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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	3747
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	89178
Total RAM Bits	6839296
Number of I/O	372
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	780-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	780-FBGA (29x29)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx95ef29i5g



Conditions beyond those listed in [Table 1-1](#) and [Table 1-2](#) may cause permanent damage to the device. Additionally, device operation at the absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of time may have adverse effects on the device.

[Table 1-1](#) lists the absolute maximum ratings for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-1. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCI Express® (PIPE) (PCIe) HIP block, and transceiver PCS	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCCB}	Supplies power for the configuration RAM bits	-0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCBAT}	Battery back-up power supply for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCPD}	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCIO}	Supplies power to the I/O banks	-0.5	3.9	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_I	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.0	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA
V_{CCA}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA regulator	—	3.75	V
V_{CCL_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA TX, PMA RX, and clocking	—	1.21	V
V_{CCH_GXB}	Supplies power to the transceiver PMA output (TX) buffer	—	1.8	V
T_J	Operating junction temperature	-55	125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature (no bias)	-65	150	°C

[Table 1-2](#) lists the absolute maximum ratings for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-2. Absolute Maximum Ratings for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
V_{CC}	Supplies power to the core, periphery, I/O registers, PCIe HIP block, and transceiver PCS	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCCB}	Power supply to the configuration RAM bits	-0.5	1.8	V
V_{CCPGM}	Supplies power to the configuration pins	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCAUX}	Auxiliary supply	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCBAT}	Supplies battery back-up power for design security volatile key register	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCPD}	Supplies power to the I/O pre-drivers, differential input buffers, and MSEL circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCIO}	Supplies power to the I/O banks	-0.5	3.9	V
V_{CC_CLKIN}	Supplies power to the differential clock input	-0.5	3.75	V
V_{CCD_PLL}	Supplies power to the digital portions of the PLL	-0.5	1.35	V
V_{CCA_PLL}	Supplies power to the analog portions of the PLL and device-wide power management circuitry	-0.5	3.75	V
V_I	DC input voltage	-0.5	4.0	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin	-25	40	mA

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 1-7 lists the Arria II GX I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-7. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-10	—	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-10	—	10	μA

Table 1-8 lists the Arria II GZ I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-8. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-20	—	20	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-20	—	20	μA

Bus Hold

Bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1-9 lists bus hold specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-9. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V _{CCIO} (V)												Unit
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus-hold low, sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (max.)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA
Bus-hold high, sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IL} (min.)	−8	—	−12	—	−30	—	−50	—	−70	—	−70	—	μA
Bus-hold low, overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA
Bus-hold high, overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	−125	—	−175	—	−200	—	−300	—	−500	—	−500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	—	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V

Note to Table 1-9:

(1) The bus-hold trip points are based on calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

Table 1-10 lists the bus hold specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-10. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GZ Devices

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V _{CCIO} (V)										Unit
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus-hold Low sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (max.)	22.5	—	25.0	—	30.0	—	50.0	—	70.0	—	μA
Bus-hold High sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IH} (min.)	-22.5	—	-25.0	—	-30.0	—	-50.0	—	-70.0	—	μA
Bus-hold Low overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	120	—	160	—	200	—	300	—	500	μA
Bus-hold High overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	-120	—	-160	—	-200	—	-300	—	-500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	—	0.45	0.95	0.50	1.00	0.68	1.07	0.70	1.70	0.80	2.00	V

OCT Specifications

Table 1-11 lists the Arria II GX device and differential OCT with and without calibration accuracy.

Table 1-11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 1 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
25- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5	25- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 30	± 40	%
50- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5	50- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5$	± 30	± 40	%
25- Ω R_S 1.8	25- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$	± 40	± 50	%
50- Ω R_S 1.8	50- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8$	± 40	± 50	%
25- Ω R_S 1.5, 1.2	25- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
50- Ω R_S 1.5, 1.2	50- Ω series OCT without calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 1.5, 1.2$	± 50	± 50	%
25- Ω R_S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25- Ω series OCT with calibration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2$	± 10	± 10	%

Table 1-11. OCT With and Without Calibration Specification for Arria II GX Device I/Os (Note 1) (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy		Unit
			Commercial	Industrial	
50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	%
100-Ω R _D 2.5	100-Ω differential OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 2.5	± 30	± 30	%

Note to Table 1-11:

(1) OCT with calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.

