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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2400
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	10800
Total RAM Bits	81920
Number of I/O	316
Number of Gates	468252
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	432-LBGA Exposed Pad, Metal
Supplier Device Package	432-MBGA (40x40)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv400-4bg432i

Virtex Device/Package Combinations and Maximum I/O

Table 3: Virtex Family Maximum User I/O by Device/Package (Excluding Dedicated Clock Pins)

Package	XCV50	XCV100	XCV150	XCV200	XCV300	XCV400	XCV600	XCV800	XCV1000
CS144	94	94							
TQ144	98	98							
PQ240	166	166	166	166	166				
HQ240						166	166	166	
BG256	180	180	180	180					
BG352			260	260	260				
BG432					316	316	316	316	
BG560						404	404	404	404
FG256	176	176	176	176					
FG456			260	284	312				
FG676						404	444	444	
FG680							512	512	512

Virtex Ordering Information

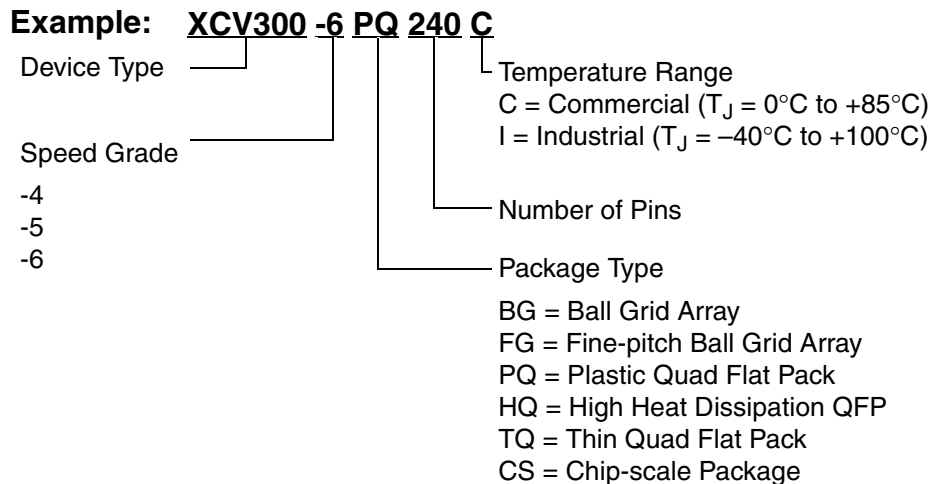


Figure 1: Virtex Ordering Information

Revision History

Date	Version	Revision
11/98	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
01/99-02/99	1.2-1.3	Both versions updated package drawings and specs.
05/99	1.4	Addition of package drawings and specifications.
05/99	1.5	Replaced FG 676 & FG680 package drawings.
07/99	1.6	Changed Boundary Scan Information and changed Figure 11, Boundary Scan Bit Sequence. Updated IOB Input & Output delays. Added Capacitance info for different I/O Standards. Added 5 V tolerant information. Added DLL Parameters and waveforms and new Pin-to-pin Input and Output Parameter tables for Global Clock Input to Output and Setup and Hold. Changed Configuration Information including Figures 12, 14, 17 & 19. Added device-dependent listings for quiescent currents ICCINTQ and ICCOQ. Updated IOB Input and Output Delays based on default standard of LVTTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate. Added IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments.
09/99	1.7	Speed grade update to preliminary status, Power-on specification and Clock-to-Out Minimums additions, "0" hold time listing explanation, quiescent current listing update, and Figure 6 ADDRA input label correction. Added T_{IJITCC} parameter, changed T_{OJIT} to T_{OPHASE} .
01/00	1.8	Update to speed.txt file 1.96. Corrections for CRs 111036, 111137, 112697, 115479, 117153, 117154, and 117612. Modified notes for Recommended Operating Conditions (voltage and temperature). Changed Bank information for V_{CCO} in CS144 package on p.43.
01/00	1.9	Updated DLL Jitter Parameter table and waveforms, added Delay Measurement Methodology table for different I/O standards, changed buffered Hex line info and Input/Output Timing measurement notes.
03/00	2.0	New TBCKO values; corrected FG680 package connection drawing; new note about status of CCLK pin after configuration.
05/00	2.1	Modified "Pins not listed..." statement. Speed grade update to Final status.
05/00	2.2	Modified Table 18.
09/00	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added XCV400 values to table under Minimum Clock-to-Out for Virtex Devices. Corrected Units column in table under IOB Input Switching Characteristics. Added values to table under CLB SelectRAM Switching Characteristics.
10/00	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected Pinout information for devices in the BG256, BG432, and BG560 packages in Table 18. Corrected BG256 Pin Function Diagram.
04/01	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revised minimums for Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTTL Standard, with DLL. Converted file to modularized format. See Virtex Data Sheet section.
03/13	4.0	The products listed in this data sheet are obsolete. See XCN10016 for further information.

Virtex Data Sheet

The Virtex Data Sheet contains the following modules:

- DS003-1, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
Introduction and Ordering Information (Module 1)
- DS003-2, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
Functional Description (Module 2)
- DS003-3, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
DC and Switching Characteristics (Module 3)
- DS003-4, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
Pinout Tables (Module 4)

Input Path

A buffer in the Virtex IOB input path routes the input signal either directly to internal logic or through an optional input flip-flop.

An optional delay element at the D-input of this flip-flop eliminates pad-to-pad hold time. The delay is matched to the internal clock-distribution delay of the FPGA, and when used, assures that the pad-to-pad hold time is zero.

