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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	Z8
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	8MHz
Connectivity	-
Peripherals	HLVD, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	24
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	OTP
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	237 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hss2808g">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/zilog/zgp323hss2808g</a>



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## Revision History

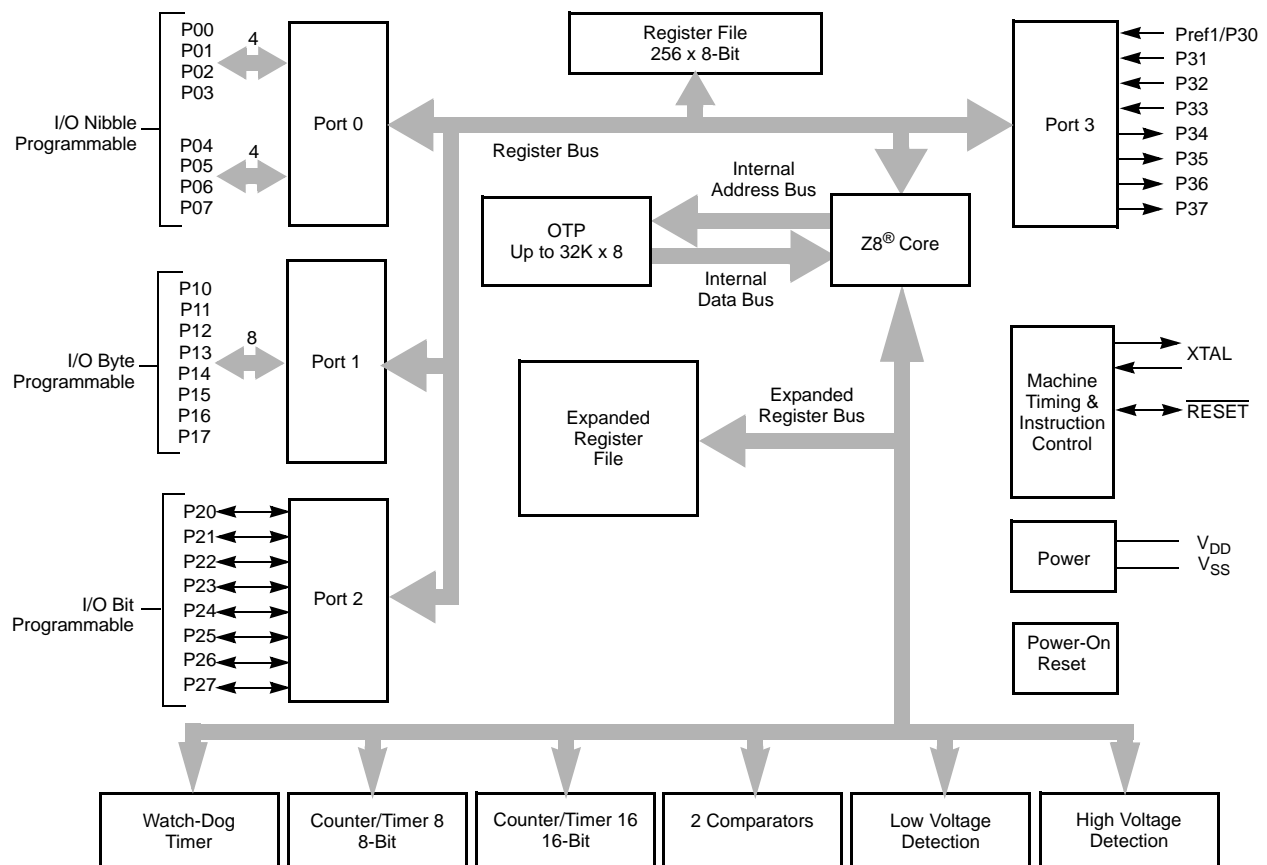
Each instance in Table 1 reflects a change to this document from its previous revision. To see more detail, click the appropriate link in the table.

**Table 1. Revision History of this Document**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Revision Level</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Page #</b>
December 2004	02		Changed low power consumption, STOP and HALT mode current values, deleted mask option note, clarified temperature ranges in Tables 6 and 8 and 10. Added new Tables 9 and 10. Also added Characterization data to Table 11 and changed Program/Erase Endurance value in Table 12.	1,2,10 11,12, 13,14, 15
			Removed Preliminary designation	All
March 2005	03		Minor change to Table 9 Electrical Characteristics. Added 20, 28 and 40-pin CDIP parts in the Ordering Section.	11,90

