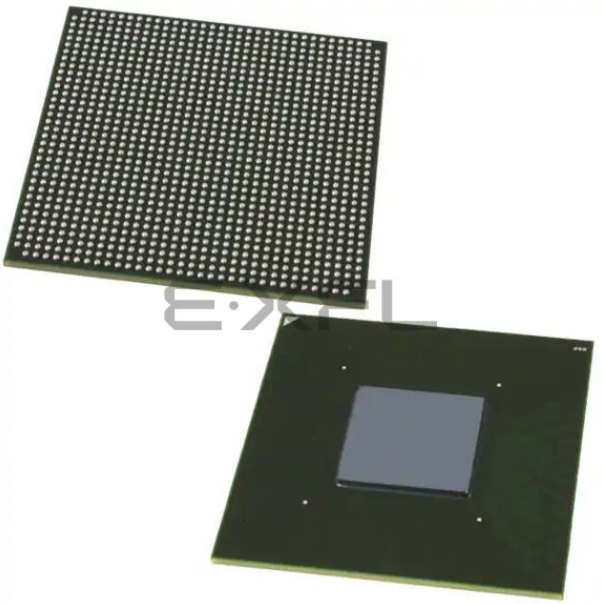

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Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	4964
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	118143
Total RAM Bits	8315904
Number of I/O	452
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx125ef35c6n

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Arria II GX and GZ devices. All supplies are required to monotonically reach their full-rail values without plateaus within t_{RAMP}.

Table 1–5 lists the recommended operating conditions for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–5. Recommended Operating Conditions for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCIe HIP block, and transceiver PCS	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCCB}	Supplies power to the configuration RAM bits	—	1.425	1.50	1.575	V
V_{CCBAT} *(2)*	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key registers	—	1.2	—	3.3	V
V_{CCPD} *(3)*	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
		—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCIO}	Supplies power to the I/O banks *(4)*	—	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
		—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
		—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
		—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
		—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
		—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_I	DC Input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
V_{CCA}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA regulator	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA TX, PMA RX, and clocking	—	1.045	1.1	1.155	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA output (TX) buffer	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	Commercial	0	—	85	°C
		Industrial	–40	—	100	°C

Table 1–19 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–19. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)*

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{PU}	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V ±5% *(3)*	—	25	—	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V ±5% *(3)*	—	25	—	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V ±5% *(3)*	—	25	—	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.5 V ±5% *(3)*	—	25	—	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V ±5% *(3)*	—	25	—	kΩ

Notes to Table 1–19:

(1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins.

(2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 kΩ .

(3) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.

Hot Socketing

Table 1–20 lists the hot-socketing specification for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–20. Hot Socketing Specifications for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Maximum
$I_{IIOPIN(DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	300 µA
$I_{IOPIN(AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA *(1)*
$I_{XCVRTX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVRRX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

Note to Table 1–20:

(1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}|$ = C dv/dt, in which "C" is I/O pin capacitance and "dv/dt" is slew rate.

Schmitt Trigger Input

The Arria II GX device supports Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rates.

Table 1–21 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported V_{CCIO} range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–21. Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Minimum	Unit
$V_{Schmitt}$	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	V_{CCIO} = 3.3	220	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 2.5	180	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 1.8	110	mV
		V_{CCIO} = 1.5	70	mV

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 1–22 through Table 1–35 list input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by the Arria II device family. They also show the Arria II device family I/O standard specifications. V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–22 through Table 1–35, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–74.

Table 1–22 lists the single-ended I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–22. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
3.3 V LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.465	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.3 V LVCMOS	3.135	3.3	3.465	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} -0.2	2	–2
3.0 V LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.0 V LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.2	V_{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	–0.1
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.375	2.5	2.625	–0.3	0.7	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.4	2	1	–1
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.71	1.8	1.89	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V_{CCIO} - 0.45	2	–2
1.5 V LVCMOS	1.425	1.5	1.575	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	–2
1.2 V LVCMOS	1.14	1.2	1.26	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	–2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.3 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5

Table 1–23 lists the single-ended I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–23. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V_{CCIO} - 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	-2

Table 1–23. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	-2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.3 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	3.6	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	—	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5

Table 1–24 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–24. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.52 × V_{CCIO}	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—

