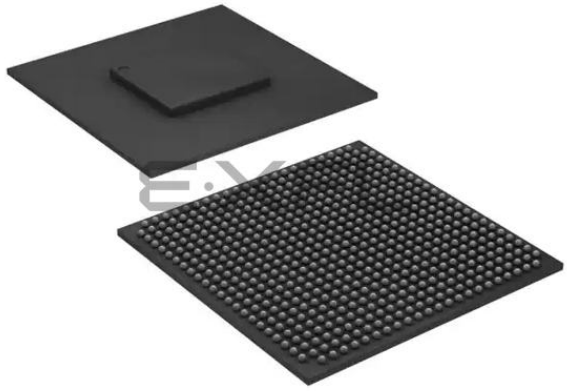


Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	1805
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	42959
Total RAM Bits	3517440
Number of I/O	252
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	572-BGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	572-FBGA, FC (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx45df25i5n

Table 1–3. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % of High Time	Unit
V_I (AC)	AC Input Voltage	4.0	100.000	%
		4.05	79.330	%
		4.1	46.270	%
		4.15	27.030	%
		4.2	15.800	%
		4.25	9.240	%
		4.3	5.410	%
		4.35	3.160	%
		4.4	1.850	%
		4.45	1.080	%
		4.5	0.630	%
		4.55	0.370	%
		4.6	0.220	%

Maximum Allowed I/O Operating Frequency

Table 1–4 lists the maximum allowed I/O operating frequency for Arria II GX I/Os using the specified I/O standards to ensure device reliability.

Table 1–4. Maximum Allowed I/O Operating Frequency for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	I/O Frequency (MHz)
HSTL-18 and HSTL-15	333
SSTL -15	400
SSTL-18	333
2.5-V LVCMOS	260
3.3-V and 3.0-V LVTTL	250
3.3-V, 3.0-V, 1.8-V, and 1.5-V LVCMOS	
PCI and PCI-X	
SSTL-2	
1.2-V LVCMOS HSTL-12	200

Table 1–5. Recommended Operating Conditions for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
t_{RAMP}	Power Supply Ramp time	Normal POR	0.05	—	100	ms
		Fast POR	0.05	—	4	ms

Notes to Table 1–5:

(1) For more information about supply pin connections, refer to the *Arria II Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines*.

(2) Altera recommends a 3.0-V nominal battery voltage when connecting V_{CCBAT} to a battery for volatile key backup. If you do not use the volatile security key, you may connect the V_{CCBAT} to either GND or a 3.0-V power supply.

(3) V_{CCPD} must be 2.5-V for I/O banks with 2.5-V and lower V_{CCIO}, 3.0-V for 3.0-V V_{CCIO}, and 3.3-V for 3.3-V V_{CCIO}.

(4) V_{CCIO} for 3C and 8C I/O banks where the configuration pins reside only supports 3.3-, 3.0-, 2.5-, or 1.8-V voltage levels.

Table 1–6 lists the recommended operating conditions for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–6. Recommended Operating Conditions for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 6)* (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Core voltage and periphery circuitry power supply	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CCCB}	Supplies power for the configuration RAM bits	—	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCPD} *(2)*	I/O pre-driver (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O pre-driver (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCIO}	I/O buffers (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	I/O buffers (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	I/O buffers (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
	I/O buffers (1.5 V) power supply	—	1.425	1.5	1.575	V
	I/O buffers (1.2 V) power supply	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
V_{CCPGM}	Configuration pins (3.0 V) power supply	—	2.85	3.0	3.15	V
	Configuration pins (2.5 V) power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
	Configuration pins (1.8 V) power supply	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	PLL analog voltage regulator power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	PLL digital voltage regulator power supply	—	0.87	0.90	0.93	V
V_{CC_CLKIN}	Differential clock input power supply	—	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V_{CCBAT} *(1)*	Battery back-up power supply (For design security volatile key register)	—	1.2	—	3.3	V
V_I	DC input voltage	—	–0.5	—	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	—	0	—	V_{CCIO}	V
V_{CCA_L}	Transceiver high voltage power (left side)	—	2.85/2.375	3.0/2.5 *(4)*	3.15/2.625	V
V_{CCA_R}	Transceiver high voltage power (right side)	—				
V_{CCHIP_L}	Transceiver HIP digital power (left side)	—	0.87	0.9	0.93	V
V_{CCR_L}	Receiver power (left side)	—	1.05	1.1	1.15	V
V_{CCR_R}	Receiver power (right side)	—	1.05	1.1	1.15	V
V_{CCT_L}	Transmitter power (left side)	—	1.05	1.1	1.15	V
V_{CCT_R}	Transmitter power (right side)	—	1.05	1.1	1.15	V

