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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	600
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	2700
Total RAM Bits	40960
Number of I/O	176
Number of Gates	108904
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	256-BGA
Supplier Device Package	256-FBGA (17x17)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv100-4fg256i

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



Virtex Architecture

Virtex devices feature a flexible, regular architecture that comprises an array of configurable logic blocks (CLBs) surrounded by programmable input/output blocks (IOBs), all interconnected by a rich hierarchy of fast, versatile routing resources. The abundance of routing resources permits the Virtex family to accommodate even the largest and most complex designs.

Virtex FPGAs are SRAM-based, and are customized by loading configuration data into internal memory cells. In some modes, the FPGA reads its own configuration data from an external PROM (master serial mode). Otherwise, the configuration data is written into the FPGA (Select-MAPTM, slave serial, and JTAG modes).

The standard Xilinx Foundation™ and Alliance Series™ Development systems deliver complete design support for Virtex, covering every aspect from behavioral and schematic entry, through simulation, automatic design translation and implementation, to the creation, downloading, and readback of a configuration bit stream.

Higher Performance

Virtex devices provide better performance than previous generations of FPGA. Designs can achieve synchronous system clock rates up to 200 MHz including I/O. Virtex inputs and outputs comply fully with PCI specifications, and interfaces can be implemented that operate at 33 MHz or 66 MHz. Additionally, Virtex supports the hot-swapping requirements of Compact PCI.

Xilinx thoroughly benchmarked the Virtex family. While performance is design-dependent, many designs operated internally at speeds in excess of 100 MHz and can achieve 200 MHz. Table 2 shows performance data for representative circuits, using worst-case timing parameters.

Table 2: Performance for Common Circuit Functions

Function	Bits	Virtex -6
Register-to-Register		
Adder	16	5.0 ns
Audei	64	7.2 ns
Pipelined Multiplier	8 x 8	5.1 ns
	16 x 16	6.0 ns
Address Decoder	16	4.4 ns
	64	6.4 ns
16:1 Multiplexer		5.4 ns
Parity Tree	9	4.1 ns
	18	5.0 ns
	36	6.9 ns
Chip-to-Chip		
HSTL Class IV		200 MHz
LVTTL,16mA, fast slew		180 MHz

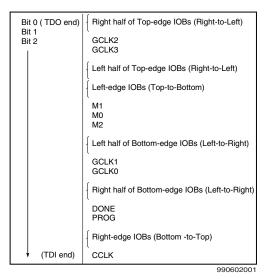


Figure 11: Boundary Scan Bit Sequence

Table 5: Boundary Scan Instructions

Boundary-Scan Command	Binary Code(4:0)	Description
EXTEST	00000	Enables boundary-scan EXTEST operation
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	00001	Enables boundary-scan SAMPLE/PRELOAD operation
USER 1	00010	Access user-defined register 1
USER 2	00011	Access user-defined register 2
CFG_OUT	00100	Access the configuration bus for read operations.
CFG_IN	00101	Access the configuration bus for write operations.
INTEST	00111	Enables boundary-scan INTEST operation
USERCODE	01000	Enables shifting out USER code
IDCODE	01001	Enables shifting out of ID Code
HIGHZ	01010	3-states output pins while enabling the Bypass Register
JSTART	01100	Clock the start-up sequence when StartupClk is TCK
BYPASS	11111	Enables BYPASS
RESERVED	All other codes	Xilinx reserved instructions

Identification Registers

The IDCODE register is supported. By using the IDCODE, the device connected to the JTAG port can be determined.

The IDCODE register has the following binary format:

vvvv:ffff:fffa:aaaa:aaaa:cccc:cccc1

where

v = the die version number

f = the family code (03h for Virtex family)

a = the number of CLB rows (ranges from 010h for XCV50 to 040h for XCV1000)

c = the company code (49h for Xilinx)

The USERCODE register is supported. By using the USER-CODE, a user-programmable identification code can be loaded and shifted out for examination. The identification code is embedded in the bitstream during bitstream generation and is valid only after configuration.

Table 6: IDCODEs Assigned to Virtex FPGAs

FPGA	IDCODE
XCV50	v0610093h
XCV100	v0614093h
XCV150	v0618093h
XCV200	v061C093h
XCV300	v0620093h
XCV400	v0628093h
XCV600	v0630093h
XCV800	v0638093h
XCV1000	v0640093h

Including Boundary Scan in a Design

Since the boundary scan pins are dedicated, no special element needs to be added to the design unless an internal data register (USER1 or USER2) is desired.

If an internal data register is used, insert the boundary scan symbol and connect the necessary pins as appropriate.

Development System

Virtex FPGAs are supported by the Xilinx Foundation and Alliance CAE tools. The basic methodology for Virtex design consists of three interrelated steps: design entry, implementation, and verification. Industry-standard tools are used for design entry and simulation (for example, Synopsys FPGA Express), while Xilinx provides proprietary architecture-specific tools for implementation.

The Xilinx development system is integrated under the Xilinx Design Manager (XDM™) software, providing design-



Configuration

Virtex devices are configured by loading configuration data into the internal configuration memory. Some of the pins used for this are dedicated configuration pins, while others can be re-used as general purpose inputs and outputs once configuration is complete.

The following are dedicated pins:

- Mode pins (M2, M1, M0)
- Configuration clock pin (CCLK)
- PROGRAM pin
- DONE pin
- Boundary-scan pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK)

Depending on the configuration mode chosen, CCLK can be an output generated by the FPGA, or it can be generated externally and provided to the FPGA as an input. The PROGRAM pin must be pulled High prior to reconfiguration.

Note that some configuration pins can act as outputs. For correct operation, these pins can require a V_{CCO} of 3.3 V to permit LVTTL operation. All the pins affected are in banks 2 or 3. The configuration pins needed for SelectMap (CS, Write) are located in bank 1.

After Virtex devices are configured, unused IOBs function as 3-state OBUFTs with weak pull downs. For a more detailed description than that given below, see the XAPP138, Virtex Configuration and Readback.

Configuration Modes

Virtex supports the following four configuration modes.

