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### What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	AVR
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	32
Program Memory Size	64KB (32K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 8x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atmega644pa-au">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atmega644pa-au</a>

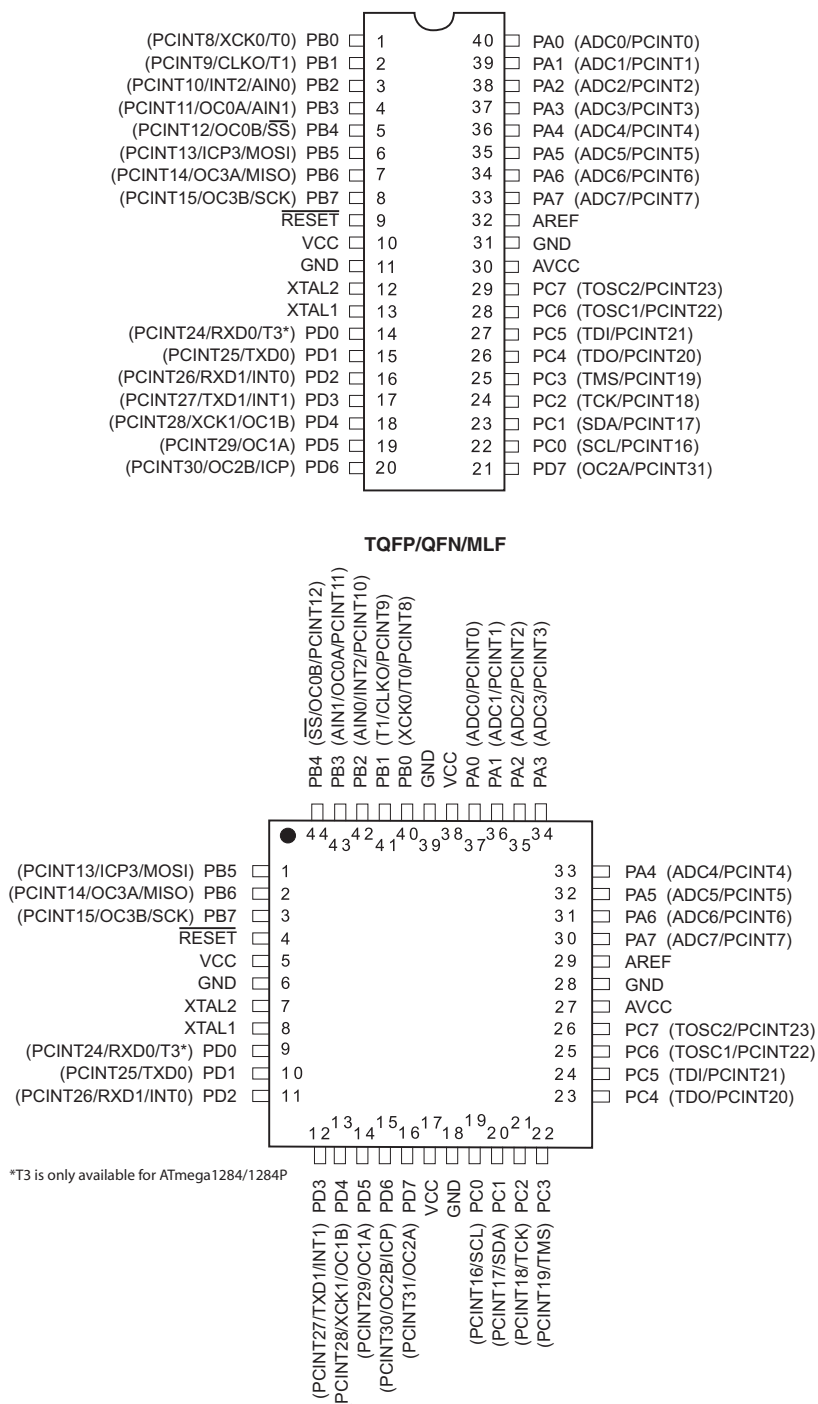
- Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
- On-chip Analog Comparator
- Interrupt and Wake-up on Pin Change
- Special Microcontroller Features
  - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
  - Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator
  - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
  - Six Sleep Modes: Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Power-save, Power-down, Standby and Extended Standby
- I/O and Packages
  - 32 Programmable I/O Lines
  - 40-pin PDIP, 44-lead TQFP, 44-pad VQFN/QFN/MLF
  - 44-pad DRQFN
- **49-ball VFBGA**
  - Operating Voltages
    - 1.8 - 5.5V
  - Speed Grades
    - 0 - 4MHz @ 1.8 - 5.5V
    - 0 - 10MHz @ 2.7 - 5.5V
    - 0 - 20MHz @ 4.5 - 5.5V
  - Power Consumption at 1MHz, 1.8V, 25°C
    - Active: 0.4mA
    - Power-down Mode: 0.1µA
    - Power-save Mode: 0.6µA (Including 32kHz RTC)

Note: 1. See ["Data retention" on page 9](#) for details.

# 1. Pin configurations

## 1.1 Pinout - PDIP/TQFP/VQFN/QFN/MLF for ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P

Figure 1-1. Pinout.