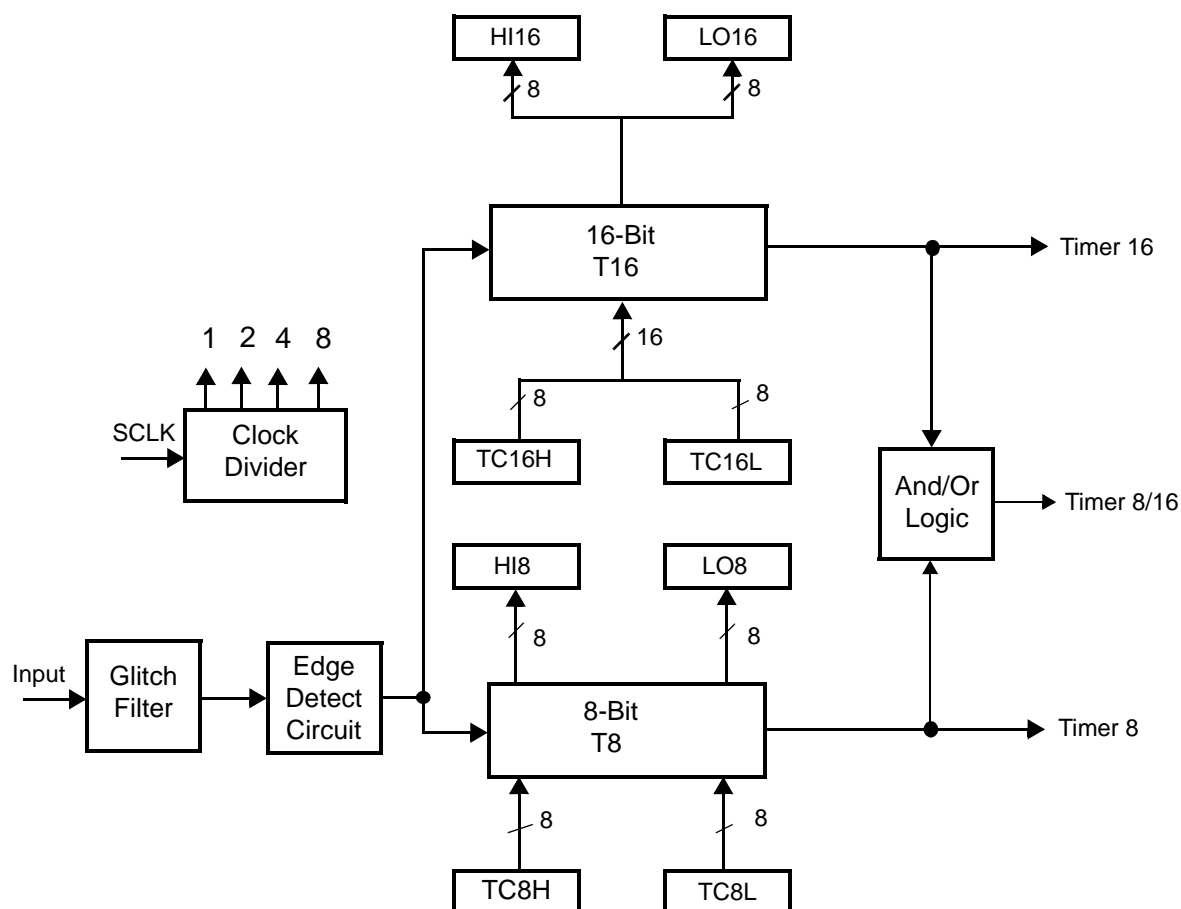
**Table 3. Power Connections**

Connection	Circuit	Device
Power	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>
Ground	GND	V <sub>SS</sub>



Note: Refer to the specific package for available pins.

**Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram**



**Figure 2. Counter/Timers Diagram**

## Pin Description

The pin configuration for the 20-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP is illustrated in Figure 3 and described in Table 4. The pin configuration for the 28-pin PDIP/SOIC/SSOP are depicted in Figure 4 and described in Table 5. The pin configurations for the 40-pin PDIP and 48-pin SSOP versions are illustrated in Figure 5, Figure 6, and described in Table 6.

For customer engineering code development, a UV eraseable windowed cerdip packaging is offered in 20-pin, 28-pin, and 40-pin configurations. ZiLOG does not recommend nor guarantee these packages for use in production.

AC Characteristics

Figure 8 and Table 13 describe the Alternating Current (AC) characteristics.

