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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Product Status | Obsolete |
| Number of LABs/CLBs | 2530 |
| Number of Logic Elements/Cells | 60214 |
| Total RAM Bits | 5371904 |
| Number of I/O | 364 |
| Number of Gates | - |
| Voltage - Supply | 0.87V ~ 0.93V |
| Mounting Type | Surface Mount |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C ~ 100°C (TJ) |
| Package / Case | 780-BBGA, FCBGA |
| Supplier Device Package | 780-FBGA (29x29) |
| Purchase URL | https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx65df29i3 |

Recommended Operating Conditions

This section lists the functional operation limits for AC and DC parameters for Arria II GX and GZ devices. All supplies are required to monotonically reach their full-rail values without plateaus within t_{RAMP} .

Table 1–5 lists the recommended operating conditions for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–5. Recommended Operating Conditions for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Description | Condition | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|--------------------|---|------------|---------|---------|------------|------|
| V_{CC} | Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCIe HIP block, and transceiver PCS | — | 0.87 | 0.90 | 0.93 | V |
| V_{CCCB} | Supplies power to the configuration RAM bits | — | 1.425 | 1.50 | 1.575 | V |
| V_{CCBAT} (2) | Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key registers | — | 1.2 | — | 3.3 | V |
| V_{CCPD} (3) | Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry | — | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |
| | | — | 2.85 | 3.0 | 3.15 | V |
| | | — | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| V_{CCIO} | Supplies power to the I/O banks (4) | — | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |
| | | — | 2.85 | 3.0 | 3.15 | V |
| | | — | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| | | — | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V |
| | | — | 1.425 | 1.5 | 1.575 | V |
| | | — | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | V |
| V_{CCD_PLL} | Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL | — | 0.87 | 0.90 | 0.93 | V |
| V_{CCA_PLL} | Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry | — | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| V_I | DC Input voltage | — | -0.5 | — | 3.6 | V |
| V_O | Output voltage | — | 0 | — | V_{CCIO} | V |
| V_{CCA} | Supplies power to the transceiver PMA regulator | — | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | V |
| V_{CCL_GXB} | Supplies power to the transceiver PMA TX, PMA RX, and clocking | — | 1.045 | 1.1 | 1.155 | V |
| V_{CCH_GXB} | Supplies power to the transceiver PMA output (TX) buffer | — | 1.425 | 1.5 | 1.575 | V |
| T_J | Operating junction temperature | Commercial | 0 | — | 85 | °C |
| | | Industrial | -40 | — | 100 | °C |

Table 1–10 lists the bus hold specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–10. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GZ Devices

| Parameter | Symbol | Cond. | V _{CCIO} (V) | | | | | | | | | | Unit | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|--|
| | | | 1.2 | | 1.5 | | 1.8 | | 2.5 | | 3.0 | | | |
| | | | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| Bus-hold Low sustaining current | I _{SUSL} | V _{IN} > V _{IL} (max.) | 22.5 | — | 25.0 | — | 30.0 | — | 50.0 | — | 70.0 | — | μA | |
| Bus-hold High sustaining current | I _{SUSH} | V _{IN} < V _{IH} (min.) | -22.5 | — | -25.0 | — | -30.0 | — | -50.0 | — | -70.0 | — | μA | |
| Bus-hold Low overdrive current | I _{ODL} | 0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO} | — | 120 | — | 160 | — | 200 | — | 300 | — | 500 | μA | |
| Bus-hold High overdrive current | I _{ODH} | 0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO} | — | -120 | — | -160 | — | -200 | — | -300 | — | -500 | μA | |
| Bus-hold trip point | V _{TRIP} | — | 0.45 | 0.95 | 0.50 | 1.00 | 0.68 | 1.07 | 0.70 | 1.70 | 0.80 | 2.00 | V | |

OCT Specifications

Table 1–11 lists the Arria II GX device and differential OCT with and without calibration accuracy.

Table 1–11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Description | Conditions (V) | Calibration Accuracy | | Unit |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------|------|
| | | | Commercial | Industrial | |
| 25-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5 | 25-Ω series OCT without calibration | V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5 | ± 30 | ± 40 | % |
| 50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5 | 50-Ω series OCT without calibration | V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5 | ± 30 | ± 40 | % |
| 25-Ω R _S 1.8 | 25-Ω series OCT without calibration | V _{CCIO} = 1.8 | ± 40 | ± 50 | % |
| 50-Ω R _S 1.8 | 50-Ω series OCT without calibration | V _{CCIO} = 1.8 | ± 40 | ± 50 | % |
| 25-Ω R _S 1.5, 1.2 | 25-Ω series OCT without calibration | V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2 | ± 50 | ± 50 | % |
| 50-Ω R _S 1.5, 1.2 | 50-Ω series OCT without calibration | V _{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2 | ± 50 | ± 50 | % |
| 25-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 | 25-Ω series OCT with calibration | V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 | ± 10 | ± 10 | % |

Table 1–19 lists the weak pull-up resistor values for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–19. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2)

| Symbol | Description | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------|---|--|-----|-----|-----|------------------|
| R_{PU} | Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well as user mode if the programmable pull-up resistor option is enabled. | $V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$ | — | 25 | — | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{CCIO} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$ | — | 25 | — | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{CCIO} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$ | — | 25 | — | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{CCIO} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$ | — | 25 | — | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{CCIO} = 1.2 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ (3)}$ | — | 25 | — | $\text{k}\Omega$ |

Notes to Table 1–19:

- (1) All I/O pins have an option to enable weak pull-up except configuration, test, and JTAG pins.
- (2) The internal weak pull-down feature is only available for the JTAG TCK pin. The typical value for this internal weak pull-down resistor is approximately 25 $\text{k}\Omega$.
- (3) Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO} .