Table 1-12 lists the OCT termination calibration accuracy specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-12. OCT with Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Calibration Accuracy			Unit
			C2	C3,I3	C4,I4	
25-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (2)	25-Ω series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω internal series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 8	± 8	± 8	%
50-Ω R _T 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	50-Ω internal parallel OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
20-Ω, 40-Ω, and 60-Ω R _S 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2 (3)	20-Ω, 40-Ω and 60-Ω R _S expanded range for internal series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%
25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	25-Ω R _{S_left_shift} internal left shift series OCT with calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	± 10	± 10	± 10	%

Notes to Table 1-12:

- (1) OCT calibration accuracy is valid at the time of calibration only.
 (2) 25-Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.
 (3) 20-Ω R_S is not supported for 1.5 V and 1.2 V in Row I/O.

Table 1-27. Single-Ended SSTL and HSTL I/O Standards Signal Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

I/O Standard	$V_{IL(DC)} (V)$		$V_{IH(DC)} (V)$		$V_{IL(AC)} (V)$	$V_{IH(AC)} (V)$	$V_{OL} (V)$	$V_{OH} (V)$	$I_{OL} (mA)$	$I_{OH} (mA)$
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min		
SSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.175$	$V_{REF} + 0.175$	$0.2 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.8 \times V_{CCIO}$	16	-16
HSTL-18 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-18 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-15 Class I	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
HSTL-15 Class II	—	$V_{REF} - 0.1$	$V_{REF} + 0.1$	—	$V_{REF} - 0.2$	$V_{REF} + 0.2$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	16	-16
HSTL-12 Class I	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	8	-8
HSTL-12 Class II	-0.15	$V_{REF} - 0.08$	$V_{REF} + 0.08$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.15$	$V_{REF} - 0.15$	$V_{REF} + 0.15$	$0.25 \times V_{CCIO}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCIO}$	16	-16

Table 1-28 lists the differential SSTL I/O standards for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-28. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO} (V)$			$V_{SWING(DC)} (V)$		$V_{X(AC)} (V)$			$V_{SWING(AC)} (V)$		$V_{OX(AC)} (V)$		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.36	V_{CCIO}	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.2$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.2$	0.7	V_{CCIO}	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	V_{CCIO}	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.175$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.175$	0.5	V_{CCIO}	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.125$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.125$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—	0.35	—	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—

Table 1-29 lists the differential SSTL I/O standards for Arria II GZ devices

Table 1-29. Differential SSTL I/O Standards for Arria II GZ Devices

I/O Standard	$V_{CCIO} (V)$			$V_{SWING(DC)} (V)$		$V_{X(AC)} (V)$			$V_{SWING(AC)} (V)$		$V_{OX(AC)} (V)$		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max
SSTL-2 Class I, II	2.375	2.5	2.625	0.3	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.2$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.2$	0.62	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.15$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.15$
SSTL-18 Class I, II	1.71	1.8	1.89	0.25	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.175$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.175$	0.5	$V_{CCIO} + 0.6$	$V_{CCIO}/2 - 0.125$	—	$V_{CCIO}/2 + 0.125$
SSTL-15 Class I, II	1.425	1.5	1.575	0.2	—	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—	0.35	—	—	$V_{CCIO}/2$	—

Table 1–33 lists the differential I/O standard specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–33. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

