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Understanding <u>Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)</u>

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

| Details | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Product Status | Obsolete |
| Number of LABs/CLBs | 4704 |
| Number of Logic Elements/Cells | 21168 |
| Total RAM Bits | 114688 |
| Number of I/O | 166 |
| Number of Gates | 888439 |
| Voltage - Supply | 2.375V ~ 2.625V |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Operating Temperature | 0°C ~ 85°C (TJ) |
| Package / Case | 240-BFQFP Exposed Pad |
| Supplier Device Package | 240-PQFP (32x32) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/xilinx/xcv800-5hq240c |

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

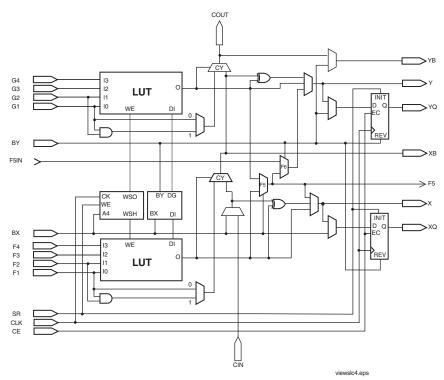


Figure 5: Detailed View of Virtex Slice

Additional Logic

The F5 multiplexer in each slice combines the function generator outputs. This combination provides either a function generator that can implement any 5-input function, a 4:1 multiplexer, or selected functions of up to nine inputs.

Similarly, the F6 multiplexer combines the outputs of all four function generators in the CLB by selecting one of the F5-multiplexer outputs. This permits the implementation of any 6-input function, an 8:1 multiplexer, or selected functions of up to 19 inputs.

Each CLB has four direct feedthrough paths, one per LC. These paths provide extra data input lines or additional local routing that does not consume logic resources.

Arithmetic Logic

Dedicated carry logic provides fast arithmetic carry capability for high-speed arithmetic functions. The Virtex CLB supports two separate carry chains, one per Slice. The height of the carry chains is two bits per CLB.

The arithmetic logic includes an XOR gate that allows a 1-bit full adder to be implemented within an LC. In addition, a dedicated AND gate improves the efficiency of multiplier implementation.

The dedicated carry path can also be used to cascade function generators for implementing wide logic functions.

BUFTs

Each Virtex CLB contains two 3-state drivers (BUFTs) that can drive on-chip busses. See **Dedicated Routing**, page 7. Each Virtex BUFT has an independent 3-state control pin and an independent input pin.

Block SelectRAM

Virtex FPGAs incorporate several large block SelectRAM memories. These complement the distributed LUT SelectRAMs that provide shallow RAM structures implemented in CLBs.

Block SelectRAM memory blocks are organized in columns. All Virtex devices contain two such columns, one along each vertical edge. These columns extend the full height of the chip. Each memory block is four CLBs high, and consequently, a Virtex device 64 CLBs high contains 16 memory blocks per column, and a total of 32 blocks.

Table 3 shows the amount of block SelectRAM memory that is available in each Virtex device.

Table 3: Virtex Block SelectRAM Amounts

| Device | # of Blocks | Total Block SelectRAM Bits |
|---------|-------------|----------------------------|
| XCV50 | 8 | 32,768 |
| XCV100 | 10 | 40,960 |
| XCV150 | 12 | 49,152 |
| XCV200 | 14 | 57,344 |
| XCV300 | 16 | 65,536 |
| XCV400 | 20 | 81,920 |
| XCV600 | 24 | 98,304 |
| XCV800 | 28 | 114,688 |
| XCV1000 | 32 | 131,072 |



Each block SelectRAM cell, as illustrated in Figure 6, is a fully synchronous dual-ported 4096-bit RAM with independent control signals for each port. The data widths of the two ports can be configured independently, providing built-in bus-width conversion.

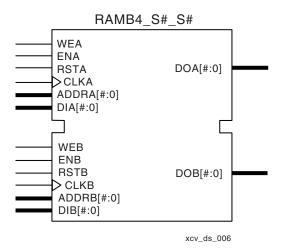


Figure 6: Dual-Port Block SelectRAM

Table 4 shows the depth and width aspect ratios for the block SelectRAM.

Table 4: Block SelectRAM Port Aspect Ratios

| Width | Depth | ADDR Bus | Data Bus |
|-------|-------|------------|------------|
| 1 | 4096 | ADDR<11:0> | DATA<0> |
| 2 | 2048 | ADDR<10:0> | DATA<1:0> |
| 4 | 1024 | ADDR<9:0> | DATA<3:0> |
| 8 | 512 | ADDR<8:0> | DATA<7:0> |
| 16 | 256 | ADDR<7:0> | DATA<15:0> |

The Virtex block SelectRAM also includes dedicated routing to provide an efficient interface with both CLBs and other block SelectRAMs. Refer to XAPP130 for block SelectRAM timing waveforms.

Programmable Routing Matrix

It is the longest delay path that limits the speed of any worst-case design. Consequently, the Virtex routing architecture and its place-and-route software were defined in a single optimization process. This joint optimization minimizes long-path delays, and consequently, yields the best system performance.

The joint optimization also reduces design compilation times because the architecture is software-friendly. Design cycles are correspondingly reduced due to shorter design iteration times.

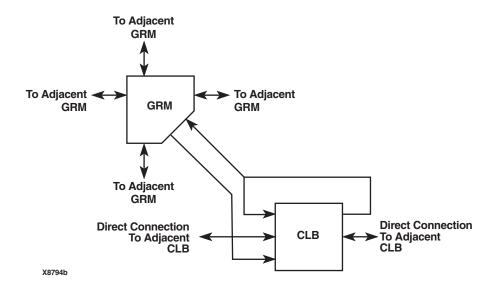


Figure 7: Virtex Local Routing

Local Routing

The VersaBlock provides local routing resources, as shown in Figure 7, providing the following three types of connections.

