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#### [Understanding Embedded - Microcontroller, Microprocessor, FPGA Modules](#)

Embedded - Microcontroller, Microprocessor, and FPGA Modules are fundamental components in modern electronic systems, offering a wide range of functionalities and capabilities. Microcontrollers are compact integrated circuits designed to execute specific control tasks within an embedded system. They typically include a processor, memory, and input/output peripherals on a single chip. Microprocessors, on the other hand, are more powerful processing units used in complex computing tasks, often requiring external memory and peripherals. FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Arrays) are highly flexible devices that can be configured by the user to perform specific logic functions, making them invaluable in applications requiring customization and adaptability.

#### [Applications of Embedded - Microcontroller,](#)

##### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Module/Board Type	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	ARM Cortex-A9
Co-Processor	Zynq-7000 (Z-7010)
Speed	33MHz
Flash Size	16MB
RAM Size	-
Connector Type	40 Pin
Size / Dimension	0.71" x 2.01" (18mm x 51mm)
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/trenz-electronic/te0722-02i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/trenz-electronic/te0722-02i</a>

Table 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup> (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
$V_{IN}^{(3)(4)(5)}$	I/O input voltage for HR I/O banks	-0.40	$V_{CCO} + 0.55$	V
	I/O input voltage (when $V_{CCO} = 3.3V$ ) for $V_{REF}$ and differential I/O standards except TMDS_33 <sup>(6)</sup>	-0.40	2.625	V
$V_{CCBATT}$	Key memory battery backup supply	-0.5	2.0	V
<b>GTP Transceiver (XC7Z015 Only)</b>				
$V_{MGTAVCC}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver circuits	-0.5	1.1	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver termination circuits	-0.5	1.32	V
$V_{MGTREFCLK}$	Reference clock absolute input voltage	-0.5	1.32	V
$V_{IN}$	Receiver (RXP/RXN) and Transmitter (TXP/TXN) absolute input voltage	-0.5	1.26	V
$I_{DCIN-FLOAT}$	DC input current for receiver input pins DC coupled RX termination = floating	-	14	mA
$I_{DCIN-MGTAVTT}$	DC input current for receiver input pins DC coupled RX termination = $V_{MGTAVTT}$	-	12	mA
$I_{DCIN-GND}$	DC input current for receiver input pins DC coupled RX termination = GND	-	6.5	mA
$I_{DCOUT-FLOAT}$	DC output current for transmitter pins DC coupled RX termination = floating	-	14	mA
$I_{DCOUT-MGTAVTT}$	DC output current for transmitter pins DC coupled RX termination = $V_{MGTAVTT}$	-	12	mA
<b>XADC</b>				
$V_{CCADC}$	XADC supply relative to GNDADC	-0.5	2.0	V
$V_{REFP}$	XADC reference input relative to GNDADC	-0.5	2.0	V
<b>Temperature</b>				
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature (ambient)	-65	150	°C
$T_{SOL}$	Maximum soldering temperature for Pb/Sn component bodies <sup>(7)</sup>	-	+220	°C
	Maximum soldering temperature for Pb-free component bodies <sup>(7)</sup>	-	+260	°C
$T_j$	Maximum junction temperature <sup>(7)</sup>	-	+125	°C

**Notes:**

- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings might cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods of time might affect device reliability.
- Applies to both MIO supply banks  $V_{CCO\_MIO0}$  and  $V_{CCO\_MIO1}$ .
- The lower absolute voltage specification always applies.
- For I/O operation, refer to the 7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide ([UG471](#)) or the Zynq-7000 All Programmable SoC Technical Reference Manual ([UG585](#)).
- The maximum limit applies to DC signals. For maximum undershoot and overshoot AC specifications, see [Table 4](#).
- See [Table 11](#) for TMDS\_33 specifications.
- For soldering guidelines and thermal considerations, see the Zynq-7000 All Programmable SoC Packaging and Pinout Specification ([UG865](#)).

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>PS</b>					
$V_{CCPINT}$	PS internal logic supply voltage	0.95	1.00	1.05	V
$V_{CCPAUX}$	PS auxiliary supply voltage	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
$V_{CCPLL}$	PS PLL supply	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
$V_{CCO\_DDR}$	PS DDR I/O supply voltage	1.14	-	1.89	V
$V_{CCO\_MIO}^{(3)}$	PS MIO I/O supply voltage for MIO banks	1.71	-	3.465	V

Table 2: Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)(2)</sup> (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{PIN}^{(4)}$	PS DDR and MIO I/O input voltage	-0.20	-	$V_{CCO\_DDR} + 0.20$ $V_{CCO\_MIO} + 0.20$	V
<b>PL</b>					
$V_{CCINT}^{(5)}$	PL internal supply voltage	0.95	1.00	1.05	V
	PL -1LI (0.95V) internal supply voltage	0.92	0.95	0.98	V
$V_{CCAUX}$	PL auxiliary supply voltage	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
$V_{CCBRAM}^{(5)}$	PL block RAM supply voltage	0.95	1.00	1.05	V
	PL -1LI (0.95V) block RAM supply voltage	0.92	0.95	0.98	V
$V_{CCO}^{(6)(7)}$	PL supply voltage for HR I/O banks	1.14	-	3.465	V
$V_{IN}^{(4)}$	I/O input voltage	-0.20	-	$V_{CCO} + 0.20$	V
	I/O input voltage (when $V_{CCO} = 3.3V$ ) for $V_{REF}$ and differential I/O standards except TMDS_33 <sup>(8)</sup>	-0.20	-	2.625	V
$I_{IN}^{(9)}$	Maximum current through any (PS or PL) pin in a powered or unpowered bank when forward biasing the clamp diode	-	-	10	mA
$V_{CCBATT}^{(10)}$	Battery voltage	1.0	-	1.89	V
<b>GTP Transceiver (XC7Z015 Only)</b>					
$V_{MGTAVCC}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver circuits	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
$V_{MGTAVTT}^{(11)}$	Analog supply voltage for the GTP transmitter and receiver termination circuits	1.17	1.2	1.23	V
<b>XADC</b>					
$V_{CCADC}$	XADC supply relative to GNDADC	1.71	1.80	1.89	V
$V_{REFP}$	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
<b>Temperature</b>					
$T_j$	Junction temperature operating range for commercial (C) temperature devices	0	-	85	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for extended (E) temperature devices	0	-	100	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for industrial (I) temperature devices	-40	-	100	°C
	Junction temperature operating range for expanded (Q) temperature devices	-40	-	125	°C

**Notes:**

- All voltages are relative to ground. The PL and PS share a common ground.
- For the design of the power distribution system consult the *Zynq-7000 All Programmable SoC PCB Design Guide* ([UG933](#)).
- Applies to both MIO supply banks  $V_{CCO\_MIO0}$  and  $V_{CCO\_MIO1}$ .
- The lower absolute voltage specification always applies.
- $V_{CCINT}$  and  $V_{CCBRAM}$  should be connected to the same supply.
- Configuration data is retained even if  $V_{CCO}$  drops to 0V.
- Includes  $V_{CCO}$  of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V at  $\pm 5\%$ .
- See [Table 11](#) for TMDS\_33 specifications.
- A total of 200 mA per PS or PL bank should not be exceeded.
- $V_{CCBATT}$  is required only when using bitstream encryption. If battery is not used, connect  $V_{CCBATT}$  to either ground or  $V_{CCAUX}$ .
- Each voltage listed requires the filter circuit described in the *7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceiver User Guide* ([UG482](#)).

Table 15: Zynq-7000 Device Speed Grade Designations (Cont'd)

Device	Speed Grade Designations		
	Advance	Preliminary	Production
XC7Z020			-3E, -2E, -2I, -1C, -1I, -1LI
XA7Z010			-1I, -1Q
XA7Z020			-1I, -1Q
XQ7Z020			-2I, -1I, -1Q, -1LI

## Production Silicon and Software Status

In some cases, a particular family member (and speed grade) is released to production before a speed specification is released with the correct label (Advance, Preliminary, Production). Any labeling discrepancies are corrected in subsequent speed specification releases.