Note: The large center pad underneath the VQFN/QFN/MLF package should be soldered to ground on the board to ensure good mechanical stability.

timer base while the rest of the device is sleeping. The ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except Asynchronous Timer and ADC, to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the Crystal/Resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low power consumption. In Extended Standby mode, both the main Oscillator and the Asynchronous Timer continue to run.

Atmel offers the QTouch® library for embedding capacitive touch buttons, sliders and wheels functionality into AVR microcontrollers. The patented charge-transfer signal acquisition offers robust sensing and includes fully debounced reporting of touch keys and includes Adjacent Key Suppression® (AKS™) technology for unambiguous detection of key events. The easy-to-use QTouch Suite toolchain allows you to explore, develop and debug your own touch applications.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high-density nonvolatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed in-system through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional nonvolatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, in-circuit emulators, and evaluation kits.

## 2.2 Comparison between ATmega164A, ATmega164PA, ATmega324A, ATmega324PA, ATmega644A, ATmega644PA, ATmega1284 and ATmega1284P

Table 2-1. Differences between ATmega164A, ATmega164PA, ATmega324A, ATmega324PA, ATmega644A, ATmega644PA, ATmega1284 and ATmega1284P.

Device	Flash	EEPROM	RAM	Units
ATmega164A	16K	512	1K	bytes
ATmega164PA	16K	512	1K	
ATmega324A	32K	1K	2K	
ATmega324PA	32K	1K	2K	
ATmega644A	64K	2K	4K	
ATmega644PA	64K	2K	4K	
ATmega1284	128K	4K	16K	
ATmega1284P	128K	4K	16K	

## 2.3 Pin Descriptions<sup>11</sup>

### 2.3.1 VC

Digital supply voltage.

### 2.3.2 GND

Ground.

### 2.3.3 Port A (PA7:PA0)

Port A serves as analog inputs to the Analog-to-digital Converter.

Port A also serves as an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the Atmel

ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on [page 79](#).

### 2.3.4 Port B (PB7:PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the

ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on [page 80](#).

### 2.3.5 Port C (PC7:PC0)

Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port C also serves the functions of the JTAG interface, along with special features of the Atmel

ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on [page 83](#).

### 2.3.6 Port D (PD7:PD0)

Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the

ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P as listed on [page 86](#).

### 2.3.7 RESET

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in [" on page 325](#). Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

### 2.3.8 XTAL1

Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

### 2.3.9 XTAL2

Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

### 2.3.10 AVCC

AVCC is the supply voltage pin for Port A and the Analog-to-digital Converter. It should be externally connected to  $V_{CC}$ , even if the ADC is not used. If the ADC is used, it should be connected to  $V_{CC}$  through a low-pass filter.

### 2.3.11 AREF

This is the analog reference pin for the Analog-to-digital Converter.

## 7. Register summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xFF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF0)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xEF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xED)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xEB)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xEA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE7)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xE6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE2)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xE1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xE0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDD)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xDC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xDA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD9)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xD8)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xD7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD5)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xD4)	Reserved	-	-	-	Reserved	-	-	-	-	
(0xD3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xD0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCE)	UDR1	USART1 I/O Data Register								185
(0xCD)	UBRR1H	-	-	-	-	USART1 Baud Rate Register High Byte				189/202
(0xCC)	UBRR1L	USART1 Baud Rate Register Low Byte								189/202
(0xCB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xCA)	UCSR1C	UMSEL11	UMSEL10	UPM11	UPM10	USBS1	UCSZ11/UDORD0 <sup>(5)</sup>	UCSZ10/UCPHA0 <sup>(5)</sup>	UCPOL1	187/201
(0xC9)	UCSR1B	RXCIE1	TXCIE1	UDRIE1	RXEN1	TXEN1	UCSZ12	RXB81	TXB81	186/200
(0xC8)	UCSR1A	RXC1	TXC1	UDRE1	FE1	DOR1	UPE1	U2X1	MPCM1	185/200
(0xC7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC6)	UDR0	USART0 I/O Data Register								185
(0xC5)	UBRR0H	-	-	-	-	USART0 Baud Rate Register High Byte				189/202
(0xC4)	UBRR0L	USART0 Baud Rate Register Low Byte								189/202
(0xC3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xC2)	UCSR0C	UMSEL01	UMSEL00	UPM01	UPM00	USBS0	UCSZ01/UDORD0 <sup>(5)</sup>	UCSZ00/UCPHA0 <sup>(5)</sup>	UCPOL0	187/201
(0xC1)	UCSR0B	RXCIE0	TXCIE0	UDRIE0	RXEN0	TXEN0	UCSZ02	RXB80	TXB80	186/200