- Slave-serial mode
- Master-serial mode
- SelectMAP mode
- · Boundary-scan mode

The Configuration mode pins (M2, M1, M0) select among these configuration modes with the option in each case of having the IOB pins either pulled up or left floating prior to configuration. The selection codes are listed in Table 7.

Configuration through the boundary-scan port is always available, independent of the mode selection. Selecting the boundary-scan mode simply turns off the other modes. The three mode pins have internal pull-up resistors, and default to a logic High if left unconnected. However, it is recommended to drive the configuration mode pins externally.

Table 7: Configuration Codes

Configuration Mode	M2	M1	МО	CCLK Direction	Data Width	Serial D _{out}	Configuration Pull-ups
Master-serial mode	0	0	0	Out	1	Yes	No
Boundary-scan mode	1	0	1	N/A	1	No	No
SelectMAP mode	1	1	0	In	8	No	No
Slave-serial mode	1	1	1	In	1	Yes	No
Master-serial mode	1	0	0	Out	1	Yes	Yes
Boundary-scan mode	0	0	1	N/A	1	No	Yes
SelectMAP mode	0	1	0	In	8	No	Yes
Slave-serial mode	0	1	1	In	1	Yes	Yes

Slave-Serial Mode

In slave-serial mode, the FPGA receives configuration data in bit-serial form from a serial PROM or other source of serial configuration data. The serial bitstream must be setup at the DIN input pin a short time before each rising edge of an externally generated CCLK.

For more information on serial PROMs, see the PROM data sheet at:

http://www.xilinx.com/bvdocs/publications/ds026.pdf.

Multiple FPGAs can be daisy-chained for configuration from a single source. After a particular FPGA has been configured, the data for the next device is routed to the DOUT pin. The data on the DOUT pin changes on the rising edge of CCLK.

The change of DOUT on the rising edge of CCLK differs from previous families, but does not cause a problem for

mixed configuration chains. This change was made to improve serial configuration rates for Virtex-only chains.

Figure 12 shows a full master/slave system. A Virtex device in slave-serial mode should be connected as shown in the third device from the left.

Slave-serial mode is selected by applying <111> or <011> to the mode pins (M2, M1, M0). A weak pull-up on the mode pins makes slave-serial the default mode if the pins are left unconnected. However, it is recommended to drive the configuration mode pins externally. Figure 13 shows slave-serial mode programming switching characteristics.

Table 8 provides more detail about the characteristics shown in Figure 13. Configuration must be delayed until the INIT pins of all daisy-chained FPGAs are High.



Master-Serial Mode

In master-serial mode, the CCLK output of the FPGA drives a Xilinx Serial PROM that feeds bit-serial data to the DIN input. The FPGA accepts this data on each rising CCLK edge. After the FPGA has been loaded, the data for the next device in a daisy-chain is presented on the DOUT pin after the rising CCLK edge.

The interface is identical to slave-serial except that an internal oscillator is used to generate the configuration clock (CCLK). A wide range of frequencies can be selected for CCLK which always starts at a slow default frequency. Configuration bits then switch CCLK to a higher frequency for the remainder of the configuration. Switching to a lower frequency is prohibited.

The CCLK frequency is set using the ConfigRate option in the bitstream generation software. The maximum CCLK frequency that can be selected is 60 MHz. When selecting a CCLK frequency, ensure that the serial PROM and any daisy-chained FPGAs are fast enough to support the clock rate.

On power-up, the CCLK frequency is 2.5 MHz. This frequency is used until the ConfigRate bits have been loaded when the frequency changes to the selected ConfigRate. Unless a different frequency is specified in the design, the default ConfigRate is 4 MHz.

Figure 12 shows a full master/slave system. In this system, the left-most device operates in master-serial mode. The remaining devices operate in slave-serial mode. The SPROM RESET pin is driven by $\overline{\text{INIT}}$, and the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ input is driven by DONE. There is the potential for contention on the DONE pin, depending on the start-up sequence options chosen.

Figure 14 shows the timing of master-serial configuration. Master-serial mode is selected by a <000> or <100> on the mode pins (M2, M1, M0). Table 8 shows the timing information for Figure 14.

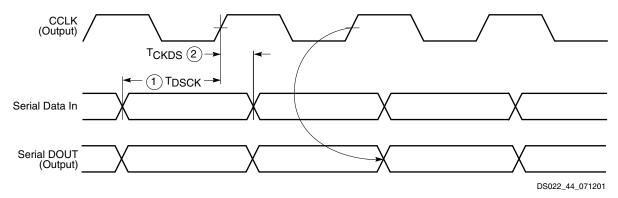


Figure 14: Master-Serial Mode Programming Switching Characteristics

At power-up, V_{CC} must rise from 1.0 V to V_{CC} min in less than 50 ms, otherwise delay configuration by pulling PROGRAM Low until V_{CC} is valid.

The sequence of operations necessary to configure a Virtex FPGA serially appears in Figure 15.

SelectMAP Mode

The SelectMAP mode is the fastest configuration option. Byte-wide data is written into the FPGA with a BUSY flag controlling the flow of data.

An external data source provides a byte stream, CCLK, a Chip Select (\overline{CS}) signal and a Write signal (\overline{WRITE}) . If BUSY is asserted (High) by the FPGA, the data must be held until BUSY goes Low.

Data can also be read using the SelectMAP mode. If WRITE is not asserted, configuration data is read out of the FPGA as part of a readback operation.

In the SelectMAP mode, multiple Virtex devices can be chained in parallel. DATA pins (D7:D0), CCLK, WRITE, BUSY, PROGRAM, DONE, and INIT can be connected in parallel between all the FPGAs. Note that the data is organized with the MSB of each byte on pin DO and the LSB of each byte on D7. The CS pins are kept separate, insuring that each FPGA can be selected individually. WRITE should be Low before loading the first bitstream and returned High after the last device has been programmed. Use $\overline{\text{CS}}$ to select the appropriate FPGA for loading the bitstream and sending the configuration data. at the end of the bitstream, deselect the loaded device and select the next target FPGA by setting its $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin High. A free-running oscillator or other externally generated signal can be used for CCLK. The BUSY signal can be ignored for frequencies below 50 MHz. For details about frequencies above 50 MHz, see XAPP138, Virtex Configuration and Readback. Once all the devices have been programmed, the DONE pin goes High.



