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Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	4964
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	118143
Total RAM Bits	8315904
Number of I/O	260
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	572-BGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	572-FBGA, FC (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx125df25c5

Table 1-3. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % of High Time	Unit
V _I (AC)	AC Input Voltage	4.0	100.000	%
		4.05	79.330	%
		4.1	46.270	%
		4.15	27.030	%
		4.2	15.800	%
		4.25	9.240	%
		4.3	5.410	%
		4.35	3.160	%
		4.4	1.850	%
		4.45	1.080	%
		4.5	0.630	%
		4.55	0.370	%
		4.6	0.220	%

Maximum Allowed I/O Operating Frequency

Table 1-4 lists the maximum allowed I/O operating frequency for Arria II GX I/Os using the specified I/O standards to ensure device reliability.

Table 1-4. Maximum Allowed I/O Operating Frequency for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	I/O Frequency (MHz)
HSTL-18 and HSTL-15	333
SSTL -15	400
SSTL-18	333
2.5-V LVCMOS	260
3.3-V and 3.0-V LVTTTL	250
3.3-V, 3.0-V, 1.8-V, and 1.5-V LVCMOS	
PCI and PCI-X	
SSTL-2	
1.2-V LVCMOS HSTL-12	200

Table 1-11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	%
100-Ω R _D 2.5	100-Ω differential OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 2.5	± 30	± 30	%

Note to Table 1-11:

(1) OCT with calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 1-12 lists the OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-12. OCT with Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy			Unit
			C2	C3,I3	C4,I4	
25-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (2)	25-Ω series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω internal series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50-Ω R _T 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω internal parallel OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
20-Ω, 40-Ω, and 60-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (3)	20-Ω, 40-Ω and 60-Ω R _S expanded range for internal series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} internal left shift series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%

Notes to Table 1-12:

- (1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.
- (2) 25-Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.
- (3) 20-Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.

Table 1–19 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–19. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R _{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	V _{CCIO} = 3.0 V ±5% (3)	—	25	—	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5 V ±5% (3)	—	25	—	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8 V ±5% (3)	—	25	—	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5 V ±5% (3)	—	25	—	kΩ
		V _{CCIO} = 1.2 V ±5% (3)	—	25	—	kΩ

Notes to Table 1–19:

- All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ.
- Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.

Hot Socketing

Table 1–20 lists the hot-socketing specification for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–20. Hot Socketing Specifications for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
I _{IOPIN(DC)}	DC current per I/O pin	300 μA
I _{IOPIN(AC)}	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
I _{XCVRTX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
I _{XCVRRX(DC)}	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1–20:

- The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, |I_{IOPIN}| = C dv/dt, in which “C” is I/O pin capacitance and “dv/dt” is slew rate.

Schmitt Trigger Input

The Arria II GX device supports Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rates.

Table 1–21 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported V_{CCIO} range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–21. Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Minimum	Unit
V _{Schmitt}	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	V _{CCIO} = 3.3	220	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 2.5	180	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.8	110	mV
		V _{CCIO} = 1.5	70	mV

Table 1-30 lists the HSTL I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-30. Differential HSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.85	—	0.95	0.88	—	0.95	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.71	—	0.79	0.71	—	0.79	0.4	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	—	—	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—	0.48 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.52 × V _{CCIO}	0.3	—

Table 1-31 lists the HSTL I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-31. Differential HSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{DIF(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{CM(DC)} (V)			V _{DIF(AC)} (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	—	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—	0.4 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.6 × V _{CCIO}	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.48

Table 1-32 lists the differential I/O standard specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-32. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{ID} (mV)			V _{ICM} (V) (2)		V _{OD} (V) (3)			V _{OCM} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Cond.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
2.5 V LVDS	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.80	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
RSDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	300	—	—	0.6	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS (6)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 1-32:

- (1) The 1.5 V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 1-21.
- (2) V_{IN} range: 0 ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 1.85 V.
- (3) R_L range: 90 ≤ R_L ≤ 110 Ω.
- (4) The RSDS and mini-LVDS I/O standards are only supported for differential outputs.
- (5) The LVPECL input standard is supported at the dedicated clock input pins (GCLK) only.
- (6) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. These specifications depend on the system topology.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—									
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R _{ref}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks														
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz

Table 1-34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
LTD lock time (11)	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
Data lock time from rx_ freqlocked (12)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter														
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML													
Data rate	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
V _{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Return loss differential mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: -10dB												
	XAUI	312 MHz to 625 MHz: -10dB 625 MHz to 3.125 GHz: -10dB/decade slope												
Return loss common mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: -6dB												
Rise time (2)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps

Table 1-35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3 (1)			-C4 and -I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transceiver Clocks								
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clks (5)	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down (gxb_powerdown) pulse width	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Data rate (16)	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin (6)	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting (7)	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (8)	Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	100	—	—	165	—	—	mV
	Data Rate > 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	165	—	—	165	—	—	mV
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	820 ± 10%			820 ± 10%			mV
	V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting (7)	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV

Table 1-35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 5 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3 (1)			-C4 and -I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
-3 dB Bandwidth	PCIe Gen1	2.5 - 3.5						MHz
	PCIe Gen2	6 - 8						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 4.976 Gbps	7 - 11						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	5 - 10						MHz
	XAUI	2 - 4						MHz
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	2 - 4						MHz
	GIGE	2.5 - 4.5						MHz
	SONET OC12	1.5 - 2.5						MHz
SONET OC48	3.5 - 6						MHz	
Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface								
Interface speed	—	25	—	325	25	—	250	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	—	Minimum is two parallel clock cycles						—

Notes to Table 1-35:

- (1) The 3x speed grade is the fastest speed grade offered in the following Arria II GZ devices: EP2AGZ225, EP2AGZ300, and EP2AGZ350.
- (2) The rise and fall time transition is specified from 20% to 80%.
- (3) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula:
REFCLK rms phase jitter at f (MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz * 100/f.
- (4) The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter only** mode. The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (5) If your design uses more than one dynamic reconfiguration controller (`altgx_reconfig`) instances to control the transceiver (`altgx`) channels physically located on the same side of the device AND if you use different `reconfig_clk` sources for these `altgx_reconfig` instances, the delta time between any two of these `reconfig_clk` sources becoming stable must not exceed the maximum specification listed.
- (6) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (7) You must use the 1.1-V RX V_{ICM} setting if the input serial data standard is LVDS.
- (8) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that Receiver Equalization is disabled. If you enable Receiver Equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level. Use H-Spice simulation to derive the minimum eye opening requirement with Receiver Equalization enabled.
- (9) The rate matcher supports only up to ± 300 ppm.
- (10) Time taken to `rx_pll_locked` goes high from `rx_analogreset` de-assertion. Refer to [Figure 1-1 on page 1-33](#).
- (11) Time for which the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after `rx_pll_locked` goes high and before `rx_locktodata` is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1-1 on page 1-33](#).
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_locktodata` signal is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1-1 on page 1-33](#).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_freqlocked` signal goes high in automatic mode. Refer to [Figure 1-2 on page 1-33](#).
- (14) A GPLL may be required to meet the PMA-FPGA fabric interface timing above certain data rates. For more information, refer to the [Transceiver Clocking for Arria II Devices](#) chapter.
- (15) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (16) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Table 1-40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 2 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
XAUI Transmit Jitter Generation (3)														
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAUI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (3)														
Total jitter	—	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter	—	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (4)														
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI

Table 1-40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 5 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SDI Transmitter Jitter Generation (8)														
Alignment jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) pattern = Color Bar Low- frequency Roll-off = 100 KHz	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	UI
	Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) pattern = Color bar Low- frequency Roll-off = 100 KHz	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	UI
SDI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (8)														
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 15 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 2			> 2			> 2			> 2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			> 0.3			> 0.3			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			> 0.3			> 0.3			UI

Table 1-40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 7 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
SSC modulation deviation at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	80			80			80			80			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	75			75			75			75			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			UI
Random jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	30			30			30			30			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	100			100			100			100			mV

Table 1-41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3			-C4 and -I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
Fibre Channel Transmit Jitter Generation (4), (5)								
Total jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.23	—	—	0.23	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.11	—	—	0.11	UI
Total jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Total jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.52	—	—	0.52	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Fibre Channel Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4), (6)								
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Random jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.31			> 0.31			UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-1	Fc/25000	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33			> 0.33			UI
Random jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29			> 0.29			UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-2	Fc/25000	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33			> 0.33			UI
Random jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29			> 0.29			UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-4	Fc/25000	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
XAUI Transmit Jitter Generation (7)								
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAUI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (7)								
Total jitter	—	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter	—	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI

Table 1-41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3			-C4 and -I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			—	—	—	UI
(OIF) CEI Transmitter Jitter Generation								
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS15 BER = 10^{-12}	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
(OIF) CEI Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10^{-12}	> 0.675			—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10^{-12}	> 0.988			—	—	—	UI

Table 1-44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-4 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-5 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-6 Speed Grade)	—	—	400	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for external clock output (-4 Speed Grade)	—	—	670 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-5 Speed Grade)	—	—	622 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-6 Speed Grade)	—	—	500 (5)	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{OUTPJ_DC}	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p-p)
	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p-p)
t_{OUTCCJ_DC}	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p-p)
	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p-p)
f_{OUTPJ_IO}	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p-p)
	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p-p)
f_{OUTCCJ_IO}	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p-p)
	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p-p)
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure PLL scan chains	—	3.5	—	SCANCLK cycles
$t_{CONFIGPHASE}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	SCANCLK cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	SCANCLK frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
$f_{CL\ BW}$	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	± 50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on <i>areset</i> signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 1-53. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	I3		C4		C5,I5		C6		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Transmitter										
$f_{\text{HSDR_TX}}$ (true LVDS output data rate)	SERDES factor, J = 3 to 10 (using dedicated SERDES)	150	1250 (2)	150	1250 (2)	150	1050 (2)	150	840	Mbps
	SERDES factor, J = 4 to 10 (using logic elements as SERDES)	(3)	945	(3)	945	(3)	840	(3)	740	Mbps
	SERDES factor, J = 2 (using DDR registers) and J = 1 (using SDR register)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	Mbps
$f_{\text{HSDR_TX_E3R}}$ (emulated LVDS_E_3R output data rate) (7)	SERDES factor, J = 4 to 10	(3)	945	(3)	945	(3)	840	(3)	740	Mbps

Table 1-54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (10) (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$f_{\text{HCLK_OUT}}$ (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	717 (7)	5	—	717 (7)	MHz
Transmitter								
f_{HSDR} (true LVDS output data rate)	SERDES factor, J = 3 to 10 (using dedicated SERDES) (8)	(4)	—	1250	(4)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, (using DDR registers)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, (uses an SDR register)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_3R output data rate) (5)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	(4)	—	1152	(4)	—	800	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_1R output data rate)		(4)	—	200	(4)	—	200	Mbps
$t_{\text{x Jitter}}$	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.6 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total jitter for data rate, < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
$t_{\text{x Jitter}}$ - emulated differential I/O standards with three external output resistor network	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total jitter for data rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI
$t_{\text{x Jitter}}$ - emulated differential I/O standards with one external output resistor network	—	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
t_{DUTY}	TX output clock duty cycle for both True and emulated differential I/O standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	%

Figure 1-6 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Figure 1-6. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for Arria II GZ Devices at a 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

