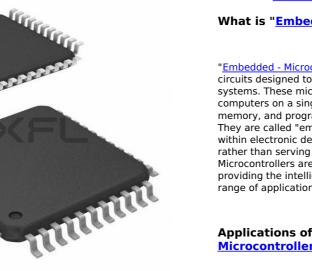


STATES



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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	AVR
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I²C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	32
Program Memory Size	32KB (16K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	1K x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atmega324pa-an

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- Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
- On-chip Analog Comparator
- Interrupt and Wake-up on Pin Change
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
 - Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Six Sleep Modes: Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Power-save, Power-down, Standby and Extended Standby
- I/O and Packages
 - 32 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 40-pin PDIP, 44-lead TQFP, 44-pad VQFN/QFN/MLF
 - 44-pad DRQFN
- 49-ball VFBGA
 - Operating Voltages
 - 1.8 5.5V
 - Speed Grades
 - 0 4MHz @ 1.8 5.5V
 - 0 10MHz @ 2.7 5.5V
 - 0 20MHz @ 4.5 5.5V
 - Power Consumption at 1MHz, 1.8V, 25°C
 - Active: 0.4mA
 - Power-down Mode: 0.1µA
 - Power-save Mode: 0.6µA (Including 32kHz RTC)

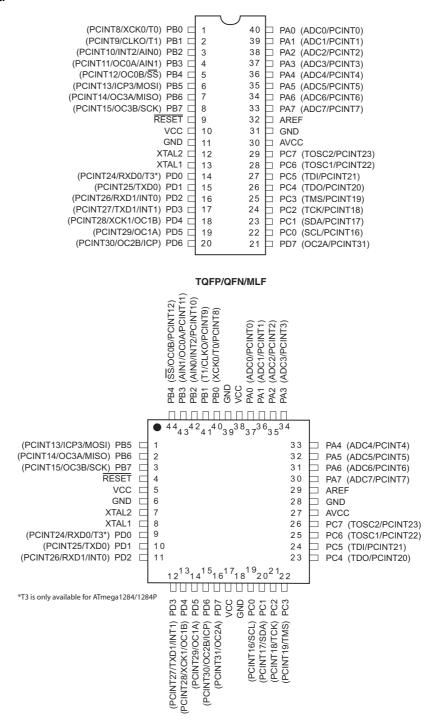
Note: 1. See "Data retention" on page 9 for details.



1. Pin configurations

1.1 Pinout - PDIP/TQFP/VQFN/QFN/MLF for ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P

Figure 1-1.	Pinout.
-------------	---------

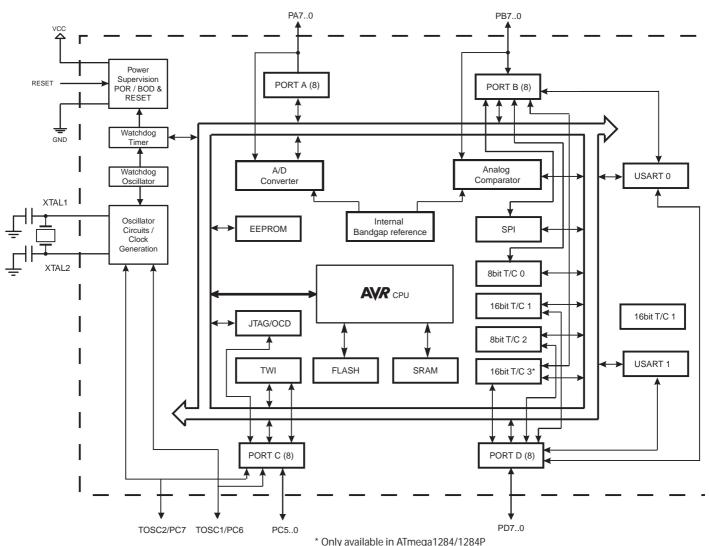


Note: The large center pad underneath the VQFN/QFN/MLF package should be soldered to ground on the board to ensure good mechanical stability.



2.1 Block diagram

Figure 2-1. Block diagram.