Hot Socketing

Table 1–20 lists the hot-socketing specification for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–20. Hot Socketing Specifications for Arria II Devices

| Symbol | Description | Maximum |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| $I_{IOPIN(DC)}$ | DC current per I/O pin | 300 μA |
| $I_{IOPIN(AC)}$ | AC current per I/O pin | 8 mA (1) |
| $I_{XCVRTX(DC)}$ | DC current per transceiver TX pin | 100 mA |
| $I_{XCVRRX(DC)}$ | DC current per transceiver RX pin | 50 mA |

Note to Table 1–20:

- (1) The I/O ramp rate is 10 ns or more. For ramp rates faster than 10 ns, $|I_{IOPIN}| = C \frac{dv}{dt}$, in which “C” is I/O pin capacitance and “dv/dt” is slew rate.

Schmitt Trigger Input

The Arria II GX device supports Schmitt trigger input on the TDI, TMS, TCK, nSTATUS, nCONFIG, nCE, CONF_DONE, and DCLK pins. A Schmitt trigger feature introduces hysteresis to the input signal for improved noise immunity, especially for signals with slow edge rates.

Table 1–21 lists the hysteresis specifications across the supported V_{CCIO} range for Schmitt trigger inputs in Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–21. Schmitt Trigger Input Hysteresis Specifications for Arria II GX Devices

| Symbol | Description | Condition (V) | Minimum | Unit |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|---------|------|
| $V_{Schmitt}$ | Hysteresis for Schmitt trigger input | $V_{CCIO} = 3.3$ | 220 | mV |
| | | $V_{CCIO} = 2.5$ | 180 | mV |
| | | $V_{CCIO} = 1.8$ | 110 | mV |
| | | $V_{CCIO} = 1.5$ | 70 | mV |

I/O Standard Specifications

Table 1–22 through Table 1–35 list input voltage (V_{IH} and V_{IL}), output voltage (V_{OH} and V_{OL}), and current drive characteristics (I_{OH} and I_{OL}) for various I/O standards supported by the Arria II device family. They also show the Arria II device family I/O standard specifications. V_{OL} and V_{OH} values are valid at the corresponding I_{OH} and I_{OL} , respectively.



For an explanation of terms used in Table 1–22 through Table 1–35, refer to “Glossary” on page 1–74.

Table 1–22 lists the single-ended I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–22. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

| I/O Standard | V_{CCIO} (V) | | | V_{IL} (V) | | V_{IH} (V) | | V_{OL} (V) | V_{OH} (V) | I_{OL} (mA) | I_{OH} (mA) |
|--------------|----------------|-----|-------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Max | Min | | |
| 3.3 V LVTTL | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | -0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 0.45 | 2.4 | 4 | -4 |
| 3.3 V LVCMOS | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | -0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 0.2 | $V_{CCIO} - 0.2$ | 2 | -2 |
| 3.0 V LVTTL | 2.85 | 3 | 3.15 | -0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | 0.45 | 2.4 | 4 | -4 |
| 3.0 V LVCMOS | 2.85 | 3 | 3.15 | -0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | 0.2 | $V_{CCIO} - 0.2$ | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| 2.5 V LVCMOS | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | -0.3 | 0.7 | 1.7 | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | 0.4 | 2 | 1 | -1 |
| 1.8 V LVCMOS | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | -0.3 | $0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | 0.45 | $V_{CCIO} - 0.45$ | 2 | -2 |
| 1.5 V LVCMOS | 1.425 | 1.5 | 1.575 | -0.3 | $0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | $0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$ | 2 | -2 |
| 1.2 V LVCMOS | 1.14 | 1.2 | 1.26 | -0.3 | $0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | $0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$ | 2 | -2 |
| 3.0-V PCI | 2.85 | 3 | 3.15 | — | $0.3 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | $0.1 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.9 \times V_{CCIO}$ | 1.5 | -0.5 |
| 3.0-V PCI-X | 2.85 | 3 | 3.15 | — | $0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | $0.1 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.9 \times V_{CCIO}$ | 1.5 | -0.5 |

Table 1–23 lists the single-ended I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–23. Single-Ended I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

| I/O Standard | V_{CCIO} (V) | | | V_{IL} (V) | | V_{IH} (V) | | V_{OL} (V) | V_{OH} (V) | I_{OL} (mA) | I_{OH} (mA) |
|--------------|----------------|-----|-------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Max | Min | | |
| LVTTL | 2.85 | 3 | 3.15 | -0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 2 | -2 |
| LVCMOS | 2.85 | 3 | 3.15 | -0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 0.2 | $V_{CCIO} - 0.2$ | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| 2.5 V | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 | -0.3 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 2 | 1 | -1 |
| 1.8 V | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | -0.3 | $0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | 0.45 | $V_{CCIO} - 0.45$ | 2 | -2 |
| 1.5 V | 1.425 | 1.5 | 1.575 | -0.3 | $0.35 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.65 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $V_{CCIO} + 0.3$ | $0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$ | $0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$ | 2 | -2 |

Switching Characteristics

This section provides performance characteristics of the Arria II GX and GZ core and periphery blocks for commercial grade devices. The following tables are considered final and are based on actual silicon characterization and testing. These numbers reflect the actual performance of the device under worst-case silicon process, voltage, and junction temperature conditions.

