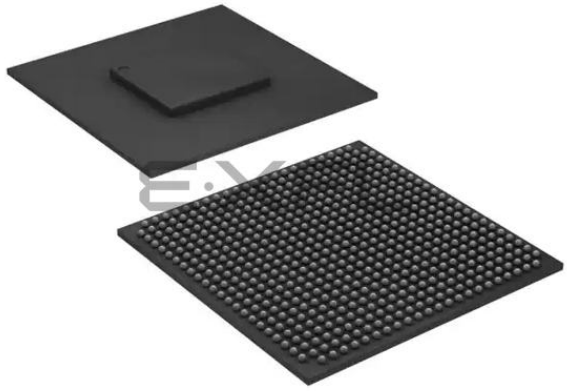

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Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1805
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	42959
Total RAM Bits	3517440
Number of I/O	252
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	572-BGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	572-FBGA, FC (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx45df25c6es

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 1–22 through Table 1–35 list input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by the Arria II device family. They also show the Arria II device family I/O standard specifications. V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL}, respectively.

For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–22 through Table 1–35, refer to "Glossary" on page 1–74.

Table 1–22 lists the single-ended I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–22. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
3.3 V LVTTL	3.135	3.3	3.465	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.3 V LVCMOS	3.135	3.3	3.465	–0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} -0.2	2	–2
3.0 V LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	2.4	4	–4
3.0 V LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	–0.3	0.8	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.2	V_{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	–0.1
2.5 V LVCMOS	2.375	2.5	2.625	–0.3	0.7	1.7	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.4	2	1	–1
1.8 V LVCMOS	1.71	1.8	1.89	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V_{CCIO} - 0.45	2	–2
1.5 V LVCMOS	1.425	1.5	1.575	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	–2
1.2 V LVCMOS	1.14	1.2	1.26	–0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	–2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.3 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	–0.5

Table 1–23 lists the single-ended I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–23. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
LVTTL	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.4	2.4	2	-2
LVCMOS	2.85	3	3.15	-0.3	0.8	1.7	3.6	0.2	V_{CCIO} - 0.2	0.1	-0.1
2.5 V	2.375	2.5	2.625	-0.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	0.4	2	1	-1
1.8 V	1.71	1.8	1.89	-0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.45	V_{CCIO} - 0.45	2	-2
1.5 V	1.425	1.5	1.575	-0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	-2

Table 1–23. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{IL} (V)		V_{IH} (V)		V_{OL} (V)	V_{OH} (V)	I_{OL} (mA)	I_{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.65 × V_{CCIO}	V_{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V_{CCIO}	0.75 × V_{CCIO}	2	-2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.3 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	3.6	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.35 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	—	0.1 × V_{CCIO}	0.9 × V_{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5

Table 1–24 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–24. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.52 × V_{CCIO}	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—

Table 1–25 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–25. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{REF} (V)			V_{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.51 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V_{REF} - 0.04	V_{REF}	V_{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	V_{REF}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 × V_{CCIO}	0.5 × V_{CCIO}	0.53 × V_{CCIO}	—	V_{CCIO}/2	—

Table 1–33 lists the differential I/O standard specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–33. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*

I/O Standard *(2)*	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{ID} (mV)			$V_{ICM(DC)}$ (V)		V_{OD} (V) *(3)*			V_{OCM} (V) *(3)*		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Cond.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
2.5 V LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
2.5 V LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1	1.25	1.5
RSDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
RSDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V_{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.5
Mini-LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.325	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.5
LVPECL	2.375	2.5	2.625	300	—	—	0.6	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS *(4)*	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 1–33:

(1) 1.4-V/1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in "Transceiver Performance Specifications" on page 1–21.
(2) Vertical I/O (VIO) is top and bottom I/Os; horizontal I/O (HIO) is left and right I/Os.
(3) R_L range: $90 \leq RL \leq 110\ \Omega$.
(4) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. These specifications depend on the system topology.

Power Consumption for the Arria II Device Family

Altera offers two ways to estimate power for a design:

- Using the Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator
- Using the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature

The interactive Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator is typically used prior to designing the FPGA in order to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities which, when combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.