Table 1–10 lists the bus hold specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–10. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GZ Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V_{CCIO} (V)										Unit
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus-hold Low sustaining current	I_{SUSL}	$V_{IN} > V_{IL}$ (max.)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	µA
Bus-hold High sustaining current	I_{SUSH}	$V_{IN} < V_{IH}$ (min.)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	µA
Bus-hold Low overdrive current	I_{ODL}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	µA
Bus-hold High overdrive current	I_{ODH}	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	µA
Bus-hold trip point	V_{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

OCT Specifications

Table 1–11 lists the Arria II GX device and differential OCT with and without calibration accuracy.

Table 1–11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os *(Note 1)* (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
25-Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 30	± 40	%
50-Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 30	± 40	%
25-Ω R_S 1.8	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V_{CCIO} = 1.8	± 40	± 50	%
50-Ω R_S 1.8	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V_{CCIO} = 1.8	± 40	± 50	%
25-Ω R_S 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
50-Ω R_S 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
25-Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω series OCT with calibration	V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	%

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block skew	PCIe ×4	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps
Inter-transceiver block skew	PCIe ×8	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
CMU PLL0 and CMU PLL1														
CMU PLL lock time from `CMUPLL_reset` deassertion	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	µs
PLD-Transceiver Interface														
Interface speed	—	25	—	320	25	—	240	25	—	240	25	—	200	MHz

Table 1–35 lists the transceiver specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL							
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	697	50	—	637.5	MHz
Phase frequency detector (CMU PLL and receiver CDR)	—	50	—	325	50	—	325	MHz
Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Rise/fall time (2)	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R_{REF}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 *(1)*			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transceiver Clocks								
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 *(4)*	—	50	2.5/ 37.5 *(4)*	—	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clks *(5)*	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down (gxb_powerdown) pulse width	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Data rate *(16)*	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
Absolute V_{MAX} for a receiver pin *(6)*	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V_{MAX} for a receiver pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V_{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration	V_{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	V_{ICM} =1.1 V setting *(7)*	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins *(8)*	Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	100	—	—	165	—	—	mV
	Data Rate > 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	165	—	—	165	—	—	mV
V_{ICM}	V_{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	820 ± 10%			820 ± 10%			mV
	V_{ICM} = 1.1 V setting *(7)*	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 4 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 *(1)*			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML							
Data rate *(14)*	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
V_{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85–Ω setting	85 ± 15%			85 ± 15%			Ω
	100–Ω setting	100 ± 15%			100 ± 15%			Ω
	120–Ω setting	120 ± 15%			120 ± 15%			Ω
	150-Ω setting	150 ± 15%			150 ± 15%			Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 (TX V_{OD}=4), XAUI (TX V_{OD}=6), HiGig+ (TX V_{OD}=6), CEI SR/LR (TX V_{OD}=8), SRIO SR (V_{OD}=6), SRIO LR (V_{OD}=8), CPRI LV (V_{OD}=6), CPRI HV (V_{OD}=2), OBSAI (V_{OD}=6), SATA (V_{OD}=4),	Compliant						—
Rise time *(15)*	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time *(15)*	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	×4 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: XAUI, PCIe ×4, Basic ×4	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	×8 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: PCIe ×8, Basic ×8	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU0 PLL and CMU1 PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
`pll_powerdown` minimum pulse width (`tpll_powerdown`)	—	1			1			µs
CMU PLL lock time from `pll_powerdown` de-assertion	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	µs

Figure 1–1 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1–1. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