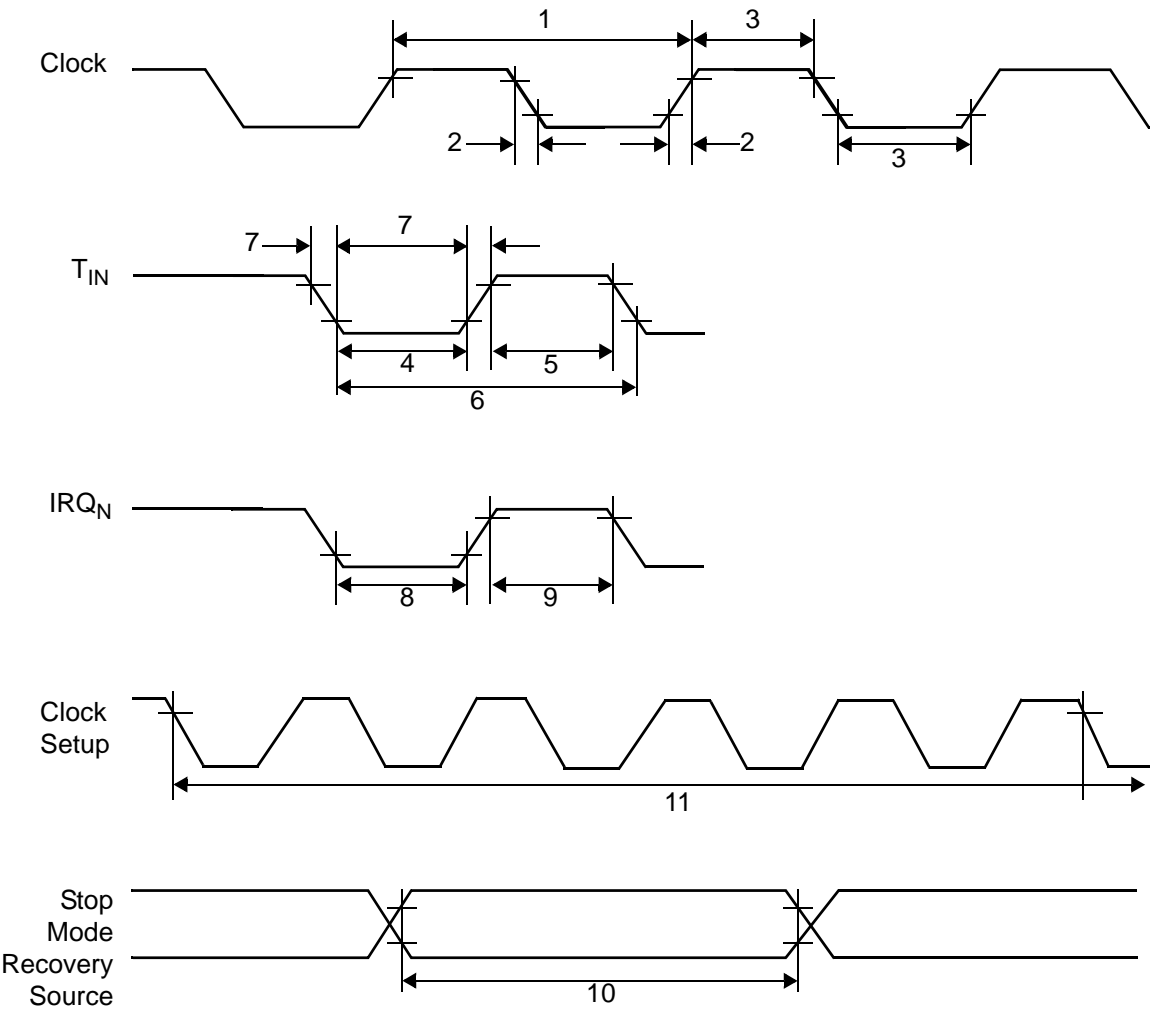


Figure 8. AC Timing Diagram

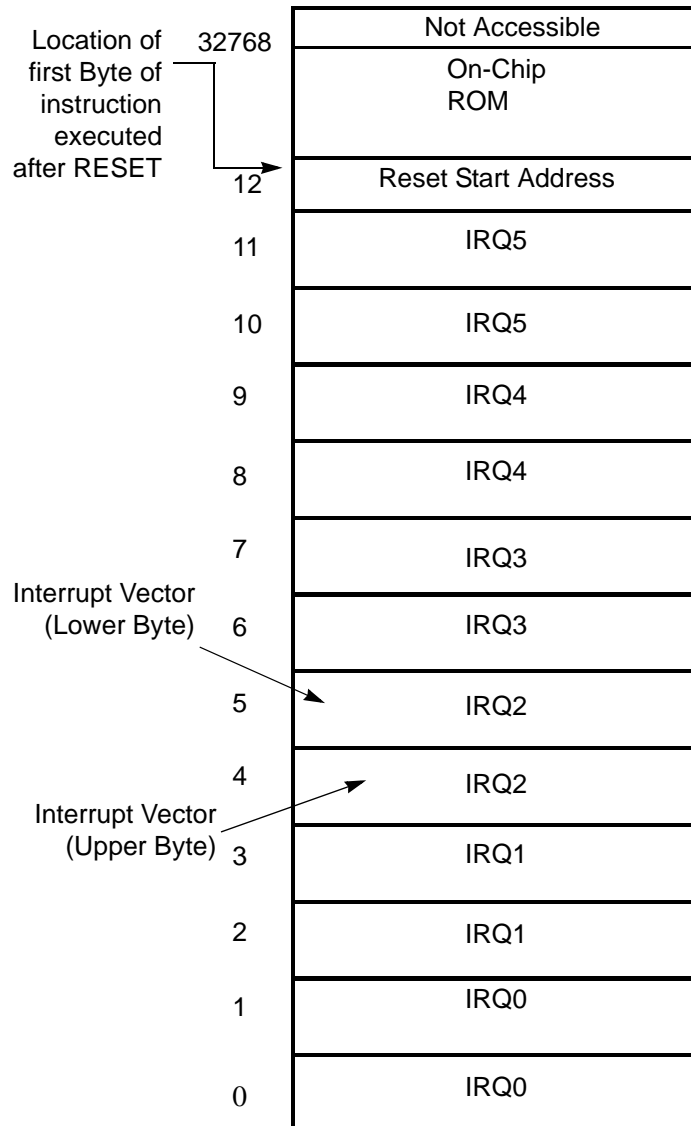


Figure 14. Program Memory Map (32K OTP)

## Expanded Register File

The register file has been expanded to allow for additional system control registers and for mapping of additional peripheral devices into the register address area. The Z8<sup>®</sup> register address space (R0 through R15) has been implemented as 16 banks, with 16 registers per bank. These register groups are known as the



The counter/timers are mapped into ERF group D. Access is easily performed using the following:

```
LD          RP, #0Dh          ; Select ERF D
for access to bank D

                                ; (working
                                ; register group 0)
LD          R0, #xx          ; load CTR0
LD          1, #xx          ; load CTR1
LD          R1, 2            ; CTR2→CTR1

LD          RP, #0Dh          ; Select ERF D
for access to bank D

                                ; (working
                                ; register group 0)
LD          RP, #7Dh          ; Select
expanded register bank D and working ; register
group 7 of bank 0 for access.
LD          71h, 2
; CTRL2→register 71h
LD          R1, 2
; CTRL2→register 71h
```

## Register File

The register file (bank 0) consists of 4 I/O port registers, 237 general-purpose registers, 16 control and status registers (R0–R3, R4–R239, and R240–R255, respectively), and two expanded registers groups in Banks D (see Table 15) and F. Instructions can access registers directly or indirectly through an 8-bit address field, thereby allowing a short, 4-bit register address to use the Register Pointer (Figure 17). In the 4-bit mode, the register file is divided into 16 working register groups, each occupying 16 continuous locations. The Register Pointer addresses the starting location of the active working register group.

- **Note:** Working register group E0–EF can only be accessed through working registers and indirect addressing modes.



Table 15. CTR0(D)00H Counter/Timer8 Control Register (Continued)

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
Counter_INT_Mask	-----1-	R/W	0**	Disable Time-Out Interrupt
			1	Enable Time-Out Interrupt
P34_Out	-----0	R/W	0*	P34 as Port Output
			1	T8 Output on P34

**Note:**

\*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

\*\*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

**T8 Enable**

This field enables T8 when set (written) to 1.

**Single/Modulo-N**

When set to 0 (Modulo-N), the counter reloads the initial value when the terminal count is reached. When set to 1 (single-pass), the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

**Timeout**

This bit is set when T8 times out (terminal count reached). To reset this bit, write a 1 to its location.



**Caution:** Writing a 1 is the only way to reset the Terminal Count status condition. Reset this bit before using/enabling the counter/timers.

The first clock of T8 might not have complete clock width and can occur any time when enabled.



**Note:** Take care when using the OR or AND commands to manipulate CTR0, bit 5 and CTR1, bits 0 and 1 (Demodulation Mode). These instructions use a Read-Modify-Write sequence in which the current status from the CTR0 and CTR1 registers is ORed or ANDed with the designated value and then written back into the registers.