For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Arria II GX and GZ core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices. The following tables are considered final and are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. These numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1–34 lists the Arria II GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock														
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL													
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	MHz
Input frequency from PLD input	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	MHz
Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	–0.3	—	—	–0.3	—	—	–0.3	—	—	–0.3	—	—	V
Rise/fall time *(2)*	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	mV
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			mV
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK *(3)*	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R_{ref}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks														
Calibration block clock frequency (`cal_blk_clk`)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
LTD lock time *(11)*	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
Data lock time from `rx_freqlocked` *(12)*	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter														
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML													
Data rate	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
V_{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100–Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Return loss differential mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –10dB												
	XAUI	312 MHz to 625 MHz: –10dB 625 MHz to 3.125 GHz: –10dB/decade slope												
Return loss common mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –6dB												
Rise time *(2)*	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps

Table 1–35 lists the transceiver specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL							
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	697	50	—	637.5	MHz
Phase frequency detector (CMU PLL and receiver CDR)	—	50	—	325	50	—	325	MHz
Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Rise/fall time (2)	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R_{REF}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 3 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 *(1)*			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Receiver DC Coupling Support	—	For more information about receiver DC coupling support, refer to the "DC-Coupled Links" section in the *Transceiver Architecture for Arria II Devices* chapter.						
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85–Ω setting	85 ± 20%			85 ± 20%			Ω
	100–Ω setting	100 ± 20%			100 ± 20%			Ω
	120–Ω setting	120 ± 20%			120 ± 20%			Ω
	150-Ω setting	150 ± 20%			150 ± 20%			Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PCIe (Gen 1 and Gen 2), XAUI, HiGig+, CEI SR/LR, SRIO SR/LR, CPRI LV/HV, OBSAI, SATA	Compliant						—
Programmable PPM detector *(9)*	—	± 62.5, 100, 125, 200, 250, 300, 500, 1,000						ppm
Run length	—	—	—	200	—	—	200	UI
Programmable equalization	—	—	—	16	—	—	16	dB
t_{LTR} *(10)*	—	—	—	75	—	—	75	µs
$t_{LTR\_LTD\_Manual}$ *(11)*	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	µs
t_{LTD_Manual} *(12)*	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
t_{LTD_Auto} *(13)*	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Receiver CDR 3 dB Bandwidth in lock-to-data (LTD) mode	PCIe Gen1	2.0 - 3.5						MHz
	PCIe Gen2	40 - 65						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	20 - 35						MHz
	XAUI	10 - 18						MHz
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	10 - 18						MHz
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	6 - 10						MHz
	GIGE	6 - 10						MHz
	SONET OC12	3 - 6						MHz
	SONET OC48	14 - 19						MHz
Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel)	—	—	—	17000	—	—	17000	reconfig_clk cycles
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 5 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 *(1)*			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
-3 dB Bandwidth	PCIe Gen1	2.5 - 3.5						MHz
	PCIe Gen2	6 - 8						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 4.976 Gbps	7 - 11						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	5 - 10						MHz
	XAUI	2 - 4						MHz
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	2 - 4						MHz
	GIGE	2.5 - 4.5						MHz
	SONET OC12	1.5 - 2.5						MHz
	SONET OC48	3.5 - 6						MHz
Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface								
Interface speed	—	25	—	325	25	—	250	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	—	Minimum is two parallel clock cycles						—

Notes to Table 1–35:

(1) The 3x speed grade is the fastest speed grade offered in the following Arria II GZ devices: EP2AGZ225, EP2AGZ300, and EP2AGZ350.

(2) The rise and fall time transition is specified from 20% to 80%.

(3) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula: REFCLK rms phase jitter at f (MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz * 100/f.

(4) The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter only** mode. The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.

(5) If your design uses more than one dynamic reconfiguration controller (`altgx_reconfig`) instances to control the transceiver (`altgx`) channels physically located on the same side of the device AND if you use different `reconfig_clk` sources for these `altgx_reconfig` instances, the delta time between any two of these `reconfig_clk` sources becoming stable must not exceed the maximum specification listed.

(6) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.

(7) You must use the 1.1-V RX V_{ICM} setting if the input serial data standard is LVDS.

(8) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that Receiver Equalization is disabled. If you enable Receiver Equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level. Use H-Spice simulation to derive the minimum eye opening requirement with Receiver Equalization enabled.

(9) The rate matcher supports only up to ± 300 ppm.

(10) Time taken to `rx_pll_locked` goes high from `rx_analogreset` de-assertion. Refer to Figure 1–1 on page 1–33.

(11) Time for which the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after `rx_pll_locked` goes high and before `rx_locktodata` is asserted in manual mode. Refer to Figure 1–1 on page 1–33.

(12) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_locktodata` signal is asserted in manual mode. Refer to Figure 1–1 on page 1–33.

(13) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_freqlocked` signal goes high in automatic mode. Refer to Figure 1–2 on page 1–33.

