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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

### Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® microAptiv™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	120MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, QEI, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I <sup>2</sup> S, POR, Motor Control PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	49
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	4K x 8
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.2V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 27x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mk0512mcf064-i-pt">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mk0512mcf064-i-pt</a>

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

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## REGISTER 6-1: EECON: EEPROM CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 5-4 **ERR<1:0>**: Data EEPROM Sequence Error Status bits

11 = A BOR event has occurred

10 = An attempted execution of a read or write operation with an invalid write OR command with a misaligned address (EEADDR<1:0> ≠ 00)

01 = A Bulk or Page Erase or a Word Program verify error has occurred

00 = No error condition

These bits can be cleared by software, or as the result of the successful execution of the next operation, or when the ON bit = 0. These bits may also be set by software (when the RW bit = 0) without affecting the operation of the module.

bit 3 **ILW**: Data EEPROM Imminent Long Write Status bit

1 = The next write to the EEPROM address (held in the EEADDR register) will require more time (~ 20 ms) than usual

0 = The next write to the EEPROM address (held in the EEADDR register) will be a normal write cycle

This bit can be cleared by software, or as the result of a write to the EEADDR register. This bit is set by hardware after a write command.

bit 2-0 **CMD<2:0>**: Data EEPROM Command Selection bits<sup>(1)</sup>

These bits are cleared only on a POR event.

111 = Reserved

•  
•  
•

100 = Configuration register Write command (WREN bit must be set)<sup>(2)</sup>

011 = Data EEPROM memory Bulk Erase command (WREN bit must be set)

010 = Data EEPROM memory Page Erase command (WREN bit must be set)

001 = Word Write command (WREN bit must be set)

000 = Word Read command (WREN bit must be clear)

**Note 1:** This bit (or bits) cannot be modified when the RW bit = 1.

**2:** The Configuration Write command (CMD<2:0> = 100) must be executed after any power-up before the Data EEPROM is ready for use. Refer to **Example 58-1 “Data EEPROM Initialization Code”** in **Section 58. “Data EEPROM”** (DS60001341) for details.

## 7.0 RESETS

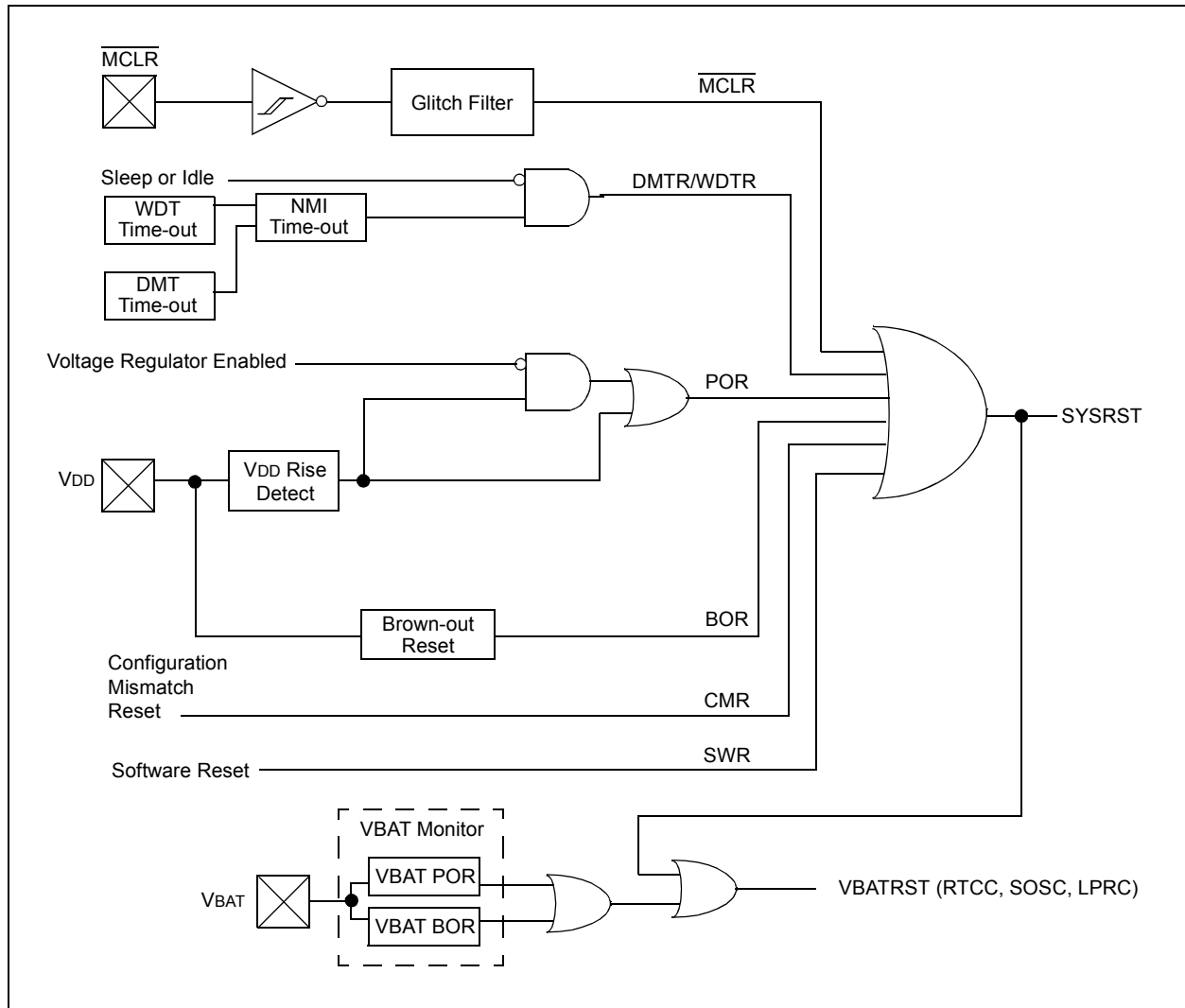
**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MK GP/MC family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 7. “Resets”** (DS60001118), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site ([www.microchip.com/pic32](http://www.microchip.com/pic32)).