The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The Atmel ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P provide the following features:

16/32/64/128Kbytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 512/1K/2K/4Kbytes EEPROM, 1/2/4/16Kbytes SRAM, 32 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, Real Time Counter (RTC), three (four for ATmega1284/1284P) flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes and PWM, 2 USARTs, a byte oriented two-wire Serial Interface, a 8-channel, 10-bit ADC with optional differential input stage with programmable gain, programmable Watchdog Timer with Internal Oscillator, an SPI serial port, IEEE std. 1149.1 compliant JTAG test interface, also used for accessing the On-chip Debug system and programming and six software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, SPI port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or Hardware Reset. In Power-save mode, the asynchronous timer continues to run, allowing the user to maintain a



timer base while the rest of the device is sleeping. The ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except Asynchronous Timer and ADC, to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the Crystal/Resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low power consumption. In Extended Standby mode, both the main Oscillator and the Asynchronous Timer continue to run.

Atmel offers the QTouch[®] library for embedding capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels functionality into AVR microcontrollers. The patented charge-transfer signal acquisition offers robust sensing and includes fully debounced reporting of touch keys and includes Adjacent Key Suppression[®] (AKS[™]) technology for unambiguous detection of key events. The easy-to-use QTouch Suite toolchain allows you to explore, develop and debug your own touch applications.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high-density nonvolatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed in-system through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional nonvolatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, in-circuit emulators, and evaluation kits.

2.2 Comparison between ATmega164A, ATmega164PA, ATmega324A, ATmega324PA, ATmega644A, ATmega644PA, ATmega1284 and ATmega1284P

-		-		
Device	Flash	EEPROM	RAM	Units
ATmega164A	16K	512	1K	
ATmega164PA	16K	512	1K	
ATmega324A	32K	1K	2К	
ATmega324PA	32K	1K	2К	butee
ATmega644A	64K	2K	4K	bytes
ATmega644PA	64K	2K	4K	
ATmega1284	128K	4K	16K	
ATmega1284P	128K	4K	16K	

Table 2-1.Differences between ATmega164A, ATmega164PA, ATmega324A, ATmega324PA, ATmega644A,
ATmega644PA, ATmega1284 and ATmega1284P.

2.3 Pin Descriptions11

2.3.1 VC

Digital supply voltage.

2.3.2 GND

Ground.



2.3.3 Port A (PA7:PA0)

Port A serves as analog inputs to the Analog-to-digital Converter.

Port A also serves as an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the Atmel

ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on page 79.

2.3.4 Port B (PB7:PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tristated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the

ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on page 80.

2.3.5 Port C (PC7:PC0)

Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tristated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. Port C also serves the functions of the JTAG interface, along with special features of the Atmel ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on page 83.

2.3.6 Port D (PD7:PD0)

Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tristated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on page 86.

2.3.7 **RESET**

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in "" on page 325. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

2.3.8 XTAL1

Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

2.3.9 XTAL2

Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

2.3.10 AVCC

AVCC is the supply voltage pin for Port A and the Analog-to-digital Converter. It should be externally connected to V_{CC} , even if the ADC is not used. If the ADC is used, it should be connected to V_{CC} through a low-pass filter.

2.3.11 AREF

This is the analog reference pin for the Analog-to-digital Converter.



7. Register summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xFF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
(0xFE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xFA)	Reserved	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
(0xF9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xF8)	Reserved	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	
(0xF7)	Reserved	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	
(0xF6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xF4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(0xF3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
(0xF2)	Reserved	-			-					
(0xF1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF1) (0xF0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
						-				
(0xEF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xEE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xED)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
(0xEA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xE6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xE2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xE0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xDF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
(0xDB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCE)	UDR1					ART1 I/O Data F				185
(0xCD)	UBRR1H	-	-	-	-			te Register High Byte		189/202
(0xCC)	UBRR1L			1		Baud Rate Regi				189/202
(0xCB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
(0xCA)	UCSR1C	UMSEL11	UMSEL10	UPM11	UPM10	USBS1	UCSZ11/UDORD0 ⁽⁵⁾	UCSZ10/UCPHA0 ⁽⁵⁾	UCPOL1	187/201
(0xC9)	UCSR1B	RXCIE1	TXCIE1	UDRIE1	RXEN1	TXEN1	UCSZ12	RXB81	TXB81	186/200
(0xC8)	UCSR1B UCSR1A	RXCIE I	TXCIET TXC1	UDRE1	FE1	DOR1	UPE1	U2X1	MPCM1	185/200
(0xC8) (0xC7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1001200
		-	-	-		- ART0 I/O Data F		-	-	185
(0xC6)	UDR0					AR IU I/O Data F	-	to Dogistor Lich Dute		
(0xC5)	UBRR0H	-	-	-	-	Poud Rote Do!		te Register High Byte		189/202
(0xC4)	UBRR0L					Baud Rate Regi				189/202
(0xC3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	407/004
(0xC2)	UCSR0C	UMSEL01	UMSEL00	UPM01	UPM00	USBS0	UCSZ01/UDORD0 ⁽⁵⁾	UCSZ00/UCPHA0 ⁽⁵⁾	UCPOL0	187/201
(0xC1)	UCSR0B	RXCIE0	TXCIE0	UDRIE0	RXEN0	TXEN0	UCSZ02	RXB80	TXB80	186/200



