

Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2530
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	60214
Total RAM Bits	5371904
Number of I/O	252
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	572-BGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	572-FBGA, FC (25x25)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx65df25c4

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 1-7 lists the Arria II GX I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-7. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-10	—	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-10	—	10	μA

Table 1-8 lists the Arria II GZ I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-8. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-20	—	20	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CCIO MAX}$	-20	—	20	μA

Bus Hold

Bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1-9 lists bus hold specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-9. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	$V_{CCIO} (\text{V})$												Unit	
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Bus-hold low, sustaining current	I_{SUSL}	$V_{IN} > V_{IL} (\text{max.})$	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA	
Bus-hold high, sustaining current	I_{SUSH}	$V_{IN} < V_{IL} (\text{min.})$	-8	—	-12	—	-30	—	-50	—	-70	—	-70	—	μA	
Bus-hold low, overdrive current	I_{ODL}	$0 \text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA	
Bus-hold high, overdrive current	I_{ODH}	$0 \text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO}$	—	-125	—	-175	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	—	-500	μA	
Bus-hold trip point	V_{TRIP}	—	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V	

Note to Table 1-9:

- (1) The bus-hold trip points are based on calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

Table 1–10 lists the bus hold specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–10. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GZ Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V _{CCIO} (V)										Unit	
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0			
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Bus-hold Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (max.)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	μA	
Bus-hold High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (min.)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	μA	
Bus-hold Low overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	μA	
Bus-hold High overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	μA	
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V	

OCT Specifications

Table 1–11 lists the Arria II GX device and differential OCT with and without calibration accuracy.

Table 1–11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
25-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 30	± 40	%
50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 30	± 40	%
25-Ω R _S 1.8	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.8	± 40	± 50	%
50-Ω R _S 1.8	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.8	± 40	± 50	%
25-Ω R _S 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
50-Ω R _S 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
25-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	%

The calibration accuracy for calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When process, voltage, and temperature (PVT) conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

Table 1–13 lists the Arria II GZ OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 1–13. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Resistance Tolerance		Unit
			C3,I3	C4,I4	
25- Ω R_S 3.0 and 2.5	25- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 40	± 40	%
25- Ω R_S 1.8 and 1.5	25- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5$	± 40	± 40	%
25- Ω R_S 1.2	25- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
50- Ω R_S 3.0 and 2.5	50- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 40	± 40	%
50- Ω R_S 1.8 and 1.5	50- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5$	± 40	± 40	%
50- Ω R_S 1.2	50- Ω internal series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
100- Ω R_D 2.5	100- Ω internal differential OCT	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	± 25	± 25	%

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power up for OCT-enabled I/Os. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the resistance may change. Use Equation 1–1 and Table 1–14 to determine the OCT variation when voltage and temperature vary after power-up calibration for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Equation 1–1. OCT Variation (*Note 1*)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left(1 + \langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \rangle \pm \langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \rangle \right)$$

Notes to Equation 1–1:

- (1) R_{OCT} value calculated from Equation 1–1 shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO} .

Table 1–23. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{IL} (V)		V _{IH} (V)		V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min		
1.2 V	1.14	1.2	1.26	-0.3	0.35 × V _{CCIO}	0.65 × V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} + 0.3	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	2	-2
3.0-V PCI	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.3 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	3.6	0.1 × V _{CCIO}	0.9 × V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5
3.0-V PCI-X	2.85	3	3.15	—	0.35 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	—	0.1 × V _{CCIO}	0.9 × V _{CCIO}	1.5	-0.5

Table 1–24 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–24. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	0.85	0.9	0.95
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.71	0.75	0.79	0.71	0.75	0.79
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.48 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.52 × V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–25 lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O reference voltage specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–25. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Reference Voltage Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{REF} (V)			V _{TT} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.49 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.51 × V _{CCIO}	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.833	0.9	0.969	V _{REF} - 0.04	V _{REF}	V _{REF} + 0.04
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	V _{REF}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}
HSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.85	0.9	0.95	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.68	0.75	0.9	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.47 × V _{CCIO}	0.5 × V _{CCIO}	0.53 × V _{CCIO}	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–27. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	V _{IL(DC)} (V)		V _{IH(DC)} (V)		V _{IL(AC)} (V)	V _{IH(AC)} (V)	V _{OL} (V)	V _{OH} (V)	I _{OL} (mA)	I _{OH} (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.175	V _{REF} + 0.175	0.2 × V _{CCIO}	0.8 × V _{CCIO}	16	-16
HSTL-18 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	V _{REF} - 0.1	V _{REF} + 0.1	—	V _{REF} - 0.2	V _{REF} + 0.2	0.4	V _{CCIO} - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V _{REF} - 0.08	V _{REF} + 0.08	V _{CCIO} + 0.15	V _{REF} - 0.15	V _{REF} + 0.15	0.25 × V _{CCIO}	0.75 × V _{CCIO}	16	-16