The Reset module combines all Reset sources and controls the device Master Reset signal, SYSRST. The device Reset sources are as follows:

- Power-on Reset (POR)
- Master Clear Reset pin ( $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ )
- Software Reset (SWR)
- Watchdog Timer Reset (WDTR)
- Brown-out Reset (BOR)
- Configuration Mismatch Reset (CMR)
- Deadman Timer Reset (DMTR)

A simplified block diagram of the Reset module is illustrated in Figure 7-1.

**FIGURE 7-1: SYSTEM RESET BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**TABLE 8-3: INTERRUPT IRQ, VECTOR AND BIT LOCATION (CONTINUED)**

Interrupt Source <sup>(1)</sup>	XC32 Vector Name	IRQ #	Vector #	Interrupt Bit Location				Persistent Interrupt
				Flag	Enable	Priority	Sub-priority	
SPI2 Fault	_SPI2_FAULT_VECTOR	53	OFF053<17:1>	IFS1<21>	IEC1<21>	IPC13<12:10>	IPC13<9:8>	Yes
SPI2 Receive Done	_SPI2_RX_VECTOR	54	OFF054<17:1>	IFS1<22>	IEC1<22>	IPC13<20:18>	IPC13<17:16>	Yes
SPI2 Transfer Done	_SPI2_TX_VECTOR	55	OFF055<17:1>	IFS1<23>	IEC1<23>	IPC13<28:26>	IPC13<25:24>	Yes
UART2 Fault	_UART2_FAULT_VECTOR	56	OFF056<17:1>	IFS1<24>	IEC1<24>	IPC14<4:2>	IPC14<1:0>	Yes
UART2 Receive Done	_UART2_RX_VECTOR	57	OFF057<17:1>	IFS1<25>	IEC1<25>	IPC14<12:10>	IPC14<9:8>	Yes
UART2 Transfer Done	_UART2_TX_VECTOR	58	OFF058<17:1>	IFS1<26>	IEC1<26>	IPC14<20:18>	IPC14<17:16>	Yes
Reserved	—	59	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reserved	—	60	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reserved	—	61	—	—	—	—	—	—
UART3 Fault	_UART3_FAULT_VECTOR	62	OFF062<17:1>	IFS1<30>	IEC1<30>	IPC15<20:18>	IPC15<17:16>	Yes
UART3 Receive Done	_UART3_RX_VECTOR	63	OFF063<17:1>	IFS1<31>	IEC1<31>	IPC15<28:26>	IPC15<25:24>	Yes
UART3 Transfer Done	_UART3_TX_VECTOR	64	OFF064<17:1>	IFS2<0>	IEC2<0>	IPC16<4:2>	IPC16<1:0>	Yes
UART4 Fault	_UART4_FAULT_VECTOR	65	OFF065<17:1>	IFS2<1>	IEC2<1>	IPC16<12:10>	IPC16<9:8>	Yes
UART4 Receive Done	_UART4_RX_VECTOR	66	OFF066<17:1>	IFS2<2>	IEC2<2>	IPC16<20:18>	IPC16<17:16>	Yes
UART4 Transfer Done	_UART4_TX_VECTOR	67	OFF067<17:1>	IFS2<3>	IEC2<3>	IPC16<28:26>	IPC16<25:24>	Yes
UART5 Fault	_UART5_FAULT_VECTOR	68	OFF068<17:1>	IFS2<4>	IEC2<4>	IPC17<4:2>	IPC17<1:0>	Yes
UART5 Receive Done	_UART5_RX_VECTOR	69	OFF069<17:1>	IFS2<5>	IEC2<5>	IPC17<12:10>	IPC17<9:8>	Yes
UART5 Transfer Done	_UART5_TX_VECTOR	70	OFF070<17:1>	IFS2<6>	IEC2<6>	IPC17<20:18>	IPC17<17:16>	Yes
CTMU Interrupt	_CTMU_VECTOR	71	OFF071<17:1>	IFS2<7>	IEC2<7>	IPC17<28:26>	IPC17<25:24>	Yes
DMA Channel 0	_DMA0_VECTOR	72	OFF072<17:1>	IFS2<8>	IEC2<8>	IPC18<4:2>	IPC18<1:0>	Yes
DMA Channel 1	_DMA1_VECTOR	73	OFF073<17:1>	IFS2<9>	IEC2<9>	IPC18<12:10>	IPC18<9:8>	Yes
DMA Channel 2	_DMA2_VECTOR	74	OFF074<17:1>	IFS2<10>	IEC2<10>	IPC18<20:18>	IPC18<17:16>	Yes
DMA Channel 3	_DMA3_VECTOR	75	OFF075<17:1>	IFS2<11>	IEC2<11>	IPC18<28:26>	IPC18<25:24>	Yes
Timer6	_TIMER_6_VECTOR	76	OFF076<17:1>	IFS2<12>	IEC2<12>	IPC19<4:2>	IPC19<1:0>	Yes
Input Capture 6 Error	_INPUT_CAPTURE_6_ERROR_VECTOR	77	OFF077<17:1>	IFS2<13>	IEC2<13>	IPC19<12:10>	IPC19<9:8>	Yes
Input Capture 6	_INPUT_CAPTURE_6_VECTOR	78	OFF078<17:1>	IFS2<14>	IEC2<14>	IPC19<20:18>	IPC19<17:16>	Yes
Output Compare 6	_OUTPUT_COMPARE_6_VECTOR	79	OFF079<17:1>	IFS2<15>	IEC2<15>	IPC19<28:26>	IPC19<25:24>	Yes
Timer7	_TIMER_7_VECTOR	80	OFF080<17:1>	IFS2<16>	IEC2<16>	IPC20<4:2>	IPC20<1:0>	Yes
Input Capture 7 Error	_INPUT_CAPTURE_7_ERROR_VECTOR	81	OFF081<17:1>	IFS2<17>	IEC2<17>	IPC20<12:10>	IPC20<9:8>	Yes
Input Capture 7	_INPUT_CAPTURE_7_VECTOR	82	OFF082<17:1>	IFS2<18>	IEC2<18>	IPC20<20:18>	IPC20<17:16>	Yes
Output Compare 7	_OUTPUT_COMPARE_7_VECTOR	83	OFF083<17:1>	IFS2<19>	IEC2<19>	IPC20<28:26>	IPC20<25:24>	Yes

