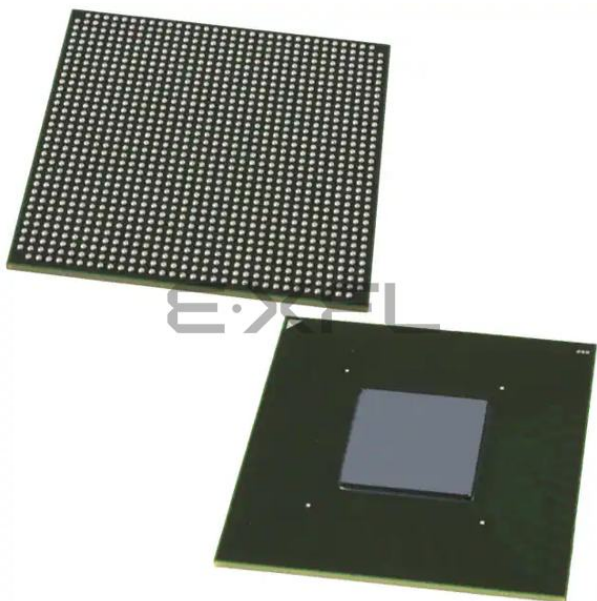




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	3747
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	89178
Total RAM Bits	6839296
Number of I/O	452
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	0.87V ~ 0.93V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	1152-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	1152-FBGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2agx95ef35c6

Table 1–3. Maximum Allowed Overshoot During Transitions for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Overshoot Duration as % of High Time	Unit
V_I (AC)	AC Input Voltage	4.0	100.000	%
		4.05	79.330	%
		4.1	46.270	%
		4.15	27.030	%
		4.2	15.800	%
		4.25	9.240	%
		4.3	5.410	%
		4.35	3.160	%
		4.4	1.850	%
		4.45	1.080	%
		4.5	0.630	%
		4.55	0.370	%
		4.6	0.220	%

Maximum Allowed I/O Operating Frequency

Table 1–4 lists the maximum allowed I/O operating frequency for Arria II GX I/Os using the specified I/O standards to ensure device reliability.

Table 1–4. Maximum Allowed I/O Operating Frequency for Arria II GX Devices

I/O Standard	I/O Frequency (MHz)
HSTL-18 and HSTL-15	333
SSTL -15	400
SSTL-18	333
2.5-V LVCMOS	260
3.3-V and 3.0-V LVTTTL	250
3.3-V, 3.0-V, 1.8-V, and 1.5-V LVCMOS	
PCI and PCI-X	
SSTL-2	
1.2-V LVCMOS HSTL-12	200

I/O Pin Leakage Current

Table 1-7 lists the Arria II GX I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-7. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GX Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-10	—	10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-10	—	10	μA

Table 1-8 lists the Arria II GZ I/O pin leakage current specifications.

Table 1-8. I/O Pin Leakage Current for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_I	Input pin	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-20	—	20	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin	$V_O = 0\text{ V to }V_{CCIOMAX}$	-20	—	20	μA

Bus Hold

Bus hold retains the last valid logic state after the source driving it either enters the high impedance state or is removed. Each I/O pin has an option to enable bus hold in user mode. Bus hold is always disabled in configuration mode.

Table 1-9 lists bus hold specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-9. Bus Hold Parameters for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Cond.	V _{CCIO} (V)												Unit
			1.2		1.5		1.8		2.5		3.0		3.3		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bus-hold low, sustaining current	I _{SUSL}	V _{IN} > V _{IL} (max.)	8	—	12	—	30	—	50	—	70	—	70	—	μA
Bus-hold high, sustaining current	I _{SUSH}	V _{IN} < V _{IL} (min.)	−8	—	−12	—	−30	—	−50	—	−70	—	−70	—	μA
Bus-hold low, overdrive current	I _{ODL}	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	125	—	175	—	200	—	300	—	500	—	500	μA
Bus-hold high, overdrive current	I _{ODH}	0 V < V _{IN} < V _{CCIO}	—	−125	—	−175	—	−200	—	−300	—	−500	—	−500	μA
Bus-hold trip point	V _{TRIP}	—	0.3	0.9	0.375	1.125	0.68	1.07	0.7	1.7	0.8	2	0.8	2	V

Note to Table 1-9:

(1) The bus-hold trip points are based on calculated input voltages from the JEDEC standard.

