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### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	10260
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	244188
Total RAM Bits	12038144
Number of I/O	372
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	780-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	780-FBGA (29x29)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx260ef29c4">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx260ef29c4</a>



Conditions beyond those listed in [Table 1-1](#) and [Table 1-2](#) may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

[Table 1-1](#) lists the absolute maximum ratings for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Arria II GX Devices**

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCI Express® (PIPE) (PCIe) HIP block, and transceiver PCS	-0.5	1.35	V
$V_{CCCB}$	Supplies power for the configuration RAM bits	-0.5	1.8	V
$V_{CCBAT}$	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_{CCPD}$	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_{CCIO}$	Supplies power to the I/O banks	-0.5	3.9	V
$V_{CCD\_PLL}$	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	-0.5	1.35	V
$V_{CCA\_PLL}$	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_I$	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.0	V
$I_{OUT}$	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA
$V_{CCA}$	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA regulator	—	3.75	V
$V_{CCL\_GXB}$	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA TX, PMA RX, and clocking	—	1.21	V
$V_{CCH\_GXB}$	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA output (TX) buffer	—	1.8	V
$T_J$	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature (no bias)	-65	150	°C

[Table 1-2](#) lists the absolute maximum ratings for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1-2. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCIe HIP block, and transceiver PCS	-0.5	1.35	V
$V_{CCCB}$	Power supply to the configuration RAM bits	-0.5	1.8	V
$V_{CCPGM}$	Supplies power to the configuration pins	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_{CCAUX}$	Auxiliary supply	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_{CCBAT}$	Supplies battery back-up power for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_{CCPD}$	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_{CCIO}$	Supplies power to the I/O banks	-0.5	3.9	V
$V_{CC\_CLKIN}$	Supplies power to the differential clock input	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_{CCD\_PLL}$	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	-0.5	1.35	V
$V_{CCA\_PLL}$	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
$V_I$	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.0	V
$I_{OUT}$	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA

Table 1–10 lists the bus hold specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–10. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GZ Devices**

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)										Unit	
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Bus-hold Low sustaining current	I <sub>SUSL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>IL</sub> (max.)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	μA	
Bus-hold High sustaining current	I <sub>SUSH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>IH</sub> (min.)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	μA	
Bus-hold Low overdrive current	I <sub>ODL</sub>	0V < V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	μA	
Bus-hold High overdrive current	I <sub>ODH</sub>	0V < V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	μA	
Bus-hold trip point	V <sub>TRIP</sub>	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V	

### OCT Specifications

Table 1–11 lists the Arria II GX device and differential OCT with and without calibration accuracy.

**Table 1–11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 3.0, 2.5	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5	± 30	± 40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 3.0, 2.5	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5	± 30	± 40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 1.8	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8	± 40	± 50	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 1.8	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8	± 40	± 50	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.5, 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.5, 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub> 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω series OCT with calibration	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	%

Table 1–17 lists the pin capacitance for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–17. Pin Capacitance for Arria II GZ Devices**

Symbol	Description	Typical	Unit
$C_{IOTB}$	Input capacitance on the top and bottom I/O pins	4	pF
$C_{IOLR}$	Input capacitance on the left and right I/O pins	4	pF
$C_{CLKTB}$	Input capacitance on the top and bottom non-dedicated clock input pins	4	pF
$C_{CLKLR}$	Input capacitance on the left and right non-dedicated clock input pins	4	pF
$C_{OUTFB}$	Input capacitance on the dual-purpose clock output and feedback pins	5	pF
$C_{CLK1}, C_{CLK3}, C_{CLK8},$ and $C_{CLK10}$	Input capacitance for dedicated clock input pins	2	pF