- Interconnections among the LUTs, flip-flops, and GRM
- Internal CLB feedback paths that provide high-speed connections to LUTs within the same CLB, chaining them together with minimal routing delay
- Direct paths that provide high-speed connections between horizontally adjacent CLBs, eliminating the delay of the GRM.



Configuration

Virtex devices are configured by loading configuration data into the internal configuration memory. Some of the pins used for this are dedicated configuration pins, while others can be re-used as general purpose inputs and outputs once configuration is complete.

The following are dedicated pins:

- Mode pins (M2, M1, M0)
- Configuration clock pin (CCLK)
- PROGRAM pin
- DONE pin
- Boundary-scan pins (TDI, TDO, TMS, TCK)

Depending on the configuration mode chosen, CCLK can be an output generated by the FPGA, or it can be generated externally and provided to the FPGA as an input. The PROGRAM pin must be pulled High prior to reconfiguration.

Note that some configuration pins can act as outputs. For correct operation, these pins can require a V_{CCO} of 3.3 V to permit LVTTL operation. All the pins affected are in banks 2 or 3. The configuration pins needed for SelectMap (CS, Write) are located in bank 1.

After Virtex devices are configured, unused IOBs function as 3-state OBUFTs with weak pull downs. For a more detailed description than that given below, see the XAPP138, Virtex Configuration and Readback.

Configuration Modes

Virtex supports the following four configuration modes.

- Slave-serial mode
- Master-serial mode
- SelectMAP mode
- · Boundary-scan mode

The Configuration mode pins (M2, M1, M0) select among these configuration modes with the option in each case of having the IOB pins either pulled up or left floating prior to configuration. The selection codes are listed in Table 7.

Configuration through the boundary-scan port is always available, independent of the mode selection. Selecting the boundary-scan mode simply turns off the other modes. The three mode pins have internal pull-up resistors, and default to a logic High if left unconnected. However, it is recommended to drive the configuration mode pins externally.

Table 7: Configuration Codes

| Configuration Mode | M2 | M1 | МО | CCLK Direction | Data Width | Serial D _{out} | Configuration Pull-ups |
|--------------------|----|----|----|-----------------------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Master-serial mode | 0 | 0 | 0 | Out | 1 | Yes | No |
| Boundary-scan mode | 1 | 0 | 1 | N/A | 1 | No | No |
| SelectMAP mode | 1 | 1 | 0 | In | 8 | No | No |
| Slave-serial mode | 1 | 1 | 1 | In | 1 | Yes | No |
| Master-serial mode | 1 | 0 | 0 | Out | 1 | Yes | Yes |
| Boundary-scan mode | 0 | 0 | 1 | N/A | 1 | No | Yes |
| SelectMAP mode | 0 | 1 | 0 | In | 8 | No | Yes |
| Slave-serial mode | 0 | 1 | 1 | In | 1 | Yes | Yes |

Slave-Serial Mode

In slave-serial mode, the FPGA receives configuration data in bit-serial form from a serial PROM or other source of serial configuration data. The serial bitstream must be setup at the DIN input pin a short time before each rising edge of an externally generated CCLK.

For more information on serial PROMs, see the PROM data sheet at:

http://www.xilinx.com/bvdocs/publications/ds026.pdf.

Multiple FPGAs can be daisy-chained for configuration from a single source. After a particular FPGA has been configured, the data for the next device is routed to the DOUT pin. The data on the DOUT pin changes on the rising edge of CCLK.

The change of DOUT on the rising edge of CCLK differs from previous families, but does not cause a problem for

mixed configuration chains. This change was made to improve serial configuration rates for Virtex-only chains.

Figure 12 shows a full master/slave system. A Virtex device in slave-serial mode should be connected as shown in the third device from the left.

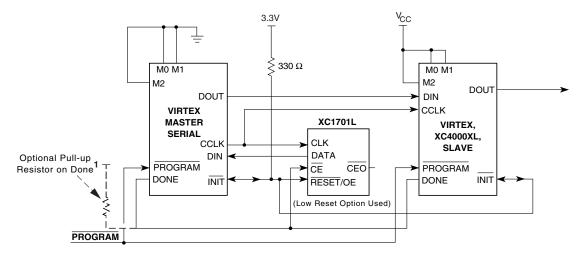
Slave-serial mode is selected by applying <111> or <011> to the mode pins (M2, M1, M0). A weak pull-up on the mode pins makes slave-serial the default mode if the pins are left unconnected. However, it is recommended to drive the configuration mode pins externally. Figure 13 shows slave-serial mode programming switching characteristics.

Table 8 provides more detail about the characteristics shown in Figure 13. Configuration must be delayed until the INIT pins of all daisy-chained FPGAs are High.



Table 8: Master/Slave Serial Mode Programming Switching

| | Description | Figure References | Symbol | Values | Units |
|-------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| | DIN setup/hold, slave mode | 1/2 | T_{DCC}/T_{CCD} | 5.0 / 0 | ns, min |
| | DIN setup/hold, master mode | 1/2 | T _{DSCK} /T _{CKDS} | 5.0 / 0 | ns, min |
| | DOUT | 3 | T _{CCO} | 12.0 | ns, max |
| CCLK | High time | 4 | T _{CCH} | 5.0 | ns, min |
| OOLIK | Low time | 5 | T _{CCL} | 5.0 | ns, min |
| | Maximum Frequency | | F _{CC} | 66 | MHz, max |
| | Frequency Tolerance, master mode with respect to nominal | | | +45% -30% | |



Note 1: If none of the Virtex FPGAs have been selected to drive DONE, an external pull-up resistor of 330 Ω should be added to the common DONE line. (For Spartan-XL devices, add a 4.7K Ω pull-up resistor.) This pull-up is not needed if the DriveDONE attribute is set. If used, DriveDONE should be selected only for the last device in the configuration chain.

xcv_12_050103

Figure 12: Master/Slave Serial Mode Circuit Diagram

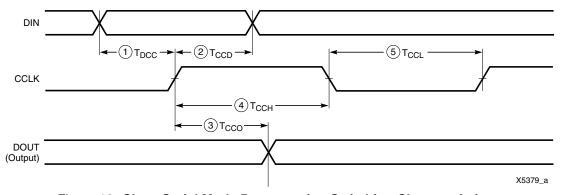


Figure 13: Slave-Serial Mode Programming Switching Characteristics



Data Stream Format

Virtex devices are configured by sequentially loading frames of data. Table 11 lists the total number of bits required to configure each device. For more detailed information, see application note XAPP151 "Virtex Configuration Architecture Advanced Users Guide".