**Note 1:** Not all interrupt sources are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: “PIC32MK General Purpose (GP) Family Features”** for the list of available peripherals.

**Note 2:** This interrupt source is not available on 64-pin devices.

**Note 3:** This interrupt source is not available on 100-pin devices.

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

## REGISTER 8-3: INTSTAT: INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	—	—	SRIPL<2:0>		
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	SIRQ<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 10-8 **SRIPL<2:0>:** Requested Priority Level bits for Single Vector Mode bits

111-000 = The priority level of the latest interrupt presented to the CPU

bit 7-6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7-0 **SIRQ<7:0>:** Last Interrupt Request Serviced Status bits

11111111-00000000 = The last interrupt request number serviced by the CPU

## REGISTER 8-4: IPTMR: INTERRUPT PROXIMITY TIMER REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	IPTMR<31:24>							
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	IPTMR<23:16>							
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	IPTMR<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	IPTMR<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **IPTMR<31:0>:** Interrupt Proximity Timer Reload bits

Used by the Interrupt Proximity Timer as a reload value when the Interrupt Proximity timer is triggered by an interrupt event.

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

## REGISTER 11-7: DCHxCON: DMA CHANNEL 'x' CONTROL REGISTER ('x' = 0-7)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHPIGN<7:0>							
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	CHBUSY	—	CHPIGNEN	—	CHPATLEN	—	—	CHCHNS <sup>(1)</sup>
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHEN <sup>(2)</sup>	CHAED	CHCHN	CHAEN	—	CHEDET	CHPRI<1:0>	

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-24 **CHPIGN<7:0>**: Channel Register Data bits

Pattern Terminate mode:

Any byte matching these bits during a pattern match may be ignored during the pattern match determination when the CHPIGNEN bit is set. If a byte is read that is identical to this data byte, the pattern match logic will treat it as a "don't care" when the pattern matching logic is enabled and the CHPIGNEN bit is set.

bit 23-16 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 15 **CHBUSY**: Channel Busy bit

1 = Channel is active or has been enabled

0 = Channel is inactive or has been disabled

bit 14 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 13 **CHPIGNEN**: Enable Pattern Ignore Byte bit

1 = Treat any byte that matches the CHPIGN<7:0> bits as a "don't care" when pattern matching is enabled

0 = Disable this feature

bit 12 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 11 **CHPATLEN**: Pattern Length bit

1 = 2 byte length

0 = 1 byte length

bit 10-9 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'

bit 8 **CHCHNS**: Chain Channel Selection bit<sup>(1)</sup>

1 = Chain to channel lower in natural priority (CH1 will be enabled by CH2 transfer complete)

0 = Chain to channel higher in natural priority (CH1 will be enabled by CH0 transfer complete)

bit 7 **CHEN**: Channel Enable bit<sup>(2)</sup>

1 = Channel is enabled

0 = Channel is disabled

bit 6 **CHAED**: Channel Allow Events If Disabled bit

1 = Channel start/abort events will be registered, even if the channel is disabled

0 = Channel start/abort events will be ignored if the channel is disabled

bit 5 **CHCHN**: Channel Chain Enable bit

1 = Allow channel to be chained

0 = Do not allow channel to be chained

**Note 1:** The chain selection bit takes effect when chaining is enabled (i.e., CHCHN = 1).

**2:** When the channel is suspended by clearing this bit, the user application should poll the CHBUSY bit (if available on the device variant) to see when the channel is suspended, as it may take some clock cycles to complete a current transaction before the channel is suspended.