#### Internal Weak Pull-Up and Weak Pull-Down Resistors

Table 1–18 lists the weak pull-up and pull-down resistor values for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–18. Internal Weak Pull-up and Weak Pull-Down Resistors for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{PU}$	Value of I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	7	25	41	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	7	28	47	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	8	35	61	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	10	57	108	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	13	82	163	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 V \pm 5\% \text{ (2)}$	19	143	351	kΩ
$R_{PD}$	Value of TCK pin pull-down resistor	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V \pm 5\%$	6	19	29	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V \pm 5\%$	6	22	32	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V \pm 5\%$	6	25	42	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V \pm 5\%$	7	35	70	kΩ
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 V \pm 5\%$	8	50	112	kΩ

**Notes to Table 1–18:**

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins. The weak pull-down feature is only available for JTAG TCK.
- (2) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than  $V_{CCIO}$ .

**Table 1–34.** Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—									
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V <sub>ICM</sub> (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			mV
V <sub>ICM</sub> (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK <i>(3)</i>	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R <sub>ref</sub>	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>														
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices **(Note 1)** (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfig. clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 <i>(4)</i>	—	50	MHz									
Delta time between reconfig_clks <i>(5)</i>	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	μs
<b>Receiver</b>														
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS													
Data rate <i>(13)</i>	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin <i>(6)</i>	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p)	V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.82 V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	V <sub>ICM</sub> = 1.1 V setting <i>(7)</i>	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V

**Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 3 of 5)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit		
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max			
Receiver DC Coupling Support	—	For more information about receiver DC coupling support, refer to the “DC-Coupled Links” section in the <i>Transceiver Architecture for Arria II Devices</i> chapter.						—		
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85- $\Omega$ setting	85 $\pm$ 20%		85 $\pm$ 20%		$\Omega$		$\Omega$		
	100- $\Omega$ setting	100 $\pm$ 20%		100 $\pm$ 20%		$\Omega$				
	120- $\Omega$ setting	120 $\pm$ 20%		120 $\pm$ 20%		$\Omega$				
	150- $\Omega$ setting	150 $\pm$ 20%		150 $\pm$ 20%		$\Omega$				
Differential and common mode return loss	PCIe (Gen 1 and Gen 2), XAUI, HiGig+, CEI SR/LR, SRIO SR/LR, CPRI LV/HV, OBSAI, SATA	Compliant						—		
Programmable PPM detector (9)	—	$\pm$ 62.5, 100, 125, 200, 250, 300, 500, 1,000						ppm		
Run length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI		
Programmable equalization	—	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB		
t <sub>LTR</sub> (10)	—	—	—	75	—	—	75	$\mu$ s		
t <sub>LTD_Manual</sub> (11)	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	$\mu$ s		
t <sub>LTD_Manual</sub> (12)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns		
t <sub>LTD_Auto</sub> (13)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns		
Receiver CDR 3 dB Bandwidth in lock-to-data (LTD) mode	PCIe Gen1	2.0 - 3.5						MHz		
	PCIe Gen2	40 - 65						MHz		
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	20 - 35						MHz		
	XAUI	10 - 18						MHz		
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz		
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz		
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	6 - 10						MHz		
	GIGE	6 - 10						MHz		
	SONET OC12	3 - 6						MHz		
	SONET OC48	14 - 19						MHz		
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	—	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	recon fig_clk cycles		
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB		
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB		
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB		

Figure 1–3 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

**Figure 1–3. Receiver Input Waveform**

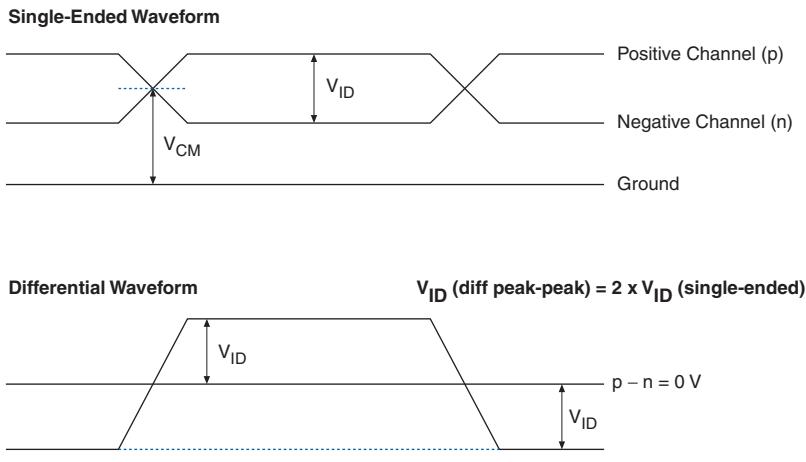


Figure 1–4 shows the transmitter output waveform.