Each input buffer can be configured to conform to any of the low-voltage signalling standards supported. In some of these standards the input buffer utilizes a user-supplied threshold voltage, V_{REF} . The need to supply V_{REF} imposes constraints on which standards can be used in close proximity to each other. See [I/O Banking, page 3](#).

There are optional pull-up and pull-down resistors at each user I/O input for use after configuration. Their value is in the range 50 k Ω – 100 k Ω .

Output Path

The output path includes a 3-state output buffer that drives the output signal onto the pad. The output signal can be routed to the buffer directly from the internal logic or through an optional IOB output flip-flop.

The 3-state control of the output can also be routed directly from the internal logic or through a flip-flop that provides synchronous enable and disable.

Each output driver can be individually programmed for a wide range of low-voltage signalling standards. Each output buffer can source up to 24 mA and sink up to 48mA. Drive strength and slew rate controls minimize bus transients.

In most signalling standards, the output High voltage depends on an externally supplied V_{CCO} voltage. The need to supply V_{CCO} imposes constraints on which standards can be used in close proximity to each other. See [I/O Banking, page 3](#).

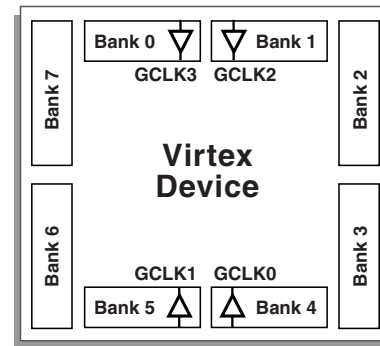
An optional weak-keeper circuit is connected to each output. When selected, the circuit monitors the voltage on the pad and weakly drives the pin High or Low to match the input signal. If the pin is connected to a multiple-source signal, the weak keeper holds the signal in its last state if all drivers are disabled. Maintaining a valid logic level in this way eliminates bus chatter.

Because the weak-keeper circuit uses the IOB input buffer to monitor the input level, an appropriate V_{REF} voltage must be provided if the signalling standard requires one. The provision of this voltage must comply with the I/O banking rules.

I/O Banking

Some of the I/O standards described above require V_{CCO} and/or V_{REF} voltages. These voltages externally and connected to device pins that serve groups of IOBs, called banks. Consequently, restrictions exist about which I/O standards can be combined within a given bank.

Eight I/O banks result from separating each edge of the FPGA into two banks, as shown in [Figure 3](#). Each bank has multiple V_{CCO} pins, all of which must be connected to the same voltage. This voltage is determined by the output standards in use.



X8778_b

Figure 3: Virtex I/O Banks

Within a bank, output standards can be mixed only if they use the same V_{CCO} . Compatible standards are shown in [Table 2](#). GTL and GTL+ appear under all voltages because their open-drain outputs do not depend on V_{CCO} .

Table 2: Compatible Output Standards

V_{CCO}	Compatible Standards
3.3 V	PCI, LVTTTL, SSTL3 I, SSTL3 II, CTT, AGP, GTL, GTL+
2.5 V	SSTL2 I, SSTL2 II, LVCMOS2, GTL, GTL+
1.5 V	HSTL I, HSTL III, HSTL IV, GTL, GTL+

Some input standards require a user-supplied threshold voltage, V_{REF} . In this case, certain user-I/O pins are automatically configured as inputs for the V_{REF} voltage. Approximately one in six of the I/O pins in the bank assume this role.

The V_{REF} pins within a bank are interconnected internally and consequently only one V_{REF} voltage can be used within each bank. All V_{REF} pins in the bank, however, must be connected to the external voltage source for correct operation.

Within a bank, inputs that require V_{REF} can be mixed with those that do not. However, only one V_{REF} voltage can be used within a bank. Input buffers that use V_{REF} are not 5 V tolerant. LVTTTL, LVCMOS2, and PCI 33 MHz 5 V, are 5 V tolerant.

The V_{CCO} and V_{REF} pins for each bank appear in the device Pinout tables and diagrams. The diagrams also show the bank affiliation of each I/O.

Within a given package, the number of V_{REF} and V_{CCO} pins can vary depending on the size of device. In larger devices,

Four dedicated clock pads are provided, one adjacent to each of the global buffers. The input to the global buffer is

selected either from these pads or from signals in the general purpose routing.

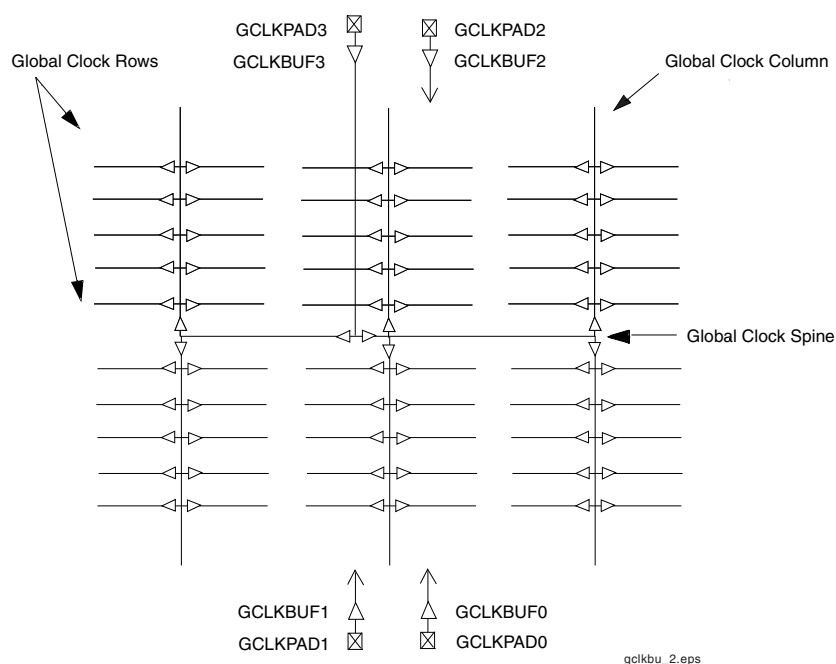


Figure 9: Global Clock Distribution Network

Delay-Locked Loop (DLL)