I/O Standard (2)	V _{CCIO} (V)			V _{ID} (mV)			V _{ICM(DC)} (V)		V _{OD} (V) (3)			V _{OCM} (V) (3)		
	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Cond.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
2.5 V LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
2.5 V LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.05	1.8	0.247	—	0.6	1	1.25	1.5
RSDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
RSDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V _{CM} = 1.25 V	—	0.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.5
Mini-LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.32 5	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (VIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	—	600	0.4	1.32 5	0.25	—	0.6	1	1.2	1.5
LVPECL	2.375	2.5	2.625	300	—	—	0.6	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—
BLVDS (4)	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Notes to Table 1–33:

- (1) 1.4-V/1.5-V PCML transceiver I/O standard specifications are described in “Transceiver Performance Specifications” on page 1–21.
- (2) Vertical I/O (VIO) is top and bottom I/Os; horizontal I/O (HIO) is left and right I/Os.
- (3) R_L range: 90 ≤ R_L ≤ 110 Ω.
- (4) There are no fixed V_{ICM}, V_{OD}, and V_{OCM} specifications for BLVDS. These specifications depend on the system topology.

Power Consumption for the Arria II Device Family

Altera offers two ways to estimate power for a design:

- Using the Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator
- Using the Quartus® II PowerPlay Power Analyzer feature

The interactive Microsoft Excel-based Early Power Estimator is typically used prior to designing the FPGA in order to get a magnitude estimate of the device power. The Quartus II PowerPlay Power Analyzer provides better quality estimates based on the specifics of the design after place-and-route is complete. The PowerPlay Power Analyzer can apply a combination of user-entered, simulation-derived, and estimated signal activities which, when combined with detailed circuit models, can yield very accurate power estimates.



For more information about power estimation tools, refer to the *PowerPlay Early Power Estimator User Guide* and the *PowerPlay Power Analysis* chapter in volume 3 of the *Quartus II Handbook*.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			1100 ± 5%			mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R _{ref}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks														
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
LTD lock time (11)	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
Data lock time from rx_ freqlocked (12)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter														
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML													
Data rate	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
V _{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Return loss differential mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –10dB												
	XAUI	312 MHz to 625 MHz: –10dB 625 MHz to 3.125 GHz: –10dB/decade slope												
Return loss common mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –6dB												
Rise time (2)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block skew	PCIe x4	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps
Inter-transceiver block skew	PCIe x8	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	—	—	300	ps
CMU PLL0 and CMU PLL1														
CMU PLL lock time from CMUPLL_reset deassertion	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	μs
PLD-Transceiver Interface														
Interface speed	—	25	—	320	25	—	240	25	—	240	25	—	200	MHz

Table 1–35 lists the transceiver specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 1 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Reference Clock								
Supported I/O Standards	1.2-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, Differential LVPECL, LVDS, and HCSL							
Input frequency from REFCLK input pins	—	50	—	697	50	—	637.5	MHz
Phase frequency detector (CMU PLL and receiver CDR)	—	50	—	325	50	—	325	MHz
Absolute V _{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a REFCLK pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a REFCLK pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Rise/fall time (2)	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Duty cycle	—	45	—	55	45	—	55	%
Peak-to-peak differential input voltage	—	200	—	1600	200	—	1600	mV
Spread-spectrum modulating clock frequency	PCIe	30	—	33	30	—	33	kHz
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—	0 to -0.5%	—	—
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V _{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV
V _{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R _{REF}	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	—	2000 ± 1%	—	Ω

Table 1-35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transceiver Clocks								
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz
fixedclk clock frequency	PCIe Receiver Detect	—	125	—	—	125	—	MHz
reconfig_clk clock frequency	Dynamic reconfiguration clock frequency	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	2.5/ 37.5 (4)	—	50	MHz
Delta time between reconfig_clks (5)	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	ms
Transceiver block minimum power-down (gxb_powerdown) pulse width	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	µs
Receiver								
Supported I/O Standards	1.4-V PCML, 1.5-V PCML, 2.5-V PCML, LVPECL, and LVDS							
Data rate (16)	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
Absolute V _{MAX} for a receiver pin (6)	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Operational V _{MAX} for a receiver pin	—	—	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	V
Absolute V _{MIN} for a receiver pin	—	-0.4	—	—	-0.4	—	—	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) before device configuration	—	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Maximum peak-to-peak differential input voltage V _{ID} (diff p-p) after device configuration	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	—	—	2.7	—	—	2.7	V
	V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting (7)	—	—	1.6	—	—	1.6	V
Minimum differential eye opening at receiver serial input pins (8)	Data Rate = 600 Mbps to 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	100	—	—	165	—	—	mV
	Data Rate > 5 Gbps Equalization = 0 DC gain = 0 dB	165	—	—	165	—	—	mV
V _{ICM}	V _{ICM} = 0.82 V setting	820 ± 10%			820 ± 10%			mV
	V _{ICM} = 1.1 V setting (7)	1100 ± 10%			1100 ± 10%			mV