(14) A GPLL may be required to meet the PMA-FPGA fabric interface timing above certain data rates. For more information, refer to the *Transceiver Clocking for Arria II Devices* chapter.

(15) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.

(16) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Table 1–39. Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Pre-Emphasis 1st Post-Tap Setting	V_{OD} Setting							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
29	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.5	9.6	7.7	6.3	4.3
30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.4	9	7.4	N/A
31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.9	10	8.2	N/A

Table 1–40 lists the transceiver jitter specifications for all supported protocols for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 1 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SONET/SDH Transmit Jitter Generation *(2)*														
Peak-to-peak jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
Peak-to-peak jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
SONET/SDH Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(2)*														
Jitter tolerance at 622.08 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.03 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 25 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 250 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 4 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(6)*														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation *(7)*														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(7)*														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)* (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
SAS Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(13)*								
Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.65	—	—	0.65	UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Jitter frequency = 900 KHz to 5 MHz Pattern = CJTPAT BER = 1E-12	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation *(14)*								
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(14)*								
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation *(15)*								
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 MBps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Core Performance Specifications for the Arria II Device Family

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), embedded memory, configuration, and JTAG specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–42 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–42. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GX Devices

Clock Network	Performance			Unit
	I3, C4	C5,I5	C6	
GCLK and RCLK	500	500	400	MHz
PCLK	420	350	280	MHz

Table 1–43 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–43. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GZ Devices

Clock Network	Performance		Unit
	–C3 and –I3	–C4 and –I4	
GCLK and RCLK	700	500	MHz
PCLK	500	450	MHz

PLL Specifications

Table 1–44 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (–4 Speed Grade)	5	—	670 *(1)*	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (–5 Speed Grade)	5	—	622 *(1)*	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (–6 Speed Grade)	5	—	500 *(1)*	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating Range *(2)*	600	—	1,400	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$f_{EINDUTY}$	External feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
t_{INCCJ} *(3)*, *(4)*	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency ≥ 100 MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p–p)
	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency ≤ 100 MHz)	—	—	±750	ps (p–p)

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 3 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{CASC\_OUTJITTER\_PERIOD\_DEDCLK}$ *(6), (7)*	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (FOUT ≥ 100 MHz)	—	—	425	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs (FOUT ≤ 100 MHz)	—	—	42.5	mUI (p-p)

Notes to Table 1–44:

(1) f_{IN} is limited by the I/O f_{MAX}.

(2) The VCO frequency reported by the Quartus II software in the PLL summary section of the compilation report takes into consideration the VCO post-scale counter K value. Therefore, if the counter K has a value of 2, the frequency reported can be lower than the f_{VCO} specification.

(3) A high-input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean-clock source, which is less than 200 ps.

(4) F_{REF} is fIN/N when N = 1.

(5) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O f_{MAX} or f_{OUT} of the PLL.

(6) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.99999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in Table 1–62 on page 1–70.

(7) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
a. Upstream PLL: 0.59 Mhz ≤ Upstream PLL BW < 1 MHz
b. Downstream PLL: Downstream PLL BW > 2 MHz

Table 1–45 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GZ devices when operating in both the commercial junction temperature range (0° to 85°C) and the industrial junction temperature range (-40° to 100°C).

Table 1–45. PLL Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (–3 speed grade)	5	—	717 *(1)*	MHz
	Input clock frequency (–4 speed grade)	5	—	717 *(1)*	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating range (–3 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
	PLL VCO operating range (–4 speed grade)	600	—	1,300	MHz
$t_{EINDUTY}$	Input clock or external feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–3 speed grade)	—	—	700 *(2)*	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–4 speed grade)	—	—	500 *(2)*	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for external clock output (–3 speed grade)	—	—	717 *(2)*	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (–4 speed grade)	—	—	717 *(2)*	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{FCOMP}	External feedback clock compensation time	—	—	10	ns
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure scan chain	—	3.5	—	scanclk cycles
$t_{CONFIGPHASE}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	scanclk cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	scanclk frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end-of-device configuration or de-assertion of areset	—	—	1	ms

Table 1–49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	TriMatrix Memory	C3	I3	C4	I4	
MLAB *(2)*	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
M9K Block *(2)*	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36	0	1	490	490	420	420	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	340	340	300	300	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18	0	1	430	430	370	370	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	335	335	290	290	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	800	800	850	850	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	625	690	690	ps
M144K Block *(2)*	Single-port 2K × 72	0	1	440	400	380	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72	0	1	435	375	385	325	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	240	225	205	200	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC)	0	1	300	295	255	250	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36	0	1	375	350	330	310	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	230	225	205	200	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	500	450	435	420	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	465	425	400	400	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	755	860	860	950	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	690	690	690	ps

Notes to Table 1–48:

(1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.