Associated with each global clock input buffer is a fully digital Delay-Locked Loop (DLL) that can eliminate skew between the clock input pad and internal clock-input pins throughout the device. Each DLL can drive two global clock networks. The DLL monitors the input clock and the distributed clock, and automatically adjusts a clock delay element. Clock edges reach internal flip-flops one to four clock periods after they arrive at the input. This closed-loop system effectively eliminates clock-distribution delay by ensuring that clock edges arrive at internal flip-flops in synchronism with clock edges arriving at the input.

In addition to eliminating clock-distribution delay, the DLL provides advanced control of multiple clock domains. The DLL provides four quadrature phases of the source clock, can double the clock, or divide the clock by 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, 8, or 16.

The DLL also operates as a clock mirror. By driving the output from a DLL off-chip and then back on again, the DLL can be used to de-skew a board level clock among multiple Virtex devices.

In order to guarantee that the system clock is operating correctly prior to the FPGA starting up after configuration, the DLL can delay the completion of the configuration process until after it has achieved lock.

See **DLL Timing Parameters**, page 21 of Module 3, for frequency range information.

Boundary Scan

Virtex devices support all the mandatory boundary-scan instructions specified in the IEEE standard 1149.1. A Test Access Port (TAP) and registers are provided that implement the EXTEST, INTEST, SAMPLE/PRELOAD, BYPASS, IDCODE, USERCODE, and HIGHZ instructions. The TAP also supports two internal scan chains and configuration/readback of the device. The TAP uses dedicated package pins that always operate using LVTTTL. For TDO to operate using LVTTTL, the V_{CCO} for Bank 2 should be 3.3 V. Otherwise, TDO switches rail-to-rail between ground and V_{CCO} .

Boundary-scan operation is independent of individual IOB configurations, and unaffected by package type. All IOBs, including un-bonded ones, are treated as independent 3-state bidirectional pins in a single scan chain. Retention of the bidirectional test capability after configuration facilitates the testing of external interconnections, provided the user design or application is turned off.

Table 5 lists the boundary-scan instructions supported in Virtex FPGAs. Internal signals can be captured during EXTEST by connecting them to un-bonded or unused IOBs. They can also be connected to the unused outputs of IOBs defined as unidirectional input pins.

Before the device is configured, all instructions except USER1 and USER2 are available. After configuration, all instructions are available. During configuration, it is recommended that those operations using the boundary-scan register (SAMPLE/PRELOAD, INTEST, EXTEST) not be performed.

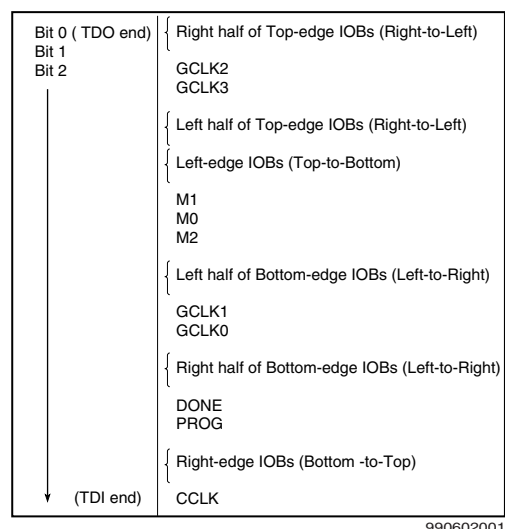


Figure 11: Boundary Scan Bit Sequence

Table 5: Boundary Scan Instructions

Boundary-Scan Command	Binary Code(4:0)	Description
EXTEST	00000	Enables boundary-scan EXTEST operation
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	00001	Enables boundary-scan SAMPLE/PRELOAD operation
USER 1	00010	Access user-defined register 1
USER 2	00011	Access user-defined register 2
CFG_OUT	00100	Access the configuration bus for read operations.
CFG_IN	00101	Access the configuration bus for write operations.
INTEST	00111	Enables boundary-scan INTEST operation
USERCODE	01000	Enables shifting out USER code
IDCODE	01001	Enables shifting out of ID Code
HIGHZ	01010	3-states output pins while enabling the Bypass Register
JSTART	01100	Clock the start-up sequence when StartupClk is TCK
BYPASS	11111	Enables BYPASS
RESERVED	All other codes	Xilinx reserved instructions

Identification Registers

The IDCODE register is supported. By using the IDCODE, the device connected to the JTAG port can be determined.

The IDCODE register has the following binary format:

vvvv:ffff:ffa:aaaa:aaaa:cccc:cccc:ccc1

where

v = the die version number

f = the family code (03h for Virtex family)

a = the number of CLB rows (ranges from 010h for XCV50 to 040h for XCV1000)

c = the company code (49h for Xilinx)

The USERCODE register is supported. By using the USER-CODE, a user-programmable identification code can be loaded and shifted out for examination. The identification code is embedded in the bitstream during bitstream generation and is valid only after configuration.