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 5 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
-3 dB Bandwidth	PCIe Gen1	2.5 - 3.5						MHz
	PCIe Gen2	6 - 8						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 4.976 Gbps	7 - 11						MHz
	(OIF) CEI PHY at 6.375 Gbps	5 - 10						MHz
	XAUI	2 - 4						MHz
	SRIO 1.25 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 2.5 Gbps	3 - 5.5						MHz
	SRIO 3.125 Gbps	2 - 4						MHz
	GIGE	2.5 - 4.5						MHz
	SONET OC12	1.5 - 2.5						MHz
	SONET OC48	3.5 - 6						MHz
Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface								
Interface speed	—	25	—	325	25	—	250	MHz
Digital reset pulse width	—	Minimum is two parallel clock cycles						—

Notes to Table 1–35:

- (1) The 3x speed grade is the fastest speed grade offered in the following Arria II GZ devices: EP2AGZ225, EP2AGZ300, and EP2AGZ350.
- (2) The rise and fall time transition is specified from 20% to 80%.
- (3) To calculate the REFCLK rms phase jitter requirement at reference clock frequencies other than 100 MHz, use the following formula:
REFCLK rms phase jitter at f (MHz) = REFCLK rms phase jitter at 100 MHz * 100/f.
- (4) The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 2.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Transmitter only** mode. The minimum `reconfig_clk` frequency is 37.5 MHz if the transceiver channel is configured in **Receiver only** or **Receiver and Transmitter** mode.
- (5) If your design uses more than one dynamic reconfiguration controller (`altgx_reconfig`) instances to control the transceiver (`altgx`) channels physically located on the same side of the device AND if you use different `reconfig_clk` sources for these `altgx_reconfig` instances, the delta time between any two of these `reconfig_clk` sources becoming stable must not exceed the maximum specification listed.
- (6) The device cannot tolerate prolonged operation at this absolute maximum.
- (7) You must use the 1.1-V RX V_{ICM} setting if the input serial data standard is LVDS.
- (8) The differential eye opening specification at the receiver input pins assumes that Receiver Equalization is disabled. If you enable Receiver Equalization, the receiver circuitry can tolerate a lower minimum eye opening, depending on the equalization level. Use H-Spice simulation to derive the minimum eye opening requirement with Receiver Equalization enabled.
- (9) The rate matcher supports only up to ± 300 ppm.
- (10) Time taken to `rx_pll_locked` goes high from `rx_analogreset` de-assertion. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (11) Time for which the CDR must be kept in lock-to-reference mode after `rx_pll_locked` goes high and before `rx_locktodata` is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (12) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_locktodata` signal is asserted in manual mode. Refer to [Figure 1–1 on page 1–33](#).
- (13) Time taken to recover valid data after the `rx_freqlocked` signal goes high in automatic mode. Refer to [Figure 1–2 on page 1–33](#).
- (14) A GPLL may be required to meet the PMA-FPGA fabric interface timing above certain data rates. For more information, refer to the [Transceiver Clocking for Arria II Devices](#) chapter.
- (15) The Quartus II software automatically selects the appropriate slew rate depending on the configured data rate or functional mode.
- (16) To support data rates lower than the minimum specification through oversampling, use the CDR in LTR mode only.