**T8 Clock**

This bit defines the frequency of the input signal to T8.



**Table 17. CTR2(D)02H: Counter/Timer16 Control Register**

Field	Bit Position		Value	Description
T16_Enable	7-----	R	0*	Counter Disabled
			1	Counter Enabled
		W	0	Stop Counter
			1	Enable Counter
Single/Modulo-N	-6-----	R/W	0*	Transmit Mode
			1	Modulo-N
			0	Single Pass
			1	Demodulation Mode
Time_Out	--5-----	R	0*	T16 Recognizes Edge
			1	T16 Does Not Recognize Edge
		W	0	No Counter Timeout
			1	Counter Timeout Occurred
T16_Clock	---43---	R/W	00**	No Effect
			01	Reset Flag to 0
			10	SCLK
			11	SCLK/2
Capture_INT_Mask	-----2--	R/W	0**	SCLK/4
			1	SCLK/8
Counter_INT_Mask	-----1-	R/W	0*	Disable Data Capture Int.
			1	Enable Data Capture Int.
P35_Out	-----0	R/W	0*	Disable Timeout Int.
			1	Enable Timeout Int.

**Note:**

\*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset.

\*\*Indicates the value upon Power-On Reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

**T16\_Enable**

This field enables T16 when set to 1.

**Single/Modulo-N**

In TRANSMIT Mode, when set to 0, the counter reloads the initial value when it reaches the terminal count. When set to 1, the counter stops when the terminal count is reached.

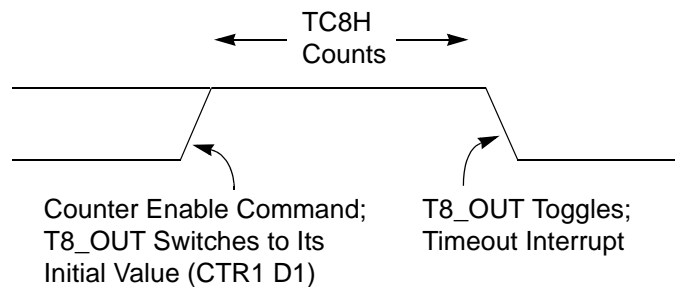
► **Note:** The letter *h* denotes hexadecimal values.

Transition from 0 to FF<sub>h</sub> is not a timeout condition.

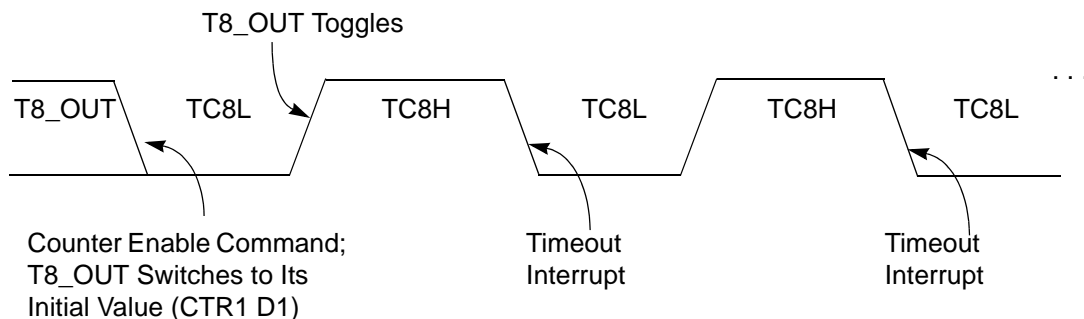


**Caution:** Using the same instructions for stopping the counter/timers and setting the status bits is not recommended.

Two successive commands are necessary. First, the counter/timers must be stopped. Second, the status bits must be reset. These commands are required because it takes one counter/timer clock interval for the initiated event to actually occur. See Figure 21 and Figure 22.



**Figure 21. T8\_OUT in Single-Pass Mode**



**Figure 22. T8\_OUT in Modulo-N Mode**

### T8 Demodulation Mode

The user must program TC8L and TC8H to FF<sub>h</sub>. After T8 is enabled, when the first edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected, it starts to count down. When a subsequent edge (rising, falling, or both depending on CTR1, D5; D4) is detected during counting, the current value of T8 is complemented and put into one of the capture registers. If it is a positive edge, data is put

```
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
6F      Stop     ; enter Stop Mode
```

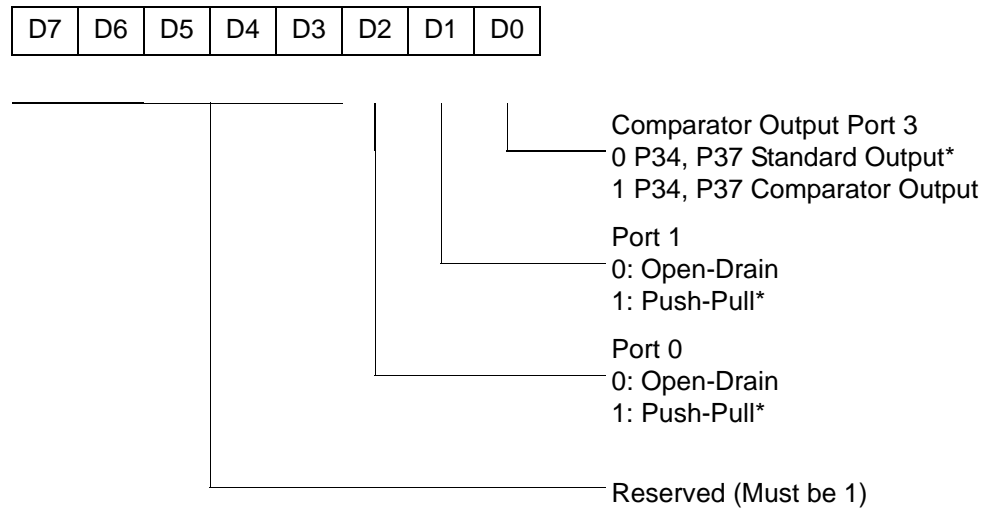
or

```
FF      NOP      ; clear the pipeline
7F      HALT     ; enter HALT Mode
```

### Port Configuration Register

The Port Configuration (PCON) register (Figure 32) configures the comparator output on Port 3. It is located in the expanded register 2 at Bank F, location 00.