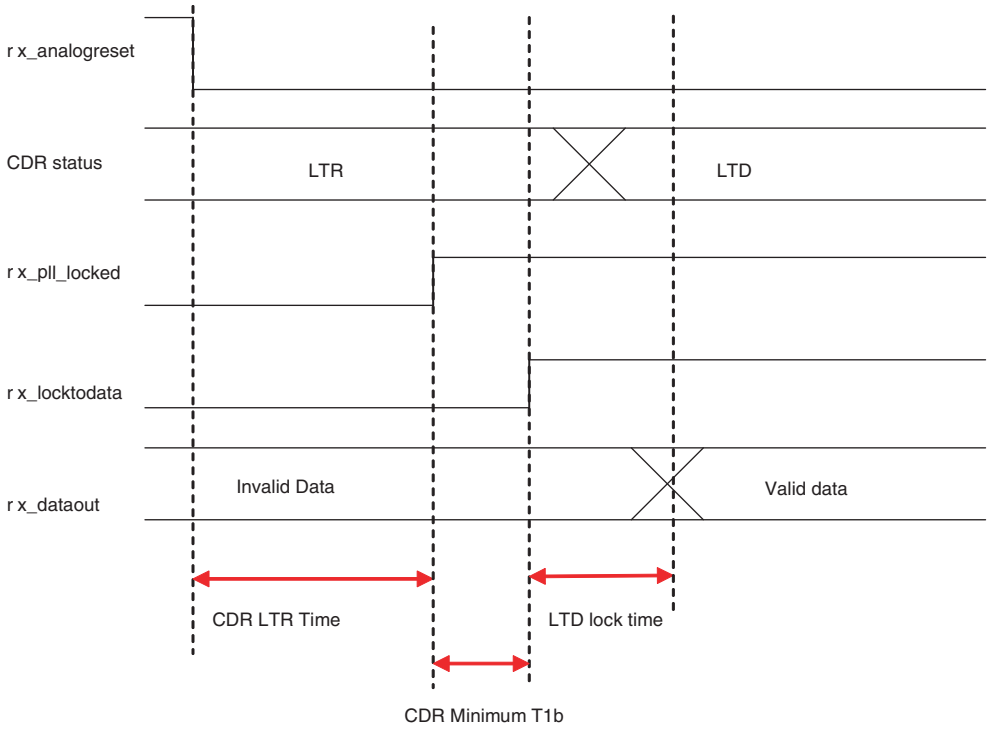


Figure 1–2 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1–2. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

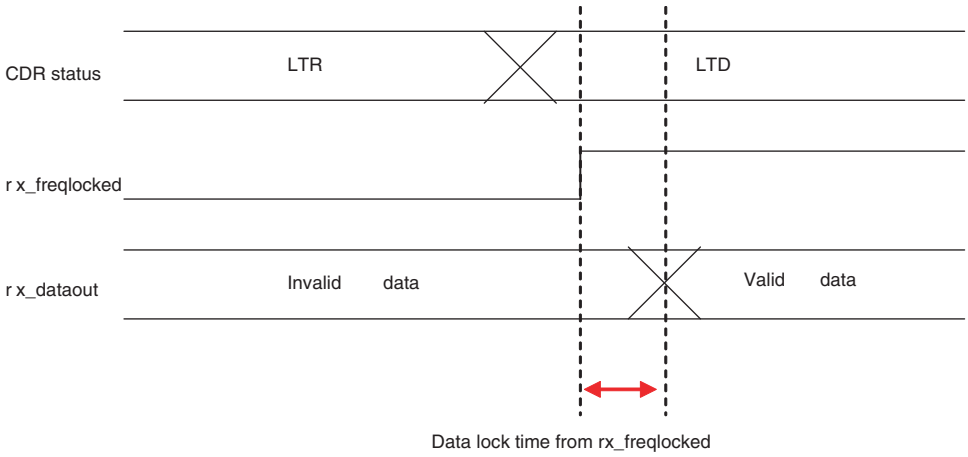


Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 2 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15		> 15			> 15			> 15			> 15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15		> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15		> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15		> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15		UI
XAUI Transmit Jitter Generation *(3)*														
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAUI Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(3)*														
Total jitter	—		> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65		UI
Deterministic jitter	—		> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37		UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz		> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz		> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz		> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation *(4)*														
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 4 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(6)*														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation *(7)*														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(7)*														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 7 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SSC modulation deviation at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern		5700			5700			5700			5700		ppm
RX differential skew at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern		80			80			80			80		ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern		150			150			150			150		mV
Total jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern		> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65		UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern		> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35		UI
SSC modulation frequency at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern		33			33			33			33		kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern		5700			5700			5700			5700		ppm
RX differential skew at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern		75			75			75			75		ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern		150			150			150			150		mV
Total jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern		> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60		UI
Random jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern		> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18		UI
SSC modulation frequency at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern		33			33			33			33		kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern		5700			5700			5700			5700		ppm
RX differential skew at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern		30			30			30			30		ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern		100			100			100			100		mV