Table 16 lists the production released Zynq-7000 device, speed grade, and the minimum corresponding supported speed specification version and software revisions. The software and speed specifications listed are the minimum releases required for production. All subsequent releases of software and speed specifications are valid.

Table 16: Zynq-7000 Device Production Software and Speed Specification Release

Device	Speed Grade Designations						
	-3E	-2E	-2I	-1C	-1I	-1LI	-1Q
XC7Z007S	N/A	Vivado tools 2016.3 v1.11			N/A	N/A	
XC7Z012S	N/A	Vivado tools 2016.3 v1.11			N/A	N/A	
XC7Z014S	N/A	Vivado tools 2016.3 v1.11			N/A	N/A	
XC7Z010	ISE tools 14.5 v1.06 and Vivado tools 2013.1 v1.06	ISE tools 14.4 and the 14.4 device pack v1.05 and Vivado tools 2013.1 v1.06			Vivado tools 2014.4 v1.11	N/A	
XC7Z015	Vivado tools 2013.4 v1.09				Vivado tools 2014.4 v1.11	N/A	
XC7Z020	ISE tools 14.5 v1.06 and Vivado tools 2013.1 v1.06	ISE tools 14.4 and the 14.4 device pack v1.05 and Vivado tools 2013.1 v1.06			Vivado tools 2014.4 v1.11	N/A	
XA7Z010	N/A			ISE tools 14.5 v1.04 and Vivado tools 2013.1 v1.04	N/A	ISE tools 14.6 v1.05 and Vivado tools 2013.2 v1.05	
XA7Z020	N/A			ISE tools 14.5 v1.04 and Vivado tools 2013.1 v1.04	N/A	ISE tools 14.6 v1.05 and Vivado tools 2013.2 v1.05	
XQ7Z020	N/A	ISE tools 14.6 v1.05 and Vivado tools 2013.2 v1.05	N/A	ISE tools 14.6 v1.05 and Vivado tools 2013.2 v1.05	Vivado tools 2015.4 v1.10	ISE tools 14.7 v1.06 and Vivado tools 2013.3 v1.06	

## Selecting the Correct Speed Grade and Voltage in the Vivado Tools

It is important to select the correct device speed grade and voltage in the Vivado tools for the device that you are selecting.

To select the -3, -2, or -1 (PL 1.0V) speed specifications in the Vivado tools, select the **Zynq-7000, XA Zynq-7000, or Defense Grade Zynq-7000** sub-family, and then select the part name that is the device name followed by the package name followed by the speed grade. For example, select the **xc7z020clg484-3** part name for the XC7Z020 device in the CLG484 package and -3 speed grade.

## ULPI Interfaces

Table 35: ULPI Interface Clock Receiving Mode Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
TULPIDCK	Input setup to ULPI clock, all inputs	3.00	—	—	ns
TULPICKD	Input hold to ULPI clock, all inputs	1.00	—	—	ns
TULPICKO	ULPI clock to output valid, all outputs	1.70	—	8.86	ns
FULPICLK	ULPI device clock frequency	—	60	—	MHz

**Notes:**

1. Test conditions: LVCMS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads, 60 MHz device clock frequency.
2. All timing values assume an ideal external input clock. Actual design system timing budgets should account for additional external clock jitter.

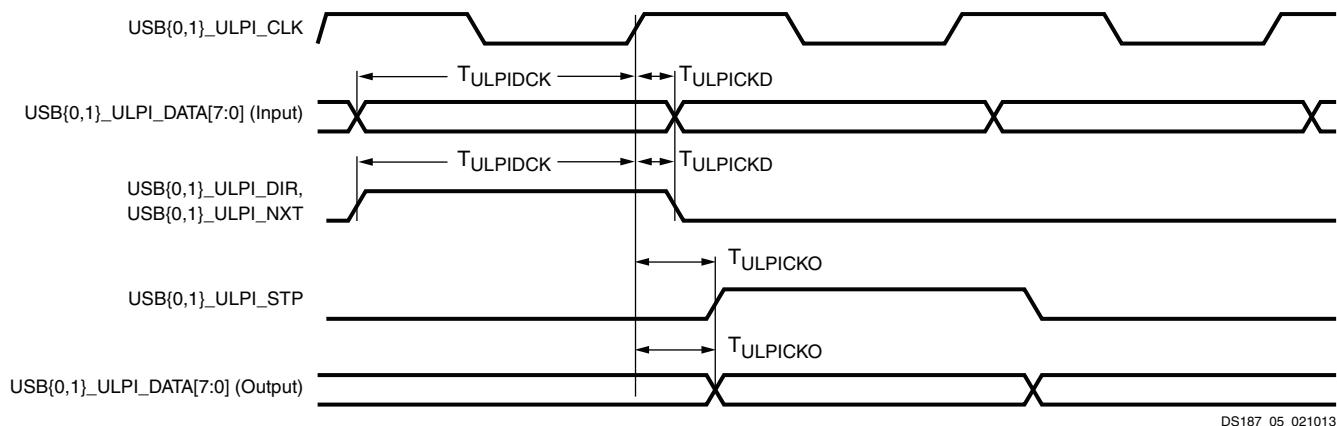


Figure 6: ULPI Interface Timing Diagram

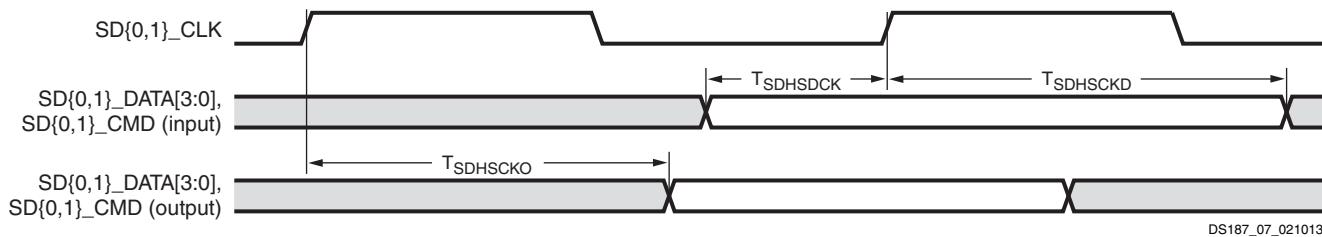
## SD/SDIO Interfaces

Table 37: SD/SDIO Interface High Speed Mode Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$T_{DCSDHSCLK}$	SD device clock duty cycle	–	50	–	%
$T_{SDHSCKO}$	Clock to output delay, all outputs	2.00	–	12.00	ns
$T_{SDHSCKD}$	Input setup time, all inputs	3.00	–	–	ns
$T_{SDHSCKD}$	Input hold time, all inputs	1.05	–	–	ns
$F_{SD\_REF\_CLK}$	SD reference clock frequency	–	–	125	MHz
$F_{SDHSCLK}$	High speed mode SD device clock frequency	0	–	50	MHz

**Notes:**

- Test conditions: LVCMS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads.