PCON(FH)00H



\* Default setting after reset

**Figure 32. Port Configuration Register (PCON) (Write Only)**

#### Comparator Output Port 3 (D0)

Bit 0 controls the comparator used in Port 3. A 1 in this location brings the comparator outputs to P34 and P37, and a 0 releases the Port to its standard I/O configuration.

#### Port 1 Output Mode (D1)

Bit 1 controls the output mode of port 1. A 1 in this location sets the output to push-pull, and a 0 sets the output to open-drain.



CTR1(0D)01H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

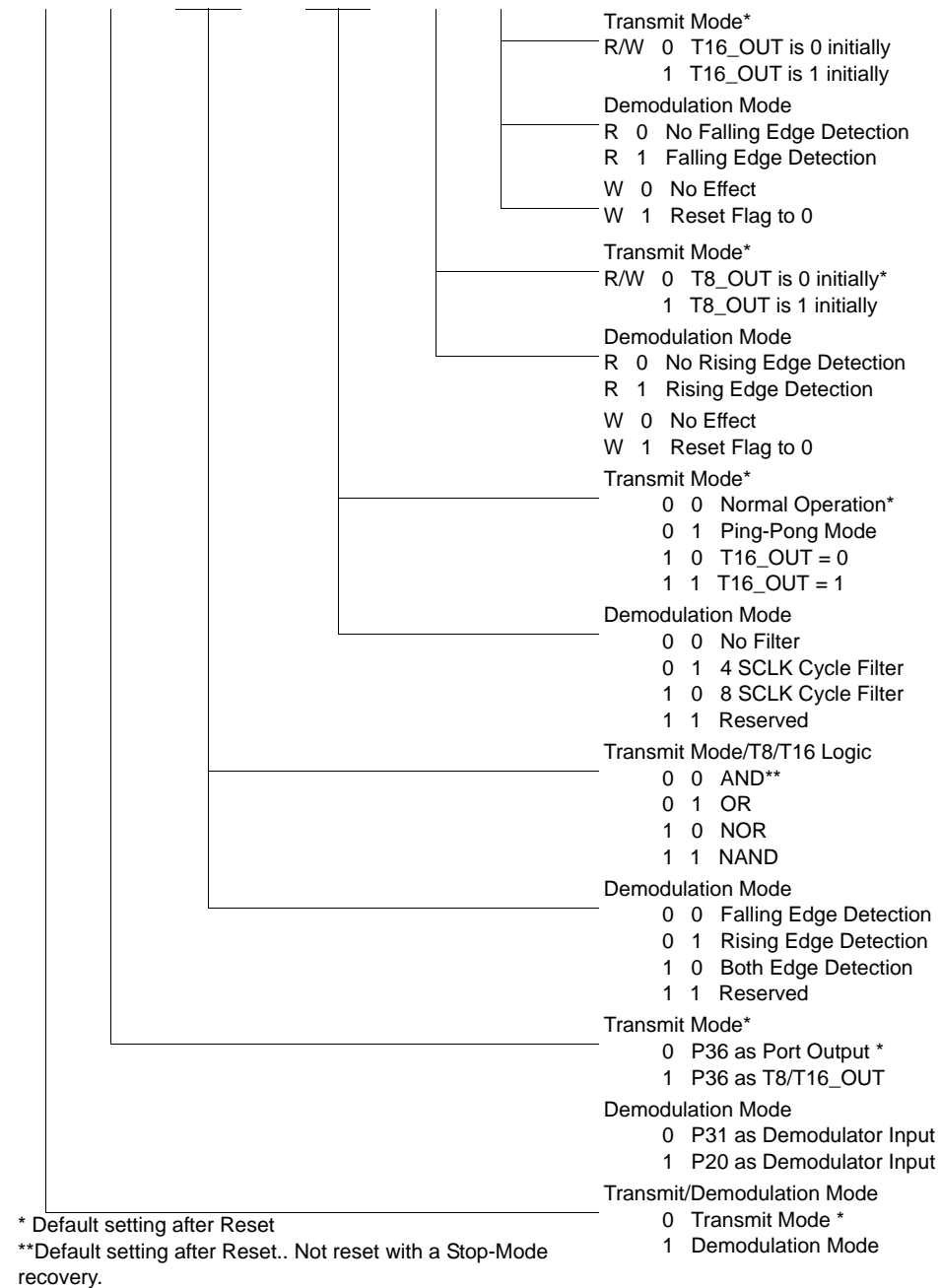
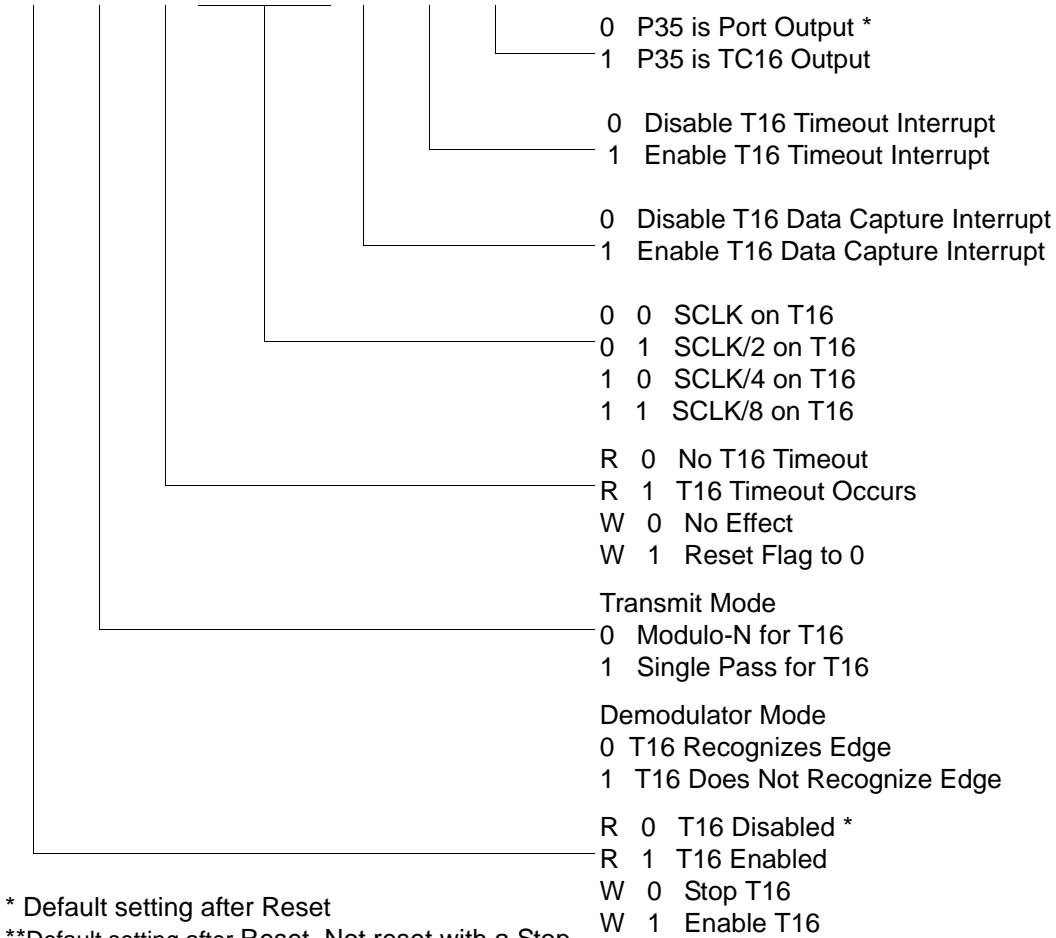