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xC0)	UCSR0A	RXC0	TXC0	UDRE0	FE0	DOR0	UPE0	U2X0	MPCM0	185/200
(0xBF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBD)	TWAMR	TWAM6	TWAM5	TWAM4	TWAM3	TWAM2	TWAM1	TWAM0	-	231
(0xBC)	TWCR	TWINT	TWEA	TWSTA	TWSTO	TWWC	TWEN	-	TWIE	228
(0xBB)	TWDR				two-wire	Serial Interface	Data Register	_		230
(0xBA)	TWAR	TWA6	TWA5	TWA4	TWA3	TWA2	TWA1	TWA0	TWGCE	231
(0xB9)	TWSR	TWS7	TWS6	TWS5	TWS4	TWS3	-	TWPS1	TWPS0	229
(0xB8)	TWBR		-	-	two-wire Se	erial Interface Bit	Rate Register			228
(0xB7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB6)	ASSR	-	EXCLK	AS2	TCN2UB	OCR2AUB	OCR2BUB	TCR2AUB	TCR2BUB	155
(0xB5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB4)	OCR2B					ter2 Output Com				155
(0xB3)	OCR2A					ter2 Output Com				155
(0xB2)	TCNT2	50004	50005			imer/Counter2 (8	,	0001	0000	154
(0xB1)	TCCR2B	FOC2A	FOC2B	-	-	WGM22	CS22	CS21	CS20	153
(0xB0)	TCCR2A	COM2A1	COM2A0	COM2B1	COM2B0	-	-	WGM21	WGM20	151
(0xAF)	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAE)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
(0xAD) (0xAC)	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(0xAC) (0xAB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
(0xAB) (0xAA)	Reserved		-	-	-	-	-		-	
(0xAA) (0xA9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(0xA9) (0xA8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(0xA6)	Reserved	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(0xA5)	Reserved	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(0xA3)	Reserved	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
(0xA2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(0xA1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(0xA0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9B)	OCR3BH		•	T	imer/Counter3 - C	utput Compare I	Register B High Byte ⁽⁷⁾			132
(0x9A)	OCR3BL			1	imer/Counter3 - C	Output Compare	Register B Low Byte ⁽⁷⁾			132
(0x99)	OCR3AH			Т	imer/Counter3 - C	utput Compare F	Register A High Byte ⁽⁷⁾			132
(0x98)	OCR3AL			Т	imer/Counter3 - C	Output Compare I	Register A Low Byte ⁽⁷⁾			132
(0x97)	ICR3H				Timer/Counter3	- Input Capture F	Register High Byte ⁽⁷⁾			133
(0x96)	ICR3L				Timer/Counter3	- Input Capture F	Register Low Byte ⁽⁷⁾			133
(0x95)	TCNT3H				Timer/Counte	r3 - Counter Reg	gister High Byte ⁽⁷⁾			132
(0x94)	TCNT3L				Timer/Counte	r3 - Counter Rec	gister Low Byte ⁽⁷⁾			132
(0x93)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x92)	TCCR3C	FOC3A	FOC3B	-	-	-	-	-	-	131
(0x91)	TCCR3B	ICNC3	ICES3	-	WGM33	WGM32	CS32	CS31	CS30	130
(0x90)	TCCR3A	COM3A1	COM3A0	COM3B1	COM3B0	-	-	WGM31	WGM30	128
(0x8F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8B)	OCR1BH						Register B High Byte			132
(0x8A)	OCR1BL						Register B Low Byte			132
(0x89)	OCR1AH						Register A High Byte			132
(0x88)	OCR1AL						Register A Low Byte			132
(0x87)	ICR1H	<u> </u>					Register High Byte			133
(0x86)	ICR1L						Register Low Byte			133
(0x85)	TCNT1H						gister High Byte			132
(0x84)	TCNT1L	-				er1 - Counter Re				132
(0x83)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x82)	TCCR1C	FOC1A	FOC1B	-	-	-	-	-	-	131
(0x81)	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1	-	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	130
(0x80)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	-	-	WGM11	WGM10	128
(0x7F)	DIDR1	-	-	-	-	-	-	AIN1D	AIN0D	234
(0x7E)	DIDR0	ADC7D	ADC6D	ADC5D	ADC4D	ADC3D	ADC2D	ADC1D	ADC0D	253
(0x7D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1