				Speed	Grade		
Description	Device	Symbol	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Setup and Hold Times with resp register ⁽¹⁾	ect to Clock (CLK at IOB input		Setup	Time / Hol	d Time	
Pad, no delay	All	T _{IOPICK} /T _{IOICKP}	0.8 / 0	1.6 / 0	1.8 / 0	2.0 / 0	ns, min
Pad, with delay	XCV50	T _{IOPICKD} /T _{IOICKPD}	1.9 / 0	3.7 / 0	4.1 / 0	4.7 / 0	ns, min
	XCV100		1.9 / 0	3.7 / 0	4.1 / 0	4.7 / 0	ns, min
	XCV150		1.9 / 0	3.8 / 0	4.3 / 0	4.9 / 0	ns, min
	XCV200		2.0 / 0	3.9 / 0	4.4 / 0	5.0 / 0	ns, min
	XCV300		2.0 / 0	3.9 / 0	4.4 / 0	5.0 / 0	ns, min
	XCV400		2.1 / 0	4.1 / 0	4.6 / 0	5.3 / 0	ns, min
	XCV600		2.1 / 0	4.2 / 0	4.7 / 0	5.4 / 0	ns, min
	XCV800		2.2 / 0	4.4 / 0	4.9 / 0	5.6 / 0	ns, min
	XCV1000		2.3 / 0	4.5 / 0	5.0 / 0	5.8 / 0	ns, min
ICE input	All	T _{IOICECK} /T _{IOCKICE}	0.37/ 0	0.8 / 0	0.9 / 0	1.0 / 0	ns, max
Set/Reset Delays							
SR input (IFF, synchronous)	All	T _{IOSRCKI}	0.49	1.0	1.1	1.3	ns, max
SR input to IQ (asynchronous)	All	T _{IOSRIQ}	0.70	1.4	1.6	1.8	ns, max
GSR to output IQ	All	T _{GSRQ}	4.9	9.7	10.9	12.5	ns, max

^{1.} A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values cannot be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.

^{2.} Input timing for LVTTL is measured at 1.4 V. For other I/O standards, see Table 3.



IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments

				Speed	Grade		
Description	Symbol	Standard ⁽¹⁾	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Data Input Delay Adjustments							
Standard-specific data input delay	T _{ILVTTL}	LVTTL	0	0	0	0	ns
adjustments	T _{ILVCMOS2}	LVCMOS2	-0.02	-0.04	-0.04	-0.05	ns
	T _{IPCI33_3}	PCI, 33 MHz, 3.3 V	-0.05	-0.11	-0.12	-0.14	ns
	T _{IPCI33_5}	PCI, 33 MHz, 5.0 V	0.13	0.25	0.28	0.33	ns
	T _{IPCI66_3}	PCI, 66 MHz, 3.3 V	-0.05	-0.11	-0.12	-0.14	ns
	T _{IGTL}	GTL	0.10	0.20	0.23	0.26	ns
	T _{IGTLP}	GTL+	0.06	0.11	0.12	0.14	ns
	T _{IHSTL}	HSTL	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	ns
	T _{ISSTL2}	SSTL2	-0.04	-0.08	-0.09	-0.10	ns
	T _{ISSTL3}	SSTL3	-0.02	-0.04	-0.05	-0.06	ns
	T _{ICTT}	CTT	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	ns
	T _{IAGP}	AGP	-0.03	-0.06	-0.07	-0.08	ns

Notes:

IOB Output Switching Characteristics

Output delays terminating at a pad are specified for LVTTL with 12 mA drive and fast slew rate. For other standards, adjust the delays with the values shown in **IOB Output Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments**, page 9.

		Speed Grade				
Description	Symbol	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Propagation Delays						
O input to Pad	T _{IOOP}	1.2	2.9	3.2	3.5	ns, max
O input to Pad via transparent latch	T _{IOOLP}	1.4	3.4	3.7	4.0	ns, max
3-State Delays		·				
T input to Pad high-impedance ⁽¹⁾	T _{IOTHZ}	1.0	2.0	2.2	2.4	ns, max
T input to valid data on Pad	T _{IOTON}	1.4	3.1	3.3	3.7	ns, max
T input to Pad high-impedance via transparent latch ⁽¹⁾	T _{IOTLPHZ}	1.2	2.4	2.6	3.0	ns, max
T input to valid data on Pad via transparent latch	T _{IOTLPON}	1.6	3.5	3.8	4.2	ns, max
GTS to Pad high impedance ⁽¹⁾	T _{GTS}	2.5	4.9	5.5	6.3	ns, max
Sequential Delays			1	1		,
Clock CLK						
Minimum Pulse Width, High	T _{CH}	0.8	1.5	1.7	2.0	ns, min
Minimum Pulse Width, Low	T _{CL}	0.8	1.5	1.7	2.0	ns, min

^{1.} Input timing for LVTTL is measured at 1.4 V. For other I/O standards, see Table 3.