Transceiver Performance Specifications

Table 1–34 lists the Arria II GX transceiver specifications.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 7)

| Symbol/ Description | Condition | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5 and I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit | |
|--|---|------|-----|--------|------|-----|--------|-----------|-----|--------|------|-----|--------|------|--|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| Reference Clock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Supported I/O Standards | 1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Input frequency from REFCLK input pins | — | 50 | — | 622.08 | 50 | — | 622.08 | 50 | — | 622.08 | 50 | — | 622.08 | MHz | |
| Input frequency from PLD input | — | 50 | — | 200 | 50 | — | 200 | 50 | — | 200 | 50 | — | 200 | MHz | |
| Absolute V_{MAX} for a REFCLK pin | — | — | — | 2.2 | — | — | 2.2 | — | — | 2.2 | — | — | 2.2 | V | |
| Absolute V_{MIN} for a REFCLK pin | — | -0.3 | — | — | -0.3 | — | — | -0.3 | — | — | -0.3 | — | — | V | |
| Rise/fall time (2) | — | — | — | 0.2 | — | — | 0.2 | — | — | 0.2 | — | — | 0.2 | UI | |
| Duty cycle | — | 45 | — | 55 | 45 | — | 55 | 45 | — | 55 | 45 | — | 55 | % | |
| Peak-to-peak differential input voltage | — | 200 | — | 2000 | 200 | — | 2000 | 200 | — | 2000 | 200 | — | 2000 | mV | |
| Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency | PCIe | 30 | — | 33 | 30 | — | 33 | 30 | — | 33 | 30 | — | 33 | kHz | |

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices **(Note 1)** (Part 3 of 7)

| Symbol/ Description | Condition | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5 and I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|--|--|----------------------------|-----|------|----------------------------|-----|------|----------------------------|-----|------|----------------------------|-----|------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| fixedclk clock frequency | PCIe Receiver Detect | — | 125 | — | — | 125 | — | — | 125 | — | — | 125 | — | MHz |
| reconfig_clk clock frequency | Dynamic reconfig. clock frequency | 2.5/ 37.5 <i>(4)</i> | — | 50 | MHz |
| Delta time between reconfig_clks <i>(5)</i> | — | — | — | 2 | — | — | 2 | — | — | 2 | — | — | 2 | ms |
| Transceiver block minimum power-down pulse width | — | — | 1 | — | — | 1 | — | — | 1 | — | — | 1 | — | μs |
| Receiver | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Supported I/O Standards | 1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Data rate <i>(13)</i> | — | 600 | — | 6375 | 600 | — | 3750 | 600 | — | 3750 | 600 | — | 3125 | Mbps |
| Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin <i>(6)</i> | — | — | — | 1.5 | — | — | 1.5 | — | — | 1.5 | — | — | 1.5 | V |
| Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin | — | -0.4 | — | — | -0.4 | — | — | -0.4 | — | — | -0.4 | — | — | V |
| Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) | V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting | — | — | 2.7 | — | — | 2.7 | — | — | 2.7 | — | — | 2.7 | V |
| | V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting <i>(7)</i> | — | — | 1.6 | — | — | 1.6 | — | — | 1.6 | — | — | 1.6 | V |

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 6 of 7)

| Symbol/ Description | Condition | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5 and I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|---|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Intra-differential pair skew | — | — | — | 15 | — | — | 15 | — | — | 15 | — | — | 15 | ps |
| Intra-transceiver block skew | PCIe ×4 | — | — | 120 | — | — | 120 | — | — | 120 | — | — | 120 | ps |
| Inter-transceiver block skew | PCIe ×8 | — | — | 300 | — | — | 300 | — | — | 300 | — | — | 300 | ps |
| CMU PLL0 and CMU PLL1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CMU PLL lock time from CMUPLL_reset deassertion | — | — | — | 100 | — | — | 100 | — | — | 100 | — | — | 100 | μs |
| PLD-Transceiver Interface | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interface speed | — | 25 | — | 320 | 25 | — | 240 | 25 | — | 240 | 25 | — | 200 | MHz |

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 7 of 7)

| Symbol/ Description | Condition | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5 and I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Digital reset pulse width | — | Minimum is 2 parallel clock cycles | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes to Table 1–34:

- (1) For AC-coupled links, the on-chip biasing circuit is switched off before and during configuration. Ensure that input specifications are not violated during this period.
- (2) The rise/fall time is specified from 20% to 80%.
- (3) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula:

$$\text{REFCLK rms phase jitter at } f \text{ (MHz)} = \text{REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz} * 100/f.$$
- (4) The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter only** mode. The minimum reconfig_clk frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode. For more information, refer to [AN 558: Implementing Dynamic Reconfiguration in Arria II Devices](#).
- (5) If your design uses more than one dynamic reconfiguration controller instances (altgx_reconfig) to control the transceiver channels (altgx) physically located on the same side of the device, and if you use different reconfig_clk sources for these altgx_reconfig instances, the delta time between any two of these reconfig_clk sources becoming stable must not exceed the maximum specification listed.
- (6) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (7) You must use the 1.1-V RX V_{ICM} setting if the input serial data standard is LVDS and the link is DC-coupled.
- (8) The rate matcher supports only up to ± 300 parts per million (ppm).
- (9) Time taken to rx_pll_locked goes high from rx_analogreset de-assertion. Refer to [Figure 1–1](#).
- (10) The time in which the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after rx_pll_locked goes high and before rx_locktodata is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1](#).
- (11) The time taken to recover valid data after the rx_locktodata signal is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1](#).
- (12) The time taken to recover valid data after the rx_freqlocked signal goes high in automatic mode. Refer to [Figure 1–2](#).
- (13) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 3 of 5)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | –C3 and –I3 (1) | | | –C4 and –I4 | | | Unit | | | | |
|--|--|---|-----|----------------|-------------|-----|-------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | | | | |
| Receiver DC Coupling Support | — | For more information about receiver DC coupling support, refer to the “DC-Coupled Links” section in the <i>Transceiver Architecture for Arria II Devices</i> chapter. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Differential on-chip termination resistors | 85-Ω setting | $85 \pm 20\%$ | | $85 \pm 20\%$ | | Ω | | Ω | | | | |
| | 100-Ω setting | $100 \pm 20\%$ | | $100 \pm 20\%$ | | Ω | | Ω | | | | |
| | 120-Ω setting | $120 \pm 20\%$ | | $120 \pm 20\%$ | | Ω | | Ω | | | | |
| | 150-Ω setting | $150 \pm 20\%$ | | $150 \pm 20\%$ | | Ω | | Ω | | | | |
| Differential and common mode return loss | PCIe (Gen 1 and Gen 2), XAUI, HiGig+, CEI SR/LR, SRIO SR/LR, CPRI LV/HV, OBSAI, SATA | Compliant | | | | | | | | | | |
| Programmable PPM detector (9) | — | $\pm 62.5, 100, 125, 200, 250, 300, 500, 1,000$ | | | | | | ppm | | | | |
| Run length | — | — | — | 200 | — | — | 200 | UI | | | | |
| Programmable equalization | — | — | — | 16 | — | — | 16 | dB | | | | |
| t _{LTR} (10) | — | — | — | 75 | — | — | 75 | μs | | | | |
| t _{LTD_Manual} (11) | — | 15 | — | — | 15 | — | — | μs | | | | |
| t _{LTD_Manual} (12) | — | — | — | 4000 | — | — | 4000 | ns | | | | |
| t _{LTD_Auto} (13) | — | — | — | 4000 | — | — | 4000 | ns | | | | |
| Receiver CDR 3 dB Bandwidth in lock-to-data (LTD) mode | PCIe Gen1 | 2.0 - 3.5 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | PCIe Gen2 | 40 - 65 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | (OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps | 20 - 35 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | XAUI | 10 - 18 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | SRIO 1.25 Gbps | 10 - 18 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | SRIO 2.5 Gbps | 10 - 18 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | SRIO 3.125 Gbps | 6 - 10 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | GIGE | 6 - 10 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | SONET OC12 | 3 - 6 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| | SONET OC48 | 14 - 19 | | | | | | MHz | | | | |
| Receiver buffer and CDR offset cancellation time (per channel) | — | — | — | 17000 | — | — | 17000 | recon fig_clk cycles | | | | |
| Programmable DC gain | DC Gain Setting = 0 | — | 0 | — | — | 0 | — | dB | | | | |
| | DC Gain Setting = 1 | — | 3 | — | — | 3 | — | dB | | | | |
| | DC Gain Setting = 2 | — | 6 | — | — | 6 | — | dB | | | | |

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 4 of 5)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | –C3 and –I3 (1) | | | –C4 and –I4 | | | Unit | | |
|---|---|-----------------|-----|------|-------------|-----|------|------|--|--|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | | | | | |
| Supported I/O Standards | | 1.5-V PCML | | | | | | | | |
| Data rate (14) | — | 600 | — | 6375 | 600 | — | 3750 | Mbps | | |
| V _{OCM} | 0.65 V setting | — | 650 | — | — | 650 | — | mV | | |
| Differential on-chip termination resistors | 85-Ω setting | 85 ± 15% | | | 85 ± 15% | | | Ω | | |
| | 100-Ω setting | 100 ± 15% | | | 100 ± 15% | | | Ω | | |
| | 120-Ω setting | 120 ± 15% | | | 120 ± 15% | | | Ω | | |
| | 150-Ω setting | 150 ± 15% | | | 150 ± 15% | | | Ω | | |
| Differential and common mode return loss | PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 (TX V _{OD} =4), XAUI (TX V _{OD} =6), HiGig+ (TX V _{OD} =6), CEI SR/LR (TX V _{OD} =8), SRIO SR (V _{OD} =6), SRIO LR (V _{OD} =8), CPRI LV (V _{OD} =6), CPRI HV (V _{OD} =2), OBSAI (V _{OD} =6), SATA (V _{OD} =4), | Compliant | | | | | | | | |
| Rise time (15) | — | 50 | — | 200 | 50 | — | 200 | ps | | |
| Fall time (15) | — | 50 | — | 200 | 50 | — | 200 | ps | | |
| Intra-differential pair skew | — | — | — | 15 | — | — | 15 | ps | | |
| Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew | ×4 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: XAUI, PCIe ×4, Basic ×4 | — | — | 120 | — | — | 120 | ps | | |
| Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew | ×8 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: PCIe ×8, Basic ×8 | — | — | 500 | — | — | 500 | ps | | |
| CMU0 PLL and CMU1 PLL | | | | | | | | | | |
| Supported Data Range | — | 600 | — | 6375 | 600 | — | 3750 | Mbps | | |
| p11_powerdown minimum pulse width (tp11_powerdown) | — | 1 | | | 1 | | | μs | | |
| CMU PLL lock time from p11_powerdown de-assertion | — | — | — | 100 | — | — | 100 | μs | | |