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xC0)	UCSR0A	RXC0	TXC0	UDRE0	FE0	DOR0	UPE0	U2X0	MPCM0	185/200
(0xBF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xBD)	TWAMR	TWAM6	TWAM5	TWAM4	TWAM3	TWAM2	TWAM1	TWAM0	-	231
(0xBC)	TWCR	TWINT	TWEA	TWSTA	TWSTO	TWWC	TWEN	-	TWIE	228
(0xBB)	TWDR	two-wire Serial Interface Data Register								230
(0xBA)	TWAR	TWA6	TWA5	TWA4	TWA3	TWA2	TWA1	TWA0	TWGCE	231
(0xB9)	TWSR	TWS7	TWS6	TWS5	TWS4	TWS3	-	TWPS1	TWPS0	229
(0xB8)	TWBR	two-wire Serial Interface Bit Rate Register								228
(0xB7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB6)	ASSR	-	EXCLK	AS2	TCN2UB	OCR2AUB	OCR2BUB	TCR2AUB	TCR2BUB	155
(0xB5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB4)	OCR2B	Timer/Counter2 Output Compare Register B								155
(0xB3)	OCR2A	Timer/Counter2 Output Compare Register A								155
(0xB2)	TCNT2	Timer/Counter2 (8 Bit)								154
(0xB1)	TCCR2B	FOC2A	FOC2B	-	-	WGM22	CS22	CS21	CS20	153
(0xB0)	TCCR2A	COM2A1	COM2A0	COM2B1	COM2B0	-	-	WGM21	WGM20	151
(0xAF)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA9)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA4)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA3)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA2)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA1)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA0)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9B)	OCR3BH	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register B High Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								132
(0x9A)	OCR3BL	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register B Low Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								132
(0x99)	OCR3AH	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register A High Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								132
(0x98)	OCR3AL	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register A Low Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								132
(0x97)	ICR3H	Timer/Counter3 - Input Capture Register High Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								133
(0x96)	ICR3L	Timer/Counter3 - Input Capture Register Low Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								133
(0x95)	TCNT3H	Timer/Counter3 - Counter Register High Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								132
(0x94)	TCNT3L	Timer/Counter3 - Counter Register Low Byte <sup>(7)</sup>								132
(0x93)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x92)	TCCR3C	FOC3A	FOC3B	-	-	-	-	-	-	131
(0x91)	TCCR3B	ICNC3	ICES3	-	WGM33	WGM32	CS32	CS31	CS30	130
(0x90)	TCCR3A	COM3A1	COM3A0	COM3B1	COM3B0	-	-	WGM31	WGM30	128
(0x8F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8B)	OCR1BH	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register B High Byte								132
(0x8A)	OCR1BL	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register B Low Byte								132
(0x89)	OCR1AH	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register A High Byte								132
(0x88)	OCR1AL	Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register A Low Byte								132
(0x87)	ICR1H	Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register High Byte								133
(0x86)	ICR1L	Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register Low Byte								133
(0x85)	TCNT1H	Timer/Counter1 - Counter Register High Byte								132
(0x84)	TCNT1L	Timer/Counter1 - Counter Register Low Byte								132
(0x83)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x82)	TCCR1C	FOC1A	FOC1B	-	-	-	-	-	-	131
(0x81)	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1	-	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	130
(0x80)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	-	-	WGM11	WGM10	128
(0x7F)	DIDR1	-	-	-	-	-	-	AIN1D	AIN0D	234
(0x7E)	DIDR0	ADC7D	ADC6D	ADC5D	ADC4D	ADC3D	ADC2D	ADC1D	ADC0D	253
(0x7D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x7C)	ADMUX	REFS1	REFS0	ADLAR	MUX4	MUX3	MUX2	MUX1	MUX0	249
(0x7B)	ADCSRB	-	ACME	-	-	-	ADTS2	ADTS1	ADTS0	233
(0x7A)	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	250
(0x79)	ADCH	ADC Data Register High byte								251
(0x78)	ADCL	ADC Data Register Low byte								251
(0x77)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x76)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x75)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x74)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x73)	PCMSK3	PCINT31	PCINT30	PCINT29	PCINT28	PCINT27	PCINT26	PCINT25	PCINT24	70
(0x72)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x71)	TIMSK3	-	-	ICIE3	-	-	OCIE3B	OCIE3A	TOIE3	134
(0x70)	TIMSK2	-	-	-	-	-	OCIE2B	OCIE2A	TOIE2	156
(0x6F)	TIMSK1	-	-	ICIE1	-	-	OCIE1B	OCIE1A	TOIE1	134
(0x6E)	TIMSK0	-	-	-	-	-	OCIE0B	OCIE0A	TOIE0	105
(0x6D)	PCMSK2	PCINT23	PCINT22	PCINT21	PCINT20	PCINT19	PCINT18	PCINT17	PCINT16	70
(0x6C)	PCMSK1	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	70
(0x6B)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	71