Description	Symbol	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Clock CLK to Pad delay with OBUFT enabled (non-3-state)	T _{IOCKP}	1.0	2.9	3.2	3.5	ns, max
Clock CLK to Pad high-impedance (synchronous) ⁽¹⁾	T _{IOCKHZ}	1.1	2.3	2.5	2.9	ns, max
Clock CLK to valid data on Pad delay, plus enable delay for OBUFT	T _{IOCKON}	1.5	3.4	3.7	4.1	ns, max
Setup and Hold Times before/after Clock	CLK ⁽²⁾		Setup	Time / Hold	Time	1
O input	T _{IOOCK} /T _{IOCKO}	0.51 / 0	1.1 / 0	1.2 / 0	1.3 / 0	ns, min
OCE input	T _{IOOCECK} /T _{IOCKOCE}	0.37 / 0	0.8 / 0	0.9 / 0	1.0 / 0	ns, min
SR input (OFF)	T _{IOSRCKO} /T _{IOCKOSR}	0.52 / 0	1.1 / 0	1.2 / 0	1.4 / 0	ns, min
3-State Setup Times, T input	T _{IOTCK} /T _{IOCKT}	0.34 / 0	0.7 / 0	0.8 / 0	0.9 / 0	ns, min
3-State Setup Times, TCE input	T _{IOTCECK} /T _{IOCKTCE}	0.41 / 0	0.9 / 0	0.9 / 0	1.1 / 0	ns, min
3-State Setup Times, SR input (TFF)	T _{IOSRCKT} /T _{IOCKTSR}	0.49 / 0	1.0 / 0	1.1 / 0	1.3 / 0	ns, min
Set/Reset Delays						
SR input to Pad (asynchronous)	T _{IOSRP}	1.6	3.8	4.1	4.6	ns, max
SR input to Pad high-impedance (asynchronous) ⁽¹⁾	T _{IOSRHZ}	1.6	3.1	3.4	3.9	ns, max
SR input to valid data on Pad (asynchronous)	T _{IOSRON}	2.0	4.2	4.6	5.1	ns, max
GSR to Pad	T _{IOGSRQ}	4.9	9.7	10.9	12.5	ns, max

- 1. 3-state turn-off delays should not be adjusted.
- 2. A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.



CLB Switching Characteristics

Delays originating at F/G inputs vary slightly according to the input used. The values listed below are worst-case. Precise values are provided by the timing analyzer.

		Speed Grade				
Description	Symbol	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Combinatorial Delays		•				
4-input function: F/G inputs to X/Y outputs	T _{ILO}	0.29	0.6	0.7	0.8	ns, max
5-input function: F/G inputs to F5 output	T _{IF5}	0.32	0.7	0.8	0.9	ns, max
5-input function: F/G inputs to X output	T _{IF5X}	0.36	0.8	0.8	1.0	ns, max
6-input function: F/G inputs to Y output via F6 MUX	T _{IF6Y}	0.44	0.9	1.0	1.2	ns, max
6-input function: F5IN input to Y output	T _{F5INY}	0.17	0.32	0.36	0.42	ns, max
Incremental delay routing through transparent latch to XQ/YQ outputs	T _{IFNCTL}	0.31	0.7	0.7	0.8	ns, max
BY input to YB output	T _{BYYB}	0.27	0.53	0.6	0.7	ns, max
Sequential Delays						T.
FF Clock CLK to XQ/YQ outputs	T _{CKO}	0.54	1.1	1.2	1.4	ns, max
Latch Clock CLK to XQ/YQ outputs	T _{CKLO}	0.6	1.2	1.4	1.6	ns, max
Setup and Hold Times before/after Clock CLK ⁽¹⁾		Setup T	ime / Hol	d Time		
4-input function: F/G Inputs	T _{ICK} /T _{CKI}	0.6 / 0	1.2 / 0	1.4 / 0	1.5 / 0	ns, min
5-input function: F/G inputs	T _{IF5CK} /T _{CKIF5}	0.7 / 0	1.3 / 0	1.5 / 0	1.7 / 0	ns, min
6-input function: F5IN input	T _{F5INCK} /T _{CKF5IN}	0.46 / 0	1.0 / 0	1.1 / 0	1.2 / 0	ns, min
6-input function: F/G inputs via F6 MUX	T _{IF6CK} /T _{CKIF6}	0.8 / 0	1.5 / 0	1.7 / 0	1.9 / 0	ns, min
BX/BY inputs	T_{DICK}/T_{CKDI}	0.30 / 0	0.6 / 0	0.7 / 0	0.8 / 0	ns, min
CE input	T_{CECK}/T_{CKCE}	0.37 / 0	0.8 / 0	0.9 / 0	1.0 / 0	ns, min
SR/BY inputs (synchronous)	$T_{RCK}T_{CKR}$	0.33 / 0	0.7 / 0	0.8 / 0	0.9 / 0	ns, min
Clock CLK						
Minimum Pulse Width, High	T _{CH}	0.8	1.5	1.7	2.0	ns, min
Minimum Pulse Width, Low	T_CL	0.8	1.5	1.7	2.0	ns, min
Set/Reset						
Minimum Pulse Width, SR/BY inputs	T _{RPW}	1.3	2.5	2.8	3.3	ns, min
Delay from SR/BY inputs to XQ/YQ outputs (asynchronous)	T _{RQ}	0.54	1.1	1.3	1.4	ns, max
Delay from GSR to XQ/YQ outputs	T _{IOGSRQ}	4.9	9.7	10.9	12.5	ns, max
Toggle Frequency (MHz) (for export control)	F _{TOG} (MHz)	625	333	294	250	MHz

^{1.} A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values cannot be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.



CLB SelectRAM Switching Characteristics

		Speed Grade				
Description	Symbol	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Sequential Delays						
Clock CLK to X/Y outputs (WE active) 16 x 1 mode	T _{SHCKO16}	1.2	2.3	2.6	3.0	ns, max
Clock CLK to X/Y outputs (WE active) 32 x 1 mode	T _{SHCKO32}	1.2	2.7	3.1	3.5	ns, max
Shift-Register Mode						
Clock CLK to X/Y outputs	T _{REG}	1.2	3.7	4.1	4.7	ns, max
Setup and Hold Times before/after Clock CLK ⁽¹⁾		Se	tup Time /	Hold Time	T.	·
F/G address inputs	T _{AS} /T _{AH}	0.25 / 0	0.5 / 0	0.6 / 0	0.7 / 0	ns, min
BX/BY data inputs (DIN)	T _{DS} /T _{DH}	0.34 / 0	0.7 / 0	0.8 / 0	0.9 / 0	ns, min
CE input (WE)	T _{WS} /T _{WH}	0.38 / 0	0.8 / 0	0.9 / 0	1.0 / 0	ns, min
Shift-Register Mode		1		,	·	1
BX/BY data inputs (DIN)	T _{SHDICK}	0.34	0.7	0.8	0.9	ns, min
CE input (WS)	T _{SHCECK}	0.38	0.8	0.9	1.0	ns, min
Clock CLK		-			1	1
Minimum Pulse Width, High	T _{WPH}	1.2	2.4	2.7	3.1	ns, min
Minimum Pulse Width, Low	T _{WPL}	1.2	2.4	2.7	3.1	ns, min
Minimum clock period to meet address write cycle time	T _{WC}	2.4	4.8	5.4	6.2	ns, min
Shift-Register Mode						
Minimum Pulse Width, High	T _{SRPH}	1.2	2.4	2.7	3.1	ns, min
Minimum Pulse Width, Low	T _{SRPL}	1.2	2.4	2.7	3.1	ns, min

^{1.} A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.