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 7 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SSC modulation deviation at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	80			80			80			80			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			> 0.35			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	75			75			75			75			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Compliance pattern	150			150			150			150			mV
Total jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			> 0.60			UI
Random jitter tolerance at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			> 0.18			UI
SSC modulation frequency at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	33			33			33			33			kHz
SSC modulation deviation at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	5700			5700			5700			5700			ppm
RX differential skew at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	30			30			30			30			ps
RX AC common mode voltage at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Compliance pattern	100			100			100			100			mV

Table 1-40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 8 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (11)														
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.27 9	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)														
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.6			—			—			—			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.45			—			—			—			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (12)														
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1-41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 4 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
GIGE Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
HiGig Transmit Jitter Generation								
Deterministic jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	—	UI
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	—	UI
HiGig Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			—	—	—	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter frequency = 22.1 KHz Data rate = 3.75 Gbps Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			—	—	—	UI
(OIF) CEI Transmitter Jitter Generation								
Total jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS15 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
(OIF) CEI Receiver Jitter Tolerance								
Deterministic jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	> 0.675			—	—	—	UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	> 0.988			—	—	—	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 6 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Deterministic jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.25	—	—	0.25	UI
Random jitter at 6.0 Gbps (G3)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.15	—	—	0.15	UI
SAS Receiver Jitter Tolerance (13)								
Total jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.65	—	—	0.65	UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Jitter frequency = 900 KHz to 5 MHz Pattern = CJTPAT BER = 1E-12	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (14)								
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (14)								
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (15)								
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 MBps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 7 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
OBSAI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (15)								
Deterministic jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 768 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 5.4 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 460 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 1536 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 10.9 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 921.6 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance at 3072 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 21.8 KHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 8.5			> 8.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1843.2 MHz to 20 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI

Notes to Table 1–41:

- (1) Dedicated `refclk` pins were used to drive the input reference clocks.
- (2) The jitter numbers are valid for the stated conditions only.
- (3) The jitter numbers for SONET/SDH are compliant to the GR-253-CORE Issue 3 Specification.
- (4) The jitter numbers for Fibre Channel are compliant to the FC-P1-4 Specification revision 6.10.
- (5) The Fibre Channel transmitter jitter generation numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_T inter operability point.
- (6) The Fibre Channel receiver jitter tolerance numbers are compliant to the specification at the δ_R interpretability point.
- (7) The jitter numbers for XAUI are compliant to the IEEE802.3ae-2002 Specification.
- (8) The jitter numbers for PCIe are compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 2.0.
- (9) Arria II GZ PCIe receivers are compliant to this specification provided the $V_{TX-CM-DC-ACTIVEIDLE-DELTA}$ of the upstream transmitter is less than 50 mV.
- (10) The jitter numbers for SRIO are compliant to the RapidIO Specification 1.3.
- (11) The jitter numbers for GIGE are compliant to the IEEE802.3-2002 Specification.
- (12) The HD-SDI and 3G-SDI jitter numbers are compliant to the SMPTE292M and SMPTE424M Specifications.
- (13) The jitter numbers for Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) are compliant to the SAS-2.1 Specification.
- (14) The jitter numbers for CPRI are compliant to the CPRI Specification V3.0.
- (15) The jitter numbers for OBSAI are compliant to the OBSAI RP3 Specification V4.1.

Core Performance Specifications for the Arria II Device Family

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), embedded memory, configuration, and JTAG specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1-42 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-42. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GX Devices

Clock Network	Performance			Unit
	I3, C4	C5,I5	C6	
GCLK and RCLK	500	500	400	MHz
PCLK	420	350	280	MHz

Table 1-43 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-43. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GZ Devices

Clock Network	Performance		Unit
	-C3 and -I3	-C4 and -I4	
GCLK and RCLK	700	500	MHz
PCLK	500	450	MHz

PLL Specifications

Table 1-44 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-4 Speed Grade)	5	—	670 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-5 Speed Grade)	5	—	622 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-6 Speed Grade)	5	—	500 (1)	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating Range (2)	600	—	1,400	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$f_{EINDUTY}$	External feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
t_{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency ≥ 100 MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency ≤ 100 MHz)	—	—	± 750	ps (p-p)

Periphery Performance

This section describes periphery performance, including high-speed I/O, external memory interface, and IOE programmable delay.