Table 1–25 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–25. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Arria II GX and GZ core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices. The following tables are considered final and are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. These numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1–34 lists the Arria II GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock														
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL													
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	MHz
Input frequency from PLD input	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	MHz
Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	–0.3	—	—	–0.3	—	—	–0.3	—	—	–0.3	—	—	V
Rise/fall time *(2)*	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	mV
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block skew	PCIe ×4	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps
Inter-transceiver block skew	PCIe ×8	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
CMU PLL0 and CMU PLL1														
CMU PLL lock time from `CMUPLL_reset` deassertion	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	µs
PLD-Transceiver Interface														
Interface speed	—	25	—	320	25	—	240	25	—	240	25	—	200	MHz

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 3 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 *(1)*			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Receiver DC Coupling Support	—	For more information about receiver DC coupling support, refer to the "DC-Coupled Links" section in the *Transceiver Architecture for Arria II Devices* chapter.						
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85–Ω setting	85 ± 20%			85 ± 20%			Ω
	100–Ω setting	100 ± 20%			100 ± 20%			Ω
	120–Ω setting	120 ± 20%			120 ± 20%			Ω
	150-Ω setting	150 ± 20%			150 ± 20%			Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PCIe (Gen 1 and Gen 2), XAUI, HiGig+, CEI SR/LR, SRIO SR/LR, CPRI LV/HV, OBSAI, SATA	Compliant						—
Programmable PPM detector *(9)*	—	± 62.5, 100, 125, 200, 250, 300, 500, 1,000						ppm
Run length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization	—	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB
t_{LTR} *(10)*	—	—	—	75	—	—	75	µs
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_Manual}$ *(11)*	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	µs
t_{LTD_Manual} *(12)*	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
t_{LTD_Auto} *(13)*	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Receiver CDR 3 dB Bandwidth in lock-to-data (LTD) mode	PCIe Gen1	2.0 - 3.5						MHz
	PCIe Gen2	40 - 65						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	20 - 35						MHz
	XAUI	10 - 18						MHz
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	6 - 10						MHz
	GIGE	6 - 10						MHz
	SONET OC12	3 - 6						MHz
	SONET OC48	14 - 19						MHz
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	—	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	reconfig_clk cycles
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB

Figure 1–3 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1–3. Receiver Input Waveform

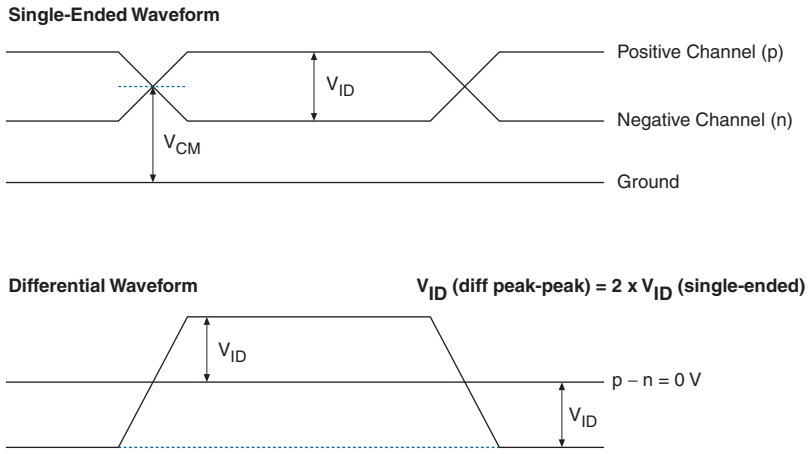

Figure 1–4 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1–4. Transmitter Output Waveform