(0x6A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x69)	EICRA	-	-	ISC21	ISC20	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	67
(0x68)	PCICR	-	-	-	-	PCIE3	PCIE2	PCIE1	PCIE0	69
(0x67)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x66)	OSCCAL	Oscillator Calibration Register								40
(0x65)	PRR1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	--PRTIM3	49
(0x64)	PRR0	PRTWI	PRTIM2	PRTIM0	PRUSART1	PRTIM1	PRSPI	PRUSART0	PRADC	48
(0x63)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x62)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x61)	CLKPR	CLKPCE	-	-	-	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	40
(0x60)	WDTCR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	59
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	11
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	SP15	SP14	SP13	SP12	SP11	SP10	SP9	SP8	12
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	12
0x3C (0x5C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x3B (0x5B)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x3A (0x5A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x39 (0x59)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x38 (0x58)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	SPMIE	RWWSB	SIGRD	RWWSRE	BLBSET	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	285
0x36 (0x56)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	JTD	BODS <sup>(6)</sup>	BODSE <sup>(6)</sup>	PUD	-	-	IVSEL	IVCE	89/268
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	-	-	-	JTRF	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	58/268
0x33 (0x53)	SMCR	-	-	-	-	SM2	SM1	SM0	SE	47
0x32 (0x52)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x31 (0x51)	OCDR	On-Chip Debug Register								259
0x30 (0x50)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	250
0x2F (0x4F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x2E (0x4E)	SPDR	SPI 0 Data Register								166
0x2D (0x4D)	SPSR	SPIF0	WCOL0	-	-	-	-	-	SPI2X0	165
0x2C (0x4C)	SPCR	SPIE0	SPE0	DORD0	MSTR0	CPOL0	CPHA0	SPR01	SPR00	164
0x2B (0x4B)	GPOR2	General Purpose I/O Register 2								29
0x2A (0x4A)	GPOR1	General Purpose I/O Register 1								29
0x29 (0x49)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x28 (0x48)	OCR0B	Timer/Counter0 Output Compare Register B								105
0x27 (0x47)	OCR0A	Timer/Counter0 Output Compare Register A								105
0x26 (0x46)	TCNT0	Timer/Counter0 (8 Bit)								105
0x25 (0x45)	TCCR0B	FOC0A	FOC0B	-	-	WGM02	CS02	CS01	CS00	104
0x24 (0x44)	TCCR0A	COM0A1	COM0A0	COM0B1	COM0B0	-	-	WGM01	WGM00	105
0x23 (0x43)	GTCCR	TSM	-	-	-	-	-	PSRASY	PSRSYNC	157
0x22 (0x42)	EEARH	-	-	-	-	EEPROM Address Register High Byte				24
0x21 (0x41)	EEARL	EEPROM Address Register Low Byte								24
0x20 (0x40)	EEDR	EEPROM Data Register								24
0x1F (0x3F)	EECR	-	-	EEP1	EEP0	EERIE	EEMPE	EEPE	EERE	24
0x1E (0x3E)	GPOR0	General Purpose I/O Register 0								29
0x1D (0x3D)	EIMSK	-	-	-	-	-	INT2	INT1	INT0	68
0x1C (0x3C)	EIFR	-	-	-	-	-	INTF2	INTF1	INTF0	68
0x1B (0x3B)	PCIFR	-	-	-	-	PCIF3	PCIF2	PCIF1	PCIF0	69
0x1A (0x3A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x19 (0x39)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x18 (0x38)	TIFR3	-	-	ICF3	-	-	OCF3B	OCF3A	TOV3	<a href="#">136</a>
0x17 (0x37)	TIFR2	-	-	-	-	-	OCF2B	OCF2A	TOV2	<a href="#">156</a>
0x16 (0x36)	TIFR1	-	-	ICF1	-	-	OCF1B	OCF1A	TOV1	<a href="#">135</a>
0x15 (0x35)	TIFR0	-	-	-	-	-	OCF0B	OCF0A	TOV0	<a href="#">106</a>
0x14 (0x34)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x13 (0x33)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x12 (0x32)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x11 (0x31)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x10 (0x30)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x0F (0x2F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x0E (0x2E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x0D (0x2D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x0C (0x2C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x0B (0x2B)	PORTD	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	<a href="#">90</a>
0x0A (0x2A)	DDRD	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	<a href="#">90</a>
0x09 (0x29)	PIND	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	<a href="#">90</a>
0x08 (0x28)	PORTC	PORTC7	PORTC6	PORTC5	PORTC4	PORTC3	PORTC2	PORTC1	PORTC0	<a href="#">90</a>
0x07 (0x27)	DDRC	DDC7	DDC6	DDC5	DDC4	DDC3	DDC2	DDC1	DDC0	<a href="#">90</a>
0x06 (0x26)	PINC	PINC7	PINC6	PINC5	PINC4	PINC3	PINC2	PINC1	PINC0	<a href="#">90</a>
0x05 (0x25)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	<a href="#">89</a>
0x04 (0x24)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	<a href="#">89</a>
0x03 (0x23)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	<a href="#">90</a>
0x02 (0x22)	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	<a href="#">89</a>
0x01 (0x21)	DDRA	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	<a href="#">89</a>
0x00 (0x20)	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	<a href="#">89</a>

