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### Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2530
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	60214
Total RAM Bits	5371904
Number of I/O	364
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	780-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	780-FBGA (29x29)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx65df29c6n">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx65df29c6n</a>

**Table 1–11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (*Note 1*) (Part 2 of 2)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Conditions (V)</b>	<b>Calibration Accuracy</b>		<b>Unit</b>
			<b>Commercial</b>	<b>Industrial</b>	
50- $\Omega$ $R_S$ 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50- $\Omega$ series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	$\pm 10$	$\pm 10$	%
100- $\Omega$ $R_D$ 2.5	100- $\Omega$ differential OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	%

**Note to Table 1–11:**

- (1) OCT with calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

**Table 1–12** lists the OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–12. OCT with Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Conditions (V)</b>	<b>Calibration Accuracy</b>			<b>Unit</b>
			<b>C2</b>	<b>C3,I3</b>	<b>C4,I4</b>	
25- $\Omega$ $R_S$ 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 <b>(2)</b>	25- $\Omega$ series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	$\pm 8$	$\pm 8$	$\pm 8$	%
50- $\Omega$ $R_S$ 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50- $\Omega$ internal series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	$\pm 8$	$\pm 8$	$\pm 8$	%
50- $\Omega$ $R_T$ 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50- $\Omega$ internal parallel OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8,$ 1.5, 1.2	$\pm 10$	$\pm 10$	$\pm 10$	%
20- $\Omega$ , 40- $\Omega$ , and 60- $\Omega$ $R_S$ 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 <b>(3)</b>	20- $\Omega$ , 40- $\Omega$ and 60- $\Omega$ $R_S$ expanded range for internal series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	$\pm 10$	$\pm 10$	$\pm 10$	%
25- $\Omega$ $R_{S\_left\_shift}$ 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25- $\Omega$ $R_{S\_left\_shift}$ internal left shift series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5,$ 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	$\pm 10$	$\pm 10$	$\pm 10$	%

**Notes to Table 1–12:**

- (1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.  
(2) 25- $\Omega$   $R_S$  is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.  
(3) 20- $\Omega$   $R_S$  is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.

Table 1–19 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–19. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2)**

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{PU}$	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled.	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$	—	25	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$	—	25	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$	—	25	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$	—	25	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$	—	25	—	$\text{k}\Omega$

**Notes to Table 1–19:**

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25  $\text{k}\Omega$ .
- (3) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than  $V_{CCIO}$ .

### Hot Socketing

Table 1–20 lists the hot-socketing specification for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

**Table 1–20. Hot Socketing Specifications for Arria II Devices**

Symbol	Description	Maximum
$I_{IOPIN(DC)}$	DC current per I/O pin	300 $\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IOPIN(AC)}$	AC current per I/O pin	8 mA (1)
$I_{XCVRTX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver TX pin	100 mA
$I_{XCVRRX(DC)}$	DC current per transceiver RX pin	50 mA

**Note to Table 1–20:**

- (1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns,  $|I_{IOPIN}| = C \frac{dv}{dt}$ , in which “C” is I/O pin capacitance and “dv/dt” is slew rate.

### Schmitt Trigger Input

The Arria II GX device supports Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF\_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rates.

Table 1–21 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported  $V_{CCIO}$  range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–21. Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis Specifications for Arria II GX Devices**

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Minimum	Unit
$V_{Schmitt}$	Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3$	220	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5$	180	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$	110	mV
		$V_{CCIO} = 1.5$	70	mV

**Table 1–26** lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O standard signal specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–26. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standard Signal Specifications for Arria II GX Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>OL</sub> (mA)	I <sub>OH</sub> (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.18	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.18	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.35	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.35	V <sub>TT</sub> - 0.57	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.57	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.18	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.18	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.35	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.35	V <sub>TT</sub> - 0.76	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.76	16.4	-16.4
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	V <sub>TT</sub> - 0.475	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.475	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	0.28	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
SSTL-15 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	16	-16
HSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.4	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2	0.4	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.4	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.08	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.08	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	0.25 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.75 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	14	-14