Table 11: Virtex Bit-Stream Lengths

| Device | # of Configuration Bits |
|---------|-------------------------|
| XCV50 | 559,200 |
| XCV100 | 781,216 |
| XCV150 | 1,040,096 |
| XCV200 | 1,335,840 |
| XCV300 | 1,751,808 |
| XCV400 | 2,546,048 |
| XCV600 | 3,607,968 |
| XCV800 | 4,715,616 |
| XCV1000 | 6,127,744 |

Readback

The configuration data stored in the Virtex configuration memory can be readback for verification. Along with the configuration data it is possible to readback the contents all flip-flops/latches, LUTRAMs, and block RAMs. This capability is used for real-time debugging.

For more detailed information, see Application Note XAPP138: *Virtex FPGA Series Configuration and Readback*, available online at www.xilinx.com.

Revision History

| Date | Version | Revision |
|-------|---------|--|
| 11/98 | 1.0 | Initial Xilinx release. |
| 01/99 | 1.2 | Updated package drawings and specs. |
| 02/99 | 1.3 | Update of package drawings, updated specifications. |
| 05/99 | 1.4 | Addition of package drawings and specifications. |
| 05/99 | 1.5 | Replaced FG 676 & FG680 package drawings. |
| 07/99 | 1.6 | Changed Boundary Scan Information and changed Figure 11, Boundary Scan Bit Sequence. Updated IOB Input & Output delays. Added Capacitance info for different I/O Standards. Added 5 V tolerant information. Added DLL Parameters and waveforms and new Pin-to-pin Input and Output Parameter tables for Global Clock Input to Output and Setup and Hold. Changed Configuration Information including Figures 12, 14, 17 & 19. Added device-dependent listings for quiescent currents ICCINTQ and ICCOQ. Updated IOB Input and Output Delays based on default standard of LVTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate. Added IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments. |
| 09/99 | 1.7 | Speed grade update to preliminary status, Power-on specification and Clock-to-Out Minimums additions, "0" hold time listing explanation, quiescent current listing update, and Figure 6 ADDRA input label correction. Added T _{IJITCC} parameter, changed T _{OJIT} to T _{OPHASE} . |
| 01/00 | 1.8 | Update to speed.txt file 1.96. Corrections for CRs 111036,111137, 112697, 115479, 117153, 117154, and 117612. Modified notes for Recommended Operating Conditions (voltage and temperature). Changed Bank information for V _{CCO} in CS144 package on p.43. |



DC Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Description | 1 | Device | Min | Max | Units |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------|----------|------|-------|
| V _{DRINT} | Data Retention V _{CCINT} Voltage | | All | 2.0 | | V |
| 21 | (below which configuration data can be | e lost) | | | | |
| V_{DRIO} | Data Retention V _{CCO} Voltage (below which configuration data can be | e lost) | All | 1.2 | | V |
| I _{CCINTQ} | Quiescent V _{CCINT} supply current ^(1,3) | | XCV50 | | 50 | mA |
| | | | XCV100 | | 50 | mA |
| | | | XCV150 | | 50 | mA |
| | | | XCV200 | | 75 | mA |
| | | | XCV300 | | 75 | mA |
| | | | XCV400 | | 75 | mA |
| | | | XCV600 | | 100 | mA |
| | | | XCV800 | | 100 | mA |
| | | | XCV1000 | | 100 | mA |
| Iccoq | Quiescent V _{CCO} supply current ⁽¹⁾ | | XCV50 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV100 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV150 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV200 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV300 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV400 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV600 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV800 | | 2 | mA |
| | | | XCV1000 | | 2 | mA |
| I _{REF} | V _{REF} current per V _{REF} pin | | All | | 20 | μΑ |
| ΙL | Input or output leakage current | | All | -10 | +10 | μΑ |
| C _{IN} | Input capacitance (sample tested) | BGA, PQ, HQ, packages | All | | 8 | pF |
| I _{RPU} | Pad pull-up (when selected) @ V _{in} = 0 tested) | V, V _{CCO} = 3.3 V (sample | All | Note (2) | 0.25 | mA |
| I _{RPD} | Pad pull-down (when selected) @ V _{in} = | = 3.6 V (sample tested) | | Note (2) | 0.15 | mA |

- 1. With no output current loads, no active input pull-up resistors, all I/O pins 3-stated and floating.
- 2. Internal pull-up and pull-down resistors guarantee valid logic levels at unconnected input pins. These pull-up and pull-down resistors do not guarantee valid logic levels when input pins are connected to other circuits.
- 3. Multiply I_{CCINTQ} limit by two for industrial grade.



Virtex Switching Characteristics

All devices are 100% functionally tested. Internal timing parameters are derived from measuring internal test patterns. Listed below are representative values. For more specific, more precise, and worst-case guaranteed data, use the values reported by the static timing analyzer (TRCE

in the Xilinx Development System) and back-annotated to the simulation net list. All timing parameters assume worst-case operating conditions (supply voltage and junction temperature). Values apply to all Virtex devices unless otherwise noted.