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 8 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation *(11)*														
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(11)*														
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.6			—			—			—			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.45			—			—			—			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation *(12)*														
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)* (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation *(8)*								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)—x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)—x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	—	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(8)*								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern		> 0.6			> 0.6		UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)	Compliance pattern		Not supported			Not supported		UI
PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold								
$V_{RX-IDLE-DETDIFFp-p}$ *(9)*	Compliance pattern	65	—	175	65	—	175	UI
SRIO Transmit Jitter Generation *(10)*								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance *(10)*								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.37			> 0.37		UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.55			> 0.55		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation *(11)*								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI

Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)* (Part 2 of 2)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance		Unit
	Number of Multipliers	–3	–4	
Double mode	1	440	380	MHz

Notes to Table 1–47:

(1) Maximum is for fully pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.

(2) Maximum for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, and pipeline and output registers enabled.

Embedded Memory Block Specifications

Table 1–48 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–48. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	Embedded Memory	I3	C4	C5,I5	C6	
Memory Logic Array Block (MLAB)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	450	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20 single clock	0	1	270	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10 single clock	0	1	428	500	450	378	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36, with the **read-during-write** option set to **Old Data**	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36 single CLK, with the **read-during-write** option set to **Old Data**	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18 single CLK, with the **read-during-write** option set to **Old Data**	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	900	850	950	1130	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	730	690	770	920	ps

Table 1–49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1)*

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	TriMatrix Memory	C3	I3	C4	I4	
MLAB *(2)*	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
M9K Block *(2)*	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36	0	1	490	490	420	420	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	340	340	300	300	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18	0	1	430	430	370	370	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	335	335	290	290	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	800	800	850	850	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	625	690	690	ps
M144K Block *(2)*	Single-port 2K × 72	0	1	440	400	380	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72	0	1	435	375	385	325	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	240	225	205	200	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC)	0	1	300	295	255	250	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36	0	1	375	350	330	310	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to **Old Data**	0	1	230	225	205	200	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	500	450	435	420	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	465	425	400	400	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	755	860	860	950	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	690	690	690	ps

Notes to Table 1–48:

(1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.

(2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX}.

Table 1–53. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 4 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	I3		C4		C5,I5		C6		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f_{HSDR} (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 3 to 10	*(3)*	945 *(7)*	*(3)*	945 *(7)*	*(3)*	740 *(7)*	*(3)*	640 *(7)*	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2 (using DDR registers)	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1 (using SDR registers)	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	*(3)*	*(7)*	Mbps
Soft-CDR PPM tolerance	Soft-CDR mode	—	300	—	300	—	300	—	300	±PPM
DPA run length	DPA mode	—	10,000	—	10,000	—	10,000	—	10,000	UI
Sampling window (SW)	Non-DPA mode *(5)*	—	300	—	300	—	350	—	400	ps

Notes to Table 1–53:

(1) $f_{HSCLK\_IN} = f_{HSDR} / W$. Use W to determine the supported selection of input reference clock frequencies for the desired data rate.

(2) Applicable for interfacing with DPA receivers only. For interfacing with non-DPA receivers, you must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. For Arria II GX transmitter to Arria II GX non-DPA receiver, the maximum supported data rate is 945 Mbps. For data rates above 840 Mbps, perform PCB trace compensation by adjusting the PCB trace length for LVDS channels to improve channel-to-channel skews.

(3) The minimum and maximum specification depends on the clock source (for example, PLL and clock pin) and the clock routing resource you use (global, regional, or local). The I/O differential buffer and input register do not have a minimum toggle rate.

(4) The specification is only applicable under the influence of core noise.

(5) Applicable for true LVDS using dedicated SERDES only.

(6) Dedicated SERDES and DPA features are only available on the right banks.

(7) You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and the receiver sampling margin to determine the leftover timing margin.