Block RAM Switching Characteristics

	Speed Grade					
Description	Symbol	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Sequential Delays						
Clock CLK to DOUT output	T _{BCKO}	1.7	3.4	3.8	4.3	ns, max
Setup and Hold Times before/after Clock CLK ⁽¹⁾		Setu	p Time / H	old Time		
ADDR inputs	T _{BACK} /T _{BCKA}	0.6 / 0	1.2 / 0	1.3 / 0	1.5 / 0	ns, min
DIN inputs	T _{BDCK} /T _{BCKD}	0.6 / 0	1.2 / 0	1.3 / 0	1.5 / 0	ns, min
EN input	T _{BECK} /T _{BCKE}	1.3 / 0	2.6 / 0	3.0 / 0	3.4 / 0	ns, min
RST input	T _{BRCK} /T _{BCKR}	1.3 / 0	2.5 / 0	2.7 / 0	3.2 / 0	ns, min
WEN input	T _{BWCK} /T _{BCKW}	1.2 / 0	2.3 / 0	2.6 / 0	3.0 / 0	ns, min
Clock CLK						
Minimum Pulse Width, High	T _{BPWH}	0.8	1.5	1.7	2.0	ns, min
Minimum Pulse Width, Low	T _{BPWL}	0.8	1.5	1.7	2.0	ns, min
CLKA -> CLKB setup time for different ports	T _{BCCS}		3.0	3.5	4.0	ns, min

Notes:

TBUF Switching Characteristics

		Speed Grade				
Description	Symbol	Min	-6	-5	-4	Units
Combinatorial Delays						
IN input to OUT output	T _{IO}	0	0	0	0	ns, max
TRI input to OUT output high-impedance	T _{OFF}	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.11	ns, max
TRI input to valid data on OUT output	T _{ON}	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.11	ns, max

JTAG Test Access Port Switching Characteristics

Description	Symbol	-6	-5	-4	Units
TMS and TDI Setup times before TCK	T _{TAPTCK}	4.0	4.0	4.0	ns, min
TMS and TDI Hold times after TCK	T _{TCKTAP}	2.0	2.0	2.0	ns, min
Output delay from clock TCK to output TDO	T _{TCKTDO}	11.0	11.0	11.0	ns, max
Maximum TCK clock frequency	F _{TCK}	33	33	33	MHz, max

^{1.} A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.



Minimum Clock-to-Out for Virtex Devices

	With DLL					With	out DLL				
I/O Standard	All Devices	V50	V100	V150	V200	V300	V400	V600	V800	V1000	Units
*LVTTL_S2	5.2	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	ns
*LVTTL_S4	3.5	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	ns
*LVTTL_S6	2.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	ns
*LVTTL_S8	2.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	ns
*LVTTL_S12	2.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	ns
*LVTTL_S16	1.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	ns
*LVTTL_S24	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	ns
*LVTTL_F2	2.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	ns
*LVTTL_F4	1.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	ns
*LVTTL_F6	1.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	ns
*LVTTL_F8	1.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	ns
*LVTTL_F12	1.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	ns
*LVTTL_F16	0.9	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	ns
*LVTTL_F24	0.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	ns
LVCMOS2	1.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	ns
PCI33_3	1.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	ns
PCI33_5	1.4	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	ns
PCI66_3	1.1	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	ns
GTL	1.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	ns
GTL+	1.7	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	ns
HSTL I	1.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	ns
HSTL III	0.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	ns
HSTL IV	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	ns
SSTL2 I	0.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	ns
SSTL2 II	0.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	ns
SSTL3 I	0.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	ns
SSTL3 II	0.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	ns
CTT	1.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	ns
AGP	1.0	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	ns

^{*}S = Slow Slew Rate, F = Fast Slew Rate

^{1.} Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.

^{2.} Input and output timing is measured at 1.4 V for LVTTL. For other I/O standards, see Table 3. In all cases, an 8 pF external capacitive load is used.



Date	Version	Revision
01/00	1.9	Updated DLL Jitter Parameter table and waveforms, added Delay Measurement Methodology table for different I/O standards, changed buffered Hex line info and Input/Output Timing measurement notes.
03/00	2.0	New TBCKO values; corrected FG680 package connection drawing; new note about status of CCLK pin after configuration.
05/00	2.1	Modified "Pins not listed" statement. Speed grade update to Final status.
05/00	2.2	Modified Table 18.
09/00	2.3	 Added XCV400 values to table under Minimum Clock-to-Out for Virtex Devices. Corrected Units column in table under IOB Input Switching Characteristics. Added values to table under CLB SelectRAM Switching Characteristics.
10/00	2.4	 Corrected Pinout information for devices in the BG256, BG432, and BG560 packages in Table 18. Corrected BG256 Pin Function Diagram.
04/02/01	2.5	 Revised minimums for Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTL Standard, with DLL. Converted file to modularized format. See the Virtex Data Sheet section.
04/19/01	2.6	Clarified TIOCKP and TIOCKON IOB Output Switching Characteristics descriptors.
07/19/01	2.7	Under Absolute Maximum Ratings, changed (T _{SOL}) to 220 °C.
07/26/01	2.8	Removed T _{SOL} parameter and added footnote to Absolute Maximum Ratings table.
10/29/01	2.9	 Updated the speed grade designations used in data sheets, and added Table 1, which shows the current speed grade designation for each device.
02/01/02	3.0	Added footnote to DC Input and Output Levels table.
07/19/02	3.1	 Removed mention of MIL-M-38510/605 specification. Added link to xapp158 from the Power-On Power Supply Requirements section.
09/10/02	3.2	 Added Clock CLK to IOB Input Switching Characteristics and IOB Output Switching Characteristics.
03/01/13	4.0	The products listed in this data sheet are obsolete. See XCN10016 for further information.