Table 1–28 lists the differential SSTL I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–28. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)		V _{OX(AC)} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.36	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.7	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.15	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO}	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—	0.35	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–29 lists the differential SSTL I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices

Table 1–29. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{SWING(DC)} (V)		V _{X(AC)} (V)			V _{SWING(AC)} (V)		V _{OX(AC)} (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.2	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.2	0.62	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.15	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.15
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.175	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.175	0.5	V _{CCIO} + 0.6	V _{CCIO} /2 - 0.125	—	V _{CCIO} /2 + 0.125
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—	0.35	—	—	V _{CCIO} /2	—

Table 1–33 lists the differential I/O standard specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–33. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

I/O Standard (2)	V_{CCIO} (V)			V_{ID} (mV)			$V_{ICM(DC)}$ (V)		V_{OD} (V) (3)			V_{OCM} (V) (3)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Cond.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
2.5 V LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	$V_{CM} = 1.25$ V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
2.5 V LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	$V_{CM} = 1.25$ V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1	1.25	1.5
RSDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	$V_{CM} = 1.25$ V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
RSDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	$V_{CM} = 1.25$ V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.5
Mini-LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.32 ₅	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.32 ₅	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.5
LVPECL	2.375	2.5	2.625	300	—	—	0.6	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 1–33:

- (1) 1.4-V/1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 1–21.
- (2) Vertical I/O (VIO) is top and bottom I/Os; horizontal I/O (HIO) is left and right I/Os.
- (3) R_L range: $90 \leq RL \leq 110 \Omega$.
- (4) There are no fixed V_{ICM} , V_{OD} , and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. These specifications depend on the system topology.

Power Consumption for the Arria II Device Family

Altera offers two ways to estimate power for a design:

- Using the Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator
- Using the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature

The interactive Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator is typically used prior to designing the FPGA in order to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities which, when combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.

 For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Arria II GX and GZ core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices. The following tables are considered final and are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. These numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1–34 lists the Arria II GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Reference Clock															
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL														
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	50	—	622.08	MHz	
Input frequency from PLD input	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	MHz	
Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	—	—	2.2	V	
Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	-0.3	—	—	-0.3	—	—	-0.3	—	—	-0.3	—	—	V	
Rise/fall time (2)	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	200	—	2000	mV	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices **(Note 1)** (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfig. clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 <i>(4)</i>	—	50	MHz									
Delta time between reconfig_clks <i>(5)</i>	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	μs
Receiver														
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS													
Data rate <i>(13)</i>	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin <i>(6)</i>	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p)	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting <i>(7)</i>	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Minimum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V_{ID} (diff p-p)	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	mV
V_{ICM}	$V_{ICM} = 0.82\text{ V}$ setting	—	820	—	—	820	—	—	820	—	—	820	—	mV
	$V_{ICM} = 1.1\text{ V}$ setting (7)	—	1100	—	—	1100	—	—	1100	—	—	1100	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100- Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Return loss differential mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: -10dB												
	XAUI	100 MHz to 2.5 GHz: -10dB												
Return loss common mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: -6dB												
	XAUI	100 MHz to 2.5 GHz: -6dB												
Programmable PPM detector (8)	—	$\pm 62.5, 100, 125, 200,$ $250, 300, 500, 1000$												ppm
Run length	—	—	80	—	—	80	—	—	80	—	—	80	—	UI
Programmable equalization	—	—	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	7	dB
Signal detect/loss threshold	PCIe Mode	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	65	—	175	mV
CDR LTR time (9)	—	—	—	75	—	—	75	—	—	75	—	—	75	μs
CDR minimum T1b (10)	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	μs

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 4 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (6)														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation (7)														
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance (7)														
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			—	—	—	—	—	—	UI