Table 6: IDCODEs Assigned to Virtex FPGAs

FPGA	IDCODE
XCV50	v0610093h
XCV100	v0614093h
XCV150	v0618093h
XCV200	v061C093h
XCV300	v0620093h
XCV400	v0628093h
XCV600	v0630093h
XCV800	v0638093h
XCV1000	v0640093h

Including Boundary Scan in a Design

Since the boundary scan pins are dedicated, no special element needs to be added to the design unless an internal data register (USER1 or USER2) is desired.

If an internal data register is used, insert the boundary scan symbol and connect the necessary pins as appropriate.

Development System

Virtex FPGAs are supported by the Xilinx Foundation and Alliance CAE tools. The basic methodology for Virtex design consists of three interrelated steps: design entry, implementation, and verification. Industry-standard tools are used for design entry and simulation (for example, Synopsys FPGA Express), while Xilinx provides proprietary architecture-specific tools for implementation.

The Xilinx development system is integrated under the Xilinx Design Manager (XDM™) software, providing design-



Virtex™ 2.5 V Field Programmable Gate Arrays

DS003-3 (v4.0) March 1, 2013

Production Product Specification

Virtex Electrical Characteristics

Definition of Terms

Electrical and switching characteristics are specified on a per-speed-grade basis and can be designated as Advance, Preliminary, or Production. Each designation is defined as follows:

Advance: These speed files are based on simulations only and are typically available soon after device design specifications are frozen. Although speed grades with this designation are considered relatively stable and conservative, some under-reporting might still occur.

Preliminary: These speed files are based on complete ES (engineering sample) silicon characterization. Devices and speed grades with this designation are intended to give a better indication of the expected performance of production silicon. The probability of under-reporting delays is greatly reduced as compared to Advance data.

Production: These speed files are released once enough production silicon of a particular device family member has been characterized to provide full correlation between speed files and devices over numerous production lots. There is no under-reporting of delays, and customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes. Typically, the slowest speed grades transition to Production before faster speed grades.

All specifications are representative of worst-case supply voltage and junction temperature conditions. The parameters included are common to popular designs and typical applications. Contact the factory for design considerations requiring more detailed information.

Table 1 correlates the current status of each Virtex device with a corresponding speed file designation.

Table 1: Virtex Device Speed Grade Designations

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XCV50			–6, –5, –4
XCV100			–6, –5, –4
XCV150			–6, –5, –4
XCV200			–6, –5, –4
XCV300			–6, –5, –4
XCV400			–6, –5, –4
XCV600			–6, –5, –4
XCV800			–6, –5, –4
XCV1000			–6, –5, –4

All specifications are subject to change without notice.

Clock Distribution Guidelines

Description	Device	Symbol	Speed Grade			Units
			-6	-5	-4	
Global Clock Skew ⁽¹⁾						
Global Clock Skew between IOB Flip-flops	XCV50	T _{GSKEWIOB}	0.10	0.12	0.14	ns, max
	XCV100		0.12	0.13	0.15	ns, max
	XCV150		0.12	0.13	0.15	ns, max
	XCV200		0.13	0.14	0.16	ns, max
	XCV300		0.14	0.16	0.18	ns, max
	XCV400		0.13	0.13	0.14	ns, max
	XCV600		0.14	0.15	0.17	ns, max
	XCV800		0.16	0.17	0.20	ns, max
	XCV1000		0.20	0.23	0.25	ns, max

Notes:

- These clock-skew delays are provided for guidance only. They reflect the delays encountered in a typical design under worst-case conditions. Precise values for a particular design are provided by the timing analyzer.

Clock Distribution Switching Characteristics

Description	Symbol	Speed Grade				Units
		Min	-6	-5	-4	
GCLK IOB and Buffer						
Global Clock PAD to output.	T _{GPIO}	0.33	0.7	0.8	0.9	ns, max
Global Clock Buffer I input to O output	T _{GIO}	0.34	0.7	0.8	0.9	ns, max

Virtex Pin-to-Pin Output Parameter Guidelines

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Listed below are representative values for typical pin locations and normal clock loading. Values are expressed in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted.

Global Clock Input to Output Delay for LVTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate, *with* DLL

Description	Symbol	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			Min	-6	-5	-4	
LVTTL Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-flop, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate, <i>with</i> DLL. For data <i>output</i> with different standards, adjust delays with the values shown in Output Delay Adjustments.	T _{ICKOFDLL}	XCV50	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV100	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV150	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV200	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV300	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV400	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV600	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV800	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max
		XCV1000	1.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	ns, max

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. Output timing is measured at 1.4 V with 35 pF external capacitive load for LVTTL. The 35 pF load does not apply to the Min values. For other I/O standards and different loads, see [Table 2](#) and [Table 3](#).
3. DLL output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Global Clock Input-to-Output Delay for LVTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate, *without* DLL