**Figure 1–4. Transmitter Output Waveform**

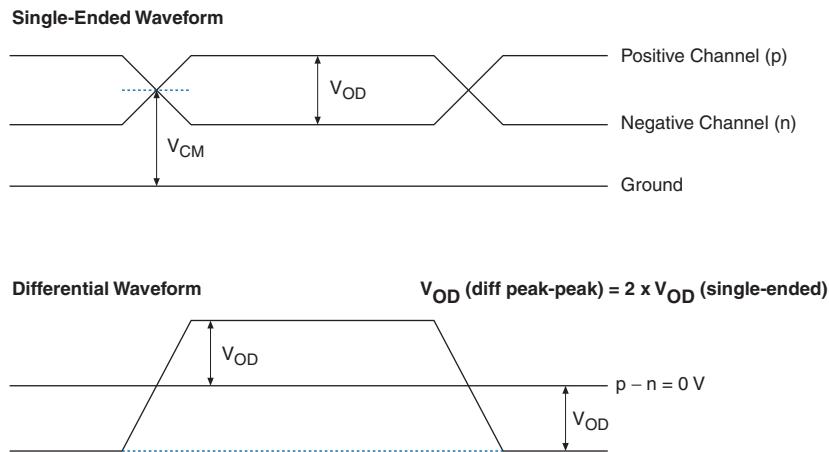


Table 1–36 lists the typical  $V_{OD}$  for TX term that equals 85  $\Omega$  for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–36. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting, TX Term = 85  $\Omega$  for Arria II GZ Devices**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b><math>V_{OD}</math> Setting (mV)</b>							
	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>
$V_{OD}$ differential peak-to-peak Typical (mV)	$170 \pm 20\%$	$340 \pm 20\%$	$510 \pm 20\%$	$595 \pm 20\%$	$680 \pm 20\%$	$765 \pm 20\%$	$850 \pm 20\%$	$1020 \pm 20\%$

**Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 3 of 10)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
<b>PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4)</b>														
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			> 0.6			UI
<b>PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold (9)</b>														
VRX-IDLE-DETDIFF (p-p)	Compliance pattern	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	mV
<b>Serial RapidIO® (SRIO) Transmit Jitter Generation (5)</b>														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
<b>SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance (5)</b>														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
<b>GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (6)</b>														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI

**Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 6 of 10)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 20 KHz  Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 1			> 1			> 1			> 1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz  Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz  Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2			> 0.2			UI

**SATA Transmit Jitter Generation (10)**

Total jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI
Deterministic jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI

**SATA Receiver Jitter Tolerance (10)**

Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz

**Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 9 of 10)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
<b>OBSAI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (12)</b>														
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 5.4 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 460.8 KHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1536 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 10.9 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 921.6 KHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI

**Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 10 of 10)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1843.2 KHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			UI

**Notes to Table 1–40:**

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins are used to drive the input reference clocks. The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (2) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
- (3) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (4) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (5) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
- (6) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
- (7) The jitter numbers for HiGig are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (8) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
- (9) Arria II PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the `VTX_CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA` of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
- (10) The jitter numbers for Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA) are compliant to the Serial ATA Revision 3.0 Specification.
- (11) The jitter numbers for Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI) are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
- (12) The jitter numbers for Open Base Station Architecture Initiative (OBSAI) are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

