 1 (P17–P10)	19
Port 2 (P27–P20)	20
Port 3 (P37–P30)	21
RESET (Input, Active Low)	25
Functional Description	25
Program Memory	25
RAM	25
Expanded Register File	26
Register File	30
Stack	31
Timers	32
Counter/Timer Functional Blocks	40
Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)	66
Expanded Register File Control Registers (0F)	71
Standard Control Registers	75
Package Information	81
Ordering Information	90



Development Features

Table 2 lists the features of ZiLOG[®]'s ZGP323H members.

Table 2. Features

Device	OTP (KB)	RAM (Bytes)	I/O Lines	Voltage Range
ZGP323H OTP MCU Family	4, 8, 16, 32	237	32, 24 or 16	2.0V–5.5V

- Low power consumption—18mW (typical)
- T = Temperature
S = Standard 0° to +70°C
E = Extended -40° to +105°C
A = Automotive -40° to +125°C
- Three standby modes:
 - STOP— (typical 1.8µA)
 - HALT— (typical 0.8mA)
 - Low voltage reset
- Special architecture to automate both generation and reception of complex pulses or signals:
 - One programmable 8-bit counter/timer with two capture registers and two load registers
 - One programmable 16-bit counter/timer with one 16-bit capture register pair and one 16-bit load register pair
 - Programmable input glitch filter for pulse reception
- Six priority interrupts
 - Three external
 - Two assigned to counter/timers
 - One low-voltage detection interrupt
- Low voltage detection and high voltage detection flags
- Programmable Watch-Dog Timer/Power-On Reset (WDT/POR) circuits
- Two independent comparators with programmable interrupt polarity
- Programmable EPROM options
 - Port 0: 0–3 pull-up transistors
 - Port 0: 4–7 pull-up transistors

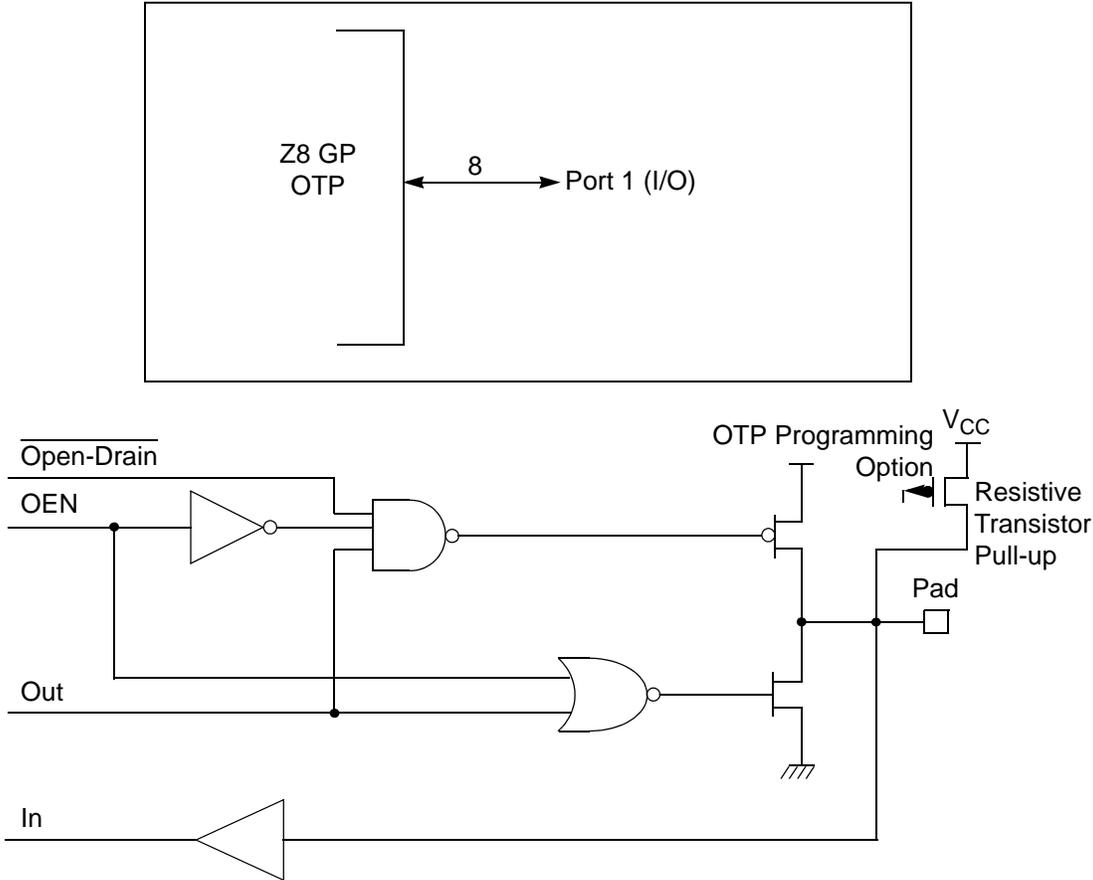


Figure 10. Port 1 Configuration

Port 2 (P27–P20)