Virtex Data Sheet

The Virtex Data Sheet contains the following modules:

- DS003-1, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Introduction and Ordering Information (Module 1)
- DS003-2, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Functional Description (Module 2)

- DS003-3, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
 DC and Switching Characteristics (Module 3)
- DS003-4, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Pinout Tables (Module 4)



Virtex Pinout Information

Pinout Tables

See www.xilinx.com for updates or additional pinout information. For convenience, Table 2, Table 3 and Table 4 list the locations of special-purpose and power-supply pins. Pins not listed are either user I/Os or not connected, depending on the device/package combination. See the Pinout Diagrams starting on page 17 for any pins not listed for a particular part/package combination.

Table 2: Virtex Pinout Tables (Chip-Scale and QFP Packages)

Pin Name	Device	CS144	TQ144	PQ/HQ240
GCK0	All	K7	90	92
GCK1	All	M7	93	89
GCK2	All	A7	19	210
GCK3	All	A6	16	213
MO	All	M1	110	60
M1	All	L2	112	58
M2	All	N2	108	62
CCLK	All	B13	38	179
PROGRAM	All	L12	72	122
DONE	All	M12	74	120
INIT	All	L13	71	123
BUSY/DOUT	All	C11	39	178
D0/DIN	All	C12	40	177
D1	All	E10	45	167
D2	All	E12	47	163
D3	All	F11	51	156
D4	All	H12	59	145
D5	All	J13	63	138
D6	All	J11	65	134
D7	All	K10	70	124
WRITE	All	C10	32	185
CS	All	D10	33	184
TDI	All	A11	34	183
TDO	All	A12	36	181
TMS	All	B1	143	2
TCK	All	C3	2	239
V _{CCINT}	All	A9, B6, C5, G3, G12, M5, M9, N6	10, 15, 25, 57, 84, 94, 99, 126	16, 32, 43, 77, 88, 104, 137, 148, 164, 198, 214, 225



Table 3: Virtex Pinout Tables (BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	BG256	BG352	BG432	BG560
V _{CCINT} Notes: • Superset includes all pins, including the ones in bold type. Subset excludes pins in bold type.	XCV50/100	C10, D6, D15, F4, F17, L3, L18, R4, R17, U6, U15, V10	N/A	N/A	N/A
 In BG352, for XCV300 all the V_{CCINT} pins in the superset must be connected. For XCV150/200, V_{CCINT} pins in the subset must be connected, and pins in bold type can be left unconnected (these unconnected pins cannot be used as user I/O.) In BG432, for XCV400/600/800 all V_{CCINT} pins in the superset must be 	XCV150/200/300	Same as above	A20, C14, D10, J24, K4, P2, P25, V24, W2, AC10, AE14, AE19, B16, D12, L1, L25, R23, T1, AF11, AF16	A10, A17, B23, C14, C19, K3, K29, N2, N29, T1, T29, W2, W31, AB2, AB30, AJ10, AJ16, AK13, AK19, AK22, B26, C7, F1, F30, AE29, AF1, AH8, AH24	N/A
connected. For XCV300, V _{CCINT} pins in the subset must be connected, and pins in bold type can be left unconnected (these unconnected pins cannot be used as user I/O.) In BG560, for XCV800/1000 all V _{CCINT} pins in the superset must be connected. For XCV400/600, V _{CCINT} pins in the subset must be connected, and pins in bold type can be left unconnected (these unconnected pins cannot be used as user I/O.)	XCV400/600/800/1000	N/A	N/A	Same as above	A21, B14, B18, B28, C24, E9, E12, F2, H30, J1, K32, N1, N33, U5, U30, Y2, Y31, AD2, AD32, AG3, AG31, AK8, AK11, AK17, AK20, AL14, AL27, AN25, B12, C22, M3, N29, AB2, AB32, AJ13, AL22
V _{CCO} , Bank 0	All	D7, D8	A17, B25, D19	A21, C29, D21	A22, A26, A30, B19, B32
V _{CCO} , Bank 1	All	D13, D14	A10, D7, D13	A1, A11, D11	A10, A16, B13, C3, E5
V _{CCO} , Bank 2	All	G17, H17	B2, H4, K1	C3, L1, L4	B2, D1, H1, M1, R2
V _{CCO} , Bank 3	All	N17, P17	P4, U1, Y4	AA1, AA4, AJ3	V1, AA2, AD1, AK1, AL2
V _{CCO} , Bank 4	All	U13, U14	AC8, AE2, AF10	AH11, AL1, AL11	AM2, AM15, AN4, AN8, AN12
V _{CCO} , Bank 5	All	U7, U8	AC14, AC20, AF17	AH21, AJ29, AL21	AL31, AM21, AN18, AN24, AN30
V _{CCO} , Bank 6	All	N4, P4	U26, W23, AE25	AA28, AA31, AL31	W32, AB33, AF33, AK33, AM32