- Notes:
1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
  2. I/O registers within the address range \$00 - \$1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
  3. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
  4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses \$00 - \$3F must be used. When addressing I/O registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, \$20 must be added to these addresses.  
The ATmega164A/164PA/324A/324PA/644A/644PA/1284/1284P is a complex microcontroller with more peripheral units than can be supported within the 64 location reserved in Opcode for the IN and OUT instructions. For the Extended I/O space from \$60 - \$FF, only the ST/STS/STD and LD/LDS/LDD instructions can be used.
  5. USART in SPI Master Mode.
  6. Only available in the ATmega164PA/324PA/644PA/1284P.
  7. Only available in the ATmega1284/1284P

## 8. Instruction set summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
<b>ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	RdI,K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl + K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	RdI,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$	Z,C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$	Z,C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$	Z,C	2
<b>BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	2
JMP	k	Direct Jump	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	3
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	3
CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	4
RET		Subroutine Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	I	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	$Rd - Rr$	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	$Rd - Rr - C$	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	$Rd - K$	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(Rr(b)=0)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=1)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if $(P(b)=1)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if $(SREG(s) = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if $(SREG(s) = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if $(N = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if $(N = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if $(V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2

### 9.3 Atmel ATmega324A

Speed [MHz] <sup>(3)</sup>	Power supply	Ordering code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega324A-AU ATmega324A-AUR <sup>(5)</sup> ATmega324A-PU ATmega324A-MU ATmega324A-MUR <sup>(5)</sup> ATmega324A-MCH <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega324A-MCHR <sup>(4)(5)</sup> ATmega324A-CU ATmega324A-CUR <sup>(5)</sup>	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1 44MC 44MC 49C2 49C2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$  see ["Speed grades" on page 324](#).
  4. NiPdAu Lead Finish.
  5. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
<b>44A</b>	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>40P6</b>	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
<b>44M1</b>	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Thermally Enhanced Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (VQFN)
<b>44MC</b>	44-lead (2-row Staggered), 5 × 5 × 1.0mm body, 2.60 × 2.60mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No-Lead Package (QFN)
<b>49C2</b>	49-ball, (7 × 7 Array) 0.65mm Pitch, 5 × 5 × 1mm, Very Thin, Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array Package (VFBGA)

## 9.5 Atmel ATmega644A

Speed [MHz] <sup>(3)</sup>	Power supply	Ordering code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega644A-AU ATmega644A-AUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega644A-PU ATmega644A-MU ATmega644A-MUR <sup>(4)</sup>	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$  see ["Speed grades" on page 324](#).
  4. Taper & Reel.

Package Type	
<b>44A</b>	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>40P6</b>	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
<b>44M1</b>	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.5 mm, Thermally Enhanced Plastic Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (VQFN)

## 9.7 Atmel ATmega1284

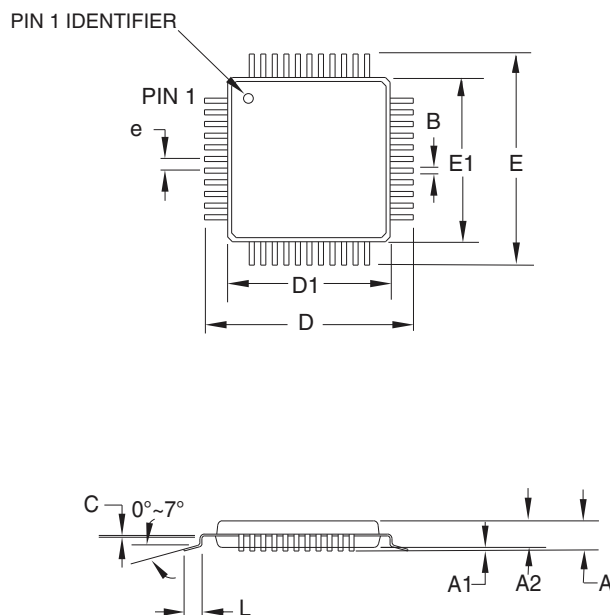
Speed [MHz] <sup>(3)</sup>	Power supply	Ordering code <sup>(2)</sup>	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operational range
20	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega1284-AU ATmega1284-AUR <sup>(4)</sup> ATmega1284-PU ATmega1284-MU ATmega1284-MUR <sup>(4)</sup>	44A 44A 40P6 44M1 44M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.
  3. For Speed vs.  $V_{CC}$  see ["Speed grades" on page 324](#).
  4. Tape & Reel.

Package Type	
<b>44A</b>	44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
<b>40P6</b>	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
<b>44M1</b>	44-pad, 7 × 7 × 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)

## 10. Packaging information

### 10.1 44A



**COMMON DIMENSIONS**  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	—	—	1.20	
A1	0.05	—	0.15	
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	
D	11.75	12.00	12.25	
D1	9.90	10.00	10.10	Note 2
E	11.75	12.00	12.25	
E1	9.90	10.00	10.10	Note 2
B	0.30	0.37	0.45	
C	0.09	(0.17)	0.20	
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	
e	0.80 TYP			

**Notes:**

1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-026, Variation ACB.
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10mm maximum.

06/02/2014

**Atmel** Package Drawing Contact:  
packagedrawings@atmel.com

**TITLE**

**44A**, 44-lead, 10 x 10mm body size, 1.0mm body thickness,  
0.8 mm lead pitch, thin profile plastic quad flat package (TQFP)