IOB Input Switching Characteristics

Input delays associated with the pad are specified for LVTTL levels. For other standards, adjust the delays with the values shown in , page 6.

| | | | | Speed | Grade | | |
|--|---------|---------------------|------|-------|-------|-----|---------|
| Description | Device | Symbol | Min | -6 | -5 | -4 | Units |
| Propagation Delays | | | | | | | |
| Pad to I output, no delay | All | T _{IOPI} | 0.39 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | ns, max |
| Pad to I output, with delay | XCV50 | T _{IOPID} | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | ns, max |
| | XCV100 | | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | ns, max |
| | XCV150 | | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | ns, max |
| | XCV200 | | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | ns, max |
| | XCV300 | | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | ns, max |
| | XCV400 | | 0.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.3 | ns, max |
| | XCV600 | | 0.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.3 | ns, max |
| | XCV800 | | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.7 | ns, max |
| | XCV1000 | | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.7 | ns, max |
| Pad to output IQ via transparent latch, no delay | All | T _{IOPLI} | 0.8 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | ns, max |
| Pad to output IQ via transparent | XCV50 | T _{IOPLID} | 1.9 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | ns, max |
| latch, with delay | XCV100 | | 1.9 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | ns, max |
| | XCV150 | | 2.0 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.9 | ns, max |
| | XCV200 | | 2.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.1 | ns, max |
| | XCV300 | | 2.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.1 | ns, max |
| | XCV400 | | 2.1 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 5.3 | ns, max |
| | XCV600 | | 2.1 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.4 | ns, max |
| | XCV800 | | 2.2 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.6 | ns, max |
| | XCV1000 | | 2.3 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.8 | ns, max |
| Sequential Delays | | | · | | | | |
| Clock CLK | All | | | | | | |
| Minimum Pulse Width, High | | T _{CH} | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 | ns, min |
| Minimum Pulse Width, Low | | T _{CL} | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 | ns, min |
| Clock CLK to output IQ | | T _{IOCKIQ} | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 8.0 | ns, max |



IOB Output Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments

Output delays terminating at a pad are specified for LVTTL with 12 mA drive and fast slew rate. For other standards, adjust the delays by the values shown.

| | | | | Speed | Grade | | Unit |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Description | Symbol | Standard ⁽¹⁾ | Min | -6 | -5 | -4 | s |
| Output Delay Adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Standard-specific adjustments for | T _{OLVTTL_S2} | LVTTL, Slow, 2 mA | 4.2 | 14.7 | 15.8 | 17.0 | ns |
| output delays terminating at pads (based on standard capacitive load, | T _{OLVTTL_S4} | 4 mA | 2.5 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.6 | ns |
| Csl) | T _{OLVTTL_S6} | 6 mA | 1.8 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.6 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_S8} | 8 mA | 1.2 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.5 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_S12} | 12 mA | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_S16} | 16 mA | 0.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_S24} | 24 mA | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.6 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_F2} | LVTTL, Fast, 2mA | 1.9 | 13.1 | 14.0 | 15.1 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_F4} | 4 mA | 0.7 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 6.1 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_F6} | 6 mA | 0.2 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_F8} | 8 mA | 0.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_F12} | 12 mA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_F16} | 16 mA | -0.10 | -0.05 | -0.05 | -0.05 | ns |
| | T _{OLVTTL_F24} | 24 mA | -0.10 | -0.20 | -0.21 | -0.23 | ns |
| | T _{OLVCMOS2} | LVCMOS2 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | ns |
| | T _{OPCl33_3} | PCI, 33 MHz, 3.3 V | 0.50 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | ns |
| | T _{OPCl33_5} | PCI, 33 MHz, 5.0 V | 0.40 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.3 | ns |
| | T _{OPCI66_3} | PCI, 66 MHz, 3.3 V | 0.10 | -0.40 | -0.42 | -0.46 | ns |
| | T _{OGTL} | GTL | 0.6 | 0.50 | 0.54 | 0.6 | ns |
| | T _{OGTLP} | GTL+ | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | ns |
| | T _{OHSTL_I} | HSTL I | 0.10 | -0.50 | -0.53 | -0.5 | ns |
| | T _{OHSTL_III} | HSTL III | -0.10 | -0.9 | -0.9 | -1.0 | ns |
| | T _{OHSTL_IV} | HSTL IV | -0.20 | -1.0 | -1.0 | -1.1 | ns |
| | T _{OSSTL2_I} | SSTL2 I | -0.10 | -0.50 | -0.53 | -0.5 | ns |
| | T _{OSSLT2_II} | SSTL2 II | -0.20 | -0.9 | -0.9 | -1.0 | ns |
| | T _{OSSTL3_I} | SSTL3 I | -0.20 | -0.50 | -0.53 | -0.5 | ns |
| | T _{OSSTL3_II} | SSTL3 II | -0.30 | -1.0 | -1.0 | -1.1 | ns |
| | T _{OCTT} | CTT | 0 | -0.6 | -0.6 | -0.6 | ns |
| | T _{OAGP} | AGP | 0 | -0.9 | -0.9 | -1.0 | ns |

^{1.} Output timing is measured at 1.4 V with 35 pF external capacitive load for LVTTL. For other I/O standards and different loads, see Table 2 and Table 3.



Calculation of T_{ioop} as a Function of Capacitance

 T_{ioop} is the propagation delay from the O Input of the IOB to the pad. The values for T_{ioop} were based on the standard capacitive load (CsI) for each I/O standard as listed in Table 2.