The calibration accuracy for calibrated series and parallel OCTs are applicable at the moment of calibration. When process, voltage, and temperature (PVT) conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

Table 1-13 lists the Arria II GZ OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Table 1-13. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	Description	Conditions (V)	Resistance Tolerance		Unit
			C3,I3	C4,I4	
25-Ω R _S 3.0 and 2.5	25-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 40	± 40	%
25-Ω R _S 1.8 and 1.5	25-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5	± 40	± 40	%
25-Ω R _S 1.2	25-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
50-Ω R _S 3.0 and 2.5	50-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 3.0, 2.5	± 40	± 40	%
50-Ω R _S 1.8 and 1.5	50-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.8, 1.5	± 40	± 40	%
50-Ω R _S 1.2	50-Ω internal series OCT without calibration	V _{CCIO} = 1.2	± 50	± 50	%
100-Ω R _D 2.5	100-Ω internal differential OCT	V _{CCIO} = 2.5	± 25	± 25	%

OCT calibration is automatically performed at power up for OCT-enabled I/Os. When voltage and temperature conditions change after calibration, the resistance may change. Use Equation 1-1 and Table 1-14 to determine the OCT variation when voltage and temperature vary after power-up calibration for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Equation 1-1. OCT Variation (Note 1)

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left(1 + \left\langle \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \right\rangle \pm \left\langle \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \right\rangle \right)$$

Notes to Equation 1-1:

- (1) R_{OCT} value calculated from Equation 1-1 shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V_{CCIO}.

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Spread-spectrum downspread	PCIe	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—	0 to –0.5%	—	—
On-chip termination resistors	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
V_{ICM} (AC coupled)	—	$1100 \pm 5\%$			$1100 \pm 5\%$			$1100 \pm 5\%$			$1100 \pm 5\%$			mV
V_{ICM} (DC coupled)	HCSL I/O standard for PCIe reference clock	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	250	—	550	mV
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Noise	10 Hz	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	—	—	-50	dBc/Hz
	100 Hz	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	—	—	-80	dBc/Hz
	1 KHz	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	—	—	-110	dBc/Hz
	10 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	100 KHz	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	—	—	-120	dBc/Hz
	≥ 1 MHz	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	—	—	-130	dBc/Hz
Transmitter REFCLK Phase Jitter (rms) for 100 MHz REFCLK (3)	10 KHz to 20 MHz	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	ps
R_{ref}	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	—	$2000 \pm 1\%$	—	Ω
Transceiver Clocks														
Calibration block clock frequency (cal_blk_clk)	—	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	10	—	125	MHz

Table 1–34. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Condition	I3			C4			C5 and I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
LTD lock time (11)	—	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	0	100	4000	ns
Data lock time from rx_ freqlocked (12)	—	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	—	—	4000	ns
Programmable DC gain	DC Gain Setting = 0	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 1	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	3	—	dB
	DC Gain Setting = 2	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	dB
Transmitter														
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML													
Data rate	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	600	—	3750	600	—	3125	Mbps
V _{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	100-Ω setting	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	—	100	—	Ω
Return loss differential mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –10dB												
	XAUI	312 MHz to 625 MHz: –10dB 625 MHz to 3.125 GHz: –10dB/decade slope												
Return loss common mode	PCIe	50 MHz to 1.25 GHz: –6dB												
Rise time (2)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps

Table 1–35. Transceiver Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 4 of 5)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3 (1)			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Transmitter								
Supported I/O Standards	1.5-V PCML							
Data rate (14)	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
V _{OCM}	0.65 V setting	—	650	—	—	650	—	mV
Differential on-chip termination resistors	85–Ω setting	85 ± 15%			85 ± 15%			Ω
	100–Ω setting	100 ± 15%			100 ± 15%			Ω
	120–Ω setting	120 ± 15%			120 ± 15%			Ω
	150–Ω setting	150 ± 15%			150 ± 15%			Ω
Differential and common mode return loss	PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 (TX V _{OD} =4), XAUI (TX V _{OD} =6), HiGig+ (TX V _{OD} =6), CEI SR/LR (TX V _{OD} =8), SRIO SR (V _{OD} =6), SRIO LR (V _{OD} =8), CPRI LV (V _{OD} =6), CPRI HV (V _{OD} =2), OBSAI (V _{OD} =6), SATA (V _{OD} =4),	Compliant						—
Rise time (15)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Fall time (15)	—	50	—	200	50	—	200	ps
Intra-differential pair skew	—	—	—	15	—	—	15	ps
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	×4 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: XAUI, PCIe ×4, Basic ×4	—	—	120	—	—	120	ps
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to-channel skew	×8 PMA and PCS bonded mode Example: PCIe ×8, Basic ×8	—	—	500	—	—	500	ps
CMU0 PLL and CMU1 PLL								
Supported Data Range	—	600	—	6375	600	—	3750	Mbps
pll_powerdown minimum pulse width (tp _{pll_powerdown})	—	1			1			μs
CMU PLL lock time from pll_powerdown de-assertion	—	—	—	100	—	—	100	μs