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

## REGISTER 11-12: DCHxSSIZ: DMA CHANNEL x SOURCE SIZE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSIZ<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHSSIZ<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **CHSSIZ<15:0>:** Channel Source Size bits

1111111111111111 = 65,535 byte source size

.

.

0000000000000010 = 2 byte source size

0000000000000001 = 1 byte source size

0000000000000000 = 65,536 byte source size

## REGISTER 11-13: DCHxDSIZ: DMA CHANNEL x DESTINATION SIZE REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSIZ<15:8>							
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	CHDSIZ<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-0 **CHDSIZ<15:0>:** Channel Destination Size bits

1111111111111111 = 65,535 byte destination size

.

.

0000000000000010 = 2 byte destination size

0000000000000001 = 1 byte destination size

0000000000000000 = 65,536 byte destination size

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

**REGISTER 12-20: UxCNFG1: USB CONFIGURATION 1 REGISTER ('x' = 1 AND 2)**

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0
	UTEYE	UOEMON	—	USBSIDL	LSDEV	—	—	UASUSPND

**Legend:**

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 7 **UTEYE:** USB Eye-Pattern Test Enable bit

1 = Eye-Pattern Test is enabled

0 = Eye-Pattern Test is disabled

bit 6 **UOEMON:** USB  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  Monitor Enable bit

1 = OE signal is active; it indicates intervals during which the D+/D- lines are driving

0 = OE signal is inactive

bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **USBSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode

bit 3 **LSDEV:** Low-Speed Device Enable bit

1 = USB module to operate in Low-Speed Device mode

0 = USB module to operate in OTG, Host, or Full-Speed Device mode

bit 2-1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **UASUSPND:** Automatic Suspend Enable bit

1 = USB module automatically suspends upon entry to Sleep mode. See the USUSPEND bit (UxPWRC<1>) in Register 12-5.

0 = USB module does not automatically suspend upon entry to Sleep mode. Software must use the USUSPEND bit (UxPWRC<1>) to suspend the module, including the USB 48 MHz clock



**TABLE 13-16: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP**

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
1600	RPA0R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA0R<4:0>				—	0000
1604	RPA1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA1R<4:0>				—	0000
1608	RPA2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA2R<4:0>				—	0000
160C	RPA3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA3R<4:0>				—	0000
1610	RPA4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA4R<4:0>				—	0000
161C	RPA7R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA7R<4:0>				—	0000
1620	RPA8R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA8R<4:0>				—	0000
162C	RPA11R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA11R<4:0>				—	0000
1630	RPA12R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA12R<4:0>				—	0000
1638	RPA14R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA14R<4:0>				—	0000
163C	RPA15R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPA15R<4:0>				—	0000
1640	RPB0R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB0R<4:0>				—	0000
1644	RPB1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB1R<4:0>				—	0000
1648	RPB2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB2R<4:0>				—	0000
164C	RPB3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB3R<4:0>				—	0000
1650	RPB4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB4R<4:0>				—	0000
1654	RPB5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB5R<4:0>				—	0000
1658	RPB6R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB6R<4:0>				—	0000
165C	RPB7R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPB7R<4:0>				—	0000

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

### 14.3 Timer1 Control Register

TABLE 14-1: TIMER1 REGISTER MAP

Virtual Address (BF82_#)	Register Name <sup>(1)</sup>	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
0000	T1CON	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	TWDIS	TWIP	—	TECS<1:0>		TGATE	—	TCKPS<1:0>		—	TSYNC	TCS	—	0000
0010	TMR1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TMR1<15:0>																0000
0020	PR1	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	PR1<15:0>																FFFF

**Legend:** x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

**Note 1:** All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET, and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8, and 0xC, respectively. See 13.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers” for more information.