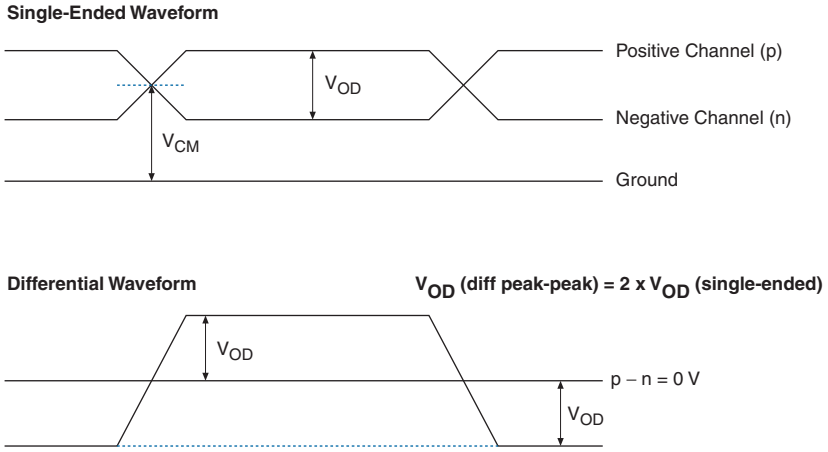

Table 1–36 lists the typical V_{OD} for TX term that equals 85 Ω for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–36. Typical V_{OD} Setting, TX Term = 85 Ω for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting (mV)							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
V_{OD} differential peak-to-peak Typical (mV)	170 ± 20%	340 ± 20%	510 ± 20%	595 ± 20%	680 ± 20%	765 ± 20%	850 ± 20%	1020 ± 20%

Table 1–37 lists the typical V_{OD} for TX term that equals 100 Ω for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–37. Typical V_{OD} Setting, TX Termination = 100 Ω for Arria II Devices

Quartus II Setting	V_{OD} Setting (mV)
1	400
2	600
3 (Arria II GZ)	700
4	800
5	900
6	1000
7	1200

Table 1–38 lists the typical transmitter pre-emphasis levels in dB for the first post tap under the following conditions: low-frequency data pattern (five 1s and five 0s) at 6.375 Gbps. The levels listed in Table 1–38 are a representation of possible pre-emphasis levels under these specified conditions only, the pre-emphasis levels may change with data pattern and data rate.

To predict the pre-emphasis level for your specific data rate and pattern, run simulations using the Arria II GX HSSI HSPICE models.

Table 1–38. Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels for Arria II GX Devices

Arria II GX (Quartus II Software) First Post Tap Setting	Arria II GX (Quartus II Software) VOD Setting						
	1	2	4	5	6	7	Unit
0 (off)	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
1	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	dB
2	2.7	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	dB
3	4.9	2.4	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.2	dB
4	7.5	3.8	2.1	1.6	1.2	0.6	dB
5	—	5.3	3.1	2.4	1.8	1.1	dB
6	—	7	4.3	3.3	2.7	1.7	dB

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 3 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(4)*														
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold *(9)*														
VRX-IDLE-DETDIFF (p-p)	Compliance pattern	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	mV
Serial RapidIO® (SRIO) Transmit Jitter Generation *(5)*														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(5)*														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation *(6)*														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)* (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15		> 15			> 15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15		> 1.5			> 1.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15		> 0.15			> 0.15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15		> 0.15			> 0.15		UI
Fibre Channel Transmit Jitter Generation *(4)*, *(5)*								
Total jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.23	—	—	0.23	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.11	—	—	0.11	UI
Total jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Total jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.52	—	—	0.52	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Fibre Channel Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(4)*, *(6)*								
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT		> 0.37			> 0.37		UI
Random jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT		> 0.31			> 0.31		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-1	Fc/25000		> 1.5			> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT		> 0.33			> 0.33		UI
Random jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT		> 0.29			> 0.29		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-2	Fc/25000		> 1.5			> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT		> 0.33			> 0.33		UI
Random jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT		> 0.29			> 0.29		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-4	Fc/25000		> 1.5			> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
XAUI Transmit Jitter Generation *(7)*								
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAUI Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(7)*								
Total jitter	—		> 0.65			> 0.65		UI
Deterministic jitter	—		> 0.37			> 0.37		UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)* (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
SAS Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(13)*								
Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.65	—	—	0.65	UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Jitter frequency = 900 KHz to 5 MHz Pattern = CJTPAT BER = 1E-12	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation *(14)*								
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(14)*								
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation *(15)*								
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 MBps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)* (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
OBSAI Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(15)*								
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.37			> 0.37		UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.55			> 0.55		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 5.4 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 460 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1536 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 10.9 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 921.6 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1843.2 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI

Notes to Table 1–41:

(1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
(2) The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
(3) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
(4) The jitter numbers for Fibre Channel are compliant to the FC-PI-4 Specification revision 6.10.
(5) The Fibre Channel transmitter jitter generation numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_T inter operability point.
(6) The Fibre Channel receiver jitter tolerance numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_R interpretability point.
(7) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
(8) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
(9) Arria II GZ PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the $V_{TX-CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA}$ of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
(10) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
(11) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
(12) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
(13) The jitter numbers for Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) are compliant to the SAS-2.1 Specification.
(14) The jitter numbers for CPRI are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
(15) The jitter numbers for OBSAI are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{CASC\_OUTJITTER\_PERIOD\_DEDCLK}$ *(6), (7)*	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (FOUT ≥ 100 MHz)	—	—	425	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (FOUT ≤ 100 MHz)	—	—	42.5	mUI (p-p)

Notes to Table 1–44:

(1) f_{IN} is limited by the I/O f_{MAX}.