Table 2: Constants for Calculating T_{ioop}

| Standard | Csl (pF) | fl (ns/pF) |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 2mA drive | 35 | 0.41 |
| LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 4mA drive | 35 | 0.20 |
| LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 6mA drive | 35 | 0.13 |
| LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 8mA drive | 35 | 0.079 |
| LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 12mA drive | 35 | 0.044 |
| LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 16mA drive | 35 | 0.043 |
| LVTTL Fast Slew Rate, 24mA drive | 35 | 0.033 |
| LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 2mA drive | 35 | 0.41 |
| LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 4mA drive | 35 | 0.20 |
| LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 6mA drive | 35 | 0.100 |
| LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 8mA drive | 35 | 0.086 |
| LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 12mA drive | 35 | 0.058 |
| LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 16mA drive | 35 | 0.050 |
| LVTTL Slow Slew Rate, 24mA drive | 35 | 0.048 |
| LVCMOS2 | 35 | 0.041 |
| PCI 33MHz 5V | 50 | 0.050 |
| PCI 33MHZ 3.3 V | 10 | 0.050 |
| PCI 66 MHz 3.3 V | 10 | 0.033 |
| GTL | 0 | 0.014 |
| GTL+ | 0 | 0.017 |
| HSTL Class I | 20 | 0.022 |
| HSTL Class III | 20 | 0.016 |
| HSTL Class IV | 20 | 0.014 |
| SSTL2 Class I | 30 | 0.028 |
| SSTL2 Class II | 30 | 0.016 |
| SSTL3 Class I | 30 | 0.029 |
| SSTL3 Class II | 30 | 0.016 |
| СТТ | 20 | 0.035 |
| AGP | 10 | 0.037 |

Notes:

- I/O parameter measurements are made with the capacitance values shown above. See Application Note XAPP133 on <u>www.xilinx.com</u> for appropriate terminations.
- I/O standard measurements are reflected in the IBIS model information except where the IBIS format precludes it.

For other capacitive loads, use the formulas below to calculate the corresponding T_{ioop} .

$$T_{ioop} = T_{ioop} + T_{opadjust} + (C_{load} - C_{sl}) * fl$$

Where:

 $T_{opadjust}$ is reported above in the Output Delay Adjustment section.

C_{load} is the capacitive load for the design.

Table 3: Delay Measurement Methodology

| Standard | ν _L (1) | V _H ⁽¹⁾ | Meas. Point | V _{REF} Typ ⁽²⁾ |
|----------------|--|--|------------------|--|
| LVTTL | 0 | 3 | 1.4 | - |
| LVCMOS2 | 0 | 2.5 | 1.125 | - |
| PCI33_5 | Pe | er PCI Spec | | - |
| PCI33_3 | Pe | er PCI Spec | | - |
| PCI66_3 | Pe | er PCI Spec | | - |
| GTL | V _{REF} -0.2 | V _{REF} +0.2 | V _{REF} | 0.80 |
| GTL+ | V _{REF} -0.2 | V _{REF} +0.2 | V _{REF} | 1.0 |
| HSTL Class I | V _{REF} -0.5 | V _{REF} +0.5 | V _{REF} | 0.75 |
| HSTL Class III | V _{REF} -0.5 | V _{REF} +0.5 | V _{REF} | 0.90 |
| HSTL Class IV | V _{REF} -0.5 | V _{REF} +0.5 | V _{REF} | 0.90 |
| SSTL3 I & II | V _{REF} -1.0 | V _{REF} +1.0 | V _{REF} | 1.5 |
| SSTL2 I & II | V _{REF} -0.75 | V _{REF} +0.75 | V_{REF} | 1.25 |
| CTT | V _{REF} -0.2 | V _{REF} +0.2 | V _{REF} | 1.5 |
| AGP | V _{REF} – (0.2xV _{CCO}) | V _{REF} + (0.2xV _{CCO}) | V _{REF} | Per AGP Spec |

- Input waveform switches between V_Land V_H.
- 2. Measurements are made at VREF (Typ), Maximum, and Minimum. Worst-case values are reported.
- I/O parameter measurements are made with the capacitance values shown in Table 2. See Application Note XAPP133 on www.xilinx.com for appropriate terminations.
- 4. I/O standard measurements are reflected in the IBIS model information except where the IBIS format precludes it.



I/O Standard Global Clock Input Adjustments

| | | | Speed Grade | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
| Description | Symbol | Standard ⁽¹⁾ | Min | -6 | -5 | -4 | Units |
| Data Input Delay Adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Standard-specific global clock input delay adjustments | T _{GPLVTTL} | LVTTL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPLVCMOS} | LVCMOS2 | -0.02 | -0.04 | -0.04 | -0.05 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPPCl33_3} | PCI, 33 MHz, 3.3 V | -0.05 | -0.11 | -0.12 | -0.14 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPPCl33_5} | PCI, 33 MHz, 5.0 V | 0.13 | 0.25 | 0.28 | 0.33 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPPCl66_3} | PCI, 66 MHz, 3.3 V | -0.05 | -0.11 | -0.12 | -0.14 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPGTL} | GTL | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPGTLP} | GTL+ | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPHSTL} | HSTL | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPSSTL2} | SSTL2 | 0.6 | 0.52 | 0.51 | 0.50 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPSSTL3} | SSTL3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.55 | 0.54 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPCTT} | СТТ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ns, max |
| | T _{GPAGP} | AGP | 0.6 | 0.54 | 0.53 | 0.52 | ns, max |

^{1.} Input timing for GPLVTTL is measured at 1.4 V. For other I/O standards, see Table 3.



Period Tolerance: the allowed input clock period change in nanoseconds.