8. Instruction set summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND	LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS		÷		
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl + K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	Rdh:RdI ← Rdh:RdI - K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \gets Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \lor Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	Rd ← 0x00 - Rd	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd		Rd ← Rd + 1	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	Rd ← Rd – 1	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	Rd ← 0xFF	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd x Rr$	Z,C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z,C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd x Rr) << 1$	Z,C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z,C	2
BRANCH INSTRUC		Polotivo lumo		Nana	2
RJMP IJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ $PC \leftarrow Z$	None None	2
JMP	k	Indirect Jump to (Z) Direct Jump	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	3
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
ICALL	ĸ	Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	3
CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	4
RET	N .	Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	PC ← STACK	1	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	Rd – Rr	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (P(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if $(SREG(s) = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if (Z = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if (Z = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N \oplus V= 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N \oplus V= 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if (T = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if (T = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2



9. Ordering information

9.1 Atmel ATmega164A

Speed [MHz] ⁽³⁾	Power supply	Ordering code ⁽²⁾	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega164A-AU ATmega164A-AUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega164A-PU ATmega164A-MU ATmega164A-MUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega164A-MCH ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega164A-MCHR ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ ATmega164A-CU ATmega164A-CUR ⁽⁵⁾	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1 44MC 44MC 49C2 49C2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.

3. For Speed vs. V_{CC} see "Speed grades" on page 324.

4. NiPdAu Lead Finish.

	Package Type
44A	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
40P6	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
44M1	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Thermally Enhanced Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (VQFN)
44MC	44-lead (2-row Staggered), 5 × 5 × 1.0mm body, 2.60 × 2.60mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No-Lead Package (QFN)
49C2	49-ball, (7 × 7 Array) 0.65mm Pitch, 5 × 5 × 1mm, Very Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)



9.2 Atmel ATmega164PA

Speed [MHz] ⁽³⁾	Power supply	Ordering code ⁽²⁾	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega164PA-AU ATmega164PA-AUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega164PA-PU ATmega164PA-MU ATmega164PA-MUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega164PA-MCH ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega164PA-MCHR ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ ATmega164PA-CU ATmega164PA-CUR ⁽⁵⁾	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1 44MC 44MC 49C2 49C2 49C2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega164PA-AN ATmega164PA-ANR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega164PA-PN ATmega164PA-MN ATmega164PA-MNR ⁽⁵⁾	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1	Industrial (-40°C to 105°C)

Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.

3. For Speed vs. V_{CC} see "Speed grades" on page 324.

4. NiPdAu Lead Finish.

	Package Type
44A	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
40P6	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
44M1	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Thermally Enhanced Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (VQFN)
44MC	44-lead (2-row Staggered), 5 × 5 × 1.0mm body, 2.60 × 2.60mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No-Lead Package (QFN)
49C2	49-ball, (7 × 7 Array) 0.65mm Pitch, 5 × 5 × 1mm, Very Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)

9.3 Atmel ATmega324A

Speed [MHz] ⁽³⁾	Power supply	Ordering code ⁽²⁾	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega324A-AU ATmega324A-AUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega324A-PU ATmega324A-MU ATmega324A-MUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega324A-MCH ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega324A-MCHR ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ ATmega324A-CU ATmega324A-CUR ⁽⁵⁾	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1 44MC 44MC 49C2 49C2 49C2	Industrial (-40ºC to 85ºC)

Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

- 2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
- 3. For Speed vs. V_{CC} see "Speed grades" on page 324.
- 4. NiPdAu Lead Finish.
- 5. Tape & Reel.