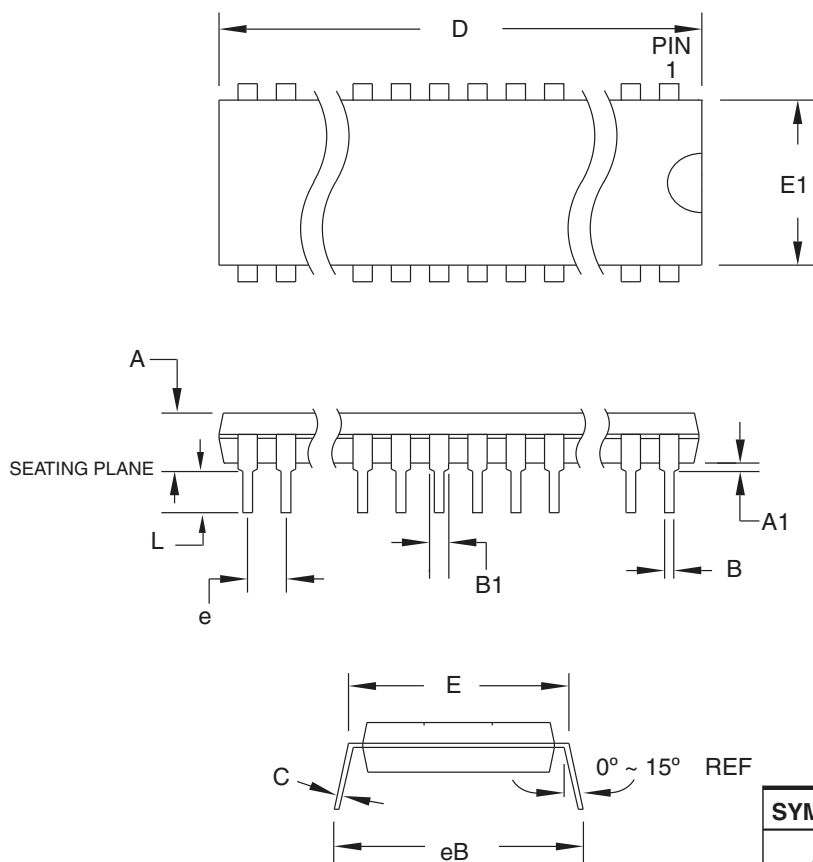
**DRAWING NO.**

44A

**REV.**

C

## 10.2 40P6




**COMMON DIMENSIONS**  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	—	—	4.826	
A1	0.381	—	—	
D	52.070	—	52.578	Note 2
E	15.240	—	15.875	
E1	13.462	—	13.970	Note 2
B	0.356	—	0.559	
B1	1.041	—	1.651	
L	3.048	—	3.556	
C	0.203	—	0.381	
eB	15.494	—	17.526	
e	2.540 TYP			

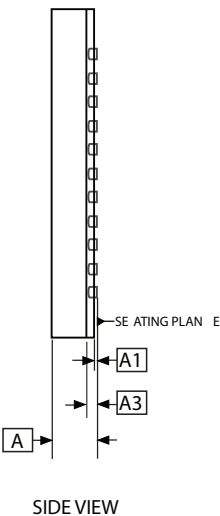
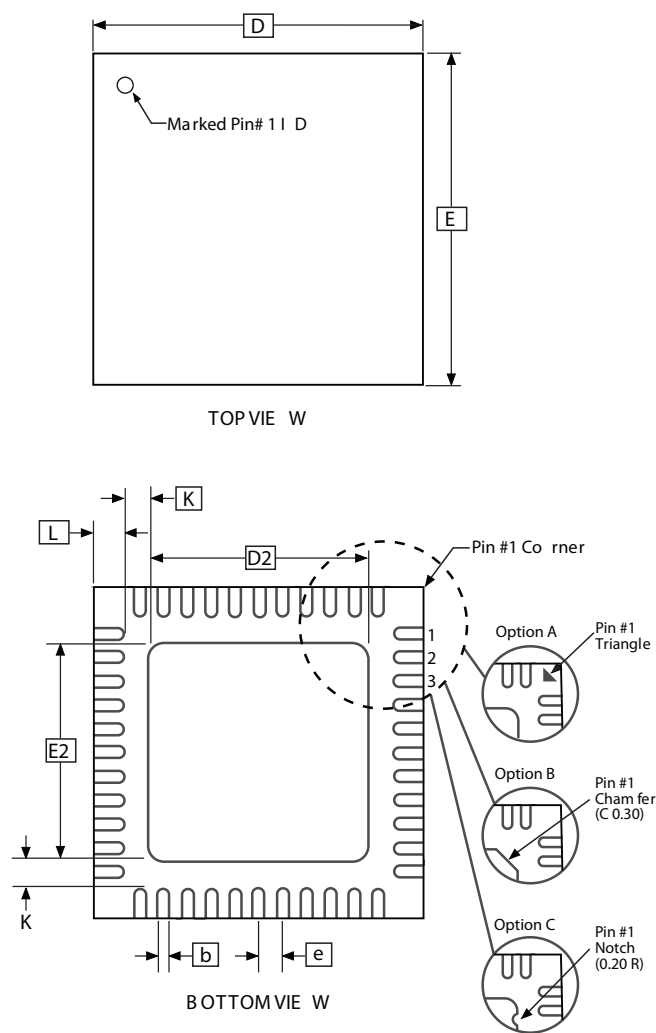
**Notes:**

1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-011, Variation AC.
2. Dimensions  $D$  and  $E1$  do not include mold Flash or Protrusion.  
Mold Flash or Protrusion shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010").