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 8 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (11)														
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)														
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.6			—			—			—			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.45			—			—			—			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (12)														
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15		> 15		> 15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15		> 0.15		> 0.15		UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15		> 0.15		> 0.15		UI
Fibre Channel Transmit Jitter Generation (4), (5)								
Total jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.23	—	—	0.23	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.11	—	—	0.11	UI
Total jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Total jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.52	—	—	0.52	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Fibre Channel Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4), (6)								
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37		> 0.37		> 0.37		UI
Random jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.31		> 0.31		> 0.31		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-1	Fc/25000	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33		> 0.33		> 0.33		UI
Random jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29		> 0.29		> 0.29		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-2	Fc/25000	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33		> 0.33		> 0.33		UI
Random jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29		> 0.29		> 0.29		UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-4	Fc/25000	> 1.5		> 1.5		> 1.5		UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
XAU1 Transmit Jitter Generation (7)								
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAU1 Receiver Jitter Tolerance (7)								
Total jitter	—	> 0.65		> 0.65		> 0.65		UI
Deterministic jitter	—	> 0.37		> 0.37		> 0.37		UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 3 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz	> 8.5		> 8.5		> 8.5		UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
Peak-to-peak jitter	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz	> 0.1		> 0.1		> 0.1		UI
PCIe Transmit Jitter Generation (8)								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)—x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)—x1, x4, and x8	Compliance pattern	—	—	0.25	—	—	—	UI
PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance (8)								
Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1)	Compliance pattern	> 0.6		> 0.6		UI		UI
Total jitter at 5 Gbps (Gen2)	Compliance pattern	Not supported		Not supported		UI		UI
PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold								
V _{RX-IDLE-DETDIFFp-p} (9)	Compliance pattern	65	—	175	65	—	175	UI
SRIO Transmit Jitter Generation (10)								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance (10)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37		> 0.37		UI		UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55		> 0.55		UI		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5		> 8.5		UI		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1		> 0.1		UI		UI
	Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1		> 0.1		UI		UI
GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (11)								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.4			> 0.4	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.66			> 0.66	UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.37	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.65	—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 8.5	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.1	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.1	—	—	—	UI
(OIF) CEI Transmitter Jitter Generation								
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS15 BER = 10^{-12}	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
(OIF) CEI Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10^{-12}			> 0.675	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10^{-12}			> 0.988	—	—	—	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
SAS Receiver Jitter Tolerance (13)								
Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.65	—	—	0.65	UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Jitter frequency = 900 KHz to 5 MHz Pattern = CJTPAT BER = 1E-12	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (14)								
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (14)								
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (15)								
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 MBps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

DSP Block Specifications

Table 1–46 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–46. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance				Unit
	Number of Multipliers	C4	I3	C5,I5	C6	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 36-bit high-precision multiplier adder mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback (2)	2	275	220	220	180	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
Double mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz

Notes to Table 1–46:

- (1) Maximum is for a fully-pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum is for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, pipeline and output registers enabled.

Table 1–47 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

Mode	Resources Used	Performance		Unit
	Number of Multipliers	-3	-4	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	460	400	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	500	440	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	550	480	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	470	410	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	450	390	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback (2)	2	350	310	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	440	380	MHz

Table 1–49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance			Unit
		ALUTs	TriMatrix Memory	C3	I3	C4	
MLAB (2)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	ROM 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
	ROM 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450 MHz
M9K Block (2)	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	540	540	475	475 MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36	0	1	490	490	420	420 MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	340	340	300	300 MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18	0	1	430	430	370	370 MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	335	335	290	290 MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475 MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475 MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	800	800	850	850 ps
M144K Block (2)	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	625	690	690 ps
	Single-port 2K × 72	0	1	440	400	380	350 MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72	0	1	435	375	385	325 MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	240	225	205	200 MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC)	0	1	300	295	255	250 MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36	0	1	375	350	330	310 MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	230	225	205	200 MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	500	450	435	420 MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	465	425	400	400 MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	755	860	860	950 ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	690	690	690 ps

Notes to Table 1–48:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .

Table 1–54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (10) (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{HSCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	717 (7)	5	—	717 (7)	MHz
Transmitter								
f_{HSDR} (true LVDS output data rate)	SERDES factor, J = 3 to 10 (using dedicated SERDES) (8)	(4)	—	1250	(4)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, (using DDR registers)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, (uses an SDR register)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_3R output data rate) (5)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	(4)	—	1152	(4)	—	800	Mbps
f_{HSDR} (emulated LVDS_E_1R output data rate)		(4)	—	200	(4)	—	200	Mbps
$t_{x\ Jitter}$	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.6 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total jitter for data rate, < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ – emulated differential I/O standards with three external output resistor network	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total jitter for data rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI
$t_{x\ Jitter}$ – emulated differential I/O standards with one external output resistor network	—	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
t_{DUTY}	TX output clock duty cycle for both True and emulated differential I/O standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	%

Figure 1–6 shows the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Figure 1–6. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Tolerance Specification for Arria II GZ Devices at a 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