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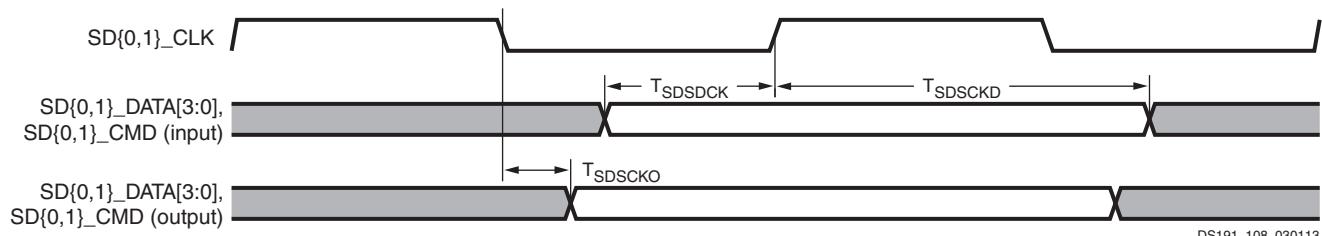
Figure 8: SD/SDIO Interface High Speed Mode Timing Diagram

Table 38: SD/SDIO Interface Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$T_{DCSDSCLK}$	SD device clock duty cycle	–	50	–	%
$T_{SDSCKO}$	Clock to output delay, all outputs	2.00	–	12.00	ns
$T_{SDSDCK}$	Input setup time, all inputs	4.00	–	–	ns
$T_{SDSCKD}$	Input hold time, all inputs	3.00	–	–	ns
$F_{SD\_REF\_CLK}$	SD reference clock frequency	–	–	125	MHz
$F_{SDIDCLK}$	Clock frequency in identification mode	–	–	400	KHz
$F_{SDSCLK}$	Standard mode SD device clock frequency	0	–	25	MHz

**Notes:**

- Test conditions: LVCMS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads.



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Figure 9: SD/SDIO Interface Standard Mode Timing Diagram

## SPI Interfaces

Table 41: SPI Master Mode Interface Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$T_{DCMSPICLK}$	SPI master mode clock duty cycle	—	50	—	%
$T_{MSPIDCK}$	Input setup time for SPI{0,1}_MISO	2.00	—	—	ns
$T_{MSPICKD}$	Input hold time for SPI{0,1}_MISO	8.20	—	—	ns
$T_{MSPICKO}$	Output delay for SPI{0,1}_MOSI and SPI{0,1}_SS	-3.10	—	3.90	ns
$T_{MSPISSCLK}$	Slave select asserted to first active clock edge	1	—	—	$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$ cycles
$T_{MSPICLKSS}$	Last active clock edge to slave select deasserted	0.5	—	—	$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$ cycles
$F_{MSPICLK}$	SPI master mode device clock frequency	—	—	50.00	MHz
$F_{SPI\_REF\_CLK}$	SPI reference clock frequency	—	—	200.00	MHz

**Notes:**

- Test conditions: LVCMS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads.

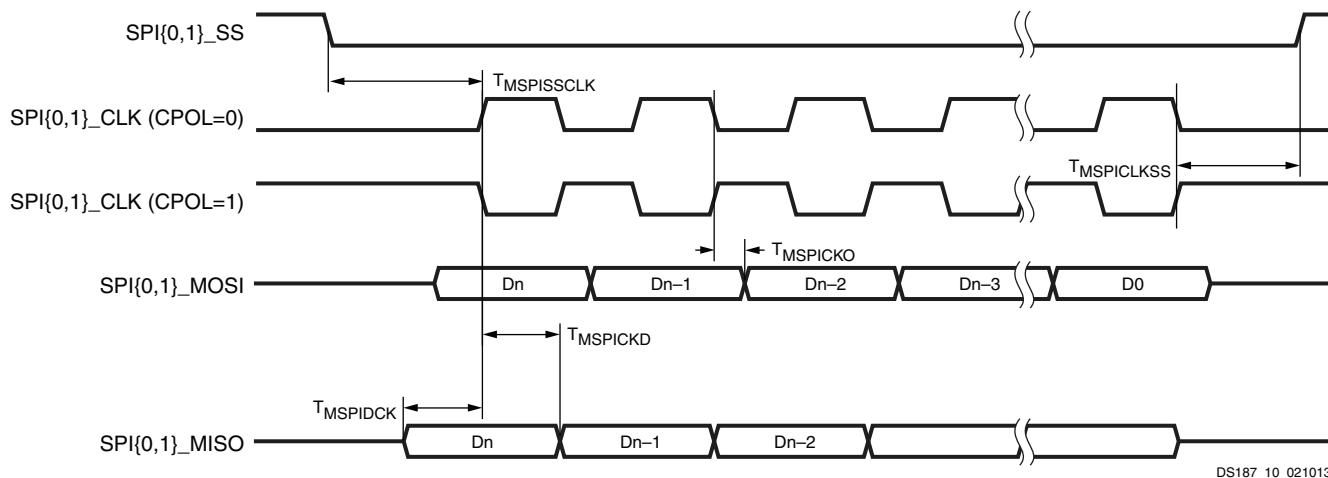


Figure 12: SPI Master (CPHA = 0) Interface Timing Diagram

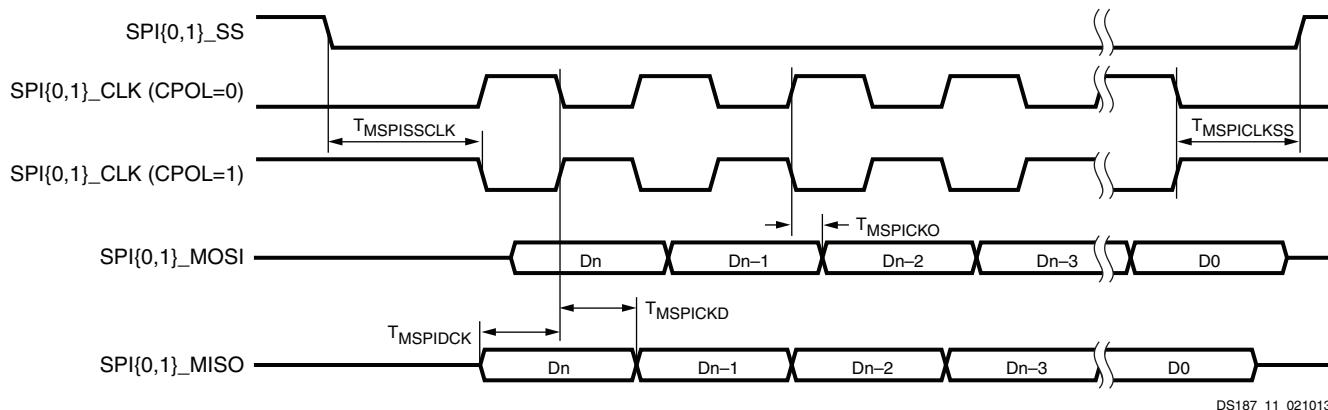


Figure 13: SPI Master (CPHA = 1) Interface Timing Diagram

Table 42: SPI Slave Mode Interface Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
T <sub>SSPIDCK</sub>	Input setup time for SPI{0,1}_MOSI and SPI{0,1}_SS	1	–	F <sub>SPI_REF_CLK</sub> cycles
T <sub>SSPICKD</sub>	Input hold time for SPI{0,1}_MOSI and SPI{0,1}_SS	1	–	F <sub>SPI_REF_CLK</sub> cycles
T <sub>SSPICKO</sub>	Output delay for SPI{0,1}_MISO	0	2.6	F <sub>SPI_REF_CLK</sub> cycles
T <sub>SSPISSCLK</sub>	Slave select asserted to first active clock edge	1	–	F <sub>SPI_REF_CLK</sub> cycles
T <sub>SSPICKLSS</sub>	Last active clock edge to slave select deasserted	1	–	F <sub>SPI_REF_CLK</sub> cycles
F <sub>SPICLK</sub>	SPI slave mode device clock frequency	–	25	MHz
F <sub>SPI_REF_CLK</sub>	SPI reference clock frequency	–	200	MHz

**Notes:**

- Test conditions: LVCMS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads.
- All timing values assume an ideal external input clock. Actual design system timing budgets should account for additional external clock jitter.