Port 2 is an 8-bit, bidirectional, CMOS-compatible I/O port (see Figure 11). These eight I/O lines can be independently configured under software control as inputs or outputs. Port 2 is always available for I/O operation. A mask option is available to connect eight pull-up transistors on this port. Bits programmed as outputs are globally programmed as either push-pull or open-drain. The POR resets with the eight bits of Port 2 configured as inputs.

Port 2 also has an 8-bit input OR and AND gate, which can be used to wake up the part. P20 can be programmed to access the edge-detection circuitry in demodulation mode.



ERF (Expanded Register File). Bits 7–4 of register RP select the working register group. Bits 3–0 of register RP select the expanded register file bank.

- ▶ **Note:** An expanded register bank is also referred to as an expanded register group (see Figure 15).



Table 17. CTR2(D)02H: Counter/Timer16 Control Register

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description	
T16_Enable	7-----	R	0*	Counter Disabled	
			1	Counter Enabled	
		W	0	Stop Counter	
			1	Enable Counter	
Single/Modulo-N	-6-----	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode	
			1	Modulo-N	
				Single Pass	
			0	Demodulation Mode	
Time_Out	--5-----	R	0*	T16 Recognizes Edge	
			1	T16 Does Not Recognize Edge	
			W	0	No Counter Timeout
				1	Counter Timeout Occurred
T16_Clock	---43---	R/W	00**	No Effect	
			01	Reset Flag to 0	
			10	SCLK	
			11	SCLK/2	
Capture_INT_Mask	-----2--	R/W	0**	SCLK/4	
			1	SCLK/8	
Counter_INT_Mask	-----1-	R/W	0*	Disable Data Capture Int.	
				1	Enable Data Capture Int.
P35_Out	-----0	R/W	0*	Disable Timeout Int.	
				1	Enable Timeout Int.

Note:

*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

**Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

T16_Enable

This field enables T16 when set to 1.

Single/Modulo-N

In TRANSMIT Mode, when set to 0, the counter reloads the initial value when it reaches the terminal count. When set to 1, the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

Table 18. CTR3 (D)03H: T8/T16 Control Register (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Reserved	---43210	R	1	Always reads 11111
		W	x	No Effect

*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

**Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Counter/Timer Functional Blocks

Input Circuit

The edge detector monitors the input signal on P31 or P20. Based on CTR1 D5–D4, a pulse is generated at the Pos Edge or Neg Edge line when an edge is detected. Glitches in the input signal that have a width less than specified (CTR1 D3, D2) are filtered out (see Figure 18).

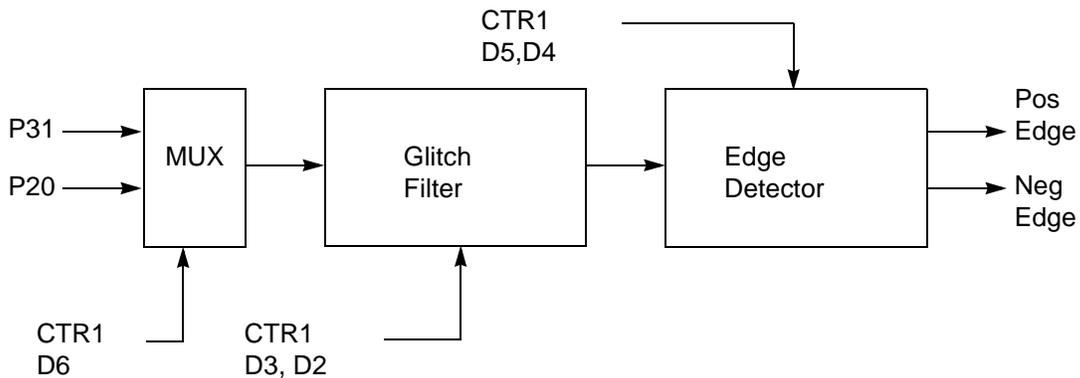


Figure 18. Glitch Filter Circuitry

T8 Transmit Mode

Before T8 is enabled, the output of T8 depends on CTR1, D1. If it is 0, T8_OUT is 1; if it is 1, T8_OUT is 0. See Figure 19.