## 17.0 WATCHDOG TIMER (WDT)

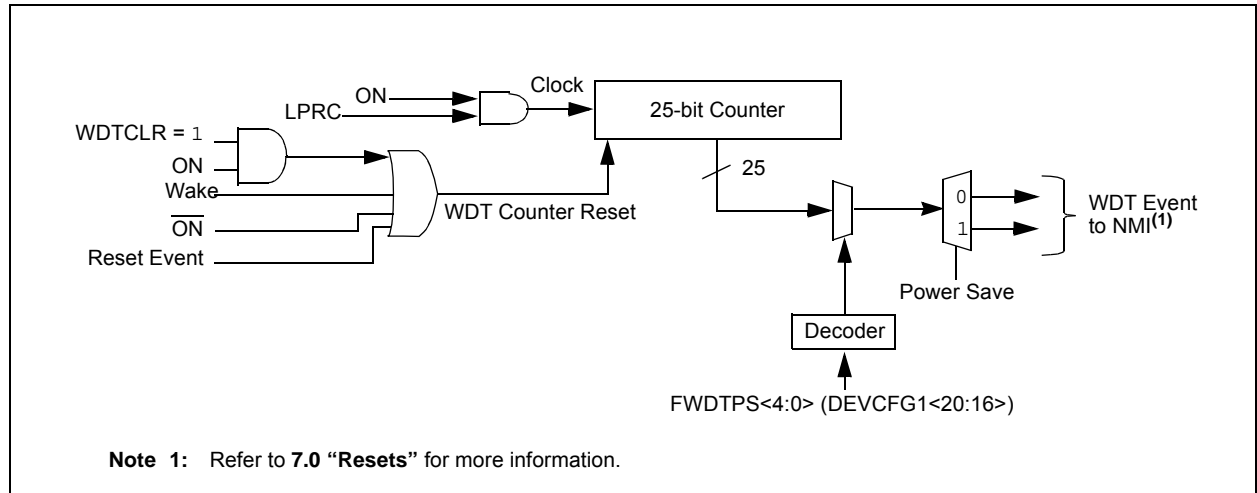
**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MK GP/MC Family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 9. “Watchdog, Deadman, and Power-up Timers”** (DS60001114), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site ([www.microchip.com/pic32](http://www.microchip.com/pic32)).

When enabled, the Watchdog Timer (WDT) operates from the internal Low-Power Oscillator (LPRC) clock source and can be used to detect system software malfunctions by resetting the device if the WDT is not cleared periodically in software. Various WDT time-out periods can be selected using the WDT postscaler. The WDT can also be used to wake the device from Sleep or Idle mode.

Some of the key features of the WDT module are:

- Configuration or software controlled
- User-configurable time-out period
- Can wake the device from Sleep or Idle

**FIGURE 17-1: WATCHDOG TIMER BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## 21.0 INTER-INTEGRATED CIRCUIT (I<sup>2</sup>C)

**Note:** This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MK GP/MC family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 21. “Inter-Integrated Circuit”** (DS00000000), which is available from the *Documentation > Reference Manual* section of the Microchip PIC32 web site ([www.microchip.com/pic32](http://www.microchip.com/pic32)).

The I<sup>2</sup>C software library is available in MPLAB Harmony. If the user application is to implement I<sup>2</sup>C, for future device pin compatibility, it is recommended to assign software I<sup>2</sup>C functions according to the details provided in the device pin tables (Table 3 through Table 6):

- For 64-pin packages, refer to Notes 6 and 7 in Table 3 and Table 4
- For 100-lead packages, refer to Notes 5 and 6 in Table 5 and Table 6.

### 21.1 Software I<sup>2</sup>C Performance

Table 21-1 provides the performance details of the I<sup>2</sup>C.

**TABLE 21-1: I<sup>2</sup>C PERFORMANCE**

I <sup>2</sup> C Baud Rate	I <sup>2</sup> C Transactions/ Second	I <sup>2</sup> C CPU Utilization
400 kHz	22070 (continuous)	50.76%
	16841	38.73%
	4079	9.38%
	429	0.99%
100 kHz	5581 (continuous)	12.84%
	4077	9.38%
	429	0.99%

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

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## REGISTER 22-1: UxMODE: UARTx MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 11 **RTSMD**: Mode Selection for  $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$  Pin bit  
1 =  $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$  pin is in Simplex mode  
0 =  $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$  pin is in Flow Control mode
- bit 10 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 9-8 **UEN<1:0>**: UARTx Enable bits<sup>(2)</sup>  
11 = UxTX, UxRX and UxBCLK pins are enabled and used;  $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$  pin is controlled by corresponding bits in the PORTx register  
10 = UxTX, UxRX,  $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$  pins are enabled and used  
01 = UxTX, UxRX and  $\overline{\text{UxRTS}}$  pins are enabled and used;  $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$  pin is controlled by corresponding bits in the PORTx register  
00 = UxTX and UxRX pins are enabled and used;  $\overline{\text{UxCTS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{UxRTS/UxBCLK}}$  pins are controlled by corresponding bits in the PORTx register
- bit 7 **WAKE**: Enable Wake-up on Start bit Detect During Sleep Mode bit  
1 = Wake-up is enabled  
0 = Wake-up is disabled
- bit 6 **LPBACK**: UARTx Loopback Mode Select bit  
1 = Loopback mode is enabled  
0 = Loopback mode is disabled
- bit 5 **ABAUD**: Auto-Baud Enable bit  
1 = Enable baud rate measurement on the next reception of Sync character (0x55); cleared by hardware upon completion  
0 = Baud rate measurement disabled or completed
- bit 4 **RXINV**: Receive Polarity Inversion bit  
1 = UxRX Idle state is '0'  
0 = UxRX Idle state is '1'
- bit 3 **BRGH**: High Baud Rate Enable bit  
1 = High-Speed mode – 4x baud clock enabled  
0 = Standard Speed mode – 16x baud clock enabled
- bit 2-1 **PDSEL<1:0>**: Parity and Data Selection bits  
11 = 9-bit data, no parity  
10 = 8-bit data, odd parity  
01 = 8-bit data, even parity  
00 = 8-bit data, no parity
- bit 0 **STSEL**: Stop Selection bit  
1 = 2 Stop bits  
0 = 1 Stop bit

- Note 1:** These bits can be changed only when the ON bit (UxMODE<15>) is set to '0'.
- 2:** These bits are present for legacy compatibility, and are superseded by PPS functionality on these devices (see 13.3 “Peripheral Pin Select (PPS)” for more information).