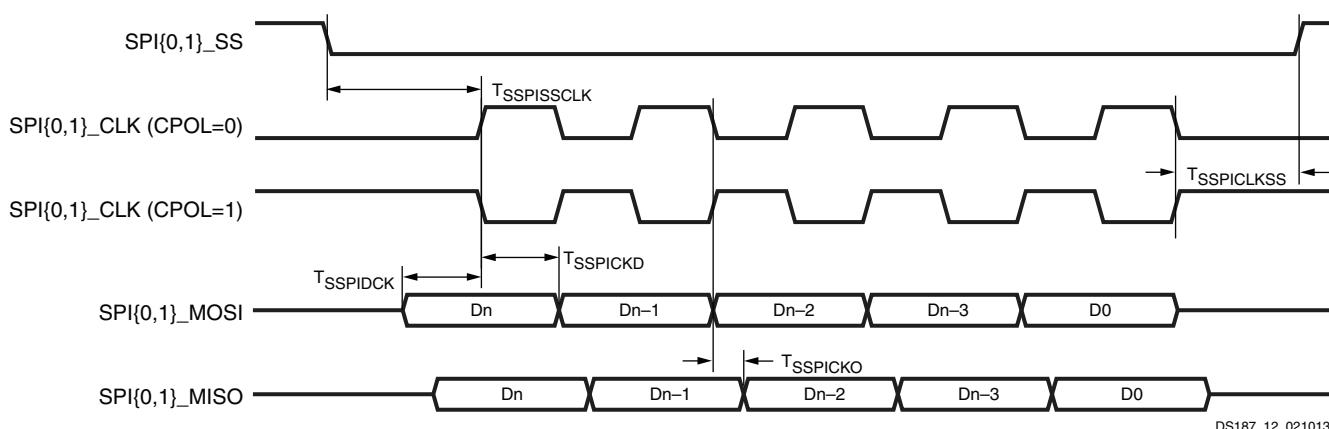


Figure 14: SPI Slave (CPHA = 0) Interface Timing Diagram

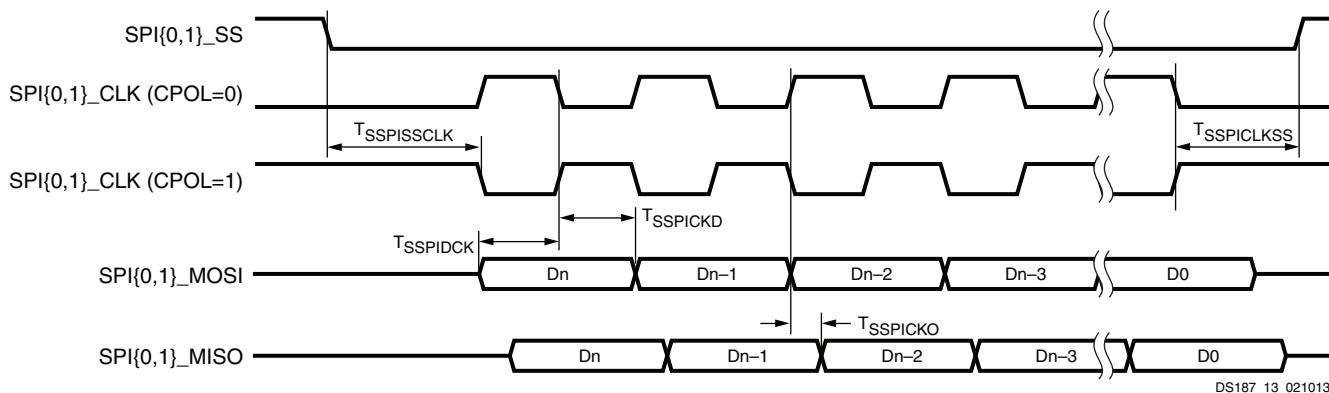


Figure 15: SPI Slave (CPHA = 1) Interface Timing Diagram

## CAN Interfaces

Table 43: CAN Interface Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
$T_{PW CANRX}$	Minimum receive pulse width	1	–	μs
$T_{PWCANTX}$	Minimum transmit pulse width	1	–	μs
$F_{CAN\_REF\_CLK}$	Internally sourced CAN reference clock frequency	–	100	MHz
	Externally sourced CAN reference clock frequency	–	40	MHz

**Notes:**

- Test conditions: LVCMOS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads.

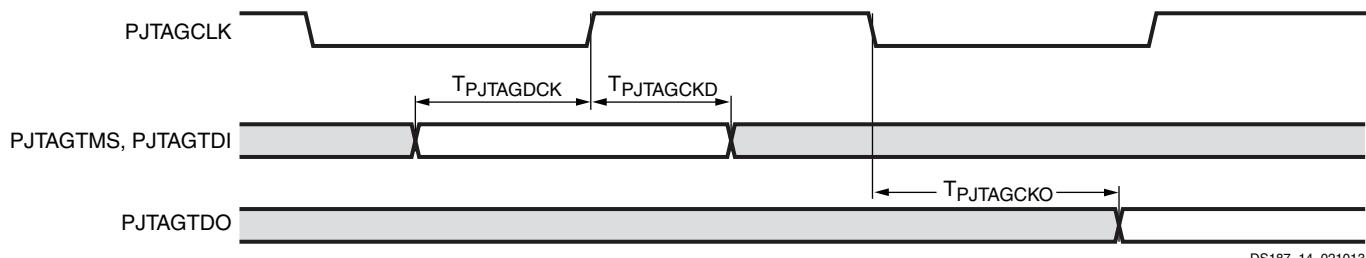
## PJTAG Interfaces

Table 44: PJTAG Interface<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
$T_{PJTAGDCK}$	PJTAG input setup time	2.4	–	ns
$T_{PJTAGCKD}$	PJTAG input hold time	2.0	–	ns
$T_{PJTAGCKO}$	PJTAG clock to out delay	–	12.5	ns
$T_{PJTAGCLK}$	PJTAG clock frequency	–	20	MHz

**Notes:**

- Test conditions: LVCMOS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads.
- All timing values assume an ideal external input clock. Actual design system timing budgets should account for additional external clock jitter.



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Figure 16: PJTAG Interface Timing Diagram

## UART Interfaces

Table 45: UART Interface Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Units
$BAUD_{TXMAX}$	Maximum transmit baud rate	–	1	Mb/s
$BAUD_{RXMAX}$	Maximum receive baud rate	–	1	Mb/s
$F_{UART\_REF\_CLK}$	UART reference clock frequency	–	100	MHz

**Notes:**

- Test conditions: LVCMOS33, slow slew rate, 8 mA drive strength, 15 pF loads.

Parameters  $V_{REF}$ ,  $R_{REF}$ ,  $C_{REF}$ , and  $V_{MEAS}$  fully describe the test conditions for each I/O standard. The most accurate prediction of propagation delay in any given application can be obtained through IBIS simulation, using this method:

1. Simulate the output driver of choice into the generalized test setup using values from [Table 55](#).
2. Record the time to  $V_{MEAS}$ .
3. Simulate the output driver of choice into the actual PCB trace and load using the appropriate IBIS model or capacitance value to represent the load.
4. Record the time to  $V_{MEAS}$ .
5. Compare the results of [step 2](#) and [step 4](#). The increase or decrease in delay yields the actual propagation delay of the PCB trace.