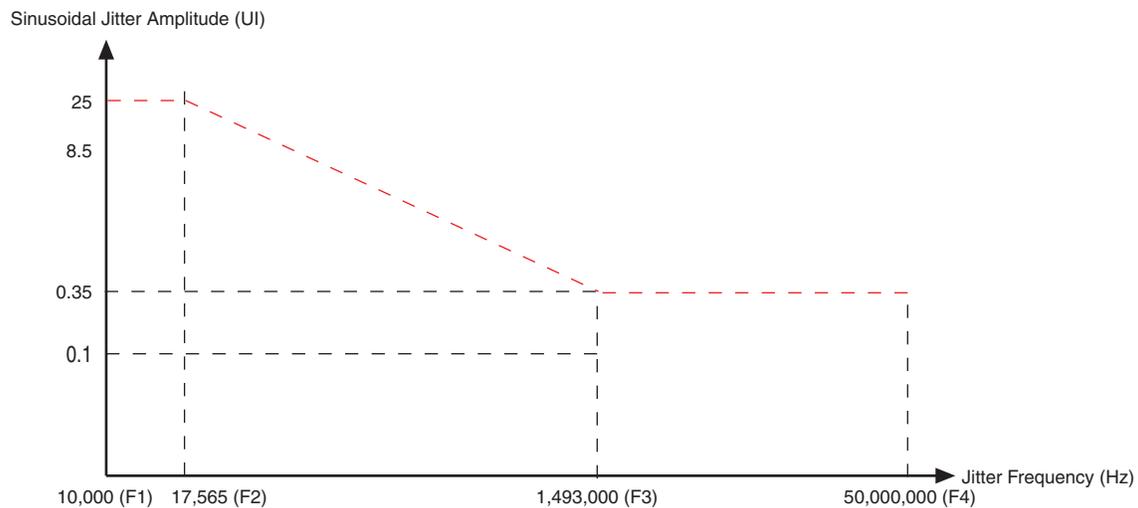


Table 1-56 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Table 1-56. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for Arria II GZ Devices at 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

External Memory Interface Specifications

 For the maximum clock rate supported for Arria II GX and GZ device family, refer to the [External Memory Interface Spec Estimator](#) page on the Altera website.

Table 1-57 lists the external memory interface specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
0	90-140	90-130	90-110	22.5	Low	16
1	110-180	110-170	110-150	30	Low	12
2	140-220	140-210	140-180	36	Low	10
3	170-270	170-260	170-220	45	Low	8
4	220-340	220-310	220-270	30	High	12

Table 1-57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
5	270-410	270-380	270-320	36	High	10
6	320-450	320-410	320-370	45	High	8

Note to Table 1-57:

(1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1-58 lists the DLL frequency range specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-58. DLL Frequency Range Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)		Available Phase Shift	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	-3	-4			
0	90-130	90-120	22.5°, 45°, 67.5°, 90°	Low	16
1	120-170	120-160	30°, 60°, 90°, 120°	Low	12
2	150-210	150-200	36°, 72°, 108°, 144°	Low	10
3	180-260	180-240	45°, 90°, 135°, 180°	Low	8
4	240-320	240-290	30°, 60°, 90°, 120°	High	12
5	290-380	290-360	36°, 72°, 108°, 144°	High	10
6	360-450	360-450	45°, 90°, 135°, 180°	High	8
7	470-630	470-590	60°, 120°, 180°, 240°	High	6

Note to Table 1-58:

(1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1-59 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-59. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4	7.0	13.0	ps
I3, C5, I5	7.0	15.0	ps
C6	8.5	18.0	ps

Notes to Table 1-59:

- (1) The valid settings for phase offset are -64 to +63 for frequency modes 0 to 3 and -32 to +31 for frequency modes 4 to 5.
- (2) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
- (3) The delay settings are linear.

Glossary

Table 1-68 lists the glossary for this chapter.

Table 1-68. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)