Figure 1-3 shows the differential receiver input waveform.

Figure 1-3. Receiver Input Waveform

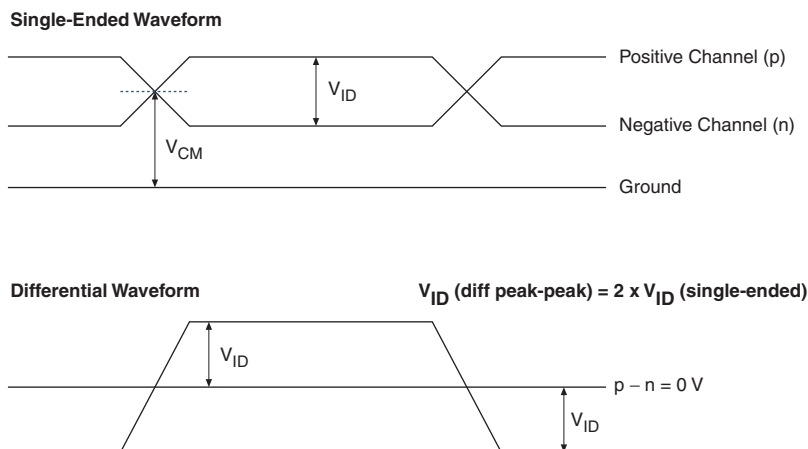


Figure 1-4 shows the transmitter output waveform.

Figure 1-4. Transmitter Output Waveform

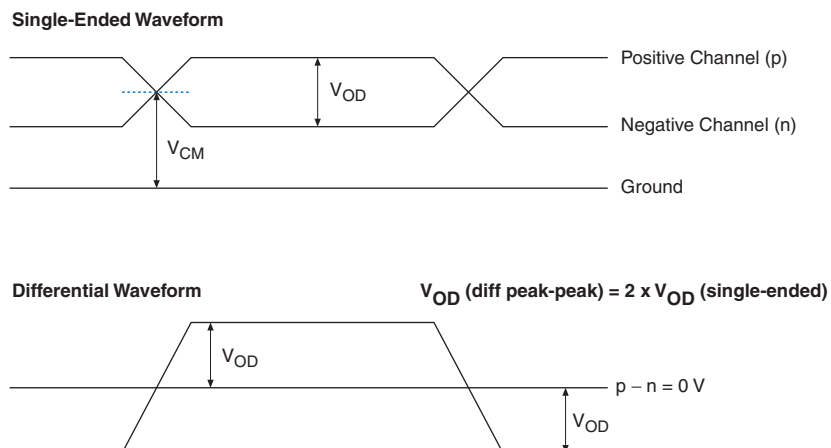


Table 1-36 lists the typical V_{OD} for TX term that equals $85\ \Omega$ for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-36. Typical V_{OD} Setting, TX Term = $85\ \Omega$ for Arria II GZ Devices

Symbol	V_{OD} Setting (mV)							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
V_{OD} differential peak-to-peak Typical (mV)	$170 \pm 20\%$	$340 \pm 20\%$	$510 \pm 20\%$	$595 \pm 20\%$	$680 \pm 20\%$	$765 \pm 20\%$	$850 \pm 20\%$	$1020 \pm 20\%$

Table 1–39. Transmitter Pre-Emphasis Levels for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Pre-Emphasis 1st Post-Tap Setting	V _{DD} Setting							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
29	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.5	9.6	7.7	6.3	4.3
30	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.4	9	7.4	N/A
31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.9	10	8.2	N/A