**Table 1–27** lists the single-ended SSTL and HSTL I/O standard signal specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–27. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>IL(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IH(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> (V)	V <sub>OL</sub> (V)	V <sub>OH</sub> (V)	I <sub>OL</sub> (mA)	I <sub>OH</sub> (mA)
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-2 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> - 0.57	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.57	8.1	-8.1
SSTL-2 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.15	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.31	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.31	V <sub>TT</sub> - 0.76	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.76	16.2	-16.2
SSTL-18 Class I	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	V <sub>TT</sub> - 0.475	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.475	6.7	-6.7
SSTL-18 Class II	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.125	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.125	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.25	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.25	0.28	V <sub>CCIO</sub> - 0.28	13.4	-13.4
SSTL-15 Class I	—	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.1	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.1	—	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.175	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.175	0.2 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.8 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	8	-8

Table 1–30 lists the HSTL I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–30. Differential HSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.85	—	0.95	0.88	—	0.95	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.71	—	0.79	0.71	—	0.79	0.4	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	—	—	0.5 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	0.48 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.52 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.3	—

Table 1–31 lists the HSTL I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–31. Differential HSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(DC)</sub> (V)		V <sub>X(AC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>CM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>DIF(AC)</sub> (V)	
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max
HSTL-18 Class I	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.2	—	0.78	—	1.12	0.78	—	1.12	0.4	—
HSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	0.68	—	0.9	0.68	—	0.9	0.4	—
HSTL-12 Class I, II	1.14	1.2	1.26	0.16	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.3	—	0.5 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	—	0.4 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.6 × V <sub>CCIO</sub>	0.3	V <sub>CCIO</sub> + 0.48

Table 1–32 lists the differential I/O standard specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–32. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)**

I/O Standard	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)			V <sub>ID</sub> (mV)			V <sub>ICM</sub> (V) (2)		V <sub>OD</sub> (V) (3)			V <sub>OCM</sub> (V)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Cond.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
2.5 V LVDS	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.80	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
RSDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	—	—	—	—	—	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
LVPECL (5)	2.375	2.5	2.625	300	—	—	0.6	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS (6)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

**Notes to Table 1–32:**

- (1) The 1.5 V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 1–21.
- (2) V<sub>IN</sub> range: 0 <= V<sub>IN</sub> <= 1.85 V.
- (3) R<sub>L</sub> range: 90 <= R<sub>L</sub> <= 110 Ω.
- (4) The RSDS and mini-LVDS I/O standards are only supported for differential outputs.
- (5) The LVPECL input standard is supported at the dedicated clock input pins (GCLK) only.
- (6) There are no fixed V<sub>ICM</sub>, V<sub>OD</sub>, and V<sub>OCM</sub> specifications for BLVDS. These specifications depend on the system topology.

Table 1-35 lists the transceiver specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1-35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 5)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	-C3 and -I3 (1)			-C4 and -I4			Unit	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Reference Clock</b>									
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL								
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	697	50	—	637.5	MHz	
Phase frequency detector (CMU PLL and receiver CDR)	—	50	—	325	50	—	325	MHz	
Absolute $V_{MAX}$ for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V	
Operational $V_{MAX}$ for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V	
Absolute $V_{MIN}$ for a REFCLK pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V	
Rise/fall time (2)	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI	
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%	
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV	
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	$\Omega$	
$V_{ICM}$ (AC coupled)	—	$1100 \pm 10\%$			$1100 \pm 10\%$			mV	
$V_{ICM}$ (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz	
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz	
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz	
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz	
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz	
	$\geq 1$ MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz	
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps	
$R_{REF}$	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	$\Omega$	

**Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 5)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
<b>Transceiver Clocks</b>								
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/37.5 (4)	—	50	2.5/37.5 (4)	—	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clks (5)	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down (gxb_powerdown) pulse width	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	μs
<b>Receiver</b>								
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Data rate (16)	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
Absolute V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin (6)	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V <sub>MAX</sub> for a receiver pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V <sub>MIN</sub> for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) before device configuration	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V <sub>ID</sub> (diff p-p) after device configuration	V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.82 V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	V <sub>ICM</sub> = 1.1 V setting (7)	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (8)	Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	100	—	—	165	—	—	mV
	Data Rate > 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	165	—	—	165	—	—	mV
V <sub>ICM</sub>	V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0.82 V setting	820 ± 10%			820 ± 10%			mV
	V <sub>ICM</sub> = 1.1 V setting (7)	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV

**Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 4 of 5)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit		
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max			
<b>Transmitter</b>										
Supported I/O Standards		1.5-V PCML								
Data rate (14)	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps		
V <sub>OCM</sub>	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV		
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85-Ω setting	85 ± 15%			85 ± 15%			Ω		
	100-Ω setting	100 ± 15%			100 ± 15%			Ω		
	120-Ω setting	120 ± 15%			120 ± 15%			Ω		
	150-Ω setting	150 ± 15%			150 ± 15%			Ω		
Differential and common mode return loss	PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 (TX V <sub>OD</sub> =4), XAUI (TX V <sub>OD</sub> =6), HiGig+ (TX V <sub>OD</sub> =6), CEI SR/LR (TX V <sub>OD</sub> =8), SRIO SR (V <sub>OD</sub> =6), SRIO LR (V <sub>OD</sub> =8), CPRI LV (V <sub>OD</sub> =6), CPRI HV (V <sub>OD</sub> =2), OBSAI (V <sub>OD</sub> =6), SATA (V <sub>OD</sub> =4),	Compliant								
Rise time (15)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps		
Fall time (15)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps		
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps		
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	×4 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: XAUI, PCIe ×4, Basic ×4	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps		
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	×8 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: PCIe ×8, Basic ×8	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps		
<b>CMU0 PLL and CMU1 PLL</b>										
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps		
p11_powerdown minimum pulse width (tp11_powerdown)	—	1			1			μs		
CMU PLL lock time from p11_powerdown de-assertion	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	μs		

Table 1–37 lists the typical  $V_{OD}$  for TX term that equals  $100\ \Omega$  for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

**Table 1–37. Typical  $V_{OD}$  Setting, TX Termination =  $100\ \Omega$  for Arria II Devices**

Quartus II Setting	$V_{OD}$ Setting (mV)
1	400
2	600
3 (Arria II GZ)	700
4	800
5	900
6	1000
7	1200

Table 1–38 lists the typical transmitter pre-emphasis levels in dB for the first post tap under the following conditions: low-frequency data pattern (five 1s and five 0s) at 6.375 Gbps. The levels listed in Table 1–38 are a representation of possible pre-emphasis levels under these specified conditions only; the pre-emphasis levels may change with data pattern and data rate.

To predict the pre-emphasis level for your specific data rate and pattern, run simulations using the Arria II GX HSSI HSPICE models.

**Table 1–38. Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels for Arria II GX Devices**

Arria II GX (Quartus II Software) First Post Tap Setting	Arria II GX (Quartus II Software) $V_{OD}$ Setting						
	1	2	4	5	6	7	Unit
0 (off)	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
1	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	dB
2	2.7	1.2	0.3	0	0	0	dB
3	4.9	2.4	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.2	dB
4	7.5	3.8	2.1	1.6	1.2	0.6	dB
5	—	5.3	3.1	2.4	1.8	1.1	dB
6	—	7	4.3	3.3	2.7	1.7	dB

**Table 1–39** lists typical transmitter pre-emphasis levels for Arria II GZ devices (in dB) for the first post tap under the following conditions (low-frequency data pattern [five 1s and five 0s] at 6.25 Gbps). The levels listed in **Table 1–39** are a representation of possible pre-emphasis levels under the specified conditions only and that the pre-emphasis levels may change with data pattern and data rate.

To predict the pre-emphasis level for your specific data rate and pattern, run simulations using the [Arria II HSSI HSPICE](#) models.

**Table 1–39. Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)**

Pre- Emphasis 1st Post-Tap Setting	V <sub>OD</sub> Setting							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	N/A	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	N/A	1	0.3	0	0	0	0	0
3	N/A	1.5	0.6	0	0	0	0	0
4	N/A	2	0.7	0.3	0	0	0	0
5	N/A	2.7	1.2	0.5	0.3	0	0	0
6	N/A	3.1	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.2	0	0
7	N/A	3.7	1.8	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.2	0
8	N/A	4.2	2.1	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.3	0
9	N/A	4.9	2.4	1.6	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.2
10	N/A	5.4	2.8	1.9	1.4	1	0.7	0.3
11	N/A	6	3.2	2.2	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.4
12	N/A	6.8	3.5	2.6	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.6
13	N/A	7.5	3.8	2.8	2.1	1.6	1.2	0.6
14	N/A	8.1	4.2	3.1	2.3	1.7	1.3	0.7
15	N/A	8.8	4.5	3.4	2.6	1.9	1.5	0.8
16	N/A	N/A	4.9	3.7	2.9	2.2	1.7	0.9
17	N/A	N/A	5.3	4	3.1	2.4	1.8	1.1
18	N/A	N/A	5.7	4.4	3.4	2.6	2	1.2
19	N/A	N/A	6.1	4.7	3.6	2.8	2.2	1.4
20	N/A	N/A	6.6	5.1	4	3.1	2.4	1.5
21	N/A	N/A	7	5.4	4.3	3.3	2.7	1.7
22	N/A	N/A	8	6.1	4.8	3.8	3	2
23	N/A	N/A	9	6.8	5.4	4.3	3.4	2.3
24	N/A	N/A	10	7.6	6	4.8	3.9	2.6
25	N/A	N/A	11.4	8.4	6.8	5.4	4.4	3
26	N/A	N/A	12.6	9.4	7.4	5.9	4.9	3.3
27	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.3	8.1	6.4	5.3	3.6
28	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.3	8.8	7.1	5.8	4

**Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 7 of 10)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max										
SSC modulation deviation at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	80			80			80			80			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	75			75			75			75			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			UI
Random jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	30			30			30			30			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	100			100			100			100			mV

**Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 4 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
<b>GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)</b>								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.4			> 0.4	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.66			> 0.66	UI
<b>HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation</b>								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	UI
<b>HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance</b>								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.37	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.65	—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 8.5	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.1	—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT			> 0.1	—	—	—	UI
<b>(OIF) CEI Transmitter Jitter Generation</b>								
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS15 BER = $10^{-12}$	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
<b>(OIF) CEI Receiver Jitter Tolerance</b>								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = $10^{-12}$			> 0.675	—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = $10^{-12}$			> 0.988	—	—	—	UI

**Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 6 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
<b>SAS Receiver Jitter Tolerance (13)</b>								
Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.65	—	—	0.65	UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Jitter frequency = 900 KHz to 5 MHz Pattern = CJTPAT BER = 1E-12	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
<b>CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (14)</b>								
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
<b>CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (14)</b>								
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
<b>OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (15)</b>								
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 MBps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

**Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 7 of 7)**

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
<b>OBSAI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (15)</b>								
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.37			> 0.37		UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.55			> 0.55		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 5.4 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 460 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1536 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 10.9 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 921.6 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 8.5			> 8.5		UI
	Jitter frequency = 1843.2 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT		> 0.1			> 0.1		UI

**Notes to Table 1–41:**

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
- (4) The jitter numbers for Fibre Channel are compliant to the FC-PI-4 Specification revision 6.10.
- (5) The Fibre Channel transmitter jitter generation numbers are compliant to the specification at the  $\delta_T$  inter operability point.
- (6) The Fibre Channel receiver jitter tolerance numbers are compliant to the specification at the  $\delta_R$  interpretability point.
- (7) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (8) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (9) Arria II GZ PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the  $V_{TX-CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA}$  of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
- (10) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
- (11) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
- (12) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
- (13) The jitter numbers for Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) are compliant to the SAS-2.1 Specification.
- (14) The jitter numbers for CPRI are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
- (15) The jitter numbers for OBSAI are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

## Core Performance Specifications for the Arria II Device Family

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), embedded memory, configuration, and JTAG specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

### Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1–42 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–42. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GX Devices**

Clock Network	Performance			Unit
	I3, C4	C5,I5	C6	
GCLK and RCLK	500	500	400	MHz
PCLK	420	350	280	MHz

Table 1–43 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–43. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GZ Devices**

Clock Network	Performance		Unit
	-C3 and -I3	-C4 and -I4	
GCLK and RCLK	700	500	MHz
PCLK	500	450	MHz

### PLL Specifications

Table 1–44 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 3)**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$f_{IN}$	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-4 Speed Grade)	5	—	670 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-5 Speed Grade)	5	—	622 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-6 Speed Grade)	5	—	500 (1)	MHz
$f_{INPFD}$	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
$f_{VCO}$	PLL VCO operating Range (2)	600	—	1,400	MHz
$f_{INDUTY}$	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$f_{EINDUTY}$	External feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$t_{INCCJ}$ (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency $\geq$ 100 MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p–p)
	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency $\leq$ 100 MHz)	—	—	$\pm 750$	ps (p–p)

**Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 3)**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Typ</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$f_{\text{OUT}}$	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-4 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-5 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-6 Speed Grade)	—	—	400	MHz
$f_{\text{OUT\_EXT}}$	Output frequency for external clock output (-4 Speed Grade)	—	—	670 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-5 Speed Grade)	—	—	622 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (-6 Speed Grade)	—	—	500 (5)	MHz
$t_{\text{OUTDUTY}}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
$t_{\text{OUTPJ\_DC}}$	Dedicated clock output period jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p-p)
	Dedicated clock output period jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTCCJ\_DC}}$	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p-p)
	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p-p)
$f_{\text{OUTPJ\_IO}}$	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p-p)
	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p-p)
$f_{\text{OUTCCJ\_IO}}$	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p-p)
	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ( $f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{CONFIGPLL}}$	Time required to reconfigure PLL scan chains	—	3.5	—	SCANCLK cycles
$t_{\text{CONFIGPHASE}}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	SCANCLK cycles
$f_{\text{SCANCLK}}$	SCANCLK frequency	—	—	100	MHz
$t_{\text{LOCK}}$	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms
$t_{\text{DLLOCK}}$	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
$f_{\text{CLBW}}$	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth	—	4	—	MHz
$t_{\text{PLL\_PSERR}}$	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	$\pm 50$	ps
$t_{\text{ARESET}}$	Minimum pulse width on areset signal	10	—	—	ns

## DSP Block Specifications

Table 1–46 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–46. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)**

Mode	Resources Used	Performance				Unit
	Number of Multipliers	C4	I3	C5,I5	C6	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	380	310	300	250	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 36-bit high-precision multiplier adder mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	380	310	300	250	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback (2)	2	275	220	220	180	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	350	270	270	220	MHz
Double mode	1	350	270	270	220	MHz

**Notes to Table 1–46:**

- (1) Maximum is for a fully-pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum is for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, pipeline and output registers enabled.

Table 1–47 lists the DSP block performance specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)**

Mode	Resources Used	Performance		Unit
	Number of Multipliers	-3	-4	
9 × 9-bit multiplier	1	460	400	MHz
12 × 12-bit multiplier	1	500	440	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiplier	1	550	480	MHz
36 × 36-bit multiplier	1	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply accumulator	4	440	380	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder	4	470	410	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder-signed full precision	2	450	390	MHz
18 × 18-bit multiply adder with loopback (2)	2	350	310	MHz
36-bit shift (32-bit data)	1	440	380	MHz

**Table 1–47. DSP Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 2 of 2)**

Mode	Resources Used	Performance			Unit
	Number of Multipliers	-3	-4		
Double mode	1	440	380	MHz	

**Notes to Table 1–47:**

- (1) Maximum is for fully pipelined block with **Round** and **Saturation** disabled.
- (2) Maximum for loopback input registers disabled, **Round** and **Saturation** disabled, and pipeline and output registers enabled.

**Embedded Memory Block Specifications**

Table 1–48 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–48. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GX Devices**

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	Embedded Memory	I3	C4	C5,I5	C6	
Memory Logic Array Block (MLAB)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	450	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20 single clock	0	1	270	500	450	378	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10 single clock	0	1	428	500	450	378	MHz
M9K Block	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36, with the <b>read-during-write</b> option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	Single-port 256 × 36 single CLK, with the <b>read-during-write</b> option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18 single CLK	0	1	360	400	360	310	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18 single CLK, with the <b>read-during-write</b> option set to <b>Old Data</b>	0	1	250	280	250	210	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	900	850	950	1130	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	730	690	770	920	ps

**Table 1–54. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (10) (Part 2 of 3)**

Symbol	Conditions	C3, I3			C4, I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f <sub>HSCLK_OUT</sub> (output clock frequency)	—	5	—	717 (7)	5	—	717 (7)	MHz
<b>Transmitter</b>								
f <sub>HSDR</sub> (true LVDS output data rate)	SERDES factor, J = 3 to 10 (using dedicated SERDES) (8)	(4)	—	1250	(4)	—	1250	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 2, (using DDR registers)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
	SERDES factor J = 1, (uses an SDR register)	(4)	—	(5)	(4)	—	(5)	Mbps
f <sub>HSDR</sub> (emulated LVDS_E_3R output data rate) (5)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	(4)	—	1152	(4)	—	800	Mbps
f <sub>HSDR</sub> (emulated LVDS_E_1R output data rate)		(4)	—	200	(4)	—	200	Mbps
t <sub>x Jitter</sub>	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.6 Gbps	—	—	160	—	—	160	ps
	Total jitter for data rate, < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> – emulated differential I/O standards with three external output resistor network	Total jitter for data rate, 600 Mbps to 1.25 Gbps	—	—	300	—	—	325	ps
	Total jitter for data rate < 600 Mbps	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.25	UI
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> – emulated differential I/O standards with one external output resistor network	—	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	TX output clock duty cycle for both True and emulated differential I/O standards	45	50	55	45	50	55	%