(2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX}.

Table 1–53. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	I3		C4		C5,I5		C6		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f_{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	*(3)*	945 *(7)*	*(3)*	945 *(7)*	*(3)*	740 *(7)*	*(3)*	640 *(7)*	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2 (using DDR registers)	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1 (using SDR registers)	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	Mbps
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	Soft-CDR mode	—	300	—	300	—	300	—	300	±PPM
DPA run length	DPA mode	—	10,000	—	10,000	—	10,000	—	10,000	UI
Sampling window (SW)	Non-DPA mode *(5)*	—	300	—	300	—	350	—	400	ps

Notes to Table 1–53:

(1) $f_{HSCLK\_IN} = f_{HSDR} / W$. Use W to determine the supported selection of input reference clock frequencies for the desired data rate.

(2) Applicable for interfacing with DPA receivers only. For interfacing with non-DPA receivers, you must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. For Arria II GX transmitter to Arria II GX non-DPA receiver, the maximum supported data rate is 945 Mbps. For data rates above 840 Mbps, perform PCB trace compensation by adjusting the PCB trace length for LVDS channels to improve channel-to-channel skews.

(3) The minimum and maximum specification depends on the clock source (for example, PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource you use (global, regional, or local). The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

(4) The specification is only applicable under the influence of core noise.

(5) Applicable for true LVDS using dedicated SERDES only.

(6) Dedicated SERDES and DPA features are only available on the right banks.

(7) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and the receiver sampling margin to determine the leftover timing margin.

Table 1–54 lists the high-speed I/O timing for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1), (2), (10)* (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Clock								
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) true differential I/O standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 *(3)*	5	—	717	5	—	717	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) single ended I/O standards *(9)*	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 *(3)*	5	—	717	5	—	717	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) single ended I/O standards *(10)*	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 *(3)*	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz

Table 1–54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1), (2), (10)* (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	717 *(7)*	5	—	717 *(7)*	MHz
Transmitter								
f_{HSDR} (true LVDS output data rate)	SERDES factor, J = 3 to 10 (using dedicated SERDES) *(8)*	*(4)*	—	1250	*(4)*	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, (using DDR registers)	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, (uses an SDR register)	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	*(4)*	—	*(5)*	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_3R output data rate) *(5)*	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	*(4)*	—	1152	*(4)*	—	800	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_1R output data rate)		*(4)*	—	200	*(4)*	—	200	Mbps
$t_{x\ Jitter}$	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.6 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total jitter for data rate, < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ - emulated differential I/O standards with three external output resistor network	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total jitter for data rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ - emulated differential I/O standards with one external output resistor network	—	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
t_{DUTY}	TX output clock duty cycle for both True and emulated differential I/O standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	%

Table 1–55. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Arria II Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)*, *(3)*

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions *(4)*	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 1–55:

(1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
(2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
(3) The DPA lock time stated in the table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
(4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 1–5 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at a data rate less than 1.25 Gbps and all the Arria II GX devices.

Figure 1–5. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for All Arria II GX Devices and for Arria II GZ Devices at a Data Rate less than 1.25 Gbps