Description	Symbol	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			Min	-6	-5	-4	
LVTTL Global Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-flop, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate, <i>without</i> DLL. For data <i>output</i> with different standards, adjust delays with the values shown in Input and Output Delay Adjustments. For I/O standards requiring V _{REF} such as GTL, GTL+, SSTL, HSTL, CTT, and AGO, an additional 600 ps must be added.	T _{ICKOF}	XCV50	1.5	4.6	5.1	5.7	ns, max
		XCV100	1.5	4.6	5.1	5.7	ns, max
		XCV150	1.5	4.7	5.2	5.8	ns, max
		XCV200	1.5	4.7	5.2	5.8	ns, max
		XCV300	1.5	4.7	5.2	5.9	ns, max
		XCV400	1.5	4.8	5.3	6.0	ns, max
		XCV600	1.6	4.9	5.4	6.0	ns, max
		XCV800	1.6	4.9	5.5	6.2	ns, max
		XCV1000	1.7	5.0	5.6	6.3	ns, max

Notes:

1. Listed above are representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. Output timing is measured at 1.4 V with 35 pF external capacitive load for LVTTL. The 35 pF load does not apply to the Min values. For other I/O standards and different loads, see [Table 2](#) and [Table 3](#).

Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTL Standard, *without* DLL

Description	Symbol	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			Min	-6	-5	-4	
Input Setup and Hold Time Relative to Global Clock Input Signal for LVTTL Standard. ⁽²⁾ For data input with different standards, adjust the setup time delay by the values shown in Input Delay Adjustments.							
Full Delay Global Clock and IFF, without DLL	T _{PSFD} /T _{PHFD}	XCV50	0.6 / 0	2.3 / 0	2.6 / 0	2.9 / 0	ns, min
		XCV100	0.6 / 0	2.3 / 0	2.6 / 0	3.0 / 0	ns, min
		XCV150	0.6 / 0	2.4 / 0	2.7 / 0	3.1 / 0	ns, min
		XCV200	0.7 / 0	2.5 / 0	2.8 / 0	3.2 / 0	ns, min
		XCV300	0.7 / 0	2.5 / 0	2.8 / 0	3.2 / 0	ns, min
		XCV400	0.7 / 0	2.6 / 0	2.9 / 0	3.3 / 0	ns, min
		XCV600	0.7 / 0	2.6 / 0	2.9 / 0	3.3 / 0	ns, min
		XCV800	0.7 / 0	2.7 / 0	3.1 / 0	3.5 / 0	ns, min
		XCV1000	0.7 / 0	2.8 / 0	3.1 / 0	3.6 / 0	ns, min

IFF = Input Flip-Flop or Latch

Notes: Notes:

1. Set-up time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal with the fastest route and the lightest load. Hold time is measured relative to the Global Clock input signal with the slowest route and heaviest load.
2. A Zero "0" Hold Time listing indicates no hold time or a negative hold time. Negative values can not be guaranteed "best-case", but if a "0" is listed, there is no positive hold time.

Date	Version	Revision
01/00	1.9	Updated DLL Jitter Parameter table and waveforms, added Delay Measurement Methodology table for different I/O standards, changed buffered Hex line info and Input/Output Timing measurement notes.
03/00	2.0	New TBCKO values; corrected FG680 package connection drawing; new note about status of CCLK pin after configuration.
05/00	2.1	Modified "Pins not listed..." statement. Speed grade update to Final status.
05/00	2.2	Modified Table 18.
09/00	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added XCV400 values to table under Minimum Clock-to-Out for Virtex Devices. Corrected Units column in table under IOB Input Switching Characteristics. Added values to table under CLB SelectRAM Switching Characteristics.
10/00	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected Pinout information for devices in the BG256, BG432, and BG560 packages in Table 18. Corrected BG256 Pin Function Diagram.
04/02/01	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revised minimums for Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTTL Standard, with DLL. Converted file to modularized format. See the Virtex Data Sheet section.
04/19/01	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clarified TIOCKP and TIOCKON IOB Output Switching Characteristics descriptors.
07/19/01	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Under Absolute Maximum Ratings, changed (T_{SOL}) to 220 °C.
07/26/01	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Removed T_{SOL} parameter and added footnote to Absolute Maximum Ratings table.
10/29/01	2.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated the speed grade designations used in data sheets, and added Table 1, which shows the current speed grade designation for each device.
02/01/02	3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added footnote to DC Input and Output Levels table.
07/19/02	3.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Removed mention of MIL-M-38510/605 specification. Added link to xapp158 from the Power-On Power Supply Requirements section.
09/10/02	3.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added Clock CLK to IOB Input Switching Characteristics and IOB Output Switching Characteristics.
03/01/13	4.0	The products listed in this data sheet are obsolete. See XCN10016 for further information.

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- DS003-4, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
Pinout Tables (Module 4)

Table 2: Virtex Pinout Tables (Chip-Scale and QFP Packages) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	CS144	TQ144	PQ/HQ240
V_{CCO}	All	Banks 0 and 1: A2, A13, D7 Banks 2 and 3: B12, G11, M13 Banks 4 and 5: N1, N7, N13 Banks 6 and 7: B2, G2, M2	No I/O Banks in this package: 1, 17, 37, 55, 73, 92, 109, 128	No I/O Banks in this package: 15, 30, 44, 61, 76, 90, 105, 121, 136, 150, 165, 180, 197, 212, 226, 240
V_{REF} Bank 0 (V_{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V_{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	C4, D6	5, 13	218, 232
	XCV100/150	... + B4	... + 7	... + 229
	XCV200/300	N/A	N/A	... + 236
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	... + 215
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + 230
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + 222
V_{REF} Bank 1 (V_{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V_{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	A10, B8	22, 30	191, 205
	XCV100/150	... + D9	... + 28	... + 194
	XCV200/300	N/A	N/A	... + 187
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	... + 208
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + 193
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + 201
V_{REF} Bank 2 (V_{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V_{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	D11, F10	42, 50	157, 171
	XCV100/150	... + D13	... + 44	... + 168
	XCV200/300	N/A	N/A	... + 175
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	... + 154
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + 169
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + 161