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

## REGISTER 25-9: ADCGIRQEN1: ADC GLOBAL INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER 1

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	—	—	—	—	AGIEN27	AGIEN26	AGIEN25	AGIEN24
23:16	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	AGIEN23 <sup>(1)</sup>	AGIEN22 <sup>(1)</sup>	AGIEN21 <sup>(1)</sup>	AGIEN20 <sup>(1)</sup>	AGIEN19	AGIEN18	AGIEN17	AGIEN16
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	AGIEN15	AGIEN14	AGIEN13	AGIEN12	AGIEN11	AGIEN10	AGIEN9	AGIEN8
7:0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
	AGIEN7	AGIEN6	AGIEN5	AGIEN4	AGIEN3	AGIEN2	AGIEN1	AGIEN0

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-28 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 27-0 **AGIEN27:AGIEN0:** ADC Global Interrupt Enable bits

1 = Interrupts are enabled for the selected analog input. The interrupt is generated after the converted data is ready (indicated by the AIRDYx bit of the ADCDSTAT1 register)

0 = Interrupts are disabled

**Note 1:** This bit is not available on 64-pin devices.

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

## REGISTER 25-31: ADCDATAx: ADC OUTPUT DATA REGISTER 'x' ('x' = 0-27, 33-41, AND 45-53)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DATA<31:24>							
23:16	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DATA<23:16>							
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DATA<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DATA<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0     **DATA<31:0>**: ADC Converted Data Output bits.

- Note 1:** The registers, ADCDATA23-20, ADCDATA41-33, and ADCDATA45-47, are not available on 64-pin devices.
- 2:** The registers, ADCDATA32-28 and ADCDATA44-42, are not available on 64-pin and 100-pin devices.
- 3:** When an alternate input is used as the input source for a dedicated ADC module, the data output is still read from the Primary input Data Output Register.
- 4:** Reading the ADCDATAx register value after changing the FRACT bit converts the data into the format specified by FRACT bit.

## 32.4.1 CONTROLLING CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Because peripherals can be disabled during run time, some restrictions on disabling peripherals are needed to prevent accidental configuration changes. PIC32MK GP/MC devices include two features to prevent alterations to enabled or disabled peripherals:

- Control Register Lock Sequence
- Configuration Bit Select Lock

### 32.4.1.1 Control Register Lock

Under normal operation, writes to the PMDx registers are not allowed. Attempted writes appear to execute normally, but the contents of the registers remain unchanged. To change these registers, they must be unlocked in hardware. The register lock is controlled by the PMDLOCK Configuration bit (CFGCON<12>). Setting the PMDLOCK bit prevents writes to the control registers and clearing the PMDLOCK bit allows writes.

To set or clear the PMDLOCK bit, an unlock sequence must be executed. Refer to **Section 42. “Oscillators with Enhanced PLL”** (DS60001250) in the *“PIC32 Family Reference Manual”* for details.

### 32.4.1.2 Configuration Bit Select Lock

As an additional level of safety, the device can be configured to prevent more than one write session to the PMDx registers. The PMDL1WAY Configuration bit (DEVCFG3<28>) blocks the PMDLOCK bit from being cleared after it has been set once. If the PMDLOCK bit remains set, the register unlock procedure does not execute, and the PPS control registers cannot be written to. The only way to clear the bit and re-enable PMD functionality is to perform a device Reset.



# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

## REGISTER 33-3: DEVCFG0: DEVICE CONFIGURATION WORD 0

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	r-x	R/P	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1	r-1
	—	EJTAGBEN	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	r-1	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
	—	—	POSCBOOST	POSCGAIN<1:0>	SOSCBOOST	SOSCGAIN<1:0>	—	—
15:8	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	r-y	R/P	r-1	r-1
	SMCLR	DBGPER<2:0>			—	FSLEEP	—	—
7:0	r-1	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P	R/P
	—	BOOTISA	TRCEN	ICESEL<1:0>	JTAGEN <sup>(1)</sup>	DEBUG<1:0>	—	—

<b>Legend:</b>	r = Reserved bit	P = Programmable bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared
		x = Bit is unknown

bit 31 **Reserved:** The reset value of this bit is the same as DEVSIGN0<31>.

bit 30 **EJTAGBEN:** EJTAG Boot Enable bit

1 = Normal EJTAG functionality

0 = Reduced EJTAG functionality

bit 29-22 **Reserved:** Write as '1'

bit 21 **POSCBOOST:** Primary Oscillator Boost Kick Start Enable bit

1 = Boost the kick start of the oscillator

0 = Normal start of the oscillator

**Note:** For Revision A1 silicon, the POSBOOST bit should be set and do not use an external gain resistor (i.e., RSHUNT).