Figure 1-1 shows the lock time parameters in manual mode.

 LTD = lock-to-data. LTR = lock-to-reference.

Figure 1-1. Lock Time Parameters for Manual Mode

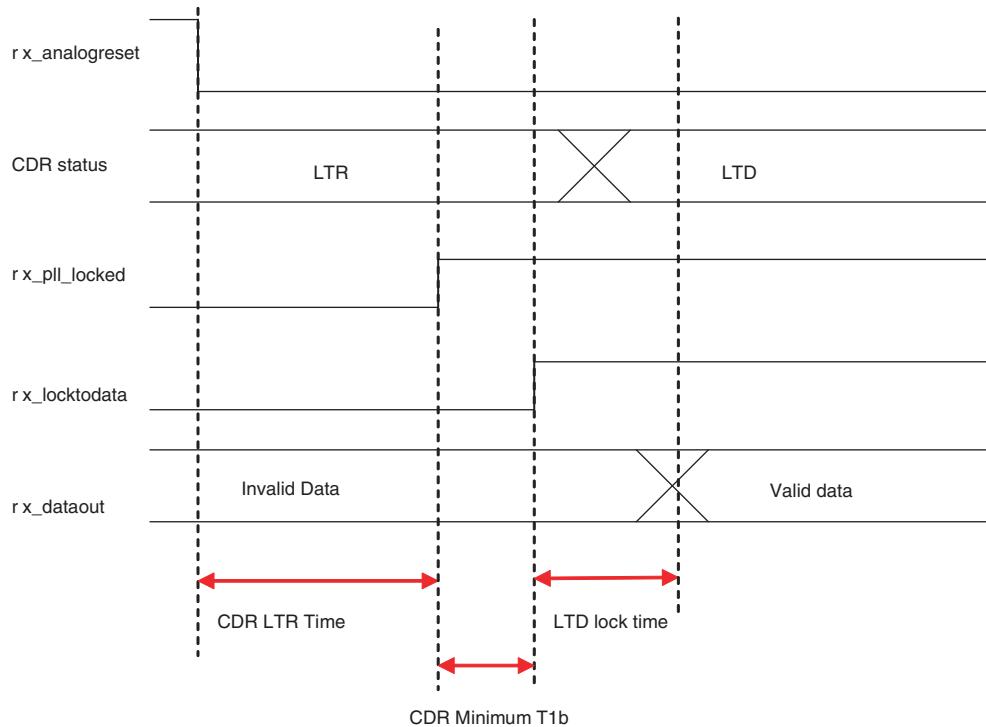


Figure 1-2 shows the lock time parameters in automatic mode.