Figure 40. T8 and T16 Common Control Functions ((0D)01H: Read/Write)



CTR2(0D)02H

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



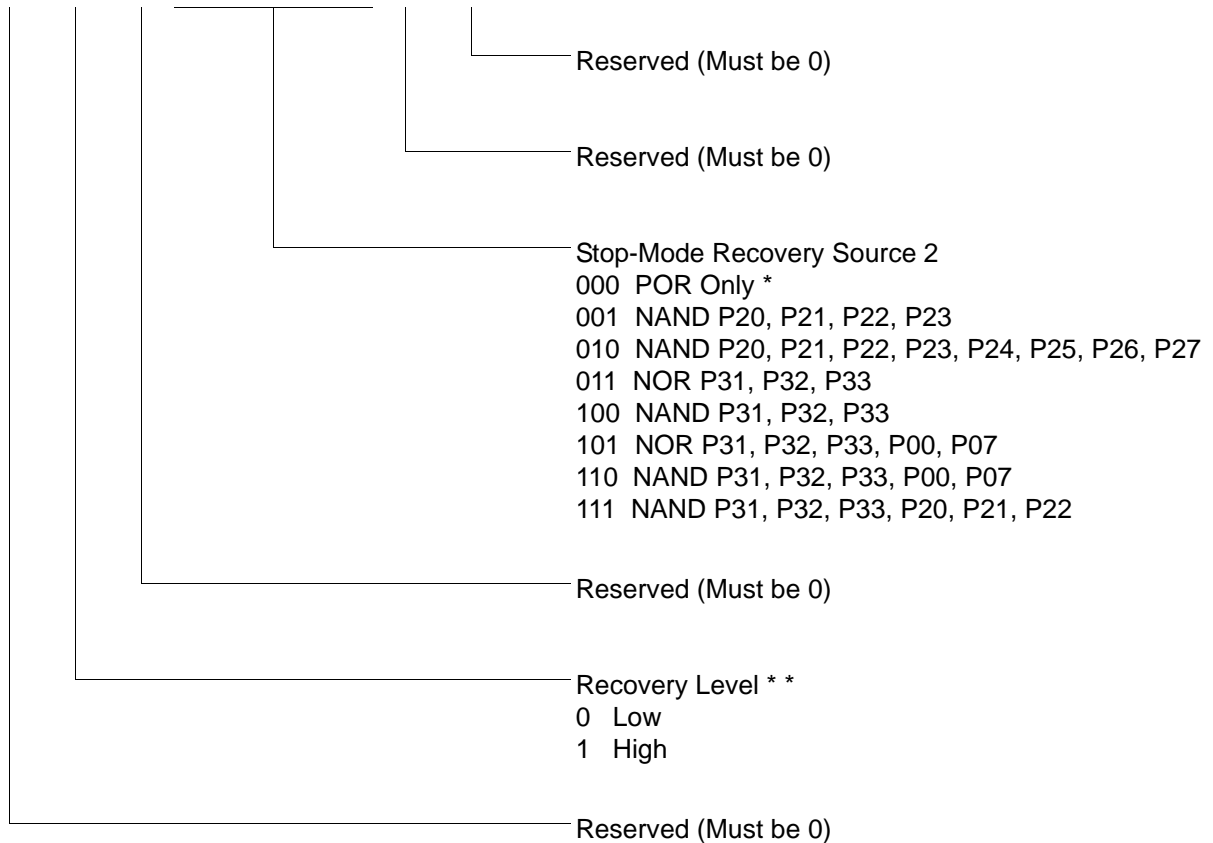
\* Default setting after Reset

\*\*Default setting after Reset. Not reset with a Stop-Mode recovery.

Figure 41. T16 Control Register ((0D) 2H: Read/Write Except Where Noted)

SMR2(0F)0DH

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----



Note: If used in conjunction with SMR, either of the two specified events causes a Stop-Mode Recovery.

\* Default setting after reset. Not reset with a Stop Mode recovery.