bit 20-19 **POSCGAIN<1:0>:** Primary Oscillator Gain Control bits

11 = Gain Level 3 (highest)

10 = Gain Level 2

01 = Gain Level 1

00 = Gain Level 0 (lowest)

bit 18 **SOSCBOOST:** Secondary Oscillator Boost Kick Start Enable bit

1 = Boost the kick start of the oscillator

0 = Normal start of the oscillator

bit 17-16 **SOSCGAIN<1:0>:** Secondary Oscillator Gain Control bits

11 = Gain Level 3 (highest)

10 = Gain Level 2

01 = Gain Level 1

00 = Gain Level 0 (lowest)

bit 15 **SMCLR:** Soft Master Clear Enable bit

1 =  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  pin generates a normal system Reset

0 =  $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$  pin generates a POR Reset

**Note 1:** This bit sets the value of the JTAGEN bit in the CFGCON register.

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

## REGISTER 33-12: DEVSNx: DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER REGISTER 'x' ('x' = 0-3)

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	SN<31:24>							
23:16	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	SN<23:16>							
15:8	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	SN<15:8>							
7:0	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
	SN<7:0>							

### Legend:

R = Readable bit      W = Writable bit      U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'  
 -n = Value at POR      '1' = Bit is set      '0' = Bit is cleared      x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0      **SN<31:0>**: Device Unique Serial Number bits

These registers contain a value, programmed during factory production test, that is unique to each unit and are user read only. These values are persistent and not erased even when a new application code is programmed into the device. These values can be used if desired as an encryption key in combination with the Microchip encryption library.

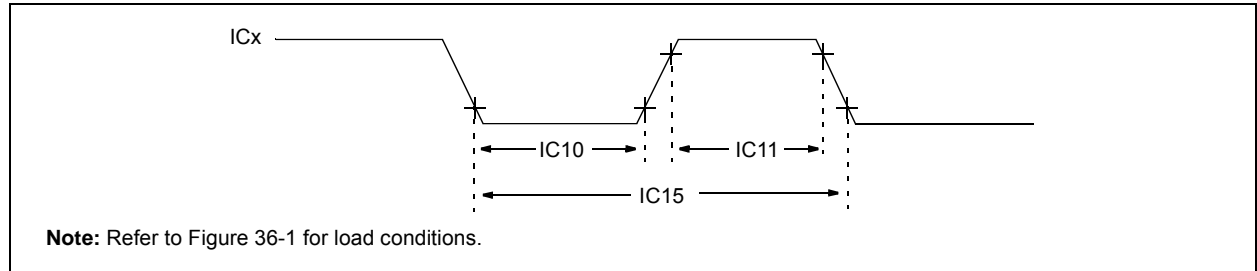
# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

**TABLE 36-25: TIMER2-TIMER9 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.2V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>		Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions
TB10	TTxH	TxCK High Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	$[(12.5 \text{ ns or } 1 \text{ TPBCLK}_3)/N] + 25 \text{ ns}$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TB15 N = prescale value (1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 256)
TB11	TTxL	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	$[(12.5 \text{ ns or } 1 \text{ TPBCLK}_3)/N] + 25 \text{ ns}$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TB15
TB15	TTxP	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous, with prescaler	$[(\text{Greater of } [(25 \text{ ns or } 2 \text{ TPBCLK}_3)/N] + 30 \text{ ns})]$	—	ns	VDD > 2.7V
				$[(\text{Greater of } [(25 \text{ ns or } 2 \text{ TPBCLK}_3)/N] + 50 \text{ ns})]$	—	ns	VDD < 2.7V
TB20	TCKEXTMRL	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		—	1	TPBCLK <sub>3</sub>	—

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

**FIGURE 36-7: INPUT CAPTURE (CAPx) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**



**TABLE 36-26: INPUT CAPTURE MODULE TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.2V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
IC10	TcCL	ICx Input Low Time	$((\text{TPBCLK}_x/N) + 25 \text{ ns})$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter IC15.	x = 2 for IC1-IC9 x = 3 for IC10-IC16 N = prescale value (1, 4, 16)
IC11	TcCH	ICx Input High Time	$((\text{TPBCLK}_x/N) + 25 \text{ ns})$	—	ns	Must also meet parameter IC15.	
IC15	TccP	ICx Input Period	$((\text{TPBCLK}_x/N) + 50 \text{ ns})$	—	ns	—	

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

# PIC32MK GP/MC Family

**TABLE 36-34: SPIx MODULE SLAVE MODE (CKE = 0, SMP = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED) (CONTINUED)**