Figure 1-2. Lock Time Parameters for Automatic Mode

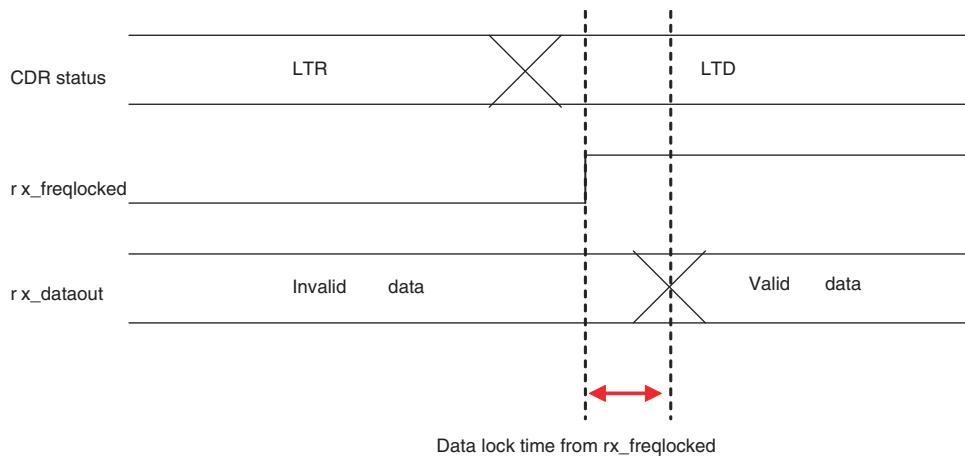


Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 3 of 10)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5, I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|---|--|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| PCIe Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total jitter at 2.5 Gbps (Gen1) | Compliance pattern | > 0.6 | | | > 0.6 | | | > 0.6 | | | > 0.6 | | | UI |
| PCIe (Gen 1) Electrical Idle Detect Threshold (9) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VRX-IDLE-DETDIFF (p-p) | Compliance pattern | 65 | — | 175 | 65 | — | 175 | 65 | — | 175 | 65 | — | 175 | mV |
| Serial RapidIO® (SRIO) Transmit Jitter Generation (5) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak) | Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | UI |
| Total jitter (peak-to-peak) | Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | UI |
| SRIO Receiver Jitter Tolerance (5) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.37 | | | > 0.37 | | | > 0.37 | | | > 0.37 | | | UI |
| Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Data Rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.55 | | | > 0.55 | | | > 0.55 | | | > 0.55 | | | UI |
| Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 8.5 | | | > 8.5 | | | > 8.5 | | | > 8.5 | | | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 1.875 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 1.25, 2.5, 3.125 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | UI |
| GIGE Transmit Jitter Generation (6) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak) | Pattern = CRPAT | — | — | 0.14 | — | — | 0.14 | — | — | 0.14 | — | — | 0.14 | UI |

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 4 of 10)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5, I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|---|---|--------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Total jitter (peak-to-peak) | Pattern = CRPAT | — | — | 0.279 | — | — | 0.279 | — | — | 0.279 | — | — | 0.279 | UI |
| GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (6) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.4 | | | > 0.4 | | | > 0.4 | | | > 0.4 | | | UI |
| Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.66 | | | > 0.66 | | | > 0.66 | | | > 0.66 | | | UI |
| HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation (7) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak) | Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |
| Total jitter (peak-to-peak) | Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |
| HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance (7) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.37 | | | > 0.37 | | | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |
| Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.65 | | | > 0.65 | | | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |
| Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 8.5 | | | > 8.5 | | | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 1.875MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 6 of 10)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5, I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|---|--|-------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak) | Jitter frequency = 20 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar | > 1 | | | > 1 | | | > 1 | | | > 1 | | | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar | > 0.2 | | | > 0.2 | | | > 0.2 | | | > 0.2 | | | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar | > 0.2 | | | > 0.2 | | | > 0.2 | | | > 0.2 | | | UI |

SATA Transmit Jitter Generation (10)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|------|---|---|------|---|---|------|---|---|------|----|
| Total jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1) | Compliance pattern | — | — | 0.55 | — | — | 0.55 | — | — | 0.55 | — | — | 0.55 | UI |
| Deterministic jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1) | Compliance pattern | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | UI |
| Total jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2) | Compliance pattern | — | — | 0.55 | — | — | 0.55 | — | — | 0.55 | — | — | 0.55 | UI |
| Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2) | Compliance pattern | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | UI |
| Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3) | Compliance pattern | — | — | 0.52 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |
| Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3) | Compliance pattern | — | — | 0.18 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | UI |

SATA Receiver Jitter Tolerance (10)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------|--|--|--------|--|--|--------|--|--|--------|--|--|-----|
| Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1) | Compliance pattern | > 0.65 | | | > 0.65 | | | > 0.65 | | | > 0.65 | | | UI |
| Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1) | Compliance pattern | > 0.35 | | | > 0.35 | | | > 0.35 | | | > 0.35 | | | UI |
| SSC modulation frequency at 1.5 Gbps (G1) | Compliance pattern | 33 | | | 33 | | | 33 | | | 33 | | | kHz |

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 8 of 10)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5, I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|--|--|--------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (11) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total jitter | E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.279 | — | — | 0.279 | — | — | 0.279 | — | — | 0.279 | UI |
| | E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | UI |
| Deterministic jitter | E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.14 | — | — | 0.14 | — | — | 0.14 | — | — | 0.14 | UI |
| | E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | UI |
| CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total jitter tolerance | E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.66 | | | > 0.66 | | | > 0.66 | | | > 0.66 | | | UI |
| Deterministic jitter tolerance | E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.4 | | | > 0.4 | | | > 0.4 | | | > 0.4 | | | UI |
| Total jitter tolerance | E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT | > 0.65 | | | > 0.65 | | | > 0.65 | | | > 0.65 | | | UI |
| | E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31 | > 0.6 | | | — | | | — | | | — | | | UI |
| Deterministic jitter tolerance | E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT | > 0.37 | | | > 0.37 | | | > 0.37 | | | > 0.37 | | | UI |
| | E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31 | > 0.45 | | | — | | | — | | | — | | | UI |
| Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance | E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT | > 0.55 | | | > 0.55 | | | > 0.55 | | | > 0.55 | | | UI |
| OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (12) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps | REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | — | — | 0.35 | UI |
| Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps | REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | — | — | 0.17 | UI |

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (*Note 1*) (Part 10 of 10)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | I3 | | | C4 | | | C5, I5 | | | C6 | | | Unit |
|--|--|-------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps | Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT | > 8.5 | | | > 8.5 | | | > 8.5 | | | > 8.5 | | | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 1843.2 KHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | > 0.1 | | | UI |

Notes to Table 1–40:

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins are used to drive the input reference clocks. The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (2) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
- (3) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (4) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (5) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
- (6) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
- (7) The jitter numbers for HiGig are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (8) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
- (9) Arria II PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the `VTX_CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA` of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
- (10) The jitter numbers for Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA) are compliant to the Serial ATA Revision 3.0 Specification.
- (11) The jitter numbers for Common Public Radio Interface (CPRI) are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
- (12) The jitter numbers for Open Base Station Architecture Initiative (OBSAI) are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