► **Note:** The letter *h* denotes hexadecimal values.

Transition from 0 to FF_h is not a timeout condition.



Caution: Using the same instructions for stopping the counter/timers and setting the status bits is not recommended.

Two successive commands are necessary. First, the counter/timers must be stopped. Second, the status bits must be reset. These commands are required because it takes one counter/timer clock interval for the initiated event to actually occur. See Figure 21 and Figure 22.

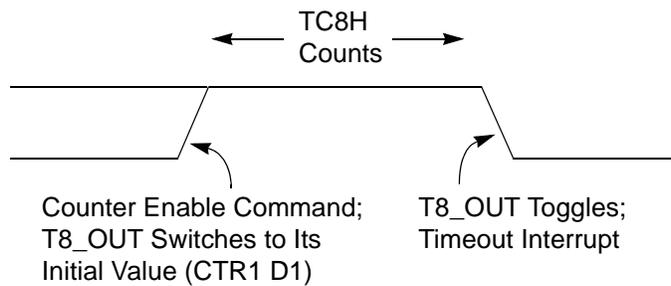


Figure 21. T8_OUT in Single-Pass Mode

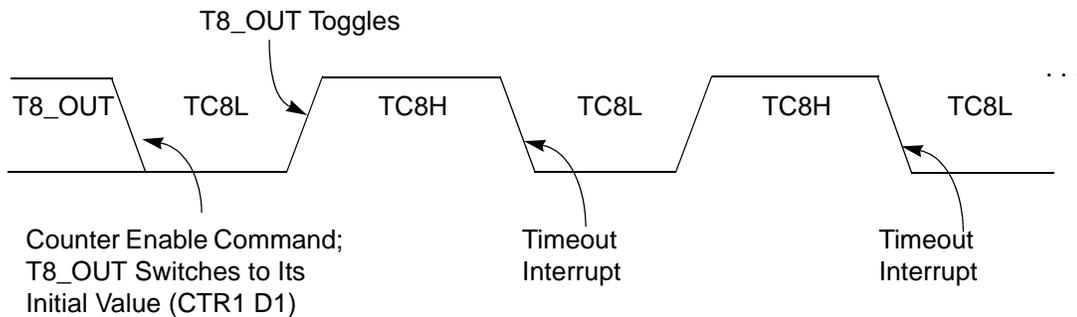


Figure 22. T8_OUT in Modulo-N Mode

T8 Demodulation Mode

The user must program TC8L and TC8H to FF_h. After T8 is enabled, when the first edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected, it starts to count down. When a subsequent edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected during counting, the current value of T8 is complemented and put into one of the capture registers. If it is a positive edge, data is put

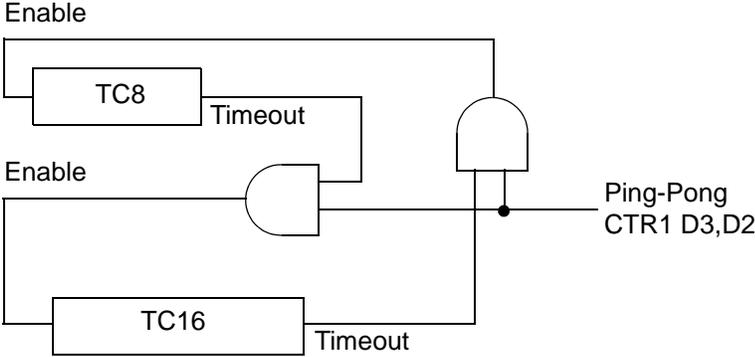


Figure 28. Ping-Pong Mode Diagram

Initiating PING-PONG Mode

First, make sure both counter/timers are not running. Set T8 into Single-Pass mode (CTR0, D6), set T16 into SINGLE-PASS mode (CTR2, D6), and set the Ping-Pong mode (CTR1, D2; D3). These instructions can be in random order. Finally, start PING-PONG mode by enabling either T8 (CTR0, D7) or T16 (CTR2, D7). See Figure 29.