Table 1–40 lists the transceiver jitter specifications for all supported protocols for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 1 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SONET/SDH Transmit Jitter Generation (2)														
Peak-to-peak jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 622.08 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
Peak-to-peak jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	—	—	0.1	UI
RMS jitter at 2488.32 Mbps	Pattern = PRBS15	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	—	—	0.01	UI
SONET/SDH Receiver Jitter Tolerance (2)														
Jitter tolerance at 622.08 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.03 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 25 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 250 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			> 0.15			UI

Table 1-40. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1) (Part 8 of 10)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	I3			C4			C5, I5			C6			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
CPRI Transmit Jitter Generation (11)														
Total jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.27 9	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	—	—	0.279	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	—	—	0.14	UI
	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
CPRI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (11)														
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			> 0.66			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.HV, E.12.HV Pattern = CJPAT	> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			> 0.4			UI
Total jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.6			—			—			—			UI
Deterministic jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
	E.60.LV Pattern = PRBS31	> 0.45			—			—			—			UI
Combined deterministic and random jitter tolerance	E.6.LV, E.12.LV, E.24.LV, E.30.LV Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			> 0.55			UI
OBSAI Transmit Jitter Generation (12)														
Total jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Deterministic jitter at 768 Mbps, 1536 Mbps, and 3072 Mbps	REFCLK = 153.6 MHz Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 2 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Jitter tolerance at 2488.32 Mbps	Jitter frequency = 0.06 KHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 15			> 15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHZ Pattern = PRBS15	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Jitter frequency = 1 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
	Jitter frequency = 10 MHz Pattern = PRBS15	> 0.15			> 0.15			UI
Fibre Channel Transmit Jitter Generation (4), (5)								
Total jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.23	—	—	0.23	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.11	—	—	0.11	UI
Total jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2	UI
Total jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.52	—	—	0.52	UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CRPAT	—	—	0.33	—	—	0.33	UI
Fibre Channel Receiver Jitter Tolerance (4), (6)								
Deterministic jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI
Random jitter FC-1	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.31			> 0.31			UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-1	Fc/25000	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Deterministic jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33			> 0.33			UI
Random jitter FC-2	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29			> 0.29			UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-2	Fc/25000	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
Deterministic jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.33			> 0.33			UI
Random jitter FC-4	Pattern = CJTPAT	> 0.29			> 0.29			UI
Sinusoidal jitter FC-4	Fc/25000	> 1.5			> 1.5			UI
	Fc/1667	> 0.1			> 0.1			UI
XAUI Transmit Jitter Generation (7)								
Total jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.3	—	—	0.3	UI
Deterministic jitter at 3.125 Gbps	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.17	—	—	0.17	UI
XAUI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (7)								
Total jitter	—	> 0.65			> 0.65			UI
Deterministic jitter	—	> 0.37			> 0.37			UI

Table 1–41. Transceiver Block Jitter Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2) (Part 5 of 7)

Symbol/ Description	Conditions	–C3 and –I3			–C4 and –I4			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter Frequency = 38.2 KHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	> 0.5			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter Frequency = 3.82 MHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	> 0.05			—	—	—	UI
	Jitter Frequency = 20 MHz Data rate = 6.375 Gbps Pattern = PRBS31 BER = 10 ⁻¹²	> 0.05			—	—	—	UI
SDI Transmitter Jitter Generation (12)								
Alignment jitter (peak-to-peak)	Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = color bar Low-frequency roll-off = 100 KHz	0.2	—	—	0.2	—	—	UI
	Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = color bar Low-frequency roll-off = 100 KHz	0.3	—	—	0.3	—	—	UI
SDI Receiver Jitter Tolerance (12)								
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 15 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 2			> 2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 2.97 Gbps (3G) Pattern = single line scramble color bar	> 0.3			> 0.3			UI
Sinusoidal jitter tolerance (peak-to-peak)	Jitter frequency = 20 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) pattern = 75% color bar	> 1			> 1			UI
	Jitter frequency = 100 KHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			UI
	Jitter frequency = 148.5 MHz Data rate = 1.485 Gbps (HD) Pattern = 75% color bar	> 0.2			> 0.2			UI
SAS Transmit Jitter Generation (13)								
Total jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI
Deterministic jitter at 1.5 Gbps (G1)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.35	—	—	0.35	UI
Total jitter at 3.0 Gbps (G2)	Pattern = CJPAT	—	—	0.55	—	—	0.55	UI