Table 1–41 lists the transceiver jitter specifications for all supported protocols for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (*Note 1*), (*2*) (Part 1 of 7)

| Symbol/ Description | Conditions | -C3 and -I3 | | | -C4 and -I4 | | | Unit |
|--|--|-------------|-----|------|-------------|-----|------|------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| SONET/SDH Transmit Jitter Generation (<i>3</i>) | | | | | | | | |
| Peak-to-peak jitter at 622.08 Mbps | Pattern = PRBS15 | — | — | 0.1 | — | — | 0.1 | UI |
| RMS jitter at 622.08 Mbps | Pattern = PRBS15 | — | — | 0.01 | — | — | 0.01 | UI |
| Peak-to-peak jitter at 2488.32 Mbps | Pattern = PRBS15 | — | — | 0.1 | — | — | 0.1 | UI |
| RMS jitter at 2488.32 Mbps | Pattern = PRBS15 | — | — | 0.01 | — | — | 0.01 | UI |
| SONET/SDH Receiver Jitter Tolerance (<i>3</i>) | | | | | | | | |
| Jitter tolerance at 622.08 Mbps | Jitter frequency = 0.03 KHz Pattern = PRBS15 | > 15 | | | > 15 | | | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 25 KHz Pattern = PRBS15 | > 1.5 | | | > 1.5 | | | UI |
| | Jitter frequency = 250 KHz Pattern = PRBS15 | > 0.15 | | | > 0.15 | | | UI |

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 3)

| Symbol | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|--|------------|------------|------------|----------------|
| f_{OUT} | Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-4 Speed Grade) | — | — | 500 | MHz |
| | Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-5 Speed Grade) | — | — | 500 | MHz |
| | Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (-6 Speed Grade) | — | — | 400 | MHz |
| $f_{\text{OUT_EXT}}$ | Output frequency for external clock output (-4 Speed Grade) | — | — | 670 (5) | MHz |
| | Output frequency for external clock output (-5 Speed Grade) | — | — | 622 (5) | MHz |
| | Output frequency for external clock output (-6 Speed Grade) | — | — | 500 (5) | MHz |
| t_{OUTDUTY} | Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%) | 45 | 50 | 55 | % |
| $t_{\text{OUTPJ_DC}}$ | Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz) | — | — | 300 | ps (p-p) |
| | Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz) | — | — | 30 | mUI (p-p) |
| $t_{\text{OUTCCJ_DC}}$ | Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz) | — | — | 300 | ps (p-p) |
| | Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz) | — | — | 30 | mUI (p-p) |
| $f_{\text{OUTPJ_IO}}$ | Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz) | — | — | 650 | ps (p-p) |
| | Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz) | — | — | 65 | mUI (p-p) |
| $f_{\text{OUTCCJ_IO}}$ | Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz) | — | — | 650 | ps (p-p) |
| | Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz) | — | — | 65 | mUI (p-p) |
| $t_{\text{CONFIGPLL}}$ | Time required to reconfigure PLL scan chains | — | 3.5 | — | SCANCLK cycles |
| $t_{\text{CONFIGPHASE}}$ | Time required to reconfigure phase shift | — | 1 | — | SCANCLK cycles |
| f_{SCANCLK} | SCANCLK frequency | — | — | 100 | MHz |
| t_{LOCK} | Time required to lock from end of device configuration | — | — | 1 | ms |
| t_{DLLOCK} | Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays) | — | — | 1 | ms |
| f_{CLBW} | PLL closed-loop low bandwidth | — | 0.3 | — | MHz |
| | PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth | — | 1.5 | — | MHz |
| | PLL closed-loop high bandwidth | — | 4 | — | MHz |
| $t_{\text{PLL_PSERR}}$ | Accuracy of PLL phase shift | — | — | ± 50 | ps |
| t_{ARESET} | Minimum pulse width on areset signal | 10 | — | — | ns |

Table 1–49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

| Memory | Mode | Resources Used | | Performance | | | Unit |
|-----------------|---|----------------|------------------|-------------|-----|-----|---------|
| | | ALUTs | TriMatrix Memory | C3 | I3 | C4 | |
| MLAB (2) | Single port 64 × 10 | 0 | 1 | 500 | 500 | 450 | 450 MHz |
| | Simple dual-port 32 × 20 | 0 | 1 | 500 | 500 | 450 | 450 MHz |
| | Simple dual-port 64 × 10 | 0 | 1 | 500 | 500 | 450 | 450 MHz |
| | ROM 64 × 10 | 0 | 1 | 500 | 500 | 450 | 450 MHz |
| | ROM 32 × 20 | 0 | 1 | 500 | 500 | 450 | 450 MHz |
| M9K Block (2) | Single-port 256 × 36 | 0 | 1 | 540 | 540 | 475 | 475 MHz |
| | Simple dual-port 256 × 36 | 0 | 1 | 490 | 490 | 420 | 420 MHz |
| | Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data | 0 | 1 | 340 | 340 | 300 | 300 MHz |
| | True dual port 512 × 18 | 0 | 1 | 430 | 430 | 370 | 370 MHz |
| | True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data | 0 | 1 | 335 | 335 | 290 | 290 MHz |
| | ROM 1 Port | 0 | 1 | 540 | 540 | 475 | 475 MHz |
| | ROM 2 Port | 0 | 1 | 540 | 540 | 475 | 475 MHz |
| | Min Pulse Width (clock high time) | — | — | 800 | 800 | 850 | 850 ps |
| M144K Block (2) | Min Pulse Width (clock low time) | — | — | 625 | 625 | 690 | 690 ps |
| | Single-port 2K × 72 | 0 | 1 | 440 | 400 | 380 | 350 MHz |
| | Simple dual-port 2K × 72 | 0 | 1 | 435 | 375 | 385 | 325 MHz |
| | Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data | 0 | 1 | 240 | 225 | 205 | 200 MHz |
| | Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC) | 0 | 1 | 300 | 295 | 255 | 250 MHz |
| | True dual-port 4K × 36 | 0 | 1 | 375 | 350 | 330 | 310 MHz |
| | True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data | 0 | 1 | 230 | 225 | 205 | 200 MHz |
| | ROM 1 Port | 0 | 1 | 500 | 450 | 435 | 420 MHz |
| | ROM 2 Port | 0 | 1 | 465 | 425 | 400 | 400 MHz |
| | Min Pulse Width (clock high time) | — | — | 755 | 860 | 860 | 950 ps |
| | Min Pulse Width (clock low time) | — | — | 625 | 690 | 690 | 690 ps |