13/02/2014

 <b>Package Drawing Contact:</b> <a href="mailto:packagedrawings@atmel.com">packagedrawings@atmel.com</a>	<b>TITLE</b> <b>40P6, 40-lead (0.600"/15.24mm Wide) Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)</b>	<b>DRAWING NO.</b>	<b>REV.</b>
		40P6	C

10.3 44M1




COMMON DIMENSIONS  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	0.80	0.90	1.00	
A1	–	0.02	0.05	
A3	0.20 REF			
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	
D	6.90	7.00	7.10	
D2	5.00	5.20	5.40	
E	6.90	7.00	7.10	
E2	5.00	5.20	5.40	
e	0.50 BSC			
L	0.59	0.64	0.69	
K	0.20	0.26	0.41	

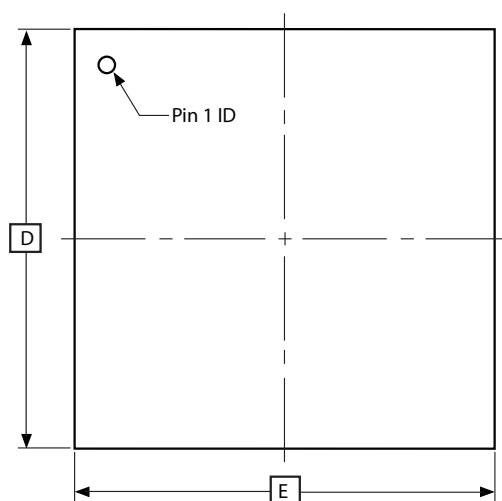
Note: JEDEC Standard MO-220, Fig . 1 (S AW Singulation) VKKD-3 .

9/26/08

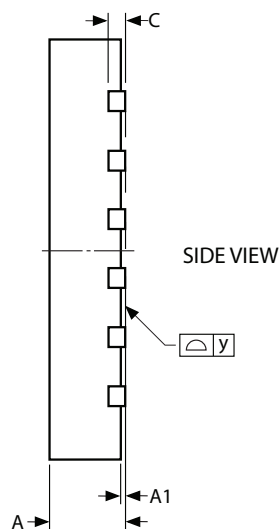
 Package Drawing Contact: avr@atmel.com	TITLE 44M1, 44-pad, 7 x 7 x 1.0mm body, lead pitch 0.50mm, 5.20mm exposed pad, thermally enhanced plastic very thin quad flat no lead package (VQFN)	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
		ZWS	44M1	H



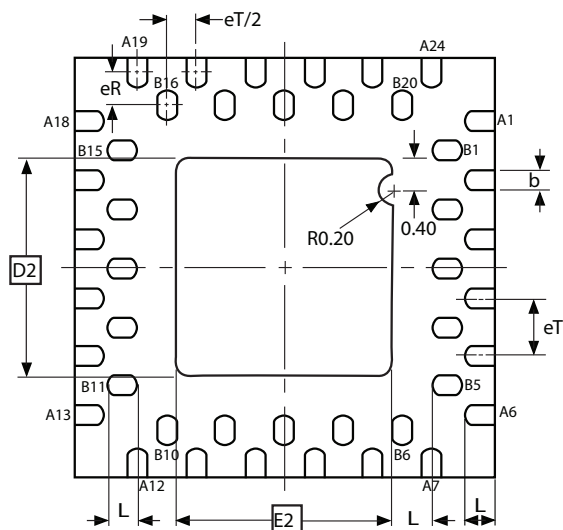
## 10.4 44MC



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	0.80	0.90	1.00	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	
C	0.20 REF			
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	
D2	2.55	2.60	2.65	
E	4.90	5.00	5.10	
E2	2.55	2.60	2.65	
eT	–	0.70	–	
eR	–	0.40	–	
K	0.45	–	–	
L	0.30	0.35	0.40	
y	0.00	–	0.075	

Note: 1. The terminal #1 ID is a Laser-marked Feature.

9/13/07



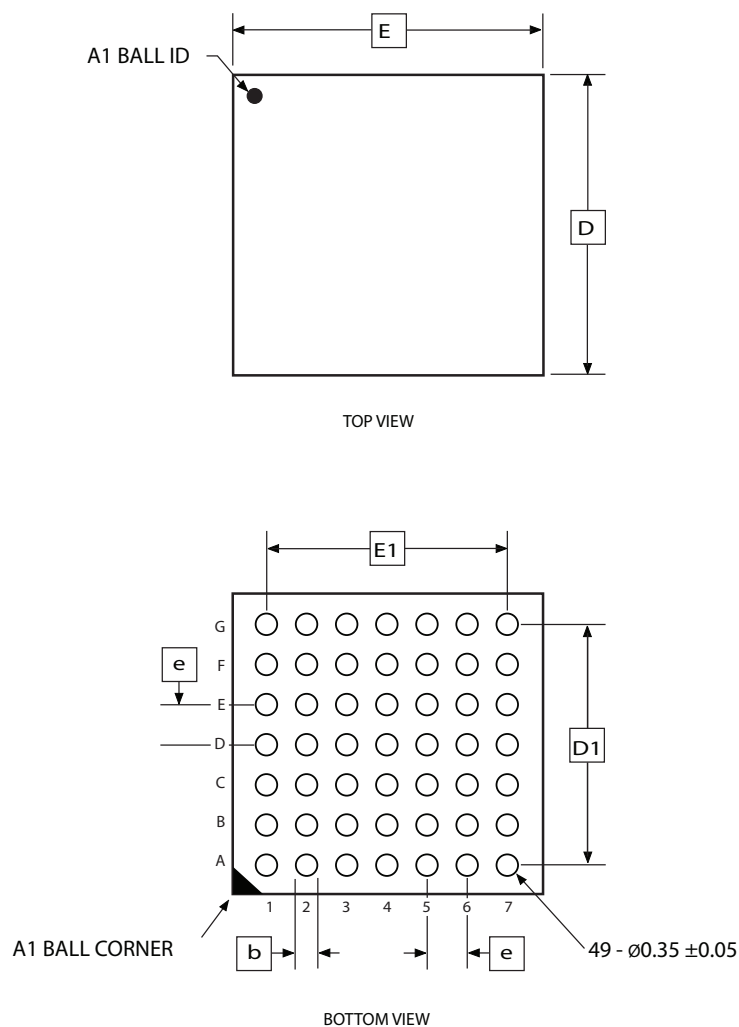
Package Drawing Contact:  
packagedrawings@atmel.com