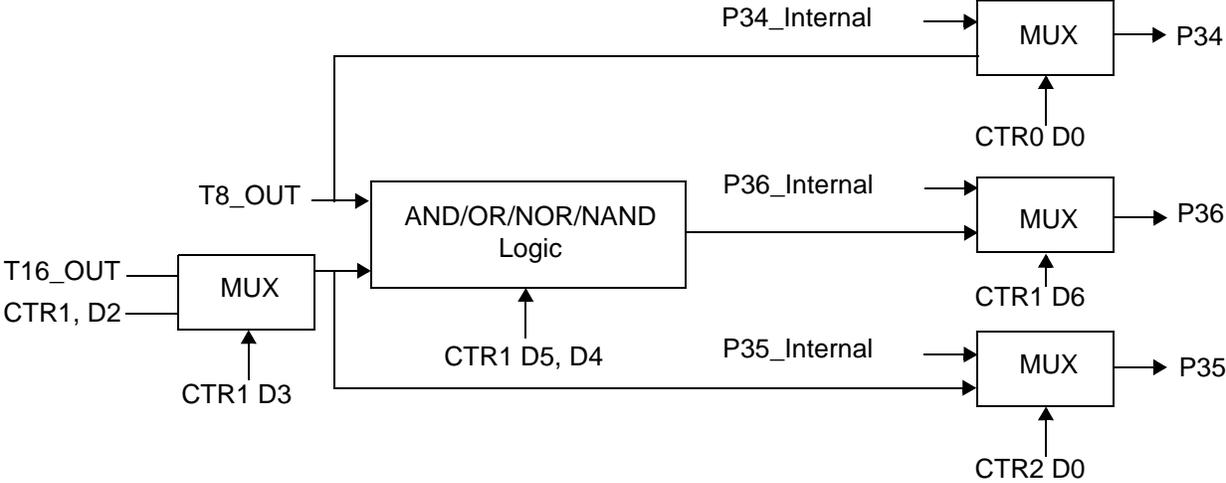


Figure 29. Output Circuit

The initial value of T8 or T16 must not be 1. Stopping the timer and restarting the timer reloads the initial value to avoid an unknown previous value.



During PING-PONG Mode

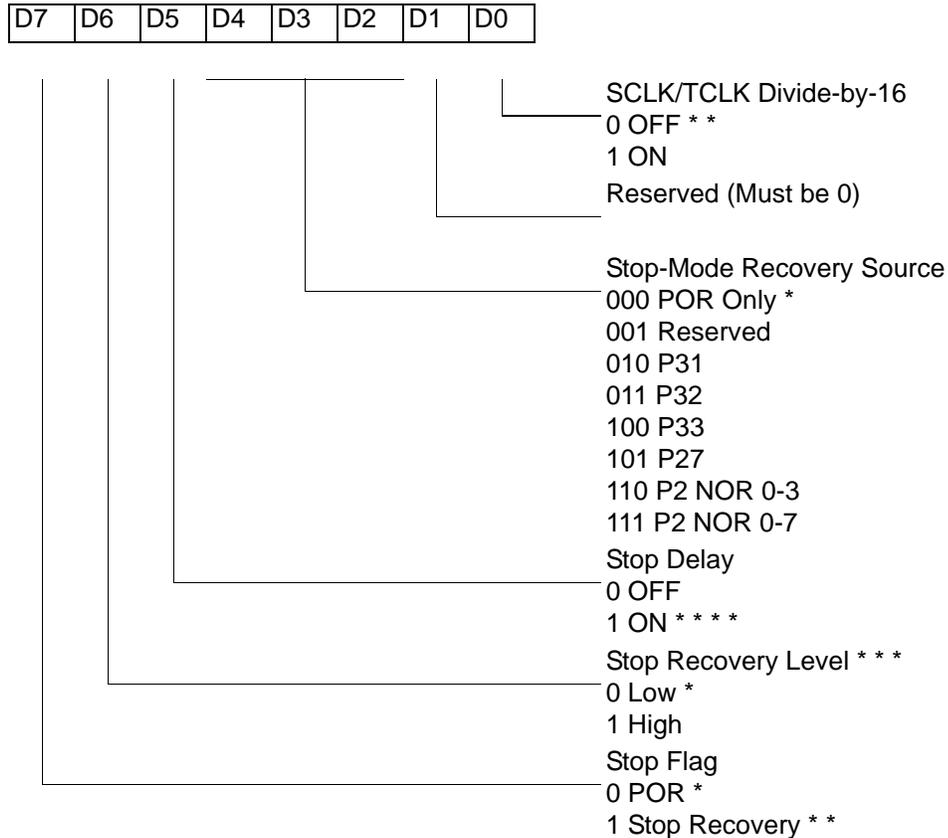
The enable bits of T8 and T16 (CTR0, D7; CTR2, D7) are set and cleared alternately by hardware. The timeout bits (CTR0, D5; CTR2, D5) are set every time the counter/timers reach the terminal count.