(2) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.

(3) A high-input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean-clock source, which is less than 200 ps.

(4) F_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.

(5) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.

(6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.99999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 1–62 on page 1–70.

(7) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
a. Upstream PLL: 0.59 Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz

Table 1–45 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GZ devices when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

Table 1–45. PLL Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (–3 speed grade)	5	—	717 *(1)*	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–4 speed grade)	5	—	717 *(1)*	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating range (–3 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (–4 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–3 speed grade)	—	—	700 *(2)*	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–4 speed grade)	—	—	500 *(2)*	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for external clock output (–3 speed grade)	—	—	717 *(2)*	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (–4 speed grade)	—	—	717 *(2)*	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure scan chain	—	3.5	—	scanclk cycles
$t_{CONFIGPHASE}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	scanclk cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	scanclk frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end-of-device configuration or de-assertion of areset	—	—	1	ms

DSP Block Specifications

Table 1–46 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–46. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)*

Mode	Resources Used	Performance				Unit
	Number of Multipliers	C4	I3	C5,I5	C6	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 36-bit high-precision multiplier adder mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback *(2)*	2	275	220	220	180	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
Double mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz

Notes to Table 1–46:

(1) Maximum is for a fully-pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.

(2) Maximum is for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, pipeline and output registers enabled.

Table 1–47 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance		Unit
	Number of Multipliers	–3	–4	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	460	400	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	500	440	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	550	480	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	470	410	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	450	390	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback *(2)*	2	350	310	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	440	380	MHz

Table 1–54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1), (2), (10)* (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	717 *(7)*	5	—	717 *(7)*	MHz
Transmitter								
f_{HSDR} (true LVDS output data rate)	SERDES factor, J = 3 to 10 (using dedicated SERDES) *(8)*	*(4)*	—	1250	*(4)*	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, (using DDR registers)	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, (uses an SDR register)	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_3R output data rate) *(5)*	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	*(4)*	—	1152	*(4)*	—	800	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_1R output data rate)		*(4)*	—	200	*(4)*	—	200	Mbps
$t_{x\ Jitter}$	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.6 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total jitter for data rate, < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ - emulated differential I/O standards with three external output resistor network	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total jitter for data rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ - emulated differential I/O standards with one external output resistor network	—	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
t_{DUTY}	TX output clock duty cycle for both True and emulated differential I/O standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	%

Figure 1–6 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Figure 1–6. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for Arria II GZ Devices at a 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

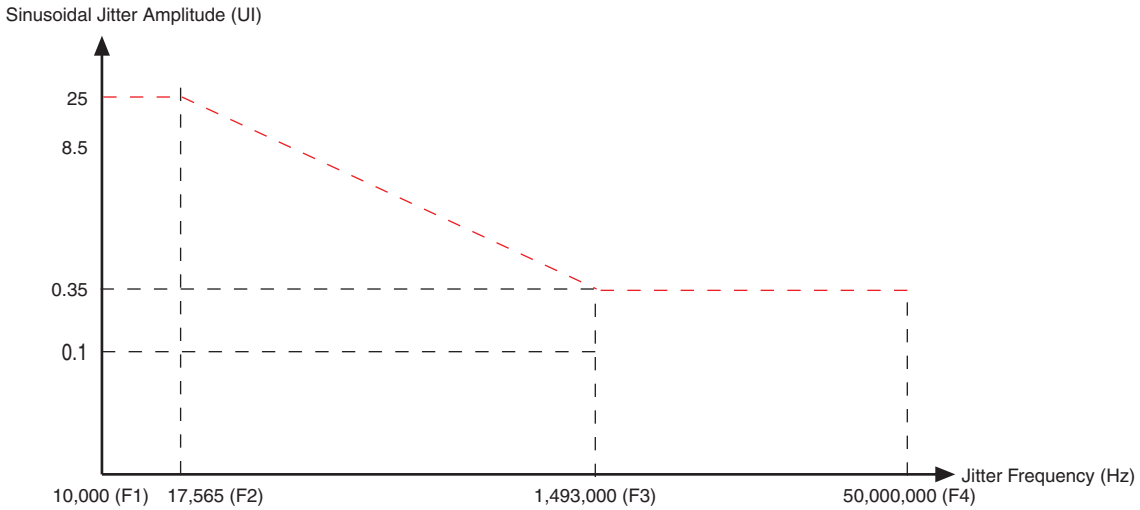

Table 1–56 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Table 1–56. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for Arria II GZ Devices at 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