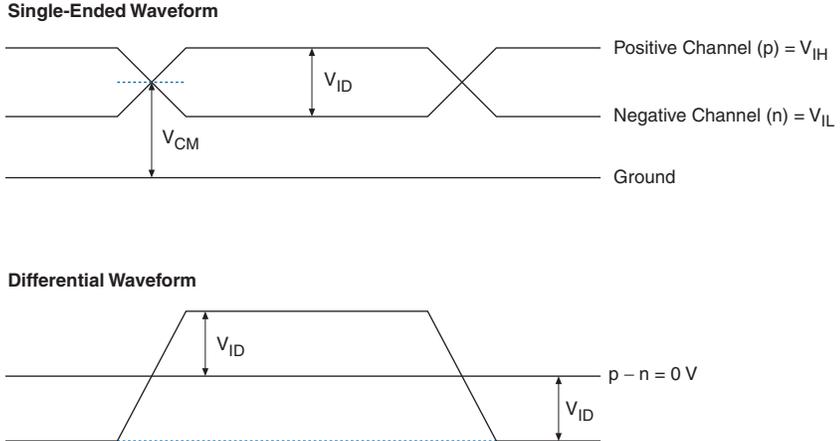
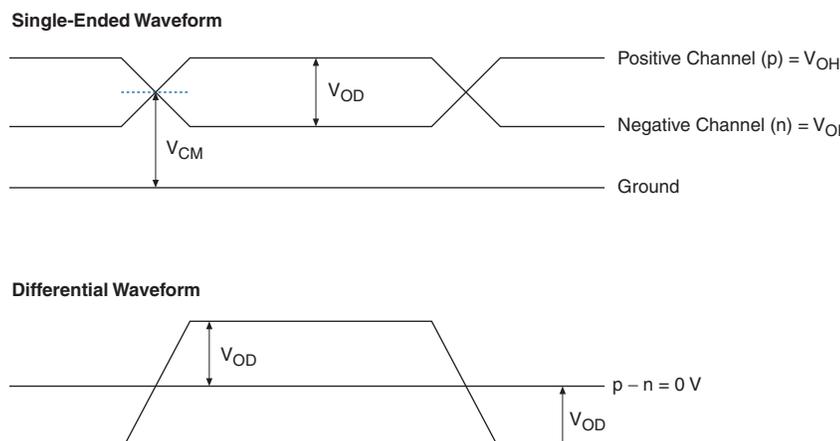
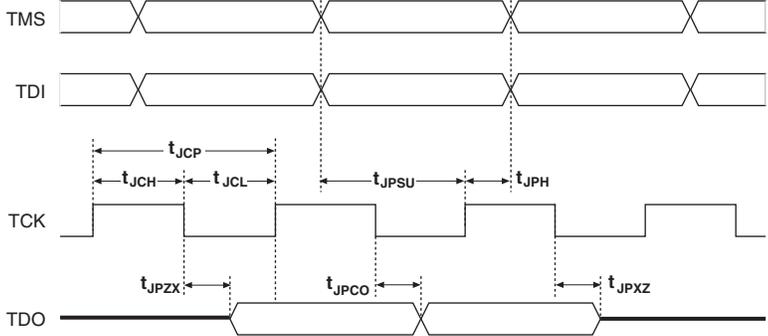
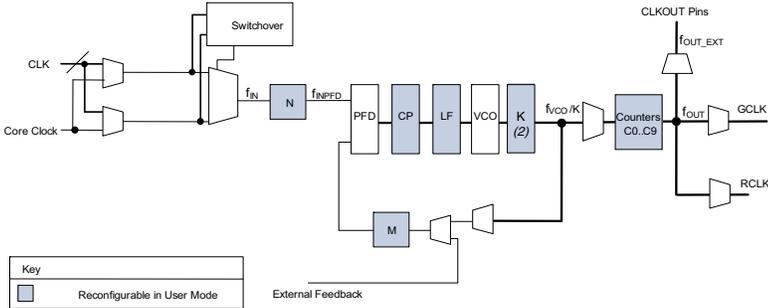
Letter	Subject	Definitions		
A, B, C, D	Differential I/O Standards	<p><i>Receiver Input Waveforms</i></p>  <p>Single-Ended Waveform</p> <p>Positive Channel (p) = V_{IH} Negative Channel (n) = V_{IL} Ground</p> <p>V_{ID} V_{CM}</p> <p>Differential Waveform</p> <p>V_{ID} $p - n = 0\text{ V}$ V_{ID}</p>		
		<p><i>Transmitter Output Waveforms</i></p>  <p>Single-Ended Waveform</p> <p>Positive Channel (p) = V_{OH} Negative Channel (n) = V_{OL} Ground</p> <p>V_{OD} V_{CM}</p> <p>Differential Waveform</p> <p>V_{OD} $p - n = 0\text{ V}$ V_{OD}</p>		
		E, F	f_{HSCLK}	Left/Right PLL input clock frequency.
			f_{HSDR}	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate ($f_{HSDR} = 1/TUI$), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate ($f_{HSDRDPA} = 1/TUI$), DPA.		

Table 1-68. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G, H, I, J	J	<p>High-speed I/O block: Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).</p> <p>JTAG Timing Specifications:</p> 
	JTAG Timing Specifications	
K, L, M, N, O, P	PLL Specifications	<p>PLL Specification parameters:</p> <p>Diagram of PLL Specifications (1)</p>  <p>Notes:</p> <p>(1) CoreClock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs.</p> <p>(2) This is the VCO post-scale counter K.</p>
	PLL Specifications	
Q, R	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Arria II device).