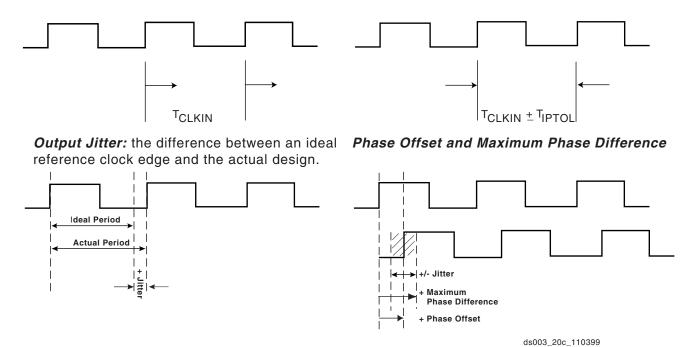


Figure 1: Frequency Tolerance and Clock Jitter

Revision History

| Date | Version | Revision |
|-------|---------|--|
| 11/98 | 1.0 | Initial Xilinx release. |
| 01/99 | 1.2 | Updated package drawings and specs. |
| 02/99 | 1.3 | Update of package drawings, updated specifications. |
| 05/99 | 1.4 | Addition of package drawings and specifications. |
| 05/99 | 1.5 | Replaced FG 676 & FG680 package drawings. |
| 07/99 | 1.6 | Changed Boundary Scan Information and changed Figure 11, Boundary Scan Bit Sequence. Updated IOB Input & Output delays. Added Capacitance info for different I/O Standards. Added 5 V tolerant information. Added DLL Parameters and waveforms and new Pin-to-pin Input and Output Parameter tables for Global Clock Input to Output and Setup and Hold. Changed Configuration Information including Figures 12, 14, 17 & 19. Added device-dependent listings for quiescent currents ICCINTQ and ICCOQ. Updated IOB Input and Output Delays based on default standard of LVTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate. Added IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments. |
| 09/99 | 1.7 | Speed grade update to preliminary status, Power-on specification and Clock-to-Out Minimums additions, "0" hold time listing explanation, quiescent current listing update, and Figure 6 ADDRA input label correction. Added T _{IJITCC} parameter, changed T _{OJIT} to T _{OPHASE} . |
| 01/00 | 1.8 | Update to speed.txt file 1.96. Corrections for CRs 111036,111137, 112697, 115479, 117153, 117154, and 117612. Modified notes for Recommended Operating Conditions (voltage and temperature). Changed Bank information for V _{CCO} in CS144 package on p.43. |

Product Obsolete/Under Obsolescence







Table 2: Virtex Pinout Tables (Chip-Scale and QFP Packages) (Continued)

| Pin Name | Device | CS144 | TQ144 | PQ/HQ240 |
|---|------------|---|---|--|
| V _{CCO} | All | Banks 0 and 1: A2, A13, D7 Banks 2 and 3: B12, G11, M13 Banks 4 and 5: N1, N7, N13 Banks 6 and 7: B2, G2, M2 | No I/O Banks in this package: 1, 17, 37, 55, 73, 92, 109, 128 | No I/O Banks in this package: 15, 30, 44, 61, 76, 90, 105, 121, 136, 150, 165, 180, 197, 212, 226, 240 |
| V _{RFF} Bank 0 | XCV50 | C4, D6 | 5, 13 | 218, 232 |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed | XCV100/150 | + B4 | + 7 | + 229 |
| incrementally. Connect | XCV200/300 | N/A | N/A | + 236 |
| all pins listed for both the required device | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + 215 |
| and all smaller devices | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + 230 |
| listed in the same package.) | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + 222 |
| Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O. | | | | |
| V _{REF} , Bank 1 | XCV50 | A10, B8 | 22, 30 | 191, 205 |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed | XCV100/150 | + D9 | + 28 | + 194 |
| incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both | XCV200/300 | N/A | N/A | + 187 |
| the required device | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + 208 |
| and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O. | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + 193 |
| | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + 201 |
| V _{REF} , Bank 2 | XCV50 | D11, F10 | 42, 50 | 157, 171 |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed | XCV100/150 | + D13 | + 44 | + 168 |
| incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both | XCV200/300 | N/A | N/A | + 175 |
| the required device and all smaller devices listed in the same | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + 154 |
| | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + 169 |
| package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O. | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + 161 |



Table 3: Virtex Pinout Tables (BGA) (Continued)

| Pin Name | Device | BG256 | BG352 | BG432 | BG560 |
|--|------------|----------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| V _{CCO} , Bank 7 | All | G4, H4 | G23, K26, N23 | A31, L28, L31 | C32, D33, K33, N32, T33 |
| V _{REF} , Bank 0 | XCV50 | A8, B4 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (VREF pins are listed incrementally. Connect all | XCV100/150 | + A4 | A16,C19, C21 | N/A | N/A |
| pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the | XCV200/300 | + A2 | + D21 | B19, D22, D24, D26 | N/A |
| same package.) | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + C18 | A19, D20, |
| Within each bank, if input | | | | | D26, E23, E27 |
| reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + C24 | + E24 |
| general I/O. | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + B21 | + E21 |
| | XCV1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | + D29 |
| V _{REF} , Bank 1 | XCV50 | A17, B12 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (VREF pins are listed incrementally. Connect all | XCV100/150 | + B15 | B6, C9, C12 | N/A | N/A |
| pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the | XCV200/300 | + B17 | + D6 | A13, B7, C6, C10 | N/A |
| same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not required, all V _{REF} pins are | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + B15 | A6, D7, D11, D16, E15 |
| | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + D10 | + D10 |
| general I/O. | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + B12 | + D13 |
| | XCV1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | + E7 |
| V _{REF} , Bank 2 | XCV50 | C20, J18 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the | XCV100/150 | + F19 | E2, H2, M4 | N/A | N/A |
| required device and all smaller devices listed in the same package.) | XCV200/300 | + G18 | + D2 | E2, G3, J2, N1 | N/A |
| | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + R3 | G5, H4, |
| Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not | | | | | L5, P4, R1 |
| required, all V _{REF} pins are | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + H1 | + K5 |
| general I/O. | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + M3 | + N5 |
| | XCV1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | + B3 |