**Table 55: Output Delay Measurement Methodology**

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	$R_{REF}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$C_{REF}$ <sup>(1)</sup> (pF)	$V_{MEAS}$ (V)	$V_{REF}$ (V)
LVC MOS, 1.2V	LVC MOS12	1M	0	0.6	0
LVC MOS/LVDCI/HSLVDCI, 1.5V	LVC MOS15, LVDCI_15, HSLVDCI_15	1M	0	0.75	0
LVC MOS/LVDCI/HSLVDCI, 1.8V	LVC MOS18, LVDCI_15, HSLVDCI_18	1M	0	0.9	0
LVC MOS, 2.5V	LVC MOS25	1M	0	1.25	0
LVC MOS, 3.3V	LVC MOS33	1M	0	1.65	0
LV TTL, 3.3V	LV TTL	1M	0	1.65	0
PCI33, 3.3V	PCI33_3	25	10	1.65	0
HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), Class I, 1.2V	HSTL_I_12	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.6
HSTL, Class I, 1.5V	HSTL_I	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.75
HSTL, Class II, 1.5V	HSTL_II	25	0	$V_{REF}$	0.75
HSTL, Class I, 1.8V	HSTL_I_18	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.9
HSTL, Class II, 1.8V	HSTL_II_18	25	0	$V_{REF}$	0.9
HSUL (High-Speed Unterminated Logic), 1.2V	HSUL_12	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.6
SSTL12, 1.2V	SSTL12	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.6
SSTL135/SSTL135_R, 1.35V	SSTL135, SSTL135_R	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.675
SSTL15/SSTL15_R, 1.5V	SSTL15, SSTL15_R	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.75
SSTL (Stub Series Terminated Logic), Class I & Class II, 1.8V	SSTL18_I, SSTL18_II	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.9
DIFF_MOBILE_DDR, 1.8V	DIFF_MOBILE_DDR	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.9
DIFF_HSTL, Class I, 1.2V	DIFF_HSTL_I_12	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.6
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.5V	DIFF_HSTL_I, DIFF_HSTL_II	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.75
DIFF_HSTL, Class I & II, 1.8V	DIFF_HSTL_I_18, DIFF_HSTL_II_18	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.9
DIFF_HSUL_12, 1.2V	DIFF_HSUL_12	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.6
DIFF_SSTL12, 1.2V	DIFF_SSTL12	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.6
DIFF_SSTL135/DIFF_SSTL135_R, 1.35V	DIFF_SSTL135, DIFF_SSTL135_R	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.675
DIFF_SSTL15/DIFF_SSTL15_R, 1.5V	DIFF_SSTL15, DIFF_SSTL15_R	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.75
DIFF_SSTL18, Class I & II, 1.8V	DIFF_SSTL18_I, DIFF_SSTL18_II	50	0	$V_{REF}$	0.9
LVDS (Low-Voltage Differential Signaling), 1.8V	LVDS	100	0	0 <sup>(2)</sup>	0
LVDS, 2.5V	LVDS_25	100	0	0 <sup>(2)</sup>	0
BLVDS (Bus LVDS), 2.5V	BLVDS_25	100	0	0 <sup>(2)</sup>	0
Mini LVDS, 2.5V	MINI_LVDS_25	100	0	0 <sup>(2)</sup>	0
PPDS_25	PPDS_25	100	0	0 <sup>(2)</sup>	0

Table 55: Output Delay Measurement Methodology (Cont'd)

Description	I/O Standard Attribute	R <sub>REF</sub> (Ω)	C <sub>REF</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> (pF)	V <sub>MEAS</sub> (V)	V <sub>REF</sub> (V)
RSDS_25	RSDS_25	100	0	0 <sup>(2)</sup>	0
TMDS_33	TMDS_33	50	0	0 <sup>(2)</sup>	3.3

**Notes:**

1. C<sub>REF</sub> is the capacitance of the probe, nominally 0 pF.
2. The value given is the differential output voltage.

**Input/Output Logic Switching Characteristics**

Table 56: ILOGIC Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Setup/Hold</b>						
T <sub>ICE1CK</sub> / T <sub>ICKCE1</sub>	CE1 pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.48/0.02	0.54/0.02	0.76/0.02	0.76/0.02	ns
T <sub>ISRCK</sub> / T <sub>ICKSR</sub>	SR pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.60/0.01	0.70/0.01	1.13/0.01	1.13/0.01	ns
T <sub>IDOCK</sub> / T <sub>LOCKD</sub>	D pin setup/hold with respect to CLK without Delay	0.01/0.27	0.01/0.29	0.01/0.33	0.01/0.33	ns
T <sub>IDOCKD</sub> / T <sub>LOCKDD</sub>	DDLY pin setup/hold with respect to CLK (using IDELAY)	0.02/0.27	0.02/0.29	0.02/0.33	0.02/0.33	ns
<b>Combinatorial</b>						
T <sub>IDI</sub>	D pin to O pin propagation delay, no Delay	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.13	ns
T <sub>IDID</sub>	DDLY pin to O pin propagation delay (using IDELAY)	0.11	0.12	0.14	0.14	ns
<b>Sequential Delays</b>						
T <sub>IDLO</sub>	D pin to Q1 pin using flip-flop as a latch without Delay	0.41	0.44	0.51	0.51	ns
T <sub>IDLOD</sub>	DDLY pin to Q1 pin using flip-flop as a latch (using IDELAY)	0.41	0.44	0.51	0.51	ns
T <sub>ICKQ</sub>	CLK to Q outputs	0.53	0.57	0.66	0.66	ns
T <sub>RQ_ILOGIC</sub>	SR pin to OQ/TQ out	0.96	1.08	1.32	1.32	ns
T <sub>GSRQ_ILOGIC</sub>	Global set/reset to Q outputs	7.60	7.60	10.51	10.51	ns
<b>Set/Reset</b>						
T <sub>RPW_ILOGIC</sub>	Minimum pulse width, SR inputs	0.61	0.72	0.72	0.72	ns, Min

Table 57: OLOGIC Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Setup/Hold</b>						
T <sub>ODCK</sub> / T <sub>OCKD</sub>	D1/D2 pins setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.67/-0.11	0.71/-0.11	0.84/-0.11	0.84/-0.06	ns
T <sub>OOCHECK</sub> / T <sub>OCKOCE</sub>	OCE pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.32/0.58	0.34/0.58	0.51/0.58	0.51/0.58	ns
T <sub>OSRCK</sub> / T <sub>OCKSR</sub>	SR pin setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.37/0.21	0.44/0.21	0.80/0.21	0.80/0.21	ns
T <sub>OTCK</sub> / T <sub>OCKT</sub>	T1/T2 pins setup/hold with respect to CLK	0.69/-0.14	0.73/-0.14	0.89/-0.14	0.89/-0.11	ns

## CLB Switching Characteristics

Table 62: CLB Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Combinatorial Delays</b>						
T <sub>ILO</sub>	An – Dn LUT address to A	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.13	ns, Max
T <sub>ILO_2</sub>	An – Dn LUT address to AMUX/CMUX	0.27	0.30	0.36	0.36	ns, Max
T <sub>ILO_3</sub>	An – Dn LUT address to BMUX_A	0.42	0.46	0.55	0.55	ns, Max
T <sub>ITO</sub>	An – Dn inputs to A – D Q outputs	0.94	1.05	1.27	1.27	ns, Max
T <sub>AXA</sub>	AX inputs to AMUX output	0.62	0.69	0.84	0.84	ns, Max
T <sub>AXB</sub>	AX inputs to BMUX output	0.58	0.66	0.83	0.83	ns, Max
T <sub>AXC</sub>	AX inputs to CMUX output	0.60	0.68	0.82	0.82	ns, Max
T <sub>AXD</sub>	AX inputs to DMUX output	0.68	0.75	0.90	0.90	ns, Max
T <sub>BXB</sub>	BX inputs to BMUX output	0.51	0.57	0.69	0.69	ns, Max
T <sub>BXD</sub>	BX inputs to DMUX output	0.62	0.69	0.82	0.82	ns, Max
T <sub>CXC</sub>	CX inputs to CMUX output	0.42	0.48	0.58	0.58	ns, Max
T <sub>CXD</sub>	CX inputs to DMUX output	0.53	0.59	0.71	0.71	ns, Max
T <sub>DXD</sub>	DX inputs to DMUX output	0.52	0.58	0.70	0.70	ns, Max
<b>Sequential Delays</b>						
T <sub>CKO</sub>	Clock to AQ – DQ outputs	0.40	0.44	0.53	0.53	ns, Max
T <sub>SHCKO</sub>	Clock to AMUX – DMUX outputs	0.47	0.53	0.66	0.66	ns, Max
<b>Setup and Hold Times of CLB Flip-Flops Before/After Clock CLK</b>						
T <sub>AS/T<sub>AH</sub></sub>	A <sub>N</sub> – D <sub>N</sub> input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.07/0.12	0.09/0.14	0.11/0.18	0.11/0.28	ns, Min
T <sub>DICK/T<sub>CKDI</sub></sub>	A <sub>x</sub> – D <sub>x</sub> input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.06/0.19	0.07/0.21	0.09/0.26	0.09/0.35	ns, Min
	A <sub>x</sub> – D <sub>x</sub> input through MUXs and/or carry logic to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.59/0.08	0.66/0.09	0.81/0.11	0.81/0.20	ns, Min
T <sub>CECK_CLB/</sub> T <sub>CKCE_CLB</sub>	CE input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.15/0.00	0.17/0.00	0.21/0.01	0.21/0.13	ns, Min
T <sub>SRCK/T<sub>CKSR</sub></sub>	SR input to CLK on A – D flip-flops	0.38/0.03	0.43/0.04	0.53/0.05	0.53/0.18	ns, Min
<b>Set/Reset</b>						
T <sub>SRMIN</sub>	SR input minimum pulse width	0.52	0.78	1.04	1.04	ns, Min
T <sub>RQ</sub>	Delay from SR input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.53	0.59	0.71	0.71	ns, Max
T <sub>CEO</sub>	Delay from CE input to AQ – DQ flip-flops	0.52	0.58	0.70	0.70	ns, Max
F <sub>TOG</sub>	Toggle frequency (for export control)	1412	1286	1098	1098	MHz

## CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)

Table 63: CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Sequential Delays</b>						
T <sub>SHCKO<sup>(1)</sup></sub>	Clock to A – B outputs	0.98	1.09	1.32	1.32	ns, Max
T <sub>SHCKO_1</sub>	Clock to AMUX – BMUX outputs	1.37	1.53	1.86	1.86	ns, Max

Table 63: CLB Distributed RAM Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK</b>						
T <sub>DS_LRAM</sub> / T <sub>DH_LRAM</sub>	A – D inputs to CLK	0.54/0.28	0.60/0.30	0.72/0.35	0.72/0.37	ns, Min
T <sub>AS_LRAM</sub> / T <sub>AH_LRAM</sub>	Address An inputs to clock	0.27/0.55	0.30/0.60	0.37/0.70	0.37/0.71	ns, Min
	Address An inputs through MUXs and/or carry logic to clock	0.69/0.18	0.77/0.21	0.94/0.26	0.94/0.35	ns, Min
T <sub>WS_LRAM</sub> / T <sub>WH_LRAM</sub>	WE input to clock	0.38/0.10	0.43/0.12	0.53/0.17	0.53/0.17	ns, Min
T <sub>CECK_LRAM</sub> / T <sub>CKCE_LRAM</sub>	CE input to CLK	0.39/0.10	0.44/0.11	0.53/0.17	0.53/0.17	ns, Min
<b>Clock CLK</b>						
T <sub>MPW_LRAM</sub>	Minimum pulse width	1.05	1.13	1.25	1.25	ns, Min
T <sub>MCP</sub>	Minimum clock period	2.10	2.26	2.50	2.50	ns, Min

**Notes:**

1. T<sub>SHCKO</sub> also represents the CLK to XMUX output. Refer to the timing report for the CLK to XMUX path.

**CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics (SLICEM Only)**

Table 64: CLB Shift Register Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Sequential Delays</b>						
T <sub>REG</sub>	Clock to A – D outputs	1.19	1.33	1.61	1.61	ns, Max
T <sub>REG_MUX</sub>	Clock to AMUX – DMUX output	1.58	1.77	2.15	2.15	ns, Max
T <sub>REG_M31</sub>	Clock to DMUX output via M31 output	1.12	1.23	1.46	1.46	ns, Max
<b>Setup and Hold Times Before/After Clock CLK</b>						
T <sub>WS_SHFREG</sub> / T <sub>WH_SHFREG</sub>	WE input	0.37/0.10	0.41/0.12	0.51/0.17	0.51/0.17	ns, Min
T <sub>CECK_SHFREG</sub> / T <sub>CKCE_SHFREG</sub>	CE input to CLK	0.37/0.10	0.42/0.11	0.52/0.17	0.52/0.17	ns, Min
T <sub>DS_SHFREG</sub> / T <sub>DH_SHFREG</sub>	A – D inputs to CLK	0.33/0.34	0.37/0.37	0.44/0.43	0.44/0.44	ns, Min
<b>Clock CLK</b>						
T <sub>MPW_SHFREG</sub>	Minimum pulse width	0.77	0.86	0.98	0.98	ns, Min

Table 65: Block RAM and FIFO Switching Characteristics (*Cont'd*)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
F <sub>MAX_FIFO</sub>	FIFO in all modes without ECC	509.68	460.83	388.20	388.20	MHz
F <sub>MAX_ECC</sub>	Block RAM and FIFO in ECC configuration	410.34	365.10	297.53	297.53	MHz

**Notes:**

1. The timing report shows all of these parameters as T<sub>RCKO\_DO</sub>.
2. T<sub>RCKO\_DOR</sub> includes T<sub>RCKO\_DOW</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_DOPR</sub>, and T<sub>RCKO\_DOPW</sub> as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
3. These parameters also apply to synchronous FIFO with DO\_REG = 0.
4. T<sub>RCKO\_DO</sub> includes T<sub>RCKO\_DOP</sub> as well as the B port equivalent timing parameters.
5. These parameters also apply to multirate (asynchronous) and synchronous FIFO with DO\_REG = 1.
6. T<sub>RCKO\_FLAGS</sub> includes the following parameters: T<sub>RCKO\_AEMPTY</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_AFULL</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_EMPTY</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_FULL</sub>, T<sub>RCKO\_RDERR</sub>, and T<sub>RCKO\_WRERR</sub>.
7. T<sub>RCKO\_POINTERS</sub> includes both T<sub>RCKO\_RDCOUNT</sub> and T<sub>RCKO\_WRCOUNT</sub>.
8. The ADDR setup and hold must be met when EN is asserted (even when WE is deasserted). Otherwise, block RAM data corruption is possible.
9. These parameters include both A and B inputs as well as the parity inputs of A and B.
10. T<sub>RCKO\_FLAGS</sub> includes the following flags: AEMPTY, AFULL, EMPTY, FULL, RDERR, WRERR, RDCOUNT, and WRCOUNT.
11. RDEN and WREN must be held Low prior to and during reset. The FIFO reset must be asserted for at least five positive clock edges of the slowest clock (WRCLK or RDCLK).

Table 66: DSP48E1 Switching Characteristics (Cont'd)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Output Pins</b>						
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_AREG_MULT</sub>	CLK AREG to P output using multiplier	3.94	4.51	5.37	5.37	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_BREG</sub>	CLK BREG to P output not using multiplier	1.64	1.87	2.22	2.22	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_CREG</sub>	CLK CREG to P output not using multiplier	1.69	1.93	2.30	2.30	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_P_DREG_MULT</sub>	CLK DREG to P output using multiplier	3.91	4.48	5.32	5.32	ns
<b>Clock to Outs from Input Register Clock to Cascading Output Pins</b>						
T <sub>DSPCKO_{ACOUT; BCOUT}_{AREG; BREG}</sub>	CLK (ACOUT, BCOUT) to {A,B} register output	0.64	0.73	0.87	0.87	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_{AREG, BREG}_MULT</sub>	CLK (AREG, BREG) to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier	4.19	4.79	5.70	5.70	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_BREG</sub>	CLK BREG to CARRYCASCOU output not using multiplier	1.88	2.15	2.55	2.55	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_DREG_MULT</sub>	CLK DREG to CARRYCASCOU output using multiplier	4.16	4.76	5.65	5.65	ns
T <sub>DSPCKO_CARRYCASCOU_CREG</sub>	CLK CREG to CARRYCASCOU output	1.94	2.21	2.63	2.63	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>						
F <sub>MAX</sub>	With all registers used	628.93	550.66	464.25	464.25	MHz
F <sub>MAX_PATDET</sub>	With pattern detector	531.63	465.77	392.93	392.93	MHz
F <sub>MAX_MULT_NOMREG</sub>	Two register multiply without MREG	349.28	305.62	257.47	257.47	MHz
F <sub>MAX_MULT_NOMREG_PATDET</sub>	Two register multiply without MREG with pattern detect	317.26	277.62	233.92	233.92	MHz
F <sub>MAX_PREADD_MULT_NOADREG</sub>	Without ADREG	397.30	346.26	290.44	290.44	MHz
F <sub>MAX_PREADD_MULT_NOADREG_PATDET</sub>	Without ADREG with pattern detect	397.30	346.26	290.44	290.44	MHz
F <sub>MAX_NOPIPELINEREG</sub>	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG)	260.01	227.01	190.69	190.69	MHz
F <sub>MAX_NOPIPELINEREG_PATDET</sub>	Without pipeline registers (MREG, ADREG) with pattern detect	241.72	211.15	177.43	177.43	MHz