Table 1–54 lists the high-speed I/O timing for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices *(Note 1), (2), (10)* (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Clock								
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) true differential I/O standards	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 *(3)*	5	—	717	5	—	717	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) single ended I/O standards *(9)*	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 *(3)*	5	—	717	5	—	717	MHz
f_{HSCLK_in} (input clock frequency) single ended I/O standards *(10)*	Clock boost factor W = 1 to 40 *(3)*	5	—	420	5	—	420	MHz

Table 1–55. DPA Lock Time Specifications for Arria II Devices *(Note 1)*, *(2)*, *(3)*

Standard	Training Pattern	Number of Data Transitions in One Repetition of the Training Pattern	Number of Repetitions per 256 Data Transitions *(4)*	Maximum
SPI-4	00000000001111111111	2	128	640 data transitions
Parallel Rapid I/O	00001111	2	128	640 data transitions
	10010000	4	64	640 data transitions
Miscellaneous	10101010	8	32	640 data transitions
	01010101	8	32	640 data transitions

Notes to Table 1–55:

(1) The DPA lock time is for one channel.
(2) One data transition is defined as a 0-to-1 or 1-to-0 transition.
(3) The DPA lock time stated in the table applies to both commercial and industrial grade.
(4) This is the number of repetitions for the stated training pattern to achieve the 256 data transitions.

Figure 1–5 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at a data rate less than 1.25 Gbps and all the Arria II GX devices.

Figure 1–5. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for All Arria II GX Devices and for Arria II GZ Devices at a Data Rate less than 1.25 Gbps

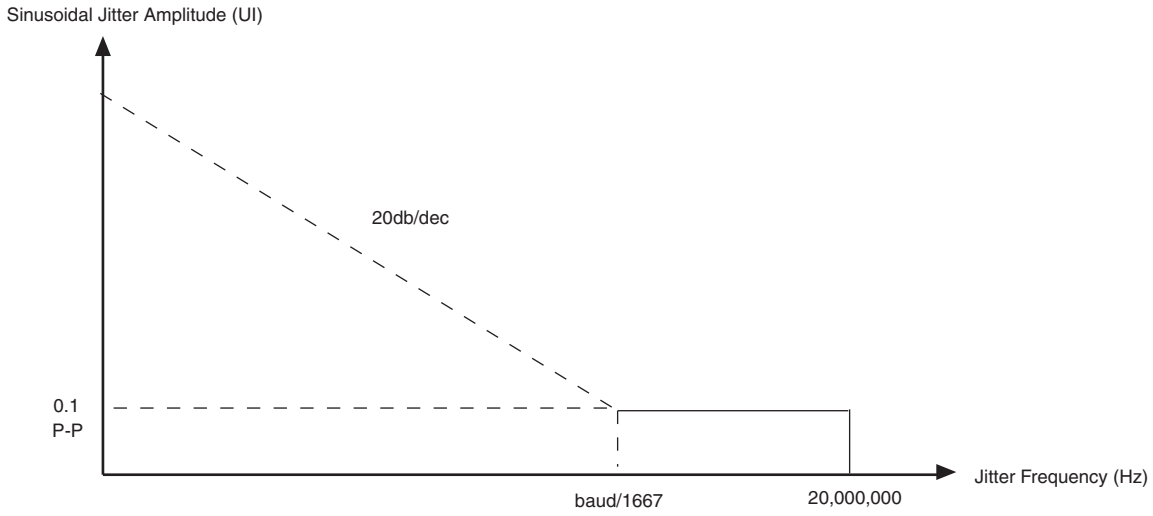


Figure 1–6 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Figure 1–6. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for Arria II GZ Devices at a 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