Table 2: Virtex Pinout Tables (Chip-Scale and QFP Packages) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	CS144	TQ144	PQ/HQ240
V_{REF} Bank 6 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	H2, K1	116, 123	36, 50
	XCV100/150	... + J3	... + 118	... + 47
	XCV200/300	N/A	N/A	... + 54
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	... + 33
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + 48
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + 40
V_{REF} Bank 7 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	D4, E1	133, 140	9, 23
	XCV100/150	... + D2	... + 138	... + 12
	XCV200/300	N/A	N/A	... + 5
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	... + 26
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + 11
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + 19
GND	All	A1, B9, B11, C7, D5, E4, E11, F1, G10, J1, J12, L3, L5, L7, L9, N12	9, 18, 26, 35, 46, 54, 64, 75, 83, 91, 100, 111, 120, 129, 136, 144,	1, 8, 14, 22, 29, 37, 45, 51, 59, 69, 75, 83, 91, 98, 106, 112, 119, 129, 135, 143, 151, 158, 166, 172, 182, 190, 196, 204, 211, 219, 227, 233

Table 3: Virtex Pinout Tables (BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	BG256	BG352	BG432	BG560
V_{CCINT} Notes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Superset includes all pins, including the ones in bold type. Subset excludes pins in bold type. In BG352, for XCV300 all the V_{CCINT} pins in the superset must be connected. For XCV150/200, V_{CCINT} pins in the subset must be connected, and pins in bold type can be left unconnected (these unconnected pins cannot be used as user I/O.) In BG432, for XCV400/600/800 all V_{CCINT} pins in the superset must be connected. For XCV300, V_{CCINT} pins in the subset must be connected, and pins in bold type can be left unconnected (these unconnected pins cannot be used as user I/O.) In BG560, for XCV800/1000 all V_{CCINT} pins in the superset must be connected. For XCV400/600, V_{CCINT} pins in the subset must be connected, and pins in bold type can be left unconnected (these unconnected pins cannot be used as user I/O.) 	XCV50/100	C10, D6, D15, F4, F17, L3, L18, R4, R17, U6, U15, V10	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV150/200/300	Same as above	A20, C14, D10, J24, K4, P2, P25, V24, W2, AC10, AE14, AE19, B16, D12, L1, L25, R23, T1, AF11, AF16	A10, A17, B23, C14, C19, K3, K29, N2, N29, T1, T29, W2, W31, AB2, AB30, AJ10, AJ16, AK13, AK19, AK22, B26, C7, F1, F30, AE29, AF1, AH8, AH24	N/A
	XCV400/600/800/1000	N/A	N/A	Same as above	A21, B14, B18, B28, C24, E9, E12, F2, H30, J1, K32, N1, N33, U5, U30, Y2, Y31, AD2, AD32, AG3, AG31, AK8, AK11, AK17, AK20, AL14, AL27, AN25, B12, C22, M3, N29, AB2, AB32, AJ13, AL22
V _{CCO} , Bank 0	All	D7, D8	A17, B25, D19	A21, C29, D21	A22, A26, A30, B19, B32
V _{CCO} , Bank 1	All	D13, D14	A10, D7, D13	A1, A11, D11	A10, A16, B13, C3, E5
V _{CCO} , Bank 2	All	G17, H17	B2, H4, K1	C3, L1, L4	B2, D1, H1, M1, R2
V _{CCO} , Bank 3	All	N17, P17	P4, U1, Y4	AA1, AA4, AJ3	V1, AA2, AD1, AK1, AL2
V _{CCO} , Bank 4	All	U13, U14	AC8, AE2, AF10	AH11, AL1, AL11	AM2, AM15, AN4, AN8, AN12
V _{CCO} , Bank 5	All	U7, U8	AC14, AC20, AF17	AH21, AJ29, AL21	AL31, AM21, AN18, AN24, AN30
V _{CCO} , Bank 6	All	N4, P4	U26, W23, AE25	AA28, AA31, AL31	W32, AB33, AF33, AK33, AM32

Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
GCK0	All	N8	W12	AA14	AW19
GCK1	All	R8	Y11	AB13	AU22
GCK2	All	C9	A11	C13	D21
GCK3	All	B8	C11	E13	A20
M0	All	N3	AB2	AD4	AT37
M1	All	P2	U5	W7	AU38
M2	All	R3	Y4	AB6	AT35
CCLK	All	D15	B22	D24	E4
PROGRAM	All	P15	W20	AA22	AT5
DONE	All	R14	Y19	AB21	AU5
INIT	All	N15	V19	Y21	AU2
BUSY/DOUT	All	C15	C21	E23	E3
D0/DIN	All	D14	D20	F22	C2
D1	All	E16	H22	K24	P4
D2	All	F15	H20	K22	P3
D3	All	G16	K20	M22	R1
D4	All	J16	N22	R24	AD3
D5	All	M16	R21	U23	AG2
D6	All	N16	T22	V24	AH1
D7	All	N14	Y21	AB23	AR4
WRITE	All	C13	A20	C22	B4
CS	All	B13	C19	E21	D5
TDI	All	A15	B20	D22	B3
TDO	All	B14	A21	C23	C4
TMS	All	D3	D3	F5	E36
TCK	All	C4	C4	E6	C36
DXN	All	R4	Y5	AB7	AV37
DXP	All	P4	V6	Y8	AU35

Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
V_{REF} Bank 1 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	B9, C11	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV100/150	... + E11	A18, B13, E14	N/A	N/A
	XCV200/300	... + A14	... + A19	N/A	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	A14, C20, C21, D15, G16	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + B19	B6, B8, B18, D11, D13, D17
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + A17	... + B14
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	... + B5
V_{REF} Bank 2 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	F13, H13	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV100/150	... + F14	F21, H18, K21	N/A	N/A
	XCV200/300	... + E13	... + D22	N/A	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	F24, H23, K20, M23, M26	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + G26	G1, H4, J1, L2, V5, W3
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + K25	... + N1
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	... + D2
V_{REF} Bank 3 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	K16, L14	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV100/150	... + L13	N21, R19, U21	N/A	N/A
	XCV200/300	... + M13	... + U20	N/A	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	R23, R25, U21, W22, W23	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + W26	AC1, AJ2, AK3, AL4, AR1, Y1
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + U25	... + AF3
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	... + AP4

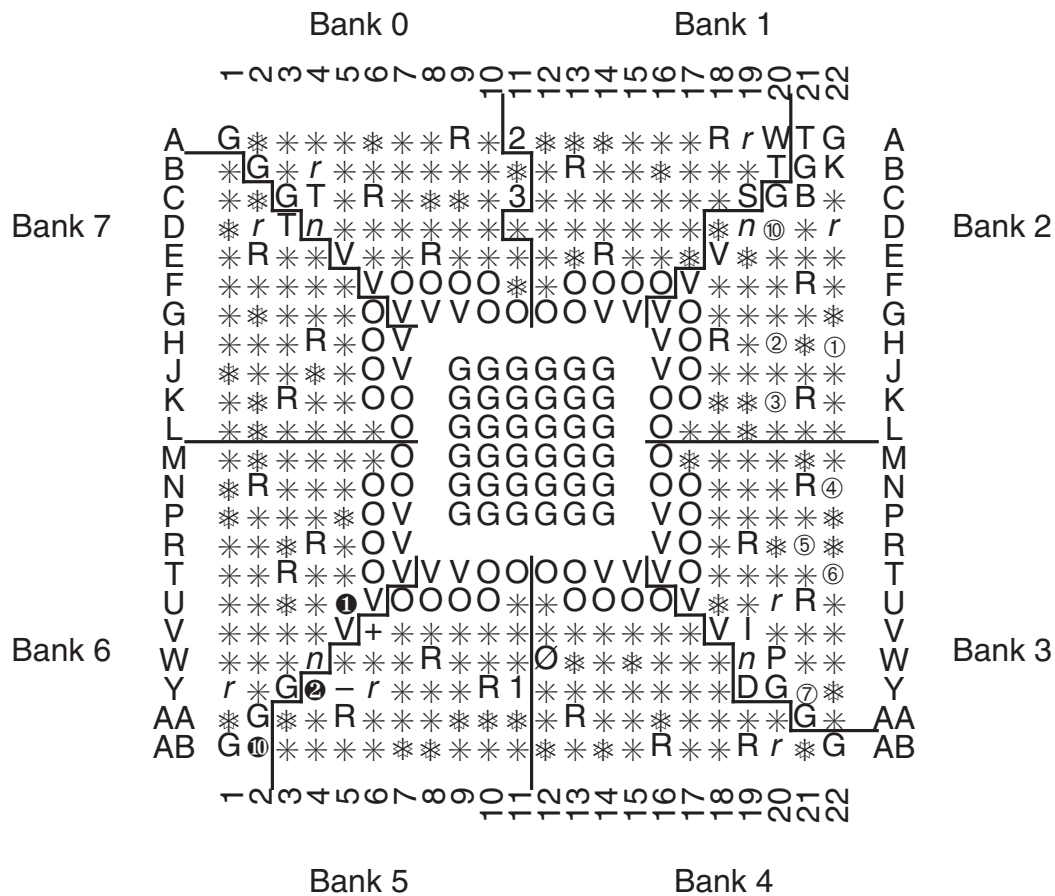
Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
V_{REF} Bank 4 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	P9, T12	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV100/150	... + T11	AA13, AB16, AB19	N/A	N/A
	XCV200/300	... + R13	... + AB20	N/A	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	AC15, AD18, AD21, AD22, AF15	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + AF20	AT19, AU7, AU17, AV8, AV10, AW11
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + AF17	... + AV14
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	... + AU6
V_{REF} Bank 5 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	T4, P8	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV100/150	... + R5	W8, Y10, AA5	N/A	N/A
	XCV200/300	... + T2	... + Y6	N/A	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	AA10, AB8, AB12, AC7, AF12	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + AF8	AT27, AU29, AU31, AV35, AW21, AW23
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + AE10	... + AT25
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	... + AV36
V_{REF} Bank 6 (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	J3, N1	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV100/150	... + M1	N2, R4, T3	N/A	N/A
	XCV200/300	... + N2	... + Y1	N/A	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	AB3, R1, R4, U6, V5	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + Y1	AB35, AD37, AH39, AK39, AM39, AN36
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + U2	... + AE39
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	... + AT39

Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA) (Continued)