## Clock Buffers and Networks

Table 67: Global Clock Switching Characteristics (Including BUFGCTRL)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
T <sub>BCCCK_CE</sub> /T <sub>BCCKC_CE</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	CE pins setup/hold	0.13/0.39	0.14/0.41	0.18/0.42	0.18/0.84	ns
T <sub>BCCCK_S</sub> /T <sub>BCCKC_S</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	S pins setup/hold	0.13/0.39	0.14/0.41	0.18/0.42	0.18/0.84	ns
T <sub>BCCKO_O</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	BUFGCTRL delay from I0/I1 to O	0.08	0.09	0.11	0.11	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>						
F <sub>MAX_BUFG</sub>	Global clock tree (BUFG)	628.00	628.00	464.00	464.00	MHz

**Notes:**

1. T<sub>BCCCK\_CE</sub> and T<sub>BCCKC\_CE</sub> must be satisfied to assure glitch-free operation of the global clock when switching between clocks. These parameters do not apply to the BUFGMUX primitive that assures glitch-free operation. The other global clock setup and hold times are optional; only needing to be satisfied if device operation requires simulation matches on a cycle-for-cycle basis when switching between clocks.
2. T<sub>BGCKO\_O</sub> (BUFG delay from I0 to O) values are the same as T<sub>BCCKO\_O</sub> values.

Table 68: Input/Output Clock Switching Characteristics (BUFIO)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
T <sub>BLOCKO_O</sub>	Clock to out delay from I to O	1.16	1.32	1.61	1.61	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>						
F <sub>MAX_BUFIO</sub>	I/O clock tree (BUFIO)	680.00	680.00	600.00	600.00	MHz

Table 69: Regional Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFR)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
T <sub>BRCKO_O</sub>	Clock to out delay from I to O	0.64	0.80	1.04	1.04	ns
T <sub>BRCKO_O_BYP</sub>	Clock to out delay from I to O with Divide Bypass attribute set	0.35	0.41	0.54	0.54	ns
T <sub>BRDO_O</sub>	Propagation delay from CLR to O	0.85	0.89	1.14	1.14	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>						
F <sub>MAX_BUFR</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Regional clock tree (BUFR)	420.00	375.00	315.00	315.00	MHz

**Notes:**

1. The maximum input frequency to the BUFR and BUFMR is the BUFIO F<sub>MAX</sub> frequency.

Table 70: Horizontal Clock Buffer Switching Characteristics (BUFH)

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
T <sub>BHCKO_O</sub>	BUFH delay from I to O	0.11	0.11	0.14	0.14	ns
T <sub>BHCKC_CE</sub> /T <sub>BHCKC_CE</sub>	CE pin setup and hold	0.20/0.13	0.23/0.16	0.29/0.21	0.29/0.43	ns
<b>Maximum Frequency</b>						
F <sub>MAX_BUFH</sub>	Horizontal clock buffer (BUFH)	628.00	628.00	464.00	464.00	MHz

Table 76: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With MMCM

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flops, Fast Slew Rate, with MMCM.							
TICKOFMMCMCC	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF with MMCM	XC7Z007S	N/A	1.03	1.03	N/A	ns
		XC7Z012S	N/A	1.04	1.06	N/A	ns
		XC7Z014S	N/A	1.04	1.05	N/A	ns
		XC7Z010	1.04	1.03	1.03	N/A	ns
		XC7Z015	1.05	1.04	1.06	N/A	ns
		XC7Z020	1.05	1.04	1.05	N/A	ns
		XA7Z010	N/A	N/A	1.03	1.03	ns
		XA7Z020	N/A	N/A	1.05	1.05	ns
		XQ7Z020	N/A	1.04	1.05	1.05	ns

**Notes:**

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. MMCM output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 77: Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay With PLL

Symbol	Description	Device	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flops, Fast Slew Rate, with PLL.							
TICKOFPLLCC	Clock-capable clock input and OUTFF with PLL	XC7Z007S	N/A	0.82	0.82	N/A	ns
		XC7Z012S	N/A	0.82	0.82	N/A	ns
		XC7Z014S	N/A	0.82	0.82	N/A	ns
		XC7Z010	0.82	0.82	0.82	N/A	ns
		XC7Z015	0.82	0.82	0.82	N/A	ns
		XC7Z020	0.82	0.82	0.82	N/A	ns
		XA7Z010	N/A	N/A	0.82	0.82	ns
		XA7Z020	N/A	N/A	0.82	0.82	ns
		XQ7Z020	N/A	0.82	0.82	0.82	ns

**Notes:**

1. This table lists representative values where one global clock input drives one vertical clock line in each accessible column, and where all accessible IOB and CLB flip-flops are clocked by the global clock net.
2. PLL output jitter is already included in the timing calculation.

Table 78: Pin-to-Pin, Clock-to-Out using BUFI0

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
SSTL15 Clock-Capable Clock Input to Output Delay using Output Flip-Flop, Fast Slew Rate, with BUFI0.						
TICKOFCFS	Clock to out of I/O clock	5.14	5.76	6.81	6.81	ns

## Additional Package Parameter Guidelines

The parameters in this section provide the necessary values for calculating timing budgets for PL clock transmitter and receiver data-valid windows.

Table 84: Package Skew

Symbol	Description	Device	Package	Value	Units
T <sub>PKGSKEW</sub>	Package skew <sup>(1)</sup>	XC7Z007S	CLG225	101	ps
			CLG400	155	ps
		XC7Z012S	CLG485	182	ps
		XC7Z014S	CLG400	166	ps
			CLG484	248	ps
		XC7Z010	CLG225	101	ps
			CLG400	155	ps
		XC7Z015	CLG485	182	ps
		XC7Z020	CLG400	166	ps
			CLG484	248	ps
		XA7Z010	CLG225	101	ps
			CLG400	155	ps
		XA7Z020	CLG400	166	ps
			CLG484	248	ps
		XQ7Z020	CL400	166	ps
			CL484	248	ps

**Notes:**

1. These values represent the worst-case skew between any two SelectIO resources in the package: shortest delay to longest delay from die pad to ball.
2. Package delay information is available for these device/package combinations. This information can be used to deskew the package.

**Table 86** summarizes the DC specifications of the clock input of the GTP transceiver. Consult the *7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceiver User Guide* ([UG482](#)) for further details.

**Table 86: GTP Transceiver Clock DC Input Level Specification**

Symbol	DC Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V <sub>IDIFF</sub>	Differential peak-to-peak input voltage	350	—	2000	mV
R <sub>IN</sub>	Differential input resistance	—	100	—	Ω
C <sub>EXT</sub>	Required external AC coupling capacitor	—	100	—	nF

## GTP Transceiver Switching Characteristics

Consult the *7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceiver User Guide* ([UG482](#)) for further information.