	Package Type
44A	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
40P6	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
44M1	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Thermally Enhanced Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (VQFN)
44MC	44-lead (2-row Staggered), 5 × 5 × 1.0mm body, 2.60 × 2.60mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No-Lead Package (QFN)
49C2	49-ball, (7 × 7 Array) 0.65mm Pitch, 5 × 5 × 1mm, Very Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)



9.4 Atmel ATmega324PA

Speed [MHz] ⁽³⁾	Power supply	Ordering code ⁽²⁾	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega324PA-AU ATmega324PA-AUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega324PA-PU ATmega324PA-MU ATmega324PA-MUR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega324PA-MCH ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega324PA-MCHR ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ ATmega324PA-CU ATmega324PA-CUR ⁽⁵⁾	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1 44MC 44MC 49C2 49C2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega324PA-AN ATmega324PA-ANR ⁽⁵⁾ ATmega324PA-PN ATmega324PA-MN ATmega324PA-MNR ⁽⁵⁾	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1	Industrial (-40°C to 105°C)

Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.

3. For Speed vs. V_{CC} see "Speed grades" on page 324.

4. NiPdAu Lead Finish.

Package Type		
44A	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	
40P6	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)	
44M1	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Thermally Enhanced Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (VQFN)	
44MC	44-lead (2-row Staggered), 5 × 5 × 1.0mm body, 2.60 × 2.60mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No-Lead Package (QFN)	
49C2	49-ball, (7 × 7 Array) 0.65mm Pitch, 5 × 5 × 1mm, Very Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)	



9.7 Atmel ATmega1284

Speed [MHz] ⁽³⁾	Power supply	Ordering code ⁽²⁾	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega1284-AU ATmega1284-AUR ⁽⁴⁾ ATmega1284-PU ATmega1284-MU ATmega1284-MUR ⁽⁴⁾	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

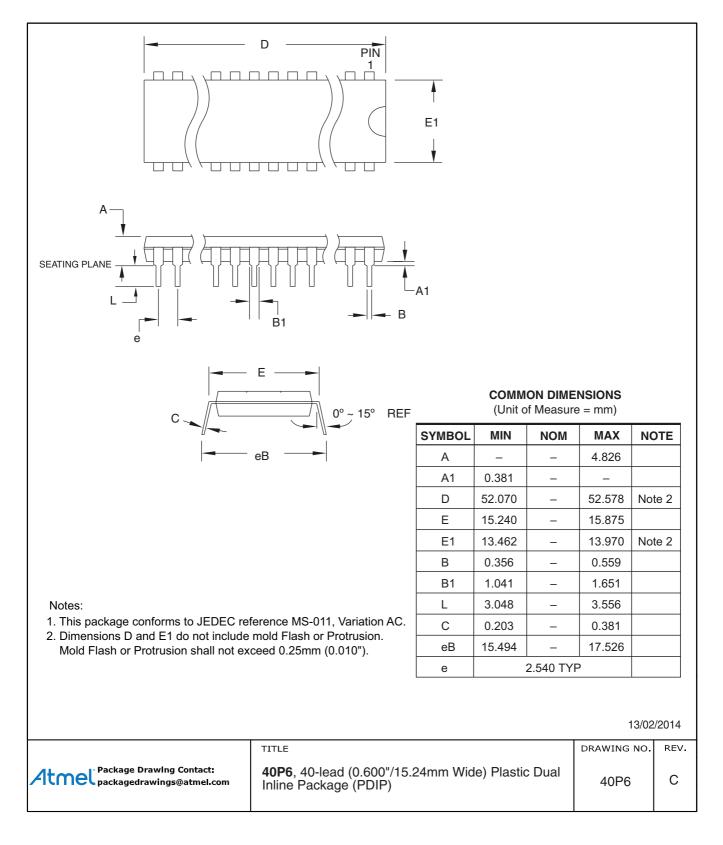
2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.