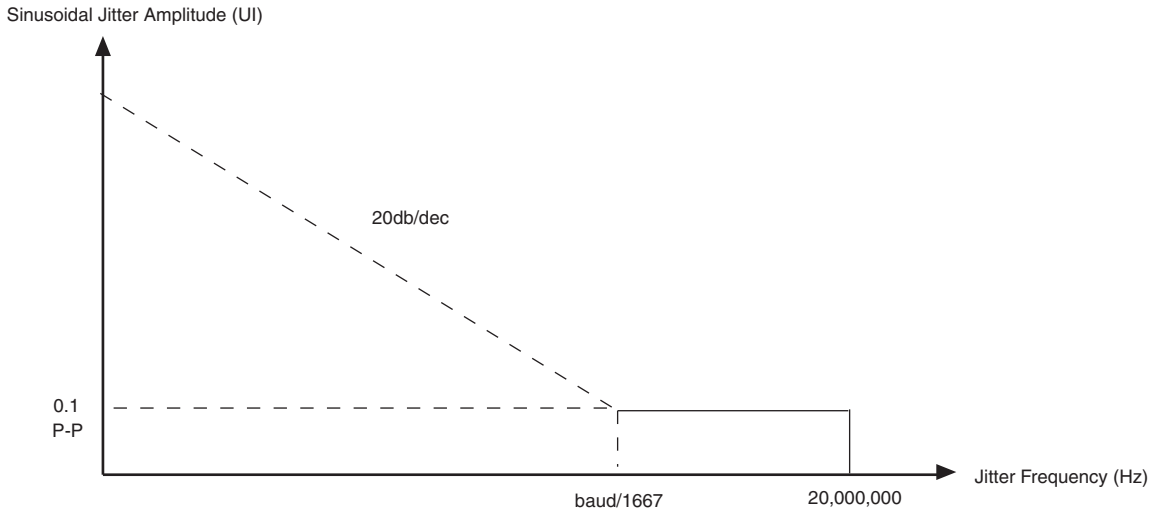

Figure 1–6 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Figure 1–6. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for Arria II GZ Devices at a 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

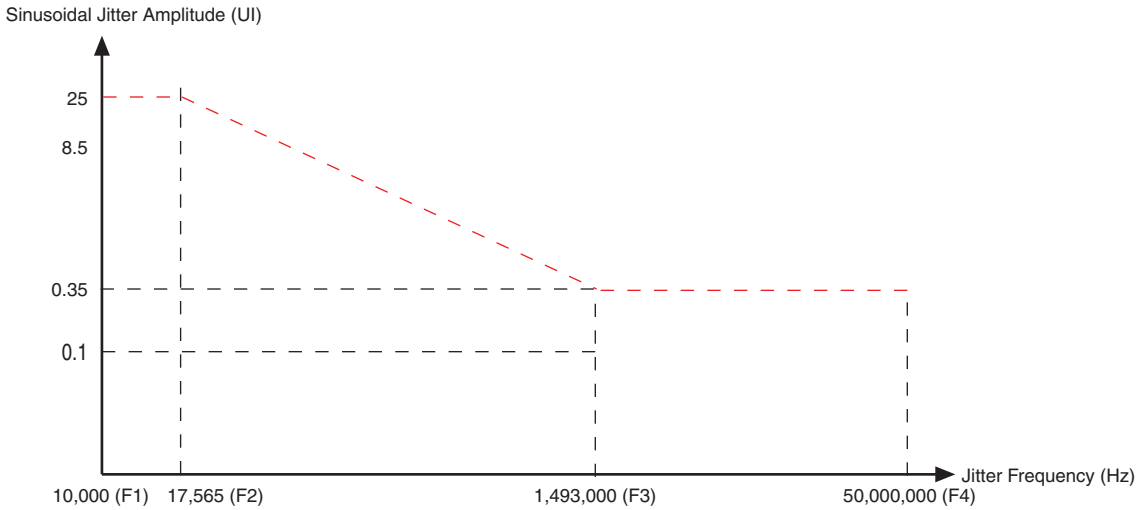

Table 1–56 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Table 1–56. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for Arria II GZ Devices at 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

External Memory Interface Specifications

For the maximum clock rate supported for Arria II GX and GZ device family, refer to the External Memory Interface Spec Estimator page on the Altera website.

Table 1–57 lists the external memory interface specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode *(1)*	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
0	90-140	90-130	90-110	22.5	Low	16
1	110-180	110-170	110-150	30	Low	12
2	140-220	140-210	140-180	36	Low	10
3	170-270	170-260	170-220	45	Low	8
4	220-340	220-310	220-270	30	High	12

Table 1–60 lists the DQS phase shift error for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–60. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)*

Number of DQS Delay Buffer	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6	Unit
1	26	30	36	ps
2	52	60	72	ps
3	78	90	108	ps
4	104	120	144	ps

Note to Table 1–60:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a C4 speed grade is ± 78 ps or ± 39 ps.

Table 1–61 lists the DQS phase shift error for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–61. DQS Phase Shift Error Specification for DLL-Delayed Clock (t_{DQS_PSERR}) for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*

Number of DQS Delay Buffer	–3	–4	Unit
1	28	30	ps
2	56	60	ps
3	84	90	ps
4	112	120	ps

Note to Table 1–61:

(1) This error specification is the absolute maximum and minimum error. For example, skew on three DQS delay buffers in a 3 speed grade is ± 84 ps or ± 42 ps.

Table 1–62 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–62. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)*, *(3)*

Parameter	Clock Network	Symbol	–4		–5		–6		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-100	100	-125	125	-125	125	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-200	200	-250	250	-250	250	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-100	100	-125	125	-125	125	ps

Notes to Table 1–62:

(1) The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2/DDR3 SDRAM standard.

(2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a global clock network.

(3) The memory output clock jitter stated in Table 1–62 is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.