Table 3: Virtex Pinout Tables (BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	BG256	BG352	BG432	BG560
V _{REF} , Bank 3	XCV50	M18, V20	N/A	N/A	N/A
(V _{REF} pins are listed	XCV100/150	+ R19	R4, V4, Y3	N/A	N/A
incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all	XCV200/300	+ P18	+ AC2	V2, AB4, AD4, AF3	N/A
smaller devices listed in the same package.)	XCV400	N/A	N/A	+ U2	V4, W5,
Within each bank, if input	VO\1000	N1/A	N1/A	400	AD3, AE5, AK2
reference voltage is not	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ AC3	+ AF1
required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ Y3	+ AA4
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ AH4
V _{REF} , Bank 4	XCV50	V12, Y18	N/A	N/A	N/A
(V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all	XCV100/150	+ W15	AC12, AE5, AE8,	N/A	N/A
pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the	XCV200/300	+ V14	+ AE4	AJ7, AL4, AL8, AL13	N/A
same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not	XCV400	N/A	N/A	+ AK15	AL7, AL10, AL16, AM4, AM14
required, all V _{REF} pins are	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ AK8	+ AL9
general I/O.	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ AJ12	+ AK13
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ AN3
V _{REF} , Bank 5	XCV50	V9, Y3	N/A	N/A	N/A
(V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all	XCV100/150	+ W6	AC15, AC18, AD20	N/A	N/A
pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the	XCV200/300	+ V7	+ AE23	AJ18, AJ25, AK23, AK27	N/A
within each bank, if input reference voltage is not	XCV400	N/A	N/A	+ AJ17	AJ18, AJ25, AL20, AL24, AL29
required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ AL24	+ AM26
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ AH19	+ AN23
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ AK28
V _{REF} , Bank 6	XCV50	M2, R3	N/A	N/A	N/A
(V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all	XCV100/150	+ T1	R24, Y26, AA25,	N/A	N/A
pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the	XCV200/300	+ T3	+ AD26	V28, AB28, AE30, AF28	N/A
same package.) Within each bank, if input	XCV400	N/A	N/A	+ U28	V29, Y32, AD31, AE29, AK32
reference voltage is not	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ AC28	+ AE31
required, all V _{REF} pins are	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ Y30	+ AA30
general I/O.	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ AH30



Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
GCK0	All	N8	W12	AA14	AW19
GCK1	All	R8	Y11	AB13	AU22
GCK2	All	C9	A11	C13	D21
GCK3	All	B8	C11	E13	A20
MO	All	N3	AB2	AD4	AT37
M1	All	P2	U5	W7	AU38
M2	All	R3	Y4	AB6	AT35
CCLK	All	D15	B22	D24	E4
PROGRAM	All	P15	W20	AA22	AT5
DONE	All	R14	Y19	AB21	AU5
INIT	All	N15	V19	Y21	AU2
BUSY/DOUT	All	C15	C21	E23	E3
D0/DIN	All	D14	D20	F22	C2
D1	All	E16	H22	K24	P4
D2	All	F15	H20	K22	P3
D3	All	G16	K20	M22	R1
D4	All	J16	N22	R24	AD3
D5	All	M16	R21	U23	AG2
D6	All	N16	T22	V24	AH1
D7	All	N14	Y21	AB23	AR4
WRITE	All	C13	A20	C22	B4
CS	All	B13	C19	E21	D5
TDI	All	A15	B20	D22	В3
TDO	All	B14	A21	C23	C4
TMS	All	D3	D3	F5	E36
TCK	All	C4	C4	E6	C36
DXN	All	R4	Y5	AB7	AV37
DXP	All	P4	V6	Y8	AU35



Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
V _{CCINT}	All	C3, C14, D4, D13, E5, E12, M5, M12, N4, N13, P3, P14	E5, E18, F6, F17, G7, G8, G9, G14, G15, G16, H7, H16, J7, J16, P7, P16, R7, R16, T7, T8, T9, T14, T15, T16, U6, U17, V5, V18	G7, G20, H8, H19, J9, J10, J11, J16, J17, J18, K9, K18, L9, L18, T9, T18, U9, U18, V9, V10, V11, V16, V17, V18, W8, W19, Y7, Y20	AD5, AD35, AE5, AE35, AL5, AL35, AM5, AM35, AR8, AR9, AR15, AR16, AR24, AR25, AR31, AR32, E8, E9, E15, E16, E24, E25, E31, E32, H5, H35, J5, J35, R5, R35, T5, T35
V _{CCO} , Bank 0	All	E8, F8	F7, F8, F9, F10 G10, G11	H9, H10, H11, H12, J12, J13	E26, E27, E29, E30, E33, E34
V _{CCO} , Bank 1	All	E9, F9	F13, F14, F15, F16, G12, G13	H15, H16, H17, H18, J14, J15	E6, E7, E10, E11, E13, E14
V _{CCO} , Bank 2	All	H11, H12	G17, H17, J17, K16, K17, L16	J19, K19, L19, M18, M19, N18	F5, G5, K5, L5, N5, P5
V _{CCO} , Bank 3	All	J11, J12	M16, N16, N17, P17, R17, T17	P18, R18, R19, T19, U19, V19	AF5, AG5, AN5, AK5, AJ5, AP5
V _{CCO} , Bank 4	All	L9. M9	T12, T13, U13, U14, U15, U16,	V14, V15, W15, W16, W17, W18	AR6, AR7, AR10, AR11, AR13, AR14
V _{CCO} , Bank 5	All	L8, M8	T10, T11, U7, U8, U9, U10	V12, V13, W9,W10, W11, W12	AR26, AR27, AR29, AR30, AR33, AR34
V _{CCO} , Bank 6	All	J5, J6	M7, N6, N7, P6, R6, T6	P9, R8, R9, T8, U8, V8	AF35, AG35, AJ35, AK35, AN35, AP35
V _{CCO} , Bank 7	All	H5, H6	G6, H6, J6, K6, K7, L7	J8, K8, L8, M8, M9, N9	F35, G35, K35, L35, N35, P35
V _{REF} Bank 0	XCV50	B4, B7	N/A	N/A	N/A
(VREF pins are listed	XCV100/150	+ C6	A9, C6, E8	N/A	N/A
incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both	XCV200/300	+ A3	+ B4	N/A	N/A
the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same	XCV400	N/A	N/A	A12, C11, D6, E8, G10	
package.) Within each bank, if	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ B7	A33, B28, B30, C23, C24, D33
input reference voltage	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ B10	+ A26
is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ D34



Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
V _{REF} Bank 4	XCV50	P9, T12	N/A	N/A	N/A
(V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect	XCV100/150	+ T11	AA13, AB16, AB19	N/A	N/A
all pins listed for both the required device and	XCV200/300	+ R13	+ AB20	N/A	N/A
all smaller devices listed in the same package.)	XCV400	N/A	N/A	AC15, AD18, AD21, AD22, AF15	N/A
Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ AF20	AT19, AU7, AU17, AV8, AV10, AW11
pins are general i/o.	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ AF17	+ AV14
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ AU6
V _{REF} Bank 5	XCV50	T4, P8	N/A	N/A	N/A
(V _{REF} pins are listed	XCV100/150	+ R5	W8, Y10, AA5	N/A	N/A
incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both	XCV200/300	+ T2	+ Y6	N/A	N/A
the required device and all smaller devices	XCV400	N/A	N/A	AA10, AB8, AB12, AC7, AF12	N/A
listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ AF8	AT27, AU29, AU31, AV35, AW21, AW23
is not required, all V _{REF}	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ AE10	+ AT25
pins are general I/O.	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ AV36
V _{REF} Bank 6	XCV50	J3, N1	N/A	N/A	N/A
(V _{REF} pins are listed	XCV100/150	+ M1	N2, R4, T3	N/A	N/A
incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both	XCV200/300	+ N2	+ Y1	N/A	N/A
the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage	XCV400	N/A	N/A	AB3, R1, R4, U6, V5	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	+ Y1	AB35, AD37, AH39, AK39, AM39, AN36
is not required, all V _{REF}	XCV800	N/A	N/A	+ U2	+ AE39
pins are general I/O.	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ AT39



Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
No Connect (No-connect pins are listed incrementally. All pins listed for both the required device and all larger devices listed in the same package are no connects.)	XCV800	N/A	N/A	A2, A3, A15, A25, B1, B6, B11, B16, B21, B24, B26, C1, C2, C25, C26, F2, F6, F21, F25, L2, L25, N25, P2, T2, T25, AA2, AA6, AA21, AA25, AD1, AD2, AD25, AE1, AE3, AE6, AE11, AE14, AE16, AE21, AE24, AE26, AF2, AF24, AF25	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	same as above	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	+ A9, A10, A13, A16, A24, AC1, AC25, AE12, AE15, AF3, AF10, AF11, AF13, AF14, AF16, AF18, AF23, B4, B12, B13, B15, B17, D1, D25, H26, J1, K26, L1, M1, M25, N1, N26, P1, P26, R2, R26, T1, T26, U26, V1	N/A
	XCV300	N/A	D4, D19, W4, W19	N/A	N/A
	XCV200	N/A	+ A2, A6, A12, B11, B16, C2, D1, D18, E17, E19, G2, G22, L2, L19, M2, M21, R3, R20, U3, U18, Y22, AA1, AA3, AA11, AA16, AB7, AB12, AB21,	N/A	N/A
	XCV150	N/A	+ A13, A14, C8, C9, E13, F11, H21, J1, J4, K2, K18, K19, M17, N1, P1, P5, P22, R22, W13, W15, AA9, AA10, AB8, AB14	N/A	N/A



Revision History

Date	Version	Revision
11/98	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
01/99-02/99	1.2-1.3	Both versions updated package drawings and specs.
05/99	1.4	Addition of package drawings and specifications.
05/99	1.5	Replaced FG 676 & FG680 package drawings.
07/99	1.6	Changed Boundary Scan Information and changed Figure 11, Boundary Scan Bit Sequence. Updated IOB Input & Output delays. Added Capacitance info for different I/O Standards. Added 5 V tolerant information. Added DLL Parameters and waveforms and new Pin-to-pin Input and Output Parameter tables for Global Clock Input to Output and Setup and Hold. Changed Configuration Information including Figures 12, 14, 17 & 19. Added device-dependent listings for quiescent currents ICCINTQ and ICCOQ. Updated IOB Input and Output Delays based on default standard of LVTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate. Added IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments.
09/99	1.7	Speed grade update to preliminary status, Power-on specification and Clock-to-Out Minimums additions, "0" hold time listing explanation, quiescent current listing update, and Figure 6 ADDRA input label correction. Added T _{IJITCC} parameter, changed T _{OJIT} to T _{OPHASE} .
01/00	1.8	Update to speed.txt file 1.96. Corrections for CRs 111036,111137, 112697, 115479, 117153, 117154, and 117612. Modified notes for Recommended Operating Conditions (voltage and temperature). Changed Bank information for V _{CCO} in CS144 package on p.43.
01/00	1.9	Updated DLL Jitter Parameter table and waveforms, added Delay Measurement Methodology table for different I/O standards, changed buffered Hex line info and Input/Output Timing measurement notes.
03/00	2.0	New TBCKO values; corrected FG680 package connection drawing; new note about status of CCLK pin after configuration.
05/00	2.1	Modified "Pins not listed" statement. Speed grade update to Final status.
05/00	2.2	Modified Table 18.
09/00	2.3	 Added XCV400 values to table under Minimum Clock-to-Out for Virtex Devices. Corrected Units column in table under IOB Input Switching Characteristics. Added values to table under CLB SelectRAM Switching Characteristics.
10/00	2.4	 Corrected pinout info for devices in the BG256, BG432, and BG560 pkgs in Table 18. Corrected BG256 Pin Function Diagram.
04/02/01	2.5	 Revised minimums for Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTL Standard, with DLL. Converted file to modularized format. See section Virtex Data Sheet, below.
04/19/01	2.6	Corrected pinout information for FG676 device in Table 4. (Added AB22 pin.)
07/19/01	2.7	 Clarified V_{CCINT} pinout information and added AE19 pin for BG352 devices in Table 3. Changed pinouts listed for BG352 XCV400 devices in banks 0 thru 7.
07/19/02	2.8	Changed pinouts listed for GND in TQ144 devices (see Table 2).
03/01/13	4.0	The products listed in this data sheet are obsolete. See XCN10016 for further information.

Virtex Data Sheet

The Virtex Data Sheet contains the following modules:

- DS003-1, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Introduction and Ordering Information (Module 1)
- DS003-2, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Functional Description (Module 2)

- DS003-3, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: DC and Switching Characteristics (Module 3)
- DS003-4, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Pinout Tables (Module 4)