Table 1–63 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–63. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)**

Parameter	Clock Network	Symbol	-3		-4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-110	110	-110	110	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Clock period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-165	165	-165	165	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-90	90	-90	90	ps

**Notes to Table 1–63:**

- (1) The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2/DDR3 SDRAM standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a regional or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using regional clock networks whenever possible.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter stated in Table 1–63 is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.

## Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 1–64 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GX devices.

**Table 1–64. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)**

Symbol	C4		I3, C5, I5		C6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

**Note to Table 1–64:**

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

Table 1–65 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

**Table 1–65. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)**

Symbol	C3, I3		C4, I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	%

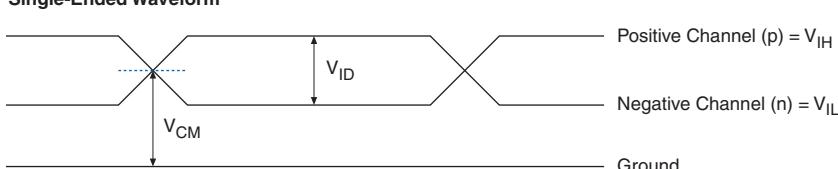
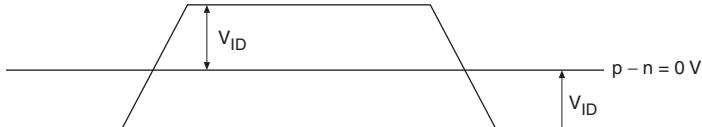
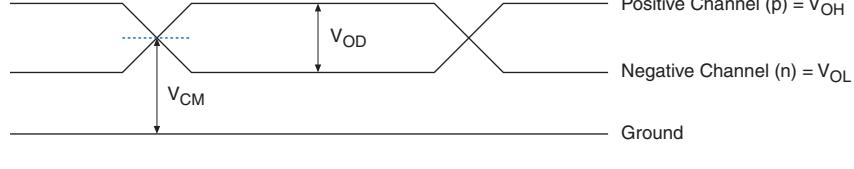
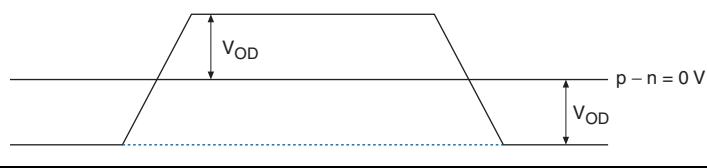
**Note to Table 1–65:**

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

## Glossary

Table 1–68 lists the glossary for this chapter.

**Table 1–68. Glossary (Part 1 of 4)**

Letter	Subject	Definitions
	Differential I/O Standards	<p><i>Receiver Input Waveforms</i></p> <p><b>Single-Ended Waveform</b></p>  <p>Positive Channel (p) = <math>V_{IH}</math>  Negative Channel (n) = <math>V_{IL}</math>  Ground  <math>V_{CM}</math>  <math>V_{ID}</math></p> <p><b>Differential Waveform</b></p>  <p><math>p - n = 0\text{ V}</math>  <math>V_{ID}</math></p> <p><i>Transmitter Output Waveforms</i></p> <p><b>Single-Ended Waveform</b></p>  <p>Positive Channel (p) = <math>V_{OH}</math>  Negative Channel (n) = <math>V_{OL}</math>  Ground  <math>V_{CM}</math>  <math>V_{OD}</math></p> <p><b>Differential Waveform</b></p>  <p><math>p - n = 0\text{ V}</math>  <math>V_{OD}</math></p>
E, F	$f_{HSCLK}$	Left/Right PLL input clock frequency.
	$f_{HSDR}$	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDR} = 1/\text{TUI}$ ), non-DPA.
	$f_{HSDRDPA}$	High-speed I/O block: Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate ( $f_{HSDRDPA} = 1/\text{TUI}$ ), DPA.