Table 3: Virtex Pinout Tables (BGA) (Continued)

| Pin Name | Device | BG256 | BG352 | BG432 | BG560 |
|---|------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| V _{REF} , Bank 3 | XCV50 | M18, V20 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed | XCV100/150 | + R19 | R4, V4, Y3 | N/A | N/A |
| incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the required device and all | XCV200/300 | + P18 | + AC2 | V2, AB4, AD4, AF3 | N/A |
| smaller devices listed in the | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + U2 | V4, W5, |
| same package.) | | | | | AD3, AE5, AK2 |
| Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + AC3 | + AF1 |
| required, all V _{REF} pins are | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + Y3 | + AA4 |
| general I/O. | XCV1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | + AH4 |
| V _{REF} , Bank 4 | XCV50 | V12, Y18 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all | XCV100/150 | + W15 | AC12, AE5, AE8, | N/A | N/A |
| pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the | XCV200/300 | + V14 | + AE4 | AJ7, AL4, AL8, AL13 | N/A |
| same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + AK15 | AL7, AL10, AL16, AM4, AM14 |
| required, all V _{REF} pins are | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + AK8 | + AL9 |
| general I/O. | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + AJ12 | + AK13 |
| | XCV1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | + AN3 |
| V _{REF} , Bank 5 | XCV50 | V9, Y3 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all pins listed for both the | XCV100/150 | + W6 | AC15, AC18, AD20 | N/A | N/A |
| required device and all smaller devices listed in the | XCV200/300 | + V7 | + AE23 | AJ18, AJ25, AK23, AK27 | N/A |
| same package.) Within each bank, if input reference voltage is not | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + AJ17 | AJ18, AJ25, AL20, AL24, AL29 |
| required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O. | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + AL24 | + AM26 |
| | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + AH19 | + AN23 |
| | XCV1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | + AK28 |
| V _{REF} , Bank 6 | XCV50 | M2, R3 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| (V _{REF} pins are listed incrementally. Connect all | XCV100/150 | + T1 | R24, Y26, AA25, | N/A | N/A |
| pins listed for both the required device and all smaller devices listed in the | XCV200/300 | + T3 | + AD26 | V28, AB28, AE30, AF28 | N/A |
| same package.) Within each bank, if input | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + U28 | V29, Y32, AD31, AE29, AK32 |
| reference voltage is not | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | + AC28 | + AE31 |
| required, all V _{REF} pins are general I/O. | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | + Y30 | + AA30 |
| general I/O. | XCV1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | + AH30 |



Table 4: Virtex Pinout Tables (Fine-Pitch BGA) (Continued)

| Pin Name | Device | FG256 | FG456 | FG676 | FG680 |
|--|--------|-------|---|---|-------|
| No Connect (No-connect pins are listed incrementally. All pins listed for both the required device and all larger devices listed in the same package are no connects.) | XCV800 | N/A | N/A | A2, A3, A15, A25, B1, B6, B11, B16, B21, B24, B26, C1, C2, C25, C26, F2, F6, F21, F25, L2, L25, N25, P2, T2, T25, AA2, AA6, AA21, AA25, AD1, AD2, AD25, AE1, AE3, AE6, AE11, AE14, AE16, AE21, AE24, AE26, AF2, AF24, AF25 | N/A |
| | XCV600 | N/A | N/A | same as above | N/A |
| | XCV400 | N/A | N/A | + A9, A10, A13, A16, A24, AC1, AC25, AE12, AE15, AF3, AF10, AF11, AF13, AF14, AF16, AF18, AF23, B4, B12, B13, B15, B17, D1, D25, H26, J1, K26, L1, M1, M25, N1, N26, P1, P26, R2, R26, T1, T26, U26, V1 | N/A |
| | XCV300 | N/A | D4, D19, W4, W19 | N/A | N/A |
| | XCV200 | N/A | + A2, A6, A12, B11, B16, C2, D1, D18, E17, E19, G2, G22, L2, L19, M2, M21, R3, R20, U3, U18, Y22, AA1, AA3, AA11, AA16, AB7, AB12, AB21, | N/A | N/A |
| | XCV150 | N/A | + A13, A14, C8, C9, E13, F11, H21, J1, J4, K2, K18, K19, M17, N1, P1, P5, P22, R22, W13, W15, AA9, AA10, AB8, AB14 | N/A | N/A |



TQ144 Pin Function Diagram

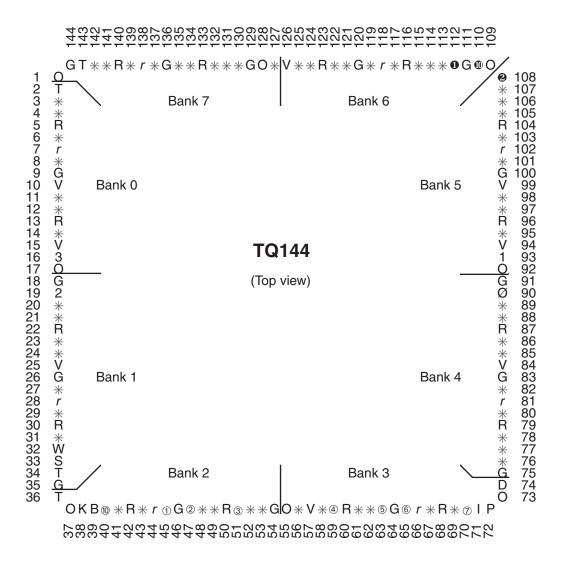
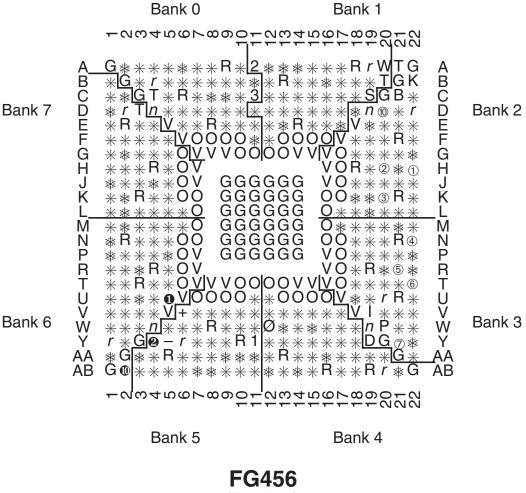


Figure 2: TQ144 Pin Function Diagram



FG456 Pin Function Diagram



(Top view)

Figure 9: FG456 Pin Function Diagram

Notes:

Packages FG456 and FG676 are layout compatible.