\* \* At the XOR gate input

**Figure 46. Stop Mode Recovery Register 2 ((0F)0DH:D2–D4, D6 Write Only)**





R250 IRQ(FAH)

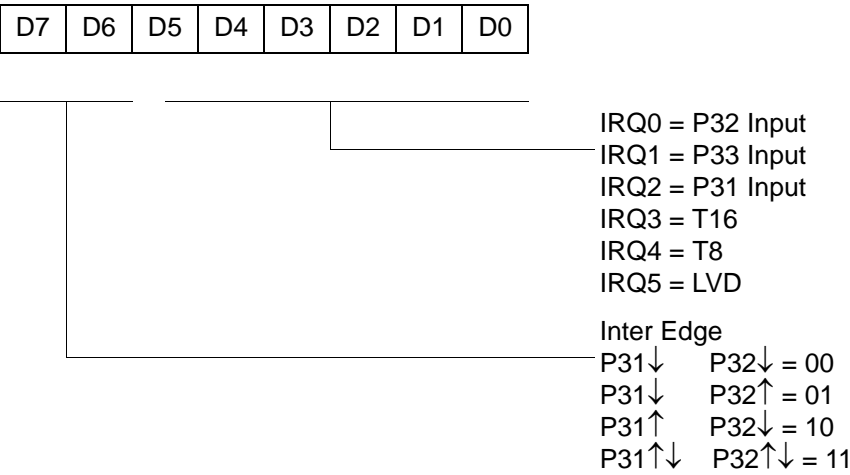


Figure 52. Interrupt Request Register (FAH: Read/Write)

R251 IMR(FBH)



\* Default setting after reset  
\*\* Only by using EI, DI instruction; DI is required before changing the IMR register

Figure 53. Interrupt Mask Register (FBH: Read/Write)



R252 Flags(FCH)

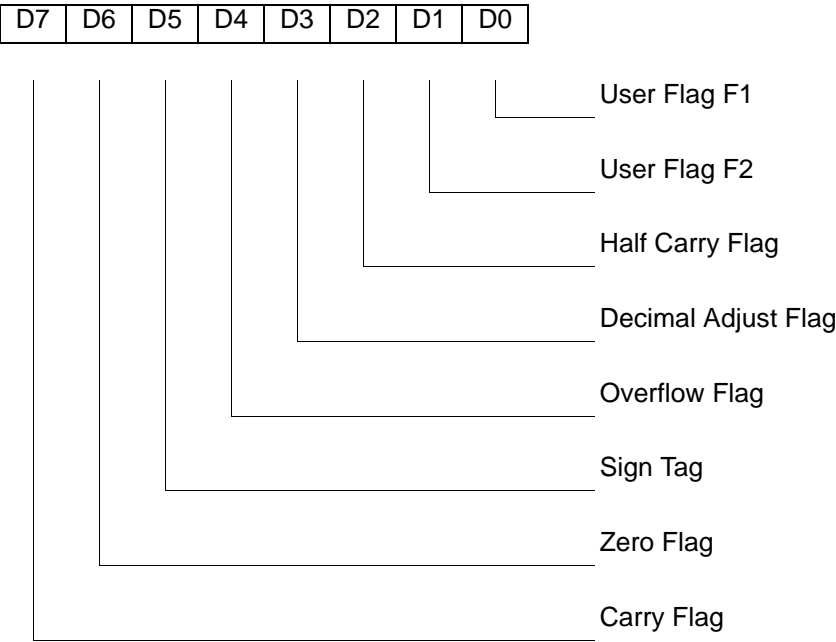
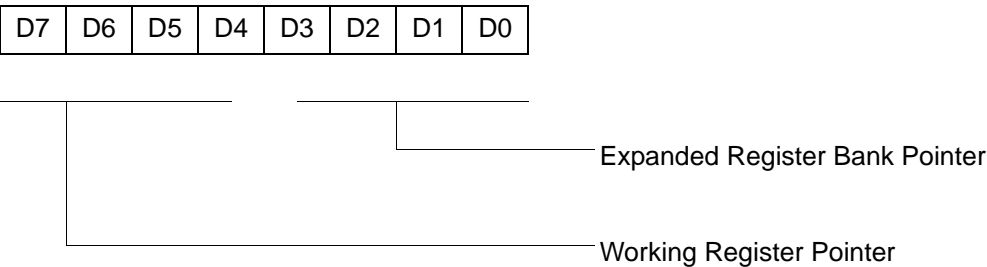


Figure 54. Flag Register (FCH: Read/Write)

R253 RP(FDH)



Default setting after reset = 0000 0000

Figure 55. Register Pointer (FDH: Read/Write)

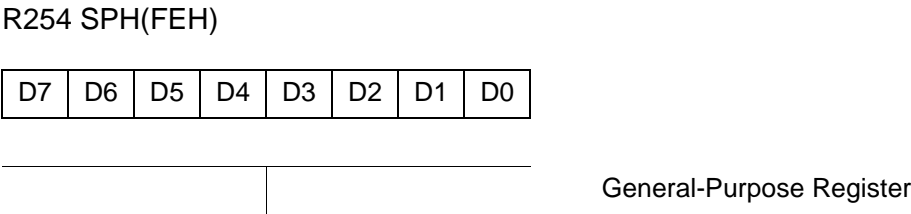


Figure 56. Stack Pointer High (FEH: Read/Write)

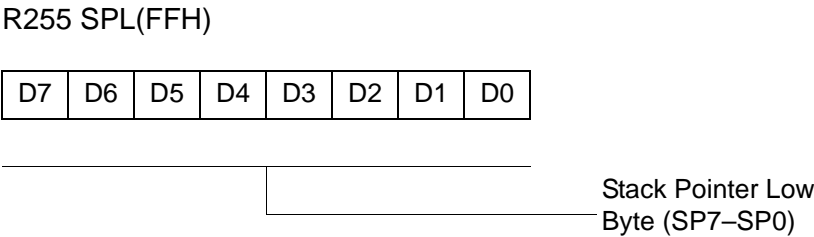


Figure 57. Stack Pointer Low (FFH: Read/Write)

Package Information

Package information for all versions of ZGP323H is depicted in Figures 59 through Figure 68.