TITLE  
44MC, 44QFN (2-Row Staggered), 5 x 5 x 1.00 mm Body,  
2.60 x 2.60 mm Exposed Pad, Quad Flat No Lead Package

DRAWING NO .  
44MC

REV .  
A

## 10.5 49C2



COMMON DIMENSIONS  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	—	—	1.00	
A1	0.20	—	—	
A2	0.65	—	—	
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	
D1	3.90 BSC			
E4.90	5.00	5.10		
E1	3.90 BSC			
b	0.30	0.35	0.40	
e	0.65 BSC			

3/14/08



Package Drawing Contact:  
packagedrawings@atmel.com

TITLE  
49C2, 49-ball (7 x 7 array), 0.65mm pitch,  
5.0 x 5.0 x 1.0mm, very thin, fine-pitch  
ball grid array package (VFBGA)

GPC  
CBD

DRAWING NO.  
49C2

REV.  
A

## 12.3 Rev. 8272E - 04/2013

1. Updated [Figure 1-1 on page 3](#) and [Figure 2-1 on page 6](#): T3 and T/C3 only available in ATmega1284/1284P.
2. Updated descriptive text on page 6 to indicate that ATmega1284/1284P has four T/Cs.
3. Updated the Assembly code example for WDT\_off (p.56) following the ej# 705736.
4. Added note in ["16-bit Timer/Counter1 and Timer/Counter3<sup>\(1\)</sup> with PWM" on page 107](#).
5. Added ["Prescaler Reset" on page 112](#).
6. Corrected three typo for Waveform generation mode (WGM) instead of MGM.
7. Updated [Table 23-6 on page 253](#). ADC Auto Trigger Source Selections, ADTS=0b011, the statement is Timer/Counter0 Compare Match A.
8. Updated [Table 27-18 on page 310](#). Command for 6d Poll for Fuse Write Complete: 0111011\_00000000
9. Updated the table notes of the [Table 28-1 on page 318](#).
10. Updated ["Register summary" on page 10](#). Added table note 7: Only available in ATmega1284/1284P.

## 12.4 Rev. 8272D - 05/12

1. Updated ["Power-down mode" on page 44](#).
2. Updated ["Overview" on page 67](#).
3. Corrected references for Bit 2, Bit 1, and Bit 0 in Section ["UCSRnC – USART MSPIM Control and Status Register n C" on page 201](#).
4. Several small corrections throughout the whole document made according to the template
5. Notes in [Table 27-17 on page 304](#) have been corrected
6. Note (1) in [Table 28-3 on page 320](#) is added

## 12.5 Rev. 8272C - 06/11

1. Updated ["Atmel ATmega1284P DC characteristics" on page 323](#).

## 12.6 Rev. 8272B - 05/11

1. Added Atmel QTouch Library Support and QTouch Sensing Capability Features.
2. Replaced the [Figure 1-1 on page 3](#) by an updated ["Pinout."](#) that includes Timer/Counter3.
3. Replaced the [Figure 7-1 on page 10](#) by an updated ["Block diagram of the AVR architecture."](#) that includes Timer/Counter3.
4. Added ["RAMPZ – Extended Z-pointer Register for ELPM/SPM<sup>\(1\)</sup>" on page 15](#).
5. Added ["PRR1 – Power Reduction Register 1" on page 49](#).
6. Renamed PRR to ["PRR0 – Power Reduction Register 0" on page 48](#).
7. Updated ["PCIFR – Pin Change Interrupt Flag Register" on page 69](#). PCICR replaces EIMSR in the PCIF3, PCIF2, PCIF1 and PCIF0 bit description.
8. Updated ["PCMSK3 – Pin Change Mask Register 3" on page 70](#). PCIE3 replaces PCIE2 in the bit description.
9. Updated ["Alternate Functions of Port B" on page 80](#) to include Timer/Counter3
10. Updated ["Alternate Functions of Port D" on page 86](#) to include Timer/Counter3
11. Added ["TCNT3H and TCNT3L –Timer/Counter3" on page 132](#)