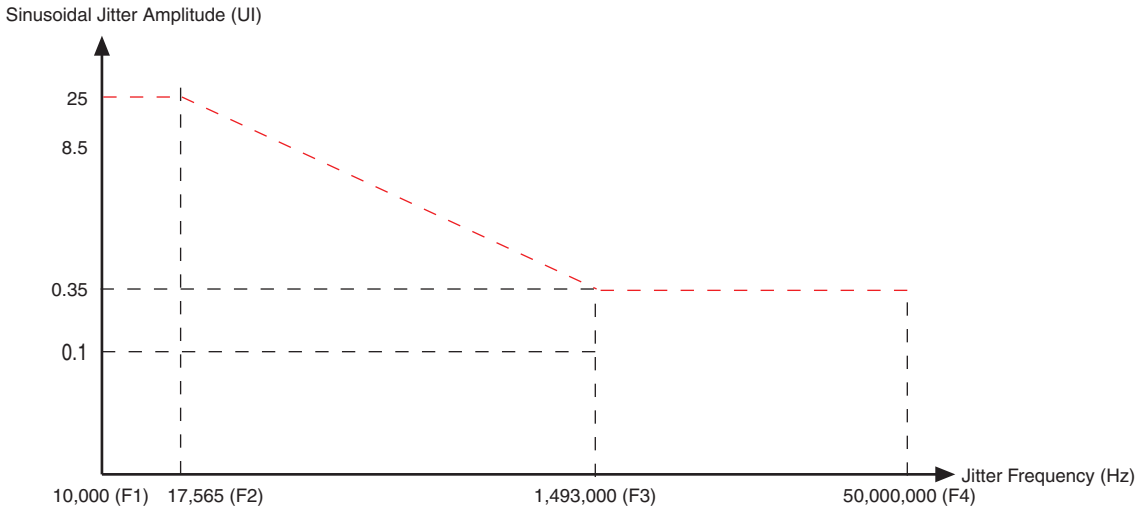


Table 1–56 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Table 1–56. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for Arria II GZ Devices at 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

External Memory Interface Specifications

For the maximum clock rate supported for Arria II GX and GZ device family, refer to the External Memory Interface Spec Estimator page on the Altera website.

Table 1–57 lists the external memory interface specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode *(1)*	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
0	90-140	90-130	90-110	22.5	Low	16
1	110-180	110-170	110-150	30	Low	12
2	140-220	140-210	140-180	36	Low	10
3	170-270	170-260	170-220	45	Low	8
4	220-340	220-310	220-270	30	High	12

I/O Timing

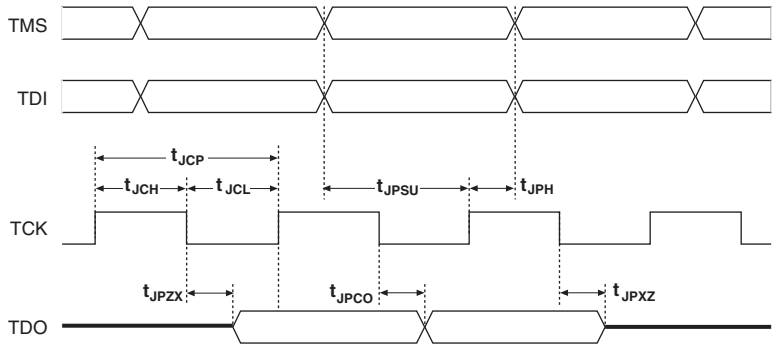
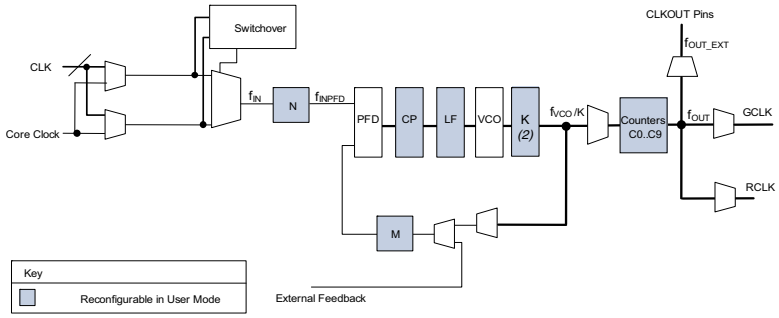
Altera offers two ways to determine I/O timing:

- Using the Microsoft Excel-based I/O Timing.
- Using the Quartus II Timing Analyzer.

The Microsoft Excel-based I/O Timing provides pin timing performance for each device density and speed grade. The data is typically used prior to designing the FPGA to get an estimate of the timing budget as part of the link timing analysis. The Quartus II timing analyzer provides a more accurate and precise I/O timing data based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete.

The Microsoft Excel-based I/O Timing spreadsheet is downloadable from the Literature: Arria II Devices web page.

Table 1–68. Glossary (Part 2 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
G, H, I, J	J	High-speed I/O block: Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).
	JTAG Timing Specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications: 
K, L, M, N, O, P	PLL Specifications	PLL Specification parameters: **Diagram of PLL Specifications** ***(1)***  **Notes:** (1) CoreClock can only be fed by dedicated clock input pins or PLL outputs. (2) This is the VCO post-scale counter K.
Q, R	R_L	Receiver differential input discrete resistor (external to the Arria II device).