Table 1–41 lists the transceiver jitter specifications for all supported protocols for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*), (*2*) (Part 1 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3			-C4 and -I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
<b>SONET/SDH Transmit Jitter Generation (<i>3</i>)</b>								
Peak-to-peak jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
Peak-to-peak jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
<b>SONET/SDH Receiver Jitter Tolerance (<i>3</i>)</b>								
Jitter tolerance at 622.08 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.03 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 25 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 250 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			UI

**Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 4 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
<b>GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)</b>								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.4			> 0.4	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.66			> 0.66	UI
<b>HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation</b>								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	UI
<b>HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance</b>								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.37	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.65	—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 8.5	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.1	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.1	—	—	—	UI
<b>(OIF) CEI Transmitter Jitter Generation</b>								
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS15 BER = $10^{-12}$	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
<b>(OIF) CEI Receiver Jitter Tolerance</b>								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = $10^{-12}$			> 0.675	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = $10^{-12}$			> 0.988	—	—	—	UI

**Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 5 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter Frequency = 38.2 KHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = $10^{-12}$	> 0.5			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter Frequency = 3.82 MHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = $10^{-12}$	> 0.05			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter Frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = $10^{-12}$	> 0.05			—	—	—	UI
<b>SDI Transmitter Jitter Generation (12)</b>								
Alignment jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = color bar Low-frequency roll-off = 100 KHz	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	UI
	Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = color bar Low-frequency roll-off = 100 KHz	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	UI
<b>SDI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (12)</b>								
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 15 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 2			> 2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 20 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) pattern = 75% color bar	> 1			> 1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			UI
<b>SAS Transmit Jitter Generation (13)</b>								
Total jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI
Deterministic jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI

**Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 2 of 2)**

Mode	Resources Used	Performance			Unit
	Number of Multipliers	-3	-4		
Double mode	1	440	380	MHz	

**Notes to Table 1–47:**

- (1) Maximum is for fully pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, and pipeline and output registers enabled.

**Embedded Memory Block Specifications**

Table 1–48 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–48. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	Embedded Memory	I3	C4	C5,I5	C6	
Memory Logic Array Block (MLAB)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	450	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20 single clock	0	1	270	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10 single clock	0	1	428	500	450	378	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36, with the <b>read-during-write</b> option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36 single CLK, with the <b>read-during-write</b> option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18 single CLK, with the <b>read-during-write</b> option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	900	850	950	1130	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	730	690	770	920	ps

Table 1–49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance			Unit
		ALUTs	TriMatrix Memory	C3	I3	C4	
MLAB (2)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	ROM 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	ROM 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
M9K Block (2)	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	540	540	475	475 MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36	0	1	490	490	420	420 MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	340	340	300	300 MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18	0	1	430	430	370	370 MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	335	335	290	290 MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475 MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475 MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	800	800	850	850 ps
M144K Block (2)	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	625	690	690 ps
	Single-port 2K × 72	0	1	440	400	380	350 MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72	0	1	435	375	385	325 MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	240	225	205	200 MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC)	0	1	300	295	255	250 MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36	0	1	375	350	330	310 MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	230	225	205	200 MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	500	450	435	420 MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	465	425	400	400 MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	755	860	860	950 ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	690	690	690 ps

**Notes to Table 1–48:**

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in  $F_{MAX}$ .

**Table 1–54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (10) (Part 2 of 3)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>C3, I3</b>			<b>C4, I4</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	
$f_{HSCLK\_OUT}$ (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	717 (7)	5	—	717 (7)	MHz
<b>Transmitter</b>								
$f_{HSDR}$ (true LVDS output data rate)	SERDES factor, J = 3 to 10 (using dedicated SERDES) (8)	(4)	—	1250	(4)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, (using DDR registers)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, (uses an SDR register)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
$f_{HSDR}$ (emulated LVDS_E_3R output data rate) (5)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	(4)	—	1152	(4)	—	800	Mbps
$f_{HSDR}$ (emulated LVDS_E_1R output data rate)		(4)	—	200	(4)	—	200	Mbps
$t_{x\ Jitter}$	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.6 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total jitter for data rate, < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ – emulated differential I/O standards with three external output resistor network	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total jitter for data rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ – emulated differential I/O standards with one external output resistor network	—	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
$t_{DUTY}$	TX output clock duty cycle for both True and emulated differential I/O standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	%