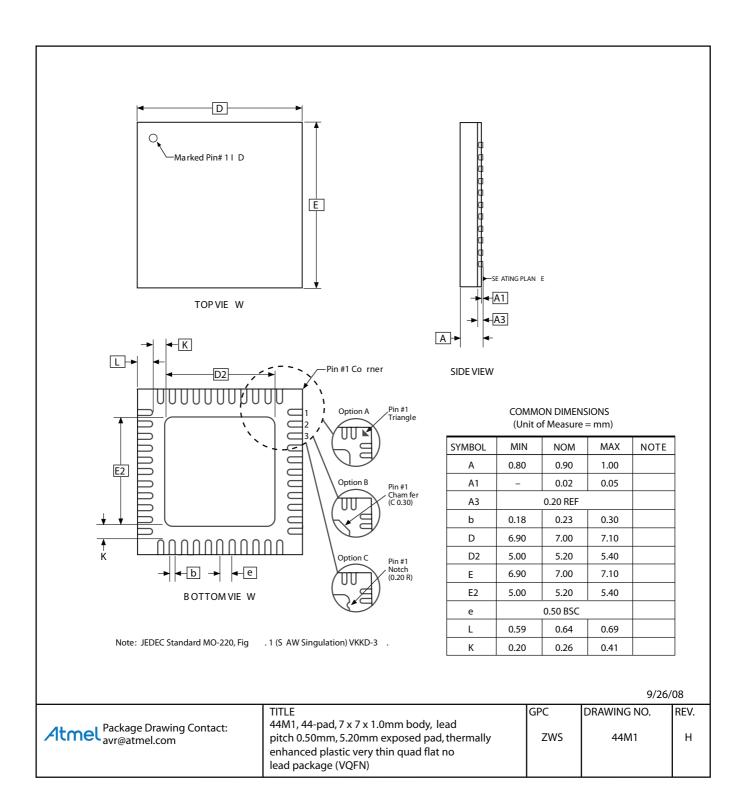
3. For Speed vs. V_{CC} see "Speed grades" on page 324.

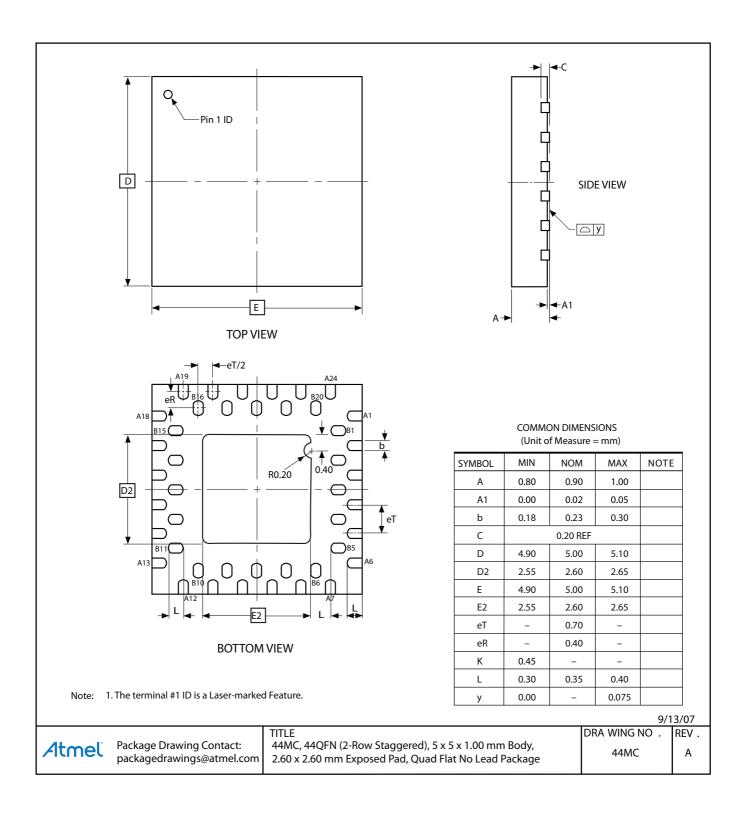
Package Type		
44A	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	
40P6	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)	
44M1	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)	