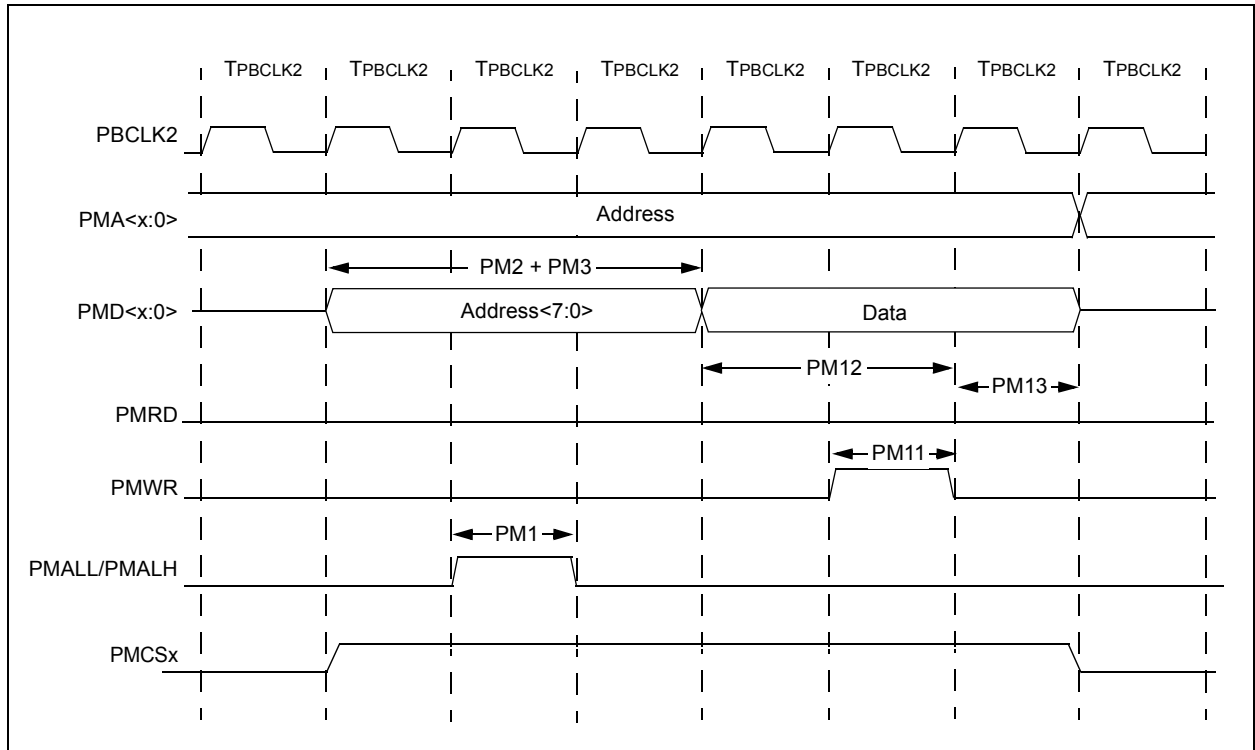
AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.2V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ. <sup>(2)</sup>	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP9b	TSCK	SCKx Period	22	—	—	ns	(VDD ≥ 3.0V and the SMP bit (SPIxCON<9> = 1), I/O Pin Slew Rate Control (x = A-F, y = port pin), SRCON0x.y = 0, SRCON1x.y = 0 All other remappable SPI pins not contained in conditions for parameter SP9a.
			41	—	—	ns	(VDD ≥ 3.0V and the SMP bit (SPIxCON<9> = 1), I/O Pin Slew Rate Control (x = A-F, y = port pin), SRCON0x.y = 1, SRCON1x.y = 0 All other remappable SPI pins not contained in conditions for parameter SP9a.
			59	—	—	ns	(VDD ≥ 3.0V and the SMP bit (SPIxCON<9> = 1), I/O Pin Slew Rate Control (x = A-F, y = port pin), SRCON0x.y = 0, SRCON1x.y = 1 All other remappable SPI pins not contained in conditions for parameter SP9a.
			74	—	—	ns	(VDD ≥ 3.0V and the SMP bit (SPIxCON<9> = 1), I/O Pin Slew Rate Control (x = A-F, y = port pin), SRCON0x.y = 1, SRCON1x.y = 1 All other remappable SPI pins not contained in conditions for parameter SP9a.
SP70	TsCL	SCKx Input Low Time	TSCK/2	—	—	ns	—
SP71	TsCH	SCKx Input High Time	TSCK/2	—	—	ns	—
SP72	TscF	SCKx Input Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP73	TscR	SCKx Input Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP30	TdOF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time (Note 3)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP31	TdOR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time (Note 3)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP35	TsCH2doV, TsCL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	—	7	ns	VDD > 2.7V
			—	—	10	ns	VDD < 2.7V
SP40	TdIV2sCH, TdIV2sCL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	5	—	—	ns	—
SP41	TsCH2diL, TsCL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	5	—	—	ns	—

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

**2:** Data in the “Typical” column is at 3.3V, +25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

**3:** Assumes 10 pF load on all SPIx pins.

**FIGURE 36-19: PARALLEL MASTER PORT WRITE TIMING DIAGRAM**



**TABLE 36-46: PARALLEL MASTER PORT WRITE TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 2.2V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
PM11	TWR	PMWR Pulse Width	—	1 TPBCLK2	—	—	—
PM12	TDVSU	Data Out Valid before PMWR or PMENB goes Inactive (data setup time)	—	2 TPBCLK2	—	—	—
PM13	TDVHOLD	PMWR or PMEMB Invalid to Data Out Invalid (data hold time)	—	1 TPBCLK2	—	—	—

**Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.