FG680 Pin Function Diagram

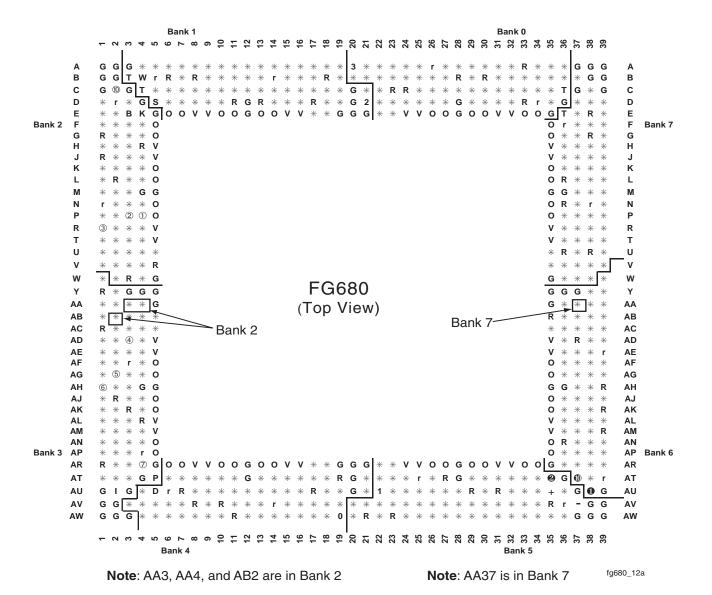


Figure 11: FG680 Pin Function Diagram



Revision History

| Date | Version | Revision |
|-------------|---------|--|
| 11/98 | 1.0 | Initial Xilinx release. |
| 01/99-02/99 | 1.2-1.3 | Both versions updated package drawings and specs. |
| 05/99 | 1.4 | Addition of package drawings and specifications. |
| 05/99 | 1.5 | Replaced FG 676 & FG680 package drawings. |
| 07/99 | 1.6 | Changed Boundary Scan Information and changed Figure 11, Boundary Scan Bit Sequence. Updated IOB Input & Output delays. Added Capacitance info for different I/O Standards. Added 5 V tolerant information. Added DLL Parameters and waveforms and new Pin-to-pin Input and Output Parameter tables for Global Clock Input to Output and Setup and Hold. Changed Configuration Information including Figures 12, 14, 17 & 19. Added device-dependent listings for quiescent currents ICCINTQ and ICCOQ. Updated IOB Input and Output Delays based on default standard of LVTTL, 12 mA, Fast Slew Rate. Added IOB Input Switching Characteristics Standard Adjustments. |
| 09/99 | 1.7 | Speed grade update to preliminary status, Power-on specification and Clock-to-Out Minimums additions, "0" hold time listing explanation, quiescent current listing update, and Figure 6 ADDRA input label correction. Added T _{IJITCC} parameter, changed T _{OJIT} to T _{OPHASE} . |
| 01/00 | 1.8 | Update to speed.txt file 1.96. Corrections for CRs 111036,111137, 112697, 115479, 117153, 117154, and 117612. Modified notes for Recommended Operating Conditions (voltage and temperature). Changed Bank information for V _{CCO} in CS144 package on p.43. |
| 01/00 | 1.9 | Updated DLL Jitter Parameter table and waveforms, added Delay Measurement Methodology table for different I/O standards, changed buffered Hex line info and Input/Output Timing measurement notes. |
| 03/00 | 2.0 | New TBCKO values; corrected FG680 package connection drawing; new note about status of CCLK pin after configuration. |
| 05/00 | 2.1 | Modified "Pins not listed" statement. Speed grade update to Final status. |
| 05/00 | 2.2 | Modified Table 18. |
| 09/00 | 2.3 | Added XCV400 values to table under Minimum Clock-to-Out for Virtex Devices. Corrected Units column in table under IOB Input Switching Characteristics. Added values to table under CLB SelectRAM Switching Characteristics. |
| 10/00 | 2.4 | Corrected pinout info for devices in the BG256, BG432, and BG560 pkgs in Table 18. Corrected BG256 Pin Function Diagram. |
| 04/02/01 | 2.5 | Revised minimums for Global Clock Set-Up and Hold for LVTTL Standard, with DLL. Converted file to modularized format. See section Virtex Data Sheet, below. |
| 04/19/01 | 2.6 | Corrected pinout information for FG676 device in Table 4. (Added AB22 pin.) |
| 07/19/01 | 2.7 | Clarified V_{CCINT} pinout information and added AE19 pin for BG352 devices in Table 3. Changed pinouts listed for BG352 XCV400 devices in banks 0 thru 7. |
| 07/19/02 | 2.8 | Changed pinouts listed for GND in TQ144 devices (see Table 2). |
| 03/01/13 | 4.0 | The products listed in this data sheet are obsolete. See XCN10016 for further information. |

Virtex Data Sheet

The Virtex Data Sheet contains the following modules:

- DS003-1, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Introduction and Ordering Information (Module 1)
- DS003-2, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Functional Description (Module 2)

- DS003-3, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: DC and Switching Characteristics (Module 3)
- DS003-4, Virtex 2.5V FPGAs: Pinout Tables (Module 4)