Pin Name	Device	FG256	FG456	FG676	FG680
V_{REF} Bank 7 (V_{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V_{REF} pins are general I/O.	XCV50	C1, H3	N/A	N/A	N/A
	XCV100/150	... + D1	E2, H4, K3	N/A	N/A
	XCV200/300	... + B1	... + D2	N/A	N/A
	XCV400	N/A	N/A	F4, G4, K6, M2, M5	N/A
	XCV600	N/A	N/A	... + H1	E38, G38, L36, N36, U36, U38
	XCV800	N/A	N/A	... + K1	... + N38
	XCV1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	... + F36
GND	All	A1, A16, B2, B15, F6, F7, F10, F11, G6, G7, G8, G9, G10, G11, H7, H8, H9, H10, J7, J8, J9, J10, K6, K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, L6, L7, L10, L11, R2, R15, T1, T16	A1, A22, B2, B21, C3, C20, J9, J10, J11, J12, J13, J14, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, M9, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, N9, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, P9, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, Y3, Y20, AA2, AA21, AB1, AB22	A1, A26, B2, B9, B14, B18, B25, C3, C24, D4, D23, E5, E22, J2, J25, K10, K11, K12, K13, K14, K15, K16, K17, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L16, L17, M10, M11, M12, M13, M14, M15, M16, M17, N2, N10, N11, N12, N13, N14, N15, N16, N17, P10, P11, P12, P13, P14, P15, P16, P17, P25, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14, R15, R16, R17, T10, T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16, T17, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U16, U17, V2, V25, AB5, AB22, AC4, AC23, AD3, AD24, AE2, AE9, AE13, AE18, AE25, AF1, AF26	A1, A2, A3, A37, A38, A39, AA5, AA35, AH4, AH5, AH35, AH36, AR5, AR12, AR19, AR20, AR21, AR28, AR35, AT4, AT12, AT20, AT28, AT36, AU1, AU3, AU20, AU37, AU39, AV1, AV2, AV38, AV39, AW1, AW2, AW3, AW37, AW38, AW39, B1, B2, B38, B39, C1, C3, C20, C37, C39, D4, D12, D20, D28, D36, E5, E12, E19, E20, E21, E28, E35, M4, M5, M35, M36, W5, W35, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y35, Y36, Y37

FG456 Pin Function Diagram



FG456 (Top view)

Figure 9: FG456 Pin Function Diagram

Notes:

Packages FG456 and FG676 are layout compatible.

Revision History

Date	Version	Revision
11/98	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.
01/99-02/99	1.2-1.3	Both versions updated package drawings and specs.
05/99	1.4	Addition of package drawings and specifications.
05/99	1.5	Replaced FG 676 & FG680 package drawings.
07/99	1.6	Changed Boundary Scan Information and changed Figure 11, Boundary Scan Bit Sequence. Updated IOB Input & Output delays. Added Capacitance info for different I/O Standards. Added 5 V tolerant information. Added DLL Parameters and waveforms and new Pin-to-pin Input and Output Parameter tables for Global Clock Input to Output and Setup and Hold. Changed Configuration Information including Figures 12, 14, 17 & 19. Added device-dependent listings for quiescent currents ICCINTQ and ICCOQ. Updated IOB Input and Output Delays based on default standard of LVTTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate. Added IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments.
09/99	1.7	Speed grade update to preliminary status, Power-on specification and Clock-to-Out Minimums additions, "0" hold time listing explanation, quiescent current listing update, and Figure 6 ADDRA input label correction. Added T_{IJITCC} parameter, changed T_{OJIT} to T_{OPHASE} .
01/00	1.8	Update to speed.txt file 1.96. Corrections for CRs 111036, 111137, 112697, 115479, 117153, 117154, and 117612. Modified notes for Recommended Operating Conditions (voltage and temperature). Changed Bank information for V_{CCO} in CS144 package on p.43.
01/00	1.9	Updated DLL Jitter Parameter table and waveforms, added Delay Measurement Methodology table for different I/O standards, changed buffered Hex line info and Input/Output Timing measurement notes.
03/00	2.0	New TBCKO values; corrected FG680 package connection drawing; new note about status of CCLK pin after configuration.
05/00	2.1	Modified "Pins not listed..." statement. Speed grade update to Final status.
05/00	2.2	Modified Table 18.
09/00	2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added XCV400 values to table under Minimum Clock-to-Out for Virtex Devices. Corrected Units column in table under IOB Input Switching Characteristics. Added values to table under CLB SelectRAM Switching Characteristics.
10/00	2.4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected pinout info for devices in the BG256, BG432, and BG560 pkgs in Table 18. Corrected BG256 Pin Function Diagram.
04/02/01	2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revised minimums for Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTTL Standard, with DLL. Converted file to modularized format. See section Virtex Data Sheet, below.
04/19/01	2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corrected pinout information for FG676 device in Table 4. (Added AB22 pin.)
07/19/01	2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clarified V_{CCINT} pinout information and added AE19 pin for BG352 devices in Table 3. Changed pinouts listed for BG352 XCV400 devices in banks 0 thru 7.
07/19/02	2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changed pinouts listed for GND in TQ144 devices (see Table 2).
03/01/13	4.0	The products listed in this data sheet are obsolete. See XCN10016 for further information.

Virtex Data Sheet

The Virtex Data Sheet contains the following modules:

- DS003-1, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
Introduction and Ordering Information (Module 1)
- DS003-2, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
Functional Description (Module 2)
- DS003-3, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
DC and Switching Characteristics (Module 3)
- DS003-4, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs:
Pinout Tables (Module 4)