Core Performance Specifications for the Arria II Device Family

This section describes the clock tree, phase-locked loop (PLL), digital signal processing (DSP), embedded memory, configuration, and JTAG specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Clock Tree Specifications

Table 1-42 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-42. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GX Devices

Clock Network	Performance			Unit
	I3, C4	C5,I5	C6	
GCLK and RCLK	500	500	400	MHz
PCLK	420	350	280	MHz

Table 1-43 lists the clock tree specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-43. Clock Tree Performance for Arria II GZ Devices

Clock Network	Performance		Unit
	-C3 and -I3	-C4 and -I4	
GCLK and RCLK	700	500	MHz
PCLK	500	450	MHz

PLL Specifications

Table 1-44 lists the PLL specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 1 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-4 Speed Grade)	5	—	670 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-5 Speed Grade)	5	—	622 (1)	MHz
	Input clock frequency (from clock input pins residing in right/top/bottom banks) (-6 Speed Grade)	5	—	500 (1)	MHz
f_{INPFD}	Input frequency to the PFD	5	—	325	MHz
f_{VCO}	PLL VCO operating Range (2)	600	—	1,400	MHz
f_{INDUTY}	Input clock duty cycle	40	—	60	%
$f_{EINDUTY}$	External feedback clock input duty cycle	40	—	60	%
t_{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency $\geq$ 100 MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
	Input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter (Frequency $\leq$ 100 MHz)	—	—	± 750	ps (p-p)

Table 1–44. PLL Specifications for Arria II GX Devices (Part 2 of 3)

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{OUT}	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–4 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–5 Speed Grade)	—	—	500	MHz
	Output frequency for internal global or regional clock (–6 Speed Grade)	—	—	400	MHz
f_{OUT_EXT}	Output frequency for external clock output (–4 Speed Grade)	—	—	670 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (–5 Speed Grade)	—	—	622 (5)	MHz
	Output frequency for external clock output (–6 Speed Grade)	—	—	500 (5)	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for external clock output (when set to 50%)	45	50	55	%
t_{OUTPJ_DC}	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p–p)
	Dedicated clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p–p)
t_{OUTCCJ_DC}	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	300	ps (p–p)
	Dedicated clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	30	mUI (p–p)
f_{OUTPJ_IO}	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p–p)
	Regular I/O clock output period jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p–p)
f_{OUTCCJ_IO}	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	650	ps (p–p)
	Regular I/O clock output cycle-to-cycle jitter ($f_{OUT} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	65	mUI (p–p)
$t_{CONFIGPLL}$	Time required to reconfigure PLL scan chains	—	3.5	—	SCANCLK cycles
$t_{CONFIGPHASE}$	Time required to reconfigure phase shift	—	1	—	SCANCLK cycles
$f_{SCANCLK}$	SCANCLK frequency	—	—	100	MHz
t_{LOCK}	Time required to lock from end of device configuration	—	—	1	ms
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
$f_{CL\ BW}$	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth	—	4	—	MHz
t_{PLL_PSERR}	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on areset signal	10	—	—	ns

Table 1-45. PLL Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{DLOCK}	Time required to lock dynamically (after switchover or reconfiguring any non-post-scale counters/delays)	—	—	1	ms
f_{CLBW}	PLL closed-loop low bandwidth	—	0.3	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop medium bandwidth	—	1.5	—	MHz
	PLL closed-loop high bandwidth (7)	—	4	—	MHz
$t_{\text{PLL_PSERR}}$	Accuracy of PLL phase shift	—	—	±50	ps
t_{ARESET}	Minimum pulse width on the areset signal	10	—	—	ns
t_{INCCJ} (3), (4)	Input clock cycle to cycle jitter ($F_{\text{REF}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	0.15	UI (p-p)
	Input clock cycle to cycle jitter ($F_{\text{REF}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	±750	ps (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTPJ_DC}}$ (5)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTCCJ_DC}}$ (5)	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	175	ps (p-p)
	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for dedicated clock output ($F_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	17.5	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTPJ_IO}}$ (5), (8)	Period Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{OUTCCJ_IO}}$ (5), (8)	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	600	ps (p-p)
	Cycle to Cycle Jitter for clock output on regular I/O ($F_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	60	mUI (p-p)
$t_{\text{CASC_OUTPJ_DC}}$ (5), (6)	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{\text{OUT}} \geq 100$ MHz)	—	—	250	ps (p-p)
	Period Jitter for dedicated clock output in cascaded PLLs ($F_{\text{OUT}} < 100$ MHz)	—	—	25	mUI (p-p)
f_{DRIFT}	Frequency drift after PFDENA is disabled for duration of 100 μ s	—	—	±10	%