Figure 1–6 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

**Figure 1–6. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for Arria II GZ Devices at a 1.25 Gbps Data Rate**

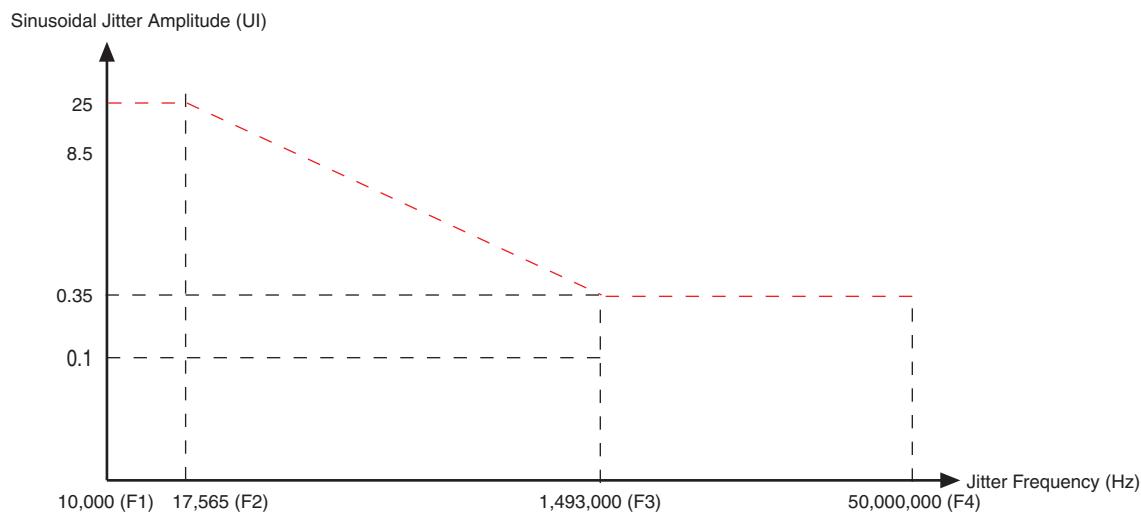


Table 1–56 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

**Table 1–56. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for Arria II GZ Devices at 1.25 Gbps Data Rate**

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

## External Memory Interface Specifications

For the maximum clock rate supported for Arria II GX and GZ device family, refer to the [External Memory Interface Spec Estimator](#) page on the Altera website.

Table 1–57 lists the external memory interface specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
0	90-140	90-130	90-110	22.5	Low	16
1	110-180	110-170	110-150	30	Low	12
2	140-220	140-210	140-180	36	Low	10
3	170-270	170-260	170-220	45	Low	8
4	220-340	220-310	220-270	30	High	12

Table 1–60 lists the DQS phase shift error for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–60. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ( $t_{DQS\_PSERR}$ ) for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)**

Number of DQS Delay Buffer	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6	Unit
1	26	30	36	ps
2	52	60	72	ps
3	78	90	108	ps
4	104	120	144	ps

**Note to Table 1–60:**

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a C4 speed grade is  $\pm 78$  ps or  $\pm 39$  ps.

Table 1–61 lists the DQS phase shift error for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–61. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock ( $t_{DQS\_PSERR}$ ) for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)**

Number of DQS Delay Buffer	-3	-4	Unit
1	28	30	ps
2	56	60	ps
3	84	90	ps
4	112	120	ps

**Note to Table 1–61:**

- (1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a 3 speed grade is  $\pm 84$  ps or  $\pm 42$  ps.