**Table 87: GTP Transceiver Performance**

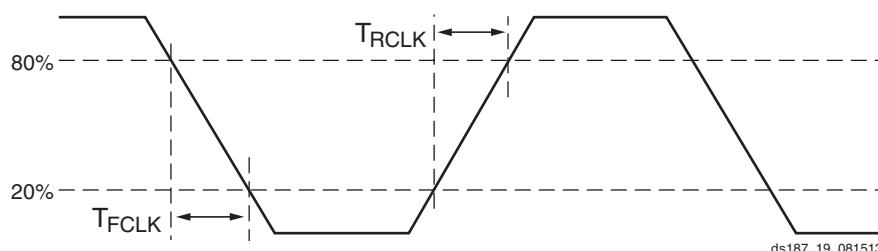
Symbol	Description	Output Divider	Speed Grade				Units
			-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
F <sub>GTPMAX</sub>	Maximum GTP transceiver data rate		6.25	6.25	3.75	N/A	Gb/s
F <sub>GTPMIN</sub>	Minimum GTP transceiver data rate		0.500	0.500	0.500	N/A	Gb/s
F <sub>GTPRANGE</sub>	PLL line rate range	1	3.2–6.25	3.2–6.25	3.2–3.75	N/A	Gb/s
		2	1.6–3.3	1.6–3.3	1.6–3.2	N/A	Gb/s
		4	0.8–1.65	0.8–1.65	0.8–1.6	N/A	Gb/s
		8	0.5–0.825	0.5–0.825	0.5–0.8	N/A	Gb/s
F <sub>GTPPLL RANGE</sub>	GTP transceiver PLL frequency range		1.6–3.3	1.6–3.3	1.6–3.3	N/A	GHz

**Table 88: GTP Transceiver Dynamic Reconfiguration Port (DRP) Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
F <sub>GTPDRPCLK</sub>	GTPDRPCLK maximum frequency	175	175	156	N/A	MHz

**Table 89: GTP Transceiver Reference Clock Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	All Speed Grades			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
F <sub>GCLK</sub>	Reference clock frequency range		60	—	660	MHz
T <sub>RCLK</sub>	Reference clock rise time	20% – 80%	—	200	—	ps
T <sub>FCLK</sub>	Reference clock fall time	80% – 20%	—	200	—	ps
T <sub>DCREF</sub>	Reference clock duty cycle	Transceiver PLL only	40	—	60	%



**Figure 22: Reference Clock Timing Parameters**

## XADC Specifications

Table 100: XADC Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{CCADC} = 1.8V \pm 5\%$ , $V_{REFP} = 1.25V$ , $V_{REFN} = 0V$ , $ADCCLK = 26\text{ MHz}$ , $-55^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ C$ , Typical values at $T_j=+40^\circ C$						
<b>ADC Accuracy<sup>(1)</sup></b>						
Resolution			12	–	–	Bits
Integral Nonlinearity <sup>(2)</sup>	INL	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 2$	LSBs
		$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 3$	LSBs
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL	No missing codes, guaranteed monotonic	–	–	$\pm 1$	LSBs
Offset Error	Unipolar	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 8$	LSBs
		$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 12$	LSBs
	Bipolar	$-55^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ C$	–	–	$\pm 4$	LSBs
Gain Error			–	–	$\pm 0.5$	%
Offset Matching			–	–	4	LSBs
Gain Matching			–	–	0.3	%
Sample Rate			–	–	1	MS/s
Signal to Noise Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>	SNR	$F_{SAMPLE} = 500\text{KS/s}$ , $F_{IN} = 20\text{KHz}$	60	–	–	dB
RMS Code Noise	External 1.25V reference		–	–	2	LSBs
	On-chip reference		–	3	–	LSBs
Total Harmonic Distortion <sup>(2)</sup>	THD	$F_{SAMPLE} = 500\text{KS/s}$ , $F_{IN} = 20\text{KHz}$	70	–	–	dB
<b>Analog Inputs<sup>(3)</sup></b>						
ADC Input Ranges	Unipolar operation		0	–	1	V
	Bipolar operation		-0.5	–	$+0.5$	V
	Unipolar common mode range (FS input)		0	–	$+0.5$	V
	Bipolar common mode range (FS input)		$+0.5$	–	$+0.6$	V
Maximum External Channel Input Ranges	Adjacent analog channels set within these ranges should not corrupt measurements on adjacent channels		-0.1	–	$V_{CCADC}$	V
Auxiliary Channel Full Resolution Bandwidth	FRBW		250	–	–	KHz
<b>On-Chip Sensors</b>						
Temperature Sensor Error	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$		–	–	$\pm 4$	°C
	$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$		–	–	$\pm 6$	°C
Supply Sensor Error	$-40^\circ C \leq T_j \leq 100^\circ C$		–	–	$\pm 1$	%
	$-55^\circ C \leq T_j < -40^\circ C$ ; $100^\circ C < T_j \leq 125^\circ C$		–	–	$\pm 2$	%
<b>Conversion Rate<sup>(4)</sup></b>						
Conversion Time - Continuous	t <sub>CONV</sub>	Number of ADCCLK cycles	26	–	32	Cycles
Conversion Time - Event	t <sub>CONV</sub>	Number of CLK cycles	–	–	21	Cycles
DRP Clock Frequency	DCLK	DRP clock frequency	8	–	250	MHz
ADC Clock Frequency	ADCCLK	Derived from DCLK	1	–	26	MHz
DCLK Duty Cycle			40	–	60	%

Table 100: XADC Specifications (Cont'd)

Parameter	Symbol	Comments/Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>XADC Reference<sup>(5)</sup></b>						
External Reference	V <sub>REFP</sub>	Externally supplied reference voltage	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
On-Chip Reference		Ground V <sub>REFP</sub> pin to AGND, $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.2375	1.25	1.2625	V
		Ground V <sub>REFP</sub> pin to AGND, $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_j < -40^{\circ}\text{C}; 100^{\circ}\text{C} < T_j \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.225	1.25	1.275	V

**Notes:**

- Offset and gain errors are removed by enabling the XADC automatic gain calibration feature. The values are specified for when this feature is enabled.
- Only specified for bitstream option XADCEnhancedLinearity = ON.
- See the ADC chapter in the *7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 All Programmable SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide* ([UG480](#)) for a detailed description.
- See the Timing chapter in the *7 Series FPGAs and Zynq-7000 All Programmable SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide* ([UG480](#)) for a detailed description.
- Any variation in the reference voltage from the nominal V<sub>REFP</sub> = 1.25V and V<sub>REFN</sub> = 0V will result in a deviation from the ideal transfer function. This also impacts the accuracy of the internal sensor measurements (i.e., temperature and power supply). However, for external ratiometric type applications allowing reference to vary by  $\pm 4\%$  is permitted.

## Configuration Switching Characteristics

Table 101: Configuration Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Speed Grade				Units
		-3	-2	-1C/-1I/-1LI	-1Q	
<b>Power-up Timing Characteristics</b>						
T <sub>PL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Program latency	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	ms, Max
T <sub>POR</sub>	Power-on reset (50 ms ramp rate time)	10/50	10/50	10/50	10/50	ms, Min/Max
	Power-on reset (1 ms ramp rate time) with the power-on reset override function disabled; (devcfg.CTRL.PCFG_POR_CNT_4K = 0). <sup>(2)</sup>	10/35	10/35	10/35	10/35	ms, Min/Max
	Power-on reset (1 ms ramp rate time) with the power-on reset override function enabled; (devcfg.CTRL.PCFG_POR_CNT_4K = 1). <sup>(2)</sup>	2/8	2/8	2/8	2/8	ms, Min/Max
T <sub>PROGRAM</sub>	Program pulse width	250.00	250.00	250.00	250.00	ns, Min
<b>Boundary-Scan Port Timing Specifications</b>						
T <sub>TAPTCK/TCKTAP</sub>	TMS and TDI setup/hold	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	3.00/2.00	ns, Min
T <sub>TCKTDO</sub>	TCK falling edge to TDO output	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	ns, Max
F <sub>TCK</sub>	TCK frequency	66.00	66.00	66.00	66.00	MHz, Max
<b>Internal Configuration Access Port</b>						
F <sub>ICAPCK</sub>	Internal configuration access port (ICAPE2)	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max
<b>Device DNA Access Port</b>						
F <sub>DNACK</sub>	DNA access port (DNA_PORT)	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	MHz, Max

**Notes:**

- To support longer delays in configuration, use the design solutions described in the *7 Series FPGA Configuration User Guide* ([UG470](#)).
- For non-secure boot only. Measurement is made when the PS is already powered and stable, before power cycling the PL.