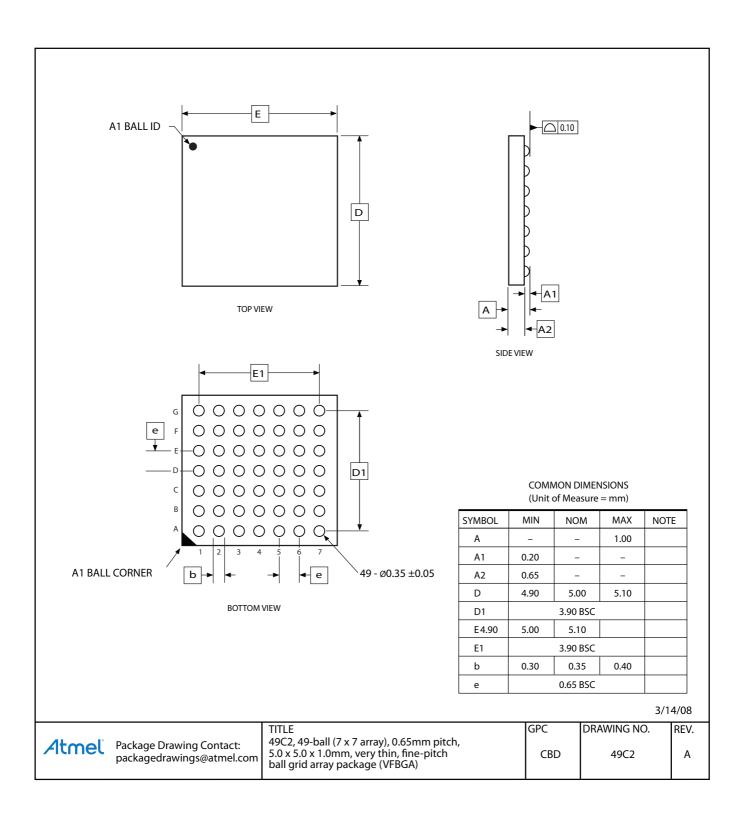
10.2 40P6







10.5 49C2



11. Errata

11.1 Errata for ATmega164A

11.1.1 Rev. E

No known Errata.

11.2 Errata for ATmega164PA

11.2.1 Rev. E

No known Errata.

11.3 Errata for ATmega324A

11.3.1 Rev. F

No known Errata.

11.4 Errata for ATmega324PA

11.4.1 Rev. F

No known Errata.

11.5 Errata for ATmega644A

11.5.1 Rev. F

No known Errata.

11.6 Errata for ATmega644PA

11.6.1 Rev. F

No known Errata.

11.7 Errata for ATmega1284

11.7.1 Rev. B

No known Errata.

11.8 Errata for ATmega1284P

11.8.1 Rev. B

No known Errata.



- 12. Added "OCR3AH and OCR3AL Output Compare Register3 A" on page 133
- 13. Added "OCR3BH and OCR3BL Output Compare Register3 B" on page 133
- 14. Added "TIMSK3 Timer/Counter3 Interrupt Mask Register" on page 134
- 15. Updated All "SPI Serial Peripheral Interface" "Register description" to reflect ATmega1284 and ATmega1284P.
- 16. Updated "Addressing the Flash During Self-Programming" on page 274 to include RAMPZ register.
- 17. Updated Table 27-16 on page 303. t_{WD_EEPROM} is 3.6ms instead of 9ms.
- 18. BODS and BODSE bits denoted as R/W
- 19. Description of external pin modes below table 16-9 removed.
- 20. Updated "Register summary" on page 10 to include Timer/Counter3.
- 21. Updated the datasheet with Atmel new style guide.

12.7 Rev. 8272A - 01/10

1. Initial revision (Based on the ATmega164PA/324PA/644PA/1284P datasheet 8252G-AVR-11/09 and on the ATmega644 datasheet 2593N-AVR-09/09).

2. Changes done:

_	Non-picoPower devices added: ATmega164A/324A/644A/1284
-	Updated Table 2-1 on page 7
-	Updated Table 10-1 on page 42
-	Updated "Sleep Modes" on page 42 and "BOD disable ⁽¹⁾ " on page 43
-	Updated "Register description" on page 67
-	Updated "USART" on page 167 and "USART in SPI mode" on page 194
-	Updated "Signature Bytes" on page 290 and "Page Size" on page 290
-	Added "DC Characteristics" on page 318 for non-picoPower devices.
-	Added "Atmel ATmega164A typical characteristics" on page 333
-	Added "Atmel ATmega324A typical characteristics" on page 386
-	Added "Atmel ATmega644A typical characteristics" on page 438
-	Added "ATmega1284 typical characteristics" on page 490
-	Added "Ordering information" on page 17 for non-picoPower devices
-	Added "Errata for ATmega164A" on page 30
-	Added "Errata for ATmega324A" on page 30
-	Added "Errata for ATmega644PA" on page 30
_	Added "Errata for ATmega1284" on page 30



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