Interrupts

The ZGP323H features six different interrupts (Table 19). The interrupts are maskable and prioritized (Figure 30). The six sources are divided as follows: three sources are claimed by Port 3 lines P33–P31, two by the counter/timers (Table 19) and one for low voltage detection. The Interrupt Mask Register (globally or individually) enables or disables the six interrupt requests.

The source for IRQ is determined by bit 1 of the Port 3 mode register (P3M). When in digital mode, Pin P33 is the source. When in analog mode the output of the Stop mode recovery source logic is used as the source for the interrupt. See Figure 35, Stop Mode Recovery Source, on page 59.

SMR(0F)0BH



- * Default after Power On Reset or Watch-Dog Reset
- ** Default setting after Reset and Stop Mode Recovery
- *** At the XOR gate input
- **** Default setting after reset. Must be 1 if using a crystal or resonator clock source.

Figure 33. STOP Mode Recovery Register

SCLK/TCLK Divide-by-16 Select (D0)

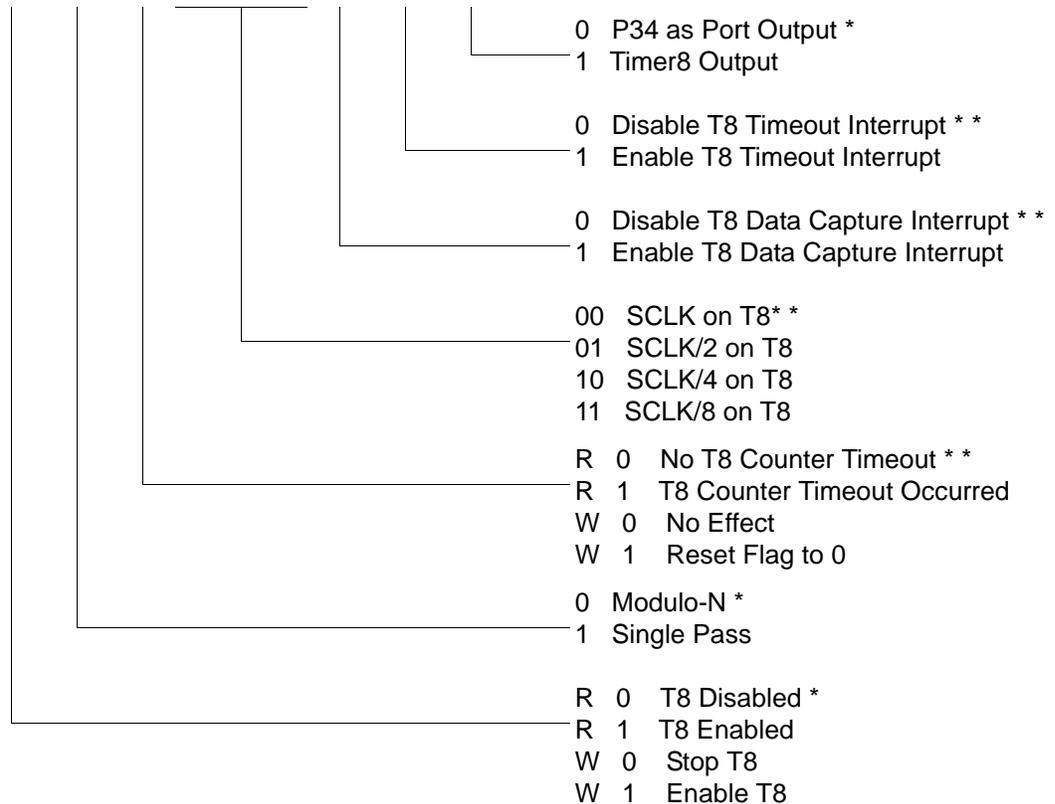
D0 of the SMR controls a divide-by-16 prescaler of SCLK/TCLK (Figure 34). This control selectively reduces device power consumption during normal processor execution (SCLK control) and/or Halt Mode (where TCLK sources interrupt logic). After Stop Mode Recovery, this bit is set to a 0.

Expanded Register File Control Registers (0D)

The expanded register file control registers (0D) are depicted in Figure 39 through Figure 43.

CTR0(0D)00H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset.