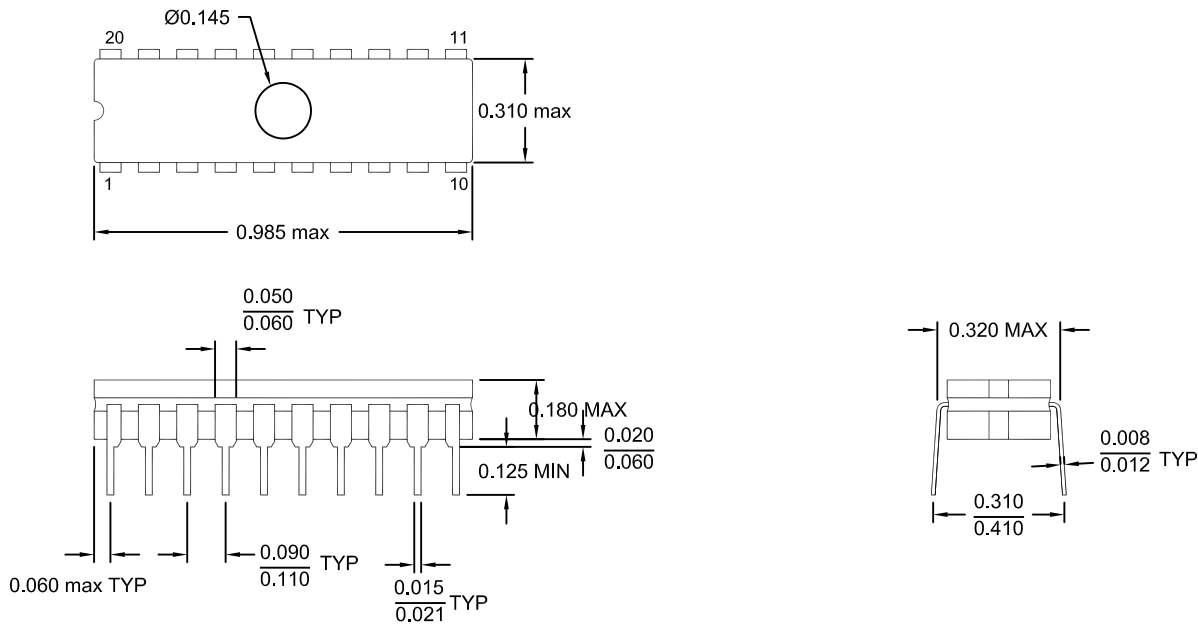


Figure 58. 20-Pin CDIP Package

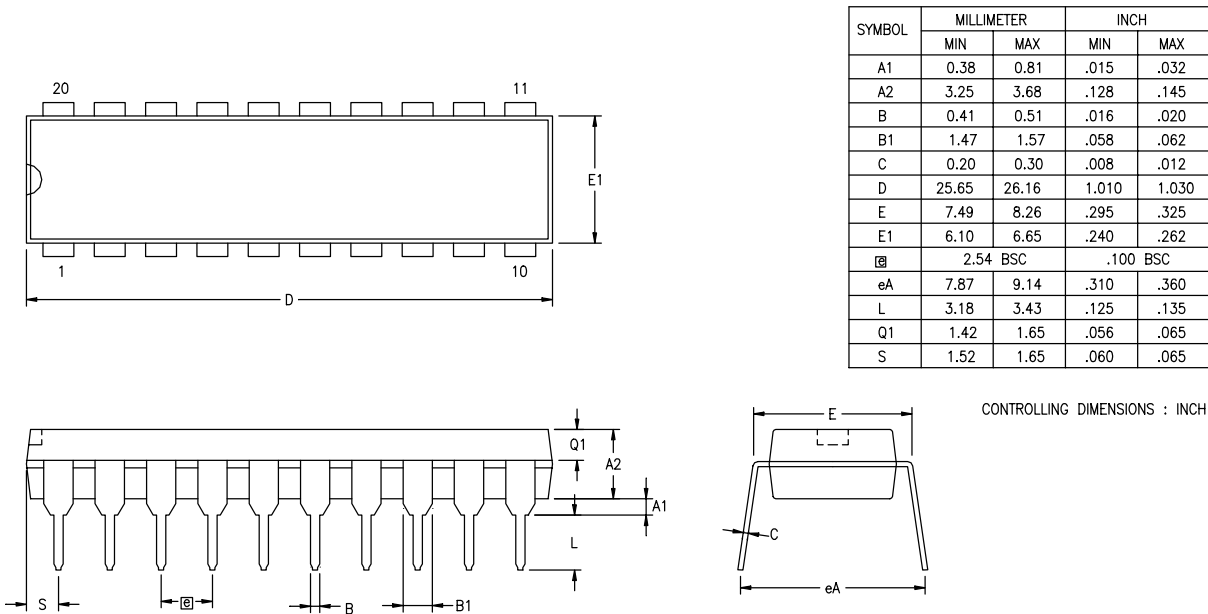


Figure 59. 20-Pin PDIP Package Diagram




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**8KB Standard Temperature: 0° to +70°C**

<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
ZGP323HSH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323HSP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323HSH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323HSP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HSS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

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**8KB Extended Temperature: -40° to +105°C**

<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
ZGP323HEH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HES2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323HEP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HEH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323HEH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HEP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323HEP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HES2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

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**8KB Automotive Temperature: -40° to +125°C**

<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
ZGP323HAH4808C	48-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAS2808C	28-pin SOIC 8K OTP
ZGP323HAP4008C	40-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAH2008C	20-pin SSOP 8K OTP
ZGP323HAH2808C	28-pin SSOP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAP2008C	20-pin PDIP 8K OTP
ZGP323HAP2808C	28-pin PDIP 8K OTP	ZGP323HAS2008C	20-pin SOIC 8K OTP

Replace C with G for Lead-Free Packaging

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