Notes to Table 1-45:

- (1) This specification is limited in the Quartus II software by the I/O maximum frequency. The maximum I/O frequency is different for each I/O standard.
- (2) This specification is limited by the lower of the two: I/O F_{MAX} or F_{OUT} of the PLL.
- (3) A high input jitter directly affects the PLL output jitter. To have low PLL output clock jitter, you must provide a clean clock source that is less than 120 ps.
- (4) F_{REF} is f_{IN}/N when $N = 1$.
- (5) Peak-to-peak jitter with a probability level of 10^{-12} (14 sigma, 99.9999999974404% confidence level). The output jitter specification applies to the intrinsic jitter of the PLL, when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied. The external memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method and are available in [Table 1-64 on page 1-71](#).
- (6) The cascaded PLL specification is only applicable with the following condition:
 - a. Upstream PLL: $0.59 \text{ MHz} \leq \text{Upstream PLL BW} < 1 \text{ MHz}$
 - b. Downstream PLL: $\text{Downstream PLL BW} > 2 \text{ MHz}$
- (7) High bandwidth PLL settings are not supported in external feedback mode.
- (8) External memory interface clock output jitter specifications use a different measurement method, which is available in [Table 1-63 on page 1-71](#).

Table 1-49 lists the embedded memory block specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-49. Embedded Memory Block Performance Specifications for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Memory	Mode	Resources Used		Performance				Unit
		ALUTs	TriMatrix Memory	C3	I3	C4	I4	
MLAB (2)	Single port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	Simple dual-port 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 64 × 10	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
	ROM 32 × 20	0	1	500	500	450	450	MHz
M9K Block (2)	Single-port 256 × 36	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36	0	1	490	490	420	420	MHz
	Simple dual-port 256 × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	340	340	300	300	MHz
	True dual port 512 × 18	0	1	430	430	370	370	MHz
	True dual-port 512 × 18, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	335	335	290	290	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	540	540	475	475	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	800	800	850	850	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	625	690	690	ps
M144K Block (2)	Single-port 2K × 72	0	1	440	400	380	350	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72	0	1	435	375	385	325	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 72, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	240	225	205	200	MHz
	Simple dual-port 2K × 64 (with ECC)	0	1	300	295	255	250	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36	0	1	375	350	330	310	MHz
	True dual-port 4K × 36, with the read-during-write option set to Old Data	0	1	230	225	205	200	MHz
	ROM 1 Port	0	1	500	450	435	420	MHz
	ROM 2 Port	0	1	465	425	400	400	MHz
	Min Pulse Width (clock high time)	—	—	755	860	860	950	ps
	Min Pulse Width (clock low time)	—	—	625	690	690	690	ps

Notes to Table 1-48:

- (1) To achieve the maximum memory block performance, use a memory block clock that comes through global clock routing from an on-chip PLL set to 50% output duty cycle. Use the Quartus II software to report timing for this and other memory block clocking schemes.
- (2) When you use the error detection CRC feature, there is no degradation in F_{MAX} .

Configuration

Table 1–50 lists the configuration mode specifications for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–50. Configuration Mode Specifications for Arria II Devices

Programming Mode	DCLK Frequency			Unit
	Min	Typ	Max	
Passive serial	—	—	125	MHz
Fast passive parallel	—	—	125	MHz
Fast active serial (fast clock)	17	26	40	MHz
Fast active serial (slow clock)	8.5	13	20	MHz
Remote update only in fast AS mode	—	—	10	MHz

JTAG Specifications

Table 1–51 lists the JTAG timing parameters and values for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–51. JTAG Timing Parameters and Values for Arria II Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JCP}	TCK clock period	30	—	ns
t_{JCH}	TCK clock high time	14	—	ns
t_{JCL}	TCK clock low time	14	—	ns
$t_{JPSU(TDI)}$	TDI JTAG port setup time	1	—	ns
$t_{JPSU(TMS)}$	TMS JTAG port setup time	3	—	ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	5	—	ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output	—	11	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output	—	14	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance	—	14	ns

Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications

Table 1–52 lists the specifications for the chip-wide reset (Dev_CLRn) for Arria II GX and GZ devices.