Notes to Table 1–48:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .

Table 1–57. External Memory Interface Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 2)

| Frequency Mode | Frequency Range (MHz) | | | Resolution (°) | DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1) | Number of Delay Chains |
|----------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| | C4 | I3, C5, I5 | C6 | | | |
| 5 | 270-410 | 270-380 | 270-320 | 36 | High | 10 |
| 6 | 320-450 | 320-410 | 320-370 | 45 | High | 8 |

Note to Table 1–57:

- (1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1–58 lists the DLL frequency range specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–58. DLL Frequency Range Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

| Frequency Mode | Frequency Range (MHz) | | Available Phase Shift | DQS Delay Buffer Mode (1) | Number of Delay Chains |
|----------------|-----------------------|---------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| | -3 | -4 | | | |
| 0 | 90-130 | 90-120 | 22.5°, 45°, 67.5°, 90° | Low | 16 |
| 1 | 120-170 | 120-160 | 30°, 60°, 90°, 120° | Low | 12 |
| 2 | 150-210 | 150-200 | 36°, 72°, 108°, 144° | Low | 10 |
| 3 | 180-260 | 180-240 | 45°, 90°, 135°, 180° | Low | 8 |
| 4 | 240-320 | 240-290 | 30°, 60°, 90°, 120° | High | 12 |
| 5 | 290-380 | 290-360 | 36°, 72°, 108°, 144° | High | 10 |
| 6 | 360-450 | 360-450 | 45°, 90°, 135°, 180° | High | 8 |
| 7 | 470-630 | 470-590 | 60°, 120°, 180°, 240° | High | 6 |

Note to Table 1–58:

- (1) Low indicates a 6-bit DQS delay setting; high indicates a 5-bit DQS delay setting.

Table 1–59 lists the DQS phase offset delay per stage for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–59. DQS Phase Offset Delay Per Setting for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

| Speed Grade | Min | Max | Unit |
|-------------|-----|------|------|
| C4 | 7.0 | 13.0 | ps |
| I3, C5, I5 | 7.0 | 15.0 | ps |
| C6 | 8.5 | 18.0 | ps |

Notes to Table 1–59:

- (1) The valid settings for phase offset are -64 to +63 for frequency modes 0 to 3 and -32 to +31 for frequency modes 4 to 5.
(2) The typical value equals the average of the minimum and maximum values.
(3) The delay settings are linear.

Table 1–68. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

| Letter | Subject | Definitions |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---|
| U, V | $V_{CM(DC)}$ | DC common mode input voltage. |
| | V_{ICM} | Input common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver. |
| | V_{ID} | Input differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver. |
| | $V_{DIF(AC)}$ | AC differential input voltage: Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching. |
| | $V_{DIF(DC)}$ | DC differential input voltage: Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching. |
| | V_{IH} | Voltage input high: The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high. |
| | $V_{IH(AC)}$ | High-level AC input voltage. |
| | $V_{IH(DC)}$ | High-level DC input voltage. |
| | V_{IL} | Voltage input low: The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low. |
| | $V_{IL(AC)}$ | Low-level AC input voltage. |
| | $V_{IL(DC)}$ | Low-level DC input voltage. |
| | V_{OCM} | Output common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter. |
| | V_{OD} | Output differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter. |
| W, X, Y, Z | W | High-speed I/O block: The clock boost factor. |

Document Revision History

Table 1–69 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–69. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 2)

| Date | Version | Changes |
|---------------|----------------|---|
| December 2013 | 4.4 | Updated Table 1–34 and Table 1–35. |
| July 2012 | 4.3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated the $V_{CCH_GXBL/R}$ operating conditions in Table 1–6. ■ Finalized Arria II GZ information in Table 1–20. ■ Added BLVDS specification in Table 1–32 and Table 1–33. ■ Updated input and output waveforms in Table 1–68. |
| December 2011 | 4.2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Updated Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, Table 1–35, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–54, and Table 1–67. ■ Minor text edits. |
| June 2011 | 4.1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Added Table 1–60. ■ Updated Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–38, Table 1–41, and Table 1–61. ■ Updated the “Switching Characteristics” section introduction. ■ Minor text edits. |