External Memory Interface Specifications

For the maximum clock rate supported for Arria II GX and GZ device family, refer to the External Memory Interface Spec Estimator page on the Altera website.

Table 1–57 lists the external memory interface specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode *(1)*	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
0	90-140	90-130	90-110	22.5	Low	16
1	110-180	110-170	110-150	30	Low	12
2	140-220	140-210	140-180	36	Low	10
3	170-270	170-260	170-220	45	Low	8
4	220-340	220-310	220-270	30	High	12

Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode *(1)*	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
5	270-410	270-380	270-320	36	High	10
6	320-450	320-410	320-370	45	High	8

Note to Table 1–57:

(1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1–58 lists the DLL frequency range specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–58. DLL Frequency Range Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)		Available Phase Shift	DQS Delay Buffer Mode *(1)*	Number of Delay Chains
	–3	–4			
0	90-130	90-120	22.5°, 45°, 67.5°, 90°	Low	16
1	120-170	120-160	30°, 60°, 90°, 120°	Low	12
2	150-210	150-200	36°, 72°, 108°, 144°	Low	10
3	180-260	180-240	45°, 90°,135°, 180°	Low	8
4	240-320	240-290	30°, 60°, 90°, 120°	High	12
5	290-380	290-360	36°, 72°, 108°, 144°	High	10
6	360-450	360-450	45°, 90°, 135°, 180°	High	8
7	470-630	470-590	60°, 120°, 180°, 240°	High	6

Note to Table 1–58:

(1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1–59 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–59. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)*, *(3)*

Speed Grade	Min	Max	Unit
C4	7.0	13.0	ps
I3, C5, I5	7.0	15.0	ps
C6	8.5	18.0	ps

Notes to Table 1–59:

(1) The valid settings for phase offset are -64 to +63 for frequency modes 0 to 3 and -32 to +31 for frequency modes 4 to 5.

(2) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.

(3) The delay settings are linear.

I/O Timing

Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing:

- Using the Microsoft Excel-based I/O Timing.
- Using the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

The Microsoft Excel-based I/O Timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II timing analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete.

The Microsoft Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet is downloadable from the Literature: Arria II Devices web page.

Table 1–68. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
U, V	$V_{CM(DC)}$	DC common mode input voltage.
	V_{ICM}	Input common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V_{ID}	Input differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	$V_{DIF(AC)}$	AC differential input voltage: Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	$V_{DIF(DC)}$	DC differential input voltage: Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V_{IH}	Voltage input high: The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	$V_{IH(AC)}$	High-level AC input voltage.
	$V_{IH(DC)}$	High-level DC input voltage.
	V_{IL}	Voltage input low: The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	$V_{IL(AC)}$	Low-level AC input voltage.
	$V_{IL(DC)}$	Low-level DC input voltage.
	V_{OCM}	Output common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V_{OD}	Output differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
W, X, Y, Z	W	High-speed I/O block: The clock boost factor.

Document Revision History

Table 1–69 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–69. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 2)

Date	Version	Changes
December 2013	4.4	Updated Table 1–34 and Table 1–35.
July 2012	4.3	■ Updated the $V_{CCH\_GXBL/R}$ operating conditions in Table 1–6. ■ Finalized Arria II GZ information in Table 1–20. ■ Added BLVDS specification in Table 1–32 and Table 1–33. ■ Updated input and output waveforms in Table 1–68.
December 2011	4.2	■ Updated Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, Table 1–35, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–54, and Table 1–67. ■ Minor text edits.
June 2011	4.1	■ Added Table 1–60. ■ Updated Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–38, Table 1–41, and Table 1–61. ■ Updated the “Switching Characteristics” section introduction. ■ Minor text edits.