Table 1–52. Chip-Wide Reset (Dev_CLRn) Specifications for Arria II Devices

Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Dev_CLRn	500	—	—	μ s

Table 1-63 lists the memory output clock jitter specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-63. Memory Output Clock Jitter Specification for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1), (2), (3)

Parameter	Clock Network	Symbol	-3		-4		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-55	55	-55	55	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-110	110	-110	110	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Regional	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Clock period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(per)}$	-82.5	82.5	-82.5	82.5	ps
Cycle-to-cycle period jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(cc)}$	-165	165	-165	165	ps
Duty cycle jitter	Global	$t_{JIT(duty)}$	-90	90	-90	90	ps

Notes to Table 1-63:

- (1) The memory output clock jitter measurements are for 200 consecutive clock cycles, as specified in the JEDEC DDR2/DDR3 SDRAM standard.
- (2) The clock jitter specification applies to memory output clock pins generated using differential signal-splitter and DDIO circuits clocked by a PLL output routed on a regional or global clock network as specified. Altera recommends using regional clock networks whenever possible.
- (3) The memory output clock jitter stated in Table 1-63 is applicable when an input jitter of 30 ps is applied.

Duty Cycle Distortion (DCD) Specifications

Table 1-64 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1-64. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GX Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	C4		I3, C5, I5		C6		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 1-64:

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

Table 1-65 lists the worst-case DCD specifications for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1-65. Duty Cycle Distortion on I/O Pins for Arria II GZ Devices (Note 1)

Symbol	C3, I3		C4, I4		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Output Duty Cycle	45	55	45	55	%

Note to Table 1-65:

- (1) The DCD specification applies to clock outputs from the PLL, global clock tree, IOE driving dedicated, and general purpose I/O pins.

IOE Programmable Delay

Table 1–66 lists the delay associated with each supported IOE programmable delay chain for Arria II GX devices.

Table 1–66. IOE Programmable Delay for Arria II GX Devices

Parameter	Available Settings (1)	Minimum Offset (2)	Maximum Offset								Unit
			Fast Model			Slow Model					
			I3	C4	I5	I3	C4	C5	I5	C6	
Output enable pin delay	7	0	0.413	0.442	0.413	0.814	0.713	0.796	0.801	0.873	ns
Delay from output register to output pin	7	0	0.339	0.362	0.339	0.671	0.585	0.654	0.661	0.722	ns
Input delay from pin to internal cell	52	0	1.494	1.607	1.494	2.895	2.520	2.733	2.775	2.944	ns
Input delay from pin to input register	52	0	1.493	1.607	1.493	2.896	2.503	2.732	2.774	2.944	ns
DQS bus to input register delay	4	0	0.074	0.076	0.074	0.140	0.124	0.147	0.147	0.167	ns

Notes to Table 1–66:

- (1) The available setting for every delay chain starts with zero and ends with the specified maximum number of settings.
- (2) The minimum offset represented in the table does not include intrinsic delay.

Table 1–67 lists the IOE programmable delay settings for Arria II GZ devices.

Table 1–67. IOE Programmable Delay for Arria II GZ Devices

Parameter	Available Settings <i>(1)</i>	Minimum Offset <i>(2)</i>	Maximum Offset						Unit
			Fast Model		Slow Model				
			Industrial	Commercial	C3	I3	C4	I4	
D1	15	0	0.462	0.505	0.795	0.801	0.857	0.864	ns
D2	7	0	0.234	0.232	0.372	0.371	0.407	0.405	ns
D3	7	0	1.700	1.769	2.927	2.948	3.157	3.178	ns
D4	15	0	0.508	0.554	0.882	0.889	0.952	0.959	ns
D5	15	0	0.472	0.500	0.799	0.817	0.875	0.882	ns
D6	6	0	0.186	0.195	0.319	0.321	0.345	0.347	ns

Notes to Table 1–67:

- (1) You can set this value in the Quartus II software by selecting **D1**, **D2**, **D3**, **D4**, **D5**, and **D6** in the **Assignment Name** column.
- (2) Minimum offset does not include the intrinsic delay.