Table 1–62 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–62. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)**

Parameter	Clock Network	Symbol	-4		-5		-6		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-100	100	-125	125	-125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-200	200	-250	250	-250	250	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-100	100	-125	125	-125	125	ps

**Notes to Table 1–62:**

- (1) The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2/DDR3 SDRAM standard.  
(2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock network.  
(3) The memory output clock jitter stated in Table 1–62 is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.

Table 1–63 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–63. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)**

Parameter	Clock Network	Symbol	-3		-4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-110	110	-110	110	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Clock period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-165	165	-165	165	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-90	90	-90	90	ps

**Notes to Table 1–63:**

- (1) The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2/DDR3 SDRAM standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a regional or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using regional clock networks whenever possible.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter stated in Table 1–63 is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.

## Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 1–64 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–64. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)**

Symbol	C4		I3, C5, I5		C6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

**Note to Table 1–64:**

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

Table 1–65 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–65. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)**

Symbol	C3, I3		C4, I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	%

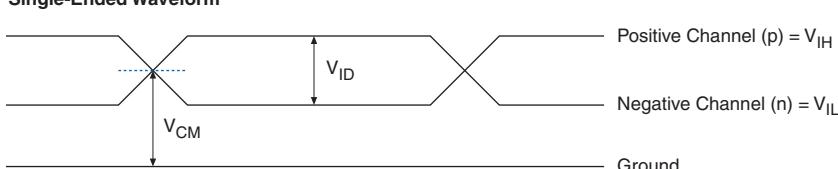
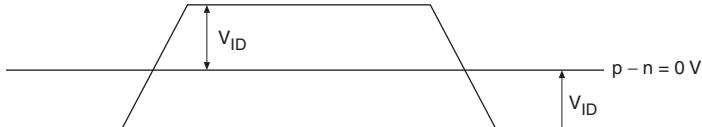
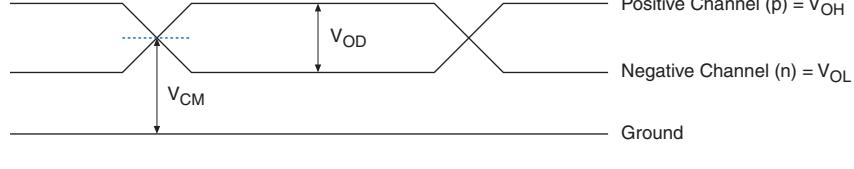
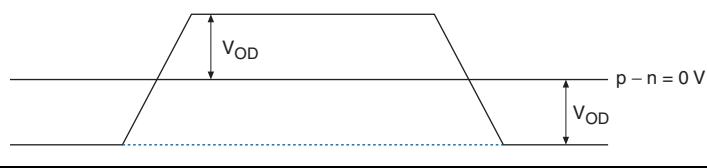
**Note to Table 1–65:**

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

## Glossary

Table 1–68 lists the glossary for this chapter.

**Table 1–68. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	Differential I/O Standards	<p><i>Receiver Input Waveforms</i></p> <p><b>Single-Ended Waveform</b></p>  <p>Positive Channel (p) = <math>V_{IH}</math>  Negative Channel (n) = <math>V_{IL}</math>  Ground  <math>V_{CM}</math>  <math>V_{ID}</math></p> <p><b>Differential Waveform</b></p>  <p><math>p - n = 0\text{ V}</math>  <math>V_{ID}</math></p> <p><i>Transmitter Output Waveforms</i></p> <p><b>Single-Ended Waveform</b></p>  <p>Positive Channel (p) = <math>V_{OH}</math>  Negative Channel (n) = <math>V_{OL}</math>  Ground  <math>V_{CM}</math>  <math>V_{OD}</math></p> <p><b>Differential Waveform</b></p>  <p><math>p - n = 0\text{ V}</math>  <math>V_{OD}</math></p>
E, F	$f_{HSCLK}$	Left/Right PLL input clock frequency.
	$f_{HSDR}$	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDR} = 1/\text{TUI}$ ), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDRDPA} = 1/\text{TUI}$ ), DPA.