I/O performance supports several system interfaces, for example the high-speed I/O interface, external memory interface, and the PCI/PCI-X bus interface. I/O using SSTL-18 Class I termination standard can achieve up to the stated DDR2 SDRAM interfacing speed with typical DDR2 SDRAM memory interface setup. I/O using general purpose I/O (GPIO) standards such as 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, or 1.5 LVTTTL/LVCMOS are capable of typical 200 MHz interfacing frequency with 10pF load.



Actual achievable frequency depends on design- and system-specific factors. You should perform HSPICE/IBIS simulations based on your specific design and system setup to determine the maximum achievable frequency in your system.

High-Speed I/O Specification

Table 1-53 lists the high-speed I/O timing for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-53. High-Speed I/O Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 4)

Symbol	Conditions	I3		C4		C5,I5		C6		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock										
f _{HCLK_IN} (input clock frequency)–Row I/O	Clock boost factor, W = 1 to 40 (1)	5	670	5	670	5	622	5	500	MHz
f _{HCLK_IN} (input clock frequency)–Column I/O	Clock boost factor, W = 1 to 40 (1)	5	500	5	500	5	472.5	5	472.5	MHz
f _{HCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)–Row I/O	—	5	670	5	670	5	622	5	500	MHz
f _{HCLK_OUT} (output clock frequency)–Column I/O	—	5	500	5	500	5	472.5	5	472.5	MHz

Table 1-69. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 2)

Date	Version	Changes
December 2010	4.0	■ Added Arria II GZ information. ■ Added Table 1-61 with Arria II GX information. ■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-2, Table 1-5, Table 1-6, Table 1-7, Table 1-11, Table 1-35, Table 1-37, Table 1-40, Table 1-42, Table 1-44, Table 1-45, Table 1-57, Table 1-61, and Table 1-63. ■ Updated Figure 1-5. ■ Updated for the Quartus II version 10.0 release. ■ Updated the first paragraph for searchability. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	3.0	■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-4, Table 1-16, Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-23, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-30, and Table 1-35 ■ Added Table 1-27 and Table 1-29. ■ Added I3 speed grade information to Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, Table 1-25, Table 1-30, Table 1-32, Table 1-33, Table 1-34, and Table 1-35. ■ Updated the “Operating Conditions” section. ■ Removed “Preliminary” from Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-23, Table 1-24, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-28, Table 1-30, Table 1-32, Table 1-33, Table 1-34, and Figure 1-4. ■ Minor text edits.
March 2010	2.3	Updated for the Quartus II version 9.1 SP2 release: ■ Updated Table 1-3, Table 1-7, Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, Table 1-25 and Table 1-33. ■ Updated “Recommended Operating Conditions” section. ■ Minor text edits.
February 2010	2.2	Updated Table 1-19.
February 2010	2.1	Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 SP1 release: ■ Updated Table 1-19, Table 1-23, Table 1-28, Table 1-30, and Table 1-33. ■ Added Figure 1-5. ■ Minor text edits.
November 2009	2.0	Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 release: ■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-4, Table 1-13, Table 1-14, Table 1-19, Table 1-15, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, and Table 1-28. ■ Added Table 1-6 and Table 1-33. ■ Added “Bus Hold” on page 1-5. ■ Added “IOE Programmable Delay” section. ■ Minor text edit.
June 2009	1.2	■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-3, Table 1-7, Table 1-8, Table 1-18, Table 1-23, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-29, Table 1-30, Table 1-31, Table 1-32, and Table 1-33. ■ Added Table 1-32. ■ Updated Equation 1-1.
March 2009	1.1	Added “I/O Timing” section.
February 2009	1.0	Initial release.