Table 1–68. Glossary (Part 4 of 4)

Letter	Subject	Definitions
U, V	$V_{CM(DC)}$	DC common mode input voltage.
	V_{ICM}	Input common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the receiver.
	V_{ID}	Input differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the receiver.
	$V_{DIF(AC)}$	AC differential input voltage: Minimum AC input differential voltage required for switching.
	$V_{DIF(DC)}$	DC differential input voltage: Minimum DC input differential voltage required for switching.
	V_{IH}	Voltage input high: The minimum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic high.
	$V_{IH(AC)}$	High-level AC input voltage.
	$V_{IH(DC)}$	High-level DC input voltage.
	V_{IL}	Voltage input low: The maximum positive voltage applied to the input which is accepted by the device as a logic low.
	$V_{IL(AC)}$	Low-level AC input voltage.
	$V_{IL(DC)}$	Low-level DC input voltage.
	V_{OCM}	Output common mode voltage: The common mode of the differential signal at the transmitter.
	V_{OD}	Output differential voltage swing: The difference in voltage between the positive and complementary conductors of a differential transmission at the transmitter.
W, X, Y, Z	W	High-speed I/O block: The clock boost factor.

Document Revision History

Table 1–69 lists the revision history for this chapter.

Table 1–69. Document Revision History (Part 1 of 2)

Date	Version	Changes
December 2013	4.4	Updated Table 1–34 and Table 1–35.
July 2012	4.3	- Updated the $V_{CCH_GXBL/R}$ operating conditions in Table 1–6. - Finalized Arria II GZ information in Table 1–20. - Added BLVDS specification in Table 1–32 and Table 1–33. - Updated input and output waveforms in Table 1–68.
December 2011	4.2	- Updated Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–34, Table 1–35, Table 1–40, Table 1–41, Table 1–54, and Table 1–67. - Minor text edits.
June 2011	4.1	- Added Table 1–60. - Updated Table 1–32, Table 1–33, Table 1–38, Table 1–41, and Table 1–61. - Updated the “Switching Characteristics” section introduction. - Minor text edits.

Table 1-69. Document Revision History (Part 2 of 2)

Date	Version	Changes
December 2010	4.0	■ Added Arria II GZ information. ■ Added Table 1-61 with Arria II GX information. ■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-2, Table 1-5, Table 1-6, Table 1-7, Table 1-11, Table 1-35, Table 1-37, Table 1-40, Table 1-42, Table 1-44, Table 1-45, Table 1-57, Table 1-61, and Table 1-63. ■ Updated Figure 1-5. ■ Updated for the Quartus II version 10.0 release. ■ Updated the first paragraph for searchability. ■ Minor text edits.
July 2010	3.0	■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-4, Table 1-16, Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-23, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-30, and Table 1-35 ■ Added Table 1-27 and Table 1-29. ■ Added I3 speed grade information to Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, Table 1-25, Table 1-30, Table 1-32, Table 1-33, Table 1-34, and Table 1-35. ■ Updated the “Operating Conditions” section. ■ Removed “Preliminary” from Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-23, Table 1-24, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-28, Table 1-30, Table 1-32, Table 1-33, Table 1-34, and Figure 1-4. ■ Minor text edits.
March 2010	2.3	Updated for the Quartus II version 9.1 SP2 release: ■ Updated Table 1-3, Table 1-7, Table 1-19, Table 1-21, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, Table 1-25 and Table 1-33. ■ Updated “Recommended Operating Conditions” section. ■ Minor text edits.
February 2010	2.2	Updated Table 1-19.
February 2010	2.1	Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 SP1 release: ■ Updated Table 1-19, Table 1-23, Table 1-28, Table 1-30, and Table 1-33. ■ Added Figure 1-5. ■ Minor text edits.
November 2009	2.0	Updated for Arria II GX v9.1 release: ■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-4, Table 1-13, Table 1-14, Table 1-19, Table 1-15, Table 1-22, Table 1-24, and Table 1-28. ■ Added Table 1-6 and Table 1-33. ■ Added “Bus Hold” on page 1-5. ■ Added “IOE Programmable Delay” section. ■ Minor text edit.
June 2009	1.2	■ Updated Table 1-1, Table 1-3, Table 1-7, Table 1-8, Table 1-18, Table 1-23, Table 1-25, Table 1-26, Table 1-29, Table 1-30, Table 1-31, Table 1-32, and Table 1-33. ■ Added Table 1-32. ■ Updated Equation 1-1.
March 2009	1.1	Added “I/O Timing” section.
February 2009	1.0	Initial release.