** Default setting after Reset.. Not reset with a Stop-Mode recovery.

Figure 39. TC8 Control Register ((0D)00H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)

CTR1(0D)01H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

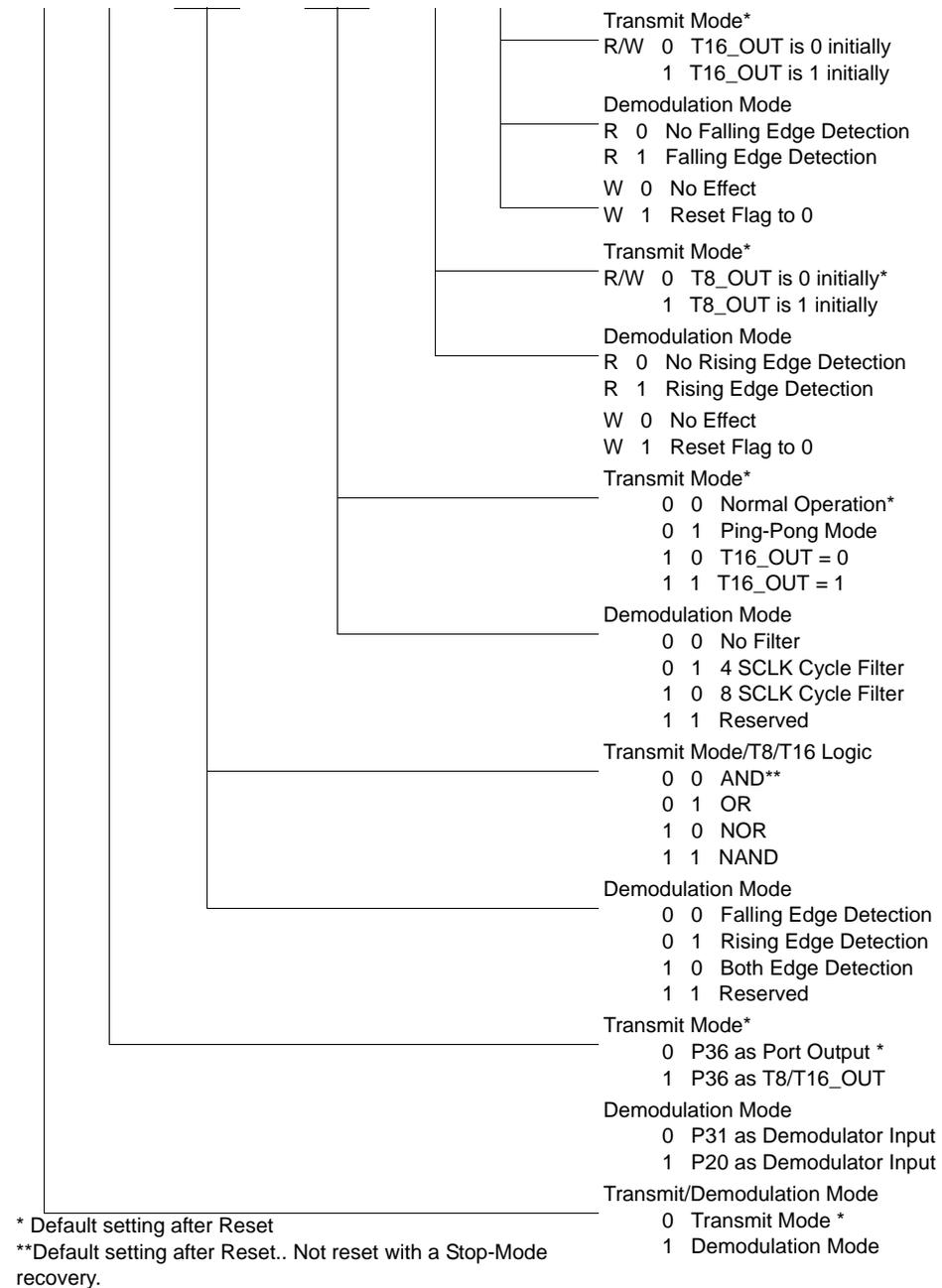
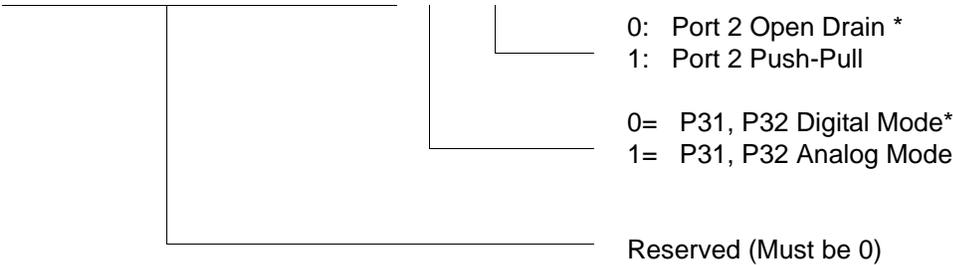