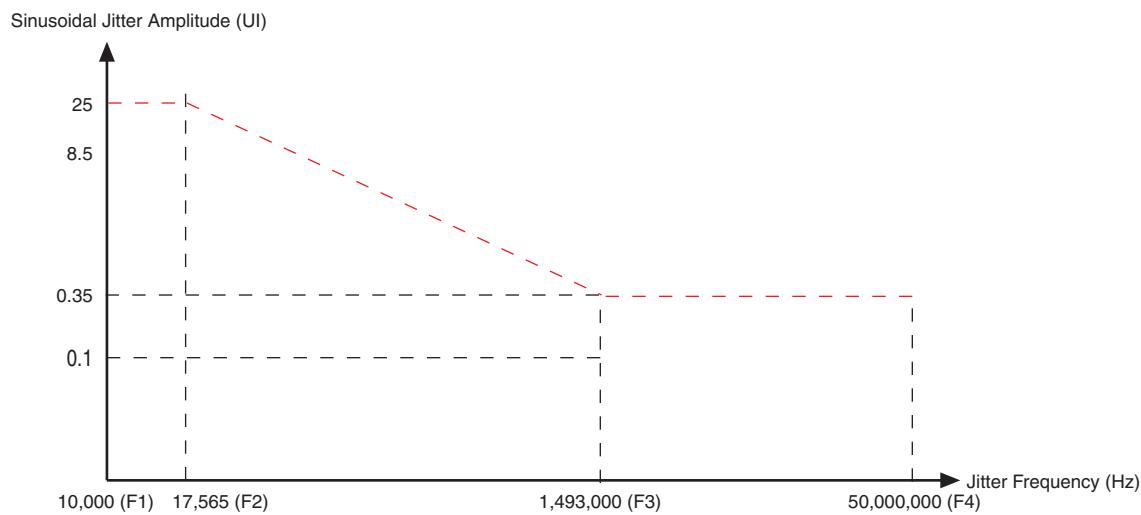


Table 1–56 lists the LVDS soft-CDR/DPA sinusoidal jitter tolerance specification for Arria II GZ devices at 1.25 Gbps data rate.

Table 1–56. LVDS Soft-CDR/DPA Sinusoidal Jitter Mask Values for Arria II GZ Devices at 1.25 Gbps Data Rate

Jitter Frequency (Hz)		Sinusoidal Jitter (UI)
F1	10,000	25.000
F2	17,565	25.000
F3	1,493,000	0.350
F4	50,000,000	0.350

External Memory Interface Specifications

For the maximum clock rate supported for Arria II GX and GZ device family, refer to the [External Memory Interface Spec Estimator](#) page on the Altera website.

Table 1–57 lists the external memory interface specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Frequency Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)			Resolution (°)	DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1)	Number of Delay Chains
	C4	I3, C5, I5	C6			
0	90-140	90-130	90-110	22.5	Low	16
1	110-180	110-170	110-150	30	Low	12
2	140-220	140-210	140-180	36	Low	10
3	170-270	170-260	170-220	45	Low	8
4	220-340	220-310	220-270	30	High	12

IOE Programmable Delay

Table 1–66 lists the delay associated with each supported IOE programmable delay chain for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–66. IOE Programmable Delay for Arria II GX Devices

Parameter	Available Settings (1)	Minimum Offset (2)	Maximum Offset								Unit	
			Fast Model			Slow Model						
			I3	C4	I5	I3	C4	C5	I5	C6		
Output enable pin delay	7	0	0.413	0.442	0.413	0.814	0.713	0.796	0.801	0.873	ns	
Delay from output register to output pin	7	0	0.339	0.362	0.339	0.671	0.585	0.654	0.661	0.722	ns	
Input delay from pin to internal cell	52	0	1.494	1.607	1.494	2.895	2.520	2.733	2.775	2.944	ns	
Input delay from pin to input register	52	0	1.493	1.607	1.493	2.896	2.503	2.732	2.774	2.944	ns	
DQS bus to input register delay	4	0	0.074	0.076	0.074	0.140	0.124	0.147	0.147	0.167	ns	

Notes to Table 1–66:

- (1) The available setting for every delay chain starts with zero and ends with the specified maximum number of settings.
- (2) The minimum offset represented in the table does not include intrinsic delay.

Table 1–67 lists the IOE programmable delay settings for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–67. IOE Programmable Delay for Arria II GZ Devices

Parameter	Available Settings (1)	Minimum Offset (2)	Maximum Offset						Unit	
			Fast Model		Slow Model					
			Industrial	Commercial	C3	I3	C4	I4		
D1	15	0	0.462	0.505	0.795	0.801	0.857	0.864	ns	
D2	7	0	0.234	0.232	0.372	0.371	0.407	0.405	ns	
D3	7	0	1.700	1.769	2.927	2.948	3.157	3.178	ns	
D4	15	0	0.508	0.554	0.882	0.889	0.952	0.959	ns	
D5	15	0	0.472	0.500	0.799	0.817	0.875	0.882	ns	
D6	6	0	0.186	0.195	0.319	0.321	0.345	0.347	ns	

Notes to Table 1–67:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, and D6 in the Assignment Name column.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.