Figure 40. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write)



R247 P3M(F7H)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

Figure 49. Port 3 Mode Register (F7H: Write Only)



R250 IRQ(FAH)

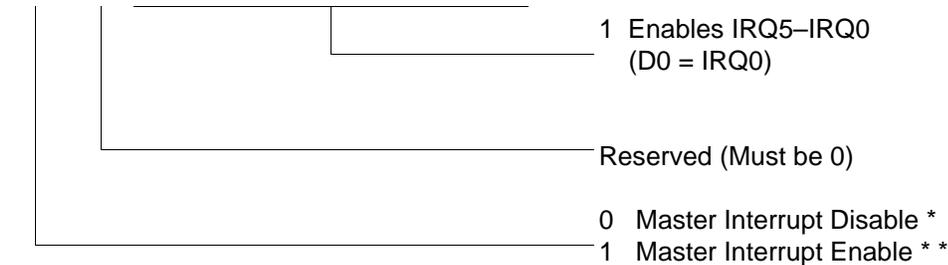
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)

R251 IMR(FBH)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



* Default setting after reset
 ** Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)



R254 SPH(FEH)

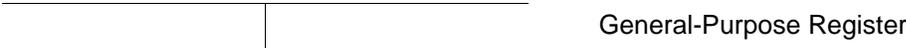


Figure 56. Stack Pointer High (FEH: Read/Write)

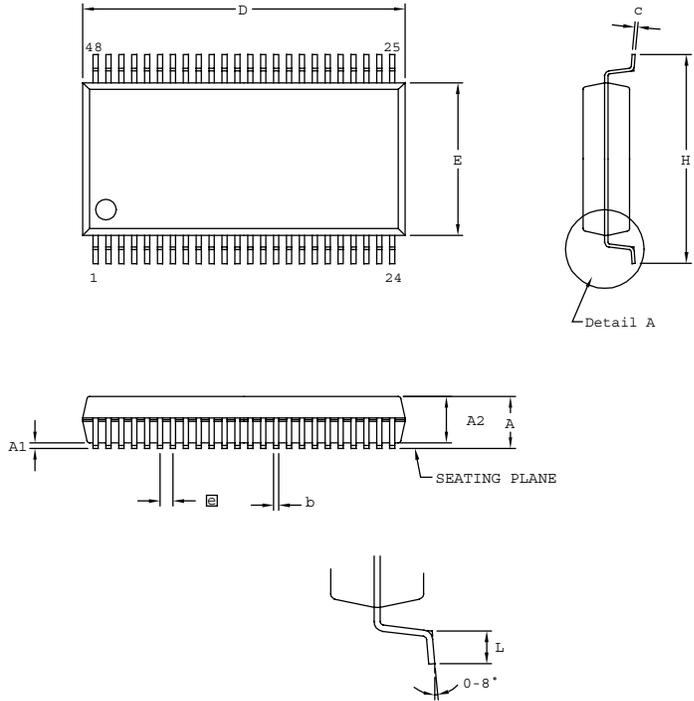
R255 SPL(FFH)



Figure 57. Stack Pointer Low (FFH: Read/Write)

Package Information

Package information for all versions of ZGP323H is depicted in Figures 59 through Figure 68.



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		INCH	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.41	2.79	0.095	0.110
A1	0.23	0.38	0.009	0.015
A2	2.18	2.39	0.086	0.094
b	0.20	0.34	0.008	0.0135
c	0.13	0.25	0.005	0.010
D	15.75	16.00	0.620	0.630
E	7.39	7.59	0.291	0.299
a	0.635 BSC		0.025 BSC	
H	10.16	10.41	0.400	0.410
L	0.51	1.016	0.020	0.040

CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MM
LEADS ARE COPLANAR WITHIN .004 INCH

Figure 68. 48-Pin SSOP Package Design

► **Note:** Check with ZiLOG on the actual bonding diagram and coordinate for chip-on-board assembly.



16KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HSH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323HSP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323HSH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323HSP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HSS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

16KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HEH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HES2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323HEP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HEH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323HEH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HEP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323HEP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HES2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

16KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HAH4816C	48-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAS2816C	28-pin SOIC 16K OTP
ZGP323HAP4016C	40-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAH2016C	20-pin SSOP 16K OTP
ZGP323HAH2816C	28-pin SSOP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAP2016C	20-pin PDIP 16K OTP
ZGP323HAP2816C	28-pin PDIP 16K OTP	ZGP323HAS2016C	20-pin SOIC 16K OTP

Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging



4KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HSH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323HSP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323HSH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323HSP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HSS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HEH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HES2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323HEP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HEH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323HEH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HEP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323HEP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HES2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

4KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323HAH4804C	48-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAS2804C	28-pin SOIC 4K OTP
ZGP323HAP4004C	40-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAH2004C	20-pin SSOP 4K OTP
ZGP323HAH2804C	28-pin SSOP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAP2004C	20-pin PDIP 4K OTP
ZGP323HAP2804C	28-pin PDIP 4K OTP	ZGP323HAS2004C	20-pin SOIC 4K OTP

Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

Additional Components

Part Number	Description	Part Number	Description
ZGP323ICE01ZEM	Emulator/programmer (For 3.6V Emulation only)	ZGP32300100ZPR	Programming system (Ethernet)
		ZGP32300200ZPR	Programming system (USB)

- Numerics
 - 16-bit counter/timer circuits 46
 - 20-pin DIP package diagram 82
 - 20-pin SSOP package diagram 84
 - 28-pin DIP package diagram 86
 - 28-pin SOIC package diagram 85
 - 28-pin SSOP package diagram 87
 - 40-pin DIP package diagram 87
 - 48-pin SSOP package diagram 89
 - 8-bit counter/timer circuits 42
- A
 - absolute maximum ratings 10
- AC
 - characteristics 16
 - timing diagram 16
- address spaces, basic 2
- architecture 2
 - expanded register file 28
- B
 - basic address spaces 2
 - block diagram, ZLP32300 functional 3
- C
 - capacitance 11
 - characteristics
 - AC 16
 - DC 11
 - clock 53
 - comparator inputs/outputs 25
 - configuration
 - port 0 19
 - port 1 20
 - port 2 21
 - port 3 22
 - port 3 counter/timer 24
 - counter/timer
 - 16-bit circuits 46
 - 8-bit circuits 42
 - brown-out voltage/standby 64
 - clock 53
 - demodulation mode count capture flow-
chart 44
 - demodulation mode flowchart 45
 - EPROM selectable options 64
 - glitch filter circuitry 40
 - halt instruction 54
 - input circuit 40
 - interrupt block diagram 51
 - interrupt types, sources and vectors 52
 - oscillator configuration 53
 - output circuit 49
 - ping-pong mode 48
 - port configuration register 55
 - resets and WDT 63
 - SCLK circuit 58
 - stop instruction 54
 - stop mode recovery register 57
 - stop mode recovery register 2 61
 - stop mode recovery source 59
 - T16 demodulation mode 47
 - T16 transmit mode 46
 - T16_OUT in modulo-N mode 47
 - T16_OUT in single-pass mode 47
 - T8 demodulation mode 43
 - T8 transmit mode 40
 - T8_OUT in modulo-N mode 43
 - T8_OUT in single-pass mode 43
 - transmit mode flowchart 41
 - voltage detection and flags 65
 - watch-dog timer mode register 62
 - watch-dog timer time select 63
 - CTR(D)01h T8 and T16 Common Functions 35
- D
 - DC characteristics 11
 - demodulation mode
 - count capture flowchart 44
 - flowchart 45
 - T16 47
 - T8 43
 - description
 - functional 25
 - general 2

T8_Capture_LO 32
 register file 30
 expanded 26
 register pointer 29
 detail 31

reset pin function 25
 resets and WDT 63

S

SCLK circuit 58
 single-pass mode
 T16_OUT 47
 T8_OUT 43

stack 31
 standard test conditions 10
 standby modes 1
 stop instruction, counter/timer 54
 stop mode recovery
 2 register 61
 source 59

stop mode recovery 2 61
 stop mode recovery register 57

T

T16 transmit mode 46
 T16_Capture_HI 32
 T8 transmit mode 40
 T8_Capture_HI 32
 test conditions, standard 10
 test load diagram 10
 timing diagram, AC 16
 transmit mode flowchart 41

V

VCC 5
 voltage
 brown-out/standby 64
 detection and flags 65
 voltage detection register 71

W

watch-dog timer
 mode registerwatch-dog timer mode regis-
 ter 62
 time select 63

X

XTAL1 5
 XTAL1 pin function 18
 XTAL2 5
 XTAL2 pin function 18